

REPORT
ON
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
IN
MYSORE

FOR THE YEAR 1873—74.

WITH TABLES.



BANGALORE:
MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,
1874.

GENERAL INDEX.

I.	INTRODUCTION	PARA	1
II.	CONTROLLING AGENCIES		9
III.	GENERAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS		19
IV.	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS		23
V.	GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS		33
	A. Schools of the Higher Class		34
	B. Do Middle Class		44
	C. Do Lower Class.		
	1. Taluk Schools		45
	2. Hobli Schools		53
	D. Female Schools		58
	E. Normal Schools		61
	F. Other Schools for Special Education		
	1. Engineering School		64
	2. Jail Schools		66
VI.	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS UNDER GOVERNMENT INSPECTION... ..		73
	Education of European and Eurasian children		78
	A. Aided Schools of the Higher Class		90
	B. " Middle Class		93
	C. " Lower Class		96
	D. Aided Female Schools		102
	E. Private Unaided Schools		105
VII.	SCHOLARSHIPS		108
VIII.	BOOK DEPARTMENT		
	A. Book Depôts		109
	B. School Books		112
IX.	LITERATURE		118
X.	THE PRESS		120
XI.	SCHOOL BUILDINGS		121
XII.	CONCLUSION		125

REVIEW BY THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF THE ANNUAL REPORT ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN MYSORE FOR 1873—74.

1. During the past year there was an increase of 11 Government, 6 aided, and 43 unaided schools over the number shewn in the Report for 1872—73 ; and at its close there were in existence 670 Government, 104 aided, and 1,536 unaided schools, making a total of 2,310 schools of the three classes in the Province.

2. The number of pupils on the rolls in Government and aided schools aggregated 27,298, shewing an increase of 901 as compared with 1872—73. The number in unaided schools is reported to have been 18,914, making the total of pupils up to 46,212 on the rolls in all classes of schools. It is explained by Mr. Rice that the number of pupils shewn on the rolls during the year under review was reduced owing to the discovery of false returns. This unsatisfactory circumstance indicates the necessity of closer inspection, a subject which has been repeatedly urged and to which the Chief Commissioner will allude hereafter. The general results of the year, as shewn by the above figures, cannot but be regarded as fairly encouraging.

3. Of the total number under instruction, 43,592 were boys and 2,620 girls. Of these, the number of either sex in Government and aided schools aggregated 57 per cent and 94 per cent respectively, and stood classified as shewn in the margin.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Hindus	...	...	22,621
Mahammadans...	...	...	3,131
Others	...	...	1,546
Total.....	24,834	2,464	27,298

4. The average number of square miles of area to each school and the proportion of students to population of school-going age in each District are shewn below. In the whole Province there is one school for every 11.72 square miles on an average ; and 5.20 per cent of the boys between six and twenty, and 0.66 per cent of the girls between six and 12 years of age are under instruction. These figures include schools of all classes :—

	Area, Square Miles.	No. of Schools.	No. of Square Miles to each School.	Population of School- going age.	Students.	Percentage of Schools to Population of School-going Age.
Bangalore ...	2,914	416	7.02	197,239	13,199	6.65
Kolar ...	2,577	183	14.08	137,991	5,204	3.77
Tumkūr ...	3,606	389	9.27	157,128	6,224	3.96
Mysore ...	4,127	334	12.35	228,668	6,283	2.75
Hassan ...	3,291	249	13.21	163,093	3,885	2.38
Shimoga ...	3,797	178	21.33	126,399	4,009	3.17
Kadur ...	2,294	292	7.85	85,784	2,814	3.28
Chitaldroog ...	4,471	269	16.62	134,723	4,594	3.41
	27,077	2,310	11.72	1,231,025	46,212	3.75

837,985 393,040 5.20 0.66
Boys. Girls. Boys. Girls.

5. The subjoined table shows the several classes of Government and aided schools with the number of pupils on the rolls at the end of the year:—

	Government.		Aided.		Total.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Boys' Schools.						
Higher ...	7	1,588	5	851	12	2,439
Middle ...	6	250	8	600	14	850
Lower ...	638	17,306	61	3,469	699	20,775
	651	19,144	74	4,920	725	24,064
Girls' Schools.						
Higher ...	...	...	3	311	3	311
Middle ...	...	...	3	189	3	189
Lower ...	9	252	23	1,651	32	1,903
	9	252	29	2,151	38	2,403
Normal Schools ...	3	13	...	...	3	13
Special Schools ...	7	736	1	82	8	818
Grand Total.....	670	20,145	104	7,153	774	27,297

6. Exclusive of the cost of direction and inspection, and of the charges in connection with the Book Department, the expenditure on actual instruction in Government and aided schools from all sources was as shewn below:—

	Government:		Aided.	
	From Provincial Funds.	From Local Funds.	From Provincial Funds.	From other Sources.
Boys' Schools.				
Higher ...	45,702	...	11,935	21,451
Middle ...	8,496	...	5,040	11,303
Lower ...	33,532	45,031	13,507	17,020
	87,730	45,031	30,482	49,774
Girls' Schools				
Higher ...	...	...	4,040	5,464
Middle ...	...	...	1,560	1,845
Lower ...	3,221	...	6,460	10,723
	3,221	...	12,060	18,032
Normal Schools ...	1,938	55	...	...
Special Schools ...	790	...	600	995
	93,679	45,086	43,142	68,801

181,907

7. The total expenditure on the part of Government on education

	1872—73	1873—74
	Rs.	Rs.
Direction ...	13,671	12,884
Inspection ...	21,596	32,873
Instruction ...	1,78,964	1,81,907
Miscellaneous, including Book Department ...	25,144	15,708
	2,39,375	2,43,372

in the Province during the year under review was Rs. 2,43,372 as shewn in the margin, of which Rs. 55,799 or 29.7 per cent were debitable to Local and the remainder to Provincial Funds. The expenditure during the previous year was Rs. 2,39,375. Of the total expenditure, Rs. 1,18,007 were recouped to Government in the different shapes noted in the * margin. The net cost to the Provincial Exchequer thus amounted to Rs. 1,25,365.

	Rs.
* By School Fees ...	13,261
By Sale of Books ...	18,043
By allotment from Local Fund Cess ...	86,703

1,18,007

8. Fifty-four candidates passed the several University Examinations

B. L. Degree	...	...	1
F. A. Examination	...	...	10
Matriculation	...	...	43
			54

noted in the margin. The Bachelor of Laws was formerly a student in the London Mission

SCHOOLS.	F. A.			Matriculation.		
	No. Passed.		No.	No. Passed.		No.
	Examined.	1st Class.		Examined.	1st Class.	
<i>Government.</i>						
High School, Bangalore	7	1	4	17	3	5
Raja's School, Mysore	5	...	2	12	1	4
District School, Shimoga	2	...	1	14	...	6
" Hassan	...	...	...	11	...	1
" Tumkur	...	...	...	6	...	1
" Chitaldroog	...	...	...	3	...	1
Taluk School, Chikballapur	...	...	...	2	...	1
<i>Aided.</i>						
Native Educational Institution, Bangalore	5	...	2	25	...	5
Bishop Cotton's School	...	...	...	12	1	4
London Mission Institution	...	...	...	11	...	3
St. Andrew's School	...	...	...	8	...	3
Saint Joseph's Catholic Seminary	...	...	...	2	...	1
Wesleyan Mission School, Mysore	...	...	...	14	...	3

Institution. Eight of the F. A.'s and 23 of the Matriculates were sent up from Government and the rest from aided institutions. The High School at Bangalore as usual stands first both as regards the number that passed therefrom and in the proportion of the numbers passed to those examined. The District School at Shimoga and

the Wesleyan Native Educational Institution at Bangalore, which are almost on a par, rank next.

9. In connection with the subject of University examinations the Director mentions certain changes which have been introduced by the Madras University in the Matriculation and First-in-Arts examinations, the tendency being to attach greater importance to the study of natural science. The Chief Commissioner has no doubt that, so far as the educational requirements of this Province are concerned, a still more decided move in the same direction might be made by the Senate with confidence and advantage. The curriculum pursued in the Madras University necessarily influences to a great extent the instruction given in the Mysore Provincial schools, and the Chief Commissioner will be glad to learn what arrangements have been made, or are proposed, for instruction in natural science in the Higher Class schools. The "School of Engineering and Natural Science" now being established at Bangalore will, it is hoped, in time supply a great want in this respect.

10. Of Government schools of the higher class there are still 7, one at the Head Quarters of each District, except Kadur. The High School at Bangalore and the Raja's School at Mysore, which teach up to the B. A. standard, have continued to work satisfactorily. The teaching staff in the latter has been augmented since the year under review. The remaining 5, which are called District Schools, are limited to the Matriculation standard of the Madras University, and have also shewn satisfactory results, those at Shimoga and Hassan continuing to hold their position in advance of the rest. The subjoined tabular statement embodies the more important of the statistics connected with the schools of the higher class :—

	Monthly Average Number on the Rolls.	Expenditure, Ra.	Total Cost of educating each Pupil.	School Fees realized	Net Cost to Government per Pupil.
High School, Bangalore	534	15,468	28-15- 4	4,741	20- 1- 3
Raja's School, Mysore .	222	9,428	42- 7- 5	1,968	33- 9- 8
District School, Hassan.	146	6,036	41- 5- 5	403	38- 9- 4
„ Tumkūr ...	102	3,028	29-10-11	527	24- 8- 4
„ Shimoga ...	203	3,882	19- 2- 0	627	16- 0- 7
„ Chitaldroog...	140	4,866	31- 2-11	540	27- 5- 2
„ Kolar ...	88	3,499	39-12- 3	247	36-14-11
Total.....	1,435	45,702	31- 2- 5	9,055	25- 8- 7

These figures afford useful comparison with those noted in the

margin for 1872- 73 for the Provincial schools of the Madras Presidency with which most of the Government schools of the higher class in Mysore correspond.

Provincial Schools.	Monthly Average Number on the Rolls.	Expenditure, Ra.	Total Cost of educating each Pupil.	School Fees realized, Ra.	Net Cost to Government per Pupil.
Combaconum...	338	24,342	72 0 8	13,297	41 13 6
Bellary ...	214	12,442	58 0 8	4,838	35 8 6
Calicut ...	226	13,426	59 6 6	5,456	35 4 3
Mangalore ...	213	12,751	41 1 4	5,027	36 4 2

11. Of middle class Anglo-Vernacular schools, there are 6, educating up to a standard below Matriculation. They have 250 pupils between them on the rolls with an average attendance of 223, costing

Rs. 8,496, which gives a trifle above Rs 38, as the cost of educating each pupil. Rs. 596 were realized in the shape of fees, the net cost to Government per pupil thus amounting to Rs. 35—6—9. The School at Chikballapur stands foremost. The Director of Public Instruction should consider whether the backward condition of the other schools is not due to deficiency in the teaching staff, inasmuch as there are 4 masters at Chikballapur, while there are but 2 at each of the others, except Gundlupet where there is only one.

12. Of lower class schools there are 647, of which 638 are for boys and 9 for girls, having on their rolls 17,306 boys and 252 girls respectively. Of the schools for boys, 104 are Taluk schools, and 534 Hobli schools for elementary instruction. Of the former, 81 are Kanarese with 4,308 pupils on the rolls, 6 Telugu in the Kolar District, with a nominal roll of 238 pupils, and 17

	Kanarese.	Telugu.	Hindustani.	Total.
1st Class	12	...	...	12
2nd "	48	2	5	53
3rd "	23	3	6	32
4th "	...	1	6	7
	81	6	17	104

Hindustani schools with a nominal roll of 777 pupils. The Taluk schools are divided into four classes as noted in margin. Twelve of the schools have reached the standard of the first or highest class, 53 that of the second, and 32 the third. The remaining 7 have not advanced beyond the lowest stage. The average number of pupils in the 104 Taluk schools during the past year was 4,705. The cost was Rs. 33,532, or Rs. 7—2—0 per pupil on an average. The fees realized having been Rs. 2,990, the net cost to Government per pupil was Rs. 6—7—10.

13. The 534 Hobli schools had 11,983 pupils on the rolls on the last day of the year, or an average of 23 for each. The aggregate average daily attendance was 8,989 or 17 for each school; and although the number was very much larger at some schools, at others it was below 10, and in the case of some even lower.

Of the pupils attending these schools for elementary instruction five per cent were Muhammadans, and the rest, except a very small fraction, Hindus. The schools have been maintained entirely from Local Funds, and cost Rs. 45,031; which, taking the average daily attendance, gives a trifle above 5 Rs. as the charge per pupil. No fees are levied in Hobli schools. The Department has good reason to be proud of the success

achieved by this class of schools, which promise to supply Mysore with a system of primary education second to none in India. It is evident, however, that they require more inspection than falls to their share at present, and unless the inspecting staff is strengthened (a subject with which the Chief Commissioner will deal hereafter) any large increase in the present number of schools is a measure of doubtful advantage.

The Director's report is silent as to the degree of control exercised over these schools by the Sub-Deputy Inspectors.

14. The nine schools for girls are all elementary and almost entirely in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, there being but one of them at Hassan. They have 252 pupils between them, all Hindus except three who are Muhammadans. 213 girls learn Kanarese and 39 Telugu. The schools are maintained from Provincial funds at a cost of Rs. 3,221 or Rs. 14—2—7 per pupil. The fees collected have been small amounting only to Rs. 6. The Director of Public Instruction remarks that no marked progress was made in any of these schools ; first, because the institutions themselves are exotic, and, secondly, because it is impossible to get female teachers ; and that the most successful instruction must be looked for in Mission Schools, which are under the superintendence of European ladies. This must be admitted to be an unsatisfactory state of things. The training of female teachers is doubtless attended with difficulty, but the difficulty is not insuperable, and if Brahman female teachers cannot be obtained owing to the prejudices of the class, an attempt might be made to train some from the Modaliar or other Sudra castes, or even to induce qualified East Indian women to take charge of Hindu girls' schools. The Chief Commissioner will be glad to receive well considered proposals from the Director of Public Instruction for stimulating native female education, at least in the first class towns of the Province. The subject is one, as remarked in para 20 of the Review on the Education Report for 1872, that requires to be dealt with cautiously, and the willing co-operation and aid of the native community are essential to its successful treatment. An intelligent interest in the furtherance of this important object on the part of the Native Officers of Government is equally necessary, and will, it is hoped, be generally forthcoming.

15. The only Normal School in operation throughout the year was the Hindustani School at Bangalore, where the average attendance was 12.

The school cost Rs. 1,938, or at the high rate of a little more than Rs. 161 per pupil, which was doubtless due to the limited number of pupils. The point seems however to need explanation. Two other Normal Schools for training Hobli school masters were opened at the close of the year.

16. The Engineering Classes at Bangalore and Tím-kúr had between them an average attendance of 15, their cost being 790 or Rs. 52½ per pupil per annum. Three students from the class at Bangalore passed the Surveyors' Test.

17. Of private institutions under Government inspection and aid, there were 74 for boys, 29 for girls, and one for special education.

Subjoined is a comparative abstract of the numbers of this class of schools for the past and previous year:—

	No. of Institutions.	Pupils.		Expenditure.			Fees realized, Rs.
		Monthly Average on Rolls.	Average daily attendance.	Government aid, Rs.	Other aid, Rs.	Total Rs.	
1872—73	98	6,229	5,404	41,109	73,248	1,14,857	28,546
1873—74	104	6,617	5,710	43,142	68,801	1,11,943	22,102
Increase..	6	388	306	2,033	...	...	...
Decrease..	...	...	...	...	4,447	2,414	6,444

Thus, although there has been an increase in the number of schools and in the average daily attendance, as also in the grant-in-aid from Government, the fees realized have considerably fallen off, and the expenditure from other than Government sources is less by 6 per cent. The Director of Public Instruction's report affords no explanation of this important point.

18. Fresh grants-in-aid to the extent of Rs. 3,585* were sanctioned during the year, against a reduction of previous grants of Rs. 70 per mensem. There was thus a net increase of 2,745 Rs. ; but as only Rs. 43,142 are shewn as the total amount of the Government aid in 1873—74, it would seem that only Rs. 2,033 was utilized in excess of the previous year's grant.

*Including building and furniture grants.

19. The following tabular statement gives the statistics of the several classes of aided schools during the year:—

Schools.	No.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost of Maintenance.			Fees realized.		Average Cost of educating each Pupil.	
			Government Funds.	Other sources.	Total.	Total Amount.	Average per Pupil.	Total Charge.	Cost to Government.
Higher Classes..	5	813	11,935	21,451	33,386	9,708	11-15-0	41-1-0	14-10-10
Middle do ...	8	521	5,040	11,303	16,343	2,488	4-12-5	31-5-11	9-10-9
Lower do ...	61	3,168	13,507	17,020	30,527	1,869	0-9-5	9-10-2	4-4-3
Female Schools	29	2,033	12,060	18,032	30,092	7,042	8-7-5	14-12-9	5-14-11

20. The higher and middle class institutions are reported to have made favorable progress, and they continue to do much useful work each in its sphere. Some of them, however, which are intended mainly for children of the European and Eurasian classes, are susceptible of improvement in the way of rendering the instruction imparted of a more useful and practical character.

The remarks of the Director in paras 78 to 89 of his report, on this and other points, in connection with the general character of the instruction afforded at these institutions and especially with reference to its adaptation to the children of the humble European and Eurasian classes merit special attention. The subject is engaging attention, and it appears to the Chief Commissioner that Mr. Rice's views on it, as so put forth, are sound and well grounded. It will be referred to again in the concluding part of this Review.

The lower class schools are also reported to be generally in a fair condition.

21. The defects in the working of particular institutions specially remarked on by the Director of Public Instruction have been brought to the notice of the managers, and the Chief Commissioner trusts that they have received due attention.

22. The increase reported in the number of unaided private schools is gratifying. Of the 1,536 schools of this class reported to be in exis-

tence, 1,439 are stated to be for Hindus and 47 for Muhammadans. Their income has been Rs. 54,344, the greater portion, *viz.* Rs. 50,995 being derived in the shape of fees. The attendance at these schools amounts to 18,914 pupils, and each on an average educates 12 pupils and derives an income of Rs. 33—6—5 a year, or about 3½ annas per pupil per mensem.

23. The number of new books added to the Central Book Depot during the year was 23,224, valued at Rs. 13,344. The value of stock, inclusive of that remaining from the previous year, was Rs. 60,784. 21,359 books, worth 7,348 Rupees, were supplied to Branch Depôts; and the total receipts from the sale of books amounted to Rs. 18,043, which is much the same as in 1872—73.

24. Two school houses of the second class standard design were in progress during the year, and one of them was almost completed.—Rs. 4,007 were spent in repairs. Building grants were made to the Wesleyan Mission of Rs. 1,000 towards the erection of the Market Boys' School at Mysore; and Rs. 350 towards that of the Pete Boys' School at Túngúr.

25. Referring again to the Director's remarks on the means provided for the education of Europeans and Eurasians—a subject which is now attracting much attention from the public—it appears that the number of boys and girls of these classes in Mysore aggregate about 1,646 and 1,723 respectively. Of these numbers 421 boys and 308 girls belong to the European Military, and their education is provided for in the Regimental schools. There are thus 1,225 boys and 1,415 girls with whose instruction the Educational Department has to deal, and of these 1,029 boys and 1,233 girls reside in Bangalore. Allowing for children under six years of age, it is calculated that there are 2100 European and Eurasian children of both sexes of school-going age, and of these it is estimated that 1,400 attend school. Considering that a fair proportion of the total number are believed to be educated at home the residue of about 700 children, whose instruction is thus not accounted for, does not, in the Chief Commissioner's opinion, afford room for any startling conclusions as to the neglected condition of the European and Eurasian community at Bangalore. Sir Richard Meade believes that few Eurasian adults are unable to read and write, and it is clear that any illiteracy

which may exist among the class here is not due to supineness on the part of Government, inasmuch as there are in Bangalore alone 11 aided schools specially designed for the education of Europeans and Eurasians, of which four are schools of the higher class. Mr. Rice's remarks on the impolicy of attaching too much weight to race distinctions in schools are sensible and practical, and the Chief Commissioner has no doubt of the desirability of a thoroughly impartial fusion of Europeans, Eurasians and natives in all the schools attended by the three classes. The higher class schools in Bangalore, where Europeans, Eurasians and natives engage in the same athletic sports in friendly rivalry, shew that such a course is attended with little, if any, difficulty, and with good general results.

The Chief Commissioner believes that some movement in the direction of instructing and training Europeans and Eurasians in practical arts and industries might with advantage be made by Government. An association with the object of promoting this measure, among others designed for the improvement of the class in question, has recently been formed in Bangalore, and any scheme with this object which Mr. Rice, in co-operation with the society, may submit for consideration, shall receive due attention.

26. The acknowledgments of the Chief Commissioner are due to Mr. Rice, Director of Public Instruction, and to the other Officers engaged in the education of the youth of the Province, for their zealous services in this, one of the most important of the Public Departments. The Chief Commissioner has read with pleasure the Director's notice of the aid received by his Department from the Officers of the General Administration. From their position and from the intimacy which they acquire with the people by being so constantly in contact with them, these Officers ought to possess an amount of useful influence which, if duly exercised, should be of the utmost advantage to the Educational Department, and aid its operations and progress in a most important manner.

“By Order,”

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
DATED BANGALORE, 15th September 1874.

From

LEWIS RICE, Esq.,
Director of Public Instruction in Mysore.

To

H. WELLESLEY, Esq.,
Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the Annual Report on Public Instruction in the Province of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1874. Its bulk this year is diminished owing to the inspection and other reports, hitherto printed as appendices, being omitted, in accordance with the directions of the Government of India, in Resolution of the Home Department No. 11—436, dated the 24th December 1873.

2. Among the operations of the year the following subjects may be mentioned as having received special attention :—

Redistribution of inspection areas.

Improvement of the system of inspection.

Grading of all classes of school masters.

Assignment of the educational portion of the Local Fund Cess.

Inquiry into the means and quality of the education available for European and Eurasian children.

Review, in Committee appointed by Government, of all the School Books used in every description of school maintained or aided by the State.

Reorganization of the Central and Branch Book Depôts.

Regarding all these subjects information will be found under the appropriate heads.

3. The number of schools connected with the Department is now 774, of which 670 are Government schools and 104 aided. The total for last year was 757, composed of 659 and 98 respectively. Seventeen schools have therefore been added to the list, 11 Government and 6 aided. Taking into account 1,536, reported to be the number of un-aided schools, we obtain a grand total for the Province of 2,310 schools.

Number of Schools.

4. The complement of Hobli schools having been made up during the previous year, and no fresh sanction having been received, the means by which the number of schools has been so greatly increased during the past five years did not exist. Proposals, however, for enlarging the number were submitted, the carrying out of which will swell the statistics for the ensuing year. That the demand for more schools is real might be gathered from the slight increase in the reported number of private schools, but that the figures relating to them are liable to variation from other causes.

5. The number of pupils in Government schools stands at 20,145, against 19,497 last year; and in aided schools at 7,153, against 6,900. The total number 27,298 shews an increase of 901 over that of last year. Adding 18,914, the attendance in un-aided schools, we find 46,212 pupils to be under instruction in all schools.

Number of Pupils.

6. The long period during which the principal circle remained without an Inspector, and the unfortunate delay until near the close of the year of sanction to the budget which provided for additional teachers in many places, have undoubtedly retarded the progress and kept down the numbers in Government schools. But I may mention that the figures have also been reduced by some deductions for false returns not discovered in previous years. One master was found to have systematically returned the number of his pupils at treble the right figure.

7. The sum total of pupils consists of 43,592 boys and 2,620 girls, of whom 24,834 of the former and 2,464 of the latter are in Government and aided schools. According to creed 22,621 are

Classes of Pupils.

Hindus, 3,131 Muhammadans and 1,546 "others," chiefly Europeans and Eurasians.

8. The subjoined list shews the classification of the schools connected with Government, and the attendance at those of each grade :—

Description of Schools.	Government.		Aided.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Boys' Schools.				
Higher	7	1,588	5	851
Middle	6	250	8	600
Lower	638	17,306	61	3,469
Girls' Schools.				
Higher ... ..	...	...	3	311
Middle ... ..	...	...	3	189
Lower	9	252	23	1,651
Normal Schools	8	13	...	...
Special "	7	736	1	82
Total.....	670	20,145	104	7,153

II. CONTROLLING AGENCIES.

9. *Direction.*—Mr. Garrett, who was on furlough, retired from the office of Director of Public Instruction in January. I officiated throughout the year, and Government has since been pleased to confirm me in the appointment.

10. *Inspection Staff.*—The staff of Inspecting Officers at the end of the year was as given in the margin. The strength of the two subordinate grades falls a good deal short of what was originally provided for Mysore. And considerations arising from the extended work of the Department, as well as from the educational demands present and prospective of the State, render it desirable that deficiencies should not be suffered to continue in this important branch of the executive.

2 Inspectors.
1 Deputy Inspector.
13 Sub-Deputy Inspectors.

11. *System of Inspection.*—The system of inspection hitherto pursued was based upon a circular drawn up by me in July 1867. A printed form of report was provided in which all the school studies were comprised under three heads ; (1) Language, (2) Mathematics, (3) History and Geography. In Government schools every boy was to be examined in every subject, and in aided schools the same rule was to be observed as far as possible. The result of the examination in each subject in each class was to be entered in the tabular form in a single expression, as *very good, good, fair, bad, or very bad.*

12. *Changes.*—With the view of making the inspection more strict and ascertaining the results more exactly, the marking system was recently introduced, on the suggestion of Mr. Narayan Jagannath, who had used it in Bombay. It may be thus described. The three heads previously mentioned being retained, a maximum of 100 marks is allotted to each. A certain number of questions is put to each boy in every subject in which he is to be examined, and he receives marks accordingly as he may have answered correctly or otherwise the questions put to him. If the total number he thus obtains is one-fourth of that assigned for a sub-division of a head and one-third of the aggregate of that head, he is then considered to have *passed* in it. If he *passes* in all heads of the standard in which he is examined, he is said to have *fully passed* in that standard or class.

13. *Advantages.*—Besides the advantage of precision in the results, this system on the one hand prevents the promotion of boys to a higher grade who are not fully passed in a lower, while on the other it equally prevents those who have fully passed in any class from being kept in that class and presented again at successive inspections for examination in the same subjects. The latter is a device sometimes adopted by Head Masters. They devote all their attention for a time to a few boys, whom having brought up to a good standard, they keep as show boys for examination. The present system will exhibit at once, from the number of fully passed pupils in each grade, what the actual work done and progress made between the periods of inspection has been. It will also bring to notice the subjects in which the teaching has been defective.

14. *Inspectorship, First Circle.*—Mr. Hodson acted till the 1st of May, when he was ordered to Europe by the medical authorities. For

some time no successor was appointed, the office work being meanwhile attached to that of the Director. Rao Sahib Narayan Jagannath Vaidya, Deputy Educational Inspector in Sindh, was finally selected by the Government of India to officiate, and took charge on the 1st of September. But the change from the dry heat of Sindh proved trying to a constitution no longer young, and before Christmas Mr. Narayan Jagannath was laid up with severe fever. Although enjoying partial rest for some weeks at Bangalore, he grew worse, returned to Bombay, and died there on the 22nd of March. Mr Dunning, Principal of the Raja's School, has since carried on the work, the head-quarters of the circle being at Mysore.

15. I take this opportunity of stating that Mr. Narayan Jagannath was energetic and skilful in the discharge of his duties. He labored under a disadvantage well nigh insuperable in not knowing Kanarese, the language of the country. But so far as thorough familiarity with his work could enable him to overcome this serious drawback he succeeded, and with the aid of Mahratti and Hindustani was able to exercise personal control to a certain extent over the operations of his Department. Government has lost in him an enlightened and sedulous Educational Officer.

Rao Sahib Narayan Jagannath
Vaidya.

16. *Inspectorship, Second Circle.*—Mr. Marsden continued to act throughout the year with much zeal and success. The establishment of the head-quarters at Shimoga has been of great advantage to the Nagar Division.

17. *Deputy Inspector, Head-Quarters Circle.*—On the arrangements described in last year's Report for the formation of a Head-Quarters Circle being carried out, a Deputy Inspector was appointed, from the 1st of August. Mr. Marsden who was nominated to the office being engaged in the Second Circle, Mr. Leonard from the High School was temporarily appointed and has rendered me active assistance.

18. *Sub-Deputy Inspectors.*—The number of Sub-Deputy Inspectors was increased by two, the new men being employed at present as Training Masters of Normal Schools according to the system hitherto adopted, which has proved of benefit to the Department. Some changes arose in

consequence of the dismissal of Vasudevaiya, Sub-Deputy Inspector of Túngkúr District. He was convicted, on the prosecution of Mr. Marsden, of receiving bribes, and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500, or suffer imprisonment for three months.

Name.	Charge.
Srinivasaiengar	... Bangalore District West.
Ramachariu	... Bangalore-Kolar Junction.
Timmappa	... Kolar District North.
Shamachari	... Túngkúr District.
Dakshina Murti Shastri	... Mysore District West.
Anantachari	... Mysore-Hassan Junction.
Lakshmanaiengar	... Hassan District West.
Srinivas Tatachari	... Shimoga District.
Venkatramanaiya	... Kadur District.
Tirumalachari	... Chitaldroog District.
Khwaja Mahomed	... Hindustani Schools.
Venkatnamaiya	... Training School, Shimoga.
Murti Rao	... Do Devanahalli.

This unfortunate case is the first of the kind that has been discovered in the Department, and will, I trust, be the last. As a body the Sub-Deputy Inspectors have not discredited their responsible positions, but the utmost care is needed in appointing qualified and trustworthy men to the office. The list in the margin will shew that Shamachari was transferred from Kolar to Túngkúr District, Timmappa being appointed to the former. An exchange was ordered between Dakshina Murti Shastri of Bangalore District and Srinivasaiengar of Mysore District.

III. GENERAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS.

19. The expenditure for the year on the part of Government amounted to Rs. 2,43,372, which was apportioned according to the statement below. The cost of direction bore a ratio to the whole of 5.2 per cent, and that of inspection of 13.5 per cent. The additional expenditure from private sources in aided schools was Rs. 68,801 and in unaided Rs. 54,344, making up the grand total of Rs. 3,66,517 expended on education from both public and private funds.

Head.	Expenditure during 1873—74.	
	From State Funds.	From Local Funds.
Direction with its subsidiary charges ...	12,863	...
Inspection with its subsidiary charges ...	26,066	6,787
Instruction (including all educational expenditure not coming under the above heads). ...	1,48,604	49,012
Total.....	1,87,573	55,799

20. The receipts from all sources paid into Government treasuries amounted to Rs. 1,18,007, composed of school fees Rs. 13,261, proceeds of book sales Rs. 18,043, and educational share of local fund collections Rs. 86,703. The receipts in aided schools came up to Rs. 72,431, of which school fees contributed Rs. 22,102. The income of unaided schools is set down at Rs. 54,344, the fees having yielded Rs. 50,995. Adding these various items, we derive a total of Rs. 2,44,782 on account of the receipts in all the schools of every description throughout the Province, of which Rs. 86,358 or 35.2 per cent consisted of fees paid by the pupils.

21. An analysis of the expenditure on instruction in the various grades of Government and aided schools exhibits the following results :—

Description of Schools.	Government.		Aided.	
	From State Funds.	From Local Funds.	From State Funds.	From other Sources.
Boys' Schools.				
Higher	45,702	...	11,935	21,451
Middle	8,496	...	5,040	11,303
Lower	33,532	45,031	13,507	17,020
Girls' Schools.				
Higher ... ..	...	...	4,040	5,464
Middle ... ..	...	...	1,560	1,845
Lower	3,221	...	6,460	10,723
Normal Schools ...	1,938	55	...	...
Special " ...	790	...	600	995
Total.....	93,679	45,086	43,142	68,801

The ratio which grants-in-aid bore to the whole Government expenditure for instruction was 17.7 per cent.

22. *Local Funds.*—The educational share of the Local Fund cess was less by Rs. 4,891, than in the previous year, owing to a falling off in the collections, and the income from this source is liable to fluctu-

ations. It has been decided to compensate for this by raising the proportion assigned to education from 24 per cent to a quarter.

IV. UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS.

23. A student of the London Mission Institution took the degree of Bachelor of Laws.

Degrees.

24. The First Arts and Matriculation Examinations were held as usual at Bangalore, when 31 candidates appeared for the former and 155 for the latter. An application was forwarded to the Syndicate of the Madras University from a number of students in the city of Mysore, praying that the privilege might be restored of holding branch examinations there. But the University authorities saw no reason for altering the decision already arrived at in the case.

25. The number of candidates sent up from schools in this Province for the First Examination in Arts was 19, of whom 10 passed, one being placed in the first class. The following list supplies

details. Of the ten, 9 were Hindus and the other a Muhammadan. The First Arts class in the Shimoga District School, I may remark, has not been continued, as the existing staff of masters would not admit of it. The class in the Native Educational Institution has also been given up.

First Examination in Arts.

Schools.	No. of Candidates.			
	Presented.	Passed.		
		First Class.	Second Class.	Total.
<i>Government.</i>				
High School, Bangalore ...	7	1	4	5
Raja's School, Mysore ...	5	...	2	2
District School, Shimoga ...	2	...	1	1
<i>Aided.</i>				
Native Educational Institution, Bangalore ...	5	...	2	2
Total.....	19	1	9	10

26. The single candidate in the first class, Y. Srinivas Rao, stood 5th on the list, and thus became entitled to one of the scholarships offered by the Madras Government to those who succeed in attaining a certain rank in the order of merit. Such cases have occurred before, but the claims of students from Mysore are not admitted, on the ground that this Province is a foreign territory. It may be mentioned as very creditable to this young man that he took a similarly high position on matriculating two years ago, and would then, but for the same objection, have become the holder of a scholarship. Of the second class candidates, one from Shimoga headed the list, and one from Mysore was 4th.

27. For the Entrance examination 137 candidates came up from schools connected with this department, of whom 43 were successful, namely, 5 in the first class and 38 in the second, according to the particulars given below. Two of the number were Native Christians, 33 (including 2 Coorgs) were Hindus and 13 Europeans.

Matriculation Examination.

Schools.	No. of Candidates.			
	Presented.	Passed.		
		First Class.	Second Class.	Total.
<i>Government—</i>				
High School, Bangalore ...	17	3	5	8
Raja's School, Mysore ...	12	1	4	5
District School, Shimoga ...	14	..	6	6
Do Hassan ...	11	...	1	1
Do Tunkur ...	6	...	1	1
Do Chitaldroog ...	3	...	1	1
Taluk School; Chikballapur ...	2	...	1	1
<i>Aided—</i>				
Bishop Cotton's School, Bangalore.	12	1	4	5
Native Educational Institution ,,	25	...	5	5
London Mission Institution ,,	11	...	3	3
Saint Andrew's School ,,	8	...	3	3
Wesleyan Mission School, Mysore	14	...	3	3
Saint Joseph's Catholic Seminary, Bangalore ...	2	...	1	1
Total.....	137	5	38	43

B

Of two others who passed, one was partly educated at the Raja's School and the other at Bishop Cotton's.

28. The highest in the first class was a student of Bishop Cotton's, who took the 8th place, and thus qualified for a scholarship had he not belonged to Mysore. The highest in the second class came from the Wesleyan Mission School, Mysore, and stood 6th.

29. It was proposed by the Syndicate of the University to require of candidates for the First Examination in
Changes made by the University. Arts, a certificate of having attended for two years subsequent to their Matriculation at one or other of certain selected Institutions, which alone were recognized as competent to grant such certificates. The object of the measure was to obtain some security on the part of candidates that they had passed through a regular course of discipline and study. Had the proposal become law, the High School, Raja's School and Bishop Cotton's had been chosen by the University authorities for Mysore. But the restrictions thus imposed upon candidates would doubtless have created a monopoly in many ways inconvenient, and the question has, perhaps wisely, been placed in abeyance.

30. A series of more important changes have since been initiated and obtained sanction. These relate to the
In subjects of Examination. courses of study and subjects of examination for the University tests. For Matriculation, Physical Geography and Physics have been substituted for English History; while of the two papers generally set on each Language brought up, one paper only is to be composed of questions on the appointed text books, the other being of a general character relating to the grammar, structure and idiom of the language, and requiring further in the case of English, paraphrase of passages from books not previously specified, and in the case of the vernacular, reciprocal translation and original composition. In the First Arts Examination, European History is to take the place of Indian History, and Human Physiology that of Logic; while in the Language papers changes will be introduced similar to those for the Matriculation. For the B. A. examination. Chemical Physics and Botany are substituted for Physical Geography, Physics and Human and Comparative Physiology, under the head Physical Science, as one of the optional subjects. In Language, reciprocal translations and original composition are to be required.

31. A modification is also to be made in determining the results.

In system of marking. In the First Arts and B. A. examinations a candidate who fails to obtain one fourth of the marks in one or more subjects, except the English language, is nevertheless to be allowed to pass if he secures one third of the aggregate number of marks after deducting the marks gained by him on the subject or subjects in which he has failed.

32. The tendency of these changes is towards remedying some of

Tendency. the defects which have been pointed out in the University courses of study. It is doubtful however whether they go far enough. The Physics introduced into the Matriculation examination, for instance, is so very elementary as to be included in a portion only of the little shilling book appointed as the text. In the important subject of Language, again, the value of the paper of general questions is detracted from by not making it the essential one for a pass. The modifications however are such as incline to meet the wants of the day, though they fall short of what might be proposed.

V. GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS.

33. The following table exhibits in the prescribed form the statistics of all the Government schools in Mysore :—

Description of Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Number on the Rolls (monthly average.)	Average Daily Attendance.	Total Expenditure.		Fees and Book Sales returned to Government.
				From Provincial Funds.	From Local Funds.	
Boys' Schools.						
Higher Class ...	7	1,435	1,316	45,702	...	23,160
Middle do ...	6	223	187	8,496	...	1,261
Lower do ...	638	16,688	12,991	33,532	45,031	6,661
Girls' Schools ...	9	227	201	3,221	...	58
Normal Schools ...	3	12	10	1,938	55	...
Special Schools ...	7	736	734	790	...	164
Total.....	670	19,321	15,439	93,679	45,086	31,304

A. SCHOOLS OF THE HIGHER CLASS.

34. The High School has during the year been in charge of Mr. Pope, officiating as Principal, with Mr. King, late Head Master of the Civil Orphan Asylum at Madras, as First Assistant for most of the time. The statistics of attendance and results of the University examinations shew that the school has been conducted with credit.

35. It contains 566 pupils, with an average daily attendance of 523, against 542 last year, with an average daily attendance of 437. But although the daily attendance has been higher, the fees have been less productive, the amount collected for the year being only Rs. 4,740—12—0, against Rs. 5,051—14—0 last year. Owing however to the principal masters being on acting allowances, the total cost of educating each pupil has been Rs. 28—15—4 this year, against Rs. 32—3—11 last, and the cost to Government Rs. 20—1—3, against Rs. 21—14—3. The number of Muhammadan pupils has doubled, being now 21, but the number of "Others," or Europeans and Eurasians, has fallen from 45 to 12, most of the boys, it is believed, having joined Bishop Cotton's. The transfer is not perhaps a matter for regret, as such boys are likely in certain respects to receive a more suitable training in a school specially designed for their instruction than in one where natives very largely preponderate.

36. The regular college classes contain 46 students, as per particulars in the margin, who are undergraduates of the Madras University. The class of candidates for Matriculation numbers 46 pupils, and the preparatory Matriculation class 38. It is reported that, as the time for the University examinations approaches, the students gradually drop off in attendance, and stay at home to "cram." It is therefore gratifying to state that none of those who resorted to this objectionable practice succeeded in passing.

37. The upper school classes underwent an annual examination by means of papers set by various gentlemen connected with education, to whom the thanks of this Department are due for their obliging assistance. The results

<i>College Classes.</i>			
Senior B. A. Class	...	6	
Junior " " "	...	5	
Senior F. A. "	...	21	
Junior " "	...	14	

have not been received in this office. The lower school classes were examined by the senior masters.

38. Athletics continue to receive due attention. The United School Sports were held for the second time in the High School grounds and attracted competitors from all the principal institutions here. It is proposed henceforward to give a challenge cup, which will become the property of any school whose students win it for three years running.

Sports.

39. The Raja's School continued under the charge of Mr. Dunning. The number of pupils on the roll at the close of the year was in all departments, 509,* as against 369 last year. The increase is confined to the English and Kanarese branches, and took place near the end of the official year, in January and February. The average daily attendance for the twelve months is therefore not proportionately high. Apart from this, the percentage of absentees, especially in the Hindustani branch, is greater than it ought to be. Sanction to the propositions for increasing the teaching staff was not received till the end of the year. Had it come sooner it is likely that the attendance throughout the school would have been higher.

Raja's School, Mysore.

* English	...	272
Kanarese	...	189
Hindustani	...	68

40. The fees produced Rs. 2,110—2—0, against Rs. 2,036—0—0, last year. The cost of educating each pupil in the English school was Rs. 42—7—5, of which the State bore Rs. 33—9—8. The corresponding figures for last year were Rs. 44—15—3 and Rs. 36—6—5.

Cost.

41. There are 26 students in the college department, namely, 6 studying for the B. A. and 20 for the F. A. examinations. In the Matriculation class there are 35. The classes below this were carefully examined by Mr. Dunning, for the purpose of making promotions. Although no pupils were sent up to a higher class who did not obtain at least one-third of the aggregate number of marks in each subject, there were but very few boys left in each class, an evidence that masters and boys had done their work satisfactorily.

Distribution of Pupils.

42. *District Schools.*—The results of the Entrance examination already given shew that Shimoga took a very

School.	Pupils.	Masters.
Shimoga ...	227	7
Hassan ...	180	8
Chitaldroog ...	144	6
Túmkúr ...	102	5
Kolar ...	97	5

decided lead among these schools as regards the number of successful candidates. It is the natural wish of Mr. Taylor, the Head Master, that a higher range of study should be provided for. An address on the subject was also delivered to me by some native gentlemen on the occasion of my visit to Shimoga in January. But the expediency of making such arrangements at present seems doubtful, and my advice that matriculated students should come to Bangalore and enter the collegiate classes of the High School has been in one or two cases adopted.

43. The inspection of the Hassan School yielded results very creditable to the Head Master, Mr. Haldwell, and his Assistants, the percentage of fully passed pupils being as high as 76 for the first class and 70 for the second. Of the remaining schools the one at Chitaldroog, under the mastership of Mr. Clapham, made satisfactory progress. At the close of the year an opportunity presented itself for making changes among the masters of these three schools which will, I expect, lead to a great improvement in the condition of each. Mr. Clapham goes to Túmkúr, Mr. Coleman from the Book Depôt to Chitaldroog, and Mr. Birch to Kolar.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—		Total.	Annual cost of education, ting each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.		Average Total.	Cost to Government.
7	1,435	45,702	...	45,702	31-13-6	25-3-7
Fees.				Pupils.		
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muham-madans.	Others.	Total.	
9,505	6-9-11	1,462	52	74	1,588	

B. SCHOOLS OF THE MIDDLE CLASS.

44. *Taluk Anglo-Vernacular Schools.*—Of these schools educating up to a standard below Matriculation, Chikballapur School has for some time taken the lead, for which the credit is due to Venkata-pataiengar, the Head Master. He will be put in charge of the unsatisfactory school at Chikmagalur, the head-quarters of the Kadur District, for the purpose of raising that institution to the standard of a higher class school. The Gundlupet School, though a small one, is entitled to favorable mention, and in some respects Húnsúr School has done well.

Schools.	Pupils.	Masters.
Chikballapur...	63	4
Chikmagalur ...	43	2
Channapatna ...	31	2
Húnsúr. ...	39	2
Hole Narasipur.	40	2
Gundlupet ...	29	1

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—		Total.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.		Average Total.	Cost to Government.
6	223	8,496	...	8,496	38—1—7	35—6—9

Fees.		Pupils.			
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muham-madans.	Others.	Total.
596	2—10—9	239	5	6	250

C. SCHOOLS OF THE LOWER CLASS.

1. Taluk Schools.

45. *Kanarese Schools.*—The whole number of Taluk Kanarese Schools is 81, with 4,308 pupils on the rolls. They are distributed as shewn in the margin of the next page. The most numerously attended is the Kanarese branch of the Raja's School at Mysore, which contains 169 pupils. In the Bangalore District, there are 140 in the Dodballapur

District.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bangalore ...	11	684
Kolar ...	11	455
Túmkúr ...	9	459
Mysore ...	12	786
Hassan ...	10	366
Shimoga ...	10	673
Kadur ...	8	382
Chitaldroog ...	10	523
Total.....	81	4,308

School. In Kolar District, 110 at Sidlagatta. In Túmkúr District, 116 at Túmkúr. In Shimoga District, 104, all Lingayats, at Nyamti. These are the largest and among the most successful schools. Hole Narsipur in Hassan District ought to have had a place among them, but has latterly fallen into a much lower condition.

46. Very satisfactory schools, though with a less attendance than those above mentioned, are Kankanhalli, Nelamangala and Yelahanka in Bangalore District ; Goribidnur in Kolar District ; Koratagere in Túmkúr District ; Malvalli, Chamrajnagar and Seringapatam in Mysore District ; Hole Honnur in Shimoga District ; Sakrepatna in Kadur District ; and Hosdurga in Chitaldroog District.

47. Commendation may be bestowed on the schools at Sarjapur in Bangalore District, Mulbagal and Narsapur in Kolar District, Yedatore and Mandya in Mysore District, Belur and Attikuppa in Hassan District, Sagar, Sorab and Shikarpur in Shimoga District, and Yedahalli in Kadur District.

48. The pupils are divided into four classes. By tabulating the schools according to this gradation we find that 12 have attained the first or highest grade, that 46 have reached the second grade, and that the remainder have not risen beyond the third. The particulars in the margin shew the results for each District. The Mysore and Bangalore schools are evidently the most advanced. Those in Kadur and Chitaldroog are backward. Kolar and Hassan schools are a little better, but should have reached a higher standard.

District.	Schools of each Grade.		
	I	II	III
Bangalore ...	3	6	2
Kolar ...	...	6	5
Túmkúr ...	1	6	2
Mysore ...	6	6	...
Hassan ...	...	7	3
Shimoga ...	2	8	...
Kadur ...	...	3	5
Chitaldroog ...	...	4	6
Total... ..	12	46	23

The Shimoga and Túmkúr schools rank second.

49. On comparing this table with the one given in para 45, it will be found that, with the exception of Chitaldroog, the Districts fall into the

same order when placed according to total attendance at the taluk schools as they do when placed according to the standard attained by the schools. The intimate connection between the standard of instruction and the rate of attendance is thus apparent. The one reacts upon the other. The more successfully a school is taught the more popular it becomes. To increase the efficiency of the schools should be therefore the aim of both Inspectors and Masters. Pupils will then soon flock in. But to get together a large number of boys without attention to elevating the character of the instruction given is not likely to result in permanent improvement of the attendance.

50. But the want of suitable premises is a great drawback to the due expansion of these schools. I regret that of eight buildings recommended for erection in the ensuing year, only one has been sanctioned.

51. *Telugu Schools.*—The Telugu branch schools, to the number of 6, containing 238 pupils, are all in the Kolar District, where the Telugu language prevails. They form an important element in the education of that part of the country. Two of the schools are of the second grade, three of the third, and the remaining one of the fourth. The Mulbagal school is reported as being the best.

52. *Hindustani Schools.*—The Hindustani schools have been increased to 17, distributed as described in the margin, and have an attendance of 777 pupils. Five of the schools have reached the second grade and six others the third. The Kolar and Chikballapur schools may be described as the most uniformly successful. The Mysore School, a branch of the Raja's School, is a high class institution, but the attendance is unfortunately very irregular.

District.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bangalore ...	3	139
Kolar ...	4	186
Támkr ...	2	130
Mysore ...	4	143
Hassan ...	1	36
Shimoga ...	1	47
Kadur ...	1	70
Chitaldroog ...	1	26
Total...	17	777

Of the new schools established during the

year under trained students of the Normal School, the one at Chikmagalur has made a most promising commencement, and is a great contrast to the unfortunate English and Kanarese schools at that station. The Sira and Shimoga Schools have also begun well. The Belur master, I regret to say, died from the effects of the climate. He had grown up as a pupil in the Kolar Hindustani School and was an amiable and promis-

ing young man. The Maddur master has had to resign on account of sickness. He did good work formerly at Mysore as an assistant. The old established school at Chitaldroog is far from satisfactory. The Tūm-kūr School has made considerable improvement. Mulbagal and Hūnsūr schools are in a fair state of progress.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—			Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.	Average Total.	Cost to Government.
104	4,705	33,532	...	33,532	7—2—0	6—7—10
Fees.			Pupils.			
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muham-madans.	Others.	Total.	
2,990	0—10—2	4,220	1,063	40	5,323	

2. *Hobli Schools.*

53. The number of Hobli or Village schools stands at 534, with 11,983 pupils. The attendance shews a small increase on that for the preceding year, and owing to the drawbacks described in last year's report, greater improvement in this respect could not be looked for. Arrangements having since been made for the periodical promotion of the masters, and for the provision of assistance where the need for it existed, the ensuing year's statistics will doubtless shew a good advance in the number under instruction.

54. The foregoing figures give an average of about 23 pupils to each school. But this is far from representing the attendance at the most popular institutions. For instance, at Tyamgondal there are 105, at Holalkere 92, at Vastara 74, at Kalale 64, at Melkote 67, at Ganjuru and at Kumsi 56, at Bidadi and at Hagalvadi 55, at Nonavinkere 52 and so on.

55. Apportioning the schools to their several Districts, we obtain

District.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bengalore ...	75	1920
Kolar ...	81	1777
Tumkūr ...	57	1301
Mysore ...	92	2046
Hasan ...	77	1571
Shimoga ...	56	1306
Kadur ...	45	864
Chitaldroog ...	51	1198

the results given in the margin. An analysis of the total number of pupils shews that 11,386 are Hindus, 570 Muhammadans and 27 'others.' All learn Kanarese with the exception of 173 in Kolar District who learn Telugu. The Muhammadan pupils thus bear to the whole number a ratio of more than 5 per cent, which is rather higher than the ratio of

Muhammadans to the aggregate population of the Province. This is an interesting fact to note, as the Muhammadans in more advanced schools form but an insignificant fraction. As regards the classes of pupils described as 'others,' there is too much reason to fear that out-castes are practically excluded from the schools by the operation of social prejudice. The question is receiving attention, but requires delicate handling.

56. The quantitative progress of the schools thus appears to be quite equal to the expectations that might have been formed taking all the circumstances into consideration. The qualitative progress is indicated by the following results; 17 schools have a first class, 204 have a second, 261 a third: the rest are below the third grade. The Inspectors reports class 16 as very good, 161 as good, 228 as fair: the rest are not satisfactory. Four-fifths of the schools are thus doing generally well, more than one-third of the whole number being described as good or very good. Much doubtless remains to be done in the way of improvement, and every effort is being made, by raising the character of the inspecting staff more particularly charged with the oversight of the schools, to ensure a steady and wide spread progress.

57. Applications for fresh schools are being continually received, which is a sufficient testimony to their popularity. Sanction was obtained towards the close of the year for the establishment of 200, additional masters for which are now under training. To prevent the setting up of schools in places where the interest in education is transient and the number of pupils likely to be low, the villagers applying for a school are now required to furnish a list of all intending pupils, giving age and other information, and also bearing the signature opposite each child's name of the parent or guardian in token of an undertaking to send him

to the school. Specific provision of premises for the school is also required. These regulations have had a wholesome effect in checking applications made on insufficient grounds by a small and sanguine knot of villagers, who, as is often the case, unhesitatingly promise an attendance of 40, 50, or even 100 pupils. When the details are reduced to writing as above described, we have probably as secure a guarantee as under the circumstances can be obtained against the break down of schools owing to a sufficient number of pupils not being forthcoming, or to want of general sympathy with the movement on the part of the villagers. The same course has also been prescribed in the case of transferring existing Hobli schools from one village to another, and has, in such cases, equally acted as a deterrent against the removal of schools on trifling grounds or to accomplish some private end.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—		Total.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.
		Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.		
534	11,983	...	45,031	45,031	3—12—1
Fees.			Pupils.		
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Total.
...	...	11,386	570	27	11,983

D. FEMALE SCHOOLS.

58. The Girls' schools number 9, with an attendance of 252 pupils.

Their location is almost confined to the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, as will be seen by reference to the statement in the margin. Hindus number 249, Muhammadians only 3 : 213 girls learn Kanarese, and 39 Telugu.

District.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bangalore	...	4 122
Kolar	...	4 104
Hasan	...	1 26

59. No marked progress was made in any of these schools. But the elder girls are reported to have done well in several cases, though the younger ones, infants in reality, do not seem to have received in every place a due share of the master's attention. These schools are exotic institutions and labor under some disadvantages arising from the entire want of female teachers. There is little prospect under oriental customs of such a class being formed. The most successful female instruction must therefore be looked for in Mission schools which are under the superintendence of European ladies. At the same time, it may reasonably be hoped that the Government girls' schools are not destitute of benefit to the communities among which they are placed. The Chintamani School has done good work of its kind and enjoys much popularity. The schools at Sarjapur and Sidlagatta, as well as the one at Bangalore, deserve favorable mention. The Chikballapur School is particularly well reported of.

60. Applications for new schools have been received from Kankanhalli, Gudibanda and other places.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—		Total.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.		Average Total.	Cost to Government.
9	227	3,221	...	3,221	14—3—0	14—2—7
Fees.				Pupils.		
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muham-madans	Others.	Total.	
6	0—0—5	249	3	...	252	

E. NORMAL SCHOOLS.

61. The only Normal School in operation throughout the year was the Hindustani Normal School at Bangalore. The average number of students was 13. At an examination held in February, eight of the men gained over one-third of the marks. An elementary knowledge of Kanarese was made a *sine quâ non* for passing, which, though a distasteful condition, is one that cannot be dispensed with in the interests of the schools which the masters trained in this institution will eventually have charge of. Five of the students who obtained certificates of qualification as teachers were provided with employment and promise well. The schools established in the preceding year under trained masters from this Normal School are, without exception, very popular and successful.

62. Pending the receipt of sanction from the Government of India to an extension of the Village school system, no fresh Training Schools for the preparation of Hobli school masters were opened. At the close of the year, however, arrangements were made for establishing one at Shimoga for the Nagar Division, and one at Devanhalli for the Nundydroog Division.

63. The number of applications received for admission to these institutions was in strange contrast with the experience of five years ago, when the movement was first set on foot, while at the same time additional testimony, were it needed, is thereby furnished in proof of the popularity of the Hobli schools. In 1869, 30 professing indigenous school masters were with every effort induced to come forward at Kolar, and offer themselves as candidates for training. In 1874, when the Training school was to be opened at Devanhalli, the applicants exceeded 600 in number. No little tact and skill were required to make a selection of about one in ten from this crowd and to pacify and dismiss the rest, but the latter process was opportunely aided by the continuous rain which accompanied the cyclone. In the Nagar Division, again, there was not a single candidate for admission at Shimoga in 1869 when I arrived there for the purpose of establishing the Training school. This year at the same place there were 35 applicants in waiting.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—		Total.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.
		Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.		
3	12	1,988	55	1,993	166—1—4
Fees.			Pupils.		
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muham- madans.	Others.	Total.
...	...	...	13	...	13

F. OTHER SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION.

64. The Engineering Class attached to the High School was conducted for several months by Mr. Conquest, B.A. *Engineering Class, Bangalore.* But in October he resigned in order to enter the Controller's Office, Public Works Department. No competent person for the mastership could subsequently be obtained for the small pay allowed. One of the senior pupils has therefore been carrying on the exercises of the class, pending new arrangements of a more satisfactory character which are contemplated.

65. Of three students who last year passed the Surveyor's Test, one has obtained employment as a third class Surveyor in the Madras Revenue Survey, another is in my Office, and the third is in charge of the class. Another student has after examination been made a Sub-Overseer in the Mysore Public Works Department. None of these was a native, but three natives hold scholarships.

Jail Schools.

66. Instruction is regularly given now to the convicts in the Central Jail at Bangalore, and in the Jails at Mysore and Shimoga. The

Jail at—	Convicts under instruction.
Bangalore ...	392
Mysore ...	207
Shimoga ...	120

number thus brought into contact with the means of mental improvement was 721, of whom 652 were Hindus and 69 Muhammadans. They were distributed according to the statement in the margin.

67. *Central Jail, Bangalore.*—For the following interesting particulars regarding the teaching in the Central Jail, I am indebted to Dr. Henderson, the Superintendent. "Education in the Central Jail is pursued in three distinct schools, namely, for the male, female, and juvenile convicts, with the common object of imparting some elementary instruction to those who are dealt with in them.

68. "The juveniles have their lessons in the day time, but for the rest this forms the employment of all who have no other demands upon their time during the last part of every day for half an hour.

Men.

The attendance is compulsory, but progress is optional, although outward attention is demanded from all, and certain disadvantages come to the man who has made no advance whatever. To those who have not experienced it, it is inconceivable how long a time a man may sit before a board having the letters of the alphabet on it, without making their acquaintance further than perhaps to repeat them by rote, or how very slowly it dawns upon him that 2 and 2 always make 4. If any one deems this latter proposition a self evident truth, he may here be convinced to the contrary. It seems as though the faculty for acquiring this kind of knowledge having been dormant since infancy or never having been roused, is so weak as to be unable to retain anything.

69. "On the other hand among those who are not too old, or who have had some slight instruction previously, or who really give their minds to it, things go on much more briskly and satisfactorily, and very fair progress is made. Of those released during the year, 46 had learned to read, write and count in the Jail. The schools and classes are arranged and conducted as before, and the average number under tuition during the year has been 412, of which about 20 are taught English for Press employ, and the rest are in Kanarese.

70. "Among the females the progress is but slow, but it really requires a very long time before they can be brought even into the attitude for learning anything. It seems to be much more strange to them than to men, which perhaps may be set down to an acquired and inherited habit of mind, women having for generations been in this respect neglected. It will be something if here we even help to remove this. It is difficult also to present instruction to them in practical form. If perhaps their proverbial curiosity was aroused to know what was inside the books, some brisker progress might be looked for.

Women.

71. "Among the juveniles some more real work in education can be done, although during the past year they have been few in number and the most of them have been naturally dull. Two who were released during the year were remarkable exceptions, and had learnt to read and write well, besides having had set going within them an aptitude for acquiring more.

Boys.

72. "It would of course be interesting to know whether any practical good effect is produced by all these educational measures among the convicts, but this cannot well be known. The only thing which must be certain of it is, that it helps to remove ignorance, which is in itself an evil almost as great as crime, and to awaken within a man a notion that he has faculties above the beast, if he will only take the trouble to use them."

VI. PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS UNDER GOVERNMENT INSPECTION.

73. The following statistics exhibit the number and description of schools receiving grants-in-aid from the State :—

Class of Schools.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls, Monthly Average.	Average Daily Attendance.	Grants-in-aid given by Government.	Expenditure from all sources other than grants-in-aid given by Government.	Fee.
Boys' Schools.						
Higher Class ...	5	813	718	11,935	21,451	9,708
Middle " ...	8	521	478	5,040	11,303	2,488
Lower " ...	61	3,168	2,764	13,507	17,020	1,869
Girls' Schools.						
Higher Class ...	3	292	284	4,040	5,464	5,231
Middle " ...	3	183	158	1,560	1,845	1,510
Lower " ...	23	1,558	1,226	6,460	10,723	301
Normal Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools for Special education ...	1	82	82	600	995	995
Total.....	104	6,617	5,710	43,142	68,801	22,103

74. New grants were made during the year as below :—

Changes in Grants.

	Rs.
<i>Boys'</i> —Sanskrit School, Shravanbelgola ..	15
Do Muttur ..	15
Do Yedatore ..	10
Wesleyan Mission Petta School, Túngúr	10
18th Hussars Tamil School, Bangalore	10
<i>Girls'</i> —Hindu School, Chitaldroog ..	10
Wesleyan Mission School, Gubbi ..	10
Do do Shimoga ..	20
<i>Building Grants.</i> —Wesleyan Mission Market Boys' School, Mysore ..	1,000
„ Petta do Túngúr	350
<i>Furniture Grant.</i> —Bishop Cotton's School ..	975

75. The grant to the Wesleyan Mission Boys' School at Gubbi was increased from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15, and the undermentioned grants were either suspended or ceased :—

		Rs.
<i>Suspended.</i> —Sanskrit School, Melkote	..	40
Hindustani School, Kannur	..	10
<i>Ceased.</i> —Hindustani School, Dodballapur	..	10
Do Húnsúr	..	10

76. In the following table the schools have been grouped according to the language which forms the medium of instruction :—

Language.	Boys'.		Girls'.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
English ...	6	405	7	381
Anglo-Vernacular ...	13	1,446	4	252
Kanarese ...	15	1,037	14	1,102
Telugu and Tamil ...	4	412	4	330
Sanskrit ...	10	390	...	...
Hindustani ...	26	1,193	2	128

77. On arranging the schools according to the Districts in which they are situated we obtain results as under, which brings out conspicuously the backwardness of private effort in the Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts :—

District.	Boys'.		Girls'.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bangalore ...	36	2,930	21	1,529
Kolar ...	7	206	...	...
Támkúr ...	11	560	3	253
Mysore ...	10	855	4	272
Hassan ...	5	132	1	25
Shimoga ...	4	166	1	68
Kadur ...	...	...	...	...
Chitaldroog ...	1	34	1	41

78. This seems the most appropriate place in which, as directed by the Government of India, to notice the important question of the means and quality of the education available in Mysore for children of European and Eurasian parents, upon which a separate report was submitted some months ago. The inquiry arose in connection with the investigations made by Mr. Lawrence, deputed for the purpose by the Government of India. Mr. Lawrence paid a hurried visit to Bangalore, which unfortunately he was unable to prolong, owing to other arrangements made without knowing the number and importance of the schools for such classes at this station.

79. The specific heads under which the Government of India called for information, additional to that which had been collected by Mr. Lawrence, were (1) the European and Eurasian population, especially in large towns, for whom schools are required, and (2) the best means of supplementing the existing provision where it is found by inquiry so conducted to be inadequate in quantity or unsuitable in quality. The following direction among others was added for guidance. "The need of such schools must be judged by the population and not by the apparent demand or desire for them, for at all times and in all countries the offer of education to the poorer classes has preceded the demand."

80. By the census of November 1871, there were found to be 4,469 Europeans and 2,921 Eurasians in the Province, of whom no less than 4,096 of the former and 2,411 of the latter reside in Bangalore, in the Cantonment. The distribution throughout the Districts is as given in the margin.

District.	Euro- peans.	Eura- sians.
Bangalore ...	4,114	2,445
Kolar ...	14	31
Támkúr ...	48	67
Mysore ...	110	196
Hassan ...	78	64
Shimoga ...	34	35
Kadur ...	56	47
Chitaldroog ...	15	36

81. The sex and creed of the two classes are as stated below :—

	Protestants.		Roman Catholics		Not stated.		Total.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Europeans...	2,352	1,180	616	299	16	6	2,984	1,485
Eurasians ...	859	1,089	439	498	23	13	1,321	1,600
Total.....	3,211	2,269	1,055	797	39	19	4,305	3,085

Separating adults from children we obtain the following figures :—

		Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.
		Europeans...	...	2,145	672	839	813
Eurasians ...	...	514	690	807	910
		2,659	1,362	1,646	1,723

82. Of the above, 421 boys and 308 girls belong to the European Military, whose education is provided for in the three Regimental Schools at Bangalore, leaving 1,225 boys and 1,415 girls with whom the Educational Department is directly concerned. Of this number 1,029 boys and 1,233 girls, as per particulars in margin, are in Bangalore.

		Boys.	Girls.
		Europeans ...	351	452
Eurasians ...	...	678	781

Allowing for those under six years of age, it is calculated that in round numbers there may be, omitting the European Military, 2,100 European and Eurasian children in the Province of an age to attend school.

83. Statistics of the number actually under instruction are not obtainable from the Census Returns, as natives are included with Europeans under the head Christians. And owing to much private instruction by means of tutors and governesses at home, and in private schools, the returns of institutions connected with this Department do not afford full information on the subject. But there appear to be not less than 1,400 European and Eurasian children under public instruction alone. This allows for those studying along with natives in Government and Mission Schools, as in the High School, &c.

84. The public means of education specially designed for these classes consist, not reckoning branches, of 12 different institutions, all but one of which are situated at Bangalore, the other being at Mysore. The following is a table of these schools, shewing attendance and other particulars :—

No.	Name.	Where situated.	When established.	Denomination.	Under management.
<i>Higher Class.</i>					
1	Bishop Cotton's Schools	Cantonment ...	1865	Church of England	Commission
2	Saint Andrew's School	do	1866	Church of Scotland	Chaplain
3	Wealeyan Girls' School	do	1865	Wealeyan	... Mission
4	Convent of the Good Shepherd	... do	1854	Roman Catholic	Bishop
<i>Middle Class.</i>					
5	Saint John's Schools	... St. John's Hill	1854	Church of England	Chaplain
6	„ Joseph's Seminary	do	1857	Roman Catholic	Bishop
7	St. Patrick's Seminary	Shule ...	1860	do	do
8	Miss Ferguson's School	do	1864	Wealeyan	... Private
9	Ordnance School	... Fort ...	1832	Church of England	Commission of Ordnance
10	Saint Bartholomew's School	... Mysore ...	1874	do	Chaplain
<i>Lower Class.</i>					
11	Cantonment Orphanage	Shule ...	1865	do	Commission
12	Saint Mark's Ragged School	... Cantonment ...	1854	do	Chaplain

- a. Receives also Rs. 1,596 from the Madras Government.
 b. Receives also Rs. 1,397 from the Madras Government.
 c. The school being a new one, the returns do not show the amount.
 d. Since increased to Rs. 1,200 to provide for additional expenses.
 There appears to be some error in the total estimate.

No. of Pupils.			Annual Grant from Government.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.		Remarks.
Boys.	Girls.	Total.		Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	
41	94	235	5,640	Boys 76-9-10 Girls 50-3-7	28-14-9 20-14-8	Boarding and Day schools.
174	...	74	2,400	73-14-8	34-4-7	Boarding and Day school.
...	61	61	960	51-8-10	18-7-5	Day School.
...	114	114	a 1,200	...	...	Boarding and Day school.
110	102	212	1,800	14-15-5	8-14-5	Day schools for children of European pensioned soldiers.
102	...	102	b 1,800	51-14-6	11-10-4	Boarding and Day school for the same class but contains $\frac{1}{4}$ natives not included here.
41	...	41	960	24-14-3	12-15-7	Day school, contains 28 natives not included.
30	38	56	360	31-11-9	6-6-10	Principally a Day school, not strictly denominational.
30	17	47	480	19-9-8	12-3-2	Day school for children of artificers in the Arsenal and other residents in the Fort.
...	30	30	c 480	...	...	Day school for girls.
22	29	51	d 720	85-11-1	14-1-11	Boarding school.
26	26	52	180	15-7-6	5-4-8	Day school for children of drummers in Native Regiments.
566	509	1,075	16,980			

as an allowance for Military orphans.

as an allowance for Military orphans.

extend over the year.

of destitute children, not orphans.

educating each pupil.

85. As all the educational institutions, Government and aided, are capable of receiving more pupils without materially adding to their present expenditure, the estimates above made do not represent the maximum number for whom provision exists. It is therefore perhaps not too much to say that 1,600 or 1,700 European and Eurasian children could find means of instruction in existing schools. These considerations and independent inquiries have led me to the conclusion that additional schools for these classes are scarcely needed here.

86. The standard of instruction in the existing schools may be roughly gathered from the classification in the foregoing list. But except for the higher class this is in a measure arbitrary, and perhaps apt to mislead from the tendency to connect the terms *middle* and *lower* class with social as well as educational gradations. To take for instance the case of Saint John's Schools, the first in the list of middle class schools. These consist of three separate branches, for boys, girls and infants, each occupying separate premises. The education imparted therefore ranges from somewhat below University Entrance standard to the merest rudiments. In social position again the pupils include not only children of comparatively well-to-do parents in humble life, but are drawn from even the ranks of destitution, for a large number are daily provided with a meal. The Roman Catholic schools in the same way receive the utterly destitute, especially orphans, boarding and clothing as well as educating them. It is likewise proposed to admit destitute children to the Protestant Cantonment Orphanage as day scholars. These explanations will serve to shew that the wants of even the lowest grade are somewhat more liberally provided for than would at first sight appear.

87. As Eurasian children are those for whom Government is in particular solicitous that due means of education should be available, I may remark that no difference is made between European and Eurasian children in any of the schools aided by this Government. Boys and girls of both classes are freely admitted either as boarders or day scholars on precisely the same terms and footing. This is equally the case in the Government and Mission schools for natives. Eurasian parents have therefore a choice of every description of school in the Province, from a Government day school in the District with a monthly fee of 4 annas, or certain of the aided schools in Bangalore where

education is free in deserving cases, to the most expensive institutions at the head of the list.

88. As regards the quality of the instruction there is undoubtedly a tendency in many of the schools to put as great a distance between Europeans and natives as possible. Hence the cultivation of Latin by boys and of French by girls to the almost entire exclusion of the vernaculars and to much neglect of even English. The observation in the Resolution of Government that the European and Eurasian pupils rarely learn to read, write, or speak the vernaculars of their own Province grammatically, accords with my own experience. Those who from circumstances have been brought up entirely among natives acquire, it is to be feared, a volubility in slang, or worse, rather than a command or use of the language such as a native gentleman has. The neglect of the vernaculars is one of the most patent defects in the education of the schools for European and Eurasian children.

89. Another is the want of attention to practical and industrial training. The design of the highest schools may be very well expressed in Dr. Pope's words as regards Bishop Cottou's, namely "to give such a training as will enable boys to pass the Madras University tests at the cheapest rate." Whatever may be thought of the scope of an education of which this is the highest aim, approximation to it as near as possible is the end in view even in the middle class schools. There is a plain want of adaptation in the system to the requirements alike of the public service and of the private life which the class of children now under consideration will in nine cases out of ten be called to enter upon. It may well be doubted whether most of the boys turned out from these schools have any knowledge of the composition and use of building materials, of the parts or operations of machinery, of the methods of levelling, surveying or estimating, of the arts of carpentry or joinery, of architectural drawing and designing, of the elements of botany, natural history or chemistry; and whether the girls could cut out and make up the clothes of a household, or cook its meals, or cast up the daily accounts and make mental calculations with ease. A variety of subjects of great practical importance might be indicated which all the pupils of the schools now in question will probably, if not certainly, have more or less to deal with, or by which they could make a respectable living, but for

E

which they receive no preparation. The Friend-in-need Society is now forced to establish a workshop, the necessity for which, and even for such a society at all, would perhaps be in some measure done away with were Eurasian boys as a rule trained in industrial callings and thrifty habits.

A. AIDED SCHOOLS OF THE HIGHER CLASS.

90. *English*.—These schools were inspected in November. *Bishop*

Bishop Cotton's School.
Saint Andrew's School.

Cotton's contained 125 pupils, 123 present, of whom 31 were boarders. Dr. Pope taught the College and Matriculation forms, (the elder girls from the girls' school being associated with the boys,) and five assistant masters, two of them graduates of Madras, had charge of the remaining forms. The general results of the inspection were satisfactory, but the lower Matriculation form was not as well prepared as some of the others. A good deal of time is devoted in this school to Latin, in the pronunciation of which the continental system, now advocated in England, is adopted. It did not, however, appear to me consistently pursued. At *Saint Andrew's* there were 72 pupils, with actual attendance of 65. The number of boarders was 20. Mr. Thomson was at the head, with four assistants, one of them a Madras graduate. The English studies in all classes appeared wanting in critical accuracy. In most other respects the examination yielded fair results.

91. The entire absence of practical instruction in both these institutions, and the exclusive attention paid to a classical course of study, are matters in which reform is called for. "One large boys' school where Bishop Cotton's now stands, and a girls' in Saint Andrew's Church compound," which Mr. Lawrence hints as a mode of amalgamating the two that would utilize both buildings, is, and perhaps will never cease to be, impracticable. But his recommendation that both should be placed more *en rapport* with the Educational Department is one that would certainly lead to their working in more completely into the general system of public instruction.

92. *Anglo-Vernacular*.—The number of pupils in the *Native Edu-*

Native Educational Institution.
London Mission Institution.
Wesleyan School, Mysore.

cational Institution at the time of inspection was 298, 262 being present. Except 2 Muham-

madans and 5 Christians, all are Hindus. During the year a special Tamil Department had been formed, containing 41 of the pupils, divided into three classes. The Rev. Mr. Hudson, B. A. is assisted by one European and 9 native masters. The classes on the whole exhibited a fair amount of progress, but the second was reported of unfavorably in most subjects and seemed to contain a good many drones. The youngest boys in the school did well. The *London Mission Institution*, under the Rev. Mr. Walton and 8 assistants, contained 172 pupils, of whom 145 were present. The progress made in the study of English was considered to fall below what might have been expected. In the mathematical and other subjects the results were more favorable. I regret that Mr. Walton has taken exception to the inspection report, stating that "though the school is in a much more efficient state than it has been in any year previous, yet the report is far more unfavorable than it has ever been before." The *Wesleyan School, Mysore*, has been in charge of the Rev. Mr. Riddett, assisted by 8 masters. The roll shewed 180 pupils, with an average daily attendance of 154. The Inspector represents it as being in a satisfactory condition and doing good work.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—			Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Other Sources.	Total.	Average Total.	Cost to Government.
5	813	11,935	21,451	33,386	41—1—0	14—10—10
Fees.		Pupils.				
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muham-madans.	Others.	Total.	
9,708	11—15—0	595	8	248	851	

B. AIDED SCHOOLS OF THE MIDDLE CLASS.

93. *English*.—Placed at two opposite ends of Bangalore, these schools are providing suitable instruction for numbers of poor children living in the immediate neighbourhood of each, who would otherwise grow up in ignorance with all its attendant evils. While the *Saint John's Schools* fully maintain their long standing reputation, the *Ordnance School* has made very marked progress under recent new arrangements, and is now placed on a sound and useful footing. More attention to the map in the former, and the introduction of a better style of reading books in the latter are recommended.

Saint John's Schools.
Ordnance School.

94. *Anglo-Vernacular*.—The Roman Catholic Seminaries are all well reported of, especially *Saint Joseph's*, under the charge of the Rev. Mr. Clemot, M. A. This school now trains students for Matriculation. There were 126 pupils at the time of inspection, 53 of whom were boarders. Among these are included 8 military orphans receiving an allowance from the Madras Government, and 14 others, fed, clothed and instructed gratuitously. Of the *London Mission Schools* the branch at Alsur is deserving of commendation. The Cantonment School had not made such decided progress as the other.

Saint Joseph's Seminary.
Saint Mary's " "
Saint Patrick's " "
Cantonment School.
Alsur " "

95. The notice of the Middle Class aided schools may be fitly closed with the following well deserved encomium of Mr. Lawrence upon those for European and Eurasian children. "Of the Roman Catholic institutions and the Saint John's District Schools" he writes, "I desire to speak with the greatest praise. All the arrangements in the latter are admirable. They are economically conducted and they are in the midst of a large sphere of usefulness. I was much pleased with all I saw at Saint John's District Schools." I would add that they are greatly indebted to the genial control of the Rev. Gilbert Cooper.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—		Total.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Other Sources.		Average Total.	Cost to Government.
8	521	5,040	11,303	16,343	31-5-11	9-10-9
Fees.			Pupils.			
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muhamadana.	Others.	Total.	
2,488	4-12-5	289	20	291	600	

C. AIDED SCHOOLS OF THE LOWER CLASS.

96. *English*.—The *Orphanage* is now provided with a handsome and commodious range of buildings, with accommodation for more than 100. It is proposed to extend its operations by receiving as day scholars destitute children who are not orphans. To this end an increased grant has been applied for. At the time of inspection there were 22 boys and 29 girls. They passed a satisfactory examination. Eight boys and one girl obtained employment during the year, the latter as a servant maid and the former as compositors in local printing offices. Four of the boys and the girl are no longer connected with the school, but the four other lads still board and lodge at the Orphanage, their earnings amounting to Rs. 8 a month going into the general fund. All the household work on the premises is done by the children. The *Ragged School* is a day school, intended principally for children of drummers in Native Regiments. It contains 26 boys and 22 girls. They are reported as not reading well. The writing was better.

97. *Anglo-Vernacular*.—Under this head there are four schools, two in Bangalore, one in Mysore, and one in Tûmkûr. In the Catholic Schools may be found a few very poor Eurasian children. The

Contonment Orphanage.
Saint Mark's Ragged School.

Bhadrappalli Catholic Schools.
Catholic Schools, Mysore.
Saint Paul's Schools, Bangalore.
Western Orphanage, Tûmkûr.

Blackpalli and *Tímkúr* Schools are well reported of. The others, especially *Saint Paul's*, were not satisfactory.

98. *Kanarese*.—There are 15 Kanarese schools aided by Government, of which 12 belong to the Wesleyan Mission, mostly situated in *Tímkúr* and the neighbouring villages. But the greatest number of pupils are in those in the Market Street at Mysore, and in the Main Street, Bangalore Petta. The majority of the schools have obtained favorable reports from the inspecting officers. But those at Guler and Kyatsandra seem to stand in need of better supervision, and the Mandya Street School, Mysore, was not found in a satisfactory condition.

99. *Tamil and Telugu*.—Of the four Tamil and Telugu schools, the Chatur-Veda-Siddhanta-Sabha Seminaries occupy the most prominent position. They contained at the inspection 238 pupils on the roll, of whom 172 were present. The Tamil branch is described as being in an effective condition. The Telugu classes did well, but the attendance in this branch had been low and irregular throughout the year.

100. *Sanskrit*.—Ten Sanskrit schools partake of Government grants-in-aid. The Chikballapur School is a pleasing and advanced institution which has gained a widespread reputation and attracts students from many distant parts. The Muttur School merits commendation. I regret that the large and old established Melkota School has been managed with so much laxity as to imperil its existence. The grant was suspended for a time to allow of satisfactory arrangements being made. A grant for a Sanskrit school was given to the Jain sect at Shravanbelgola.

101. *Hindustani and Persian*.—The Hindustani and Persian schools receiving aid from Government number 26. They are hardly to be judged by the standard of Government Schools, but a decided improvement is perceptible in many of the institutions as regards the system of instruction and the character of the text books used. The large Bangalore Madrasas strive to keep abreast of the wants of the day, and in most of the schools situated in large towns the managers are sufficiently enlightened to desire improvement in the style of teaching pursued under their supervision, and are not averse to acting upon advice given them with this view. The Madrasa in the Cantonment under Abdul Khudus is very carefully looked after. The Muhammadia and Sultania Mad-

rasas also continue to do well. The instruction in the latter is of a high standard in Arabic and Persian. The Channapatna and Shrinivaspar Schools are favorably mentioned.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—			Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Other Sources.	Total.	Average Total.	Cost to Government.
61	3,168	13,507	17,020	30,527	9—10—2	4—4—3
Fees.			Pupils.			
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muham- madans.	Others.	Total.	
1,869	0—9—5	2,034	1,227	208	3,469	

D. AIDED FEMALE SCHOOLS.

102. *Higher Class.*—The course of study adopted in *Bishop Cotton's School* for the advanced girls, who have been formed into a college class along with the boys, was referred to in last year's report. Dr. Pope

Bishop Cotton's School.
Wesleyan School.
Convent of the Good Shepherd.

alludes to the subject in a recent annual statement, in the following words:—"We are doing nothing more than striving to give to those elder girls who desire it the kind of education that would enable them to pass the middle class examinations which have done so much good in England. We teach a little Latin and this will make English Etymology easier; a little algebra and this renders arithmetical processes intelligible; a little geometry and this accustoms them to accurate reasoning." These studies appear therefore to have been so far abandoned as that they are optional, and only taught to girls who desire it. The arguments for their continuance are manifestly weak. The reports on the *Wesleyan School* and the *Convent* are generally favorable, especially in the case of the latter.

103. *Middle Class.*—The *Saint John's Schools* for girls and infants are entitled to share in the praise already accorded to the institution generally. Pains have been taken to secure qualified mistresses and improve the instruction given to the girls. The midday meal provided for the poorest children is a boon rightly appreciated. *Miss Ferguson's*, a Mixed School in Shule, appears to be doing well, though somewhat reduced in numbers. Among the other schools the *London Mission Boarding School* is entitled to commendation.

104. *Lower Class.*—Under this head come 14 Kanarese Schools, 4 Tamil, and 2 Hindustani. The majority of the Kanarese Schools and one Tamil are connected with either the London or Wesleyan Missions, and thus enjoy the advantage of supervision by European ladies. The reports are uniformly favorable upon these institutions, and there is no doubt that an important influence is being indirectly exercised upon native society by means of the instruction imparted and the general associations of the schools. Of the purely native schools, namely, one Kanarese School at Chitaldroog and one at Seringapatam; one Tamil and two Hindustani Schools in Bangalore; the only one that can be spoken of in unqualified terms of praise is the Tamil institution. This has been in operation 20 years, and reflects much credit on the management. Very much remains to be done in improving the Hindustani girls' schools before they can be considered as fulfilling their proper functions. The Nazim of the Cantonment School has other calls upon his time which prevent due attention to its interests, and the Nazim of the Petta School complains that funds will not allow of his keeping up a proper staff of teachers. Instruction in needlework and embroidery has been given up in both schools, and the first removed to a situation less suitable than the one formerly occupied.

Statistical Information.

Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost charged to—		Total.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
		Provincial Funds.	Other Sources.		Average Total	Cost to Government.
29	2,033	12,060	18,032	30,092	14—12—9	5—14—11

Fees.		Pupils.			
Total Amount realized.	Average per Pupil.	Hindus.	Muhamadans.	Others.	Total.
7,042	3—7—5	1,482	133	536	2,151

E. PRIVATE UNAIDED SCHOOLS.

105. The returns received from the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and from Missionary Societies shew a grand total of 1,536 private unaided schools, with an average daily attendance of 18,914 pupils. The number of Hindu schools is returned as 1,439, and of Muhammadan as 47. The income obtained from fees was Rs. 50,995, and from other sources Rs. 3,349.

106. The distribution of indigenous schools throughout the Province is exhibited in the accompanying table.

District.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bengalore ...	237	4,103
Bolar ...	169	2,078
Bimkár ...	305	3,411
Mysore ...	208	1,654
Hassan ...	152	1,509
Shimoga ...	103	1,402
Kadur ...	137	1,450
Chitaldroog ...	204	2,828

As many of these as fall in the way of the Sub-Deputy Inspectors are visited and the number of pupils noted. The character and system of instruction have been fully described in previous reports. It is worthy of remark that the school books issued by Government are often found in use in these schools, especially in those situated in the large towns.

107. Comparing the statistics in para. 105 with those for last year, we find that the average of 12 pupils to a school still obtains. This is only about half the average of pupils to each hobli school. The Hindu schools have apparently increased in number by 52, while the Muhammadan schools have diminished by 14. The income of each school was Rs. 33—6—5 a year, which gives 3 annas 8 pie per mensem for each pupil.

VII. SCHOLARSHIPS.

108. Full details were given under this head in the last report. The only alteration calling for remark is, that a proportion of the allow-

ances in the High School and Raja's School have been allotted to the District and Taluk Anglo-Vernacular schools for matriculated students who undertake to carry on their studies in the two first named institutions for the higher University Examinations. The sum of Rs. 25 has been thus appropriated in each case, the remainder of the amount allowed being left at disposal of the Principals for distribution to local applicants according to merit.

VIII. BOOK DEPARTMENT.

A. BOOK DEPÔTS.

109. The stock of books in the Central and Branch Depôts on the 31st of March 1874 was of the value of Rs. 47,440. There were added to the Central Depôt during the year 23,224 books at a cost of Rs. 13,344. The number of books supplied to Branch Depôts for sale was 21,359 valued at Rs. 7,348.

Stock.

110. The amount realized by sales of books and paid into Government treasuries was Rs. 18,043, or about the same as last year.

Sales.

111. The issue of books was found to be made on too lax a system, especially in the case of Hobli schools, and proper means and checks had not been devised for insuring that all articles delivered were duly accounted for. A minute scrutiny into these matters revealed such culpable carelessness on the part of the Curator that it became necessary to remove him from the charge of the Depôt. Mr. Steele, Head Master of the Kolar School, was appointed to the office, on condition of paying a certain amount as security, which, it is now rightly decided, shall be demanded from any individual holding this responsible position. At the same time the system of accounts was thoroughly revised, and the whole placed on a safer and more satisfactory footing.

Curator.

B. SCHOOL BOOKS.

112. In pursuance of a Resolution of the Government of India, a Committee on School Books, Committee composed of the gentlemen noted in the margin was appointed to report on the books in use in the schools of Mysore and Coorg, and to submit suggestions regarding them. To aid in the examination of Hindustani, Persian, Arabic, Sanskrit and Telugu books, Messrs. Muhammad Ali, Khazi Shah Abdul Khudus Khadri, Narasimmaiya and Srinivasachari were afterwards associated with the originally appointed members.

Committee on School Books.

L. Kise, Esq., President.

Captain J. S. F. Mackenzie,

Secretary.

Revd. G. U. Pope, D. D.

C. Rangachari, Esq.

T. R. A. Tambu Chetti, Esq.

Report.

113. The Report submitted by this Committee has been reviewed by the Chief Commissioner and forwarded to the Government of India, whose orders thereon are now awaited. As might be expected an almost endless diversity of character and style was discovered in the books used in various institutions, comprising works in nine different languages. Some, especially a few Hindustani books, it was necessary to denounce as works altogether unfit for public reading. As regards the majority of the books in general school use, whether English or vernacular, they were found to be in many important respects ill-adapted for the purpose to which they were applied. The English books were too often compilations intended for the use of English boys in England, and were not modified and assimilated to meet the wants of youth in India.

Recommendations.

114. The recommendations of the Committee embraced proposals for the compilation of an Imperial Series of works on certain subjects and in certain languages for general use throughout India. For such branches of study as could not be provided for on such an extended scale, the preparation of a Local Series was proposed, which for the sake of economy it was suggested might be undertaken in communication with other Governments having an interest in the vernaculars of this Province.

Principles laid down.

115. The main principles insisted on with reference to the general course of instruction, having in view that the education of natives of India was the chief

point to be considered, were, that the pupils' vernacular should be more largely made use of than is now the case in imparting instruction in English; that India and not Europe should occupy the prominent place in the illustrations and examples employed in mathematical, historical and geographical treatises; that practical and scientific instruction should be provided for; and that morality should form a subject of direct instruction. It was also recommended that similar School Book Committees should be appointed from time to time under each Administration for the purpose of revising the courses of study and advising in educational matters, both as regards the books in use and the principles of instruction pursued. The creation of a pure vernacular literature and kindred subjects were also touched upon.

116. Pending the receipt of the further orders of Government, only such school books were printed as were needed for immediate use or had been approved by the Committee. The following is a list of those published at the Government Educational Press during the year :—

<i>English.</i>	Select Poetry	..	..	1,000
	First Book	..	..	10,000
<i>Kanarese.</i>	First Book	..	..	20,000
	Padya Sara	..	..	10,000
	Manual of Cattle Diseases	..	..	2,000
	Amara Kosha	..	..	5,000
	Pampa Ramayana	..	..	500
	Bhuvivarane	..	..	5,000

117. In addition to the supplies of school books, maps, &c, received from England by indent through the Secretary of State, the following local publications were purchased for the Department :—

<i>Telugu.</i>	First Book ..	..	..	200
	Nala Charitra	..	..	50
	Colenso's Arithmetic	..	..	50
<i>Kanarese.</i>	History of India	..	..	100
	Jaimini Bharata	..	..	90
	Katha Sangraha	..	..	1,350
	Padya Sara Prakasika	..	..	50
	Map of India	..	..	100
<i>Hindustani.</i>	Barnard Smith's Arithmetic	..	..	20

IX. LITERATURE.

118. The annual Review of Literature for 1874 was duly submitted.

Among the works registered in this Province
Annual Review. may be noticed a small Agricultural Class book,
 compiled for use in village schools, by Colonel

E. Boddam, published in diglot ; and an edition of the celebrated Sanskrit Thesaurus, the Amara Kosha, with meanings in English and Kanarese. A Kanarese version of the Manual of the More Deadly Forms of Cattle Disease, by Veterinary Surgeon Hallett, appears under the head of Medicine. The remaining publications were principally re-issues of old works, and fall under the heads Fiction, Poetry and Religion. Of law books, a Police Manual for use in the Mysore Province was published in Kanarese, as also Acts XIII and XVIII of 1855 and X of 1872.

119. Continuing my inquiries on the little known subject of Kanarese literature, I succeeded in obtaining
Manuscripts of ancient works. during the year the following additional manuscripts of old works in that language.

Lilāvati—A poetical romance.

Kāvyaśālikā—A valuable work on rhetoric, by Nāga Varma, the oldest known Kanarese grammarian.

Rājāvalī Katha—Historical annals of the Jain sect from the earliest times.

Rāma Kathāvatāra—The history of Rama as handed down by Jain tradition, with much collateral information of value.

Bhadra Bāhu Charita—The history of Bhadra Bāhu, a distinguished Jain leader, the founder of the Shravanbelgola settlement.

Giriavva Gita—The songs of Giriavva, a local poetess of the shepherd caste.

Nambayana Ragale—A Lingayat work containing 36 rhapsodies by Hampe Haripam.

X. THE PRESS.

120. The only notice required under this head additional to the remarks contained in last year's report is the issue, or revival, of two newspapers in Kanarese, the *Vrittānta Bodhini* and the *Karnāṭaka Prakā-*

śikā, the former under European and the latter under native management. Both these papers, it is understood, formerly enjoyed the patronage of the late Maharaja, but since his demise they have not been published until the present year. Each contains a leading article and some correspondence in English. The *Vrittānta Bodhini* receives a certain amount of aid from Government, and the copies subscribed for are circulated in the Revenue and other Departments.

XI. SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

121. Two school houses, of the second class standard design, were under construction during the year by the Public Works Department, one at Hole Honnur in Shimoga District, and the other at Tarikere in Kadur District. "The former was roofed in satisfactorily, and the building would have been finished had it not been for delays arising from the foundations being sunk in treacherous soil. The Tarikere building progressed slowly, owing to the contractor giving trouble." I regret that a proper understanding was not come to with the Educational Department regarding the site on which this school is being erected, as the situation of school buildings with reference to the towns has much to do with securing a good attendance of pupils.

122. The extreme inconvenience to which many schools are subjected for want of premises was mentioned in last year's report. It is a matter for regret that only the building at Húnśur was sanctioned for erection during the ensuing year out of eight proposed.

123. Repairs were executed to twenty school houses, at a cost of Rs. 4,007. In the case of the Raja's School at Mysore the work was carried out by the Public Works Department. The remainder was done by the Educational Department. The principal expenditure was on the Chikballapur School, Bangalore Girls' School, and the Kadur and Hassan Schools, which have been put into thoroughly good order. An amount of Rs. 72 was expended in enclosing the school grounds at Yelahanka and Hoskote.

124. As stated in a previous part of the Report, building grants were made to the Wesleyan Mission of Rs. 1,000 towards the erection of the Market Boys' School at Mysore, and of Rs. 350 towards that of the Petta Boys' School, Tunkur.

Building Grants.

XII. CONCLUSION.

125. Having made a tour through the Nagar Division in the cold weather, I was glad to see evident signs of greater interest being awakened in the cause of education throughout that part of the country. As the means of communication, now daily improving, become more perfect, it may reasonably be expected that the Malnad Districts will be behind no others in taking advantage of the opportunities of instruction held out to them by the Government schools.

126. I would conclude this report with an expression of thanks on behalf of the Department for the continual interest shewn in educational operations by Sir Richard Meade, the Chief Commissioner; and for the encouragement received from Mr. Gordon, Judicial Commissioner, while officiating.

127. The Officers of the Administration generally have been ready in aiding the schools situated within their respective jurisdictions, among whom I may particularly mention Colonel Bruce, and Captains Shaw and Ludlow.

128. All the Educational Officers have willingly co-operated in carrying out departmental instructions. Their respective services have been already brought to notice in the body of the report.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

L. RICE,

Director of Public Instruction,

Mysore & Coorg.

APPENDIX I.

TABULAR STATEMENTS.

1. Government Schools. Higher and Middle Class.
2. Do Lower Class, Taluk Schools.
3. Do do Hobli Schools.
4. Do Girls' Schools.
- Do Special Schools.
5. Grant-in-aid Schools. Higher and Middle Class.
6. Do Lower Class.
7. Do Girls' Schools.
8. Abstract of Expenditure in Educational Department.
9. Statement of Expenditure on Educational Buildings.

INSTITUTIONS

GOVERN

Annual Return for the

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	When established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils on the Rolls
				Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others	Total.	
SUPERIOR ANGLO-VERNACULAR.								
<i>Higher Class.</i>								
1	High School	... Bangalore	... 1858	533	21	12	566	566
2	Raja's School	... Mysore	... 1833	259	5	8	272	272
3	District School	... Hassan	... 1852	159	8	13	180	180
4	Do	... Tumkur	... 1852	93	5	4	102	102
5	Do	... Shimoga	... 1854	192	10	25	227	227
6	Do	... Chitaldroog	... 1861	135	3	6	144	144
7	Do	... Kolar	... 1863	91	...	6	97	97
		Total.....		1,462	52	74	1,588	1,588
INFERIOR ANGLO-VERNACULAR.								
<i>Middle Class.</i>								
1	Taluk School	... Channapatna	... 1862	28	3	...	31	31
2	Do	... Chikballapur	... 1864	62	...	1	63	63
3	Do	... Chikmagalur	... 1862	46	...	2	48	48
4	Do	... Gundlupet	... 1869	29	...	...	29	29
5	Do	... Hunsur	... 1861	34	2	3	39	39
6	Do	... Narsipur	... 1863	40	...	...	40	40
		Total.....		239	5	6	250	250

GENERAL EDUCATION.

SOLS.

31st March 1874.

10 B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Pupils on the study in each age at the end of the year.				Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.					
Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil			From Government.	Proceeds of Endowments.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscriptions, Donations, &c.	Fees, Fines, &c.	
11	18	18	19	4 As. to 3 Rs.	15,463	8 2	...	...	4,740	12...
12	8 As. to 14 Rs.	9,427	13 9	...	...	1,967	12...
13	3 As. to 5 As.	6,035	9 2	...	...	402	12...
14	4 As. to 1 Re.	3,028	0 0	...	...	528	14...
15	4 As. to 12 As.	3,882	0 0	...	...	628	15...
16	4 As. to 1 Re.	4,365	12 0	...	...	540	6...
17	4 Annas.	3,499	5 9	...	...	249	8 ..
18	18	18	13		45,702	0 10	...	...	9,054	15...
19	4 Annas.	1,196	0 0	...	...	62	0...
20	4 As. to 8 As.	3,045	0 0	...	...	128	0...
21	4 Annas.	1,368	0 0	...	...	159	8...
22	4 Do	576	0 0	...	...	75	15...
23	4 Do	1,407	8 0	...	...	107	4...
24	4 Do	904	1 8	...	...	63	12...
25	8,496	9 6	...	...	596	7...

		17	18		
No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year (1874-75)		
			Sale of Books.	Other Sources.	Total.
SUPERIOR ANGLO-VERNACULAR.					
<i>Higher Class.</i>					
1	High School	... Bangalore	...	...	21
2	Raja's School	... Mysore	...	...	11
3	District School	... Hassan	...	...	3
4	Do	... Tumkur	...	...	3
5	Do	... Shimoga	...	...	4
6	Do	... Chitaldroog	...	...	3
7	Do	... Kolar	...	...	3
			Total.....	...	54
INFERIOR ANGLO-VERNACULAR.					
<i>Middle Class.</i>					
1	Taluk School	... Channarayana	...	...	1
2	Do	... Chikballapur	...	...	1
3	Do	... Chikmagalur	...	...	1
4	Do	... Gundlupet	...	...	1
5	Do	... Hunsur	...	...	1
6	Do	... Narasipur	...	...	1
			Total.....	...	6

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

(continued.)

20		21		22		23		24		25		26		27	
Charges during the year.						Difference.				Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				REMARKS.	
Current.		Extraordinary.		Total.		Excess of Receipts Over charges.		Excess of Charges over Receipts.		Total Cost.		Cost to Govern-ment.			
15	2	1,662	9	0	15,463	8	2	4,740	12	0	28		15	4
10	7	1,277	3	2	9,427	13	9	1,987	12	0	...	...	42	7	5
9	2	503	0	0	6,035	9	2	402	12	0	...	...	41	5	5
0	0	100	0	0	3,028	0	0	528	14	0	...	...	29	10	11
0	0	...	...	...	3,882	0	0	626	15	0	...	...	19	2	0
0	0	210	12	0	4,335	12	0	540	6	0	...	...	31	2	11
5	9	...	...	0	3,499	5	9	249	8	0	...	...	39	12	3
8	8	3,755	8	2	45,702	0	10	9,054	15	0	...	...	...	...	...
0	0	140	0	0	1,196	0	0	62	0	0	...	...	52	0	0
0	0	849	0	0	3,045	0	0	193	0	0	...	...	56	6	2
0	0	...	...	...	1,368	0	0	159	8	0	...	...	29	1	8
0	0	...	...	...	578	0	0	75	15	0	...	...	19	13	9
0	0	...	...	...	1,407	8	0	107	4	0	...	...	40	3	5
8	8	21	6	10	904	1	6	63	12	0	...	...	25	13	3
2	8	1,010	6	10	8,496	9	6	596	7	0	...	...	...	...	...

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

INSTITUTIONS FOR

GOVERNMENT

Annual Return for the year

No. District.	1	2	3	4				7	8
				When established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.					Average Number of Pupils on the rolls monthly.
	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.		Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.	Average Number of Pupils on the rolls monthly.	Average Number of Pupils on the rolls monthly.
	LOWER CLASS, Kanarese.			NUNDYDROOG					
1	Taluk School ...	Channapatna ...	1865	57	2	...	59	53	
2	Do ...	Closetpet ...	1869	41	1	3	45	40	
3	Do ...	Devanhalli ...	1864	40	...	...	40	33	
4	Do ...	Dodballapur ...	1866	140	...	...	140	100	
5	Do ...	Hoskote ...	1866	30	2	...	32	32	
6	Do ...	Kankanhalli ...	1871	72	...	...	72	72	
7	Do ...	Kengeri ...	1870	18	2	...	20	20	
8	Do ...	Magadi ...	1863	65	...	...	65	58	
9	Do ...	Nelamangala ...	1869	76	10	...	86	75	
10	Do ...	Sajapur ...	1887	43	10	...	53	50	
11	Do ...	Yelahanka ...	1887	65	7	...	72	60	
		Total.....		647	34	3	684	593	
1	Taluk School ...	Bagepalli ...	1869	26	...	...	26	25	
2	Do ...	Bowringpet ...	1870	23	...	...	23	21	
3	Do ...	Chikballapur ...	1864	53	1	...	54	49	
4	Do ...	Chintamani ...	1863	18	1	...	19	19	
5	Do ...	Goribidnur ...	1887	51	6	...	57	57	
6	Do ...	Gudibanda ...	1869	30	3	...	33	32	
7	Do ...	Kolar ...	1863	37	4	1	42	38	
8	Do ...	Mulbagal ...	1864	36	3	...	39	37	
9	Do ...	Narsapur ...	1887	28	4	...	30	24	
10	Do ...	Sidlagatta ...	1865	107	3	...	110	65	
11	Do ...	Shrinivasapur ...	1865	20	2	...	22	20	
		Total.....		427	27	1	455	387	
1	Taluk School ...	Chiknayakanhalli ...	1863	87	...	...	87	86	
2	Do ...	Honnavalli ...	1871	20	2	...	22	20	
3	Do ...	Huliyurdurga ...	1869	18	...	...	18	17	
4	Do ...	Koratagere ...	1887	83	9	...	92	78	
5	Do ...	Kunigal ...	1870	51	2	...	53	40	
6	Do ...	Maddagiri ...	1865	28	6	2	30	32	
7	Do ...	Sira ...	1866	47	3	...	50	36	
8	Do ...	Tumkur ...	1852	104	12	...	116	104	
9	Do ...	Turuvekere ...	1867	35	...	...	35	28	
		Total.....		423	34	2	459	369	
		Grand Total.....		1,497	95	6	1,598	1,389	1,111

GENERAL EDUCATION.

RUPEES.

ending 31st March 1874.

A	10 B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15	
Number of Pupils on the rolls studying in each language at the end of the year.					Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.				
Kanarese.	Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.			From Government.	Proceeds of Endowment.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscriptions, Donations, &c.	
DIVISION.										
59	1 Anna.	300	...	...	...	...	...
45	do	420	8	...	...	...	...
40	do	258	8	...	...	...	...
140	do	866	4	...	...	...	...
32	do	432	...	...	...	...	...
72	do	348	...	...	...	...	...
20	do	279	14	10	...	...	...
65	do	605	6	...	...	...	...
86	do	468	...	...	...	...	...
53	do	432	...	...	...	...	...
72	do	398	4	...	...	...	...
684		4,806	12	10	...	...	...
26	1 Anna.	288	...	...	...	...	...
23	do	288	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	54	...	do	360	...	...	...	...	...
19	do	429	4	...	...	...	...
57	do	312	...	...	...	...	...
33	do	408	...	...	...	...	...
42	do	278	4	...	...	...	...
39	do	368	14	6	...	...	...
30	do	372	...	...	...	...	...
110	do	365	4	...	...	...	...
22	do	312	...	...	...	...	...
401	...	54	...		3,776	10	6	...	...	...
37	1 Anna.	360	...	...	...	...	...
22	do	269	...	6	...	...	...
18	do	252	...	...	...	...	...
92	do	597	...	...	...	...	...
53	do	282	...	...	...	...	...
36	do	432	...	...	...	...	...
50	do	408	...	...	...	...	...
116	do	564	...	...	...	...	...
25	do	260	12	...	...	...	...
459		3,424	12	6	...	...	...
1,544	...	54	...		12,008	3	10	...	...	...

No.	District.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year (Continued)						
				16	17	18	19	Total.		
				Fees, Fines, &c.	Sale of Books.	Other Sources.				
LOWER CLASS.				NUNDYDROO						
<i>Kanarese.</i>										
1	BANGALORE.	Taluk School	Channapatna	40	8	0	...	...	...	340
2		Do	Closetpet	34	6	0	...	...	...	454
3		Do	Devanhalli	10	14	0	...	...	...	269
4		Do	Dodballapur	87	14	0	...	...	...	954
5		Do	Hoskote	23	9	0	...	...	...	455
6		Do	Kankanhalli	36	13	0	...	...	...	384
7		Do	Kengeri	16	9	0	...	...	...	296
8		Do	Magadi	27	12	0	...	...	...	633
9		Do	Nelamangala	60	10	0	...	...	...	528
10		Do	Sarjapur	40	3	0	...	...	...	472
11		Do	Yelahanka	35	4	0	...	...	...	431
			Total.....	414	6	0	...	...	...	5,221
1	KOLAR.	Taluk School	Bagepalli	16	3	0	...	...	...	304
2		Do	Bowringpet	14	11	0	...	...	...	302
3		Do	Chikballapur	24	4	0	...	...	...	884
4		Do	Chintamani	10	5	0	...	...	...	440
5		Do	Goribidnur	36	0	0	...	...	...	348
6		Do	Gudibanda	15	1	0	...	...	...	423
7		Do	Kolar	28	11	0	...	...	...	306
8		Do	Mulbagal	21	10	0	...	...	...	385
9		Do	Narsapur	17	7	0	...	...	...	389
10		Do	Sidlagatta	24	13	0	...	...	...	380
11		Do	Shrinivasapur	15	0	0	...	...	...	327
			Total.....	224	11	0	...	...	...	4,001
1	TUMKUR.	Taluk School	Chiknayakanhalli	19	0	0	...	...	...	379
2		Do	Honnnavalli	14	10	0	...	...	...	283
3		Do	Huliyurdurga	2	3	0	...	...	...	254
4		Do	Koratagere	63	14	0	...	...	...	680
5		Do	Kunigal	17	5	0	...	...	...	299
6		Do	Maddagiri	27	3	0	...	...	...	459
7		Do	Sira	28	4	0	...	...	...	436
8		Do	Tumkūr	78	2	0	...	...	...	642
9		Do	Turuvekere	13	7	0	...	...	...	274
			Total.....	284	0	0	...	...	...	3,688
			Grand Total...A.	903	1	0	...	...	...	12,911

(Contd.)

21		22		23		24		25		26		27	
Charges during the year.				Difference.				Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				REMARKS	
Extraordinary.		Total.		Excess of Receipts over Charges.		Excess of Charges over Receipts.		Total Cost.		Cost to Government			
0 0	...	...	300	0 0	40	8 0	...	5	10	7	4	14	4
5 0	...	...	420	8 0	34	6 0	...	10	3	2	9	5	5
0 0	6	8 0	258	8 0	10	14 0	...	7	13	4	7	8	1
0 0	134	4 0	868	4 0	87	14 0	...	8	10	7	7	12	6
0 0	...	...	432	0 0	23	9 0	...	13	8	0	12	12	3
0 0	...	...	348	0 0	38	13 0	...	4	13	4	4	3	2
10 0	6	8 0	279	14 10	16	9 0	...	13	15	10	13	2	8
0 0	173	6 0	605	6 0	27	12 0	...	10	7	0	9	15	4
0 0	...	...	468	0 0	60	10 0	...	6	3	10	5	6	11
0 0	...	...	432	0 0	40	3 0	...	8	1	3	7	13	4
0 0	48	4 0	396	4 0	35	4 0	...	6	9	8	6	0	3
14 10	368	14 0	4,806	12 10	414	6 0	...						
0 0	...	...	288	0 0	16	3 0	...	11	8	4	10	13	11
0 0	...	...	288	0 0	14	11 0	...	13	11	5	13	0	4
0 0	...	...	360	0 0	24	4 0	...	7	5	7	6	13	7
0 0	21	4 0	429	4 0	10	15 0	...	22	9	6	22	0	4
0 0	...	...	312	0 0	38	0 0	...	5	7	7	4	13	6
0 0	...	...	408	0 0	15	1 0	...	12	12	0	12	4	6
0 0	2	4 0	278	4 0	28	11 0	...	7	5	2	6	9	1
14 6	...	...	363	14 6	21	10 0	...	9	13	4	9	4	0
0 0	...	...	372	0 0	17	7 0	...	14	8	0	14	12	4
0 0	...	...	365	4 0	24	13 0	...	5	9	11	5	3	9
0 0	...	...	312	0 0	15	0 0	...	15	9	7	14	13	7
2 6	23	8 0	3,776	10 6	224	11 0	...						
0 0	48	0 0	360	0 0	19	0 0	...	10	0	0	9	7	7
0 0	...	...	269	0 6	14	10 0	...	13	7	3	12	11	6
0 0	...	...	252	0 0	2	3 0	...	14	13	2	14	11	1
0 0	165	0 0	597	0 0	63	14 0	...	7	13	8	7	0	3
0 0	...	...	282	0 0	17	5 0	...	6	0	9	6	9	10
0 0	...	...	432	0 0	27	3 0	...	13	0	8	12	10	5
0 0	...	...	408	0 0	28	4 0	...	11	5	4	10	8	9
0 0	...	...	584	0 0	78	2 0	...	4	6	9	4	10	9
0 0	8	12 0	260	12 0	13	7 0	...	9	5	0	8	13	5
0 6	221	12 0	3,424	12 6	264	0 0	...						
1 10	614	2 0	12,008	3 10	903	1 0	...						

No.	District.	1	2	3	4				5	6	7	8
					Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.							
					When established.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.					Total.
		NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.									Average Number of Pupils.
		LOWER CLASS.										ASHT.
		<i>Kanarese.</i>										
1	MYSORE.	Taluk School. ...	Chamrajnagar ...	1870	59	1	...	60				
2		Do ...	Gundlupet ...	1870	32	...	...	32		
3		Do ...	Hinsar ...	1871	66	4	...	70				
4		Do ...	Maddur ...	1869	45	2	...	47				
5		Do ...	Malvalli ...	1870	65	5	...	70				
6		Do ...	Mandya ...	1869	40	2	...	42				
7		Do ...	Mysore ...	1855	167	2	...	169				
8		Do ...	Nanjangud ...	1868	42	2	...	44				
9		Do ...	Narsipur (Talkad) ...	1868	48	3	...	51				
10		Do ...	Sargur ...	1869	55	3	...	58				
11		Do ...	Seringapatam ...	1870	59	1	...	60				
12		Do ...	Yedatore ...	1868	60	...	...	60		
			Total.....		741	25	...	766				
1	HASSAN.	Taluk School. ...	Alur ...	1871	17	7	...	24				
2		Do ...	Arkalgud ...	1865	41	7	...	48				
3		Do ...	Attikuppa ...	1869	32	3	...	35				
4		Do ...	Belur ...	1864	70	4	...	74				
5		Do ...	Hamballi ...	1868	35	...	...	35		
6		Do ...	Hassan ...	1852	28	...	...	28		
7		Do ...	Nagamangala ...	1869	25	...	...	25		
8		Do ...	Narsipur (Hole) ...	1863	46	8	...	54				
9		Do ...	Noggihalli ...	1870	25	...	...	25		
10		Do ...	Saklespur ...	1863	18	...	...	18		
			Total.....		337	29	...	366				
			Grand Total.....		1,078	54	...	1,132				

mod.)

10 B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15
of Pupils on the Rolls in each language at the end of the year.				Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.			
Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.	From Govern- ment.		Proceeds of Endowments.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscription, Donation, &c.	
...	1 Anna	360	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	180	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	180	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	315	2 0	...	...	...
...	do	348	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	289	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	752	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	872	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	354	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	381	14 0	...	...	...
...	do	348	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	348	0 0	...	...	...
...		4,228	8 0	...	...	...
...	1 Anna	235	3 2	...	...	...
...	do	312	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	348	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	373	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	348	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	187	8 0	...	...	...
...	do	288	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	336	0 6	...	...	...
...	do	288	0 0	...	...	...
...	do	496	2 5	...	...	...
...		3,211	13 7	...	...	...
...		7,440	3 7	...	...	...

No. District.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year. (000)					
			Fees, Fines, &c.	Sale of Books.	Other Sources.			
	LOWER CLASS.							
	<i>Kanarese.</i>							ASHTAGE
1	Taluk School ...	Chamrajnagar ...	34	5	0	...	...
2	Do ...	Gundlupet ...	20	2	0	...	...
3	Do ...	Hónsúr ...	50	15	0	...	...
4	Do ...	Maddur ...	23	6	0	...	...
5	Do ...	Malvalli ...	50	3	0	...	...
6	Do ...	Mandya ...	26	13	0	...	...
7	Do ...	Mysore ...	109	8	0	...	...
8	Do ...	Nanjangúd ...	34	6	0	...	...
9	Do ...	Narsipur (Talkad) ...	31	3	0	...	...
10	Do ...	Surgur ...	45	2	0	...	...
11	Do ...	Seringapatam ...	39	12	0	...	...
12	Do ...	Yedatore ...	41	5	0	...	...
		Total.....	507	0	0	...	...
1	Taluk School ...	Alur ...	18	1	0	...	...
2	Do ...	Arkalgúd ...	24	9	0	...	...
3	Do ...	Attikuppa ...	17	9	0	...	...
4	Do ...	Belur ...	45	3	0	...	...
5	Do ...	Harnhalli ...	19	6	0	...	...
6	Do ...	Hassan ...	23	10	0	...	...
7	Do ...	Nagamangala ...	14	3	0	...	...
8	Do ...	Narsipur (Hole) ...	31	12	0	...	...
9	Do ...	Nuggihalli ...	18	4	0	...	...
10	Do ...	Saklespur ...	12	2	0	...	...
		Total.....	224	11	0	...	...
		Grand Total.....	731	11	0	...	...

(continued.)

		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Expenses during the year.			Difference.		Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.			REMARKS
Current.	Extraordinary.	Total.	Excess of Receipts over Charges.	Excess of Charges over Receipts.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.		
0 0 0	...	360 0 0	34 5 0	...	7 8 0	6 12 7		
0 0 0	...	180 0 0	20 2 0	...	6 0 0	5 5 3		
0 0 0	...	180 0 0	50 15 0	...	2 10 4	1 14 4		
0 0 0	63 2 0	315 2 0	23 6 0	...	6 13 7	6 5 6		
0 0 0	...	348 0 0	50 9 0	...	4 14 5	4 3 7		
0 0 0	1 6 0	289 6 0	28 13 0	...	7 6 9	6 11 9		
0 0 0	...	752 0 0	109 8 0	...	5 2 5	4 6 5		
0 0 0	...	372 0 0	34 6 0	...	8 4 3	7 8 1		
0 0 0	...	354 0 0	31 3 0	...	7 13 10	7 2 9		
0 0 0	33 14 0	381 14 0	45 2 0	...	6 13 1	6 0 3		
0 0 0	...	348 0 0	39 12 0	...	6 9 1	5 13 1		
0 0 0	...	348 0 0	41 5 0	...	6 15 4	6 2 2		
0 0	98 6 0	4,228 6 0	507 0 0	...				
3 2	...	235 3 2	18 1 0	...	11 12 2	10 13 8		
0 0 0	...	312 0 0	24 9 0	...	8 14 8	8 3 5		
0 0 0	...	348 0 0	17 9 0	...	10 8 9	10 0 3		
0 0 0	56 0 0	373 0 0	45 3 0	...	6 1 10	5 6 0		
0 0 0	...	348 0 0	19 6 0	...	11 9 7	10 15 3		
0 0 0	7 8 0	187 8 0	23 10 0	...	8 2 5	7 2 0		
0 0 0	...	288 0 0	14 3 0	...	13 1 5	12 7 2		
0 0 0	...	336 0 0	31 12 0	...	6 11 6	6 1 4		
0 0 0	...	288 0 0	18 4 0	...	12 0 0	11 3 10		
2 5	17 0 0	496 2 5	12 2 0	...	27 13 5	27 2 8		
5 7	80 8 0	3,211 13 7	224 11 0	...				
5 7	178 14 0	7,440 3 7	731 11 0	...				

1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
No.	District.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	When established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils on the Rolls monthly.						
					Hindus.	Muslims.	Others.	Total.							
LOWER CLASS.															
<i>Kanarees.</i>															
NAG															
1	SHIMOGA.	Taluk School ...	Anantapur ...	1871	41	1	...	42	42						
2		Do ...	Channagiri ...	1866	61	3	...	64	56						
3		Do ...	Hole Honnur ...	1867	87	3	...	90	87						
4		Do ...	Nagar ...	1870	43	1	...	44	44						
5		Do ...	Nyamati ...	1869	98	6	...	104	98						
6		Do ...	Sacar ...	1865	57	3	...	60	55						
7		Do ...	Shikarpur ...	1864	56	4	...	60	56						
8		Do ...	Shimoga ...	1854	72	5	8	85	89						
9		Do ...	Sorab ...	1870	59	8	1	68	68						
10		Do ...	Tirthahalli ...	1871	53	1	2	56	56						
Total.....					627	35	11	673	664						
1	KADUR.	Taluk School ...	Banavar ...	1866	34	...	...	34	28				
2		Do ...	Birur ...	1867	57	3	...	60	48						
3		Do ...	Chikmagalur ...	1865	24	...	2	26	26						
4		Do ...	Kadur ...	1865	58	...	2	60	56						
5		Do ...	Sakrepatna ...	1869	48	...	...	48	47				
6		Do ...	Shringeri ...	1870	36	1	...	37	34						
7		Do ...	Tarikere ...	1868	68	1	...	69	58						
8		Do ...	Yedahalli ...	1870	46	2	...	48	45						
Total.....					371	7	4	382	339						
1	CHITALDROOG.	Taluk School ...	Chalakere ...	1870	24	8	...	32	31						
2		Do ...	Chitaldroog ...	1865	75	5	...	80	63						
3		Do ...	Davanagere ...	1868	61	6	...	67	52						
4		Do ...	Harihar ...	1865	56	30	...	86	82						
5		Do ...	Hiriyur ...	1870	22	4	2	28	22						
6		Do ...	Hodurga ...	1866	64	10	12	86	85						
7		Do ...	Huliyar ...	1869	24	8	...	32	28						
8		Do ...	Jagalur ...	1870	19	1	...	20	20						
9		Do ...	Molkalmuru ...	1869	37	4	1	42	40						
10		Do ...	Pavagada ...	1866	46	4	...	50	46						
Total.....					428	80	15	523	472						
Grand Total.....					1426	122	30	1578	1407						

(Contd)

10 B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15	16
Number of Pupils on the ... studying in each language at the end of the year.				Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.				
Kannara.	Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.		From Government.	Proceeds of Endowments.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscription, Donation, &c.	Fees, Fines, &c.
ON.									
42	1 Anna.	288	0 0	...	...	32 12 0
64	do	468	0 0	...	...	40 13 0
90	do	420	0 0	...	...	62 2 0
44	do	318	0 0	...	...	23 6 0
104	do	372	0 0	...	...	87 11 0
60	do	492	0 0	...	...	39 14 0
60	do	408	0 0	...	...	32 3 0
85	do	310	2 0	...	...	43 13 0
68	do	348	0 0	...	...	38 7 9
56	do	348	0 0	...	...	38 1 0
673		3,772	2 0	...	...	419 2 9
34	do	408	0 0	...	...	22 1 0
60	do	468	0 0	...	...	25 12 0
28	do	231	12 0	...	...	12 9 0
60	do	772	0 0	...	...	29 8 0
48	do	372	0 0	...	...	35 13 0
37	do	312	0 0	...	...	25 0 0
69	do	348	0 0	...	...	39 5 8
48	do	394	8 9	...	...	32 0 0
382		3,306	4 9	...	...	222 0 8
32	do	252	0 0	...	...	23 0 0
90	do	276	0 0	...	...	40 10 0
67	do	432	0 0	...	...	37 12 0
86	do	312	0 0	...	...	64 4 0
28	do	288	0 0	...	...	10 9 0
86	do	432	0 0	...	...	65 7 0
82	do	288	0 0	...	...	17 9 0
90	do	288	0 0	...	...	14 11 0
42	do	384	0 0	...	...	26 13 0
50	do	337	0 0	...	...	24 10 0
523		3,289	0 0	...	...	324 15 0
78		10,367	6 9	...	...	966 2 5

				17	18	19
No.	District.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year. (Continued)		
				Sale of Books.	Other Sources.	Total.
				NAGAS		
1	SHIMOGA.	LOWER CLASS.				
2		Taluk Scho ^o l...	... Anantapur	...	...	329
3		Do ...	... Channagiri	...	...	505
4		Do ...	... Hole Honnur	...	...	462
5		Do ...	... Nagar	...	...	541
6		Do ...	... Nyamati	...	...	439
7		Do ...	... Sagar	...	...	321
8		Do ...	... Shikarpur	...	...	440
9		Do ...	... Shimoga	...	...	323
10		Do ...	... Sorab	...	...	386
		Do ...	... Tirthahalli	...	...	385
			Total.....	...	...	4,157
1	KADUR.	Taluk School...	... Banavar	...	...	430
2		Do ...	... Birur	...	...	417
3		Do ...	... Chikmagalur	...	...	344
4		Do ...	... Kadur	...	...	391
5		Do ...	... Sakrepatna	...	...	417
6		Do ...	... Shringeri	...	...	337
7		Do ...	... Tarikere	...	...	382
8		Do ...	... Yedehalli	...	...	420
			Total.....	...	...	3,220
1	CHITALDROOG.	Taluk School...	... Chalakere	...	...	375
2		Do ...	... Chitaldroog	...	...	374
3		Do ...	... Davangere	...	...	402
4		Do ...	... Harihar	...	...	374
5		Do ...	... Hiriyur	...	...	391
6		Do ...	... Hosdurga	...	...	467
7		Do ...	... Huliyar	...	...	352
8		Do ...	... Jagalur	...	...	352
9		Do ...	... Molakalmuru	...	...	419
10		Do ...	... Pavagada	...	...	353
			Total.....	...	...	3,643
			Grand Total.....	...	...	11,300

ued)

21		22		23		24		25		26		27			
Charges during the year.				Difference.				Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				REMARKS.			
Extraordinary.		Total.		Excess of Receipts over Charges.		Excess of Charges over Receipts.		Total Cost.		Cost to Government.					
0	...	...	288	0	0	32	12	0	...	7	3	2	6	6	1
0	...	...	468	0	0	40	13	0	...	9	5	9	8	8	8
0	...	...	420	0	0	62	2	0	...	4	15	1	4	3	4
0	...	...	318	0	0	23	6	0	...	7	15	2	7	5	10
0	...	...	372	0	0	67	11	0	...	4	10	5	3	12	10
0	...	...	492	0	0	39	14	0	...	9	4	6	8	8	6
0	...	...	408	0	0	32	3	0	...	7	3	10	6	15	4
0	...	...	310	2	0	43	11	0	...	3	12	0	3	3	3
0	...	...	348	0	0	38	7	9	...	5	1	2	4	8	10
0	...	...	348	0	0	38	1	0	...	6	3	5	5	8	6
0	...	...	3,772	2	0	419	0	9	...						
0	...	...	408	0	0	22	1	0	...	17	11	9	16	12	6
0	...	...	468	0	0	25	12	0	...	9	12	0	9	3	5
0	8	12	21	12	0	12	9	0	...	8	14	7	8	6	11
0	424	...	772	0	0	29	8	0	...	15	7	0	14	13	7
0	...	...	372	0	0	35	13	0	...	7	14	8	7	2	5
0	...	...	312	0	0	25	0	0	...	9	2	10	8	7	1
0	...	...	348	0	0	39	5	8	...	6	3	5	5	8	2
9	...	...	394	8	9	32	0	0	...	8	12	3	8	0	11
9	427	12	3,306	4	9	222	0	8	...						
0	...	...	252	0	0	23	0	0	...	8	2	1	7	6	2
0	...	...	276	0	0	40	10	0	...	4	3	11	3	9	11
0	...	...	432	0	0	37	12	0	...	8	4	11	7	9	3
0	...	...	312	0	0	64	4	0	...	3	12	2	2	15	9
0	...	...	288	0	0	10	9	0	...	13	1	5	12	9	9
0	...	...	432	0	0	65	7	0	...	5	1	4	4	5	0
0	...	...	288	0	0	17	3	0	...	10	4	7	9	10	9
0	...	...	288	0	0	14	11	0	...	14	6	2	13	10	8
0	...	...	384	0	0	28	13	0	...	9	9	7	8	14	10
0	25	0	337	0	0	24	10	0	...	7	5	3	6	12	8
0	25	0	3,289	0	0	324	15	0	...						
9	452	12	10,367	6	9	966	0	5	...						

No.	1	2	3	Number of Pupils on the Roll at the end of the year.				8
				4	5	6	7	
	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	When established.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Total.	Average Number of Pupils on the Roll during the year.
LOWER CLASS.								
Hindustani.								
NANDYDROOG DIVISION.								
1	Hindustani School	Chikballapur	1871	...	50	...	50	
2	Do	Chasepet	1872	...	54	...	54	
3	Do	Dodballapur	1868	4	49	...	53	
4	Do	Kolar	1865	1	60	...	61	
5	Do	Mudagal	1872	...	45	...	45	
6	Do	Sarjapur	1874	1	31	...	32	
7	Do	Silkagatta	1874	...	30	...	30	
8	Do	Sira	1872	...	55	...	55	
9	Do	Timkūr	1863	...	75	...	75	
ASTAGRAM DIVISION.								
10	Hindustani School	Belur	1873	...	36	...	36	
11	Do	Himnur	1874	...	40	...	40	
12	Do	Makūr	1872	...	24	...	24	
13	Do	Mahrañi	1874	...	11	...	11	
14	Do	Mysoor	1855	...	68	...	68	
NAGAR DIVISION.								
15	Hindustani School	Chikmagalur	1872	...	70	...	70	
16	Do	Chitaldroog	1868	...	26	...	26	
17	Do	Sainoga	1872	...	47	...	47	
Total.....				6	771	...	771	
Telugu.								
NANDYDROOG DIVISION.								
18	Telugu School	Chikballapur	1871	26	...	4	30	
19	Do	Chikmagalur	1869	21	...	...	21	
20	Do	Gubbinah	1873	22	8	...	30	
21	Do	Kolar	1872	41	2	...	43	
22	Do	Mudagal	1869	52	2	...	54	
23	Do	Sarjapur	1870	51	9	...	60	
Total.....				213	21	4	238	
Grand Total.....				219	792	4	1,015	

...ed.)

10B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15	
Number of Pupils on the Rolls in each language at the end of the year.				Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.				
Kanarese.	Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.		From Govern- ment.	Proceeds of Endowments.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscription, Donation, &c.	
...	50	...	...	1 Anna.	264	0 0	...	...	...
...	54	...	...	Do	204	0 0	...	...	...
...	53	...	...	Do	20	0 0	...	...	...
...	61	...	...	Do	480	0 0	...	...	...
...	45	...	...	Do	144	0 0	...	...	...
...	32	...	...	Do	13	8 9	...	...	...
...	30	...	...	Do	11	9 9	...	...	...
...	55	...	...	Do	228	0 0	...	...	...
...	75	...	...	Do	324	0 0	...	...	...
...	36	...	...	Do	159	0 0	...	...	...
...	40	...	...	Do	20	0 0	...	...	...
...	24	...	...	Do	180	0 0	...	...	...
...	11	...	...	Do	9	10 8	...	...	...
...	68	...	...	Do	368	0 0	...	...	...
...	70	...	...	Do	240	0 0	...	...	...
...	28	...	...	Do	180	0 0	...	...	...
...	47	...	...	Do	240	0 0	...	...	...
...	777	...	...		3,085	13 2	...	...	...
...	...	30	...	Do	120	0 0	...	...	...
...	...	21	...	Do	120	0 0	...	...	...
...	...	30	...	Do	120	0 0	...	...	...
...	...	43	...	Do	30	0 0	...	...	...
...	...	54	...	Do	120	0 0	...	...	...
...	...	60	...	Do	120	0 0	...	...	...
...	...	238	...		630	0 0	...	...	...
...	777	238	...		3,715	13 2	...	...	...

		16	17	18				
No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year. (Continued)					
			Fees, Fines, &c.			Sale of Books.	Other Sources.	
LOWER CLASS.								
Hindustani.								
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.								
1	Hindustani School	Chikballapur	19	10	0	...	...
2	Do	Closepit	13	12	0	...	...
3	Do	Dodballapur	...	...	...	...	...
4	Do	Kolar	40	13	0	...	...
5	Do	Mulbagal	22	9	0	...	...
6	Do	Sarjapur	...	...	...	...	...
7	Do	Sidlagatta	1	14	0	...	...
8	Do	Sira	18	12	0	...	...
9	Do	Tunkur	49	0	0	...	...
ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.								
10	Hindustani School	Belur	15	14	0	...	...
11	Do	Hunstr	1	8	0	...	...
12	Do	Maddur	10	9	8	...	...
13	Do	Malvalli	0	11	0	...	...
14	Do	Mysore	32	14	0	...	...
NAGAR DIVISION.								
15	Hindustani School	Chikmagalur	32	2	0	...	...
16	Do	Chitaldroog	19	2	0	...	...
17	Do	Shimoga	16	10	0	...	...
Telugu.								
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.								
1	Telugu School...	Chikballapur	15	1	0	...	...
2	Do	Chintamani	15	8	0	...	...
3	Do	Gudibanda	6	8	0	...	...
4	Do	Kolar	2	11	0	...	...
5	Do	Mulbagal	29	8	0	...	...
6	Do	Shrinivasapur	24	1	0	...	...
Total.....			295	12	6	...	...
Total.....			93	1	0	...	...
Grand Total.....			388	13	6	...	...

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

(continued.)

21		22		23		24		25		26		27	
Charges during the year.				Difference.				Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				REMARKS.	
Extraordinary.		Total.		Excess of Receipts over Charges.		Excess of Charges over Receipts.		Total Cost.		Cost to Government.			
0	0	264	0 0	19	10 0	5	4 6	4	14 2				
0	0	204	0 0	13	12 0	3	12 5	3	8 4				
0	0	20	0 0	...	...	0	6 6	0	6 6				
0	0	480	0 0	40	13 0	8	0 0	7	5 1				
0	0	144	0 0	22	9 0	3	9 7	3	0 7				
8	9	13	8 9	...	...	0	6 9	0	6 9				
8	9	11	9 9	1	14 0	0	6 2	0	5 2				
0	0	228	0 0	18	12 0	6	5 4	5	13 0				
0	0	324	0 0	49	0 0	4	15 0	4	2 8				
0	0	159	0 0	15	14 0	5	4 10	4	12 4				
0	0	20	0 0	1	8 0	0	13 11	0	12 6				
0	0	180	0 0	10	9 6	7	13 3	7	5 10				
10	8	9	10 8	0	11 0	0	14 1	0	13 1				
0	0	368	0 0	32	14 0	5	7 11	5	0 0				
0	0	240	0 0	32	2 0	3	13 11	3	5 8				
0	0	180	0 0	19	2 0	8	9 2	7	10 7				
0	0	240	0 0	16	10 0	5	11 5	5	5 1				
13	2	3,085	13 2	295	12 6								
0	0	120	0 0	15	1 0	4	0 0	3	7 11				
0	0	120	0 0	15	6 0	4	11 5	4	15 9				
0	0	120	0 0	6	8 0	4	0 0	3	12 6				
0	0	30	0 0	2	11 0	0	12 0	0	10 11				
0	0	120	0 0	29	6 0	2	4 3	1	11 4				
0	0	120	0 0	24	1 0	2	9 9	2	1 4				
0	0	630	0 0	93	1 0								
13	2	3,715	13 2	388	13 6								

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

INSTITUTIONS FOR

GOVERNMENT

Annual Returns for the year

1	2	3	4
No.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village in which School is established.
1	Anekal ...	Anekal ...	Vanakanhalli ...
2		Attibele ...	Attibele ...
3		Bidraguppe ...	Huskur ...
4		Haragadde ...	Haragadde ...
5		Iggalur ...	Tatanhalli ...
6		Jigani ...	Jigani ...
7		Sarjapur ...	Dommasandra ...
8	Bangalore ...	Agara ...	Agara ...
9		Begur ...	Begur ...
10		Binnamangala ...	Binnamangala ...
11		Kengeri ...	Chikkanhalli ...
12		Kengeri ...	Uttrahalli ...
13		Krishnarajpur ...	Krishnarajpur ...
14		Vartur ...	Gunjur ...
15		Yelahanka ...	Jakur ...
16		Yeshvanchapur ...	Hebbal ...
17	Closepet ...	Bhairamangala ...	Bhairamangala ...
18		Channapatna ...	Tittumanhalli ...
19		Closepet ...	Sagganahalli ...
20		Honganur ...	Honganur ...
21		Kunagal ...	Bannaguppe ...
22		Makli ...	Hosur ...
23		Molur ...	Kudlur ...
24		Mudagere ...	Hulluvadi ...
25		Virupakshipur ...	Atkur ...
26	Devanhalli ...	Budigere ...	Budigere ...
27		Channaraypatna ...	Channaraypatna ...
28		Devanhalli ...	Kannamangala ...
29		Jala ...	Bettahalsur ...
30		Jangankote ...	Jangankote ...
31		Kalhalli ...	Kyalnur ...
32		Kundana ...	Birasandra ...
33		Vadigenhalli ...	Melur ...
34	Dodballapur ...	Dodballapur ...	Aralumallige ...
35		Honnavar ...	Honnavar ...
36		Hulikunte ...	Hulikunte ...
37		Kakolu ...	Dodtunkur ...
38		Kodihalli ...	Marsanra ...
39		Rajagatta ...	Beggadahalli ...
40		Tippur ...	Hanebe ...
41		Tubgere ...	Kalur ...
42	Hoskote ...	Gubbi ...	Bidarhalli ...
43		Hoskote ...	Lakkondhalli ...
44		Hullur ...	Tavarekere ...
45		Kadgudi ...	Kadgudi ...
46		Mugalur ...	Mugalur ...
47		Nandagudi ...	Hindiganal ...
48		Sulibele ...	Sulibele ...
49		Vagatta ...	Vagatta ...

GENERAL EDUCATION.

SCHOOLS.

up to 31st March 1874.

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Year established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	Remarks.
	Hindus.	Muhammadians	Others.	Total.		Kanarese.	Telugu.		
1871	15			15	13	15		84	0
May 1869	85	2		37	26	37		144	0
August 1870	19			19	12	19		84	0
April 1870	10			10	5	10		84	0
Sept. 1870	19			19	17	19		84	0
do.	18	2		20	11	20		84	0
do.	36	4		40	37	40		84	0
October 1869	11	2		13	13	13		84	0
May 1869	22	3		25	19	25		84	0
July 1871	15			15	10	15		84	0
May 1869	22			22	16	22		84	0
Dec. 1870	10			10	8	10		84	0
May 1869	16			16	10	16		84	0
April 1870	39	1		40	25	40		84	0
Sept. 1869	9	1		10	8	10		84	0
Oct. 1869	14	6		20	15	20		84	0
Feb. 1871	24	5		29	21	29		76	3
April 1870	18			18	12	18		84	0
Feb. 1871	25			25	16	25		84	0
Sept. 1870	26			26	11	26		70	0
Feb. 1871	10	6		16	15	16		84	0
May 1869	13			13	12	13		84	0
Aug. 1870	29	2		31	18	31		84	0
Feb. 1871	17			17	10	17		84	0
do.	19			19	9	19		84	0
May 1869	48			48	31	48		144	0
do.	26			26	14	26		84	0
Oct. 1870	7			7	7	7		86	14
May 1869	21			21	21	21		84	0
do.	51	1		52	36	52		84	0
do.	27			27	21	27		84	0
May 1869	18			18	11	18		84	0
do.	25			25	18	25		84	0
Feb. 1872	16			16	10	16		84	0
April 1870	30			30	12	30		94	1
May 1869	25			25	15	25		84	0
June 1870	19	1		20	16	20		84	0
Oct. 1869	18			18	10	18		84	0
May 1869	19			19	10	19		84	0
Oct. 1869	19	9		28	18	28		84	0
do.	22			22	14	22		84	0
May 1869	21			21	10	21		105	0
Nov. 1869	21			21	17	21		84	0
May 1869	26			26	17	26		84	0
do.	26	2		28	14	28		84	0
April 1870	10			10	10	10		84	0
Oct. 1869	22	4		26	22	26		84	0
May 1869	36	7		43	32	43		84	0
do.	25	4	1	30	20	30		84	0

1	2	3	4
No. District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village in which Station is established.
50	Kankanhalli ...	Harohalli ...	Harohalli ...
51		Kankanhalli ...	Budiguppe ...
52		Kodihalli ...	Kodihalli ...
53		Maralavadi ...	Chikmaralavadi ...
54		Santemudavadi ...	Chikmudavadi ...
55		Somanhalli ...	Somanhalli ...
56		Tungani ...	Tungani ...
57		Vuyamballi ...	Albali ...
58	Magadi ...	Bidadi ...	Bidadi ...
59		Gudemaranhalli ...	Motaganhalli ...
60		Hulikal ...	Hulikal ...
61		Kudur ...	Kudur ...
62		Madabal ...	Madabal ...
63		Magadi ...	Tirumala ...
64		Narasandra ...	Narasandra ...
65		Satanur ...	Kalya ...
66		Solur ...	Solur ...
67		Tavarekere ...	Tavarekere ...
68		Tippasandra ...	Tippasandra ...
69	Nelamangala ...	Begur ...	Begur ...
70		Dodbele ...	Dodbele ...
71		Mailanhalli ...	Hesargatta ...
72		Nelamangala ...	Alur ...
73		Nijagal ...	Yeleyatanhalli ...
74		Sondekoppa ...	Sondekoppa ...
75		Tyamagondal ...	Tyamagondal ...
1	Betmangala ...	Betmangala ...	Betmangala ...
2		Budikote ...	Budikote ...
3		Dasarhosahalli ...	Uriga ...
4		Hulibele ...	Koppa ...
5		Kamasandra ...	Kamasandra ...
6		Kyasamballi ...	Kannur ...
7		Ramasagara ...	Sundrapalya ...
8		Sulikunte ...	Sulikunte ...
9		Tayalur ...	Tayalur ...
10	Chikballapur ...	Avati ...	Avati ...
11		Chikballapur ...	Kalavara ...
12		Manchanbele ...	Manchanbele ...
13		Manchanhalli ...	Manchanhalli ...
14		Nandi ...	Nandi ...
15		Peresandra ...	Peresandra ...
16		Purnasagara ...	Gollavarhalli ...
17	Goribidnur ...	Bommasandra ...	Kenkere ...
18		Goribidnur ...	Hunisenhalli ...
19		Hosur ...	Hosur ...

(Continued.)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS
	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.		Kannarese.	Telugu.		
Feb. 1871. ...	15	4	...	19	19	19	...	84	...
March 1871. ...	16	...	...	16	10	16	...	84	...
July 1871. ...	14	...	...	14	11	14	...	84	...
June 1871. ...	43	1	...	44	36	44	...	84	...
March 1871. ...	21	2	...	23	18	23	...	84	...
July 1871. ...	24	2	4	30	20	30	...	84	...
Feb. 1871. ...	16	1	...	17	8	17	...	84	...
Sept. 1871. ...	21	...	...	21	11	21	...	84	...
Feb. 1871. ...	53	2	...	55	50	55	...	84	...
August 1870	37	1	...	38	24	38	...	84	...
do	36	...	...	36	22	36	...	84	...
August 1869	39	1	...	40	37	40	...	84	...
July 1871. ...	20	...	...	20	16	20	...	84	...
June 1871. ...	41	...	...	41	24	41	...	84	...
July 1871. ...	26	...	...	26	17	26	...	84	...
April 1871. ...	24	...	...	24	16	24	...	84	...
Sept. 1870. ...	29	3	...	32	24	32	...	84	...
May 1869. ...	14	4	1	19	14	19	...	84	...
June 1871. ...	25	...	...	25	22	25	...	84	...
Sept. 1869. ...	15	...	...	15	10	15	...	84	...
do	47	1	...	48	38	48	...	84	...
May 1869. ...	23	5	...	28	18	28	...	84	...
Sept. 1870. ...	11	2	...	13	10	13	...	84	...
August 1870. ...	28	2	...	30	21	30	...	84	...
Oct. 1870. ...	9	2	...	11	8	11	...	84	...
May 1869. ...	96	7	...	103	79	103	...	119	...
	1,812	102	6	1,920	1,358	1,920	...	6,467	8 5
May 1869 ...	13	...	...	13	8	13	...	80	8...
May 1869 ...	14	2	...	16	15	16	...	84	...
May 1869 ...	18	3	...	21	14	21	...	84	...
Feb. 1869 ...	20	2	...	22	17	22	...	77	...
Sept. 1869 ...	14	...	...	14	10	12	2	81	...
Feb. 1869 ...	15	...	...	15	7	15	...	82	4...
Oct. 1869 ...	12	...	...	12	8	12	...	84	...
May 1869 ...	15	4	...	19	14	19	...	84	...
Feb. 1869 ...	18	2	...	20	14	18	2	84	...
Feb. 1869 ...	31	...	...	31	24	31	...	84	...
June 1871 ...	14	5	...	19	14	19	...	84	...
May 1869 ...	28	...	2	30	23	30	...	84	...
April 1870 ...	41	2	3	46	31	46	...	84	...
Feb. 1869 ...	17	2	3	22	15	20	2	84	...
July 1871 ...	24	4	...	28	20	20	...	84	...
July 1871 ...	15	...	...	15	9	15	...	84	...
May 1871 ...	17	...	2	19	16	19	...	76	12 3
June 1871 ...	14	...	...	14	12	14	...	84	...
March 1870.	20	1	...	21	20	21	...	84	...

D

1	2	3	4
No. District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village in which is established.
20	Goribidnur ...	Tondebhavi ...	Tondebhavi ...
21		Varavani ...	Mavinkeyihalli ...
22	Gudibanda ...	Dadinayakanhalli ...	Dadinayakanhalli ...
23		Hampasandra ...	Hampasandra ...
24		Mandegallu ...	Mandegallu ...
25		Nagargere ...	Nagargere ...
26		Namagonda ...	Namagonda ...
27		Somenhalli ...	Somenhalli ...
28	Gumayakanpalya ...	Bagenhalli ...	Balreddihalli ...
29		Billur ...	Maddipalli ...
30		Chakavelu ...	Puligal ...
31		Chelur ...	Chelur ...
32		Gulur ...	Gulur ...
33		Mittemari ...	Mittemari ...
34		Patapalya ...	Patapalya ...
35		Yellampalli ...	Yellampalli ...
36	Kolar ...	Harti ...	Gangapur ...
37		Holur ...	Manigatta ...
38		Kolar ...	Begale ...
39		Kurabur ...	Madanspalli ...
40		Mudavadi ...	Mudavadi ...
41		Sogatur ...	Sogatur ...
42		Uttur ...	Devarayamhalli ...
43		Vakkaleri ...	Vakkaleri ...
44		Yemagal ...	Belemarnhalli ...
45	Malur ...	Kudiyannur ...	Kudiyannur ...
46		Lakkur ...	Lakkur ...
47		Malur ...	Tornahalli ...
48		Masti ...	Masti ...
49		Narasapur ...	Sivarsapatna ...
50		Tekal ...	Nidaramangal ...
51		Udidenhalli ...	Udidenhalli ...
52	Mulbagal ...	Avani ...	Avani ...
53		Bairkur ...	Gudipalli ...
54		Duggasandra ...	A gara ...
55		Mallinayakanhalli ...	Idepalli ...
56		Mulbagal ...	Kappalmadaga ...
57		Nangali ...	Nangali ...
58		Uttur ...	Mudiyannur ...
59	Shrinivasapur ...	Adagal ...	Adagal ...
60		Chalamakote ...	Chalamakote ...
61		Chintamani ...	Ganjur ...
62		Dalsanur ...	Dalsanur ...
63		Nambihalli ...	Nambihalli ...
64		Nelavanki ...	Patakote ...
65		Royalpad ...	Royalpad ...
66		Ronur ...	Ronur ...
67		Shrinivasapur ...	Nagadenhalli ...
68		Somayajulapalli ...	Somayajulapalli ...

1867.)

	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.	
	Hindus.	Muhannideens.	Others.	Total.		Kanarese.	Telugu.			
1871.	18	1	...	19	16	19	...	84	...	
pt. 1870	26	...	...	26	15	26	...	84	...
1870	31	...	...	31	22	31	...	84	...
1869	23	1	6	30	28	28	6	84	...	
March 1870.	28	4	...	32	30	32	...	84	...	
1871	34	...	...	34	30	30	4	84	...
1870	20	1	...	21	18	21	...	84	...	
1869	13	...	...	13	13	11	2	84	...
1871	6	...	...	6	5	6	...	84	...
1870	16	...	...	16	8	10	6	84	...
1870	20	5	...	25	20	20	5	84	...	
1869	18	1	...	19	11	6	13	84	...	
1870	22	...	...	22	18	6	12	84	...
1869	33	...	...	33	30	30	3	144	...
1870	22	3	...	25	18	25	...	84	...	
1870	17	1	...	18	15	15	3	84	...	
1869	26	...	...	26	12	26	...	84	...
1869	18	...	...	18	15	18	...	84	...
1869	16	...	...	16	11	16	...	84	...
1869	19	1	...	20	19	20	...	84	...	
1869	9	...	...	9	7	9	...	55	5 2
1869	13	1	...	14	9	14	...	105	...	
1869	38	...	...	38	31	38	...	144	...
1869	26	3	...	29	27	29	8	82	...	
1869	10	...	...	10	9	10	...	80	9 9
1869	25	1	...	26	23	26	...	84	...	
1869	48	1	...	49	32	49	...	84	...	
1869	18	2	...	20	19	20	...	84	...	
1869	16	6	...	24	19	24	...	84	...	
1869	21	4	...	25	18	25	...	84	...	
1869	15	...	...	15	9	15	...	57	2
1869	13	6	...	19	10	19	...	84	...	
1869	16	8	...	24	19	24	...	84	...	
1870	19	4	...	23	17	23	...	84	...	
1869	18	2	...	20	10	20	...	84	...	
1870	18	...	...	18	14	18	...	84	...
1870	12	4	...	18	12	16	...	77	...	
1869	22	...	...	22	13	22	...	84	...
1869	21	...	...	21	16	21	...	84	...
1869	10	5	...	15	8	15	...	84	...	
1869	46	5	...	51	38	31	20	84	...	
1869	23	...	...	23	20	23	...	84	...
1869	12	3	...	15	12	15	...	84	...	
1869	14	3	...	17	12	5	12	84	...	
1869	8	...	...	8	7	8	...	84	...
1870	26	...	...	26	18	18	8	84	...
1869	26	5	...	31	28	30	1	84	...	
1869	20	...	...	20	16	4	16	84	...
1869	17	...	...	17	15	8	7	84	...

1	2	3	4
No. District.	TALUK.	HOBLL.	Village in which is established
69	Shrinivaspur Sidlagatta	Yaladur	Yaladur
70		Ambajidurga	Konapalli
71		Bagatarhalli	Bagatarhalli
72		Basethalli	Tekhalli
73		Chilakalnerpu	Burudagunte
74		Ganjigunte	Nandanhosahalli
75		Iragampalli	Iragampalli
76		Kaivara	Kaivara
77		Koralpatti	Papatimmanhalli
78		Mallur	Kundalgaruki
79		Munganhalli	Munganhalli
80		Sadali	Timmasandra
81	Sidlagatta	Abbulnd	
1	Chiknayakanhalli	Chiknayakanhalli	Settikere
2		Dandinsivara	Dandinsivara
3		Hagalvadi	Hagalvadi
4		Kibbanhalli	Godikere
5		Nittur	Muganayakanahalli
6		Honnvalli	Saratavalli
7		Handanakere	Handanakere
8		Honnvalli	Belavanerlu
9		Ichanur	Ichanur
10		Nonavinkere	Nonavinkere
11	Tiptur	Madibhalli	
12	Kadaba	Chitnabhalli	Chitnabhalli
13		Dabbehatta	Dabbehatta
14		Gubbi	Ariyur
15		Hebbur	Tarur
16		Kadaba	Koppa
17		Kallur	Sampige
18		Mayasandra	Mayasandra
19		Turuvekere	Muniyur
20		Koratagere	Channarayadurga
21		Holsyanhalli	Baladara
22	Kolala	Holsyanhalli	
23	Koratagere	Kolala	
24	Taradal	Vodagere	
25	Tottikere	Taradal	
26	Tovinkere	Tottikere	
27	Kunigal	Amurtur	Tovinkere
28		Bedarhalli	Amurtur
29		Hulyurdurga	Bedarhalli
30		Koppa	Mavatur
31		Kottakere	Koppa
32		Kunigal	Kottakere
33		Yadayur	Biknanagere
		Yadayur	

(over)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.		Kanarese.	Telugu.		
1869	21	3	...	24	22	24	...	84	...
1869	11	...	...	11	9	11	...	84	...
1871	22	...	...	22	15	15	7	84	...
1869	15	3	...	18	12	18	...	84	...
1869	24	1	...	25	14	20	5	84	...
1871	21	...	...	21	18	4	17	84	...
1869	17	1	...	18	14	10	8	84	...
1869	22	13	...	35	29	35	...	84	...
1869	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	84	...
1870	18	...	...	18	11	18	...	84	...
1869	13	3	...	16	16	12	4	84	...
1870	25	2	1	28	25	23	...	84	...
1871	39	...	...	39	37	39	...	84	...
	1,624	136	17	1,777	1,361	1,600	173	6,857	9 2
1872	20	...	...	20	12	20	...	84	...
1869	25	...	...	25	22	25	...	84	...
1869	43	2	...	45	40	45	...	144	...
1872	20	...	...	20	16	20	...	84	...
	15	...	...	15	13	15	...	84	...
	18	...	...	18	15	18	...	82	2 2
	11	...	...	11	8	11	...	84	...
	13	...	...	13	10	13	...	84	...
1869	24	4	...	28	22	23	...	84	...
1870	52	...	...	52	35	52	...	84	...
1869	25	...	...	25	15	25	...	84	...
1871	17	...	...	17	12	17	...	84	...
1872	15	...	...	15	10	15	...	84	...
1870	18	...	...	18	15	18	...	84	...
1870	15	...	...	15	12	15	...	84	...
1872	26	1	...	27	15	27	...	84	...
1870	14	...	...	14	11	14	...	84	...
	18	...	...	18	15	18	...	84	...
1870	16	...	...	16	9	16	...	84	...
1871	18	4	...	22	17	22	...	57	9 3
1870	20	...	...	20	18	20	...	84	...
	18	2	...	20	14	18	2	84	...
1872	16	...	...	16	14	16	...	84	...
1870	24	...	...	24	16	23	1	84	...
	30	...	...	30	24	30	...	84	...
1870	29	...	...	29	21	29	...	84	...
1872	27	3	...	30	20	30	...	84	...
	14	...	...	14	10	14	...	84	...
1870	13	...	...	13	11	13	...	84	...
1872	11	...	...	11	10	11	...	84	...
1871	11	2	...	13	10	13	...	84	...
1870	22	6	...	28	22	28	...	84	...
1869	26	4	...	30	25	30	...	84	...

1	2	3	4	
No.	District.	TALUK.	HOBLI.	
			Village in which the is established.	
34	TUMKUR DISTRICT (Contd.)	Kunigal	Yalayur	Yalayur
35		Maddagiri	Dodéri	Dodéri
36			Hampasandra	Idagur
37			Ittigadibbanhalli	Ittigadibbanhalli
38			Kodigenhalli	Kodigenhalli
39			Maddagiri	Ganjalgunte
40			Midagesi	Bedatur
41			Puravara	Puravara
42			Rantavalal	Rantavalal
43			Tariyur	Kadagattur
44		Sira	Agrahara	Kuntegandanhalli
45			Baragur	Madalur
46			Bukkapatna	Kuribhalli
47			Holkunte	Changavara
48			Kallambelle	Kadavagere
49			Nadur	Hosur
50			Sira	Halkur
51		Túmkúr	Bellavi	Bellavi
52			Chelur	Bidare
53			Gulur	Kaidala
54			Honnudike	Honnudike
55			Kora	Kestur
56			Túmkúr	Arakere
57			Vuradigere	Vuradigere
1	MYSORE DISTRICT.	Ashtagram	Arekere	Arekere
2			Bannur	Bannur
3			Belagola	Hosahalli
4			Bevanhalli	Kalkuni
5			Chandagal	Nagunahalli
6			Haravu	Haravu
7			Kyáthanhalli	Kyáthanhalli
8			Kirangur	Hirode
9			Kura	Ganjam
10			Palhalli	Palhalli
11			Sbathalli	Sbathalli
12			Tirumalegarra	Lakshminagarra
13		Chamrajnagar	Alur	Homma
14			Byadarpur	Heggotara
15			Chamrajnagar	Ramasamudra
16			Damnur	Karya
17			Devanur	Tagalur
18			Haradanhalli	Haradanhalli
19			Honganur	Honganur
20			Kagalvadi	Kagalvadi
21			Kottavadi	Kottavadi
22			Santemarhalli	Kuderu
23			Ummattur	Ummattur
24			Uyamballi	Harve

(continued.)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Total.		Kanaree.	Telugu.		
1870	10	...	...	10	6	10	...	84	...
Jan 1870	25	...	...	25	18	25	...	84	...
1871	25	1	...	26	19	26	...	84	...
May 1869	32	...	...	32	26	32	...	84	...
1870	21	5	...	26	16	23	3	84	...
May 1869	10	...	...	10	4	10	...	84	...
1871	23	...	...	23	12	23	...	77	...
May 1869	31	1	...	32	28	31	1	84	...
Jan 1872	9	...	...	9	8	9	...	83	...
Oct 1871	8	2	...	10	6	10	...	72	4 1
Jan 1869	24	2	...	26	21	26	...	84	...
Jan 1872	25	...	...	25	17	25	...	84	...
1870	30	...	...	30	22	30	...	84	...
April 1870	18	...	...	18	13	18	...	84	...
May 1869	45	...	...	45	39	45	...	144	...
Jan 1869	27	...	...	27	22	27	...	144	...
1871	20	...	...	20	17	20	...	84	...
May 1869	46	5	...	51	40	51	...	199	...
1870	29	...	...	29	20	29	...	84	...
May 1869	15	...	...	15	12	15	...	84	...
May 1869	24	1	...	25	23	25	...	84	...
Jan 1869	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	84	...
1869	17	...	...	17	13	17	...	84	...
1869	43	5	...	48	35	48	...	81	10 1
	1,251	50	...	1,301	984	1,294	7	4,972	9 7
June 1869	11	...	...	11	9	11	...	84	...
May 1869	23	...	...	23	14	23	...	70	...
1872	12	3	...	15	14	15	...	80	9 10
Aug. 1871	1	...	...	3	2	3	...	84	...
Feb. 1872	22	...	2	22	16	22	...	79	7 9
May 1869	18	1	...	19	14	19	...	84	...
March 1869	29	2	...	31	27	31	...	84	...
Oct. 1869	29	2	...	31	21	31	...	84	...
July 1869	54	2	...	56	46	56	...	144	...
May 1869	24	2	1	27	25	27	...	84	...
1871	8	...	...	8	7	8	...	84	...
Oct. 1869	17	1	...	18	15	18	...	84	...
March 1870	12	...	...	12	8	12	...	84	...
March 1872	28	...	...	28	14	28	...	84	...
May 1869	48	...	...	48	24	48	...	84	...
March 1870	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	84	...
Oct. 1870	42	...	...	42	25	42	...	84	...
May 1869	33	1	...	34	20	34	...	84	...
May 1870	15	...	...	15	11	15	...	84	...
Feb. 1869	19	...	...	19	15	19	...	84	...
Dec. 1870	9	...	...	9	8	9	...	84	...
June 1869	42	...	...	42	32	42	...	84	...
Feb. 1871	28	...	...	28	12	28	...	84	...
July 1871	13	...	...	13	12	13	...	84	...

1	2	3	4
No.	Taluk.	Hobl.	Village in which is established
25	Gundlupet ...	Gundlu ...	Kabballi ...
26		Hangala ...	Hangala ...
27		Kelasur ...	Somahalli ...
28		Kutanur ...	Barge ...
29		Raghavapur ...	Raghavapur ...
30		Tirakanambi ...	Tirakanambi ...
31	Heggaddevankote ...	Antarsante ...	Jodimerle ...
32		Heggaddevankote ...	Heggaddevankote ...
33		Jinbhalli ...	Hennaragalli ...
34		Nemmanhalli ...	Saggare ...
35		Saragur ...	Belatur ...
36	Maddur ...	Ane ...	Besagarhalli ...
37		Atakur ...	Kestur ...
38		Doddarasankere ...	Kodukotanhalli ...
39		Kudargundi ...	Kudargundi ...
40		Maddur ...	Deshahalli ...
41		Tippur ...	Hondalgere ...
42	Malvalli ...	Gavadagere ...	Banasamudra ...
43		Kabbal ...	Satanur ...
44		Kiragaval ...	Kiragaval ...
45		Kodamballi ...	Halagur ...
46		Kulgere ...	Kalagavadi ...
47		Malvalli ...	Ragibommanhalli ...
48	Mandya ...	Besaralu ...	Basaralu ...
49		Dudda ...	Mujagandur ...
50		Kottatti ...	Guttalu ...
51		Mandya ...	Satnur ...
52		Muttigere ...	Muttigere ...
53		Yeliyur ...	Holalu ...
54	Mysore ...	Anandur ...	Anandur ...
55		Kudlaballi ...	Solapur ...
56		Lingambudi ...	Kannegandanoppa ...
57		Mysore ...	Padivarhalli ...
58		Navabhar ...	Naganhalli ...
59		Sindhuvalli ...	Sindhuvalli ...
60		Varkode ...	Varkode ...
61		Yelwal ...	Yelwal ...
62	Nanjangūd ...	Badanaguppe ...	Kavalande ...
63		Hadinar ...	Hadinar ...
64		Hedatole ...	Hedatole ...
65		Hura ...	Haginaval ...
66		Kalale ...	Kalale ...
67		Nanjangūd ...	Badanalu ...
68	Periyapatna ...	Bettadpur ...	Bettadpur ...
69		Bilikere ...	Bilikere ...
70		Chilkunada ...	Harare ...
71		Gavadagere ...	Gavadagere ...
72		Heggandur ...	Hanagode ...
73		Haranahalli ...	Kanagal ...
74		Kaggundi ...	Komalapur ...

(inued.)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.		Kannarese.	Telugu.		
Aug. 1871	15	...	...	15	7	15	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1872	14	...	...	14	11	14	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	24	...	...	24	14	24	...	84	0 0
Jan. 1872	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	84	0 0
Feb. 1872	3	...	...	3	3	3	...	84	0 0
May 1869	41	1	...	42	41	42	...	84	0 0
Feb. 1869	21	...	...	21	15	21	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	20	...	...	20	17	20	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	19	1	...	20	13	20	...	84	0 0
Jan. 1872	16	...	...	16	13	16	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	23	...	...	23	16	23	...	84	0 0
Sep. 1871	15	...	...	15	12	15	...	84	0 0
Sep. 1870	20	...	...	20	15	20	...	84	0 0
March 1871	15	...	...	15	12	15	...	61	6 8
June 1871	22	...	...	22	11	22	...	84	0 0
Feb. 1871	6	...	...	6	6	6	...	84	0 0
Nov. 1869	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	84	0 0
July 1871	19	...	...	19	15	19	...	84	0 0
Do	1	1	...	2	2	2	...	42	0 0
Aug. 1870	18	5	...	23	16	23	...	84	0 0
July 1871	50	...	...	50	35	50	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	25	...	...	25	19	25	...	42	0 0
July 1871	30	...	...	30	25	30	...	84	0 0
March 1869	19	...	...	19	14	19	...	84	0 0
March 1869	16	1	...	17	15	17	...	84	0 0
Oct. 1870	12	...	...	12	10	12	...	84	0 0
May 1869	36	...	...	36	33	36	...	84	0 0
March 1869	22	...	...	22	18	22	...	84	0 0
Jan. 1870	14	...	...	14	12	14	...	78	5 8
Sep. 1871	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	77	0 0
Dec. 1869	21	...	...	21	14	21	...	84	0 0
May 1869	35	3	...	38	35	38	...	84	0 0
March 1870	24	...	...	24	17	24	...	84	0 0
July 1871	12	...	...	12	6	12	...	84	0 0
Feb. 1870	6	...	...	6	6	6	...	84	0 0
July 1871	26	...	...	26	18	26	...	84	0 0
Dec. 1869	23	9	...	32	23	32	...	84	0 0
Sep. 1871	9	17	...	26	18	26	...	84	0 0
March 1870	19	1	...	20	18	20	...	84	0 0
Feb. 1870	26	1	...	27	19	27	...	84	0 0
do	9	...	...	9	9	9	...	94	0 0
Feb. 1869	61	3	...	64	61	64	...	144	0 0
Jan. 1871	17	...	...	17	8	17	...	84	0 0
March 1871	26	5	...	31	20	31	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	14	...	...	14	7	14	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	24	...	...	24	16	24	...	84	0 0
July 1871	34	...	...	34	24	34	...	84	0 0
Jan. 1871	13	...	...	13	9	13	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871	26	...	...	26	24	26	...	74	11 3
Jan. 1872	11	...	...	11	8	11	...	84	0 0

1	2	3	4	
No. District.	TALUK.	HOBLI.	Village in which is established.	
75	Periyapatana (Continued)...	Kirojaji	Kattemahlavadi	
76		Periyapatna	Periyapatna	
77	Talkad ...	Ravandur	Ravandur	
78		Mugur	Mugur	
79		Narsipur	Nelasoge	
80		Purigala	Bilakavadi	
81		Rongasamudra	Gargesvari	
82		Sosale	Sosale	
83		Tayuru	Tayuru	
84		Talkad	Talkad	
85		Yedatore ...	Byadrahalli	Byadrahalli
86			Hallimysore	Hallimysore
87	Haradanahalli		Hebbasuru	
88	Mirle		Mirle	
89	Yelandur ...	Saligrama	Saligrama	
90		Tippur	Tippur	
91		Yedatore	Chandagal	
92		Agara	Agara	
1	Arkalgūd ...	Arkalgūd	Vaddarhalli	
2		Basavapatna	Basavapatna	
3		Hansoge	Hansoge	
4		Kesavattur	Bannur	
5		Konanur	Konanur	
6		Krishnarajkotte	Rudrapatna	
7		Mallipatna	Kollangi	
8		Marur	Marur	
9	Attikuppa ...	Akkhebbalu	Kuppa halli	
10		Attikuppa	Agraharabachchali	
11		Bukinkere	Bukinkere	
12		Chinkurli	Chettangere	
13		Kannambadi	Kannambadi	
14		Kikkeri	Kikkeri	
15	Melkote	Melkote		
16	Belur ...	Santebachahalli	Santebachahalli	
17		Sindhughatta	Jaginkere	
18		Adagur	Adagur	
19		Ande	Haltore	
20		Arehalli	Siddarhalli	
21		Belur	Tagare	
22		Halebid	Halebid	
23	Channarayapatna	Lakkunda	Kesgode	
24		Melpal	Aggadala	
25		Narve	Gonbid	
26		Anati	Navale	
27		Anekere	Baragur	
28		Bagur	Bagur	

(Contd.)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Total.		Kanarese.	Telugu.		
1870 ...	24	1	...	25	19	25	...	81	10 8
h 1869 ...	29	...	...	29	19	29	...	84	0 0
1871 ...	24	...	...	24	14	24	...	84	0 0
1869 ...	20	...	...	20	15	20	...	56	0 0
1871 ...	18	...	...	18	14	18	...	84	0 0
1870 ...	22	...	...	22	16	22	...	84	0 0
1871 ...	17	...	...	17	14	17	...	84	0 0
1871 ...	21	...	...	21	16	21	...	84	0 0
1870 ...	22	3	...	25	20	25	...	84	0 0
1869 ...	32	...	...	32	23	32	...	84	0 0
1869 ...	38	...	...	38	23	38	...	84	0 0
1872 ...	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	84	0 0
1869 ...	16	...	...	16	11	16	...	84	0 0
1869 ...	42	1	...	43	26	43	...	79	5 0
1869 ...	23	1	...	24	20	24	...	84	0 0
1870 ...	31	...	...	31	22	31	...	84	0 0
1871 ...	7	...	...	7	5	7	...	88	15 11
1869 ...	25	...	...	25	18	25	...	84	0 0
	1,975	68	3	2,046	1,532	2,046	...	7,662	8 9
1870 ...	20	...	...	20	16	20	...	84	0 0
ary 1871 ...	24	...	...	24	19	24	...	84	0 0
h 1869... ..	15	...	...	15	12	15	...	84	0 0
1871 ...	15	...	...	15	10	15	...	84	0 0
1869 ...	21	...	...	21	18	21	...	84	0 0
h 1869... ..	18	...	...	18	12	18	...	83	0 0
1870 ...	42	...	...	42	26	42	...	84	0 0
ary 1871 ...	22	...	...	22	20	22	...	84	0 0
ary 1870 ...	20	...	...	20	18	20	...	84	0 0
1870 ...	9	2	...	11	8	11	...	82	9 7
1870 ...	32	...	...	32	28	32	...	84	0 0
1871 ...	17	...	...	17	15	17	...	98	0 0
1870 ...	24	...	...	24	23	24	...	87	6 3
1870 ...	22	...	...	22	18	22	...	84	0 0
1869 ...	99	...	...	99	75	99	...	144	0 0
h 1869... ..	30	2	...	32	28	32	...	84	0 0
h 1870... ..	30	...	...	30	22	30	...	84	0 0
h 1869... ..	15	...	...	15	11	15	...	82	0 0
1869 ...	20	...	...	20	19	20	...	82	0 0
ary 1872 ...	14	...	...	14	8	14	...	84	0 0
14 ...	14	...	...	14	12	14	...	84	0 0
16 ...	16	...	...	16	10	16	...	83	0 0
21 ...	21	...	...	21	16	21	...	82	9 7
h 1869. ...	12	...	...	12	12	12	...	74	0 0
h 1869. ...	15	3	...	18	11	18	...	84	0 0
st 1871. ...	22	...	...	22	20	22	...	61	10 3
1870 ...	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	84	0 0
1871 ...	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	84	0 0

1	2	3	4	
No. District	TALUK	HOBLI	Village in which is established	
29	Channaraypatna (Contd.)...	Channaraypatna ...	Channaraypatna...	
30		Didaga ...	Santesivara ...	
31		Hiresave ...	Hiresave ...	
32		Nuggihalli ...	Jambur ...	
33		Shravanbelgola ...	Shravanbelgola ...	
34		Harnhalli	Yeraganal ...	Kudugundi ...
35			Arasikere ...	Arasikere ...
36			Gandasi ...	Gandasi ...
37			Harnhalli ...	Dessni ...
38			Kalyadi ...	Bagade ...
39		Hassan	Kittankere ...	Dodmetikurki ...
40			Kuruvanka ...	Kuruvanka ...
41			Attavara ...	Heragu ...
42			Grama ...	Grama ...
43			Hassan ...	Buvanhalli ...
44			Honnasvara ...	Chikkadalur ...
45			Kanagal ...	Sollenhalli ...
46			Kausika ...	Ambaga ...
47			Madhalli ...	Dodgadavalli ...
48			Saligame ...	Saligame ...
49		Maharajdurga	Alur ...	Hutcher ...
50			Balu ...	Kenchamankal ...
51			Belagodu ...	Belagodupete ...
52			Chikanagal ...	Kanatur ...
53			Gorur ...	Gorur ...
54			Muttige ...	Bhartur ...
55			Palya ...	Palya ...
56			Pannatpur ...	Pannatpur ...
57			Manjarabad	Baikere ...	Baikere ...
58	Bannakal ...			Devangal ...
59	Bisale ...	Goddur ...		
60	Bellur ...	Arekere ...		
61	Hettur ...	Hettur ...		
62	Manjarabad ...	Hoskere ...		
63	Mudigere ...	Mudigere ...		
64	Ugghalli ...	Angadi ...		
65	Nagamangala... ..	Yesur ...	Yesurpete ...	
66		Bellur ...	Honnenhalli ...	
67		Bhimanhalli ...	Devapur ...	
68		Bilagunda ...	Hatna ...	
69		Bindiganavale ...	Bindiganavale ...	
70	Narsipur	Mannahalli ...	Chinya ...	
71		Nagamangala ...	Kallankere ...	
72		Nagathalli ...	Nagathalli ...	
73		Ganni ...	Gannigraban ...	
74		Madapur ...	Madapur ...	
75		Mavinkur ...	Halekote ...	
76		Niduvani ...	Tatanhalli ...	
77	Narsipur ...	Hippe ...		

(continued.)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.		Kanarese.	Telugu.		
July 1871 ...	12	5	...	17	12	17	...	84	0 0
do 1870 ...	17	...	...	17	10	17	...	84	0 0
do 1871 ...	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	84	0 0
Nov. 1870 ...	18	...	...	16	13	18	...	84	0 0
do 1871 ...	23	...	...	23	17	23	...	84	0 0
August 1871.	7	...	...	7	6	7	...	84	0 0
do 1872 ...	17	...	...	17	9	17	...	84	0 0
do 1870 ...	28	1	...	27	25	27	...	84	0 0
August 1871.	18	...	...	18	12	18	...	84	0 0
August 1871.	19	...	...	19	13	19	...	84	0 0
August 1871.	9	...	...	9	8	9	...	84	0 0
January 1872	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	82	3 2
March 1871.	19	...	...	19	15	19	...	84	0 0
March 1869.	40	1	...	41	24	41	...	84	0 0
July 1869 ...	32	...	...	32	32	32	...	84	0 0
August 1871	35	...	...	35	20	35	...	70	0 0
August 1871.	25	...	...	25	18	25	...	80	13 4
January 1871	20	...	...	20	19	20	...	84	0 0
March 1869.	16	...	...	16	13	16	...	84	0 0
March 1869.	20	1	...	21	13	21	...	84	0 0
August 1871.	15	5	...	20	11	20	...	84	0 0
do	30	...	...	30	24	30	...	84	0 0
do	15	...	...	15	7	15	...	77	6 4
do 1871 ...	10	2	...	12	12	12	...	84	0 0
do 1870 ...	19	...	...	19	17	19	...	84	0 0
do 1870 ...	11	3	...	14	9	14	...	84	0 0
August 1871.	12	...	...	12	11	12	...	84	0 0
March 1869.	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	83	0 0
January 1872.	18	...	...	18	10	18	...	77	0 0
January 1872.	16	...	...	16	10	16	...	84	0 0
do 1872 ...	7	...	...	7	7	7	...	84	0 0
do 1871 ...	18	1	...	19	16	19	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1871 ...	40	...	...	40	25	40	...	70	0 0
Aug. 1871 ...	19	...	...	19	16	19	...	84	0 0
Aug. 1870 ...	9	5	...	14	12	14	...	70	0 0
March 1869...	23	...	...	23	14	23	...	75	6 9
Aug. 1871 ...	30	...	...	30	30	30	...	84	0 0
do 1870 ...	21	...	...	21	18	21	...	84	0 0
March 1869...	24	...	...	24	22	24	...	84	0 0
July 1871 ...	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	84	0 0
do 1870 ...	21	...	...	21	20	21	...	84	0 0
January 1870.	21	...	...	21	20	21	...	84	0 0
January 1871.	14	...	...	14	13	14	...	84	0 0
July 1871 ...	14	...	...	14	12	14	...	84	0 0
do 1870 ...	21	1	...	22	16	22	...	84	0 0
May 1869 ...	12	1	...	13	10	13	...	84	0 0
March 1869...	32	...	...	32	28	32	...	144	0 0
do 1870 ...	15	1	...	16	15	16	...	84	0 0
do	10	...	...	10	9	10	...	84	0 0
	1,537	34	...	1,571	1,234	1,571	...	6,494	1 3

1	2	3	4
No.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village in which Sit is established
1	Anantapur ...	Atavadi ...	Choradi ...
2		Bellanduruagrahara...	Tagarati ...
3		Mosarur ...	Bennavalli ...
4	Channagiri ..	Basavapatna ...	Basavapatna ...
5		Channagiri ...	Mudigere ...
6		Devarahalli ...	Devarahalli ...
7		Hodiggere ...	Hodiggere ...
8		Nallur ...	Nallur ...
9		Rajagondanahalli ...	Pandavamatti ...
10		Sautebidanur ...	Kogtur ...
11	Honnali ...	Belagutti ...	Belagutti ...
12		Chelur ...	Chelur ...
13		Harnhalli ...	Harnhalli ...
14		Honnali ...	Honnali ...
15		Kumsi ...	Kumsi ...
16		Sasivehalli ...	Sasivehalli ...
17	Kavaleedurga ...	Agumbe ...	Agumbe ...
18		Agrahara ...	Konandur ...
19		Araga ...	Araga ...
20		Bhadra rajpur ...	Bhadra rajpur ...
21		Mandagadde ...	Mandagadde ...
22		Mandagadde ...	Molur ...
23		Muttur ...	Melige ...
24	Nagar ...	Huncha ...	Hunchadkatte ...
25		Jala ...	Jala ...
26		Mavinhole ...	Adaravalli ...
27		Nagar ...	Avarajagrahara ...
28		Puttuguppe ...	Haniya ...
29	Sagar ...	Bharangi ...	Bharangi ...
30		Bhimankone ...	Bhimankone ...
31		Ikkeri ...	Ikkeri ...
32		Keladi ...	Keladi ...
33		Siruvante ...	Siruvante ...
34		Talaguppe ...	Talaguppe ...
35		Talaguppe ...	Baradavalli ...
36	Shikarpur ...	Hossur ...	Hossur ...
37		Mugalagere ...	Mugalagere ...
38		Shikarpur ...	Issur ...
39		Talagunda ...	Malur ...
40		Udugani ...	Udugani ...
41	Shimoga ...	Anveri ...	Maidolalu ...
42		Bidare ...	Harige ...
43		Benkipur ...	Benkipur ...
44		Chendankere ...	Sbethalli ...
45		Haramagatta ...	Bannikere ...
46		Holalur ...	Hacasavadi ...
47		Holehonnur ...	Kodamaggi ...
48		Kudli ...	Pillangere ...
49		Kudlikere ...	Arakere ...
50		Shimoga ...	Mandali ...

(Annual.)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Mohammadians.	Others.	Total.		Kanarese.	Telugu.		
1870	20	...	...	20	14	20	...	84	0 0
1870	16	...	...	16	9	16	...	84	0 0
1872	30	2	...	32	20	32	...	84	0 0
1870	30	5	...	35	30	35	...	84	0 0
1872	21	...	...	21	14	21	...	84	0 0
1870	20	2	...	22	16	22	...	84	0 0
1870	25	2	...	27	20	27	...	84	0 0
1869	24	4	...	28	24	28	...	84	0 0
1870	29	...	...	29	22	29	...	84	0 0
1872	17	...	...	17	12	17	...	79	13 2
1872	37	...	...	37	28	37	...	83	12 0
1872	28	...	...	28	16	28	...	83	1 1
do	40	4	...	44	28	44	...	83	5 2
1870	40	3	...	43	30	43	...	83	1 7
1869	61	6	...	67	44	67	...	84	0 0
1872	30	9	...	39	30	39	...	84	0 0
y 1873	20	...	...	20	10	20	...	78	1 3
do	15	...	...	15	12	15	...	84	0 0
do	17	...	...	17	10	17	...	84	0 0
do	15	...	...	15	10	15	...	84	0 0
do	16	...	...	16	8	16	...	83	5 2
do	27	...	...	27	10	27	...	84	0 0
do	19	...	...	19	12	19	...	84	0 0
do	25	...	...	25	18	25	...	84	0 0
do	6	...	...	6	6	6	...	84	0 0
do	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	77	0 0
do	6	...	...	6	6	6	...	84	0 0
do	20	...	...	20	16	20	...	84	0 0
do	12	...	...	12	6	12	...	69	8 0
do	21	...	...	21	16	21	...	83	8 6
do	13	...	...	13	9	13	...	36	2 1
1870	13	...	...	13	10	13	...	84	0 0
1870	17	...	...	17	10	17	...	82	3 1
1870	18	...	...	18	10	18	...	84	0 0
do	16	2	...	18	10	18	...	84	0 0
1872	13	...	...	13	10	13	...	84	0 0
do	14	2	...	16	10	16	...	84	0 0
1870	34	1	...	35	24	35	...	84	0 0
do	16	...	...	16	9	16	...	81	4 8
ter 1869	43	8	...	51	38	51	...	82	4 0
1869	30	2	...	32	24	32	...	84	0 0
1870	17	1	...	18	16	18	...	84	0 0
1870	31	2	...	33	20	33	...	84	0 0
y 1873	19	...	...	19	16	19	...	84	0 0
59	21	1	...	22	20	24	...	84	0 0
1870	14	...	...	14	10	14	...	84	0 0
1869	15	2	...	17	16	17	...	144	0 0
1870	12	1	...	13	10	13	...	84	0 0
1870	22	...	...	22	12	22	...	84	0 0
ber 1869	48	...	...	48	36	48	...	84	0 0

1	2	3	4
No. District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village in which it is established
51	Sorab ...	Anavatti ...	Anvatti ...
52		Chendragutti ...	Chendragutti ...
53		Kesanur ...	Nisarani ...
54		Sorab ...	Muttoguppe ...
55		Tavanandi ...	Kerahalli ...
56		Tellagadde ...	Jade ...
1	Banavar ...	Arikere ...	Arikere ...
2		Belagur ...	Belagur ...
3		Bendekere ...	Bendekere ...
4		Devanur ...	Devanur ...
5	Chikmagalur ...	Jamagal ...	Jamagal ...
6		Bosavanhalli ...	Bosavanhalli ...
7		Belavadi ...	Belavadi ...
8		Hirimagalur ...	Dandramuki ...
9		Hulikere ...	Hulikere ...
10		Karagada ...	Karagada ...
11		Kenkere ...	Bilekalhalli ...
12		Kalasapur ...	Ishvarahalli ...
13		Lakke ...	Lakke ...
14		Malalur ...	Malalur ...
15	Kadur ...	Mattavara ...	Indavara ...
16		Mugalavalli ...	Mugalavalli ...
17		Rajansiriyur ...	Rajansiriyur ...
18		Rahmasandra ...	Brahmasandra ...
19		Nidaghatta ...	Nidaghatta ...
20		Patlagere ...	Sarasvatipur ...
21	Koppa ...	Yegati ...	Yegati ...
22		Baggunji ...	Baggunji ...
23		Bandigadi ...	Bandigadi ...
24		Hariharapur ...	Hariharapur ...
25		Kigga ...	Kigga ...
26		Koppa ...	Koppa ...
27	Lakvalli ...	Megunda ...	Megunda ...
28		Sringeri ...	Vidyanayapur ...
29		Danavasi ...	Nelagadde ...
30		Lakvalli ...	Lakvalli ...
31		Yedehalli ...	Yedehalli ...
32		Tarikere ...	Ajjampur ...	Ajjampur ...
33	Amrutapur ...		Bettadavareken ...
34	Chilnahalli ...		Chilnahalli ...
35	Doranhalli ...		Doranhalli ...
36	Duglapur ...		Duglapur ...
37	Kudlur ...		Kudlur ...
38	Vastara ...	Sivane ...	Sivane ...
39		Tavarekere ...	Tavarekere ...
40		Bidranad ...	Aladurpete ...
41		Kadagalnad ...	Anur ...
42		Kalea ...	Kalea ...
43		Kuduvalli ...	Kuduvalli ...
44	Vastara ...	Melbangadi ...	Balur ...
45		Vastara ...	Vastara ...

	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.		REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Muhammedans.	Others.	Total.		Kanaree	Telugu.			
1870	34	...	...	34	30	34	...	82	9	8
1872	11	...	...	11	9	11	...	82	10	4
1871	17	...	...	17	14	17	...	84	...	...
1870	11	...	...	11	7	11	...	82	5	11
1870	21	...	...	21	18	21	...	84	...	...
1872	30	...	...	30	24	30	...	70	...	...
	1,247	59	...	1,306	927	1,308	...	4,655	15	8
ch 1872	18	...	...	18	10	18	...	84	...	...
ust 1870...	19	...	...	19	18	19	...	83	8	...
ch 1872	19	...	...	19	13	19	...	84	...	...
ber 1871...	10	...	...	10	8	10	...	84	...	...
ch 1870	13	...	...	13	10	13	...	84	...	...
ch 1871...	32	...	...	32	24	32	...	84	...	...
ch 1869...	5	...	...	5	5	5	...	83	8	...
ch 1871...	18	8	...	26	22	26	...	83	8	...
ber 1871...	33	3	...	36	30	36	...	52	2	...
umber 1869	23	...	...	23	18	23	...	84	...	...
gust 1870	26	...	...	26	21	26	...	84	...	...
ch 1872...	12	...	...	12	12	12	...	84	...	...
ch 1869...	20	1	...	21	18	21	...	83	8	...
umber 1869	24	...	...	24	21	24	...	84	...	...
umber 1872	35	...	...	35	35	35	...	84	...	...
uary 1873	18	...	...	18	15	18	...	84	...	...
il 1872	24	2	...	26	20	26	...	84	...	...
umber 1870	15	...	...	15	9	15	...	84	...	...
ust 1870...	17	...	...	17	17	17	...	84	...	...
ch 1869...	23	...	...	23	15	23	...	83	8	10
ch 1872...	12	3	...	15	10	15	...	84	...	...
do	9	...	...	9	9	9	...	83	8	...
do	3	...	...	3	3	3	...	84	...	...
ber 1871...	10	3	...	13	7	13	...	84	...	...
bruary 1873	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	77	...	...
ober 1871	12	1	...	13	7	13	...	84	...	...
ril 1873...	8	...	...	8	8	8	...	81	12	5
bruary 1873	33	...	...	33	18	33	...	84	...	...
do	12	...	...	12	9	12	...	84	...	...
ber 1871...	41	1	...	42	28	42	...	83	8	...
umber 1872	12	1	...	13	10	13	...	84	...	...
uary 1871	40	3	...	43	40	43	...	84	...	...
ber 1872...	22	...	...	22	21	22	...	84	...	...
ch 1872	18	...	...	18	16	18	...	84	...	...
ast 1870...	37	...	...	37	31	37	...	84	...	...
uary 1873	11	...	...	11	10	11	...	84	...	...
umber 1871	24	1	...	25	20	25	...	84	...	...
umber 1871	27	...	...	27	22	27	...	84	...	...
ch 1872	8	...	...	8	8	8	...	84	...	...
umber 1872	14	2	...	16	16	16	...	84	...	...
1873	18	...	...	18	18	18	...	35	...	...
uary 1872	12	...	1	13	11	13	...	84	...	...
st 1870	17	...	...	17	17	17	...	84	...	...
ober 1872	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	84	...	...
ugust 1873	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	57	9	3
	834	29	1	864	708	864	...	3,660	...	6

1	2		3		4
No.	District.	Taluk.	Hobli.		Village in which is established.
1	CHITALDROOG.	Budihal	Budihal	...	Heggere
2			Huliyar	...	Yelanad
3		Kandikere	...	Kandikere	
4		Maddehalli	...	Navale	
5		Timmanhalli	...	Timmanhalli	
6		Chitaldroog	Bhimasamudra	...	Guntanur
7			Chitrahalli	...	Godabanhal
8			Kyasapur	...	Janagonda
9			Rangappanballi	...	Rangappanballi
10			Siddavvanahalli	...	Siddavvanahalli
11		Talya	...	Talya	
12		Davangere	Turavanur	...	Turavanur
13			Anaji	...	Anaji
14			Anugodu	...	Naraganhalli
15			Bharماسagara	...	Bharماسogara
16			Davangere	...	Betur
17		Hadadi	...	Hadadi	
18		Dodéri	Maikonde	...	Kadaganur
19			Dodéri	...	Dodéri
20			Gnurasamudra	...	Gnurasamudra
21			Jajur	...	Oblapur
22			Nayakanhatti	...	Nayakanhatti
23		Harihar	Parasarampur	...	Titrimanansy...
24			Talaku	...	Talaku
25			Harihar	...	Janavalli
26			Kondajji	...	Bati
27			Malebennur	...	Malebennur
28		Hiriyur	Aujamangala	...	Harati
29			Dharnapur	...	Hariyabbe
30			Hiriyur	...	Tavandi
31			Javanagondanhalli	...	Ikanur
32			Mattodu	...	Mattodu
33		Hosdurga	Bagur	...	Bagur
34			Bharmanayakandurga	...	Bharmanayakandurga
35			Holalkere	...	Holalkere
36			Hosdurga	...	Kangavalli
37			Janugallu	...	Janugallu
38		Kankuppa	Ranagiri	...	Ranagiri
39			Bilachodi	...	Bilachodi
40			Jagalur	...	Chikmallanhole
41			Sokke	...	Sokke
42			Molkalmuru...	Devasamudra	...	Rampura
43		Molkalmuru		...	Bommegaud...
44		Pavagada	Siddapur	...	Siddapur
45			Gummagatta	...	Gummagatta
46			Hoskote	...	Hoskote
47			Mugadabetta	...	Arasikere
48			Nidagallu	...	Nidagallu
49			Pavagada	...	Kannanadi
50			Ponnasamudra	...	Palavalli
51		Racharlu	...	Racharlu	

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

(Contd.)

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Published.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils attending daily.	Number of Pupils studying in each language.		Total Annual Cost.	REMARKS.
	Hindus.	Muhammadsana.	Others.	Total.		Kannarese.	Telugu.		
1871	18	...	...	18	14	18	...	84	...
1872	17	...	...	17	12	17	...	84	...
1871	17	...	...	17	11	17	...	84	...
1872	16	3	...	19	16	19	...	79	11 5
1871	24	...	...	24	20	24	...	84	...
1872	29	...	...	29	22	29	...	84	...
1869	17	...	...	17	11	17	...	84	...
1871	8	...	...	8	8	8	...	84	...
1869	17	...	...	17	13	17	...	84	...
1871	41	2	...	43	28	43	...	84	...
1870	34	...	...	34	28	34	...	84	...
1869	35	...	...	35	28	35	...	84	...
1871	11	2	...	13	7	13	...	84	...
1872	18	...	...	18	13	19	...	84	...
1870	23	...	...	23	15	23	...	84	...
1872	21	...	...	21	16	21	...	60	8 3
1872	10	...	...	10	9	10	...	84	...
1872	15	...	...	15	10	15	...	84	...
1872	4	9	...	13	12	13	...	84	...
1872	8	...	...	8	6	8	...	84	...
1872	21	...	...	21	12	21	...	84	...
1870	18	8	...	26	18	28	...	84	...
1872	10	...	...	10	10	10	...	49	...
1872	10	4	...	14	11	14	...	84	...
1872	15	...	...	15	13	15	...	79	6
1870	21	...	...	21	17	21	...	84	...
1872	5	8	...	13	9	13	...	84	...
1871	9	...	...	9	7	9	...	84	...
1872	15	...	...	15	15	15	...	84	...
1872	18	2	...	20	17	20	...	84	...
1872	13	4	...	22	19	22	...	84	...
1872	25	5	...	30	23	30	...	84	...
1869	52	10	...	62	41	62	...	144	...
1872	17	2	...	19	14	19	...	84	...
1871	82	10	...	92	68	92	...	84	...
1871	30	...	...	30	22	30	...	84	...
1872	17	...	...	17	14	17	...	78	1 7
1872	27	3	...	30	16	30	...	84	...
1872	20	4	...	24	13	24	...	84	...
1872	10	1	...	11	9	11	...	84	...
1872	19	...	...	19	12	19	...	84	...
1872	24	...	...	24	16	24	...	84	0 0
1872	32	...	...	32	23	32	...	84	0 0
1872	27	...	...	27	18	27	...	77	0 0
1872	11	...	...	11	10	11	...	84	0 0
1872	31	2	...	33	26	3	30	84	0 0
1869	34	...	...	34	27	34	...	84	0 0
1872	42	9	...	51	38	51	...	84	0 0
1870	16	3	...	19	16	19	...	84	0 0
1872	22	1	...	23	16	23	...	84	0 0
1871	25	...	...	25	18	25	...	84	0 0
	1,106	92	...	1,198	885	1,168	30	4,261	5 9

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

INSTITUTIONS

GOVERNMENT

Annual Return for 1872

No.	1 NAME OF INSTITUTION.	2 LOCALITY.	3 When established.	4 Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				8 Average Number of Pupils on the Rolls
				5 Hindus.	6 Muhammadians.	7 Others.	Total.	
1	Hindu Girls' School	Bangalore	1872	40	...	...	40	
2	Do " "	Chikballapur	1874	24	...	...	24	
3	Do " "	Chintamani	1868	24	...	...	24	
4	Do " "	Clocepet	1872	30	...	...	30	
5	Do " "	Hassan	1870	26	...	...	26	
6	Do " "	Magadi	1869	24	...	...	24	
7	Do " "	Sarjapur	1872	28	...	...	28	
8	Do " "	Shrinivaspur	1868	19	3	...	22	
9	Do " "	Sidlagatta	1872	34	...	...	34	
Total...				249	8	...	252	

INSTITUTIONS

GOVERNMENT

Annual Return for 1872

1	Hindustani Normal School	Bangalore	1869	...	13	...	13	
2	Hobli Normal School	Devanhalli	...	...	...	...	...
3	Do do	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...
4	Engineering Class	Bangalore	1860	6	3	...	9	
5	Do do	Támkrú	1871	7	...	1	8	
Total...				13	16	1	30	

GENERAL EDUCATION.

SCHOOLS.

ending 31st March 1874.

10 B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15	
Number of Pupils on the ... studying in each language at the end of the year.				Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.				
Kanarese.	Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.		From Government.	Proceeds of Endowment.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscription, Donation, &c.	
40	1 Anna	1,122	0 0	...	...	...
24	do	20	0 0	...	...	...
...	...	24	...	do	288	0 0	...	...	...
30	do	300	0 0	...	...	...
26	do	291	0 0	...	...	...
24	do	288	4 6	...	...	...
28	do	300	0 0	...	...	...
22	do	288	0 0	...	...	...
19	...	15	...	do	324	0 0	...	...	...
213	...	39	...		3,221	4 6	...	...	...

SPECIAL EDUCATION.

SCHOOLS.

ending 31st March 1874.

...	13	...	...	...	1,938	0 0	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	55	0 0	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Re. 1-8-0	693	15 10	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	96	0 0	...	...	...	...
...	13	...	...		2,782	15 10	...	...	...	...

		16	17	18			
No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year (Continued)				
			Fees, Fines, &c.	Sale of Books.	Other Sources.		
1	Hindu Girls' School	Bangalore	6				
2	Do " "	Chikballapur					
3	Do " "	Chintamani					
4	Do " "	Closetpet					
5	Do " "	Hasan					
6	Do " "	Magadi					
7	Do " "	Sarjapur					
8	Do " "	Shrinivasapur					
9	Do " "	Sidlagatta					
		Total..	6				

GOVERNMENT

1	Hindustani Normal School...	Bangalore					
2	Hobli Normal School	Devanahalli					
3	Do do	Shimoga					
4	Engineering Class	Bangalore...	164	4 0			
5	Do do	Tumacur					
		Total..	164	4 0			

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore 15th September 1874.

(Contd.)

		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Expenses during the year.				Difference.		Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.		
	Extraordinary.	Total.	Excess of Receipts over Charges.	Excess of Charges over Receipts.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	REMARKS.	
0	471	0 0	1,122	0 0	6 0	0	31	14 2
0	...	...	20	0 0	...	...	13 4	13 4
0	...	...	288	0 0	...	...	13	11 5
0	...	...	300	0 0	...	...	10	5 6
0	...	...	291	0 0	...	...	18	2 8
0	12	4 6	288	4 6	...	...	12	8 6
0	...	...	300	0 0	...	...	10	11 5
0	...	...	288	0 0	...	...	14	6 5
0	...	...	324	0 0	...	...	11	2 9
0	483	4 6	3,221	4 6	6 0	0	...	...

SCHOLS (Continued.)

0	32	0 0	1,938	0 0	161	8 0	161	8 0	Opened at the close of the year.
0	...	...	55	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	79	0 4	693	15 10	164	4 0	77	1 9	58	13 9	
0	...	...	96	0 0	...	...	12	0 0	12	0 0
6	111	0 4	2,782	15 10	164	4 0	

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

INSTITUTION

GRADE

Annual Returns for

No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	When established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils
				Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Total.	
HIGHER CLASS.								
<i>English.</i>								
1	Bishop Cotton's School	Bangalore	1865	...	...	141	141
2	Saint Andrew's School	do	1866	..	...	70	70
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>								
3	London Mission Institution	Bangalore	1847	149	4	23	176	
4	Native Educational Institution.	do	1835	289	1	8	298	
5	Wesleyan Mission School	Mysoore	1854	157	8	6	166	
Total.....				595	8	248	851	
MIDDLE CLASS.								
<i>English.</i>								
1	Ordnance School	Bangalore	1892	5	...	41	46	
2	Saint John's District School	do	1854	10	2	68	80	
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>								
3	London Mission Cantonment School.	Bangalore	1854	81	7	13	101	
4	Do do Alsur School	do	1862	81	1	2	84	
5	Saint Joseph's Catholic Seminary	do	1858	23	9	124	157	
6	Saint Mary's Catholic Seminary	do	1854	33	...	...	33
7	Saint Patrick's Catholic Seminary...	do	1860	36	1	43	80	
8	Jahagirdar's School	Telandur	1867	20	...	...	20
Total.....				289	20	291	600	

RAL EDUCATION.

SCHOOLS.

1st March 1874.

B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15		
of Pupils on the Rolls in each language at the end of the year.				Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.					
Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.	From Govern-ment.		Proceeds of Endowments.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscription, Donation, &c.			
...	1	1	2	3 Rs. to 10 Rs.	4,735	0 0	...	...	...	...
2	7	...	...	3 Rs. to 6 Rs.	2,400	0 0	...	...	...	3,601 0 0
176	...	...	...	4 As. to 1 1/4 Rs.	1,200	0 0	...	...	...	60 9 0
198	...	...	62	4 As. to 1 1/4 Rs.	2,400	0 0	...	...	...	15 0 0
198	...	...	...	8 As. to 1 1/4 Rs.	1,200	0 0	...	...	...	...
342	8	1	64		11,935	0 0	...	...	...	3,876 9 0
...	...	...	...	4 As. to 1 Re.	480	0 0	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	4 As. to 2 Re.	600	0 0	...	...	...	141 0 0
...	...	...	...	8 As. to 1 Re.	600	0 0	...	...	...	145 0 0
...	...	...	...	8 As. to 1 Re.	600	0 0	...	...	...	...
21	...	...	...	4 As. to 2 Rs.	1,200	0 0	70	0 0	...	...
88	...	...	...	2 As. to 12 As.	600	0 0	13	0 0	14	0 0
80	...	...	...	2 As. to 6 As.	960	0 0	...	0 0	...	700 0 0
20	...	...	...	4 Annas.	...	0 0	499	15 0	...	...
54	...	...	...		5,040	0 0	582	15 0	14	0 0
										998 0 0

		16	17	18	No.	
No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year (Continued)			
			Fees, Fines, &c.	Sale of Books.	Other Sources.	
HIGHER CLASS.						
<i>English.</i>						
1	Bishop Cotton's School	Bangalore	4,868	0 0	...	3 5
2	Saint Andrew's School	do	...	...	...	6 5
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>						
3	London Mission Institution	Bangalore	1,344	2 0	...	1 5
4	Native Educational Institution	do	2,325	5 0	...	6 5
6	Wesleyan Mission School	Mysore	1,170	14 0	—	2 5
Total.....			9,708	5 0	7,569	1 11 32 5
MIDDLE CLASS.						
<i>English.</i>						
1	Ordnance School	Bangalore	271	14 0	...	7 5
2	Saint John's District School	do	400	0 0	12 0 0	1 5
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>						
3	London Mission Cantonment School	Bangalore	632	14 0	...	2 5
4	Do do Alsur School	do	688	4 0	...	2 5
5	Saint Joseph's Catholic Seminary	do	327	8 0	...	2 5
6	Saint Mary's Catholic Seminary	do	60	0 0	...	2 5
7	Saint Patrick's Catholic Seminary	do	73	0 0	49 0 0	2 5
8	Jahagirdar's School	Yelandur	39	12 0	25 5 3	2 5
Total.....			2,488	4 0	86 5 3,7,045	15 9 14 5

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

(Amended.)

20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Charges during the year.			Difference.		Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.		REMARKS.
Extraordinary.	Total.	Excess of Receipts over Charges.	Excess of Charges over Receipts.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.		
0 0	975 0 0	10,935 0 0	...	1,332 0 0	76 9 10	28 14 9	
0 0	415 0 0	5,178 0 0	825 0 0	...	73 14 8	34 4 7	
0 0	...	7,295 0 0	9 11 0	...	43 10 11	7 3 0	
5 0	...	6,875 5 0	...	...	23 6 2	8 2 7	
3 0	664 12 11	3,104 15 11	...	...	20 6 10	7 15 4	
8 0	2,054 12 11	33,388 4 11	834 11 0	1,332 0 0			
13 9	88 9 6	787 3 0	...	28 9 3	20 2 11	12 0 9	
0 0	77 4 0	1,438 4 0	...	285 4 0	18 7 0	7 11 1	
14 0	...	2,622 14 0	205 0 0	...	27 14 5	6 8 2	
0 0	...	2,561 0 0	31 0 0	...	31 18 8	7 5 0	
0 0	304 8 0	5,346 8 0	...	...	51 14 6	11 10 4	
0 0	20 0 0	1,200 0 0	...	51 0 0	86 5 10	18 2 11	
0 0	117 0 0	1,842 0 0	15 0 0	...	24 14 3	12 15 7	
8 6	...	551 8 6	26 11 6	...	30 4 8	...	
4 3	607 5 6	16,342 9 9	277 11 6	364 13 3			

L. RICE,
 Director of Public Instruction.

INSTITUTIONS

GRANTS

Annual Return for the

No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	When established.	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.			Total.	Average Number of Pupils on the Rolls monthly.	
				Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.			
				1	2	3			4	5	6	7	8
LOWER CLASS.									
<i>English.</i>									
1	Cantonment Orphanage	... Bangalore	... 1868	...	...	53	53	51
2	Saint Mark's Ragged School	... Bangalore	... 1864	...	...	26	26	16
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>									
3	Blackpalli Catholic School	... Bangalore	... 1865	74	...	11	85	78	
4	Catholic School, Mysore	... Mysore	... 1861	172	3	6	181	135	
5	Saint Paul's Mission School	... Bangalore	... 1840	22	4	21	47	36	
6	Wealeyan Mission Boys' Orphanage.	Tumkūr	... 1865	...	...	19	19	19
<i>Vernacular-Kanarese.</i>									
7	Anekal London Mission School	... Anekal	... 1866	55	...	...	55	50
8	Chetnahalli Branch School	... Singapur	... 1868	26	...	...	26	23
9	Shethalli Catholic School	... Shethalli	... 1862	48	...	...	48	45
10	Wealeyan Mission School, Fort gate.	Tumkūr	... 1842	81	6	4	91	86	
11	Do do	Gubbi Pete	... 1840	72	6	...	78	76	
12	Do do	Gulur	... 1859	66	1	...	67	65	
13	Do do	Hoshalli	... 1843	45	5	...	50	50	
14	Do do	Kallur	... 1860	41	...	...	41	41
15	Do do	Kyatsandra	... Kyatsandra	... 1361	42	...	42	40	
16	Do do	Kadaba	... Kadaba	... 1849	49	1	...	50	46
17	Do do	Market	... Mysore	... 1854	139	6	2	147	123
18	Do do	Pete Main Street	Bangalore	... 1856	79	2	11	92	93
19	Do do	do	Mysore	... 1860	86	5	1	92	83
20	Do do	Shimoga	... Shimoga	... 1867	59	24	...	83	65
21	Do do	Tumkūr Pete	... Tumkūr	... 1872	71	4	...	75	63
<i>Tamil and Telugu.</i>									
22	Blackpalli Catholic School	... Bangalore	... 1865	86	...	...	86	77
23	Chatur Veda Siddhanta Sabha School	do	... 1842	199	2	...	201	229	
24	Gun Troop Tamil Boys' School	do	... 1864	52	...	18	70	44	
25	18th Hussars' Tamil Boys' School.	do	... 1872	40	5	10	55	38	

GENERAL EDUCATION.

SCHOOLS.

ending 31st March 1874.

A	10 B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15	16
Number of Pupils on the Rolls studying in each language at the end of the year.					Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.				
Kanarese.	Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.	From Government.		Proceeds of Endowments.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscription, Donation, &c.	Fees, Fines, &c.	
...	6 Pie.	720 0 0	2,891 6 9	...	2,956 8 0	...	7 10 6
...	6 Pie.	90 0 0	...	...	195 8 0	...	...
24	36	6 Pie to 1 Anna.	400 0 0	...	...	250 0 0	...	0 0
31	125	1 Anna to 2 As.	300 0 0	...	...	180 0 0	...	42 0 0
...	15	1 Anna to 8 As.	120 0 0	...	...	246 11 0	...	71 6 0
19	360 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
55	6 Pie to 2 As.	180 0 0	...	...	...	...	19 15 9
26	120 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
48	6 Pie to 1 Anna.	180 0 0	...	...	60 0 0	...	25 0 0
91	do	120 0 0	...	...	130 0 0	...	24 0 0
78	1 Anna.	180 0 0	...	...	78 0 0	...	56 8 0
87	6 Pie to 1 Anna.	120 0 0	...	...	80 0 0	...	10 8 0
50	1 Anna.	120 0 0	...	...	44 8 6	...	21 0 0
41	do	120 0 0	...	...	50 0 0	...	19 0 0
42	1/4 to 1 Anna.	120 0 0	...	...	70 0 0	...	8 0 0
50	1 Anna.	120 0 0	...	...	47 8 6	...	1 8 0 0
147	1 to 1 1/2 As.	1,360 0 0	...	...	23 0 0	...	59 5 0
92	6 Pie to 4 As.	240 0 0	...	...	...	...	80 15 2
92	1 Anna.	240 0 0	...	...	20 0 0	...	42 10 6
83	4 Pie to 1 Anna.	120 0 0	...	...	56 0 0	...	32 0 0
75	do	470 0 0	...	...	120 0 0	...	23 0 0
...	86	1 Anna.	100 0 0	...	...	60 0 0	...	20 0 0
...	...	84	117	2 to 8 As.	600 0 0	...	...	112 2 9	...	322 10 9
...	70	...	96 0 0	...	...	22 8 0	...	...
...	55	...	120 0 0	...	...	121 13 6	...	...

No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year (Rupees)			
			Sale of Books.	Other Sources.	Total.	
						17	18	19
LOWER CLASS.						
<i>English.</i>						
1	Cantonment Orphanage	Bangalore	...	998	12 0	7,506
2	Saint Mark's Ragged School	Bangalore	...	...	...	285
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>						
3	Blackpalli Catholic School	Bangalore	...	300	0 0	1,008
4	Catholic School, Mysore	Mysore	...	15 0 0	10 0 0	567
5	Saint Paul's Mission School	Bangalore	...	...	...	435
6	Wesleyan Mission Boys' Orphanage	Tumkūr	...	600	0 0	960
<i>Vernacular-Kannarese.</i>						
7	Anekal London Mission School	Anekal	...	204	0 0	403
8	Chetnahalli Branch School	Singapur	...	...	...	120
9	Shethalli Catholic School	Shethalli	...	10 0 0	...	276
10	Wesleyan Mission School, Fort Gate.	Tumkūr	...	...	...	274
11	Do do	Gubbi Pete	Gubbi	...	...	304
12	Do do	Gulur	Gulur	...	...	210
13	Do do	Hoshalli	Hoshalli	...	...	185
14	Do do	Kallur	Kallur	...	...	189
15	Do do	Kyatsandra	Kyatsandra	...	...	198
16	Do do	Kadaba	Kadaba	...	...	185
17	Do do	Market	Mysore	...	...	1,443
18	Do do	Pete Main Street	Bangalore	...	269 0 10	590
19	Do do	do do	Mysore	...	...	502
20	Do do	Shimoga	Shimoga	...	16 0 0	224
21	Do do	Tumkūr Pete	Tumkūr	...	...	613
<i>Tamil and Telugu.</i>						
22	Blackpalli Catholic School	Bangalore	...	60	0 0	240
23	Chatur Veda Siddhanta Sabha School	do	...	251	12 1	1,286
24	Gun Troop Tamil Boys' School	do	...	85	1 6	205
25	18th Hussar's Tamil Boys' School	do	...	...	...	241

(ad.)

21		22		23		24		25		26		27
Charges during the year.				Difference.				Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				
Extraordinary.		Total.		Excess of Receipts over Charges.		Excess of Charges over Receipts.		Total Cost.		Cost to Government.		
4 0	1,068	3 8	4,370	7 8	3,195	14 1	..	85	11 1	14	1 11	
5 10	69	12 7	263	2 5	30	0 1	...	16	7 0	5	10 0	
0 0	40	0 0	1,020	0 0	...	...	20	0 0	13	1 2	5	2 1
0 0	12	0 0	624	0 0	...	...	77	0 0	4	9 11	2	3 7
0 0	47	11 6	407	11 6	30	5 6	...	11	10 5	8	6 10	
0 0	...	0 0	960	0 0	...	...	...	50	8 5	18	5 2	
...	...	...	480	0 0	...	...	76	0 3	9	9 7	3	9 7
...	...	...	112	0 0	8	0 0	...	4	3 11	5	3 8	
...	15	0 0	291	0 0	...	...	16	0 0	6	7 6	4	0 0
...	...	...	274	0 0	...	...	...	3	3 0	1	6 4	
...	...	...	314	8 0	...	...	...	4	2 2	2	5 11	
...	...	...	210	8 0	...	...	...	3	3 10	1	13 8	
...	...	...	185	8 8	...	...	...	3	11 4	2	6 5	
...	...	...	189	0 0	...	...	...	4	9 9	2	14 9	
...	...	...	198	0 0	...	...	...	4	15 2	3	0 0	
...	...	...	185	8 6	...	...	...	4	0 6	2	9 9	
...	1,000	0 0	1,496	0 0	...	...	53	11 0	4	1 1	2	2 1
...	...	...	590	0 0	...	...	...	6	6 7	2	9 9	
...	...	...	311	0 0	...	...	8	5 6	5	15 8	4	9 10
...	...	...	224	0 0	...	...	...	3	7 2	1	13 6	
...	350	0 0	613	0 0	...	...	...	4	3 10	1	15 0	
...	15	0 0	275	0 0	...	...	35	0 0	3	7 8	1	4 3
...	25	8 2	1,158	2 10	128	6 9	...	4	10 1	2	6 5	
...	5	8 0	203	9 6	...	...	...	4	10 0	2	2 11	
...	14	9 0	241	13 6	...	...	...	6	5 10	3	2 6	

No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.				Average Number of Pupils on the Rolls monthly.			
									NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	When established.	Hindus.		Muhammadians.	Others.	Total.
<i>Sanskrit.</i>																
26	Chintamani Sanskrit School	Chintamani	1868	24	...	...	24	23						
27	Chikballapur do	Chikballapur	1865	51	...	...	51	43						
28	Magadi do	Magadi	1870	49	...	...	49	56						
29	Melkote do	Melkote	1867	72	...	...	72	73						
30	Muttur do	Muttur	1866	33	...	...	33	32						
31	Sanskrita Vidya Nilaya School	Bangalore	1869	37	...	...	37	35						
32	Seringapatam Sanskrit School	Seringapatam	1869	40	...	...	40	34						
33	Shravanabelgola do	Shravanabelgola	1873	23	...	...	23	23						
34	Yedatore do	Yedatore	1873	31	...	...	31	26						
35	Yelandur do	Yelandur	1871	30	...	...	30	30						
<i>Hindustani and Persian.</i>																
36	Channagiri Hindustani School	Channagiri	1869	1	29	...	30	30								
37	Commissariat do	Bangalore	1864	...	16	...	16	16								
38	Davangere do	Davangere	1873	3	31	...	34	34								
39	Dodballapur do	Dodballapur	1868	4	49	...	53	49								
40	Hassan do	Hassan	1866	5	30	...	35	26								
41	Hindiganal do	Hindiganal	1863	4	24	...	28	27								
42	Hole Honour do	Hole Honour	1873	2	24	...	26	24								
43	Honnali do	Honnali	1869	...	27	...	27	23								
44	Huliyurdurga do	Huliyurdurga	1869	...	18	...	18	16								
45	Kannur do	Kannur	1873	...	15	...	15	14								
46	Kunigal do	Kunigal	1864	5	24	...	29	20								
47	Madras Ahmedia	Shrinivasapur	1865	3	44	...	47	46								
48	do Ibrahim	Ichanpalli	1840	...	30	...	30	23								
49	do Istamsiya	Bangalore	1860	...	114	...	114	110								
50	do do	Chintamani	1856	...	29	...	29	26								
51	do Kudusia	Bangalore	1863	6	131	...	137	130								
52	do Mahommedia	do	1862	6	104	...	110	109								
53	do do	Channapatna	1864	...	82	...	82	80								
54	do do	French Rocks	1865	...	38	...	36	34								
55	do Sultani	Bangalore	1866	...	92	...	92	90								
56	do do	Hansur	1868	...	40	...	40	40								
57	Magadi Hindustani School	Magadi	1872	1	38	...	39	39								
58	Mesti do	Mesti	1872	...	36	...	36	33								
59	Nelamangala do	Nelamangala	1868	...	42	...	42	33								
60	Ronur do	Ronur	1868	...	25	...	25	24								
61	Tyamagondal do	Tyamagondal	1868	...	23	...	23	22								
Total...				2,034	1,227	208	3,469	3,163								

(continued.)

10 B				10 C				10 D				10 E				11				12				13				14				15				16																																																																																
Number of Pupils on the Bells studying in each language at the end of the year.																Receipts during the year.																																																																																																				
Kanarese.				Hindustani.				Telugu.				Tamil.				Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.				From Government.				Proceeds of Endowments.				Local Rate or Assessment.				Subscription, Donation, &c.				Fees, Fines, &c.																																																																																
...	...	24	50	49	72	33	37	40	23	31	30	...	1 Anna.	120	0 0	5	0 0	144	0 0	18	0 0																																																																		
...	...	50	49	72	33	37	40	23	31	30	...	do	180	0 0	120	0 0	8	12 0																																																																						
...	...	49	72	33	37	40	23	31	30	...	do	180	0 0	52	0 0	264	0 0																																																																										
...	...	72	33	37	40	23	31	30	30	...	do	280	0 0	60	0 0	30	11 0																																																																										
...	...	33	37	40	23	31	30	30	30	...	do	180	0 0	349	0 0	19	0 0																																																																										
...	...	37	40	23	31	30	30	30	30	...	do	240	0 0	2	0 0	42	9 0																																																																										
...	...	40	23	31	30	30	30	30	30	...	1 Anna.	240	0 0	460	0 0	30	0 0																																																																										
...	...	23	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	...	do	105	0 0	105	0 0	4	5 6																																																																										
...	...	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	...	1 Anna.	120	0 0	150	0 0	18	0 0																																																																										
...	...	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	...																																																																					
...	...	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	...																																																																					
...	...	16	34	49	25	28	26	27	18	15	29	47	30	114	29	137	110	82	36	92	40	39	36	42	25	23	111	...	1,179	478	504	...	13,507	0 0	3,452	6 9 68	11,124	6 8 1,869	3 2

No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION.	LOCALITY.	Receipts during the year. (Continued)		
			17	18	19
			Sale of Books.	Other Sources.	Total.
<i>Sanskrit.</i>					
26	Chintamani Sanskrit School	Chintamani			287
27	Chikballapur do	Chikballapur			308
28	Magadi do	Magadi			496
29	Melkote do	Melkote			370
30	Muttur do	Muttur			548
31	Sanskrita Vidya Nilaya School	Bangalore			622
32	Seringapatani Sanskrit School	Seringapatani		80	810
33	Shravanbelgola do	Shravanbelgola	8	7	223
34	Yedatore do	Yedatore			288
35	Yelandur do	Yelandur			177
<i>Hindustani and Persian.</i>					
36	Channagiri Hindustani School	Channagiri			200
37	Commissariat do	Bangalore			221
38	Davangere do	Davangere			127
39	Dodballapur do	Dodballapur			136
40	Hasean do	Hasean			371
41	Hindiganal do	Hindiganal	7	8	309
42	Hole Honnur do	Hole Honnur		120	240
43	Honnali do	Honnali		0	261
44	Huliyurdurga do	Huliyurdurga			228
45	Kannur do	Kannur			325
46	Kunigal do	Kunigal			231
47	Madrasa Ahmedia	Shrinivasapur			516
48	Do Ibrahim	Ichappalli			244
49	Do Lalammaiya	Bangalore	20	0	1,280
50	Do do	Chintamani			259
51	Do Kudusia	Bangalore			1,557
52	Do Mahommadia	Do			1,256
53	Do do	Channapatna		318	574
54	Do do	French Rocks		3	249
55	Do Sultani	Bangalore			846
56	Do do	Hinsur		6	247
57	Magadi Hindustani School	Magadi	6	8	378
58	Masti do	Masti			241
59	Nelamangala do	Nelamangala			263
60	Ronur do	Ronur			258
61	Tyamagondal do	Tyamagondal			258
Total...			87	7	3,318
				13	5,33,507

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

(contd.)

21		22		23		24		25		26		27				
Charges during the year.				Difference.				Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				REMARKS.				
Extraordinary.		Total.		Excess of Receipts over Charges.		Excess of Charges over Receipts.		Total Cost.		Cost to Government.						
0	48	8	2	288	8	2	...	1	8	2	12	8	8	5	3	6
0	...	0	0	415	12	0	...	107	0	0	5	5	0	3	9	7
0	12	...	0	495	0	0	...	...	...	...	11	8	7	4	3	0
0	10	11	0	370	11	0	...	...	...	...	5	4	9	0	0	0
0	50	0	0	598	0	0	...	50	0	0	18	11	0	5	10	0
0	12	8	0	618	8	0	4	3	0	...	18	11	0	7	4	4
0	...	...	...	877	0	0	...	67	0	0	25	12	8	7	0	11
0	5	0	0	215	0	0	8	6	6	...	9	5	7	4	9	0
0	9	0	0	297	0	0	...	9	0	0	11	8	9	4	9	10
0	...	...	...	177	0	0	...	...	...	...	5	14	5	...	0	0
0	...	...	...	200	3	0	...	...	...	...	6	10	9	4	0	0
0	...	...	...	221	0	0	...	...	...	...	13	13	0	6	6	0
0	...	...	...	127	8	0	...	...	...	...	3	12	0	3	8	6
0	...	...	...	146	6	9	...	10	0	0	2	15	0	2	3	11
0	6	8	0	373	8	0	...	2	4	0	14	15	0	9	9	7
0	24	0	0	309	6	0	...	...	...	...	11	7	4	4	7	1
0	...	...	...	240	0	0	...	...	...	...	10	0	0	5	0	0
0	21	4	0	261	4	0	...	...	...	...	11	5	9	5	3	6
0	...	...	...	220	12	5	...	...	...	...	14	2	9	7	8	0
0	...	...	...	225	2	0	...	...	...	...	16	1	3	6	6	10
0	...	...	...	253	8	0	...	21	7	0	12	10	10	6	0	0
0	252	0	0	516	0	0	...	...	...	...	11	3	6	5	3	6
0	73	0	0	217	0	0	27	5	0	...	7	12	0	4	4	7
0	80	0	0	1,280	0	0	...	...	...	...	11	10	2	5	7	3
0	127	8	0	259	8	0	...	...	...	...	9	15	8	4	9	10
0	49	6	9	1,357	6	9	...	...	...	...	10	7	0	4	9	10
0	74	2	8	1,256	2	8	...	...	...	...	11	5	4	5	8	1
0	21	10	0	502	2	0	72	4	6	...	6	4	5	3	0	0
0	...	...	...	249	3	0	...	...	...	...	7	5	3	3	8	6
0	42	15	6	846	15	6	...	...	...	...	9	6	8	2	10	8
0	7	0	0	249	0	0	...	1	5	0	6	2	8	6	12	0
0	6	8	0	378	8	0	...	...	...	...	9	11	3	4	9	10
0	1	7	0	241	7	0	...	...	...	...	7	8	9	3	12	0
0	...	...	...	263	2	0	...	...	...	...	6	14	11	3	12	8
0	...	...	...	258	6	0	...	...	...	...	10	12	3	5	0	0
0	...	...	...	253	9	6	...	...	...	...	11	8	5	5	7	3
3,662	2	5	30,528	0	5	3,584	13	0	555	8	11					

No
INSTITUTIONS FO

GRANT-IN-AID

Annual Return for the year

No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Number of Pupils on the Rolls at the end of the year.					
								When established.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.	Average Number of Pupils for the twelve months.
HIGHER CLASS. <i>English.</i>													
1	Bishop Cotton's School ...	Bangalore...	...	1865	...	...	94	94				
2	Wesleyan Mission School ...	Do ...	...	1865	...	...	61	61				
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>													
3	Convent of the Good Shepherd ...	Bangalore...	...	1854	51	...	105	156					
MIDDLE CLASS <i>English.</i>								Total.	51	...	260	311	
<i>English.</i>													
4	Miss Ferguson's School ...	Bangalore...	...	1864	...	...	57	57				
5	St. John's District do ...	Do ...	...	1854	...	...	69	69				
6	Do Infants' do ...	Do ...	...	1854	...	...	63	63				
LOWER CLASS. <i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>								Total.	189	189	
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>													
7	London Mission Boarding School ...	Bangalore...	...	1842	...	...	29	29				
8	St. Paul's Mission School ...	Do ...	...	1840	8	...	27	35				
9	Wesleyan Mission Orphan School ...	Do ...	...	1855	32	...	...	32				
Vernacular-Kanarese.													
10	Hindu School, Chitaldroog ...	Chitaldroog	...	1870	41	...	...	41				
11	London Mission School, Arlepete ...	Bangalore...	...	1863	91	...	...	91				
12	Do do Cubbonpete ...	Do ...	...	1858	71	...	...	71				
13	Do do Hospete ...	Do ...	...	1867	118	...	...	118				
14	Do do Kurubarpete ...	Do ...	...	1863	96	...	...	96				
15	Sanmarga Darasani Balika Patashala...	Seringapatam	...	1869	35	...	...	35				
16	Shethalli Catholic School ...	Shethalli ...	...	1864	25	...	...	25				
17	Wesleyan Mission Nagartapete School ...	Bangalore...	...	1860	120	...	24	144					
18	Do School ...	Gubbi ...	...	1871	62	...	1	63				
19	Do do Mandi Street ...	Mysore ...	...	1855	80	...	...	80				
20	Do do Srirampete ...	Do ...	...	1867	80	...	...	80				
21	Do do Fort ...	Tumkur ...	...	1868	86	4	6	96				
22	Do do Pete ...	Do ...	...	1869	88	6	...	94				
23	Do do Shimoga ...	Shimoga ...	...	1872	68	...	...	68				
Tamil.													
24	Alsar Caste Girls' School ...	Bangalore ...	...	1864	101	...	...	101				
25	Blackpalli Catholic do ...	Do ...	...	1865	48	...	...	48				
26	Hindu Female do ...	Do ...	...	1854	104	...	...	104				
27	Mysore Catholic do ...	Mysore ...	...	1863	77	...	...	77				
Hindustani.													
27	Madrasa Mufidun Nisvan ...	Bangalore...	...	1868	...	38	...	38					
29	Muhammdan Female Edl. Institution	Do ...	...	1867	...	85	...	85				
Total.....									1,481	133	87	1,651	1,651
Grand Total.....									1,482	133	536	2,151	2,151

AL EDUCATION.

SCHOOLS.

1st March 1874.

10 A	10 B	10 C	10 D	10 E	11	12	13	14	15				
Number of Pupils on the Rolls studying in each language at the end of the year.					Monthly Rate or Rates of Schooling Fee.	Receipts during the year.							
English.	Kanaree.	Hindustani.	Telugu.	Tamil.		From Govern-ment.	Proceeds of Endowments.	Local Rate or Assessment.	Subscription, Donation, &c.				
94	...	...	...	...	3 to 6 Rs.	1,880	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	...	...	...	...	3 Rs.	980	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
105	...	...	...	51	1 to 3 do.	1,200	0 0	...	...	...	250	0 0	...
260	...	...	...	51		4,040	0 0	...	...	...	250	0 0	...
57	...	...	...	...	2 Rs.	360	0 0	...	...	...	45	0 0	...
69	...	...	...	...	4 As. to 1 Re.	600	0 0	...	...	...	141	0 0	...
68	...	...	...	...	2 to 8 As.	600	0 0	...	...	...	141	0 0	...
194	...	...	...	...		1,560	0 0	...	...	...	327	0 0	...
29	29	...	...	...	8 As. to 1 Re.	600	0 0	...	...	...	279	0 0	...
...	...	...	...	35	1 to 2 As.	120	0 0	...	...	...	246	11 0	...
11	...	...	...	32	1 to 2 Rs.	600	0 0	...	...	...	894	0 0	...
...	41	...	...	...	1 Anna	120	0 0	...	...	...	60	0 0	...
...	91	...	...	...	do	270	0 0	...	...	...	263	0 0	...
...	71	...	...	...	do	270	0 0	...	...	...	263	0 0	...
...	118	...	...	...	do	270	0 0	...	...	...	263	0 0	...
...	86	...	...	...	do	270	0 0	...	...	...	263	0 0	...
...	35	...	...	...	...	180	0 0	10	0 0	...	349	0 0	...
...	25	...	...	...	1 to 2 As.	180	0 0	...	...	...	125	0 0	...
16	144	...	...	...	do	480	0 0	...	...	...	1,190	10 2	...
...	63	...	...	...	do	120	0 0	...	...	...	415	3 4	...
...	80	...	...	...	do	120	0 0	...	...	...	250	1 0	...
...	80	...	...	...	do	120	0 0	...	...	...	201	8 0	...
...	96	...	...	...	do	240	0 0	...	...	...	263	0 0	...
...	94	...	...	...	do	180	0 0	...	...	...	128	0 0	...
...	68	...	...	...	do	240	0 0	...	...	...	56	0 0	...
...	...	...	...	101	do	240	0 0	...	...	...	228	12 0	...
...	...	...	...	48	1 Anna	100	0 0	...	...	...	60	0 0	...
...	...	...	...	104	1 to 2 As.	600	0 0	...	...	...	258	6 11	...
...	...	...	...	77	do	300	0 0	...	...	...	160	0 0	...
...	...	...	...	...	1 Anna	240	0 0	...	...	...	348	0 0	...
...	...	...	...	...	do	600	0 0	...	...	...	350	0 0	...
56	1,121	123	...	397		6,460	0 0	10	0 0	...	6,913	4 5	...
510	1,121	123	...	448		12,060	0 0	10	0 0	...	7,490	4 5	...

No.	NAME OF INSTITUTION	LOCALITY.	16			17			18											
			Receipts during the year. (Continued.)																	
			Fees, Fines, &c.			Sale of Books.			Other Sources.											
HIGHER CLASS. <i>English.</i>																				
	Bishop Cotton's School	Bangalore	3,024	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wesleyan Mission School	Do	1,777	0	0	174	13	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>																				
	Convent of the Good Sheph. rd	Bangalore	430	0	0	51	0	0	303	0	0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
MIDDLE CLASS. <i>English.</i>			5,231	0	0	225	13	0	903	0	0	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>English.</i>																				
	Miss Ferguson's School	Bangalore	1,132	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	St. John's District do	Do	240	9	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do Infants' do	Do	137	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
LOWER CLASS. <i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>			1,509	15	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Anglo-Vernacular.</i>																				
	London Mission Boarding School	Bangalore	20	0	0	...	...	...	1,328	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	St. Paul's Mission School	Do	10	10	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wesleyan Mission Orphan School	Do	79	8	0	163	8	9	115	7	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Vernacular-Kanarese.</i>																				
	Hindu School, Chitaldroog	Chitaldroog	8	4	0	...	...	...	482	0	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	London Mission School, Arlepete	Bangalore	6	3	0	...	...	...	450	0	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Cubbonpete	Do	11	0	0	...	...	...	498	0	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Hospete	Do	5	8	0	...	...	...	470	0	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Kurubarpete	Do	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Senmarga Darasani Balika Patashale	Seringapatam	21	0	0	10	0	0	5	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shethalli Catholic School	Shethalli	...	...	...	...	...	...	217	10	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wesleyan Mission Nagartypete School	Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do School	Gubbi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Mandi Street.	Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Scirampete	Do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Fort	Tumkur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Pete	Do	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do do Shimoga	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Tamil.</i>																				
	Amar Caste Girls' School	Bangalore	1	10	3	16	0	5	211	10	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Blackpalli Catholic do	Do	10	0	0	...	...	...	85	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hindu Female do	Do	1	4	0	23	6	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mysore Catholic do	Mysore	31	0	0	8	0	0	10	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Hindustani.</i>																				
	Madrasa Mufidon Nisvan	Bangalore	13	12	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muhammadian Female Edl. Institution	Do	80	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			299	11	5	220	15	11	3,976	0	1	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			640	10	5	448	12	11	4,279	0	1	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

21		22		23		24		25		26		27	
Charges during the year.				Difference.				Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				REMARKS.	
Extraordinary.		Total.		Excess of Receipts over Charges.		Excess of Charges over Receipts.		Total Cost.		Cost to Government.			
...	...	4,520	0 0	384	0 0	50	3 7	20	14 3		
215	8 6	2,664	7 1	247	5 11	...	...	51	3 10	18	7 5		
80	0 0	2,320	0 0	...	...	86	0 0	15	7 6	8	0 0		
295	8 6	9,504	7 1	631	5 11	86	0 0	...	...	...	...
85	0 0	1,777	0 0	...	...	240	0 0	31	11 9	6	6 10		
189	13 6	1,045	13 6	...	...	64	4 6	15	9 9	8	5 3		
43	0 0	582	0 0	296	6 0	...	...	9	11 2	10	1 6		
207	13 6	3,404	13 6	296	6 0	304	4 6	...	...	...	...
...	...	2,201	12 3	25	5 10	...	...	75	14 9	20	11 0		
...	...	360	0 0	17	5 0	...	...	10	4 7	3	6 10		
271	8 5	1,565	1 1	287	6 10	...	...	55	14 4	21	6 10		
2	0 0	180	0 0	...	...	...	...	4	11 9	3	2 6		
...	...	980	0 0	43	4 0	...	...	10	14 3	3	0 6		
...	...	967	0 0	22	3 0	...	...	12	1 5	3	6 0		
...	...	990	0 0	42	0 0	...	...	9	0 0	2	7 3		
...	...	978	0 0	30	8 0	...	...	10	13 10	3	0 0		
...	...	619	0 0	...	...	...	...	20	10 1	6	0 0		
26	0 0	346	0 0	...	...	...	...	14	6 8	7	8 0		
81	13 0	1,888	5 0	...	...	...	...	14	4 11	3	10 2		
149	4 0	401	4 0	133	15 4	...	...	6	5 11	1	14 6		
105	13 0	370	1 0	...	...	...	...	5	1 1	1	10 4		
...	...	321	8 0	...	...	...	...	4	0 4	1	8 0		
...	...	452	0 0	71	0 0	...	...	4	14 7	2	9 9		
...	...	400	0 0	...	...	78	14 6	4	4 10	1	15 0		
...	...	296	0 0	...	...	...	...	5	11 0	4	9 10		
22	5 3	582	3 10	115	13 4	...	...	5	13 2	2	6 5		
15	0 0	285	0 0	...	...	10	0 0	5	14 3	2	3 7		
189	0 3	873	0 3	8	1 5	...	...	8	9 1	5	13 2		
65	0 0	515	0 0	...	...	6	0 0	9	0 7	5	4 5		
4	12 2	601	12 2	...	...	...	...	17	11 2	7	0 11		
80	0 0	1,030	0 0	...	...	...	...	12	14 0	7	8 0		
1,022	8 1	17,182	15 7	796	14 9	99	14 6	...	...	...	...
1,185	14 1	33,092	4 2	1,724	10 8	490	3 0	...	...	...	...

No. 8.

Abstract of Expenditure of the Educational Department for the year ending 31st March 1874.

CHARGES.	From Provincial Funds.			From Local Funds.			Total Expenditure.		
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.									
Direction and its subsidiary charges ...	12,883	7	3	...	...	...	12,883	7	3
Inspection and its subsidiary charges ...	26,086	1	4	6,787	1	4	32,873	2	8
INSTRUCTION.									
I. GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS.									
<i>Boys' Schools.</i>									
Higher Class ...	45,702	0	0	...	...	...	45,702	0	0
Middle Class ...	8,486	0	0	...	...	...	8,486	0	0
Lower Class ...	33,532	0	0	45,031	6	1	78,563	6	1
Girls' Schools ...	3,221	0	0	...	...	...	3,221	0	0
Normal Schools ...	1,938	0	0	55	9	4	1,993	9	4
Engineering Classes ...	790	0	0	...	...	...	790	0	0
2. AIDED SCHOOLS.									
<i>Boys' Schools.</i>									
Higher Class ...	11,935	0	0	...	...	...	11,935	0	0
Middle „ ...	5,040	0	0	...	...	...	5,040	0	0
Lower „ ...	13,507	0	0	...	...	...	13,507	0	0
<i>Girls' Schools.</i>									
Higher Class ...	4,040	0	0	...	...	...	4,040	0	0
Middle „ ...	1,560	0	0	...	...	...	1,560	0	0
Lower „ ...	6,460	0	0	...	...	...	6,460	0	0
Special School ...	600	0	0	...	...	...	600	0	0
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>									
Including Book Department ...	11,783	0	0	3,924	0	0	15,707	12	0
Total.....	1,87,573	8	7	55,798	13	6	2,43,372	6	1

OFFICE OF THE D. P. I.,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

L. RICE
Director of

Statement showing the Expenditure of Public Money during the year 1873-74, on Educational Buildings in the Province of Mysore.

Expenditure from Department	Amount.		Expenditure from Educational Budget.	Amount.	
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
(a.) <i>Repairs</i> .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..
Repairing Raja's School, Mysore.	388	0 0	Repairing Schools, Estimates varying from Rs. 12 to Rs. 849	3,686	1 1
(b.) <i>Minor Works up to Rs. 2,500</i> .. .. .	..	..	(c.) <i>Minor Works.</i> .. .. .	..	..
(c.) <i>Larger Works above Rs. 2,500</i>	3,720	0 0	Encheing School Compounds, Estimates varying from Rs. 24 to Rs. 48-4	72	4 0
Total from Public Works Budget.	4,118	0 0	(f.) <i>Minor Grants-in-aid under Rs. 1,000.</i>	1,350	0 0
			(g.) <i>Larger Grants-in-aid above Rs. 1,000</i>		
			Total from Educational Budget.....	5,118	5 1

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

APPENDIX II

STATISTICAL RETURNS.

STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION

TABULATED ACCORDING TO THE FORM PREPARED BY THE

STATISTICAL COMMITTEE.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

B. EDUCATIONAL.

1. THE UNIVERSITY.

2. COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

3. RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

4. DISTRIBUTION OF SCHOOLS.

C. LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC.

1. LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETIES.

2. THE PRESS.

IV.
STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.
A.

ECOLESTIASTICAL.

Return of Religious Institutions of various Denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1874.

DENOMINATION.	Number of Churches or Institutions.	Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of persons attending worship.	INCOME.			From Fees and Offerings.	Explanatory Remarks.
				Paid by Government.	From endowed Property.			
					In land.	In money.		
Roman Catholic	84	1 Bishop and 25 Priests	26,500	380	93	...	...
Church of England	6	6	2,113	31,872	...	5,491	...	
Church of Scotland	1	1	400	9,600	...	1,465	...	
Protestant Dissenters	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wesleyans	11	9	1,800	...	...	...	...
Independents.	2	14	428	...	...	...	...
Baptists	1	1	90	...	...	1,238	...
Greeks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Armenians	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Unitarians	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hindu	24,434	16,548	8,98,165	2,39,742	24,430	19,929	23,493	
Muhammalian	774	578	64,515	15,429	798	507	480	
Sumi	1	...	56	...	...	...	...
Shiah	16	16	5,520	14	...	8	200	
Kh...	146	70	10,689	4,267	522	319	1,954	
Buddhist or Jain	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	28,476	17,267	10,09,824	9,01,804	26,578	20,761	24,021	

The Mission is sustained chiefly by Funds from England.

Result of the Examinations of the University of Madras for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

NATURE OF EXAMINATION.	No. of Institutions sending up candidates.			Number of Candidates sent up.				Number of Candidates passed.				Religious or national classification of passed candidates.					REMARKS.		
	Government Institutions.	Private Institutions.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Christians.	Hindus.	Natives of India.		Europeans.			
														Muhammadians.	Courgs.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		
Entrance or Matriculation	7	6	13	65	72	18	155	23	20	•	48	2	29	•	2	•	10	*Not known.	
First Arts	3	1	4	14	5	12	31	8	2	•	10	•	9	1	•	•	•	•	
Bachelor of Arts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Master of Arts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Licentiate of Law	•	•	•	•	•	4	4	•	•	4	4	1	3	•	•	•	•	•	
Bachelor of Law	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Doctor of Law	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
First L. M. S.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
L. M. S.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
First B. M.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
B. M.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
M. D.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
First L. C. E.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
L. C. E.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
B. C. E.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
M. C. E.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Engineering	10	7	17	79	77	34	190	31	22	4	57	3	41	1	2	•	10		
Total.....																			

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

STATISTICS

EDUCATION

Return of Colleges and Schools and

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS.				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March learning through.	
				English.	Vernacular only.
1	2	3	4	5	6
COLLEGES OR DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY IN—					
Arts *					
Law					
Medicine					
Engineering					
COLLEGES NOT AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—					
Madrasahs					
Medical Schools (Vernacular)					
NORMAL SCHOOLS—					
For Masters	3	13	10	...	12
For Mistresses .....	...	...	...	...	...
SCHOOLS OF ART	2	17	15	17	...
OTHER TECHNICAL SCHOOLS	5	719	719	28	688
SCHOOLS FOR BOYS—					
Higher Schools (English)	7	1588	1,316	1,588	1,588
Middle Schools teaching through	6	250	187	250	250
{ English					
{ Vernacular only.					
Lower and Primary Schools	638	17,306	12,991	...	17,306
SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS—					
For Natives of India	9	252	201	...	252
For Europeans and others .....	...	...	...	...	...
MIXED SCHOOLS (BOYS AND GIRLS)	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	670	20,145	15,439	1,884	20,088

* In those Provinces where Colleges are divided into those teaching Arts and Science.

EDUCATION.

12

Persons attending them, for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

					AIDED INSTITUTIONS.					
Religious or national classification of scholars as on 31st March.					Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through.		
Hindus.	Muharramedans.			Others.				English.	Vernacular only.	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
...	18			...	...	...	...	...	...
18	3			1	...	...	...	...	...
652	34			33	...	...	...	...	...
1,462	52			74	5	851	718	851	653	
239	5			6	7	554	445	584	254	
15,606	1,633			67	59	3,364	2,681	327	3,267	
...	
249	3			...	28	1,651	1,226	56	1,641	
...	...			...	4	380	341	329	51
...	...			...	5	271	217	276	...
18,921	1,743			181	108	7,071	5,628	2,378	5,966	

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	AIDED INSTITUTIONS. (Contd.)					UN-AIDED	
	Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.					Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.
	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhamma- dans.		Others.		
	18	19	20	21 22	23	24	25
COLLEGES OR DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY IN—							
Arts
Law
Medicine
Engineering
COLLEGES NOT AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—							
Madrasah
Medical Schools (Vernacular)
NORMAL SCHOOLS.—							
For Masters
For Mistresses
SCHOOLS OF ART	1	25
OTHER TECHNICAL SCHOOLS—
SCHOOLS FOR BOYS—							
Higher Schools (English)	...	595	8	...	248	...	...
Middle Schools teaching through	...	284	20	...	250	...	...
} Vernacular only,
Lower and Primary Schools	...	2,034	227	...	103	1,530	18,733
SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS—							
For Natives of India	...	1,481	138	...	87	5	156
For Europeans and others	...	51	...	...	329	...	...
MIXED SCHOOLS (BOYS AND GIRLS)	...	5	...	...	266	...	...
Total	4,400	1,388	...	1,283	1,536	18,916

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

(continued.)

UNDER INSPECTION.								GENERAL TOTAL OF—						
Number of Schools on the 31st March learning through—	Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.							Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on the 31st March.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	
	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.			Others.							
28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
...	3	13	...	...	13	...	...	...
25	...	25	...	...	...	...	3	42	...	88	3	...	...	1
...	5	719	...	652	34	...	...	33
...	12	2,439	...	2,057	60	...	...	322
...	13	804	...	523	25	...	...	258
20,380	...	18,733	...	...	...	...	2,227	39,403	...	36,373	2,860	...	...	170
177	...	156	...	...	...	...	37	2,059	...	1,836	336	...	...	87
...	4	380	...	51	...	...	...	529
...	5	271	...	5	...	...	...	286
20,582	...	18,914	...	...	...	...	2,309	46,130	...	41,535	3,131	...	...	1,464

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

K

B.

EDUCATION—
Receipts and Expenditure of Educational Establishments in the

Nature of Establishments.	Grants from Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Contributions.
1	2	3
University	12,883	—
Direction	26,086	—
Inspection		4,317
Colleges or Departments of colleges affiliated to the University—		
Arts	{ Government	—
	{ Aided	—
Law	{ Government	—
Medicine	{ Aided	—
Engineering	{ Government	—
	{ Aided	—
Colleges or Departments of colleges not affiliated to the University—		
Madrasas		—
Medical Schools (Vernacular)		—
Normal Schools—		
For Masters	{ Government	1,938
	{ Aided	—
For Mistresses	{ Government	—
	{ Aided	—
Schools of Arts—		
Other Technical Schools	{ Government	598
	{ Aided	600
Schools for Boys—		
Higher Class, English	{ Government	48,294
	{ Aided	11,935
Middle Class, English	{ Government	7,445
	{ Aided	4,560
Middle Class, Vernacular	{ Government	—
	{ Aided	—
Lower Class and Primary	{ Government	32,338
	{ Aided	11,257
Schools for Girls—		
For Natives of India	{ Government	2,738
	{ Aided	6,480
For Europeans and others	{ Government	—
	{ Aided	4,640
Mixed Schools (boys and girls)	{ Government	—
	{ Aided	2,340
Scholarships—		
In Colleges	{ Government	—
	{ Endowed	—
In Schools	{ Government	1,560
	{ Endowed	—
Buildings		* 9,236
Miscellaneous		11,783
Total	1,91,691	50,000

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

Table 3.
Province of Mysore for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

Received.							Expended.
Advanc- ments.	Subscrip- tions.	Municipal Grants.	From Re- venues of Native States.	Fees and Fines.	Funds not included in foregoing headings.	Total.	Total.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	12,883	12,883
...	...	...	...	...	...	32,873	32,873
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,994	1,938
...
...	...	...	...	164	...	762	598
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,595	1,595
...	...	...	...	9,505	...	52,799	43,294
...	8,676	...	...	9,708	7,569	32,888	33,386
...	...	...	...	596	...	8,041	7,445
83	998	...	500	2,216	7,133	15,504	15,555
...
...	...	...	...	2,990	...	80,959	77,969
561	7,777	...	...	1,854	2,388	24,005	24,382
...	...	...	...	6	...	2,744	2,738
10	6,913	...	...	800	4,197	17,880	17,183
...
...	391	...	...	5,472	528	11,081	10,550
2,891	3,533	...	...	1,556	999	11,319	8,042
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,560	1,560
...	2,199	...	...	...	...	11,435	11,435
...	...	...	...	...	...	15,707	15,707
3,545	25,487	...	500	34,967	22,814	8,35,379	8,18,433

a Public Works Budget.

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

B.
EDUCATION.—FORM 4.
Distribution of Government Colleges and Schools, and of all Schools and Colleges aided and inspected by Government, in the several Districts under the Government of Mysore and in the States subject to administrative supervision.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Names of Districts and Native States.	Vernacular spoken.	Area in square miles.	Estimate of Population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number of square miles to each School.	Percentage of Scholars to Population.	REMARKS.
Bangalore	Kanarese, Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani	2,914	826,354	415	13,117	7.02	1.53	
Kolar	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani	2,577	618,954	183	5,204	9.04	.84	
Tumkūr	Do	3,606	682,239	389	6,224	9.27	.98	
Mysore	Kanarese and Hindustani	4,127	943,187	334	6,283	12.35	.66	
Hassan	Do	3,291	668,417	249	3,885	13.21	.58	
Shimoga	Kanarese, Maharrāṭh and Hindustani	3,787	498,976	178	4,009	21.33	.80	
Kodur	Kanarese and Hindustani	2,294	333,925	292	2,814	11.94	.84	
Chitaldroog	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani	4,471	531,360	269	4,584	16.62	.86	
Total of all Districts and States,....		27,077	5,055,412	2,309	40,130	11.72	.91	

SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY.

1. SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY SOCIETIES.

Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year 1873—74.

NAME.	Objects.	Income.			Members or Visitors.				Registered or not.	When established.	
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscriptions.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Juvenile.			Total.
BANGALORE.											
Bangalore Book Society	... Literary ...	...	...	3,200	3,200	77	...	...	77	Not	1845
Literary and Scientific Institute.	... Moral and Intellectual Instruction ...	600	...	995	1,595	82	...	...	82	..	1868
Mutual Improvement Society	... Mutual improvement of its members by means of Lectures, discussions, essay readings, library, periodicals, &c. ...	...	9	202	211	62	...	...	62	..	1867
Mysore Museum	... To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore... ..	4,082	...	...	4,082	88,625	35,249	...	123,874	..	1865
St. John's Library for Penitons	... To supply suitable News-papers and Books for residents in St. John's Hill	...	...	312	312	28	7	2	37	..	1854
MYSORE.											
United Schools Mutual Improvement and Athletic Sports Society	... Mental culture and physical exercises.	...	...	141	141	45	...	...	45	..	1867

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICALS.			
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.	Quarterly.	Yearly.	Other.
	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.
The Government Press ...	...	...	...	...	The Mysore Gazette in English and Kanarese.	...	...	...	...	...
Central Jail Press ...	This Press is entirely employed in printing Forms, Statements, Returns and ...									
Albion Press ...	...	...	...	...	Mysore Vritanta Bodhini in English and Kanarese. 500	...	...	...	...	...

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICAL.					
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.	Quarterly		Yearly.	Other	
	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	
Caxton Press
Examiner Press	Bangalore Examiner.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Roman Catholic Press
Spectator Press	Bangalore Spectator	Mysore Budget	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chatur Veda Siddhanta Sabha Press	494	494	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Krishnaraj Vilasa Press.
Karnatik Press	The Karnataka Prakashika in English and Kanarese.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore Book Depot Press.	Law Journal in Kanarese.	...	...	...	...	...
Vichara Dattana Press

(continued.)

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.				REMARKS.
English.		Other Languages.		
Names of Books	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	
		<i>Latin.</i>		
m's Lam, edited by C. M. Barrow, Calicut	250	Latin Text by Dr. Pope ...	250	
Malabar Spectator Almanac ...	250			
Malabar Coorg Planters' Club ...	300			
Life of Doctor Charbonneau (brief) ...	500			
Child's Book ...	500	Stations of the Cross ...	500	
And book of reading lessons ...	1,000	The manner of serving at mass ...	100	
Life of the Consecration of the Bishops...	500			
...			
... ..	...			Only Job Work.
		<i>Kanarese.</i>		
... ..	...	Rama Bhakti Saram ...	500	} These three are bound in one.
... ..	...	Tripuramba Bhakti Saram ...	500	
... ..	...	Tripuramba Sataka ...	500	
... ..	...	Devera Nama ...	250	
... ..	...	Siva Gita ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Siva Nandalahari ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Vridha Chanikyam ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Vishnu Sahasra Nama ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Bala Ramayna ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Rathala Pancha Vimsati...	1,000	
... ..	...	Nala Charitra ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Bharata Savitri ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Gnana Sindhu ...	500	
... ..	...	Police Manual ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Nija Linga Sataka ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Hari Bhakti Sara ...	1,500	
... ..	...	Indian Contract Act ...	500	
... ..	...	Indian Limitation Act ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Bahruvahana Kalaga ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Kabirdasa Hari Katha ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Bhojana Sloka ...	1,500	
... ..	...	Samantakopakyana ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Subhāshtā or Nīti Shastra ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Police Manual (reprint) ...	600	
... ..	...	Act No. 13 and 18 ...	300	
... ..	...	Chandevsara Sataka (in Telugu) ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Raghuvamsakāvya, Chapter 1 to 4 ...	1,000	
... ..	...	Mysore Police Circulars. .	1,250	
... ..	...	Criminal Procedure Code ...	2,500	
... ..	...	Satika Kaivalya Paddhati ...	2,250	

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICALS.							
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.		Quarterly.		Yearly.		Occasional.	
	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.
Vichara Darpana Press. (Continued)														
Bahrul Islam Press	Manshure Muham- madi, tri- monthly.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Firdusi Press
							Mysore Akhbar, 150 in Hindustan.							
Khasim ul Akhbar	Khasimul Akhbar 250 in Hindu- stani.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Bangalore, 15th September 1874.

(continued)

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.				REMARKS.
English.		Other Languages.		
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	
		Satika Paramartha Gite...	2,250	
		Vemanna Sarvagna Samavāda	2,000	
		Venkatesa Sataka ...	2,000	
		Satika Jaimini Bharata ...	3,000	
		Sarangatarana Kathe ...	1,000	
		Amara, 1st Part (in Balaband)	2,000	
		Nija Linga Sataka ...	1,000	
		Betala Kathe ...	2,000	
		Airavata ...	2,000	
		Anubhavāmrita...	3,000	
		Karnājūnara Kāлага	2,000	
		Amara, 1st Part ...	4,000	
		Jaimini Bharata ...	8,000	
		<i>Hindustani.</i>		Tries to defend the blame put on Islam by the Christians and shows what benefit Islam has brought on the world.
		Tarikh-i-Hind ...	500	
		Geography ...	500	In this year
		Zubdatul Hisab ...	500	more than a
		Hakhaikāl Maujudat ...	600	hundred arti-
		First Book ...	2,000	cles on various
		Tahkikul Kavanin ...	1,000	topics both use-
		Mantakh bi Naho ...	500	ful to the peo-
		Hikaet-i-Latiḡa ...	500	ple and Go-
		Misbahu Salat...	500	vernment have
		Khutbai ...	500	been published
		Khawli Fasil ...	300	in the Mysore
		Adabin Nisa ...	500	Akhbar.
		Kitabin Nisa ...	500	
		Sabilal Jenan ...	500	
		Talim Nurah II part ...	500	
		Sirraf Shabadat ...	500	
		Zovajir ...	500	
		Akhwani Safa ...	500	
		Karimah ...	500	
		Amdun ...	500	
		Ahmed Khan Shirvani ...	500	
		Chehal Sabak ...	1,000	
		Khavaidi Bugdadi ...	1,000	
		Aihumd ...	1,000	
		Alif Lam Mim ...	1,000	
		Khasim ul Islam ...	250	

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction.