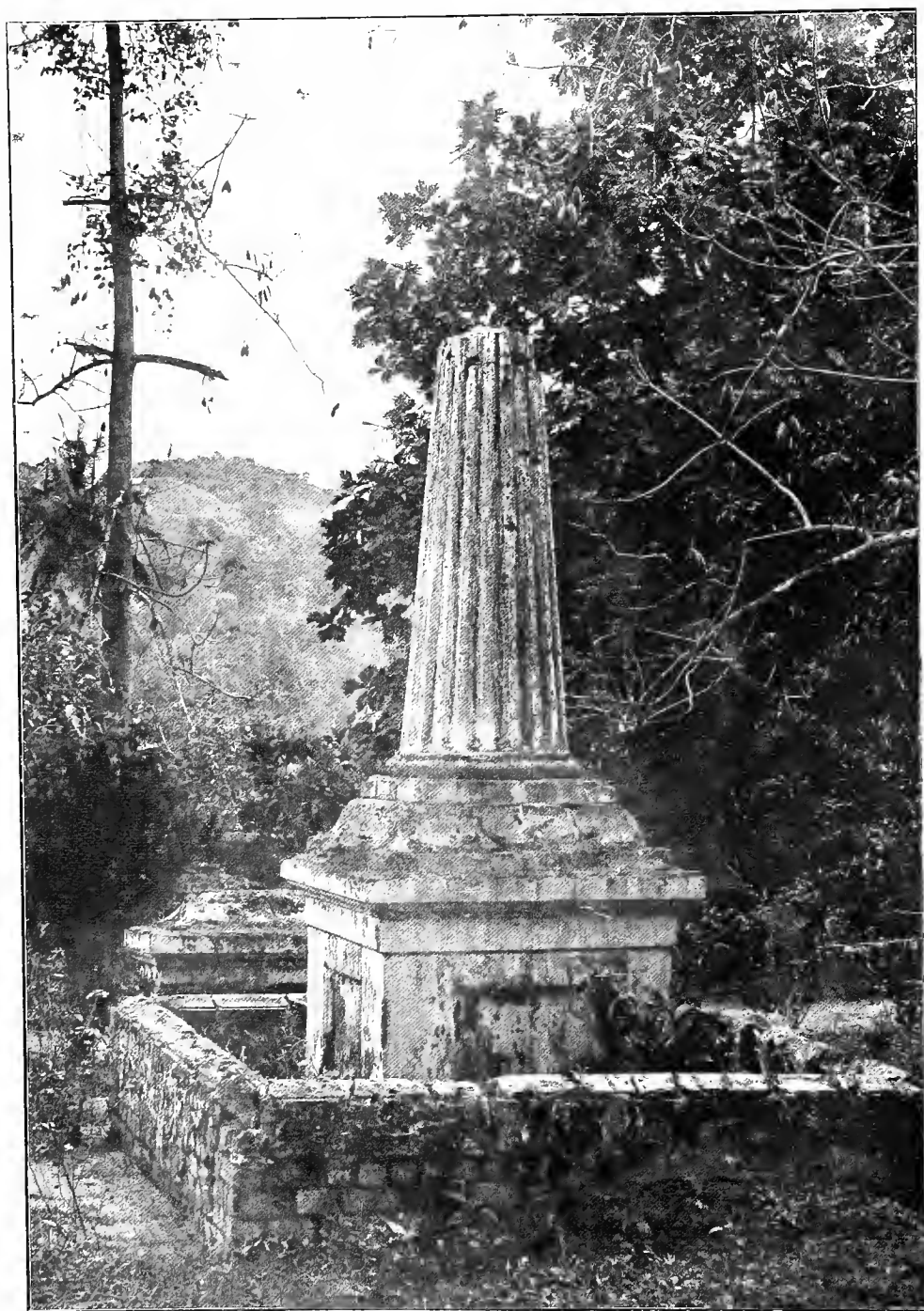


ASIA

**TOMBSTONES AND MONUMENTS
IN CEYLON**



TOMB OF SIR JOHN D'OYLY AT KANDY.

LIST OF INSCRIPTIONS
ON
TOMBSTONES AND MONUMENTS
IN CEYLON,

OF HISTORICAL OR LOCAL INTEREST,

WITH
AN OBITUARY OF PERSONS UNCOMMÉMORATED.

BY
J. PENRY LEWIS, C.M.G.

Ceylon Civil Service, retired.

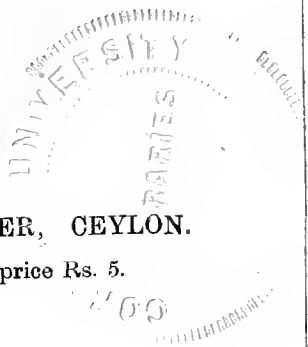


Colombo:

PRINTED BY H. C. COTTLE, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, CEYLON.

To be purchased at the GOVERNMENT RECORD OFFICE, COLOMBO, price Rs. 5.

1913.



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ERRATA.

PAGE	
22	.. No. 40, "J. Reeve" is an error for "F. Reeve." See No. 1013.
41	.. Line 9 from top, <i>for</i> "1819" <i>read</i> "1818."
49	.. No. 130, date in second column should be "Aug. 23, 1837."
56	.. No. 160, <i>for</i> "Francis" <i>read</i> "Frances."
59	.. No. 175, line 3 of note, <i>for</i> "son" <i>read</i> "daughter."
61	.. No. 187, end of note, <i>omit</i> "and other poems." "Adam's Peak" was not a poem.
62	.. No. 194, fifth line of note, <i>for</i> "daughter" <i>read</i> "sister."
62	.. No. 201, <i>for</i> "1856" <i>read</i> "1866." This entry consequently should have been No. 235.
68	.. No. 227, date of death should be May 20.
72	.. Line 4 from top, <i>omit</i> "for next year he published 'Ceylon: a poem in Three Cantos' and."
73	.. No. 253, third column, <i>omit</i> "Magnus."
74	.. No. 255, line 2 of note, <i>for</i> "already blazoned" <i>substitute</i> "See No. 360."
77	.. No. 278, <i>for</i> "Christelyn" <i>read</i> "Castelyn."
78	.. No. 280, <i>for</i> "Piette" <i>read</i> "Putte."
78	.. No. 281, <i>omit</i> reference given at end of note and <i>read</i> "See No. 373."
79	.. First column, <i>for</i> "528" <i>read</i> "285," and <i>for</i> "Charlotte" in third column <i>read</i> "Charlotta."
81	.. No. 291, <i>read</i> "William."
83	.. Fifth verse, <i>for</i> "morn" <i>read</i> "mourn."
87	.. No. 303, note, line 7 from top, <i>for</i> "1811" <i>read</i> "1809."
88	.. No. 309, date should be Nov. 13, not Nov. 23.
88	.. No. 311, last line of note, <i>read</i> "Jemima."
93	.. No. 329, <i>for</i> "Lavalieri" <i>read</i> "Lavalliere," and <i>for</i> "Steuart" <i>read</i> "Stuart."
96	.. Paragraph headed "St. Paul's Burial Ground," line 3, <i>for</i> "September 25" <i>read</i> "May 25."
98	.. No. 341, line 10 from end of note, <i>for</i> "Henry" <i>read</i> "George."
102-120	.. The heading should read "Wolvendaal Church" throughout, not "Wolvendaal Burial Ground."
107	.. No. 369, note, <i>for</i> "Rhee" <i>read</i> "Reede."
112	.. No. 379, <i>for</i> "in Bansted" <i>read</i> "at Banstead."
118	.. No. 398, line 9 from beginning of note, <i>omit</i> the brackets and letters within them.
135	.. No. 426, date of death should be "June 27."
135	.. No. 427, line 3 of inscription, <i>read</i> "Monte Sancto."
136	.. No. 428, date of death should be "July 26," line 11 of inscription, <i>for</i> "dev." <i>read</i> "div." In third column, "Horatius" should read "Orazio."
141	.. Line 6 from top, <i>for</i> "Rathcoob" <i>read</i> "Rathcoole."
142	.. No. 451, line 3 of inscription, <i>omit</i> comma after "D'ELLE."
143	.. No. 453, third column, <i>for</i> "Fernando" <i>read</i> "Helena."
145	.. No. 460, note, "Lembrick" should be "Lambrick."
147	.. First line at top. Query whether "rills" should not read "jets."
153	.. No. 490, line 4 from end of note, "August" should be "September 10."
158	.. No. 505, third column, <i>omit</i> "Reets."
165	.. No. 536, <i>for</i> "Conjugam" <i>read</i> "Conjugum."
167	.. No. 544, reference should be to No. 504, not No. 506.
174	.. No. 565, last line of note, <i>for</i> "Luke" <i>read</i> "Lillie."
178	.. Last paragraph on page should come under No. 586, and not where placed.
179	.. No. 589, <i>omit</i> "the" in inscription.
180	.. No. 590, last line but one of note, <i>read</i> "Hilliard."
186	.. No. 611, <i>insert</i> "Waring."
195	.. No. 669, third column, <i>for</i> "Flower" <i>read</i> "Inglis."
200	.. No. 728, note, <i>for</i> "Auralia" <i>read</i> "Aurelia," and <i>for</i> "Robert Buller" <i>read</i> "John Dent."
205	.. Line 13 from top, <i>for</i> "1769" <i>read</i> "1767."
209	.. No. 756, line 2 of inscription, <i>omit</i> "(sic)."
224	.. No. 800, line 9 from top, <i>read</i> "married at Kayts."
226	.. No. 810, <i>for</i> "fifth" <i>read</i> "eldest."
227	.. No. 815, note, line 9 from top, <i>for</i> "1787" <i>read</i> "1757."
247	.. No. 883, last line but one of note, <i>for</i> "1904" <i>read</i> "1894."
252	.. Middle of note, <i>for</i> "73rd" <i>read</i> "19th."
254	.. Inscription on Mrs. John— <i>For</i> "D" in fifth line <i>read</i> "Dr.," in seventh line <i>read</i> "Tranquebar," and in eighth line <i>for</i> "1821" <i>read</i> "1824."
263	.. No. 938, line 4 from end of note, <i>omit</i> "Samuel."
266	.. No. 961, third column, <i>omit</i> "Johanna Jacoba Stutzer."
273	.. No. 999, note, in line 7 from end, "three" should be "four," and in last line but one "1853" should be "1856."
274	.. No. 1011, <i>for</i> "C" <i>read</i> "G."
283	.. No. 1051, last line, <i>omit</i> "the."
284	.. "1821" should be "1824."
290	.. <i>Insert</i> "Nicholson" after "Brinsley."
300	.. No. 1099, <i>for</i> "1844" <i>read</i> "1846."
301	.. No. 1104, note, second paragraph, <i>for</i> "Madras" <i>read</i> "Europe."
308	.. No. 1139, note, first line, <i>for</i> "H" <i>read</i> "N."
343	.. No. 1286, <i>read</i> "Gampola, so that."
347	.. No. 1297, note, last paragraph. Possibly "brother" should be "son."
351	.. No. 1334, <i>see</i> "Nos. 616 and 1231."
353	.. No. 1354, note, <i>for</i> "Guildford" <i>read</i> "Guilford."
354	.. No. 1359, "1417" should be "1392."
372	.. Paragraph headed "Ramboda Churchyard, &c.," sixth line from commencement, <i>for</i> "unknown" <i>read</i> "unhewn."
421	.. Last line but six, "Kalutara" should be "Kalpitiya."

INTRODUCTION.

“ There be of them that have left a name behind them,
* * * * *
And some there be, which have no memorial.”

Ecclesiasticus XLIV., 8, 9.

THE idea of compiling a list of Ceylon inscriptions on the tombs and monuments of Europeans was suggested by the publication, a few years ago, of similar lists for Madras by Mr. J. J. Cotton, M.C.S., and for Bengal by the late Mr. C. R. Wilson.

2. The Dutch inscriptions have for the most part been published by Mr. Leopold Ludovici in “*Lapidarium Zeylanicum*,” a praiseworthy and pioneer effort to deal with the subject, and the numerous omissions and inaccuracies which characterize it have been supplied and corrected by Mr. F. H. de Vos in papers appearing in the *Journal of the Ceylon Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society*. But the English inscriptions, with the exception of a few, published from time to time in Ceylon newspapers and periodicals, and a number of “*Trincomalee Inscriptions to 1871*,” privately printed by the late Mr. R. Massie, C.C.S., have been hitherto unrecorded.

3. The field in Ceylon is, of course, much more circumscribed, though it must be confessed that the dimensions which this work, almost unwittingly on the part of the compiler, has ultimately attained are not calculated to create that impression. But it seemed a pity that steps should not be taken to record the monumental inscriptions of historical or local interest in the Island which have survived the ravages of time and the ruthless hands of the utilitarian and the vandal. Most of the Portuguese inscriptions, which would have been invaluable to the historian, have disappeared—there are only a dozen left—owing chiefly to these natural enemies, but some of them to other causes which are, perhaps, unique. We are told by Saar, a German soldier in the Dutch Company’s Service, that the Dutch sailors broke up the tombstones in the churches and in a monastery outside the Fort of Jaffna and used the pieces to load their mortars with, and that these missiles were daily thrown into the town along with the grenades and proved most destructive, so that the unfortunate Portuguese were destroyed by the tombs of their progenitors and relatives which they had piously erected to their memory.* Within the last quarter of a century, if the statements in a Portuguese periodical† be correct, the tombstone of the first Portuguese Primate, who died in 1536, and of the Sinhalese King of Cotta, Don João Perera Pandar Dharmapala, who died in 1607, a convert to Christianity, suffered similar destruction at the hands, not of enemies but of friends, and were broken up, not for munitions of war, but for incorporation in the foundations of the largest and most stately church in the Island. The tomb of Don João, which had a Portuguese inscription, was in the Dutch Church which occupied the site of the Gordon Gardens, and was removed to Wolvendaal in 1813. The result of these depredations by foes, by friends, and by the indifferent is that at the present day there are in existence only some sixteen stones engraved with Portuguese inscriptions, while the Madras Presidency can show five or six times the number, though many of the latter, it is true, are comparatively modern. Another tombstone of the Portuguese period that has disappeared, though the inscription has been recorded,‡ is that of one of their greatest generals and administrators, Philip de Oliveyra, who is described as having commanded, not only among his own countrymen but among the Tamils, affection as well as respect. It was in the chapel within the Fort at Jaffna, which had been dedicated at his instance to “*Our Lady of Miracles*,”§ that he was buried, and his tombstone was probably destroyed or disappeared when the Dutch repaired the Fort and built a new church, not on the site of the Portuguese chapel, but on the opposite side of the Fort green, in 1707. The memorial at Mannar of the wife of a “*Captain of Mannar*” of the time of the Spanish Armada was more fortunate. It escaped the Dutch gunners to serve English officials as a pig trough and a horse trough, but now it has found a permanent pedestal in the church within the fort which Don João de Mello commanded, and probably within a few yards of the spot where his wife, Donna Maria Lacerda, died.

4. The oldest Portuguese inscription is that engraved on a rock near the Breakwater, which to the compiler at least seems to indicate that some adventurers or captives of that race must have touched at Colombo in 1501, though the visit is nowhere else recorded, and the accepted date for the first landing of the Portuguese in Ceylon has hitherto been 1505.

5. The Dutch memorials have escaped wholesale destruction, but many of them have disappeared owing to the carelessness and want of reverence for the past displayed by their successors and descendants. Trincomalee, Batticaloa, Mannar, Kalpitiya, or, to give it its more melodious Portuguese name, Calpentyn, and Kalutara, all important places in Dutch times, must have lost many. At Trincomalee, for instance, there was to be seen in 1791 the tomb of Jan Willem Schorer, a member of a noble Dutch family, still to the fore in Holland, and also that of his wife, a Van Citters, but now search is made in vain for them. At Jaffna was found the tombstone of the wife of another, “*Wel Edelen Heer*,” but it had been cut in two and formed part of the floor of the verandah of a house, with nearly all the lettering carefully and

* *Journal R.A.S. (C.B.)*, Vol. XI., p. 312.

† “*Jornal des Colonias*” of September 27, 1886. See *Journal R.A.S. (C.B.)*, Vol. XI., p. 312.

‡ In the “*List*” this inscription should have appeared under “*Jaffna*” and not under “*Colombo*.”

§ Not “*Our Lady of a Thousand Acres*” as it was once translated, the *g* of “*Milagres*” having been mistaken for a *c*.

laboriously chipped out. The modest and easily portable stone that once covered the remains of the third wife of Captain Thomas Nagel, the first and last Dutch Administrator of the Wanni, had been removed four miles out of the town to serve a similar purpose in the bungalow of a coconut estate. In Galle two burial grounds reserved by the Dutch for the burial of their dead have been turned by the British to the uses of the living, one as a market place, the other, like many in the city of London, is now partly built over and partly a garden. These alterations involved the dispersion of the tombstones, some were cut up for building purposes, others served excellently for covering in the drains of the Fort, and were themselves covered in many feet deep. One that was years in the old Kachcheri compound at Galle, and had often been seen there by the compiler, mysteriously disappeared when the Government offices were removed to new quarters, but was ultimately rediscovered in a recently constructed drain, and three others were found in other Fort drains. One of those fortunately recovered, which was once probably in the Groote Kerk, gives us further information about a personage who is mentioned by Dutch seventeenth century annalists. It is that of Captain Burchart Coq or Koch, the German officer in the Dutch Company's service, who, on November 16, 1659, at Batavia, gave his countryman, Johan Jacob Saar, his discharge. He himself was killed by a soldier at Galle three years later, and his tombstone is the oldest memorial of a European there.

A recent discovery in the Dutch Church at Jaffna, of the tombstone of the young wife of the Rev. Bartholomeusz Heynen, who had been Predikant there, "affords the clue to Heynen's removal to Galle, of which his colleague Baldæus complains that he 'had been thrown with a sling' to Galle, where his Tamil was of no use, and where he had to learn Sinhalese. Heynen, whose abilities Baldæus testifies to, had been sent to Ceylon with another Predikant, Maxwel, from Batavia in 1665, and this removal, according to Valentyn, was lamented by the Batavian congregation." Heynen returned to Batavia in 1696. This is an instance of the way in which "the literature of the tombstone," to quote Mr. Cotton, throws a light on or supplements contemporary records.

6. The tombstones of five or six eminent persons, which were in 1813 removed from the Fort Dutch Church to Wolvendaal, have, in spite of the desire of the authorities to preserve them which this action evinced, disappeared from the face of the earth. The loss of two of these is specially to be regretted—those of General Hulft, who commanded the Dutch forces at the siege of Colombo in 1656, and of Don João Perera Pandar Dharmapala, already mentioned. The General had a stately monument in this church, every vestige of which has disappeared. Of the destruction of the tomb of the Sinhalese king, a possible explanation has been referred to. Some of these vanished tombstones may be rediscovered when St. Peter's Church in the Fort is dismantled, if, as tradition says, they have been utilized to serve a similar purpose for British officials.

7. Other Dutch memorials have disappeared, but of their purport there is some record. We are indebted for this to Dr. Daniel Havart's valuable work, "Op-en Ondergang van Coromandel," published in 1693, in which he records a large number of mortuary inscriptions on Dutch officials and members of their families, who are buried in the various settlements on the Coromandel Coast. He mentions those on the tombs of Abraham Carters, merchant, who came from Masulipatam to Jaffna in 1659, and died the following year in the Island—where exactly is not known, and of Jan Jansz Somer, a jeweller, also of Masulipatam, who "being stricken with the prevailing pestilence in 1688 left for Europe, but reaching Galle on October 3, died on November 20, and was buried in the ordinary graveyard there."* The verses on his tombstone are quoted by Havart. He also gives us interesting details which supplement the information conveyed by memorials still existing in stone. For instance, we learn from him the cause of the death of Hercules Lindeborn, whose tombstone, originally in the Fort Dutch Church, is now at Wolvendaal. He died of snake bite, and the misadventure befel him in his own garden. It is strange that this is not recorded on his tomb, for old mortuary records, unlike those of the present day, went much into detail, often stating the age of the deceased in years, months, and days, and the exact moment of his death. Lindeborn had served in various capacities under the Company, his last appointment in India being that of "Opperhoofd" of Bimlipatam. He left for Ceylon in 1661, and was Captain of the Burgherage at Colombo. At the time of his death he owed the Company 12,000 guilders. Two of his daughters, aged sixteen and seventeen, are buried at Pulicat, and the epitaph on one of them is enlivened (if we may be allowed the word in such a connection) by a doggerel four-line acrostic on her name Sara, "having the four letters of the word at the beginning, middle, and end of the line."†

8. There are some 225 Dutch inscriptions in Ceylon, as against about 250 in the Madras Presidency. They range from 1662, four years after the Dutch had finally established themselves, to 1836, forty years after they had lost their Ceylon dominions, and it may be said that their language lingered in Ceylon for about half a century after the extinction of their rule, to be brought back to a transient sojourn there, and again to a more permanent existence in mortuary inscriptions, by the Boer prisoners at the beginning of the present century. The older Dutch inscriptions have preserved for us the names of about one hundred servants of the Dutch Company, of about as many of their wives and "Jonge Dogters," and of forty of their young children.

9. The oldest English inscription is that commemorating a captain of the Navy, whose ship, the *Princess Mary*, called at Trincomalee in 1748, possibly for the purpose of his burial on shore. There are but five others of the eighteenth century. An "angelick infant," daughter of Alexander Davidson, the "Chief of Vizagapatam" under the East India Company, was buried at Batticaloa in 1779, and Captain William Kirton of the same Company, whose ship, the *Elizabeth*, a "snow," which was a vessel resembling a brig but with the addition of a top sail mast immediately abaft the main mast, was at Galle three months before the English captured the place, was interred in the kerk-hof there in December, 1795. At Negombo a tall obelisk marks the resting place of Lieutenant Hetherington of the 52nd Regiment, who died on the day the British forces occupied that place, February 9, 1796. All these persons received sepulture in Ceylon earth before it had actually become British. The two remaining inscriptions are those on the monuments of Major Petrie and Dr. John Ewart in the Pettah Cemetery at Colombo. There is a tablet to Mrs. Grace Beck in the Dutch Church at Galle, who died less than

* D. W. Ferguson in *Ceylon Observer* of December 22, 1905.

† Cotton, p. 190.

a month after the beginning of the new century. The identity and entourage of this lady are lost, as far as the compiler is concerned, in the impenetrable fog of oblivion which envelopes most people of a past day, but she has the distinction of being the earliest Englishwoman commemorated in the Island.

10. In the first thirty years of the nineteenth century the inscriptions commemorate civil and military officers and members of their families. "Ceylon in 1825 contained four regiments of European soldiers, two of native troops, and an exclusive and highly paid Civil Service. The merchants were few, and their energies were depressed and cramped by Government monopolies. Trade was a petty huckstering. The European planter and landholder were unknown."* This picture is in the main correct, but the first coffee estate had been opened in 1824, and there were at that time some European planters and proprietors of land. The first Ceylon planter died in 1837, but no memorial of any is found earlier than 1843. An English tradesman of Colombo was the first non-official person to have his name placed, in 1816, on his tombstone, and the first English merchant achieved, among the departed military and civilians of the Galle Face Cemetery, a like mortuary distinction ten years later.

11. The paucity of memorials of officers of the 19th, 51st, and 73rd Regiments is remarkable. The 19th was for over twenty-three years in the Island, and "throughout the whole of this period preserved the highest reputation, and distinguished itself for every quality which is honourable to the soldier either in war or peace."† It shared with the 51st, another Yorkshire Regiment, the rigours and reverses of first Kandyan war, and with Regiments, Scotch and Irish respectively, the 73rd and 83rd, the prolonged guerilla warfare and exposure of the Uva Rebellion. The 19th in its long tour of service, which exceeded that of any other British regiment in the Island, lost by death 42 officers, 8 of them in action; the 51st during seven years lost a dozen, 1 in the Kandy massacre and 7 from the fevers and other diseases resultant on the campaign of 1803; the 73rd, in its second term of service of seven years, lost 20, 1 in action, and most, if not all, of the remainder from the effects of the Uva campaign. But of all these, only 9 of the 19th, 1 of the 51st, and 7 of the 73rd have any memorials. The 83rd, with 18 deaths among its officers during its twelve years of service, was more fortunate. Nine of them are commemorated, as well as 6 of its non-commissioned officers and privates; whereas there is not a single tombstone to be found of any non-commissioned officer or man of the other regiments named. Among these memorials of the 83rd in the Galle Face Cemetery are to be found those of four veterans of the Peninsular War, a captain, two lieutenants, and a sergeant, who was wounded at Badajoz, but "received a mortal wound at Panella during the Uva Rebellion and died at Colombo like a good Christian."

12. In fact, very few of the officers and men who fell or lost their lives in, or from the *sequelæ* of, the Ceylon campaigns of 1803, 1815, and 1817-18 have any memorial, and one is inclined to think that some of the name plates on the ponderous "table" or "altar" tombs of the fashion of the time which are to be seen crumbling away at Kandy, Badulla, and Batticaloa must have been carried away and "converted into currystones." In any case it seems a pity that no monuments of these campaigns have been erected at Kandy or at Badulla. On the adjoining continent most of the numerous small wars, which have from time to time disturbed its tranquillity, have their appropriate memorials erected by the Company or the Government. Such a cenotaph might at least have been dedicated by the Ceylon Government to the memory of Sylvester Douglas Wilson of the Civil Service, a victim to duty, whose murder marked the outbreak of rebellion in Uva. His young wife's tomb at Badulla has been bodily lifted skywards by a grasping but discriminating bo-tree.

It was probably the East India Company that erected in the Pettah Burial Ground its most conspicuous monument, the obelisk that commemorates Major Petrie, the officer who captured Cochin in 1795 when in command of the 77th Regiment, and who also took part with that regiment in the capture of Colombo. With him in the same regiment in both these expeditions was Captain Alexander Lawrence of the 19th Foot, father of Sir Henry Lawrence, who was born at Matara, where Captain Lawrence was afterwards Commandant, of Lord Lawrence, and of another son buried in the Dutch Church there.

13. The Church of St. Peter in the Fort is a historic landmark shortly to disappear—an additional reason why there should be preserved an authentic record of the memorials that it contains. These are chiefly of civil and military officers of note. Four of them are known to have been buried within its walls: William Tolfrey of the Civil Service, Archdeacon Twisleton, Mr. Justice Henry Matthews, and Captain Dawson, whose monument dominates the Kadugannawa Pass. Tolfrey, besides being a Sinhalese and Pali scholar, had fought at Assaye, and his description of that hard fought field used, we are told, to thrill his hearers. The interment of the first Archdeacon of Colombo within the walls of St. Peter's took place several months after his death at Hambantota, so we learn from the Rev. Mr. Spence Hardy, who was present at the ceremony. The Archdeacon was a good classical scholar, and the Latin epitaphs on two of his children and on the infant child of Colonel John Wilson in the Pettah Burial Ground and on Sir William Coke in the church were probably written by him. He was certainly the author of the lengthy eulogium on Lady Louisa Rodney, which is transcribed on her monument in St. Peter's. The tombstone of Henry Matthews lies in the centre passage of the church, and is usually covered by matting, but he has a tablet as well. The other graves are not so marked. Henry Matthews, the father of Lord Llandaff, was the son of John Matthews of Belmont, a beautiful seat in Herefordshire on the Wye. His father, though a physician and colonel of the local volunteers, was also a poet, probably local too. He was a typical Herefordshire squire. Henry was wont to attend his father in the latter's declining days, and every night as the old man's head settled into his pillow, he used to repeat to his son, in his Herefordshire dialect, the complacent formula: "I tell yer, 'Enery, I think the most comfortablest place in the world is bed-fur-there ye forgets all ye're cares." At Eton Henry was "a reckless madcap, driving tandem through the town, and once lighting a bonfire on the floor of Long Chamber."‡ He became a Fellow of King's College, Cambridge. His "Diary of an Invalid" reached a fifth edition, and was appreciated by Byron.

* *Colombo Observer*, of January 20, 1842.

† General Order of January 17, 1820.

‡ "Reminiscences of Oxford," by the Rev. W. Thackwell, 1901.

14. Sir William Rough, to whom there is a memorial tablet, was also, perhaps, more distinguished as a literary man than as a lawyer. He had certainly distinguished literary associates, Coleridge, Wordsworth, Walter Savage Landor, and Henry Kirke White, and a notorious political connection in his wife's father, John Wilkes. Another judge commemorated in St. Peter's, whose name is linked with literature, is John Frederick Stoddart, whose father, Sir John Stoddart, Chief Justice of Malta, was a friend of Lamb and Coleridge. The latter visited the Stoddarts at Malta in 1804, the year before the Ceylon judge was born. Sir John Stoddart's sister, Sarah, married William Hazlitt. His son just missed having his epitaph written by Chief Justice Sir Anthony Oliphant, father of the famous writer, traveller, and mystic, Laurence Oliphant. Sir Anthony made several attempts, and his final draft recited that "he fell a victim to fever and dysentery in the 28th year of his age," that he "was eminent for integrity and independence of character, for great legal attainments at an early age, for indefatigable and scrupulous attention to all his duties as a judge," and that he "had gained the confidence of the natives of Ceylon in a very remarkable degree." But the meeting which was called on September 20, 1839, to decide the question of a memorial selected the shorter composition which is engraved on his tablet, preferring it to Sir Anthony's, which perhaps reads rather like the farewell speeches addressed by "the local bar" to civilian judges changing station.

15. Sir Hardinge Giffard, a scholarly Chief Justice with literary leanings, and uncle of a late Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Halsbury, died at sea, and has no monument in St. Peter's or anywhere else that I have been able to discover. He published a small paper-covered volume of poems at Colombo in 1822, the best, perhaps, being an English rendering of the "Sirmio" of Catullus. Another is addressed to "Kandi," but is not at all flattering to that pleasant mountain capital, chiefly on account of its inaccessibility—a defect which was to be remedied by Sir Edward Barnes and Captain Dawson two years after the sonnet was written, which was in 1820. As the booklet is now quite as inaccessible to the Ceylon resident as the town used to be, the only copy the compiler has seen being in the British Museum Library, there is some excuse for reproducing the poem here :—

"Marshes and quagmires, puddles, pools, and swamps,
Dark matted jungles and long plashy plains,
Exhaling foetid airs and mortal damps,
By Kandian perfidy miscalled a Road,
Through which the luckless traveller must wade,
Uncheared by sight of man—or man's abode,
Gladly I give to you these farewell strains,
Nor e'er again would your repose invade.
I loathe your noisome fogs—your poisonous mud,
And the sad stillness of the sultry wood,
Without a sound the sickening heart to cheer.
Oh, when shall I the western breezes hear,
Bearing old Ocean's intermittent roar,
As wave succeeding wave, assails the sounding shore?"

Evidently the Chief Justice had to get to Kandy at the burst of one of the monsoons to hold sessions.

16. Four Chief Justices and a Puisne Judge who acted as Chief Justice for over two years died in the Island, and it is a curious coincidence that they should all of them have borne the Christian name of William—Sir William Coke, Sir William Rough, Sir William Ogle Carr (not "Sir William O'Carr," as Mr. William Digby calls him, converting him into a counterfeit Irishman), Sir William Carpenter Rowe, whose tomb is at Galle, and Sir William Hackett, who died at Nuwara Eliya in 1877 of cholera. Coke was at Westminster with Twisleton and D'Oyly, and Rough was also a Westminster boy, but while Coke was elected to the chief foundation, "the House," at Oxford, Rough proceeded to the leading Cambridge college, and D'Oyly also went to Cambridge; Twisleton's *alma mater* I have not been able to discover. Coke, judging from his epitaph, and from the *Gazette* notices of his death, was highly appreciated as a lawyer and for his social qualities. But he does not seem to have shown any literary leanings. Among the scanty memorials of the long-disused burial ground of St. Paul's, behind Wolvendaal Church, is one to the infant son of another Chief Justice, Sir William Norris, to whom the name of William, so far as Ceylon was concerned, was not fatal. This boy was a brother of W. E. Norris, the successful novelist, and of Lady Havelock, wife of a late Governor.

17. Classical scholars belonging to the Civil Service were Sir John D'Oyly, also an orientalist, and Henry Augustus Marshall, neither of whom ever re-visited England. But Marshall's sojourn in the Island of 42 years was nearly twice as long as that of D'Oyly, which was 22. The Hon. Frederick North's description of Marshall as a youth of 23 is as amusing as Sir James Mackintosh's reference to D'Oyly as "a Cingalese hermit prematurely old at 35." The Governor, writing on February 3, 1800, to the Hon. Henry Dundas, on Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, says of Marshall: "I am much obliged to you for the notice you have been pleased to take of Marshall and his wife. He is a young fellow of good parts and considerable erudition, but a little of what we used to call at Eton 'a pretending fellow,' owing to his having lived too much with fine fellows in that noisy chaos, Devonshire House. I hope his marrying as comfortably as he has done will cure him of that defect." Marshall had married, at St. Helena, on his way out to Ceylon in 1798–99, Miss Brooke, daughter of the Governor of that Island, Colonel Robert Brooke. The period from 1815 to 1833, though little is known of it, is one of which the Civil Service has reason to be proud.

18. The pathetic appeal on the ramparts of the old Fort at Kalutara to the casual visitor or, perhaps, the Public Works officer of a future time to "respect and spare the remains of our lost child" was doubtless the work of the Hon. John Rodney himself, but he or some one of his friends must have been a reader of Addison, for the concluding paragraph of the epitaph is a quotation from a fragment of the lost play of "Aphrodisius" by Aristophanes, which he or his friend must have met with in the "Spectator."*

19. Other great names in the world of literature are recalled by the tombs of Admiral Charles Austen, one of Jane Austen's two naval brothers, at Trincomalee,† and of a cousin of Thackeray's at Jaffna.

* No. 289, "On Death."

† His body was sent off in H.M.S. *Rattler* to be taken to England for burial, but was buried at Trincomalee instead.

20. A tombstone, fortunately retrieved some years ago at Kandy from the original burial ground of the British troops there, which is now an undefined plot of ground hidden away under the dense shade and humus of a cacao plantation at the foot of "One Tree Hill," is that of Captain McGlashan, who had passed unscathed through the battles of Busaco, Albuera, and Waterloo to die of fever at Kandy. Two lieutenants, one of the 73rd, who was severely wounded at Waterloo, and the other of the 66th, who had lost an arm at Albuera, lie in unknown graves at Matara and at Trincomalee. In 1841 there were three, if not four, Waterloo veterans in Ceylon,* but none of them died in the Island.

21. Neither did any Ceylon Governor nor any Bishop of Colombo, though Sir Edward Barnes, Sir Henry Ward, and Sir William Gregory are commemorated by statues, Sir James Longden by a brass in St. Peter's, and Bishop Chapman by the Bishop's throne in the pro-cathedral church at Mutwal. Sir Edward Barnes, in the simulacrum of his statue by Weeks, stands at the top of Prince street in the Fort, whence he regards the first stage of the road to Kandy which he completed, and seems as if about to take off his coat, or rather military cloak, to begin the stupendous undertaking. Sir William Gregory turns his broad back and Herculean shoulders† on the Museum that he founded, and Sir Henry Ward contemplates in perpetuity the placid waters of the Kandy lake. The Colony also possesses an excellent painting of Sir Edward Barnes, by John Wood, R.A., which for many years hung in the United Services Library, Kandy.

22. It appeared to the compiler that this List of Inscriptions might well be supplemented by an Obituary of persons who have not been commemorated in this way. Many of them, were just as important or as interesting in their day and generation as their more fortunate contemporaries, but through accident or heedlessness or ill-hap they have never received this last tribute. Among them are the last Dutch Governor of Ceylon, three high officials of the Dutch Company, one of them renowned as a botanist, the widow of the Governor of Coromandel, the Colonel of the Regiment de Luxembourg, who fell in opposing the British attack in Colombo, two Commandeurs of Jaffna, and the last Commandeur of Galle. From the English period we have two officers in command of the troops in Ceylon, one who began his military career at the age of twelve, spent most of his life in fighting in the wars with America and France, died a Major-General of 39. In this list also are two commanding officers of British regiments, one of whom had survived the disastrous Walcheren expedition and the perils of the Peninsular War, two other Peninsular and Waterloo heroes, and a Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, who had also been through the Peninsular War, and dying in Ceylon, received a public funeral. Two other officers who received public funerals, but no memorial in Ceylon, have monuments elsewhere: Captain Hardinge, R.N., and Major Beaver of the 19th Regiment. To this same company of the forgotten belong the first Advocate Fiscal under the British *régime*, the first civil administrator of the Northern Province, and 27 other members of the Civil Service, one of the first Surveyor-Generals (a Lieutenant-Colonel of the Royal Engineers), the second Archdeacon of Colombo, and the pioneer coffee planter.

23. In this "Obituary," the meagre entry from St. Peter's register relating to the burial on March 19, 1815, of "Philip, son of the Prince De Buillon D'Auvergne," recalls one of the most remarkable of the "Vicissitudes of Families." We learn from the book bearing that name that "a short time before the French Revolution, Godfrey, Duke of Bouillon, chief of his ancient family of De la Tour D'Auvergne, finding the prospect of a lineal successor to his illustrious house destroyed by the death of his second son, Charles, a Knight of Malta, and the infirmity of his eldest son, James Leopold, was induced to seek among his relatives for some one on whom he might fix as a successor to his titles and vast wealth." A member of the Jersey family of D'Auvergne, Philip, who was a lieutenant in the Navy, happened to be a prisoner of war in France at this time, and the Duke sought him out and arranged in 1791 to make him his heir. This act was duly ratified by the authorities of the Duchy, and Philip D'Auvergne was put into possession of his inheritance and governed his Duchy for a few months. He reached the rank of admiral in the British Navy, and it was when his ship, H.M.S. *Africaine*, was calling at Colombo that the death of his son, a midshipman, in his seventeenth year, occurred there. But the Prince de Rohan brought an action against him, claiming the title and estates, and in the year after he had lost his son at Colombo (who, however, was not legitimate), the Admiral was deprived of them by the Congress of Vienna. He died on September 16, 1816, and is buried in St. Margaret's, Westminster. Not a member of the Admiral's branch of the family remains.‡

24. It is a pity that some of these inscriptions and notices of deaths do not give us just a little more information than they do. How came it, for instance, that twin brothers who had grown up to man's estate, like the Van Kempens, came by their death on the same day, January 9, 1688? There are several other instances in these lists. At Negombo, where there was but a small garrison, there died on May 24, 1695, Anthony van der Veen and Maria, the "chaste, pious wife of" Sergeant Anthony van Holtén. This may be the sole hint that we have of some tragedy, now completely lost, of which we shall never know the particulars. We know that the cause of the death on the same day, October 8, 1826, at Hambantota, of Captain and Mrs. Driberg was the fever which then prevailed in that district, and to the same cause or to cholera, which made its first appearance in Ceylon in that year, were probably due the deaths on two consecutive days of Major Vallance and his wife at Batticaloa in August, 1819. The deaths of a Master Attendant of Trincomalee and of his wife also occurred on the same day at Trincomalee in June, 1822, and may be attributed to cholera, but the *Gazette* notice omits to mention the cause, though usually the obituary notices published in the *Gazette* of this period were not parsimonious of words, and those relating to the two commandants and their wives inform their readers that they left their young and numerous families "totally unprovided for."

25. The only Englishman known to have died from snake bite in Ceylon lies in a nameless grave at Jaffna; it is impossible now to ascertain even the whereabouts of the graves of two soldiers and two planters of the seven Englishmen who were killed by elephants.

26. It is instructive to inquire how many of the Ceylon worthies included in these lists have obtained recognition in the Dictionary of National Biography. Their number is surprisingly small. They are,

* The *Colombo Observer* says four, including among them Sir Robert Arbuthnot, but the General, though he had been through nearly every battle in the Peninsular War, does not seem to have been at Waterloo.

† Actually his figure was "slight and delicate, though his head was massive."—(D. N. B.)

‡ Notes and Queries, 11 S. v., pp. 153, 273.

in addition the five Governors already named : of the Civil Service, William Tolfrey, Sir John D'Oyly, and George Turnour ; of judicial officers, Sir Hardinge Giffard, Sir William Rough, and Mr. Henry Matthews ; of fighting men, Captain Hardinge and Captain James Armar Butler, the hero of Silistria ; of scientific men, Doctors Gardner, Thwaites, and Trimen ; and an artist, Samuel Daniell, one of the " Uncommemorated." The Hon. John Rodney and Henry Byerley Thomson are mentioned incidentally in notices of their more distinguished fathers.

There was no room for Major Petrie, the conqueror of Cochin ; for Colonel Barbut, that energetic soldier and administrator, whose zeal saved in all probability the life of Governor North at Dambadeniya, but cost him his own ; or for Major Willerman, to whom, as Governor Brownrigg, who got the credit of it, himself witnessed, the success of the second was largely due. Other men of action are also absent : the indefatigable Major Rogers, " the most prominent planting pioneer and the most famous sportsman Ceylon ever saw," eminent also in his civil administration, the regenerator of Uva ; General Fraser, whose long service in the Island included two campaigns, and the construction of the unique and graceful satinwood bridge at Peradeniya, which lasted the greater part of a century ; Philip Acland Dyke, " the Rajah of the North," whose chief monument, which will outlive the " Dictionary," is the well-roaded and prosperous Jaffna Peninsula ; John Frederick Dickson,* the creator and organizer of the North-Central Province. We look in vain for two of the earliest students of Buddhist literature, Daniel Gogerly and Robert Spence Hardy ; for the compiler of the first Sinhalese grammar written by an Englishman, James Chater, who was buried at sea ; for the first writer on the botany of the Island, Alexander Moon, or on its fauna, Edward Kelaart, also buried at sea ; for its ablest Ceylonese journalist and advocate, Charles Lorenz, or its most distinguished Ceylonese physician, Dr. Anthonisz. Sir Charles Marshall and Sir William Coke, who were, perhaps, quite as distinguished judges as Sir William Rough, Sir Hardinge Giffard, or Henry Matthews, are missing from the Dictionary. But, then, they were not literary. Sir Charles Marshall merely fought a duel with General Sir John Wilson, and left Ceylon his " Judgments."

27. These omissions give us pause. One cannot help feeling that a more intimate knowledge of the Island on the part of the compilers and biographers of the Dictionary would have resulted in the inclusion of some at least of these names, but at the same time we must beware of imitating the people of whom it was remarked that " all their geese are swans."

28. My thanks are due to the Government Agents and Assistant Government Agents and other members of the Civil Service and the ecclesiastical authorities who assisted and co-operated in the transcription of these epitaphs, especially to Messrs. C. M. Lushington, H. R. Freeman, C. R. Cumberland, C. S. Vaughan, G. M. Cookson, F. Bartlett, E. Sueter, and G. W. Woodhouse, also to the Government Archivist (Mr. R. G. Anthonisz), Mr. James Ryan, and Major M. Ll. Ferrar, late of the Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire) Regiment, formerly the 19th Foot, and present editor of the regimental magazine, the " Green Howards' Gazette," for information embodied in the notes. Mr. John Ferguson, C.M.G., kindly supplied me with a copy of Mr. R. Massie's book on Trincomalee Inscriptions, and Mr. H. W. Cave with the excellent photograph of the tomb of Sir John D'Oyly, which forms the frontispiece. To Mr. J. J. Cotton, M.C.S., and Mr. F. H. de Vos I owe much in the correction of proofs. Mr. de Vos with great good nature wrote most of the notes on, and transcribed all of, the Dutch inscriptions. The Ceylon Government allowed the compiler much time and latitude, and the Government Printer, Mr. H. C. Cottle, exhibited the greatest patience and care over repeated corrections and additions to a work which intermittently occupied the attention which he could spare from business of more pressing importance.

J. P. LEWIS.

*Quisisana,
Walton-by-Clevedon,
Somerset, 1913.*

* The statement on p. 326 as to his inclusion is incorrect.

A LIST

OF

THE INSCRIPTIONS ON TOMBS OR MONUMENTS IN CEYLON

POSSESSING HISTORICAL OR LOCAL INTEREST.

COLOMBO.

St. Peter's Church, Fort.

THE massive old building with thick walls and large door-windows in the Fort, facing the harbour, was formerly the residence of the Dutch Governors, in which all Council Meetings took place (see Sir Alexander Swettenham's note in the Report on the Colombo Museum of 1901).

The picture by Reimers in the Rijks Museum, Amsterdam, of which there is a copy in the Colombo Museum, is supposed to show the interior when it served this purpose. It was the "Government House" of the first few years of the Hon. Frederick North's rule. According to Captain Percival, the British troops in his time (1796-1800) attended Wolvendaal Church, as the church which occupied "the upper end of the parade" (the present Gordon Gardens) had never been finished by the Dutch,* and on account of the inconvenience to the troops of the march to the Wolvendaal Church "in this sultry climate," Governor North was about to roof the Dutch Church in the Fort, but this project was never carried out. Instead, Government House, which in 1803 was in the occupation of General Macdowal, was converted into a church for their use, no doubt in 1804, on the General's vacating it. He left Ceylon in March (he was thanked for his services by the Governor on March 1), and in the *Gazette* of March 14 a notice was published announcing that "Divine service will be held at Government House on Sunday at 4.30 P.M. until further notice." The registers, too, date from 1804. This went on until January 1, 1806, when the service was transferred to Wolvendaal Church, at 5 P.M. But St. Peter's was shortly afterwards (when, I cannot say exactly) reverted to, and became again the official and garrison church.

From December 27, 1818, service was held at 11 A.M. instead of at 10, and evening service at 4.30 P.M. This was changed to 6.30 P.M. from September, 1821, and to 4 P.M. from August, 1836. The church was not consecrated until May 22, 1821, when the Bishop of Calcutta, Dr. Thomas Fanshawe Middleton, performed the ceremony. Until then it had been known as the "Fort Church," but from the time of its consecration it was called "St. Peter's." It was closed for repairs from September to December 23, 1832. I imagine that it was at this time, or probably earlier during the British period, that the large portico and wide verandah, supported by tall pillars, were added to the front. Judging from the portions of the structure at each end of the church which have no verandahs, the portico and verandah on each side of it did not form part of the original building, and they are in a *quasi*-classical style peculiarly British†. Originally the building must have comprised two separate halls or rooms, and the arcade of six round arches, supported by sections of wall, which has made of them a nave and wide aisle, was also probably an alteration carried out after the building, or rather a portion of it, was converted into a church.

The first chaplain was the Rev. James Cordiner, author of the book on Ceylon. He arrived in 1799 and left in 1804, and was succeeded by the Rev. the Hon. T. J. Twisleton. An assistant of his was the Rev. William Hamlyn Heywood, appointed "Chaplain of Brigade to the Forces in Ceylon," March 3, 1804, who was lost at sea on his voyage to England in the *Jane Duchess of Gordon* in March, 1809, and with him the Register of Marriages which he was taking to England in order that a copy of it might be entered in the Registry Office of the Bishop of London. He was succeeded by the Rev. George Bisset, M.A., 1812-1820; and Archdeacon Twisleton, in 1824, by the Ven. J. M. S. Glenie, who was assisted by the Rev. the Hon. Edward Finch, 1827-1830 (see No. 103), and succeeded by the Rev. Benjamin Bailey, 1832. The registers are not confined to Colombo entries, but contain some of Jaffna, Galle, and Kandy (1817); they seem to have been personal to the chaplains. The church possesses a silver gilt communion service, large salver, and candlesticks presented by George III. The salver bears the following inscription: "Hanc pateram et quicquid hic conspicitur argenti in usum Ecclesiae Taprobanae sacrari voluit Georgii Tertii Britanniarum Regis pia munificentia A. S. MDCCCX. A. R. L."

Several persons have been buried in the church, viz., Henry Matthews, Puisne Justice of the Supreme Court and father of Viscount Llandaff; W. Tolfrey; Archdeacon Twisleton, who was re-interred here; Captain Dawson, R.E., whose monument is conspicuous at Kadugannawa; and possibly others. Of functions which have taken place at St. Peter's, the first episcopal visitation was in October, 1816, when Bishop Middleton of Calcutta, who had arrived by H. M. cruiser *Aurora* on the 21st, preached from the 1st verse of the 62nd chapter of Isaiah, "a discourse, which in compass of theological knowledge, skill in composition, and beauty of diction, proved the judicious choice that has been made of the first Bishop of the Anglo-Indian Church" (*Gazette* of October 30, 1816).

* This does not appear to be quite correct. On the opening of Wolvendaal Church in 1749 it had been allowed to fall into disrepair (see Cordiner, vol. I., pp. 34-7).

† The views of the building from the front and from the garden which appear opposite pages 416 and 417 of Valentyn, vol. V., confirm me in this opinion.

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

His next visit was in 1821, when he held a visitation and confirmation on April 27 and 28. On May 22 the consecration of the church took place. Bishop Heber held an ordination and confirmation on September 21, 1825, and Bishop Turner followed in February, 1831, and Bishop Wilson held his first metropolitan visitation in January, 1843. There were probably other episcopal visits in the interval, including those of the Bishop of Madras (Corrie). The first Bishop of Colombo, Dr. Chapman, was enthroned in St. Peter's on November 7, 1845.

The walls of the church are covered with monuments, which, though none of them can be said to have any artistic value, add considerably to its interest. The church itself is not unlike a City church, "wide, cool, and stately," flanked by the Grand Oriental Hotel at one end and by the Government offices at the other; it remains the only Dutch building of any pretensions now left in the Fort.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1	April 26 1804	Hugh Casement	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of HUGH CASEMENT, Lieut., H. M. 34th Regt. of Foot, who departed this life on the 26th April, 1804. Age 21 years.</p> <p>There was a detachment of the 34th Regiment in Colombo in 1803-4 under Captain J. M. Everard, and a small party at Jaffna under Lieutenant Downing, which drove the rebels and Kandians out of Chundikulam in August, 1803 (see Cordiner, vol. II., p. 244). Sir W. Casement, Member of the Supreme Council of India, who died in 1834, was probably a relative. Lieutenant-Colonel William Casement was Secretary to the Military Department, Fort William, Calcutta, in 1823. There was a Julius Casement, M.D., Hospital Assistant (the rank below Assistant Surgeon), at Hambantota in 1826 (see Bennett, "Capabilities of Ceylon," p. 229).</p>
2	Nov. 13 1809	Thomas James Rodney	<p>.. In memory of Lieut. THOMAS JAMES RODNEY of H. M. 19th Regiment, who died on the 13th November, 1809. Aged 19. "He rests with our Father in Heaven."</p> <p>A wooden tablet of a very Georgian design, which looks as if it was meant to show how a monument might behave in an earthquake. The oval tablet has been knocked out of the perpendicular, but the pediment behind it still remains firm.</p> <p>He does not appear to have been a son of the Hon. John Rodney, Chief Secretary to Government, and his name does not occur in the pedigree of the Rodney family in Burke. But the name of the 4th Baron Rodney, a nephew of the Hon. John Rodney, who was born in 1784 and died 1843, was Thomas James, and the Hon. John Rodney had an elder brother James. The subject of this inscription was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in Ramsay's Regiment (2nd Ceylon) September 10, 1805, 1st Lieutenant May 15, 1806.</p>
3	Dec. 2 1814	Louisa Rodney	<p>.. Here lie deposited the mortal remains of the Right Hon'ble Lady LOUISA RODNEY, daughter of JOHN, EARL OF ALDBOROUGH. She was born December 3rd, 1778, married October the 19th, 1799, the Hon. JOHN RODNEY. She departed this life December 2nd, 1814. A few days before her death she was seen in this place apparently in health joining with unaffected piety in the public worship of her Maker, one who was felt to be the life, the ornament of the limited society of Colombo. The pious daughter, the faithful wife, the affectionate mother, had too well discharged her various duties, not to feel a firm reliance on the mercy of the Creator. To those with whom those relations existed, who shall speak earthly comfort? Who shall replace to her parents the pride of their noble house? Who shall soften the affliction of the beloved partner of so many of her happiest years? Who shall calculate the loss of such a mother to the poor infants surrounding their sorrowing father, unconscious of their common calamity, and wondering at the change which has converted the happiest dwelling into a house of mourning? Before her native dignity and easy condescension, restraint and ceremony alike retired, and while our social circles were enlivened by her cheerful temper, the sorrows of the unfortunate were sooth'd by her prompt bounty. Such was the kind, the good, the warm-hearted friend whom all deplored. Such was she</p>

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Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
3 ..	Dec. 2 1814	.. Louisa Rodney— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>who has left a void in our society not to be filled up, and now is her earthly form, which beamed the very spirit of benevolence, the tenant of a cold and silent grave. For such a loss it is fair to indulge in the grief, which we feel to be universal, the best affections of our hearts demanded, and cold must be that heart, knowing as we know, would not sorrow for the amiable LADY LOUISA RODNEY. "And now, O Lord, in whose hands are the issues of life and death, not my will, but Thine be done."</p> <p>"The illness which terminated thus fatally was short and sudden—a visceral affection, of which she complained on Thursday morning and expired on Friday evening at 5 o'clock, within a few hours of completing her thirty-sixth year." She left "eight infant children."</p> <p>"The funeral, which took place on Saturday, was attended by an immense concourse of persons of every description in the neighbourhood of Colombo. His Excellency the Governor, the Chief Justice, the Members of Council, all His Majesty's Civil Servants, and all the officers of the Garrison formed the procession; and as a solemn, though unusual, mark of respect for departed worth, Mrs. Brownrigg, Lady Johnston, and all the ladies of the Settlement were present on this melancholy occasion.</p> <p>"Never was witnessed a scene of sincerer grief than the Church of Colombo exhibited while the funeral service proceeded; tears poured from every eye; frequent and audible were the expressions of that sorrow which could not be restrained, and when the mortal remains of this beloved woman were committed to the earth, it seemed as if every one felt that their dearest sister was deposited in the tomb.</p> <p>"To those who have known Colombo, who have seen her in the exercise of every quality which can ornament her sex, who have witnessed her conduct in social or domestic life, her winning kindness and generous hospitality, who have seen her the object to whom all eyes were turned as the chief spring of social intercourse, diffusing through all that happy temper which soothed all into good humour—to those it is possible to estimate the degree in which the public grief has been expressed, and to believe that we use no figurative phrase in saying that the death of Lady Louisa Rodney has cast a general gloom of sadness over this Settlement.</p> <p>"In her domestic character this admirable woman was beyond all praise; to administer consolation to her beloved partner of fifteen years was the last act of her life; to his children of a former marriage she was more than a mother, and in their grateful love she experienced a return of affection undistinguished from that of her own children.</p> <p>"Highly and elegantly accomplished, with a sound judgment and correct taste, her conversation was sought by all; to learn that she was to be present was to give to any social meeting the most pleasing attraction; and we cannot without admiration, mingled with our grief, remember what a charm was thrown over society by the mere influence of her manner.</p> <p>"To this tribute to departed excellence, traced by the hand of one who loved and revered her, may be added the words with which the Hon. and Rev. Mr. Twisleton concluded his sermon on Sunday last, the day succeeding her funeral. The impression which they made upon his hearers and their own truth entitle them to be recorded." (<i>Gazette.</i>)</p> <p>Mr. Twisleton's sermon shows that he was the composer of the epitaph on her tomb. There are phrases in it identical with several of those used in the epitaph. This tomb consists of a very large slab of local stone, with a frame similar to those of the Coke and D'Oyly tablets, but less elaborate. It is the largest stone in the church, and looks as if it was originally a Dutch tombstone.</p> <p>The Hon. John Rodney, third son of Admiral Lord Rodney, who defeated Count de Grasse, was appointed</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
3 ..	Dec. 2 1814	Louisa Rodney— <i>contd.</i> ..	President of the Board of Revenue at Colombo, August 1, 1804, and Chief Secretary, September 3, 1806. He retired June 4, 1832, and died at Boulogne, May 8, 1847, aged 82. He was three times married: first to Lady Catherine Nugent, only daughter of the Earl of Westmeath, on July 4, 1784, and Lady Louisa Stratford became his second wife. He married (3) June 7, 1815, at Colombo, Antoinette Elizabeth, daughter of Benedict Edward Reyne, a girl who was barely 16. By his three marriages he had eighteen children. His eldest daughter, Catherine Henrietta, married at Colombo, July 20, 1810, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Patrick Stuart, 19th Regiment, who died a General and K.C.M.G.; the second, Fanny, married Lord Blantyre, February 20, 1813; and the third, Frances, Thomas Eden, C.C.S., at Colombo, June 4, 1810. Another daughter by Lady Louisa, Eliza, married March 22, 1832, at St. Omer's, J. S. Wetenhall, Esq. His eldest son (born to him by Lady Louisa, May 14, 1802), John Stratford Rodney, who was in the Ceylon Civil Service (Sitting Magistrate of Colombo, Assistant Government Agent, Madawalatenna), 1831-8, married (1) Anna Boyce of Bombay, who died February 3, 1825, and (2) Eleanor, third daughter of Joseph Hume, December 23, 1826. His second daughter by Lady Louisa, Angela Eliza, married at Colombo, January 8, 1825, Captain Brown, R.E., the architect of the Pavilion, Kandy; and his sixth daughter by Lady Louisa, Caroline Stuart, married at Colombo, April 3, 1830, Campbell Drummond Riddell, who came to Ceylon on a Commission to report on the Civil Service, and was afterwards Treasurer of New South Wales. The Hon. Edward Rodney, in command of H.M.S. <i>Africaine</i> , which arrived at Trincomalee in May, 1811, was a younger brother of John, who had also been in the Navy. Descendants of the Hon. John and Lady Louisa Rodney have come out to Ceylon in recent years, viz., Mr. John R. Manners and Mrs. Sevier, whose father, Captain Herbert Russell Manners of the 37th, was stationed in Ceylon in 1847-51, and married Angela, daughter of Colonel Brown, R.E., at Colombo, June 23, 1849. There is a "Rodney street" in Colombo.
4 ..	Jan. 4 1817	William Tolfrey ..	In memory of WILLIAM TOLFREY, Esq., of His Majesty's Civil Service, who devoted his oriental learning to the propagation of the Gospel by rendering the Holy Scriptures into the Singhalese and Pali languages. He had with intense application nearly completed a translation of the New Testament, and the last labour of his hand well describes in the language of St. Paul his benignant character and the great object of his pious zeal: "And the servant of the Lord must not strive but be gentle unto all men, apt to teach, patient, in meekness instructing those that oppose themselves: if God peradventure will give them repentance to the acknowledging of the truth, and that they may recover themselves out of the snare of the devil, who are taken captive by him at his will."—Timothy 2nd, ii. 24, 25, 26. He was called from his unfinished task 4th January, 1817. Aged 39 years. This monument is erected by the grateful public of Colombo.

The monument is of a curious design: an oval of white marble set in a rectangular slab of local granite, surmounted by a tall pyramid of the same stone, on one side of which is a shell-shaped lamp and on the other an hour glass. Below the lamp in a corner of the larger tablet is the rising sun, and in the other corner a cross lying obliquely across it. Between them over the inscription are two quill pens crossed. In the middle of the pyramid is a pile of books, one of which is open, and shows a verse from Scripture in Sinhalese.

William Tolfrey died at 3 P.M. on Saturday, January 3, after a severe illness of fourteen days' duration, and is buried in St. Peter's. His funeral was headed by the Governor and Edward Tolfrey,

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Serial No	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
4	Jan. 4 1817	William Tolfrey-- <i>contd.</i>	<p>his cousin, and was attended by the Civil and Military officers. "His death was attributed by the medical gentlemen in a great degree to the intense assiduity with which Mr. Tolfrey had discharged the duties of his public office, and performed the pious task which he had voluntarily imposed upon himself of translating the Scriptures into the Singhalese and Pali languages." (<i>Gazette</i>, Jan. 11, 1817.)</p> <p>He had had an eventful career. He arrived in India in 1794. His father, who was resident in Calcutta, procured him a situation in a public office, until which he was nominated to an Ensigncy in the 76th Regiment. "His conduct on many occasions drew from the distinguished officers whom he had the good fortune to serve, frequent and recurrent testimonials of approbation, and if, as he was wont to say of himself, he was little calculated to be a soldier, the justice of the observation was never acquiesced in by those who were the most competent judges of military merit." He served through the Mysore war under General Harris, and in the Mahratta campaign of 1803-4. He was promoted into the 74th, and was Brigade Major to Colonel Harness at the battle of Assaye. "His letters descriptive of these campaigns were greatly admired for classical elegance of composition and masterly display of knowledge of his subject. There are persons in the Island who may remember the impression which Captain Tolfrey's account of the battle of Assaye made on their minds. He was one of the three officers of the 74th who escaped the carnage of that destructive conflict. At the termination of it he performed the melancholy office of committing to the grave twelve of his brother officers. He sold out in 1805, and next year, when the regiment was called home, came to Ceylon on a visit to his uncle (Mr. Samuel Tolfrey of the Civil Service), and was appointed by the Governor to a situation in one of the public offices, and then on his recommendation gazetted to the regular Civil Establishment" (January 1, 1811). He was appointed Assistant to the Commissioner of Revenue April 3, 1811, Chief Translator to Government, in succession to D'Oyly, June 12, 1816. He studied Sanskrit, Pali, Hindustani, and Tamil, also revised his knowledge of Greek. He published a "List of Medical Works" in the hands of the native practitioners of Ceylon in Ainslie's "Materia Indica," vol. II., p. 525; a "Narrative of Events" which occurred in Ceylon (see Marshall's "Ceylon," p. 137); and translated part of the Scriptures. His translation is "one of the most scholarly translations in the Singhalese language." He had completed the Pali translation of the New Testament to the end of the Epistle to Philemon, and the Singhalese translation to the end of the second chapter of the Second Epistle to Timothy. To quote the Johnsonese of the obituary in the <i>Gazette</i>, January 11, 1817: "In private life he was amiable, and in public life he was valuable—benevolent in the highest sense; he was the affectionate son, the kind master, the warm and sincere friend. To the mildest manners and most unaffected modesty he joined great strength of mind and high independence of spirit. Of a temperament naturally melancholy and conscious that he was so, yet in the few moments of relaxation which he permitted to himself (and unhappily they were too few), he rose into such cheerfulness and so much enlivened conversation by the playfulness of his fancy, as to make it matter of general regret that he did not allow himself to mix more frequently in society; but here his ardent desire to accomplish his benevolent task interfered, and by degrees abridged even the little period he had allowed to recreation. Mr. Tolfrey was a striking (we had almost said 'and a singular') instance of one who laboured to do good for its own sake; gifted with talents and enriched with acquirements far beyond the pretensions of many whose names are more in the public eye, his name was scarcely heard out of Ceylon; his learning was as unassuming as his manners, he had no ambition, not even in its most venial form, a desire of literary fame; his knowledge was as freely imparted</p>

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Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
4 ..	Jan. 4 1817	.. William Tolfrey— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>as it was laboriously attained, and, satisfied that he was rendering his useful talents in the way most acceptable to his Maker, he entertained no anxiety to have his good work published to men."</p> <p>Instances of his hours of recreation are to be found in the notices in the <i>Gazette</i> of subscription balls or assemblies, at which he occasionally acted as one of the stewards.</p> <p>According to Bennett ("Capabilities of Ceylon," p. 420), Tolfrey's death was indirectly due "to the Uva rebellion. He was, as Chief Interpreter, daily receiving anonymous but friendly <i>olas</i> from loyal natives of the interior of the projected rebellion and of the Government's danger through the intended treachery of Eheylapola." But these warnings were disregarded, and "Tolfrey himself was thought scarcely less than a lunatic for viewing them in a more serious light.... He was constitutionally of a melancholy turn of mind, and the excitement which had at first driven him to madness ended in death."</p> <p>Samuel Tolfrey arrived at Colombo with the first batch of Civil Servants in September, 1801, was reported by the Secretary of State with James Scott Hay as qualified for the higher appointments, and was appointed with Hay a member of the Board of Revenue on £1,500 a year, was Civil Auditor-General, retired on January 1, 1810, and died in 1827. George Tolfrey, who was gazetted Ensign in the 66th March 23, 1812, was probably a son of his, and so probably was Edward. His daughter, Mary Elizabeth, married at Colombo, on July 5, 1804, Dr. Thomas Christie, the Superintendent-General of Hospitals, Ceylon.</p> <p>Samuel Tolfrey compiled a Sinhalese vocabulary, "the first that appeared, which was patronized by the then liberal Secretary of State for the Colonies, who presented its author a donation of £1,000" (Bennett, p. 363). It formed the foundation for Clough's Dictionary, published in 1830.</p>
5 ..	April 18 1818	.. Thomas Aldersey Jones ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of THOMAS ALDERSEY JONES, Captain in H. M. 19th Regiment, who died in the 37th year of his age, and was buried at Batticaloa on the 18th April, 1818. During 17 years' service in the 19th Regiment on the Continent of India and the Island of Ceylon, Capt. Jones was distinguished by the constant approbation of his Commander, the respect of his inferiors, and his brother officers' affectionate regard. When in the midst of the Kandyan rebellion he was attacked by his last illness at Katabowa in Wellasse, he refused to quit his post or remove to the seaside until he had exhausted the last effort of his strength in the cause of his country. That some record of his military worth and private virtues should be preserved in public remembrance beyond the remote retirement of his grave, this monument was erected by his afflicted widow.</p> <p>Captain Jones....first joined the 19th Regiment in 1801, was gazetted Lieutenant June 25, 1803 (<i>vice</i> Byne, who fell at Kandy), Fort Adjutant of Fort Osaburg, January 28, 1804, and Captain, 3rd Ceylon Regiment, on September 20, 1806. He accompanied the Ceylon force, consisting of the 3rd Ceylon under Lieutenant-Colonel Morrice and a detachment of the Royal Artillery, which took part in the suppression of the Travancore rebellion in 1809, and returned to England in 1810. In 1813 he married at Alderbury, Shropshire, Emma, second daughter of Rev. Mr. Thornes. In 1815 he returned to this Island, and "was soon appointed Commandant of Batticaloa, where he resided until the rebellion broke out in the Kandyan territories. He then moved to Katabowa in Welassa, where his services were eminently useful in keeping that part of the country quiet, and in protecting and forwarding supplies upon the line of communications between Batticaloa and Badulla. In Welassa Captain Jones was attacked by a liver complaint, which at length proved fatal. Captain Jones had always distinguished</p>

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Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
5	April 18 1818	Thomas Aldersey Jones— <i>contd.</i>	<p>himself by the most scrupulous and honourable discharge of his military duties. The strictest attention to discipline was so tempered in him by a suavity of manners and soundness of judgment, that he was regarded by his brother officers, without any invidious preference, as a pattern of military conduct, and throughout his Regiment he was universally respected and beloved." (<i>Gazette</i>, May 9, 1818.)</p> <p>His Commanding Officer, Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, referred in highly eulogistic terms to his services in supplying the troops, and in inspiring the Moormen of Welassa with confidence. ("Manual of Uva," p. 108.)</p> <p>He was thanked by General Order of March 19, 1816, for the good discipline he had kept in the detachment of the 19th stationed in Colombo for the last seven months, now about to embark for Trincomalee—nearly 200. One man only was confined for a very minor offence.</p> <p>He left a young widow and three infant children. "It would be vain to offer our consolation to the volume of public grief at such a moment of overwhelming affliction," says the ever-sympathetic but somewhat platitudinous <i>Gazette</i>, and it proceeds to moralize—</p> <p>"The widow bereaved of such a husband must rely upon the sustaining comforts of religion, and, occupied in the maternal duties of endearing attention to her children, wait until the lenient hand of time shall have assuaged her sorrow."</p> <p>He was the fourth son of John Lloyd Jones, Esq., of Maesmawr, Montgomeryshire, and was born at Maesmawr Hall, August 28, 1778, so that he was in his 39th, and not in his 37th, year at the time of his death. He married Susan, not Emma, Thornes. She died October 31, 1845. Their eldest son, Captain John Thomas William Jones, born 1814, of the 43rd Light Infantry and Royal Canadian Rifles, had a distinguished career in Canada, and was A.D.C. to the Governor-General. He died in 1885. The widow and her three children are buried at Kensal Green. Mr. Herbert White, C.C.S., is a relative.</p> <p>There are a tombstone with inscription, and also a tablet, neither of them <i>in situ</i>, at Batticaloa.</p> <p>Kotabowa is about 34 miles south-east of Badulla on the road to Batticaloa.</p>
6	Sept. 1 1818	William Coke	<p>Memoriæ positum GULIELMI COKE equitis Ædificii Christi Oxon alumni studentis regis Britannici in hac usula concilio qui per annos decem rem juridicam hic administravit juris consultus regius socius judex præses literis, humanioribus ornatissimus suavitate morum insignis, ingenio dulcis judicio sincerus suis benignus omnibus facilis et urbanus justitiæ et propositi impavidus sed placide vindex bonos omnes sibi conciliavit concivibus dilectus indigenis veneratus quam carus vixit quam flebilis occidit nobis et posteris hoc marmor testetur. Natus Anglia in agro Derviensi, decessit Trincomalæ, Kal Septembris 1818, ætat 43.</p> <p>The Coke monument was erected in 1821. It consists of a very large tablet of local stone in a frame of classical design with Ionic pillars, and entablature all in black and white masonry. There is a tradition that it was originally the tomb of General Hulft (which has disappeared from Wolvendaal, to which it was removed in 1813) reversed, and with the new inscription cut on the back.</p> <p>"The death of the Hon. Sir William Coke, Puisne Justice of the Supreme Court, took place on the 12th instant at Trincomalee, where Sir William had arrived only a few days, for the purpose of holding a Criminal Sessions on the commencement of his circuit. Sir William landed on the 23rd ultimo and found himself a little out of order the next morning, but was not affected materially until night, when he was severely attacked by a disorder which soon exhibited alarming symptoms of dysentery; some blood was taken from him and he appeared to be a little better, but was not considered out of danger. On Friday evening Sir William was removed from the Admiral's House by his own desire to the <i>Minden</i>, then lying</p>

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Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
6	Sept. 1 1818	William Coke— <i>contd.</i>	<p>in the harbour, where everything was arranged for his comfort in the spacious and airy cabin by order of the Admiral, who showed the most anxious solicitude for the recovery of his distinguished guest. Sir William was attended on board the <i>Minden</i> by Dr. Robson, Physician to the Forces, as well as by Mr. Rodgers, the Admiral's Surgeon, but all human aid was vain, and on Tuesday morning about 9 o'clock he breathed his last. The immediate cause of Sir William's death was a mortification of the bowels, which probably began at an earlier stage of the disorder, as he soon ceased to feel any extraordinary pain. He expired without a struggle, and the last expression upon his manly countenance was a placid smile.</p> <p>"The remains of Sir William Coke were carried to the grave by the men of the 73rd Regiment at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 2nd instant. Major-General Jackson and every Civil and Military Servant, as well as all the officers of the Navy attended, and Rear-Admiral Sir Richard King, Bart., walked as chief mourner. The funeral service was read by the Rev. T. Ireland, Chaplain to the Forces, and the concourse of natives was the greatest that has been for many years seen at Trincomalee. While the procession moved from the Admiralty House to the churchyard the band of the 73rd Regiment played solemn pieces of music, and minute guns, 42 in number, corresponding with the years of the deceased's age, were fired from the saluting battery. As soon as His Excellency the Governor received by express the melancholy news of Sir William Coke's death, a General Order was published directing that every mark of respect should be shown to the memory of this distinguished servant of the Crown, who was at the time of his decease the second person in rank upon the Island of Ceylon. Accordingly, on the 10th instant, the flag of the Fort of Colombo was hoisted and remained during the whole of the day half-mast high, and at noon the minute guns were fired from the rampart.</p> <p>"Sir William Coke was educated at Westminster School, where he was a King's Scholar, and in 1794 he was elected to Christ Church in the University of Oxford. On September 15, 1808, he arrived in Ceylon as His Majesty's Advocate Fiscal, and on March 12, 1809, he was nominated provisionally to be Chief Justice. On October 28, 1810, he was by Letters Patent regularly appointed Puisne Justice.</p> <p>"The general feeling of the public towards a public man is the best testimony of departed worth, and if any circumstances were wanting to increase our regret, it is an aggravation of our loss that we are deprived of Sir William Coke's abilities and professional knowledge at a moment when there is not only no other Judge, but not a single English lawyer in the Island of Ceylon. In private life Sir William Coke was remarkable for that ease and sobriety of manner which are the natural result of a public education and an early introduction into good company, operating upon a sound understanding and obliging disposition. His loss must be long regretted in a limited society, of which from his rank and accomplishments he formed so conspicuous a part." (<i>Gazette</i>, September 12, 1818.)</p> <p>Sir William Coke arrived by the H. C. ship <i>Jane Duchess of Gordon</i> in 1808. He went to England in the <i>Albinia</i> (with John Downing, C.C.S.), leaving Galle on January 11, 1814, and returned in H.M.S. <i>Iphigenia</i> from Madras, arriving at Trincomalee on July 20, 1816, after an absence of 2½ years.</p> <p>He went on to Jaffna in July 28 in the <i>Hebe</i> (Captain J. Morris, see No. 248), to hold the Jaffna Sessions, Charles Scott, C.C.S., J. G. Forbes, C.C.S., and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bennett being fellow passengers. The Bennetts had only arrived at Trincomalee on July 25 by H. M. brig <i>Elk</i> from Madras, which had picked them up at sea from the <i>Elphinstone</i>, Indianman, bound for Madras. Mr. Bennett is noted for his books on "Ceylon" and "Ceylon Fishes."</p>

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Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
6 ..	Sept. 1 1818	William Coke— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>Sir William held the Jaffna Sessions, and then proceeded to Colombo, where he landed on August 19.</p> <p>Governor Brownrigg gave him a dinner the same day, and all heads of departments were invited to meet him. "A general satisfaction prevailed among all ranks at seeing once more restored to their society a gentleman whose character has always stood so high in the public estimation. When Sir William's health was drunk he rose and in a short address, delivered with much feeling, expressed his thanks to the company, and assured them that although he had just left a country so dear to every Englishman, many delightful associations united to remind him of former happy years and cheer his voyage on a return to Ceylon." (<i>Gazette</i> of August 21, 1816.)</p> <p>J. W. Bennett, in his "Capabilities of Ceylon," pp. 226-7, relates an amusing incident that happened on this passage from Trincomalee to Jaffna. Sir William and the rest of the party landed at Point Pedro, and were entertained by the Sitting Magistrate, Mr. John Ernst Theile, a Prussian gentleman who had served under Frederick the Great.</p> <p>Sir William was second son of the Rev. D'Ewes Coke, Rector of Plinxton, by Hammah, daughter of George Heywood, Esq., of Brimington. His elder brother, D'Ewes Coke, succeeded to the estate of Brookhill Hall, Derbyshire, in 1811. His younger brother, John Coke of Debdale Hall, Notts, was High Sheriff of that county in 1810. The Cokes are related to the Wilmots of Chaddesden, Derbyshire, to which family Edward Parr Wilmot belonged.</p> <p>Sir W. Coke's house was at "Tanque Salgado," near Uplands, Mutwal. It was advertised for sale with all his effects on December 10, 1818.</p>
7 ..	March 11 1819	George Rivers Maltby ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of GEORGE RIVERS MALTBY, late Captain in H. M. 16th Regiment of Foot, eldest son of the Rev. Dr. MALTBY of Buckden in Huntingdonshire, whose life was unfortunately terminated in the 24th year of his age by a fall from his horse in the neighbourhood of Colombo. Cut off in the enjoyment of youth, health, and the brightest prospects of success in his profession, his untimely fate excited the deep regret of all who were acquainted with his many excellent qualities. By the Commanding Officer of his Regiment and his brother officers who well knew and highly appreciated his amiable character this tablet is erected in testimony of their sincere regard.</p> <p>Born May, 1796. Died 11th March, 1820.</p> <p>Also inscription on his tomb in Galle Face Cemetery.</p> <p>"His death was occasioned by a fall from his horse, from which he received so severe an injury as precluded every hope of his recovery, but by the efforts of medical skill and unceasing attention by his friends his life was protracted for one week, during which time he evinced that fortitude and resignation which might be expected from the amiable qualities of his mind. He died at King's House." (<i>Gazette</i>.)</p>
8 ..	Feb. 7 1821	Alexander Cadell ..	<p>To the memory of ALEXANDER CADELL, Esqr., who was born at Carron Park in the County of Stirling, North Britain, and died at Colombo on the 7th February, 1821, in the 40th year of his age. He resided 20 years in this Island, during the greater part of which period he held the situation of Civil and Military Paymaster-General. He was an upright member of society, a zealous and faithful servant of Government. This memorial of a much-regretted relative was erected by his brothers.</p> <p>He was appointed Writer in 1801, and Assistant in the Chief Secretary's Office on arrival September 22, 1801; Deputy Paymaster of the Eastern Division, November 3, 1802, and Paymaster-General April 30, 1803. On January 1, 1804, he became Collector of Colombo; on November 13, 1805. Collector of Jaffna; and on November 5, 1806, Civil and Military Paymaster-General.</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
8 ..	Feb. 7 1821	Alexander Cadell— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>When Lady William Bentinck, accompanied by the Governor and Staff, paid a visit to Negombo for a few days in 1805, embarking at Pamunugama "on the new canal" on June 12, Cadell, as Collector of the District, entertained the party to "an elegant collation." On October 25, 1820, he gave "a grand dinner" to Sir Edward Barnes, Lieutenant-Governor, which was the first entertainment attended by the latter in Ceylon. There were upwards of fifty guests. He died "of liver complaint which began to assume an alarming appearance" on February 3.</p> <p>The Colombo Kachcheri stands on land that belonged to Cadell, which was known as Cadell's Garden, or Cadell Disawagewatta. About 3½ acres of it were purchased by Government on February 20, 1821, from his executors, James Maitland, W. C. Gibson, and Simon Sawers, C.C.S., for the sum of £600.</p>
9 ..	Aug. 9 1821	Edward Tolfrey ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of EDWARD TOLFREY, Esq., of His Majesty's Ceylon Civil Establishment, and late Judicial Commissioner in the Kandian Provinces, who after a period of nearly 20 years' service in various parts of this Island died in Kandy on the 9th August, 1821. Aged 37 years.</p> <p>"Mr. Tolfrey was one of those gentlemen sent out to Ceylon in the first establishment of the Civil Service in 1801, and in the several situations which he held under Government performed his duties with credit to himself and utility to the public. In private life his amiable and friendly disposition secured to him general esteem, and his loss to those who were most intimately acquainted with him is proportionate to their means of appreciating the value of his friendship." (<i>Gazette</i>, August 14, 1821.)</p> <p>The career of Edward Tolfrey in Ceylon almost exactly coincided with that of Alexander Cadell. They arrived together. He was a cousin of William Tolfrey. Spence Hardy erroneously states that Samuel and William Tolfrey were brothers ("Jubilee Memories," p. 278).</p> <p>E. Tolfrey was appointed Secretary to the Board of Revenue and Commerce September 22; Registrar of the High Court and Commissioner of Stamps December 28, 1803; to act as First Assistant at the Kachcheri of Jaffna October 23, 1805; Collector, Mannar, April 23, 1806; Provincial Judge of Galle January 31, 1810, to November 1, 1811; on leave 1812-1813; he returned with Mrs. Mary Ann Tolfrey and Miss Tolfrey by the <i>Marchioness of Exeter</i> in October, 1813. The ship arrived off Galle on the 6th, but was driven to the southward by strong currents, anchored in Weligama Bay, where she parted her anchors on the 12th, and finally arrived at Trincomalee on the 17th. Other passengers were the Rev. Thomas Ireland, Captain Benezet, R.A., Lieutenant Mainwaring. Miss Tolfrey went on to Calcutta. He became Deputy Controller-General of Customs October 10, 1813; also Commissioner of Stamps August 12, 1814; Controller-General of Customs and Commissioner of Stamps September 1, 1815; Auditor-General March 2, 1816, to March 1, 1817, when he went on leave, again proceeding to England with Mrs. Tolfrey in the ship <i>Princess Charlotte</i>. They stopped on the way at the Cape, and, says the <i>Gazette</i>, "We have the pleasure to announce to the friends of Mrs. E. Tolfrey in the society of Ceylon in which she was an ornament and deservedly a favourite, that she had a son on June 1, 1817. Mr. Tolfrey experienced very material benefit to his health." In January, 1820, he was appointed Judicial Commissioner of Kandy. On the birthday of King George III., 1820, we find him attending a dinner at the Resident's house (The Old Palace), proposing toasts, and having his health drunk, "the fine band of the 45th" attending. He is buried in the Garrison Cemetery there, but nothing marks the grave.</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
10 ..	Oct. 3 1821	William Geddes	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Bt. Lieut.-Colonel W. GEDDES, Captain H. M. 83rd Regt., who died at Trincomalie on the 3rd Oct., 1821, age 58 years.</p> <p>Lieutenant-Colonel Geddes was Commandant at Balangoda during the Uva rebellion in 1818, and arrived at Colombo from Balangoda in December of that year. In 1819–20 he was Commandant at Matara. He married a daughter of Major Thomas Summerfield, 83rd Regiment, and sister of Mrs. Thomas Holloway Twynam.</p> <p>Lieutenant-Colonel Geddes was commended by Governor Sir Robert Brownrigg, the Commander of the Forces, in General Orders, November 22, 1818, for “his gallantry, zeal, and intelligence manifested on several occasions during the rebellion.”</p>
11 ..	June 19 1822	Johanna Magdalena Mudge..	<p>Sacred to the memory of JOHANNA MAGDALENA MUDGE of Simon's Town, Cape of Good Hope, who departed this life on the 19th June, 1822, on her passage to Ceylon. This monument is erected by her husband, Lieutenant MUDGE, Royal Engineers, as a humble tribute of his love and affection for her departed worth.</p> <p>The ship <i>Globe</i> arrived from England on June 25, with Lieutenant Mudge, Mrs. Mudge having died on board “of a deep decline, aged 26. Her mild and benevolent disposition endeared her to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance.” (<i>Gazette.</i>) From her Christian names she must have been a Dutch lady of the Cape. Lieutenant John Mudge, who entered the Royal Engineers July 21, 1813, left Ceylon before the end of 1822.</p>
12 ..	May 25 1824	John D'Oyly	<p>.. In memory of the Hon. Sir JOHN D'OYLY, Bat., Resident of the Kandyan Provinces, and one of the Members of H. M. Council of this Island, whose meritorious services to the Government from the year 1802 and his talents during the Kandyan war stand recorded in the archives of this Government and in the office of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.</p> <p>Born 11th June, 1774. Died at Kandy, 25th May, 1824. Aged 49 years. He was the second son of the Rev. MATTHIAS D'OYLY, late Archdeacon of Lewes in Sussex, and this memorial is erected by his three surviving brothers.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Or two bends azure.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A demi-griffin.</p> <p>This inscription is word for word the same as that on his grave in the Garrison Cemetery, Kandy (see under “Kandy” for an account of Sir John D'Oyly). The monument is almost exactly like the one to Sir William Coke, except that the tablet is white marble.</p>
13 ..	Aug. 15 1824	Thomas James Twisleton	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the Hon. and Venerable THOMAS JAMES TWISLETON, D.D., First Archdeacon of Colombo, who died universally lamented at Hambantotte on the 15th August, 1824. Aged 52. He was second son of the Right Hon. Thomas, eleventh Lord SAYE and SELE.</p> <p>In Dr. TWISLETON the scholar and the gentleman were combined, to which he added the social and the Christian virtues. He possessed unbounded benevolence of heart and disposition, and charity in its most comprehensive sense. That his numerous good and amiable qualities may not be buried in oblivion, and that his name may live in the remembrance of the many whom he assisted and befriended, this tablet is erected by his affectionate wife and children.</p> <p>“As in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive.”</p> <p>He arrived at Colombo in February, 1804, as Chaplain to Government, or Colonial Chaplain. In addition he was appointed First Member and President of</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
13 ..	Aug. 15 .. 1824	Thomas James Twisleton— <i>contd.</i>	<p>the Court of Justices of the Peace February 27, 1805, Sitting Magistrate for the Town, Fort, and District of Colombo July 13, 1805. "In addition to his clerical duties, he executed for many years the laborious office of Sitting Magistrate of Colombo with the greatest assiduity and to the general advantage of the public." (<i>Gazette</i>, August 21, 1824.) On July 15, 1807, probably being on a visit to Jaffna, he was appointed Provincial Judge of that place, but reverted to the Colombo Magistracy on March 23, 1808. He was also Principal of Schools from May 9, 1804. On April 12, 1818, the Archdeaconry of Colombo was constituted by Letters Patent, with Twisleton as first Archdeacon. ("He resigned the Magistracy on being appointed to the Archdeaconry.") He was installed at St. Peter's by the Rev. George Bisset, Colonial Chaplain, acting on commission for the Bishop of Calcutta, on September 18, and read himself in on September 19. But though he gave up the Magistracy, he became a pluralist again on August 29, 1812, when he was instituted (while in Ceylon) to the valuable rectory of Bradwell <i>cum</i> Addlestrop in Gloucestershire, the duties of which, even if laborious like those of the former office, were capable of being performed, like the ceremony of institution, by proxy.</p> <p>He had been absent from Colombo for five months before his death "on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Gisborne, in the Tangalle district, intending to continue his tour of official inspection to Trincomalee. Four or five days prior to his decease, travelling to the eastward of Hambantotte, he experienced an attack of diarrhœa, but with no alarming symptoms, and he was recovering from this disease, when on the morning of the 15th instant he was seized with violent fever, in consequence of which he preceded his family and the rest of the party travelling with him, and accompanied only by Mr. Morgan, Hospital Assistant to the Forces, arrived at Hambantota, where he died shortly afterwards, at 8 P.M., in the 54th year of his age. His remains were interred at Tangalle on the 17th instant." (<i>Gazette</i>, August 21, 1824.) The <i>Gazette</i> is, as usual, very eulogistic. "His urbane and sociable manners united, and arising from a kindness of heart, have gained him the friendship and regard as well of those who have been coeval with himself in the society of Colombo as of more numerous members. Among the poorer classes his charity will be remembered with due regret for his loss, which will be equally felt by the middle class of inhabitants of the Settlement." He was instrumental in founding St. Paul's Church, Pettah, in 1816. Spence Hardy is also eulogistic.</p> <p>Archdeacon Twisleton was born September 28, 1770, and married at the age of 18, Charlotte Ann, daughter of John Wattell, Esq. (September 26, 1788), by whom he had five children, and whom he divorced. He married (2) Ann, daughter of Benjamin Ashe, Esq. (June 7, 1798), by whom he had a son, Frederick, who became 13th Baron Saye and Sele, and seven other children. The eldest daughter, Mary Elizabeth, married December 6, 1815, William Gisborne, C.C.S.</p> <p>She had gone home in 1809 by one of the fleet of three ships which took Major-General Charles Baillie, the Hon. Mr. A. Johnston and his family, and the Rev. William Hamlyn Heywood. The latter went in the <i>Jane Duchess of Gordon</i>, which was lost at sea in March of that year. Mary Twisleton was more fortunate, and returned with her mother and sister Ann to Ceylon in October, 1813. But Ann left for home again in the transport <i>Arniston</i> in 1815, and was lost on the voyage home in that ship near the Cape, May 30, 1815, with Lieutenant-Colonel Viscount Molesworth, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, who had been Commandant at Jaffna and at Galle, and the Viscountess.</p> <p>Mrs. Gisborne married (2) Captain T. H. Twynam. His daughter by his first wife, Julia Eliza, married Captain James Brown, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, who was killed in a duel with Captain Parker (see No. 96). She died March 28, 1832, leaving an only son, who became Vicar of Sydling. He was born at Colombo, April 10, 1809.</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No..	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
14 ..	April 3 1826	.. Reginald Heber	<p>.. This tablet is erected by the British in Ceylon to the memory of REGINALD HEBER, D.D., Lord Bishop of Calcutta, who, turning cheerfully from the enjoyments of home and the prospects of honour in England, undertook in faith and hope the episcopal charge of his brethren in the Indian Empire, and lived and died there, watchful, indefatigable, devoted friend and pastor. In the short space of three years he animated by his presence almost every part of his vast diocese, and while he everywhere encouraged in the Island as on the peninsula, with special and parental care, the Church already formed, and visited with thankful joy the converts of his flocks, he looked earnestly to the day when to the heathen also he might be the means of preaching the Gospel of Christ, and might thus be not only the Prelate of India, but the Chief Missionary of England to the East.</p> <p>He was born 21st April, 1783, consecrated Bishop of Calcutta 1823, died 3rd April, 1826.</p> <p>Bishop Heber held a visitation in Ceylon in September, 1825. He preached in St. Peter's, Fort, on Sunday, September 11, from Acts 11, 39, on behalf of Bishop's College, Calcutta, and a meeting was held at King's House next morning "to consider the best mode of appropriating the collection made yesterday." On September 14 the Governor and the Bishop at daybreak, accompanied by Mrs. Heber, the Acting Archdeacon (Glenie), and the Rev. Mr. Robinson, left Colombo for Kandy. The party was to sleep at "Ootunakandy," and reach Kandy the next morning for breakfast. He was to hold an ordination and a confirmation at St. Peter's on Wednesday, September 21. On September 25 he consecrated Baddegama Church. Mrs. Heber's "Journal of a Tour in Ceylon" was published in 1828.</p>
15 ..	May 20 1828	.. Henry Matthews	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the Honourable HENRY MATTHEWS, Puisne Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Ceylon.</p> <p>Born 21st June, 1789. Died 20th May, 1828.</p> <p>He is buried in the church, a slab in the centre passage marking the spot. He was educated at Eton, and King's College, Cambridge, and in 1819 had published "The Diary of an Invalid," which obtained some popularity. After call to the Bar at Lincoln's Inn, he was appointed Advocate Fiscal, Ceylon, November 1, 1821, and in 1827 Puisne Justice (sworn in on October 9). His son, Henry, born at Colombo, January 13, 1826, was Home Secretary in Lord Salisbury's second administration, and was created Viscount Llandaff. "The short period during which it was permitted to Mr. Matthews to exercise his judicial functions fully realized the expectations, even of those who had been in the habit of listening to and admiring his brilliant efforts as an Advocate. His natural talents were of the very highest order. Strength of mind, quickness of perception, and accuracy of judgment directed and tempered a warmth of feeling which influenced every action of his life and ardour in the discharge of his public duties, which neither fatigue nor bodily suffering could damp, nor anything but death itself could extinguish. His attainments, independently of such as were incidental to his profession, were those of an elegant scholar and a polished gentleman. But it was in the private relations of life, and above all in the bosom of his family, that it was most pleasing to contemplate his amiable and endearing qualities. As a husband and father his conduct was above all praise. Such, indeed, was his devotedness to the dearest objects of his affections, that he might have been supposed to be wholly absorbed in them, if the number of his friends who now deplore his loss did not testify that his heart was as capacious as it was open and accessible. His highly cultivated mind and extensive information, his manly and generous sentiments, and the playfulness of his imagination rendered</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
15 ..	May 20 1828	Henry Matthews— <i>contd.</i> ..	him the charm and delight of society. And those who were fortunate enough to enjoy an intimacy with him felt that thus to know and not to love him was scarcely possible. Kind and affectionate as was his life, his end was in every way worthy of it. On the bed of sickness and of death, his body worn down by lingering disease, he was still the same ; his thought still fixed on every one rather than himself. Fortitude the most undaunted, resignation the most exemplary, marked his last moments ; and gave proof, cheering and undeniable, of a mind calmly conscious of its own rectitude. The grief of his friends will be deep and lasting. But even they must feel lightly in comparison with one whom nothing but a mind the counterpart of his own, and a firm reliance on that hope, which teaches that the separation is but for a space, could have supported under this most trying visitation." (<i>Gazette of May 24, 1828.</i>)* Mr. and Mrs. Matthews came out by the ship <i>Windsor Castle</i> , which left Portsmouth November 8, 1821, and arrived at Colombo March 17, 1822. He lived at Mutwal. His widow, Emma, long survived him, dying at Paris on July 30, 1861.
16 ..	March 31 1832	Hamilton Bailey ..	In memory of HAMILTON, wife of Reverend B. BAILEY, M.A., Senior Colonial Chaplain of the Island of Ceylon, and only daughter of the Right Reverend GEORGE GLEIG, LL.D., F.R.S.E., &c., Senior Bishop of the Scottish Episcopal Church. Born at Stirling, N. B., on the 19th April, 1793, and died at Colombo, Island of Ceylon, on the 31st March, 1832. "This mortal must put on immortality." 1 Cor., xv., 53. Erected by her sorrowing husband. "Where from their suffering saint's repose, thou art For ever blessing and for ever blest ; Here pain and sorrow wrung thy gentle heart, There in thy proper sphere thou art at rest. Most loved, most loving, and most lovable, To whom a purer happier world is given ; A broken heart can only say Farewell, Farewell, Farewell, until we meet in heaven." Also an inscription on tomb in the Galle Face Cemetery. Dr. Gleig was consecrated Bishop of Brechin in 1808 (see No. 30).
17 ..	March 8 1833	Henrietta Charlotte Sneyd ..	Sacred to the memory of HENRIETTA CHARLOTTE, the beloved wife of RICHARD MALONE SNEYD, Esqr., of the Ceylon Civil Service, and eldest child of Charles Edward Layard, Esqr., of the same service, and Barbara, his wife. She died at Point de Galle on March 8th, 1833, in her 28th year. "Blessed are the dead, which die in the Lord." Rev. xiv., 13. She is buried in the Dutch Church, Galle, where there is a tablet. R. M. Sneyd was District Judge there at the time of her death. He retired September 6, 1837, after 23 years' service at Matara, Tangalla, Mannar, Chilaw, Batticaloa, and Galle. He died at Leamington, October 23, 1861. She was eldest daughter of C. E. Layard, C.C.S., and married R. M. Sneyd, September 28, 1827, at St. Paul's, Colombo (see No. 47).
18 ..	March 20 1834	Frances Sillery ..	Sacred to the memory of FRANCES, wife of ROBERT SILLERY, M.D., and daughter of the Revd. RICHARD WILLIAMS, Rector of Great Houghton, Northamptonshire, who died at Galle, March 20th, 1834. Aged 32. The register of the Dutch Church, Galle, curiously enough, shows that she was buried in the Church on March 19. The inscription there adds that the Rev. Mr. Williams was a Prebendary of Lincoln, and that she was his third daughter. She was married at Great Houghton, September 12, 1825.

* There is a notice of Matthews in the "Dictionary of National Biography" as well as in Allibone's "Dictionary of Authors." He was a son of John Matthews, M.P. for Herefordshire in the Parliament of 1802-6. His brother, Charles Skinner Matthews, who was drowned boating on the Cam, a Fellow of Downing, was an intimate friend of Byron's.

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
18 ..	March 20 1834	Frances Sillery— <i>contd.</i> ..	Staff Assistant Surgeon and Mrs. Sillery arrived in Ceylon on March 30, 1826, by the same ship, the <i>Pyramus</i> , that brought Colonel Muller (see No. 113). Lieut. R. S. C. Sillery, probably a son, was in the Ceylon Rifles, 1848–1857, and was afterwards a planter at Kitulgala and Pussellawa, and on Bathford, Dikoya (1864).
19 ..	April 30 1835	John Gore ..	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. JOHN GORE, R.N., only son of Vice-Admiral Sir JOHN GORE, K.C.B., who during the voyage home of his father's Flagship <i>Melville</i> from this station perished heroically in an unsuccessful attempt to save the life of a brother sailor, off Algoa Bay, on the 30th April, 1835. Aged 23 years. In the pride of youth, in the bloom of health, in the height of energy, with fervour of hope, beloved, respected, and admired, one fatal moment consigned him to a watery grave. The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord. This tablet was placed here by his friend, the Right Hon. Sir Robert Wilmot Horton, Bart., G.C.H., Governor of Ceylon. October, M.D.C.C.C.XXXVII.
20 ..	Feb. 5 1837	Daniel Corrie ..	.. Sacred to the memory of the Right Reverend DANIEL CORRIE, LL.D., 1st Bishop of Madras, consecrated at Lambeth, June 14, 1835, died February 5, 1837. This tablet was erected by the inhabitants of the Archdeaconry of Ceylon as a test of their love and veneration for one who for more than 30 years held forth to both Europeans and natives in his personal ministration and by stimulating and directing the efforts of others, first as Chaplain of the East India Company on the Bengal Establishment, and successively as Archdeacon of Calcutta and Bishop of Madras, salvation by means of grace through faith in Christ wrought in the heart by the Holy Spirit and working by love and in all holy obedience. A white marble tablet with medallion portrait.
21 ..	May 19 1838	William Rough ..	.. Blessed are the merciful for they shall obtain mercy. In memory of Sir WILLIAM ROUGH, Knight, Serjeant-at-law, late Chief Justice of the Island of Ceylon, who died at Nuwara Ellia, 19th May, 1838. Aged 64 years. This tablet was erected by his Judicial, Civil, Military, and numerous other attached friends in the Colony in testimony of their deep and affectionate respect for his public and private character, for his extensive learning, his inflexible integrity, his impartial justice, his high moral courage, and his pure humanity as a judge, his amiable disposition, great benevolence, and eminent social qualities as a man. <i>Arms.</i> —Gyronny of eight, or and ermine, a griffin segreant, on a chief sable a demi-lion rampant between two crescents. <i>Crest.</i> —A demi-lion. This tablet was designed for the most part by Mr. H. Tufnell (Sir R. Wilmot-Horton's son-in-law), who with Mrs. Tufnell had paid a visit to the Island in 1833, and who subsequently became a Lord of the Admiralty. In a letter to the Rev. B. Bailey he states that "the grouping of the insignia in the pediment is taken in some measure from the monument to Lord Mansfield in Westminster Abbey." It came out in the <i>Symmetry</i> in 1840. It is of classical design, with fasces, &c. In 1830 Mr. Serjeant Rough acted as Puisne Justice, in place of Sir Charles Marshall, acting as Chief Justice, and in 1831 he was appointed Puisne Judge. He was Chief Justice 1836–1838. He was knighted August 8, 1837. He had been in Demarara, and therefore had had some practical knowledge of Roman-Dutch Law. "Mr. Rough brings with him a well-grounded knowledge of his profession, and particularly

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
21 ..	May 19 .. 1838	William Rough— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>of the Civil and Dutch Law, an acquisition of no small moment to the inhabitants of this Colony. He brings with him, moreover, a highly cultivated mind enriched from the stores of classical lore and trained to liberal and sound constitutional principles, and, though last, not least, a character in private life of unsullied integrity and an amiableness of disposition that has secured him the respect and esteem of all who have had the pleasure of knowing him. In Mr. Rough, then, we have a good man, an experienced lawyer, and an upright judge." (<i>Colombo Observer</i>, July, 1836.) "A gentleman of the old school, a man of the most undeviating rectitude, a hospitable and cordial friend." (<i>Ibid.</i>) He was a friend of Lord Lyndhurst and Lord Denman, also "of Walter Savage Landor, and in the recently published life of Landor is alluded to as the author of some pleasing verses." (Digby, "Forty Years in an Oriental Crown Colony," vol. II., p. 81.) To these friends of his may be added, according to Mr. A. M. Ferguson, Henry Kirke White. His illness had been of some weeks' duration. He left two daughters and a son. One of the daughters, Harriet Joanna, married at Colombo, August 11, 1832, Major Thomas Edward Hall of the 97th Regiment, Commandant of Kotmale District and a Deputy Lieutenant of Killeen, Argyllshire, and had a son, Angus William, who, born at Nuwara Eliya, December 19, 1834, became Sir Angus Hall, K.C.B., and died at Dinterwood, Pontrilas, Herefordshire, in January, 1907.</p> <p>The son, W. H. Rough, was Private Secretary to the Chief Justice, Sir Charles Marshall, in 1832, Acting Postmaster-General, April 2, 1835, and Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee and Kandy, in 1837. There is some correspondence between Sir William Rough and the Right Hon. Stewart Mackenzie, Governor, which was carried on between November, 1837, and April, 1838, published in the <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., pp. 1-6, from which it appears that he had been much of an invalid from early in April. "He expired without a struggle at 5 minutes past 7 o'clock this evening D. Saner was in attendance." (Letter from Major Simmonds, 61st Regiment, Commandant.) It is not easy to make out what the correspondence was about, but apparently there was a difference of opinion between the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Stoddart, and the former did not know exactly what line the Governor would take.</p>
22 ..	Sept. 27 .. 1838	Charles Wallelt ..	<p>To the memory of CHARLES WALLETT, Esq. (only son of Major WALLETT, Ceylon Rifle Regt.), who was killed by an elephant near Ruanwella on the 27th September, 1838, in the 20th year of his age. A young man of great promise, whose amiable disposition and frankness and manly spirit endeared him to all who knew him. This tablet was erected by some of his friends.</p> <p>Also on his tomb in the Galle Face Cemetery. He was employed in the Commissioner of Roads' Department.</p> <p>"Having heard of a tusker, Mr. Wallelt, attended by two native boys, went in pursuit and met it in a herd of three. He fired one barrel, and is said to have hit the animal; but the second barrel of his gun missed fire, and the elephant rushed upon him before he could get another gun from his terrified attendants. It immediately crushed him to death, and went off for a few minutes; but, returning, thrust his tusks through the body, and tore all the clothes off it. It is a curious coincidence that Mr. Wallelt lost his life not far distant from the place where Major Haddock was killed by an elephant seven years' ago." (<i>Colombo Observer</i>, October 1, 1838, quoted by Forbes, "Eleven Years in Ceylon," vol. I., p. 146.) Major Forbes, also from the same paper, gives an account of the destruction of this elephant three weeks later by Lieutenant Gallwey, 90th Light Infantry, and Ensign Scroggs, 18th Royal Irish Regiment.</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
23	.. Aug. 29 1839	.. Frederick Stoddart	<p>.. This tablet was erected by his friends to the memory of the Hon. JOHN FREDERICK STODDART, one of the Puisne Judges of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, as a memorial of their respect and esteem for his high intellectual powers, profound legal attainments, and many public and private virtues. He was born at Malta on the 22nd September, 1805, and died in Colombo 29th August, 1839.</p> <p>“It is a joy to the just to do judgment.” Prov. xxi., 15.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—On a chevron, between two stars, a cross. <i>Crest.</i>—A sword and battle-axe in saltire.</p> <p>Also inscription on his tomb in Galle Face Cemetery.</p> <p>He was son of Sir John Stoddart, a former Chief Justice of Malta, and grandson by his mother of Sir Henry Moncreiff, and was educated at the High School at the University of Edinburgh and at the University of Glasgow. He was called to the English Bar, and was in 1836 appointed Puisne Judge, Ceylon. “He was endowed with intellectual power of a high order, combining in a remarkable degree vigorous energy with sobriety and acuteness.” (<i>Colombo Observer</i>, February 17, 1840.) Sir Anthony Oliphant, the Chief Justice, made two or three attempts at writing his epitaph, but was not satisfied with them, remarking in a letter to the Governor, Mr. Stewart Mackenzie, “I am no Deacon at writing epitaphs.” (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. VI., p. 228.)</p>
24	.. Jan. 23 1841	.. Henry Augustus Marshall..	<p>In memory of HENRY AUGUSTUS MARSHALL, Esq., for many years Auditor and Accountant-General of this Island. He was educated at Harrow and at Charterhouse and at Christ Church, Oxford, and entered the Ceylon Civil Service in 1798, having accompanied the Honourable Fredk. North to the Island, from which time he never returned to Europe. He was an elegant classical scholar and a sincere Christian. He died on 23rd January, 1841, in the 64th year of his age. This tablet is erected by his widow and two sons as a testimony of their love and respect.</p> <p>Also inscription on tomb in Galle Face Cemetery.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, a chief poly of seven, or, and gules. <i>Crest.</i>—A stag's head erased.</p> <p>According to the <i>Colombo Observer</i> of January 25, 1841, “he was admitted to be the best classical scholar for many years in the Island.” “During the holidays he took a trip to Nuwara Eliya, after which he appeared in excellent health and spirits, but fever soon made its appearance, under which he sank in a few days.” (<i>Ibid.</i>) In a letter to a Ceylon newspaper he states that he left England on February 17, 1798. He was called “Iniquity Marshall,” merely to distinguish him from a <i>quondam</i> contemporary, Sir Charles Marshall, Chief Justice, 1833–1836, who was known as “Equity Marshall.” Though he never went to Europe, he seems to have proceeded on a voyage to Europe in December, 1802, when he left in the <i>Bengal</i>, and on a voyage to the Cape in 1832, arriving there January 10, in the <i>York</i>, which left again on January 12.</p> <p>He was on North's first establishment as 1st Clerk, Civil Department, on £250 a year; he was Deputy Registrar to the Supreme Court in January, 1800, and in September, 1801, was appointed Second Assistant in the Secretariat, but resigned on the appointment of the Arbuthnots. In June, 1802, he visited and reported on the cotton plantation at Karisal in Mannar Island. He was appointed Sitting Magistrate at Trincomalee, June 29, 1803; Provincial Judge of Matara, February 26, 1804; Provincial Judge of Jaffna, November 20, 1805; Provincial Judge of Negombo, March 11, 1807; was unemployed in 1815; but became Controller-General of Customs, February 1, 1816, and Auditor-General, 1822, holding the last appointment till his death. He can hardly have gone to Europe in 1802–3, for he left in December and was back by June, but his marriage did not take place in Ceylon. Query, Did he marry at the Cape or in India? Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell in his “Excursions and Field Sports in Ceylon” refers to “Mr. and Mrs. Marshall and their charming abode situated on the seashore about three miles from Colombo” (p. 324).</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
25 ..	Dec. 22 .. 1842	Jane Vivian Parke	<p>.. In memory of JANE VIVIAN, wife of Major PARKE, Deputy Commissary-General of Ceylon, who died at Colombo, December 22nd, 1842. Aged 36 years. This tablet was erected by her devoted and sorrowing husband. If we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so, them also, which sleep in Jesus, will God bring with Him. 1 Thess. iv., 14.</p> <p>Also an inscription on her tomb in the Galle Face Cemetery, where her four infant children, Penelope, Bliss, Bliss Charles, and Arthur Wellesley are buried, the last two twins who died on August 29 and 31, 1841.</p> <p>Major George Thomas Parke came out with the 61st Regiment in 1828 and transferred to the Ceylon Rifles. He was for some time in the Commissariat. He left Ceylon with his four children in the ss. <i>Hindustan</i> "after 16 years' residence, with what may be considered an ample fortune" made at coffee planting. In 1844 he and Henry Wright, C.C.S., Treasurer of the Colony, were proprietors of Hantane estate, Kandy. On March 26, 1845, at St. James's Church, Guernsey, he married (2) Joanna, daughter of Colonel T. Kennedy of Guernsey. He returned to Ceylon, which he left finally on May 12, 1849. His son, Captain Fortescue Parke, was drowned on Windermere, June 11, 1861, by the upsetting of a boat.</p> <p>Mrs. Parke was a daughter of Colonel Spicer, R.A., and her sister was wife of Brevet Lieut.-Colonel E. Charlton, K.H., who was Adjutant-General, Ceylon, 1839-1842.</p>
26 ..	April 15 .. 1847	Elizabeth Mary Steuart	<p>.. In memory of ELIZABETH MARY, wife of GEORGE STEUART, Esq., eldest daughter of the late JOSEPH DEWSNAP, Esq., R.N., of Greenwich Hospital. She lived beloved, and died lamented, April 15th, 1847. Aged 43 years.</p> <p>Also inscription on tomb in Galle Face Cemetery (see No. 49).</p>
27 ..	Dec. 22 .. 1849	Ann Steuart	<p>.. In memory of ANN, for upwards of 34 years the beloved wife of JAMES STEUART. She arrived in Ceylon 22nd December, 1824, and died at Colpetty, 22nd December, 1849. Aged 57 years. "Thy will be done, O Lord."</p> <p>Inscription in identical terms on tomb in Galle Face Cemetery (see No. 37).</p>
28 ..	April 8 .. 1850	John Pierre Jumeaux	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN PIERRE JUMEAUX, born at Delhi, Hindustan, on the 15th July, 1792, and departed this life on the 8th April, 1850, at Colombo, Ceylon.</p> <p>Also inscription on tomb in Galle Face Cemetery.</p> <p>He was appointed Fiscal of the Western Province, Feb. 1, 1839, and to the Civil Service, Nov. 30, 1844.</p> <p>"Jumeaux was of French descent. . . . To show how times past, present, and future may be closely linked together, I may mention that the late Mr. Jumeaux, Fiscal of Colombo, showed me a book presented to him by his friend Le Grand, whose young and beautiful wife was separated from him at Calcutta by the wickedness of Francis, the able but malignant writer of Junius' letters. . . . In the book, presentation copy of which I saw, Le Grand gave details of his wrongs at the hands of Francis." (A. M. Ferguson.) Madame Grand subsequently became the wife of Talleyrand. John Jumeaux married Julie, daughter of Colonel Migot de la Combe of the French Artillery, at Mahé, on the Malabar Coast, where they resided for a time. Their daughter, Fanny Henriette, married John Armitage, of the well-known firm of Colombo merchants, on September 6, 1838, at Colombo.</p>
29 ..	March 12 .. 1852 May 30 .. 1853 July 5 .. 1854	Robert Macgregor Robert Imray George Edward Hunter	<p>.. This tablet is erected by the officers of Her Majesty's 15th Regiment in testimony of their sincere regret at the loss of the under-mentioned brother officers during the period of the Regiment's service in Ceylon :—</p> <p>Captain and Paymaster ROBERT MACGREGOR, after a long period of service as subaltern in the Regiment,</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
29 ..	Mar. 12 1852, &c.	Robert Macgregor, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>assumed the duties of Paymaster shortly after his promotion, and died at Colombo on the 12th March, 1852. Aged 42 years.</p> <p>Quartermaster ROBERT IMRAY, after a long period of service in Ceylon in Her Majesty's 83rd Regiment, during a part of which time he was actively engaged in the suppression of the Kandian Rebellion, again returned to Ceylon in 1846, and after a long and meritorious career died at Colombo on the 30th of May, 1853, at the age of 59 years, universally esteemed and respected.</p> <p>Lieutenant GEORGE EDWARD HUNTER, a young officer, who by his many amiable qualities had won for himself the respect and sincere regard of his brother officers, was attacked by cholera at Kandy on the 5th July, 1854, and died after six hours' suffering at the early age of 25 years.</p> <p>(See Nos. 189, 192.)</p> <p>The 15th York East Riding Regiment was in Ceylon from 1846 to 1854, and was stationed at Kandy. It was under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel T. A. Drought, and detachments of it took part in the suppression of the Matale rebellion. Among the subalterns were Lieutenant Johnson Wilkinson, who became a General, and with his twin brother, Osborn, who also became a General, wrote a book called "The Gemini Generals" (1896), containing his reminiscences of Ceylon. Another brother, James Allix Wilkinson, was also a subaltern in the 15th, and in Ceylon at the same time. He became a coffee planter. There were also Ensign F. H. Mylius, son of Captain Alfred Mylius (No. 100), who became Rector of Elmdon, near Birmingham, and father of Mr. Rodney Mylius of Stonycliff, Dimbula. Lieutenant W. W. Turner, afterwards Sir William Turner, a famous soldier and sportsman, was also in the regiment and in Ceylon.</p>
30 ..	June 25 1853	Benjamin Bailey	<p>.. The Salvation of the righteous is of the Lord.—Psalm xxxvii., 39.</p> <p>To the memory of the Venerable BENJAMIN BAILEY, D.D., Archdeacon of Colombo, who ministered for more than 20 years as Senior Colonial Chaplain in this Church, this tablet is erected by his friends, who held in deserved respect his sincere piety, his high literary attainments, and the uncompromising truthfulness and sincerity of his character. He was born at Thorney Abbey, Cambridgeshire, on the 5th June, 1791, and died in London on the 25th June, 1853.</p> <p>He was appointed Senior Colonial Chaplain in 1832 (see No. 16). "To his hospitable reception in his home of 'mind and learning' at Kollupitiya, of Mrs. Fletcher, wife of a Bombay Chaplain, but better known as the poetess Miss Jewsbury, Ceylon owes the most beautiful set of verses which were ever written in the island, or respecting it." (A. M. Ferguson.) The verses referred to are those entitled "The Eden of the Sea." Mrs. Fletcher lies buried in the cemetery of Poonah, a victim to cholera.</p> <p>His only daughter, Janet, married at St. Peter's, April 7, 1844, Edward Ledwick Mitford, who was appointed a Writer in November, 1844, and retired from the Civil Service in 1867 while Government Agent of the North-Western Province on a pension of £505. 9s. 4d. a year. He is still living (1910).</p>
31 ..	July 25 1854	Thomas Dawson	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of THOMAS DAWSON, who departed this life July 25th, 1854. Aged 66½ years. He faithfully served the Crown for 44 years, 21 of which he was Ordnance Storekeeper of Ceylon. This tablet was erected by his beloved widow and family.</p> <p>"Unto the upright there ariseth light in the darkness." Psalm cxii., 4.</p> <p>Also on tomb in Galle Face Cemetery.</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
31 ..	July 25 1854	Thomas Dawson— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Originally a Bombardier, Royal Artillery, he was appointed on July 10, 1810, clerk in the Civil Ordnance Department at Trincomalee. He was Deputy Storekeeper of Ordnance at Galle, 1828-1831. On November 6, 1814, he married Miss Margaret Flood at Trincomalee. Mrs. Lyons was a daughter (see No. 185). His second daughter, Frances Christina, married at Trincomalee, February 19, 1834, Henry E. A. Glasgow, clerk of Ordnance at Trincomalee. Another daughter (the 6th), Eleanor, married at Colombo, December 24, 1859, Mr. F. G. Vick, and his youngest daughter, Charlotte, married at Colombo, October 18, 1849, Sussex Charles Melford, Esq., Bombay Army, eldest son of S. F. Melford Esq., Master in Equity and Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court at Sydney, New South Wales. His eldest son, Thomas W. G., died at Jaffna, March 21, 1842, in his 23rd year. Mrs. Dawson died at Colombo, March 17, 1861.</p>
32 ..	May 4 1861	James Caulfield	<p>This tablet was erected by the Civil Service to the memory of JAMES CAULFIELD, late Treasurer of this Colony. He was born in Ireland, 19th July, 1806. He died at Kandy, 4th May, 1861.</p> <p>Few men have lived more loved and respected, few have died more sincerely regretted.</p> <p><i>Arms on Tablet.</i>—Barry of nine and—on a canton—a lion passant guardant.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A rose with three leaves.</p> <p>Also an inscription on tombstone in the Garrison Cemetery, Kandy.</p> <p>He was a son of the Rector of Skibbereen in Ireland, another son being Captain Henry Caulfield, 58th Regiment. The third son, the Rev. Charles Caulfield, became a West Indian Bishop. James began life as a midshipman in one of the old H. E. I. C.'s ships, but did not like the life. His career in Ceylon dates from March 1, 1823, when he became an Assistant Superintendent in the Cinnamon Department under John Walbeoff (see No. 110). He was gazetted Fiscal of Colombo from January 1, 1832, and also an Assistant in the Cinnamon Department from March 23; Assistant Government Agent, Galle, December 1, 1833; Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, April 1, 1834; on leave from January 5, 1836, to November 7, 1837, returning in the <i>Malabar</i>, which brought Governor and Mrs. Stewart Mackenzie and Mr. A. M. Ferguson to the Island; Acting Assistant Government Agent, Western Province, and District Judge of Puttalam, December 1, 1839; confirmed in this appointment, February 1, 1841; District Judge of Mannar and Nuwarakalawiya, May 1, 1843; Assistant Government Agent, Northern Province, and District Judge, Mannar, January 1, 1845; Government Agent, North-Western Province, October 1, 1845; Acting Treasurer, January 1, 1850; Government Agent, North-Western Province, July 1, 1851; confirmed as Treasurer, October 23, 1854. He died of disease of the heart of long standing. He married at Chilaw, October 17, 1840, Eliza, widow of Major S. A. Rehe, H. E. I. C.'s Service, and daughter of Captain French Gray (see Nos. 33 and 199). He had a son, Hans Charles Caulfield, born in 1841, who was in the Civil Service (1859-1867), and died June 26, 1867, two days after landing at Southampton on leave after a stay for some time at Cape Town at the house of the Governor, Sir Philip Woodhouse, a former Ceylon Civilian and a friend of his father's. Another son, James, emigrated to America. His eldest daughter died at her uncle's house in the West Indies.</p> <p>He was one of those civilians of the forties who combined coffee planting with their official service—a propensity which ultimately brought about Lord Stanley's despatch of 1845 and the foundation of the present Civil Service. He went into partnership with Benjamin Dodsworth, M.D., who had married a daughter of John Walbeoff, C.C.S., Superintendent of the Cinnamon Department, under whom Caulfield had worked, to whose children he had acted as</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
32 ..	May 4 1861	James Caulfield— <i>contd.</i> ..	guardian, and of whom he always spoke in the kindest terms. They purchased Crown land and planted it with coffee. The estate was called "Charlemont," after the Charlemont family, with which the Caulfields were in some way connected, and Dodsworth worked it. Caulfield supplied the capital, or part of it, from borrowed money, and the debt hung like a millstone round his neck nearly up to the last. In pursuance of the Secretary of State's ruling he was asked if he had given up his interest in land. His reply was that he had purchased the land from Government, almost on the recommendation of Government to civilians at the time to invest in land, as there was then no Widows' Pension Fund; that he had spent a large sum on the estate; that it was worth £5,000 sterling, but that he was quite ready to make it over to Government for that price. The subject dropped and was not revived. He made nothing out of the estate in the long run, and Dodsworth retired and went to England.
33 ..	Sept. 2 1864	Henry Rogers Ievers ..	In memory of Lt. H. R. IEVERS, Rl. Artillery, who died at sea, 2nd Sept., 1864. Aged 32. W. M., No. 112, I. C. This tablet is erected by the Brethren of his Lodge. Then shall the dust return to the earth as it was, and the spirit shall return to God who gave it. He married at Colombo, June 14, 1860, Eliza Anderson, only daughter of Major S. A. Rehe, H. E. I. C.'s Service (see No. 196). She was very tall and he was very short; she was called "The Great Eastern." He must have been of the same family as the late R. W. Ievers, C.C.S., C.M.G.
34 ..	June 13 1865	Charles Sim ..	To the memory of CHARLES SIM, fourth son of JOHN SIM, Esq., of Coombe Wood, Surrey, Lieut.-Colonel Royal Engineers, Surveyor-General of this Island, who died at sea two days after leaving Point de Galle on his voyage home on the 13th June, 1865, in the 44th year of his age. This tablet is erected by his sorrowing brother. <i>Arms.</i> —On a chevron between two mullets pierced in chief and a battle-axe in base, a boar's head between two hands holding a dagger. <i>Crest.</i> —A Moor's head in profile. <i>Motto.</i> —"Quod verum tutum." There is a tablet, also with a medallion, in Holy Trinity Church, Colombo, erected by Freemasons in Ceylon. It ends "Multis ille bonis plebilis occidit." Lieutenant-Colonel Sim was appointed Surveyor-General, December 1, 1858, having acted in that capacity from December 1, 1854, to December 23, 1855. He was on leave from November 16, 1860, to September 23, 1861. He entered the Royal Engineers in 1851, and was stationed at Kandy as a Captain in 1854 and in 1856-7.
35 ..	April 18 1866	James Dowding ..	Sacred to the memory of Cr. Sgt. JAMES DOWDING, 2nd Batt. 25 Regt., King's Own Borderers, who departed this life at Trincomalee, 18th April, 1866, in the 30th year of his age. This tablet is erected by the Sergeants of his Battalion.
36 ..	Oct. 9 1867	Percival Acland Dyke ..	This tablet is erected by the Ceylon Civil Service in testimony of their respect for the memory of PERCIVAL ACLAND DYKE, for upwards of 45 years a member of the Service, and for the last 38 years of his life the Government Agent of the Northern Province of Ceylon. Known no less for his untiring devotion to the Public Service than for his capacity for administration and the zeal which he displayed in promoting the interests of the people over whom he was placed. He rested from his labours on the 9th October, 1867. <i>Arms.</i> —Three cinque foils. He is buried in Chundikuli Churchyard, Jaffna (see under "Jaffna").

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
37 ..	April 4 1870	James Steuart	<p>.. JAMES STEUART of Colpetty. Born at Greenwich, 14th August, 1790. Died at Worcester, 4th April, 1870.</p> <p>"Into thy hands I commend my spirit, for Thou hast redeemed me, O Lord."</p> <p>James Steuart succeeded James Crisp as Master Attendant on June 1, 1825, and retired on September 30, 1855. He wrote "An Account of the Pearl Fisheries of Ceylon," which was published in Colombo in 1843, and "Notes on Ceylon and its Affairs," published in London in 1862. "Steuart Place," Colpetty, is called after him. He was "a man of considerable ability and of active habits, combining as he did the functions of merchant, banker, and boat-owner with those of Master Attendant and Superintendent of the Pearl Fishery." (Ferguson.) (See Nos. 49 and 150.)</p>
38 ..	May 25 1870	Francis William Willisford	<p>In memory of FRANCIS WILLIAM WILLISFORD, M.D. Born August 7th, 1815. Died 25th May, 1870.</p> <p>I am the resurrection and the life saith the Lord, he that believeth in Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live.</p> <p>Fanny Durand Willisford, a sister(?), married Captain George Price, 5th Bengal Fusileers, October 9, 1860. A daughter married John Allanson Bailey, C.C.S., who retired as Government Agent, Kandy, in 1900. A son, Frank Colebrooke, was in the Civil Service, and died at Galle in 1876.</p>
39 ..	Nov. 12 1871	Eleanor Lorenz	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of ELEANOR, wife of CHARLES AMBROSE LORENZ. Born at Colombo on the 12th June, 1825. Died at Colombo on the 12th November, 1871.</p>
	Aug. 9 1871	Charles Ambrose Lorenz	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of CHARLES AMBROSE LORENZ, Barrister-at-Law and Advocate of the Supreme Court of this Island. Born at Matura, 8th of July, 1829. Died at Colombo, 9th August, 1871.</p> <p>He was the second son of J. F. Lorenz (<i>q. v.</i>).</p> <p>"A keen lawyer and an accomplished scholar. A warmer heart, a more gifted mind, a nobler nature, and take him all in all a better man has not hallowed God's acre in Ceylon." (<i>Ceylon Quarterly Magazine</i>.) He started a literary magazine called "Young Ceylon," which lasted for two years, and edited the <i>Examiner</i> for some years. "Perhaps the ablest Ceylonese of his generation." (Digby.)</p> <p>He was a Member of the Legislative Council, representing the Burgher community, until his death. A humorous skit of his on the proceedings in Council in 1860-6, illustrated with portraits of Sir Charles MacCarthy and the principal members, and called "The Christmas Debates of the Island of Ceylon," appeared in 1866.</p> <p>Mrs. Lorenz was a daughter of George Michael Nell, whose father, Frederick August Nell, came from the Cape of Good Hope as "hofmeister" to Colonel de Meuron, and married at Colombo, December 8, 1793, Catherina Petronella de Fonseca, of Colombo. Her mother was Maria Elizabeth Conderlag, and she married Charles Lorenz in 1849.</p>
40 ..	June 4 1869	J. Reeve	<p>.. To the memory of the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Privates of the 73rd Perthshire Regt. who died during their last tour of service in the Island from 17th March, 1869, to 2nd February, 1874.</p> <p>Major J. REEVE, 4th June, 1869.</p> <p>Capt. C. S. HOLROYD, at sea at Galle, 7th September, 1870.</p> <p>Ensign E. H. DOWNE, 28th February, 1870.</p> <p>S.-Sergt. M. MULCAHY, 31st July, 1871.</p> <p>Here follow the names of 1 Sergeant, 6 Corporals, and 48 Privates.</p> <p>The 73rd served three times in Ceylon. "The flank companies of the 73rd" formed part of the force, which embarked at Madras on August 1, 1795, under</p>
	Sept. 7 1870	C. S. Holroyd	
	Feb. 28 1870	E. H. Downe	

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
40 ..	June 4 .. 1869, &c.	J. Reeve, &c.— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>the command of Colonel Stuart ("Old Row"), for the purpose of capturing the Dutch possessions in Ceylon. The rest of the battalion seem to have followed them to the Island. In April-May, 1797, the regiment embarked at Point Pedro for Madras (having come there from Colombo for this purpose) in the H. E. I. C.'s extra ship <i>Harriet</i>. Captain J. B. Archer was "commanding of the <i>Harriet</i>" at the time (so he signs in the Jaffna records). The embarkation took from April 29 to May 13. The officers who embarked were Lieutenant-Colonel G. St. John (who had been Commandant at Trincomalee); Captains Mossman, Robertson, McLeod, McDonald, Steel, White, Bordes, and A. Rose; Lieutenants Edw. Crofton, Sutherland, Gordon, Thomas, Downing, Power, Macpherson; and Ensign Fraser. Majors Barbut and Jeanneret and Lieutenant the Hon. G. Turnour remained in Ceylon. Lieutenant Wm. McLeod was acting for the Prize Agent in December, 1795 (see Cotton, p. 300). Other officers of the 73rd were Lieutenant Wm. Bagster, Commandant at Point Pedro, 1795; Lieutenant T. Campbell, Commandant at Mannar, 1796; Lieutenant G. Hamilton, Fort Adjutant, Jaffna, February to September, 1796. During this period Captain E. Rumley transferred to the Malay Regiment (October, 1802), and was one of the two officers who accompanied Major Davie into captivity at Kandy after the Watapuluwa massacre, and Lieutenant Colonel Barbut (No. 301) died after the return of the troops from Kandy. Major Jeanneret was also dead by 1806, but whether he died in Ceylon or India I have not discovered.</p> <p>The second period was from 1814 to 1821. After some service in New South Wales the regiment returned to Ceylon 1,200 strong, a second battalion having in the meanwhile been raised. Three companies embarked at Sydney, January 25, 1814, and arrived at Colombo on March 25; another detachment arrived by the <i>Windham</i> on October 28, with Lieutenant-Colonel Geils; Captains Murray, Kenny, Ritchie; Lieutenants Campbell, Taylor, and Lyttleton. The last-named was a good artist, and published a book of "Sketches of Ceylon Scenery" in 1819.</p> <p>The regiment took part in the Kandyan war of 1815, in which Lieutenant-Colonel M. O'Connell of the 73rd commanded the 3rd Division; also in the suppression of the Uva rebellion of 1817-1818. During this period it lost by death nineteen officers, viz., Majors Anthony Coane and Vallance, Captain Glenholme, Lieutenants McCreavy, James Taylor, MacLaine, killed in action, McConnell, Lidwell, Holmes, McBain, Murphy, and Duncan Campbell, and Ensigns Haswall, Coane, and Campbell (No. 62), Trydell and Koshorn, Roscrow, and Assistant-Surgeon McDermott. Instances of the gallant conduct of the men of the 73rd are given in the despatches re the Uva rebellion, published in the <i>Gazette</i> and reprinted at the <i>Observer</i> Office, 1889 (pp. 141-196).*</p> <p>During the second year of the rebellion it "lost by death 356 men, or 42 per thousand. . . . The mean strength in 1819 was 566, and the mortality 160, or 282 per thousand, and 105 were invalided, consequently the regiment may be said to have lost 621 men in two years. Only 12 of the men of the light company of 1817, consisting of about 110 individuals, survived to go home with the regiment in 1821. This company was very actively employed in the Kandyan country during the whole period of the insurrections." (Marshall's "Ceylon," pp. 210-11.)</p> <p>Captain Ritchie of the 73rd commanded in the district of Welassa from May, 1818, to the close of the rebellion in November, "exposed to difficulties of the most trying nature arising from an alarming and extensive sickness, which raged with the most fatal consequences to the troops under his command during a period of four months, and which would have warranted Captain Ritchie at any time in withdrawing the post of Kattabowa," and was</p>

* See also *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. VI., pp. 52, 123.

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
40	June 4 1869, &c.	J. Reeve, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>.. thanked in General Orders by Sir Robert Brownrigg, who could not "express in adequate terms the admiration he felt for his conduct" (November 22, 1818). Ensign Shoolbraid succeeded in capturing the chief Madugalla, one of the leaders of the rebellion. Major Coane and Lieutenant Raymond were also thanked in General Orders, and Captain Glenholme, who died near the end of the rebellion, also distinguished himself. Captains Stace, Drew, Lieutenants Butler, Holmes, MacLaine, McConnell, Murphy, Wentworth, and Taylor, and Ensign Lidwell also took an active part in the operations, and of these, Lieutenants Holmes, McConnell, Taylor, and Ensign Lidwell succumbed during the course of the campaign, while Lieutenant MacLaine was killed. Lieutenant MacBain died just after its close, and Lieutenants Roscrow, Campbell, and Farren in 1820–1821.</p> <p>The 73rd is now the 2nd Battalion, the Black Watch.</p>
41	1877–1884	Henry F. Phillpotts	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of their Commanding Officer, Major HENRY F. PHILLPOTTS, and their comrades who died in Ceylon, 1877–1884 (<i>here follow the names of eleven men</i>).</p> <p>Erected by the surviving N.-C. Officers and men of No. 5 Battery, 1st Brigade, Eastern Division, Royal Artillery.</p> <p>Requiescat in Pace.</p> <p>Major Phillpotts was a son of "Henry of Exeter," Dr. Phillpotts, Bishop of Exeter.</p>
42	June 13 1884	Alice Mary Gordon Budd	<p>Many waters cannot quench love.</p> <p>In memory of a dear sister ALICE MARY GORDON, the beloved wife of EDWARD FRASER BUDD, who died at sea soon after leaving Colombo on the 13th of June, 1884. Aged 29 years.</p> <p>There shall be no more death, neither shall there be any more pain.</p>
43	Aug. 5 1886	William Dumaresq Wright.	<p>.. In memory of WILLIAM DUMARESQ WRIGHT of the Ceylon Civil Service, Colonial Treasurer, who died aged 53 years, on the 5th August, 1886, from injuries received on being thrown from his carriage ten days previously.</p> <p>This tablet is erected as a mark of their esteem by his friends in Ceylon.</p> <p>He was a son of Henry Wright, who was in the Civil Service, 1811–1846, and retired as Auditor-General. W. D. Wright entered the Civil Service in 1853; was Government Agent, North-Western Province, 1871–1873; Principal Collector of Customs, 1873–1881; Treasurer, February 1, 1882. He had recently returned to the Island from leave, and intended to complete a short period of service before retirement. He married at Colombo, July 4, 1857, Amy Delatre, youngest daughter of Colonel Samuel Braybrooke. An elder sister of hers, Harriet, married at Colombo, December 15, 1847, George Vane, C.C.S., afterwards Treasurer.</p>
44	May 29 1890	William Henry Ravenscroft.	<p>.. The memory of the just is blessed. In grateful memory of the Hon. W. H. RAVENSCROFT, C.M.G., late Auditor-General and Controller of Revenue, Ceylon. Born 11th January, 1843. Died 29th May, 1890.</p> <p>This brass is erected by the Government Clerks.</p> <p>Mr. Ravenscroft was appointed Auditor-General, May 23, 1877. He had served in the Commissariat Department of the Army, 1861–1874; was Auditor-General, Griqualand West, June 6, 1876.</p>
45	Nov. 5 1890	James Duff Robinson	<p>.. In dear memory of JAMES DUFF ROBINSON, Esq., son of JOHN JOSEPH ROBINSON, Esq., Banff, N. B. Born 7th June, 1836. Died 5th November, 1890. And lies buried in Lindoola Churchyard.</p> <p>Deeply regretted by the whole European Community of Ceylon. Posuerunt Amici.</p> <p>He was a merchant of the firm of J. Duff Robinson & Co., and a general favourite.</p> <p>The Lindula inscription is to the same effect.</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
46 ..	Oct. 4 1891	.. James Robert Longden ..	<p>In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.</p> <p>In memory of Sir JAMES LONGDEN, G.C.M.G. Born 7th July, 1827. Died 4th October, 1891. Some time Governor of this Colony.</p> <p>Sir James Longden entered the Colonial Service in 1844, and was Colonial Secretary of the Falkland Islands, 1857; President of the Virgin Islands, 1861; Lieutenant-Governor of Dominica, 1865; Lieutenant-Governor of British Honduras, 1867; Governor of Trinidad, 1879; British Guiana, 1874; Ceylon, 1877-1883. His son, Cyril Chapman Longden, has been Inspector-General of Police, Ceylon, since 1905.</p>
47 ..	July 17 1893	.. Charles Peter Layard ..	<p>To the memory of Sir CHARLES PETER LAYARD, K.C.M.G. Born 9th December, 1806. Died 17th July, 1893.</p> <p>He entered the Ceylon Civil Service in 1828, and served the Colony for 50 years. For 30 years he was Government Agent of the Western Province. This tablet was erected by the members of the Civil Service and by a few personal friends, in recognition of his high character, his public worth, and his many private virtues.</p> <p>The Layard family is well established in Ceylon. The first members of it to arrive were two sons of the then Dean of Bristol, the Very Rev. Charles Peter Layard, who both came to Ceylon in 1803-1804, viz., his second son, Henry Peter John Layard, and his third son, Charles Edward Layard, and they were both provided with posts in the Civil Service, the younger succeeding the elder as Second Assistant to the Agent of Revenue, Jaffna. H. P. J. Layard retired on January 1, 1814, having held various appointments, such as Sitting Magistrate, Batticaloa; Collector, Matara; and Provincial Judge, Matara. He married a Miss Austen, and his son was Sir Henry Austen Layard of Nineveh fame. The younger brother remained in the Civil Service, having married at the age of 20, Barbara Bridgetina Mooyart (see No. 166), by whom he had 26 children. In 1808-1814 he was Collector of Kalutara, where he had a house called "Mount Layard," on the left bank of the river (Bennett, p. 375), with a beautiful view of it. [Query: Was this "The Teak Bungalow" of later years?] He was Provincial Judge, Trincomalee, 1814-1815; Contoller-General of Customs, 1815-1816, Provincial Judge, Galle, 1822-1824; Collector, Colombo, 1825-1828; Paymaster-General, 1828-1832; and District Judge of Colombo North, 1836-1839; retired 15th July, 1839, and died December 19, 1864. His eldest son, Sir C. P. Layard, Government Agent of the Western Province, the subject of this inscription, was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge, and entered the Ceylon Civil Service in 1830. He was Fiscal and Sitting Magistrate at Jaffna in 1831; Assistant to the Collector, Colombo, 1832; Assistant Government Agent, Colombo, and District Judge, Kalutara, 1836; Assistant Government Agent, Colombo, and District Judge, Negombo, 1837; District Judge, Galle, 1839; District Judge, Trincomalee, 1840; District Judge, Galle, 1850; Government Agent, Western Province, 1851; and acted on three occasions as Colonial Secretary in addition. "Layard's Broadway," Colombo, is called after him. He was Commissioner for Ceylon at the Paris Exhibition of 1878. He retired in 1879. He became C.M.G. in 1871 and K.C.M.G. in 1876. His son, Sir Charles Peter Layard, was Attorney-General of Ceylon 1892-1902, and Chief Justice 1902-1906.</p> <p>C. P. Layard, senior, married May 29, 1830, his cousin, Louisa, daughter of Captain Clement Martin Edwards, Ceylon Regiment, who had been on the staff of Sir Thomas Maitland in Ceylon (1805-1811), and had married a sister of H. P. J. and C. E. Layard.</p> <p>Bennett, who claims (erroneously, as it was cultivated by Captain Thomas Nagel in the Vanni) to have introduced the cultivation of cassava from Mauritius into Ceylon, states that C. E. Layard was the only individual who paid any sort of attention to its culture. ("Capabilities of Ceylon," p. 127.)</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
48 ..	Aug. 27 1893	Francis Conningsby Hannam Clarke	<p>Bugle. Ich dien.</p> <p>To the glory of God and in memory of Colonel F. C. H. CLARKE, C.M.G., late R. A., Commandant, Ceylon Volunteers, who died at Brighton, 27th August, 1893.</p> <p>This tablet is erected by his widow and officers of the Ceylon Volunteers.</p> <p>“The work of righteousness shall be peace and the effect of righteousness quietness and confidence for ever.” Isaiah xxxii., 17.</p> <p>Colonel Clarke was D.A.Q.M.G. (Intelligence Branch) at the Horse Guards. 1872–1880; employed in Russia, Turkey, and Greece, 1876–1879, on various missions under the War Office and Foreign Office; Assistant Commissioner for Bulgarian boundary under the Treaty of Berlin, 1878; Commissioner for Turco-Russian boundary in Asia, 1879; Assistant Quartermaster-General in the Transvaal Campaign of 1881; Military Secretary to Major-General Sir Evelyn Wood; Professor at the Staff College, 1881–1884; Surveyor-General, Ceylon, 1884; and Commandant, Ceylon Volunteers, 1886. He was author of “Staff Duties” and “The Franco-German War, 1870–1871” (German official translation).</p>
49 ..	July 8 1896	George Steuart	<p>.. Juvant Aspera Probum.</p> <p>In ever loving memory of GEORGE STEUART, founder of the firm of George Steuart & Co., Colombo, late of Waverley Lodge, Blackheath, Kent. Born at Dover, 1st May, 1808. Died at Dover, 8th July, 1896.</p> <p>Jesus said : “ I am the resurrection and the life.”</p> <p>“ Before he left the Colony, Captain Steuart gave up his agency for Messrs. Arbutnot & Co. of Madras . . . , his brother, George, taking up the agency and founding the eminent firm of Messrs. George Steuart & Co.” (Ferguson.) (See No. 37.) He was at one time commander of the Government steamer <i>Seaforth</i>, 1840–1842.</p>
50 ..	Oct. 17 1898	William Bowden Smith	<p>.. In memory of WILLIAM BOWDEN SMITH, a resident for 40 years in Ceylon. A Member of the Legislative Council and an esteemed representative of the planting and mercantile communities. This memorial is erected by friends who appreciated his worth in public life and valued his friendship. Born 27th Dec., 1840. Died Oct. 17th, 1898. “ Life’s race well run, Life’s work well done, Life’s crown well won.”</p> <p>He was a member of the firm of Sabonadiere & Co., and later of that of Cumberbatch & Co.</p>
51 ..	1901–1902	Men of the Royal Artillery, 80th Company	<p>To the glory of God and in memory of the under-mentioned N. C. Officers and men of the 80th Company, Royal Artillery, who died whilst stationed in Ceylon, 1901–1902.</p> <p>Here follow the names of a Corporal and 5 Gunners R. A. and of a Private of the A. O. C.</p>
52 ..	March 2 1905	Edwin Arthur Russell Ben- ham	<p>To the glory of God and in loving memory of EDWIN ARTHUR RUSSELL BENHAM, eldest son of EDWARD BENHAM, of Syon Lodge, Isleworth.</p> <p>Born the 2nd of March, 1851. Died at Colombo on the 2nd of March, 1905. In God I have put my trust.</p>
53 ..	Dec. 7 1906	Alexander Murray Ashmore	<p>In memory of Sir ALEXANDER MURRAY ASHMORE, K.C.M.G., died at Colombo, 7th Dec., 1906; after distinguished service in the Gold Coast, Ceylon, Cyprus, the Transvaal, and British Guinea, he returned to Ceylon in 1904 as Lieutenant-Governor and Colonial Secretary. This tablet is erected by the Members of the Ceylon Civil Service.</p> <p>Sir Alexander was in the Ceylon Civil Service from 1876 to 1894, filling the offices of Police Magistrate,</p>

St. Peter's Church, Fort—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
53 ..	Dec. 7 1906	.. Alexander Murray Ashmore— <i>contd.</i>	Panwila, 1878 ; Office Assistant, Western Province, 1883 ; Office Assistant, Central Province, 1884 ; Police Magistrate, Kandy, 1882 ; Government Agent, Sabaragamuwa, 1892 ; Principal Assistant to the Colonial Secretary, 1892–1894. In the latter year he acted as Colonial Secretary, Gold Coast, and was appointed Receiver-General, Cyprus, 1895. He was on the Transvaal Concessions Commission, 1900–1901, and became Government Secretary, British Guinea, 1901, for a time administering the Government.
54	1904–1906 ..	Men of the Worcestershire Regiment	“ Firm.” THE WORCESTERSHIRE REGIMENT, SECOND BATTALION. In Memory of the following Non-Commissioned Officers and men who died while serving in Ceylon, 1904–1906. Here follow the names of Corporal C. Bagnall, a Lance-Corporal, and 14 Privates.
55	April 9 1908	.. R. K. Hyslop	.. In memory of Lieut. R. K. HYSLOP, Royal Engineers. Died Colombo, 9th April, 1908. Aged 24 years. He was a son of the late Colonel Maxwell Wither Hyslop.

Galle Face Burial Ground.

THE Galle Face Burial Ground was opened in 1803. “ On the borders of the lake of Colombo, on the south side of the Fort, lies another burial ground lately enclosed with palisades. It was rendered necessary for the garrison by the uncommon mortality which followed the campaign of 1803.” (Cordiner, vol. I., p. 42.) A wall was built round it towards the end of 1805, and the first inscription dates from 1809. It was consecrated by the Bishop of Calcutta (Middleton), after the consecration of St. Peter's, Fort, on May 22, 1821. It was called, rather flippantly, in the thirties and forties, “ Padre Bailey's Godowns,” after the Ven. Archdeacon Bailey, who chiefly officiated there during that period.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
56 ..	Jan. 1 1809	.. William Fraser David Dunn	.. Sacred to the memory of Bombardier WILL FRASER and DAVID DUNN of the Royal Regt. of Artillery, the former aged 24 and the latter 27 years, who were unfortunately drowned in Colombo Lake on the 1st day of Jany., 1809. This stone was erected by a brother of the former, who deeply regrets the melancholy accident. A brother's feelings who can tell Like those who feel a brother's love ?
57 ..	June 10 1812	.. Richard Owen	.. Here lies the body of RICHARD OWEN of the Royal Staff Corps, who was born at Llanberis in Carnarvonshire, North Wales, and died at Colombo on the 10th of June, 1812. He was for several years and in many laborious campaigns the servant of Lt.-Col. WILLERMAN, who sincerely lamented his death, and now lies by his side.
58 ..	June 13 1815	.. William Willerman	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut.-Col. WILLIAM WILLERMAN, D.Q.M.G., who died on the 13th of June, 1815, aged 41. To an ardent zeal in the performance of his military duties Lieut.-Col. WILLERMAN united many acquirements, which grace the character and elevate the profession of a soldier. He had an extensive knowledge of ancient and modern languages, mathematical and astronomical science, and in military and topographical drawing he was eminently skilful. He had served with distinction in Flanders, Portugal, and Spain, and the decisive success of the late Kandian war was attributed by his grateful commander to his

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date	Name.	Inscription.
58 ..	June 13 .. 1815	William Willerman— <i>contd.</i>	<p>arrangements and combination. His manners were mild and polished, his moral conduct honourable and upright. His religious opinions were founded on a firm belief in the Gospel and an humble reliance on the mediation of our blessed Saviour. The character of such a man was regarded with affectionate esteem, his untimely death with deep regret. He was buried at his own desire close to the grave of his faithful servant, and this monument was erected by Lieut.-Gen. Sir ROBERT BROWNRIGG, G.C.B., who long had known his worth, and will ever deplore his loss.</p> <p>A stone obelisk.</p> <p>"He was seized with a violent fever on Friday, the 19th, on Tuesday morning at 2 o'clock he became insensible, and at 7 he expired.</p> <p>"He was the son of a Swiss Gentleman, descended from a noble German family, married to an English Lady of the Ancient Family of the Keckwicks (Keke-wich) in Devonshire, where he settled, and where Major Willerman was born.</p> <p>"In the beginning of the year of the breaking out of the French Revolution he was serving in the Dutch Guards of the Prince of Orange, through whom he obtained a Commission in the British Army. In 1803 he was promoted Lieutenant of the Staff Corps, and he accompanied Sir John Moore to Sweden, and was present at the battle of Corunna.</p> <p>"To an extensive acquaintance with the Greek, Latin, German, Dutch, Spanish, and French languages, he added a correct knowledge of the principles of Mathematics and Astronomy. His talents in drawing, in perspective, his power of seeing at a glance the features and bearing of a Country and combining their relative positions with scientific precision, his ardour in the pursuit of Geographical knowledge and felicity of execution in every species of Military Plan or Topographical Drawing were entitled to the rank and character of real genius. He may be called the inventor of a kind of panoramic landscape drawing in which more than 180 degrees of a Circle are represented to the eye, and his views executed upon this principle of some remarkable scenes, particularly the battles of Viemiera, at both of which he was present, have been admired by some of the first Painters of the age.</p> <p>"His private excellence, mildness of disposition, and engaging behaviour will be long remembered with deep regret by those who were admitted to his more intimate acquaintance.</p> <p>"Owen had been with him through many dangers and hardships in Sicily, Portugal, and Spain, and he wished to be buried at his side. It was proposed to bury him in the Church, but Captain King stated that he had heard him frequently declare his choice, if he died at Colombo, to have his grave close to the coffin of Richard Owen.</p> <p>"His eminent services in Flanders, Sicily, Portugal, and Holland have been repeatedly honoured with the approbation of His Royal Highness the Duke of York, the Duke of Wellington, Sir Ralph Abercromby, and Sir John Moore, and the fruits of his superior topographical genius will long remain in the Military Archives.</p> <p>"Lieutenant-General Brownrigg knew Major Willerman's worth for years past, whose Companion in the Field he had been in some trying scenes, who witnessed his bravery, admired his attainments, and reaped the advantage of his aid, to whom he fully attributes in a great degree the success which attended the late operations in the Kandyan Provinces." (<i>Gazette</i>, June 13, 1815.) Captain King was A.D.C. to General Brownrigg. Fort King was named after him.</p> <p><i>A Tribute to the Memory of Maior Willerman, by a Friend.</i></p> <p>Here sleeps the man whose noble soul pursued And labour'd solely for the public good, Who never from his arduous purpose swerv'd With joy obeyed and with devotion served.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
58 ..	June 13 1815	William Willerman— <i>contd.</i>	The task performed, he sought no gainful post Nor wish'd to glitter at his Country's cost. From duty's path he never turned aside To pluck a wreath from pleasure or from pride. And in this age, for high achievements fam'd, With proud distinction Willerman is named. With more than common talents amply bless'd, Of every brilliant excellence possess'd, His were the sweet urbanities of life, The temper mild, untouched by envious strife, Unquestioned courage and a spotless name, His modest merit dignified his fame, Endow'd by nature with an active mind, To no contracted, narrow views confined, And though that mind to taste and science dear Too soon has left its habitation here, Why should we sorrow for its early flight To the fair fields of unalloy'd delight ? Death could to Willerman present no sting, Who serv's his God, his Country, and his King. (<i>Gazette</i> of July 12, 1815.)
59 ..	Sept. 6 1816 Jan. 28 1816	James Sheridan .. Margaret Anne Sheridan	Here lies Bombdr. SHERIDAN, Royal Artillery, who died on the 6th Sept., Anno Domini 1816. Aged 22 years. And MARGARET ANNE SHERIDAN, who died on the 28th Jany., 1816, aged 3 years and 10 months.
60 ..	Nov. 21 1816	Samuel Allen Wheeler ..	The daughter's name is given as "Sarah" in the register. To the Memory of Captain SAML. ALLEN WHEELER, of His Majesty's 1st Ceylon Regt., who departed this life 21st November, 1816. Aged 42 years. He was appointed to the 1st Ceylon from the 80th Regiment, June 30, 1812. He appears to have died at Galle. Letters of administration were issued to Lieutenant Paul Secluno, 1st Ceylon Regiment, who also belonged originally to the 80th Regiment, and who had joined the 1st Ceylon, October 25, 1810.
61	Jan. 3 1817	Brindley Hone ..	To the memory of Lieutenant BRINDLEY HONE, of His Majesty's 1st Ceylon Regiment, who departed this life 3rd January, 1817. Aged 30 years. He joined the 1st Ceylon as a Second Lieutenant, April 6, 1810 ; Lieutenant, March 4, 1815.
62 ..	Jan. 27 1817	John Campbell .. Barrington Haswall William Conyngham Coane	In memory of Ensigns JOHN CAMPBELL, BARRINGTON HASWALL, WILLIAM CONYNGHAM COANE, of His Majesty's 73rd Regiment, who were accidentally drowned in Colombo Roads when returning to the port from H. M. <i>Iphigenia</i> on the night of 27th January, 1817.

A large urn of masonry on a pedestal, conspicuous from the high road.

Ensign J. Campbell joined the Regiment on July 29, 1815, and was senior Ensign ; B. Haswall joined on August 1 ; and W. C. Coane on August 4, 1815. The latter was a brother of Major Anthony Coane.

The following account of the catastrophe is taken from the *Gazette*. There is no memorial to Lieutenant Saunders, R.N., who perished at the same time. "Forster" should be Foster. The officer referred to was Lieutenant Isaac Foster of the Ceylon Regiment, who served for many years afterwards in Ceylon :—

"On Monday, the 27th, about 8 o'clock in the evening, a Cutter from the Frigate *Iphigenia* was upset a little distance from the Zeburgh Battery.

"There were on board Lieut. Saunders of the *Iphigenia*, Mr. Windsor, a Midshipman, eight seamen, and a boy, with Lieut. Forster of H. M. 2nd Ceylon, and Ensigns Campbell, Haswall, and Coane of the 73rd Regiment.

"Lieut. Forster, the Midshipman, and 6 seamen were saved, but Lieut. Saunders, all the three officers of the 73rd, two seamen, and a boy unfortunately perished.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
62 ..	Jan. 27 1817	John Campbell, &c.— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>“The night was clear and the moon shone bright, but the wind was blowing fresh, and the sea was running high. A great sea broke over the beam quarter, and she was instantly filled and turned keel upwards. Two of the seamen who could not swim clung to the boat and were saved. Lieut. Forster got hold of an oar, and with the help of one of the seamen reached the harbour, where after being nearly exhausted he was assisted by Mr. Windsor in saving himself upon a Dhony. The other seamen escaped by swimming. Ensign Campbell was thrown upon the rocks at the mouth of the harbour, and every means were used in vain by the Medical Gentlemen to restore his lifeless body. In the course of the next morning Ensign Haswall and the bodies of the two sailors were found, and at 5 o’c. the two officers and the boy were interred in the burial ground on the South Esplanade.</p> <p>“H. E. the Governor, with the Staff, the Chaplain and Officers of the <i>Iphigenia</i>, the 73rd and the Officers of the other Regiments, and the Artillery attended. The Rev. Mr. Twisleton officiated.</p> <p>“The seamen were interred at 8. The two Officers were buried in one grave. On the morning of the 30th, the body of Lieut. Saunders was brought ashore by Fishermen, and his funeral was attended in the evening by the Commandant and all the Officers in Garrison. He was buried close to his fellow-sufferers.</p> <p>“The body of Ensign Coane, we regret to say, has not yet been found.</p> <p>“Lieut. Saunders was much esteemed for his excellent disposition and lively temper by his brother officers.</p> <p>“The three young Officers of the 73rd were newly arrived from England. Ensign Coane was a remarkably fine young man, and a brother of Captain Coane of the same Regiment. He afterwards lost three other brothers in the service of their country, one at Buenos Ayres, another on the frontiers of Portugal at the battle upon the Coa, and a third who died of fatigue in a Campaign against the Mahrattas. He had a fourth brother, a captain in the 73rd Reg., who was severely wounded at the battle of Waterloo.</p> <p>“Ensign Haswall was to have performed a principal part in a play shortly to be performed.”</p> <p>H. M. S. <i>Iphigenia</i>, Captain J. Tancock, was just about to start for home. She had arrived at Trincomalee from Madras, July 20, 1816, bringing Sir William Coke. She left the Cape in April, 1816, “three weeks before the <i>Challenger</i>.” She was then under the command of Captain John Reynolds. She left Trincomalee again for the Cape in 1817, and was to leave the Cape for England on October 16 of that year. The body of Ensign Coane appears never to have been recovered. There is no entry of his burial in the register.</p>
63 ..	Feb. 9 1817	William Orr ..	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the late WILLIAM ORR, Esq., of H. M. Ceylon Civil Service, who departed this life on the 9th February, A.D. 1817. Aged 42 years. Leaving a wife and five children to lament his loss.</p> <p>He died at Colpetty, at the house of Robert Boyd, the Commissioner of Revenue.</p> <p>The first mention of William Orr is in 1800, when we find him “Resident of Magam Pattoo,” a title and office inherited from the Dutch. He wrote a “Report on the Magam Pattoo,” in which “the Leways or Natural Salt Reservoirs of the District of Mature” are described, dated October 17, 1800.</p> <p>Next, in 1802, he is “Superintendent of the Cotton Plantation at Carselle” (Karisal, in Mannar Island), and in that year he was suspended and committed for trial before the Supreme Court for ill-treating two coolies, giving them “18 or 20 stripes with a</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
63 ..	Feb. 9 1817	.. William Orr— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>rattan." The charge was inquired into at Mannar by George Lusignan (No. 88), the Assistant Collector, on June 18, and Orr discharged and allowed to resume duties. On April 14, 1803, he forwards a "plan of the Cotton Grounds," and asks for a gin and screw to be sent to him from Colombo. He also wishes to be empowered to compel the wives of "Walliah" (<i>Valaiyar</i>) coolies to work gathering cotton, as he cannot prevail on them to work, but this Lusignan does not approve. It was at this time decided that the establishment should be immediately suppressed, unless Orr thought it "desirable from the state of the plantation to keep up a part of it for some time longer." Lusignan calls on Orr to send in proposals <i>re</i> the Cotton Plantations. The Board of Revenue wishes to know whether any one would rent it (July 22, 1803), and Lusignan thinks that if Orr will not rent it, no one else will, and recommends the sale of the plantation by lots, as well as of the house, garden, and materials; also of the cotton, which will probably sell well, "as there has been no intercourse with Candi for some time." Finally, Orr is told by the Board that he may retain "an establishment sufficient to keep the ground clear of weeds, and to report the extent that should be maintained, and for how long it should be maintained." But Orr reported that he had "dissolved the Cotton Plantation entirely, as there is no hope of ever being able to procure returns adequate to the expense." On October 1, 1803, he agreed to rent the plantation for seven years at a rent of one rixdollar a year, Government to assist with coolies, and cotton to be free of all duties during that period. He bought the cotton remaining at 29 pagodas a <i>tolam</i>. In December he reported the state of the plantation to be very flourishing, but wanted 50 coolies, for whom Lusignan informs him that he must pay. But this arrangement seems to have soon come to an end; the plantation, house, and grounds were to be sold by public auction on October 7, 1804, and Orr had become successively Customs Master at Jaffna and at Trincomalee. He was an Assistant in the Paymaster-General's Office in 1808, and Sitting Magistrate of Negombo in June, 1809. He was Collector at Matura from January 2, 1811; Commissioner of Stamps from January 1, 1813; and Collector at Mannar from September 1, 1814. He died while holding this last appointment, and must have been on a visit to Colombo. He married at Colombo, February 12, 1808, Miss Margaret Mackay, and left five children.</p>
64 ..	May 20 1817.	.. Patrick McGill ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of PATRICK MCGILL, late son of Qr. Master Serjt. T. MCGILL, who departed this life on the 20th May, 1817. Aged 13 years and 4 months.</p> <p>Much regretted by his parents.</p> <p>The Quartermaster-Sergeant belonged to the 73rd.</p>
65 ..	May 21 1818 Dec. 31 1818	.. James William Squire Crutwell .. James Nicholas Crutwell	<p>In memory of Lieut. JAMES SQUIRE CRUTWELL, who departed this life at Colombo, 21 May, 1818. Aged 37 years. Also of his son, JAMES NICHOLAS CRUTWELL, who departed this life 31 Dec., 1818. Aged 3 months.</p> <p>This posthumous son was born on September 25. Lieutenant Crutwell belonged to the 83rd.</p> <p>"He had been seized with fever at Idamalpane, which Post he commanded, on the 14th, and set out on the 16th for Colombo, which he reached about midnight on the 18th, but his disorder increased with great violence until he sunk under it on the morning of the 21st. Lieut. Crutwell had seen much service in Europe, and was well acquainted with several of the languages spoken on the Continent. He was a good proficient in Mathematical knowledge, which he applied practically to Military Topography. He has left, we regret to add, a Widow and 3 children to lament his loss." (<i>Gazette.</i>) He married, June 5th, 1812, at Clifton, Somersetshire, Mary —.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
66 ..	June 1 1818 ₄	Alexander Russell	<p>.. Here lies the body of ALEXANDER RUSSELL, Sergeant in the 83rd Regt., who was born in New Monkland in the County of Lanark, resided for some years at Huntley in Aberdeenshire, and died on the 1st of June, 1818. He had served in Spain and Portugal. He was wounded at Badajos, and was present in almost every battle won by the Duke of Wellington. Fighting for his country like a brave soldier, he received a mortal wound at Panella, and he died at Colombo like a good Christian.</p> <p>A large proportion of the men of the 83rd County Dublin Regiment, which arrived in Ceylon in November, 1817, from Cork and from the Cape, were veterans of the Peninsular War.</p>
67 ..	Aug. 3 1818	James Smith	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. JAMES SMITH, late H. M.'s 83rd Regt. in which he had served from its foundation until the day of his death, and in the West Indies and the Cape of Good Hope and through all the campaigns in Portugal and Spain. He died at Colombo on the 3rd August, 1818. Aged 42 years, deeply regretted by his Brother Officers.</p>
68 ..	April 23 1819	John Hogarth	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. JOHN HOGARTH, 2nd Bengal Volunteer Battalion, who died on board the <i>Mary</i>, transport, laying in Colombo Roads, 23rd April, 1819.</p> <p>This monument is erected by his brother Officers as a mark of esteem for his memory.</p>
69 ..	Aug. 18 1819	Susanna Rogers	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of SUSANNA ROGERS, wife of R. ROGERS, Esq., Ordnance Dept., who departed this life 18th August, 1819. Aged 35 years.</p> <p>Also of MARY, their daughter, died the 9th Oct., 1829. Aged 2 months.</p> <p>R. Rogers was Clerk of the Check, Civil Department of Ordnance, 1814.</p>
70 ..	Sept. 12 1819	John Kelly	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN KELLY, of the Band of H. M. 83rd Regt., who died Sept. 12th, 1819, in the 26th year of his age. His sorrowing companions have erected this stone as a mark of their high admiration of his character as a man and as a Christian.</p> <p>Adieu lov'd friend, Where thou art gone Adieus & farewells are not known, For those who reach that blessed shore Shall hear this parting word no more.</p>
70A ..	Feb. 5 1821	Alexander Cadell	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of ALEXANDER CADELL, Esq., of His Majesty's Civil Service on this Island and for many years Civil and Military Paymaster-General, in which Offices His kind manner and strict integrity obtained for him universal Regard and Approbation. He was preparing to return to his native Country when attacked by the illness of which he died, February 5th, 1821.</p> <p>He was born in Stirlingshire, North Britain, Feb. 9th, 1781.</p> <p>A granite obelisk (see No. 8).</p>
71 ..	Feb. 17 1821	Thomas Smyth	<p>.. To the memory of THOMAS SMYTH, late Sergt. in the 83rd Regt., who departed this life on the 17th Feb., 1821. Aged 25 years.</p> <p>Come brothers all with head and heart And drop a tear ere you depart For one whose virtues were sincere Till death had laid his body here.</p>
72 ..	Jan. 11 1822	William Phillips	<p>.. Captain W. PHILLIPS, of His Majesty's 83rd Regt., who departed this life January 11th, 1822. Aged 41 years.</p> <p>"On the 20th (Feb., 1818) a party arrived from Taldenia under Lieutenant Phillips, 83rd Regiment,</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
72 ..	Jan. 11 1822	William Phillips— <i>contd.</i>	<p>.. at Hanwella, detached by Major Hext, to procure communication from thence. On his march Lieut. Phillips had been attacked, and a running fire kept up nearly the whole distance while passing Hallialle. The party sustained no loss whatever. Lieut. Phillips remained at Hanwella till the morning of 24th, during which no attack was repeated, and leaving 10 men of his party there, returned to Taldenia, meeting with a similar opposition to that he experienced in marching from it on the 20th, but equally without loss." (<i>Gazette.</i>)</p> <p>Lieutenant Phillips arrived at Colombo from the interior with Lieutenant Brahan, of the same Regiment, and Lieutenant Thomas Wilkinson, of the 1st Ceylon Regiment, on November 25, 1818. Taldenia = Taldeniya, in Lower Dumbara, 12 miles from Kandy. Hallialle = Haliyela, is in the valley below, and close to Madugoda Resthouse, in Uda Dumbara, 13½ miles from Taldeniya. Hanwella is 3 or 4 miles from Madugoda in another valley, towards Mimure and the Matale District.</p>
73 .	Feb. 5 1822	Charles Abell	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. CHARLES ABELL of H. M. 83rd Regt., who departed this life 5th Feb., 1822, aged 32 years.</p> <p>Lieutenant Abell was Commandant at Chilaw 1819–20, and appears to have been stationed afterwards at Kurunegala. He is no doubt the "Lieut. A—— of the 83rd Regiment" who accompanied Lieutenant-Colonel James Campbell, the Commandant at Kurunegala, in 1822, on an "excursion" to Nahagedara, which combined sport and a tour of inspection. The Colonel says of him: "he volunteered to be of the party, but the character of the country being pretty well known, and the latter having his wife, a very lady-like person, then at Kurunegalla with him, I was surprised, yet pleased, at his offering to accompany me; for he was both an intelligent and an agreeable companion." ("Excursions, Adventures, and Field Sports in Ceylon," vol. II., p. 148.) He adds: "at this season it was thought by the natives that we had nothing to apprehend from sickness." The expedition, however, was an unfortunate one for Lieutenant Abell. "On our way back to Kurunegalla, Mr. A—— told me that the report of his gun, when fired, shook and annoyed him a good deal; for his head ached, and he did not feel himself well." The Surgeon, a few days later, reported him to be in great danger, as the fever with which he had been attacked could not be subdued, and advised his being removed to the sea coast. "He was consequently sent off, accompanied by his greatly alarmed and sorrowing wife (both in palanquins), attended by the Surgeon as far as I could permit him to go with them. But, alas! poor A's days were numbered, for he died soon after reaching Colombo." (<i>Ibid.</i>, pp. 151–2.)</p>
74 ..	May 19 1822	John Todd	<p>.. Gunner TODD, late of the Royal Artillery, who departed this life at Colombo, XIX. May, 1822, aged 33 years.</p>
75 ..	July 3 1822	John Bannerman	<p>.. JOHN BANNERMAN, late Quarter Mr. Sgt. 83rd Regt., who departed this life 3rd July, 1822, aged 35 years.</p>
76 ..	July 3 1822	James Collins	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Sergt. JAMES COLLINS, of H. M. 83 Regt., who departed this life 3rd July, 1822, aged 28 years.</p> <p>This stone was erected by his brother Masons.</p>
77 ..	June 17 1823	William Richardson	<p>.. In memory of Lieut. WILLIAM RICHARDSON, late of His Majesty's 83rd Regt. Born in March, 1797, at Glentecle in Ireland. Died 17th June, 1823, at Ootooankandi, aged 26 years.</p> <p>He married Eliza, widow of Lieutenant T. H. Green, at Colombo, on October 28th, 1822. Ootooankandi (Utuwankanda) is visible from the railway, and is</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
77 ..	June 17 1823	William Richardson— <i>contd.</i>	known as "Pulpit Rock," where the robber Sardiell was captured in 1864 by Sir Frederick Saunders, then Assistant Government Agent of Kegalla. The village is on the Colombo-Kandy road, and was the seat of the Assistant Agency of the Four Korales in the thirties, but was superseded by Kegalla.
78 ..	Jan. 23 1824	William Russell	.. Sergeant WILLIAM RUSSELL, H. M. 83rd Regiment, who departed this life on the 23rd January, 1824, aged 30 years. But according to the <i>Gazette</i> he was 45.
79 ..	May 27 1824	John W. Summerfield	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. J. W. SUMMERFIELD, of H. M. 83rd Regt., who departed this life on the 27th May, 1824, aged 29 years. He was a son of Major Thomas Summerfield, also of the 83rd, and brother of Mrs. Twynam, mother of Sir William Twynam, K.C.M.G., late Government Agent of the Northern Province. He was gazetted from the half-pay of the 83rd to be Supernumerary Lieutenant in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, February 1, 1818, and to be 1st Lieutenant in the same Corps, December 24, 1818. He took part in the operation against the Kandyans in 1818, and was at the Katugastota ferry on July 19 of that year, when an accident occurred to some of Captain Piper's party returning from an expedition. There were in the ferry boat, or "catchpinel,"* Captain Piper, 9 men, 5 women, and 2 boys. It began to leak; the women got frightened and rushed to the other side, knocking Captain Piper into the water. Lieutenant Summerfield and his Sergeant of Pioneers and a boatman jumped into the water and succeeded in saving three of the women, but the other women and three pioneers were drowned. He appears after the close of the operations to have been stationed at Kandy, and on January 9, 1820, we find him proceeding to Colombo with Captain Antill from Amunapura.
80 ..	May 4 1824	John Scott Rigney	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. JOHN SCOTT RIGNEY, of H. M. 16th Regt., who departed this life at Colombo on the 4th of May, 1824, aged 43 years.
81 ..	May 24 1824	Felix O'Hara	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. FELIX O'HARA, of H. M. 16th Regt., who departed this life on the 24th day of May, 1824, aged 32 years. Lieutenant O'Hara appears to have been Commandant at Padeniya, 15 miles north of Kurunegala, when Lieut.-Colonel James Campbell took up his duties as Judicial Agent of Government for the Seven Korales in 1822, and he accompanied the latter on "an extensive excursion," which he made shortly after his appointment. "by the way of Dambool to the beautiful but much dreaded neighbourhood of Minery Lake," and thence "across Neuracalava" to the Kala-oya and Kantalai, returning by Padeniya to Kurunegala. An account of this trip is given in Campbell's book, "Excursions, Adventures, and Field Sports in Ceylon," vol. II., pp. 167-260. He refers to Lieutenant O'Hara as "a great favourite of mine," and "my obliging and agreeable friend, O'Hara." O'Hara died at Wiyangodde (Veyangoda ?) on his way to Colombo, sick no doubt of fever or dysentery.
82 ..	June 10 1824	John Wall	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. JOHN WALL, of H. M. 16th Regt. of Foot, who departed this life on the 10th day of June, 1824, aged 40 years. Lieutenant Wall was Staff Officer of Seven Korales, July 1, 1822, to May 25, 1824.
83 ..	June 14 1824	Henry W. Brahan	.. Sacred to the memory of H. W. BRAHAN, son of Lieut. H. BRAHAN, who departed this life on the 14th of June, 1824. (See No. 84.)

* This word is written by D'Oyly, *catapinell*. It is the Tamil *kattuppinal*, and probably meant a raft on two canoes. The word *kattuppinaï* is now used for *catamaran*.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
84 ..	July 2 1824	Henry Brahan	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. HENRY BRAHAN, late of H. M. 83rd Reg., who departed this life at Colombo, 2nd July, 1814, aged 44 years.</p> <p>This stone is erected by his four children, who deeply lament his loss.</p> <p>Possibly a brother of Lieutenant John Brahan of the same Regiment. He took part in the operations against the Kandians in 1818. "On the 6th (Oct., 1818) Major Coane sent out another party under Lieut. Brahan, who was fortunate enough to capture Ellepola Adigar and his wife." (<i>Gazette</i>.) This was the celebrated Ehelapola. Lieutenant Brahan returned to Colombo, November 25, with Lieutenant Summerfield (No. 79).</p> <p>His eldest daughter, Mary Ann, married at Colombo, January 13, 1818, Lieutenant and Adjutant Henry Hough. 83rd Regiment.</p> <p>Judging from his age he was a "ranker." The 83rd, "much to its credit, had more officers in it who had been raised from the ranks than any other I have ever come across. They were not a little proud of this, and often talked of it. I can remember seven or eight of them at this distance of time." (Major Skinner in 1891, <i>loc. cit.</i>, p. 8.)</p>
85 ..	Feb. 26 1825	Eliza Moore	.. Sacred to the memory of ELIZA MOORE, the beloved wife of Sergt. MOORE of H. M. 16th Regt. of Foot, who departed this life 26 Feb., 1825, aged 36 years.
	March 16 1820	William Moore	.. Also of WM. MOORE, their youngest son, who departed this life on the 16th March, 1820, aged 10 months and 16 days.
86 ..	April 27 1825	Maria Lusignan	<p>.. In memory of MARIA LUSIGNAN, eldest daughter of GEORGE LUSIGNAN and AUGUSTA, his wife. Born at Trincomalie, 20th April, 1806. Died at Colombo, 27th April, 1825.</p> <p>O. D. R.</p> <p>(See No. 88.)</p>
87 ..	June 3 1825	John Swinney	.. This stone is placed here over the remains of Private JOHN SWINNEY, 16th Regt., by a master who is deeply sensible of the loss he has sustained by the death of so faithful (a) servant. Died on the 3rd June, 1825.
88 .	Aug. 28 1825	George Lusignan	<p>.. In memory of GEORGE LUSIGNAN, Esq., who, having filled various important situations in the Civil Service of this Island, died at Colombo, 28th August, 1825, in the 41st year of his age.</p> <p>O. D. R.</p> <p>Lusignan was one of "three boys of 13," the others being Sylvester Gordon and Robert Barry, who accompanied Governor North to Ceylon in 1798. They were borne on the Governor's first establishment as "Copyists," each at £100 a year. Lusignan is described by him, in a letter to the Hon. Henry Dundas, Secretary of State, dated January 16, 1798, as "a good linguist, knows French, Italian, Greek, Latin, and Turkish, and is intended to succeed his father as King's Interpreter." (Wellesley MSS., in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 228.) This destiny was not to be fulfilled, and Lusignan remained in Ceylon. On August 6, 1800, he was appointed Acting Secretary to the Committee of General Superintendence, and to the Law Committee in October, 1801, and by March, 1802, he was Assistant to Lieutenant-Colonel Barbut, the Commissioner Extraordinary of Revenue and Commerce at Jaffna. On his death he succeeded him as "Agent of Revenue and Commerce" (a title subsequently abandoned for that of "Collector") there, May 25, 1803, and continued to hold that appointment for 2½ years. The circumstances which then brought about a change are related in Mr. Walter Frewen Lord's book on "Sir Thomas Maitland," from which I reproduce the following:—"The Collector of Jaffnapatam was a protégé, not to say a</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
88 ..	Aug. 28 .. 1825	George Lusignan— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>favourite, of North's. He had been rapidly advanced in the service, and although not much over twenty years of age, he held one of the principal Collectorships in the Island. He was ignorant of the language,* and completely in the hands of his <i>sherishdar</i> and his nominees. Private trade was not then definitely prohibited to Civil Servants, and the Collector traded largely on his own account through the <i>sherishdar</i>.† The Collectorate, of course, was ruined, and the country-side was in dismay. Maitland felt that the case must be dealt with immediately. He sent for the Collector and remonstrated with him, but without effect. He sent for him a second time, and the Collector almost told him to mind his own business. "I am sorely tempted to make an example of him," Maitland wrote, and he would have been perfectly justified in doing so, for although Maitland's knowledge of men told him that the Collector was only a very foolish young gentleman, his proceedings had all the appearance, not only of incapacity, but of flagrant dishonesty. But nothing would induce the Governor to publicly reprimand a King's officer if he could by any possibility avoid doing so. . . . the alternative course was that which the Governor adopted. He promoted the Collector from Jaffnapatam to Colombo. Here he had him under his own eye; and he persuaded the Collector of Colombo to exchange for Jaffnapatam. . . .</p> <p>"Thus appearances were saved. But there remained the recovery of the balances due to Government from the Collector personally and in his official capacity. These balances the Governor was by no means disposed to forego; and yet their recovery would necessitate a very long and complicated inquiry. In the ordinary course of the service this would have fallen to the new Collector, but Maitland would not hear of that. It would, to begin with, throw a vast deal of extra work on him, which he had not bargained for when he consented to the exchange; and it would also in great measure undo the good of the exchange. So he deprived himself of the services of one of the ablest Civilians in the Island—Mr. Alexander Wood—and placed him on special duty for the inquiry. Thus everybody's susceptibilities were spared, at the expense of heavy labour on the part of the Governor. But Maitland had not done with the peccant Collector yet. He summoned him before Council and gave him a last chance. By this time the Collector had begun to understand what crossing the Governor meant. He made his submission, promised to do better, and was dismissed to his work with a reprimand, but not a public reprimand. Maitland immediately interceded for him with the Secretary of State. He was a very young man he urged, and quite capable of doing good work in the future. He almost made it a personal matter that the young man should be forgiven, and forgiven he was."</p> <p>Of Lusignan's administration of the "Northern Provinces" glimpses are to be obtained from the Jaffna diaries, but there is nothing to show that everything was not as it should be. There are itineraries of his circuits. He proposed to substitute for the joy tax (a tax on jewellery and ornaments) a head tax of 2 rixdollars, 1½, or ½ rixdollar, according to caste, all castes being comprised under three classes (1804). He went over to Mannar from Arippu on October 25, 1803, to settle matters for an expedition into the Wannu under Captain Driberg, "for the recapture of Mulletivoe." He has schemes for making advances in money and paddy to the people of the</p>

* I rather doubt this, in view of his capacity as a linguist, as testified to by North.—J. P. L.

† This word has never, so far as I knew, been used in Ceylon. Probably the author means the "Peshear to the Collector." In 1801 this "important office was held by a Moodeliar." (*Jaffna Diary*.) The Cutcherry Interpreter was the most important native official on the Collector's staff, and next to him was the Peshear. During the Company's rule, 1795–98, Indian names were used to describe officials. There were on the Cutcherry staff at Jaffna, besides the Interpreter, an Aumildar, a Peshear, a Sumprady, 4 or 5 Conicopies, a Tombu Conicopy, and 6 Gomashtahs, and the Respadours, or collectors of revenue under the Dutch, were re-appointed. There were 40 in "the Provinces of Jaffna." There were also 37 Maniagars, and under the Maniagars were the "Parpattacarars," a local title now extinct, meaning the people "who look after things." In 1804 there were 378 of them in the Jaffna Provinces. There were also Pattengatyns for the fishers, and in the Mannar District a "Mottocara," a title that might be revived at the present day, for headmen appointed to prevent excessive speed by motor cars.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
88 ..	Aug. 28 1825	George Lusignan— <i>contd.</i>	<p>.. Wanni to assist them in repairing the broken tanks and in sowing their fields, which he proposes to the Board of Revenue (August 16, 1804).</p> <p>Lusignan became Agent of Revenue, Colombo, on November 13, 1805, exchanging with William Montgomery, November 5, 1806, the Province meanwhile remaining under the charge of Alexander Wood. He was appointed Provincial Judge of Trincomalee, February 26, 1806, and of Matara on July 13, 1808. He was Collector of Trincomalee from January 2, 1811, and continued to act as such after he had received the appointment of Auditor-General until December 1, 1817, when he took up the Secretaryship of the Home and Judicial Department. He was Deputy Secretary to Government and Secretary for the Kandyan Provinces from 1819 until his death. It is perhaps significant that in 1811 the address which was given Sir Thomas Maitland on his retiring from the Governorship, though it was signed by Civil Servants all over the Island, as well as by the Military, does not contain the name of Lusignan. He married at Colombo, March 27, 1805, at the age of 20, Augusta Daniel. They lost a son at Trincomalee, March 31, 1812, aged 5 years and 10 months. Mrs. Lusignan died at Edmonton, October 25, 1857, having thus survived her husband 32 years.</p> <p>Mr., Mrs., and Miss Daniel arrived from Madras with the Rodneys by the ship <i>Glory</i> in April, 1804.</p>
89 ..	1825	Caroline Rowen	<p>.. CAROLINE, daughter of Quarter Master W. ROWEN of the 16th Regt., who departed this life 2nd —, 1825.</p>
90 ..	Nov. 29 1825	Mary Beaumont	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the late MARY BEAUMONT, widow, who departed this life on the 29th Nov., 1825, aged 70 years.</p>
91 ..	June 5 1826	John Fraser	<p>.. To the memory of JOHN, eldest son of Major JOHN FRASER, H. M. Ceylon Reg., who died at Colombo on the 5th June, 1826, aged 1 year and 8 months.</p>
92 ..	Oct. 4 1826	Robert Thompson	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Capt. ROBT. THOMPSON, late of H. M. 83rd Regt., who departed this life 4th day of Oct., 1826, in the 65th year of his age. He was in active service 48 years. His kindness and affection as a husband and father gave additional strength to the firmness and intrepidity of the soldier.</p> <p>This tablet is erected as a slight token of the great regard of his only surviving child and daughter.</p> <p>His eldest daughter, Barbara, married at the Fort Church, Colombo, December 2, 1818, Andrew Mitchell Gibson, Esq., of the naval service of the H.E.I.C., a younger brother of William Carmichael Gibson and Lewis Gibson.</p>
93 ..	Nov. 29 1826	John Frederick Holland	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN FREDERICK HOLLAND, late merchant of Colombo, who departed this life on the 29th day of Nov., 1826, in the 31st year of his age. He is deeply regretted by those who knew his kindness and constancy as a friend, and his exemplary conduct as a son.</p> <p>There is a case, Holland <i>versus</i> Winter, reported in <i>Ramanathan's Reports</i>, vol. I.</p>
94 ..	Dec. 1 1826	Emily Garstin	<p>.. EMILY, sixth daughter of the Rev. NORMAN GARSTIN, Colonial Chaplain. Born in Ireland, Dec. 1, 1815, and died at Colombo, Jan. 4th, 1826. O. D. R.</p> <p>(See No. 108.)</p> <p>The letters O. D. R. occur also on the tombstones of Nos. 86 and 88. The O probably stands for <i>ossa</i>, as in O. T. B. Q., <i>ossa tua bene quiescant</i>; O. I. B. Q., <i>ossa illius bene quiescant</i>; O. E. B. Q. R. C., <i>ossa ejus bene quiescant resurgent condita</i>, so that O. D. R. may be <i>ossa demum resurgent</i>. (See Lewis and Short's Dictionary.)</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
95 ..	Feb. 10 1827	.. Thomas Bayly	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the late Major THOMAS BAYLY, H. M.'s Ceylon Regiment, who departed this life on the 10th Feb., 1827, aged 47 years. He served his King and Country 28 years in Egypt, India, and Ceylon.</p> <p>This simple tribute of respect by his afflicted family, who in him deplore the loss of an affectionate husband and indulgent parent and kind friend.</p> <p>Major Thomas Bayly was born at Devizes, August 1, 1779. He entered the Navy, was Midshipman on board the <i>Circe</i> frigate, Captain Winthrop, and taken prisoner in the first French War, 1793-98. He was treated with much severity during one year's captivity in the Citadel of Lille. When relieved on the exchange of prisoners he returned to England. Having purchased a commission in the Connaught Rangers, he embarked with a detachment of his regiment in 1800 to join its headquarters at Bombay. On his arrival he found that the regiment had proceeded to Egypt, and followed it immediately, under the command of Sir David Baird. In that expedition he gained the Egyptian medal. On the cessation of hostilities he returned to the detachment left at Bombay, and was with it engaged in active service until 1804, when he was promoted to a captaincy in the 3rd Ceylon Regiment. He served with that regiment in Travancore and in other parts of the coast of Southern India, where it was assisting in quelling insurrections, and also in the Kandyan War of 1815, and to the end of the rebellion of 1817-18. He was in command of the troops at the execution of the chief Ellapola at Kandy on October 27, 1818.</p> <p>In 1818 he was appointed Commandant and Agent of Government of Three Korales, with headquarters at Ruanwella, where he remained until his death. Here "Major B., the Commandant, not only paid me every attention, but also gave me much information about the surrounding country." (Campbell, p. 60.) He "died at Grand Pass on his way to Colombo from his station, which he left for the benefit of medical advice." He left a widow and nine children. "He was so universally known and respected that it must be quite unnecessary to offer any panegyric." (<i>Gazette</i>, March 3, 1827.)</p> <p>Major Bayly married, as an Ensign at Calcutta, in 1800, Lydia Hammond, the daughter of an officer of the East India Company's Service. She died at Nuwara Eliya in 1848. Three of their sons went into the army. One was Captain F. B. Bayly, Ceylon Rifles. Another son, Robert Lionel, was in the Customs. The eldest, Thomas, was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the 3rd Ceylon, November 26, 1815, and was in that corps in 1816, and afterwards in the 19th and 20th Regiments. He died at the Cape.</p> <p>Major Bayly was Commandant at Matara in 1811-13, where one of his sons, Charles Bisset, was born, and at Amunupura in 1816, where another son, Henry Hardy, was born. His only surviving daughter married Lieutenant Duvernet, C.R.R. (see under "Nuwara Eliya").</p> <p>In the Uva rebellion he was engaged in co-operating with Major MacDonald in the operations in Welassa (see "The Uva Rebellion," pp. 6, 14, 16, 18, 30).</p>
96 ..	June 27 1827	.. John Parker	<p>.. Captain JOHN PARKER of His Majesty's Ceylon Regiment. Died 27th June, 1827, aged 56 years, leaving a disconsolate Widow, who caused this stone to be erected in memory of departed worth.</p> <p>Captain Parker came from the 46th Regiment and joined Ramsay's Regiment (subsequently called the Ceylon Regiment or the 2nd Ceylon Regiment) as an Ensign. He was in command of a party of this regiment at Katadenia (Kotadeniyawa, or Fort Frederic, on the Maha-o-ya, near Giriulla) in February, 1803 (see Cordiner, vol. II., p. 170). About the middle of 1804 we find him writing about the recruits for Baillie's Regiment (the 3rd Ceylon) at Jaffna. On September 1, 1804, he was appointed Adjutant of his regiment,</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
96 ..	June 27 1827	John Parker— <i>contd.</i>	<p>and on September 5, 1805, he is gazetted Lieutenant, <i>vice</i> Loughlin, deceased; Captain, 3rd Ceylon, June 4, 1805; Captain, 2nd Ceylon, February 10, 1810. He was at that time Commandant of Hambantota, where he was succeeded by Captain Hardy, 19th Regiment, on October 17, 1810. Captain Parker and Quartermaster John Staples of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment were tried before the Supreme Court, December 9–10, 1811, for the murder of Captain James Brown of the same regiment, whom Captain Parker had shot in a duel. Parker was found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced to one week's imprisonment in the common jail of Colombo. Staples was acquitted. There is a short summary of the trial in the <i>Gazette</i> of December 18, 1811, reprinted in the <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. III., pp. 2, 3. The duel took place at Galle on November 17, 1810. Captain Brown was shot in the right side and died instantly. There is no record of the burial of Captain Brown, and his death is not given in the <i>Gazette</i>. He had married, April 18, 1808, Julia Eliza, daughter of the Hon. and Rev. T. J. Twisleton by his first wife.</p> <p>This was the first trial by jury in the Island "under the new Charter of Justice," and the Chief Justice, Sir Alexander Johnstone, presided at it. Capt. Parker married at Galle, in 1820, Petronella Conradie (<i>sic</i>). (See No. 164.)</p>
97 ..	June 26 1828	Robert Haddock	<p>Sacred to the Memory of Bt.-Major ROBT. HADDOCK, late of H. M. 97th Regt. of Foot, who was unfortunately killed by an elephant whilst sporting in the Neighbourhood of Ruwanwella, on the 26th June, 1828, aged 41 years. Erected by his Widow.</p> <p>Captain, March 25, 1824. He was also "Agent of Government for the Kandyan Provinces of the Three Korles," having succeeded Major Bayly in that position, and his headquarters were at Ruwanwella. An account of the circumstances attending his death, taken from the deposition of Private Charles Young of the 97th, who witnessed it, is published in the <i>Gazette</i> of June 28, 1828. "Yesterday evening Major Haddock, Mr. Francis Bayly, and his brother went out at Ruwanwella to shoot a wild elephant that was in the jungle near that place. The gentlemen stationed themselves at a distance from each other outside the jungle, some Cingalese people getting inside to drive the animal out. The elephant first came out where Mr. F. Bayly was stationed, who fired a shot and the elephant retreated again. About half an hour afterwards the elephant came out a second time near where Major Haddock and the deponent were posted—at that time the two Mr. Bayly's had joined them and they all fired together at the elephant, who stumbled but recovered himself and retired into the jungle; the gentlemen then separated, but met on the other side of the jungle and loaded—the Cingalese people were then sent in to beat—Major Haddock placing the gentlemen in position at a distance from each other. Shortly afterwards the elephant came out of the jungle exactly where Major Haddock and the deponent stood, and so close upon them that the Major had scarcely time to level his gun; having fired the Major retired upon the deponent, who then fired and turned the elephant. Major Haddock then ran round a bush and the elephant unfortunately coming in contact with him on the opposite side, seized him with his trunk round the body, threw him on the ground, and placing his foot upon the Major's breast, trampled upon his body. The deponent turned round for a double-barrelled gun that was with a Lascoryn, who, however, had disappeared. The deponent then went up, took hold of Major Haddock and pulled him away from under the elephant; upon which the elephant turned round and went off. Major Haddock was not then quite dead, but apparently drawing his last breath: he could not speak. The deponent ran for the doctor of the station, but the Major died previous to his return."</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
97 ..	June 26 1828	Robert Haddock— <i>contd.</i>	<p>The death of Major Haddock is referred to by Major Forbes in his "Eleven Years in Ceylon," vol. I., pp. 144-5, but he had evidently not seen this account of it, for he attributes it to his inexperience and to the fact that he "had entrusted his spare gun to a native, who fled when the animal first rushed out from the jungle." The disappearance of the native with the gun, it is clear from this account, made no difference whatever in the result. Strange to say Tennent does not mention the occurrence, though he tells every story that there is to tell about the elephant in Ceylon.</p> <p>Major Forbes states that Sir Robert Wilmot Horton, Governor of Ceylon, erected a stone pillar with an inscription to mark the precise spot where Major Haddock met his death (p. 145). There is a stone pillar about a mile from Ruwanwela, which, tradition says, marks the spot, but it is an ancient Sinhalese pillar, and bears no trace of letter or inscription. It may, of course, have been used for this purpose, instead of the inscribed pillar originally intended.</p> <p>The <i>Gazette</i> goes on: "Major Haddock was not less esteemed for his gentlemanlike deportment in society than as being a gallant officer and a good soldier. He had seen a great deal of service abroad, and in the course of the Peninsular War received three medals as honorable testimonials of his distinguished services in the field. His loss will be deeply felt by his brother officers and by those who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, but above all by his affectionate and now disconsolate widow, whom with three infant children he has left behind to mourn his melancholy and untimely fate."</p> <p>Six service companies of the 97th Regiment arrived in Ceylon in the latter part of 1824. Major and Mrs. Haddock came out with the headquarters of the regiment in H.M.S. <i>Princess Charlotte</i>, which left England on April 10. On board also were Colonel and Mrs. Muller and Thomas Skinner, afterwards Major Skinner (see "Fifty Years in Ceylon," p. 59).</p>
98 ..	June 30 1828	Hugh Fraser	<p>To the memory of Lieut.-Col. HUGH FRASER, commanding the Royal Regt. of Artillery in the Island of Ceylon, who died on the 30th of June, 1828, aged 56 years.</p> <p>He is described in the <i>Gazette</i> as "late of Greenwich." He died at Trincomalee, it appears. He had "served His Majesty 34½ years in the Royal Regiment of Artillery with zeal and fidelity in various parts of the world. He was interred with the Military Honors due to his rank and was followed to the grave by most of the Civil and Military Officers of Colombo." (<i>Gazette</i>, July 5, 1828.)</p>
99 ..	1828	John Woodford Thomas Woodford	<p>In memory of JOHN and THOMAS WOODFORD, who died in this Colony, Lieuts. of H. M. Ceylon Rifle Regt., aged the former 33 and the latter 26 years. This stone is raised by an affectionate brother. Colombo, November 27th, 1828.</p> <p>No particulars available, except that Thomas died June, 1828, and John also in 1828.</p>
100 ..	April 10 1829	Alfred Mylius John Manwaring	<p>To the memory of Captain ALFRED MYLIUS, of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died 10th April, 1829. Aged 36 years. Also that of Captain JOHN MANWARING, of the same Corps and Staff Officer of Kandy, who died 17th April, 1829, aged 36. Two attached friends who were each deeply lamented by their brother Officers.</p> <p>(For Manwaring see under "Kandy.")</p> <p>Alfred Mylius was the eldest son of Baron F. Mylius, and was born March 8, 1793, at Frankfort. He was for a time a Midshipman in the Royal Navy. He joined the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, August 10, 1807. In the war of 1815 he was with the 8th Division, and defeated the Kandyans in a skirmish at "Wissenave," January 29, pursued the king to Teldeniya, February 15, and was in the vicinity of</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
100 ..	April 10 .. 1829	Alfred Mylius, &c.— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>Medamahanuwara when he was captured on February 18. In the Uva rebellion his post was at "Illeka-wella" in Seven Korales. ("Uva Rebellion," pp. 42, 44, 45.) The <i>Gazette</i> of April 18, 1829, states that he "had given numerous proofs of being a good officer. He was a very honourable and upright character, highly esteemed by his brother officers, and respected by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance."</p> <p>He got his company April 29, 1819.</p> <p>He married August 13, 1827, at Kandy, Sarah Swinburne, who was a sister of Lieutenant and Adjutant Joseph Swinburne of the 83rd Regiment. His son, Frederic Henry, born June 12, 1828, at Kandy, became a Lieutenant in the 15th Regiment, and was stationed with it at Kandy in 1848. He was afterwards Rector of Elmdon, near Birmingham, where he died January 8, 1896. He married at Streatham, September 3, 1857, Fanny, daughter of John Boustead, Paymaster of the 1st Ceylon Regiment, and his son, Rodney, is a planter in Ceylon.</p>
101 ..	Dec. 30 .. 1829 Dec. 5 .. 1817	Eva Conrady Christiana Conrady	<p>Sacred to the memory of Mrs. E. CONRADY, widow of the late J. F. CONRADY, Esqr., who departed this life at Colombo on the 20th Dec., 1829, aged 64 years 8 months, and sincerely regretted by her family and friends. Beneath lieth also the remains of CHRISTIANA CONRADY, daughter of the above, died at Colombo, 5th Dec., 1817.</p> <p>Mrs. Conrady was a daughter of Martinus Meckern of Groningen, Secretaris van Politie at Colombo, and Judith Charlotta Lever of Bergen-op-Zoom. She was the second wife of Johan Friederich Conrady.</p> <p>Captain Percival says ("Ceylon," p. 136): "At some of the Dutch houses, and in particular at Mynheer Conrade's at Colombo, I found the dishes extremely well dressed, and the fish in particular appeared exceedingly palatable to an Englishman." The credit was probably due to Mrs. Conrady (or Conradie, or Conradi, for we find all these versions of the name). The Conradis no doubt entertained largely, and many daughters of their numerous family married officers. Although J. F. Conrady had held high office under the Dutch Company, he started business in Colombo, after the British occupation, as an auctioneer. There was another family in Colombo named von Conradi, represented by Charles Frederic, Baron von Conradi, who married the eldest daughter of Captain Schneider in 1813. The two families were probably connected.</p>
102 ..	Feb. 17 .. 1830	John Thomas Burslem	<p>Sacred to the memory of Lieut. JOHN THOMAS BURSLEM, 61st Regt., who died 17th Febr., 1830, aged 23 years.</p> <p>The 61st (South Gloucestershire), now the 2nd Battalion Gloucester Regiment, served in Ceylon, 1828-40. The headquarters arrived by the <i>Arab</i> in November, 1828, and in the same month part of the regiment by the E. I. Company's chartered ships <i>Maitland</i> and <i>James Sibbald</i>.</p>
103 ..	April 9 .. 1830	Edward Finch	<p>In Memory of the Hon'ble and Revd. EDWARD FINCH, son of HENEAGE and LOUISA, Earl and Countess of Aylesford, sometime Senior Colonial Chaplain and Principal of Schools in this Island.</p> <p>Born February 25th, 1792. Died April 9th, 1830.</p> <p>He arrived at Colombo by the <i>Morning Star</i>, October 5, 1827, having been appointed Colonial Chaplain at Galle and Acting Chaplain to the Forces. In 1829-30 he was Senior Colonial Chaplain, apparently stationed at Colombo.</p>
104 ..	April 18 .. 1830	Rose Araminta Edwards	<p>Sacred to the memory of ROSE ARAMINTA EDWARDS, who departed this life the 18th April, 1830.</p> <p>This stone was placed here by her truly affectionate daughter.</p>
105 ..	May 1 .. 1830	Kenneth Mackenzie	<p>Sacred to the memory of Lt. KENNETH MACKENZIE, 58th Regt., son of Lieut.-Genl. MACKENZIE, aged 20 years. He died on 1st May, 1830. Deeply and sincerely regretted by his brother officers, by whom he was much esteemed.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
105 ..	May 1 1830	Kenneth Mackenzie— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>“ After a few days illness Lieut. Kenneth Mackenzie. Thus was cut off in the very spring of life, a young man whose highly honourable principles and manliness of character gave every promise of being an ornament to the profession; and had so fully engaged the esteem of his brother officers that the feelings that they have evinced for his worth, although they cannot but convey a melancholy satisfaction to his afflicted relatives, yet must at the same time more deeply impress upon their minds the severe loss they have sustained. His remains were attended to their last earthly abode by His Excellency the Governor and his staff, Sir Hudson Lowe and the greater part of the officers of the Garrison, and the whole of his own Corps off duty, who all appeared to feel a deep interest in the premature fate of this estimable young man.” (<i>Gazette</i>, May 8, 1830.)</p> <p>His father was Colonel of the 58th Regiment (March 1, 1828). Six service companies of this regiment, the Rutlandshire, now the 2nd Northamptonshire Regiment, were stationed in Ceylon, 1828–33.</p>
106 ..	Jan. 6 1831	Henry John Whiting ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of HENRY JOHN, son of W. H. WHITING, Esqr., by his wife ELIZABETH, born at Colombo on the 1st Dec., 1830, died 6th Jan., 1831.</p> <p>W. H. Whiting was in the Civil Service, 1826–56. He arrived by the ship <i>Maitland</i>, June 20, 1826; was Assistant to the Collector, Colombo, 1828–32; married there, March 9, 1830, Elizabeth, fourth daughter of the Rev. N. Garstin (see No. 108); was Fiscal and Sitting Magistrate, Jaffna, 1832–33; Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, 1833; Assistant Government Agent, Western Province, and District Judge, Four Korales, 1833–37, with “ a Cutchery at Ootookandy ”; Assistant Government Agent, Eastern Province, and District Judge, Batticaloa, 1837–39; Acting District Judge, Colombo, No. 1, North, 1839–43, during which period he came into collision with Robert Langslow, the District Judge of Colombo South; and Government Agent, Eastern Province, 1845–56. His daughter, Elizabeth, married at Pussellawa on March 7th, 1854, James Allix Wilkinson, late Captain, 15th Regiment, a brother of the “ Gemini Generals,” who took to coffee-planting, and bought Stellenberg and New Market estates (see No. 29).</p>
107 ..	Jan. 29 1831	Stephen Beaufort ..	<p>In memory of STEPHEN BEAUFORT, Esqr., who departed this life on the 29th January, 1831, in the 52nd year of his age. An affectionate husband, a kind father, a friend to the poor.</p> <p>Beaufort was, in 1823, supercargo of the ship <i>Forbes</i>, and arrived, with Mrs. Beaufort, at Colombo in November of that year.</p> <p>The firm of Beaufort & Huxham of Colombo became bankrupt in October, 1830. It was in existence in 1823 or earlier. (See <i>Ramanathan's Reports</i>, vol. I.)</p>
108 ..	April 23 1831	Norman Garstin ..	<p>Anno Domini MDCCCXXXI. Vigesima Tertia die Aprilis His lapidibus subter depositæ fuerunt Reliquiæ Reverendi NORMAN GARSTIN A. M. quondam Ædis Episcopalis Limericensis ex Prebendariis nuper Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ hac insula peregrinantis senioris Sacellani Qui filius ANTHONY GARSTIN Luthianensis Hibernia equitis Vixit LVIII tandemque hac via dignitatem assecutus est.</p> <p>He had been, besides Prebendary of Limerick, Rector of Kilpeacon in that diocese. Luthianensis = Louth. The Garstins still have a place, Castle Bellingham, near Braganstown, county Louth.</p> <p>The Rev. Norman Garstin was appointed Second Colonial Chaplain in 1821, and was stationed at Kandy from December, 1823, till the appointment of the Rev. Thomas Ireland in 1828. He was there again in June, 1832. A quantity of plate belonging to the deposed king was discovered in Kandy in 1823, and Mr. Garstin applied for it for the use of the Kandy church. Accordingly “ a silver salver, a cup,</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
108 ..	April 23 1831	Norman Garstin— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>and a pair of candlesticks," comprising part of the property, were handed over to him by Government. These articles have disappeared since then, and there is no note whatever of them beyond this extract from the Secretariat records dated December 26, 1823.</p> <p>His eldest daughter, Eleanor Ann, married John W. Huskisson, C.C.S., at St. Peter's, Colombo, April 5, 1825; his daughter Lucy married at St. Peter's, Colombo, February 12, 1825, Captain Botell Trydell, 83rd Regiment; his fourth daughter, Elizabeth, married at Colombo, March 9, 1830, W. H. Whiting, C.C.S. (see No. 106); his fifth daughter, Ann, married at Kandy, August 20, 1833, William Lucas, Assistant Surgeon, C.R.R. His youngest daughter married at Galle, David Baird Lindsay, August 10, 1843. His son, the Rev. Norman W. Garstin, LL.D., was the Colonial Chaplain at Galle. Another son was in the army.</p>
109 ..	June 6 1831	Maria Langford Wallett ..	<p>MARIA LANGFORD WALLETT, 3rd daughter of Capt. CHARLES WALLETT, of H. M. 61st Regt., died at Colombo, 6th June, 1831.</p> <p>(See No. 22.)</p> <p>Major Wallett, 61st Regiment, arrived with Mrs. Wallett and Miss Constantia E. Wallett, November 18, 1828, when the chartered E. I. Co. ships <i>Mailand</i> and <i>James Sibbald</i> brought part of the 61st.</p> <p>Constantia Emma Wallett married at Kalutara, on April 8, 1829, Captain Sadleir, 58th Regiment.</p>
110 ..	Dec. 14 1831	John Walbeoff ..	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN WALBEOFF, Esqr., of H. M. Civil Service in Ceylon, who died at Colombo on 14th Dec., 1831, in consequence of an accident in hunting in Kadirany, deeply regretted by his children and friends. Aged 39 years.</p> <p>Walbeoff was appointed 2nd Assistant at the Secretariat, January 2, 1811; Assistant to Collector, Colombo, and Vice-President of the Land Raad, Negombo, December 25, 1811; Assistant Collector, Chilaw, January 1, 1813; Collector, Chilaw and Puttalam, February 1, 1814; Superintendent, Cinnamon Plantations, 1822. This "situation was one of the most important and lucrative under the (Dutch) Government." ("Autobiography of a Periya Durai," <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. III., p. 322.) It was continued under the British Government so long as cinnamon remained a Government monopoly. His headquarters, while Superintendent of the Cinnamon Plantations, were at Madama, Colombo, where there was a cinnamon depôt, and he had a bungalow at Kadirane, where there were a store and a court-house. The bungalow, store, and court-house are to be seen at Goluwapokuna, four miles from Negombo. A square building there with verandah all round is still known as the <i>Nadu Salawa</i> (court-house).</p> <p>While Walbeoff was Collector of Chilaw in 1815, the <i>Shaw Allum</i> transport, on a voyage from Mauritius to Calcutta with detachments of the 22nd and 87th Regiments, numbering about 250 men, went out of her course, mistaking the western for the eastern coast of Ceylon, and had to anchor off the island of Karativu in ten fathoms of water, surrounded by breakers and rocks, and with a heavy sea breaking over her. Lieutenant Fenton managed to get ashore in a small boat and communicate with Walbeoff, who immediately set off to render assistance with several large boats from Calpentyn, reached the <i>Shaw Allum</i> on the evening of August 2, and disembarked the detachments at Calpentyn on the 5th, whence they marched to Colombo. ("Asiatic Journal," <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. V., p. 78.)</p> <p>He married, February 19, 1817, Jane, daughter of Baron von Lynden, Assistant Collector of Customs at Jaffna, and formerly of the Dutch army, but the marriage did not turn out a happy one. He sent his wife back to her parents in 1825, and to England a year later with her children, who were to be sent to</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
110	Dec. 14 1831	John Walbeoff— <i>contd.</i>	

school. She returned by the *Elphinstone*, leaving London, February 22, 1829, other passengers being the Tittertons and Mr. Trant. Titterton and Trant were witnesses at the trial, which was the result of this voyage, viz., an action by Walbeoff against Mitchell, Surgeon of the ship, which is reported in *Ramanathan's Reports*, vol. I., pp. 135-142.

Walbeoff was a great sportsman, and died from the effects of an accident while hunting deer at Kadirane, through his horse carrying him with violence against a tree. He started at 3 P.M., and Mr. James Caulfield (see No. 32), his assistant, saw him shortly afterwards supported by Mr. Waring, another of his assistants, and another person, and carried in a chair. He informed him that "whilst in chase of some deer his horse ran against a tree and he fell off." His clothes were marked with green as if he had come against a tree. Caulfield put him in a carriage and was taking him to Colombo, when in Silversmith street, at 12.30 A.M., he died. He was seen in the carriage at Caulfield's house at Colombo by Dr. Kinnis, but he was then dead. An inquest was held at Colombo on December 13 by J. S. Rodney, Sitting Magistrate, and a jury of 13, on which were the Ven. J. M. S. Glenie and Lieutenant Joseph Vincent (No. 114). (*Gazette*, December 14, 1831.)

According to tradition, the accident took place on a part of the plantations which now forms an estate called "Waringbungalowatta." The tree was a cashewnut tree, and in the herd of deer that Walbeoff saw was one that was milk white—as it happened, a bad omen.

The funeral was attended by the Governor and the Civil and Military officers. Walbeoff was very popular among the natives, judging from a letter in the *Gazette* of December 28 signed "Indiophilus" (probably S. Casie Chetty). This was owing to his goodwill and kindness towards them. "He was known as 'The good gentleman,' and was in every respect the father of the fatherless and the help of the poor." At the trial referred to elsewhere the Judge remarked: "The plaintiff will have the satisfaction of knowing that every attempt to injure his character has failed."

There is an account by Boyd, imaginary or partly founded on fact, of a duel between Walbeoff, whom he erroneously calls a Dutchman, and "a general officer of the name of Smith or Brown, or some very plebeian one of that sort," also of his picnics, shooting parties, and all the other gaieties at Kadirane.

There is also an incorrect account of his death; it is said to have been due to family troubles, which, of course, it was not: "he was never seen to smile again, and some time after his mangled body was found at the bottom of a high cliff, on the top of which his horse was found quietly crunching the sweet grass. . . . The natives believe that Walbeoff's ghost still haunts the precincts of his old residence, and has been frequently met after dark wandering about the walks and glades of the cinnamon grounds." (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. III., p. 323.)

The editor corrects this account by stating that Walbeoff was "not Dutch, but Welsh, of an old Pembroke family, members of whom had been Governors of the Isle of Man. He was killed by a cheetah while hunting in Ceylon." The statement that the family belonged to Pembrokeshire appears to be incorrect. Mr. Edward Laws, an authority on Pembrokeshire, can find no trace of it there. So also is the statement as to the cheetah, but I think it must have been Walbeoff who had the two tame cheetahs described by Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell in his book (vol. II., p. 381). If it was not Walbeoff, it was Henry Wright, at one time Agent of Revenue in Seven Korales.

Walbeoff had, however, an adventure with two leopards, in which he was severely mauled, and it was probably an imperfect recollection of this incident which was the cause of Mr. A. M. Ferguson's mistake.

A native was attacked by a leopard in the town of Negombo in May, 1812, and was badly wounded. Mr. Walbeoff, who was then the Assistant Collector,

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
110 ..	Dec. 14 1831	.. John Walbeoff— <i>contd.</i> ..	went in pursuit on horseback armed with a double-barrelled gun, and followed by a servant carrying a rifle. He found the leopard in a small jungle a short distance off, fired at it with both barrels as it crouched behind a coconut tree, and wounded it. The leopard then sprang on him and fixed its teeth in the back of his head and his claws in his back, but after a time let go and went off. Walbeoff followed and shot it through the heart. It is stated that several instances had "lately occurred in the Island where the attacks of these destructive animals had not been confined to bullocks, &c., but has extended to the natives, many of whom have been severely wounded and some killed." This one measured, from "the tip of its nose to the insertion of its tail, 5 feet, and its tail 2 feet 10 inches." (<i>Gazette</i> , May 27, 1812.) An account of this adventure is given by Bennett, p. 184. Mrs. Walbeoff, after the death of her husband, married (2) Captain Irving, of a Westmoreland family, and after his death she went to England with an infant daughter. She married (3) Captain Fagan, C.R.R., and lived after his death for many years with her daughter, Mrs. Noble, in whose house she died at a good old age." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. III., p. 389.) Walbeoff's elder daughter, Jane Eliza, married, May 6, 1840, at St. Peter's, Colombo, Benjamin Dodsworth, M.D., who was Caulfield's partner in coffee planting. He was in charge of Galmaduwa and Talwatta estates, about three miles below Kandy, on opposite sides of the Mahaweliganga, in the early forties. She died at Colombo, January 25, 1853. Their daughter married William Seward Le Feuvre, Superintendent of Police, 1873-1890. His younger daughter, Katherine Eliza, married at Kandy, May 3, 1843, William Austin, planter of Hunnagiriya. She died at Kandy, March 26, 1844, aged 19 years 4 months. Walbeoff's elder son, John, went to Cambridge, where he is said to have become a Wrangler as well as an athlete. He was in the Ceylon Customs, and died in England. He married Charlotte, daughter of R. C. Roosmalecocoq. Their son, H. J. Walbeoff, was for many years Superintendent of Minor Roads in the Central Province. The other son, Frederic, employed, it is said, in the Survey Department, was buried at Trincomalee, April 24, 1849.
111 ..	March 2 1832 Aug. 21 1832	.. Anne Bond .. Sarah Bond	.. Sacred to the memory of ANNE, wife of Sergt. SAML. BOND of the Royal Artillery, who departed this life on the 2nd March, 1832. Aged 39 years. And to the memory of SARAH, daughter of the above, who departed this life on the 21st August, same year, aged 10 years. The good sense and beauty of this amiable girl gained her the affection of all who knew her, and to the deep lamented impression made upon her tender mind by the loss of her dear mother may be attributed the short time she survived her. Reader, whoever thou art, stop here and muse. Our life is short and transient, our death certain, the time and manner of it uncertain. Be ye therefore also ready, for in such an hour as ye think not the Son of Man cometh. This tomb is erected by the husband and father of the above in token of his love and affection.
112 ..	April 23 1833	.. Mary Titterton	.. MARY, wife of JAMES TITTERTON, Apothecary to the Forces, died at Colombo. Aged 42 years. J. Titterton died at Colombo, December 17, 1836, aged 47 (no inscription). He married (2) at St. Paul's, Colombo, February 16, 1835, Jane Wilhelmina Weerman. James Titterton was probably a son of "James Emanuel Titterton, Esq., of Enfield Wash, Middlesex," whose death at the age of 80 on November 8, 1835, is announced in the <i>Ceylon Gazette</i> . His daughter, Elizabeth Katherine Stewart, married Captain G. Schneider, May 19, 1831. Until 1832 he lived in a house in Colpetty belonging to John Walbeoff. He and Mrs. Titterton came out in the <i>Elphinstone</i> in 1829, which led to his being a witness in the Walbeoff case (see No. 110).

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
113 ..	July 27 1833	Frederica Muller	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of FREDERICA ELIZABETH, infant daughter of Col. MULLER, who died at Mount Lavinia, 27th July, 1833.</p> <p>Colonel Henry F. Muller was appointed to the command of the 1st Ceylon Regiment in January, 1824, and subsequently was in command of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, 1825-34, and also of the Fortress of Colombo. He arrived by the <i>Pyramus</i>, March 30, 1826. He was to have been tried by court-martial on October 1, 1834, on what charges is not stated, but sent in his unconditional resignation, which was accepted. He left Ceylon by the ship <i>Seppings</i> on September 25, 1834, and died at Bremen in December, 1835.</p> <p>"He was a German officer, a nephew of Count Munster, and had been equerry to the Duke of Kent, in which capacity he went over to Germany to marry by proxy and bring to England the bride of His Royal Highness..... Colonel Muller was very kind to me. He had the private <i>entrée</i> at Kensington Palace, the residence of the Duchess of Kent. My Colonel's wife was an extremely tall woman with very light hair, and would have been conspicuous anywhere." ("Fifty Years in Ceylon," by Major Skinner, pp. 56-58.)</p> <p>There is another reference to Colonel Muller in the same book, which gives him rather a different character, but the date, 1819-20, is not reconcilable with the facts. Colonel Muller was not in command of the 1st Ceylon Regiment in those years, neither was the commanding officer a German. "We were commanded by a German officer, a nephew of Colonel (<i>sic</i> for 'Count') Munster; he possessed a good deal of interest, but was a most arbitrary and cruel man. He tried and flogged for every offence; at the constant punishment parades, sometimes two or three times a week, it was a common occurrence to see men faint and drop in the ranks" (p. 9). Major Skinner was evidently thinking of 1824-5, when he was Staff Officer and Colonel Muller was in command.</p> <p>His son, Lieutenant Muller, of the Ceylon Rifles, was drowned by the upsetting of a boat at the Cape of Good Hope in 1845.</p>
114 ..	Oct. 24 1833	Joseph Vincent	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. JOSEPH VINCENT, of the 97th Regiment, who departed this life on the 24th day of October, 1833, aged 33 years.</p> <p>The Officers of that Corps, desirous of commemorating their estimation of his many valuable qualities as an officer, a friend, and a companion, have erected this monument to their departed comrade.</p> <p>"On Thursday evening, at 5 o'clock, the remains of Lieut. Vincent, of H. M.'s 97th Regiment, were conveyed to the burial ground on Galle Face, accompanied by the officers of his own Regiment, the Royal Artillery, the 61st, and the Ceylon Rifle Regiment. H. E. the Governor, the Major-General Commanding the Forces, and several gentlemen of the Civil Service testified by their attendance their respect for the memory of the deceased, in whom his brother officers have lost a worthy and honourable companion and friend." (<i>Colombo Journal</i>, October 26, 1833.)</p> <p>Private John Masterson, of the 97th, was shot on Galle Face, September 25, 1833, for having struck Lieutenant Vincent when the Lieutenant was in the execution of his duty as a member of a General Court-martial on August 30. (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. III., p. 102.)</p> <p>This was the fourth and last military execution in the Island, the others, which all took place also on the Galle Face, or "Southern Esplanade" as it was called, being those of Private John Gould, 19th Regiment, on September 21, 1810, for mutiny at Galle; Private John Stevenson, 73rd, on July 18, 1814, for mutiny; Private John Jenny, 73rd, on October 27, 1817, for mutinous conduct and striking Captain Haddon Smith, of the same Regiment.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
114 ..	Oct. 24 1833	Joseph Vincent— <i>contd.</i> ..	William Boyd gives a detailed account of the execution of Masterson, and of the circumstances under which he struck Lieutenant Vincent, in the "Autobiography of a Periya Durai," which came out in the <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vols. II. and III., and was afterwards separately published. According to his story, which is probably partly imaginative, they were old friends and school-fellows, though it should be added that this statement is made on the authority of Captain Lillie. Masterson was a gentleman ranker, and Lieutenant Vincent, whom he calls "Wallace," did his best to get him pardoned. The shock of finding that his efforts had been unsuccessful is said to have brought on brain fever, from which he died two days after the execution. Unfortunately for this story the interval was one month. (See <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. II., pp. 401-6.) Boyd had "forgotten Masterman's Christian name," and it will be noticed that he has made a slight change also in his surname. It is curious that the four unfortunate men were all called "John." Needless to say, the execution of Masterson was before Boyd's time. Boyd did not arrive until 1841.
115 ..	Dec. 26 1833	James Smith ..	JAMES SMITH, Esqr., merchant of Colombo, who died 26th Dec., 1833, aged 36 years.
116 ..	Jan. 23 1834	W. Robinson ..	Sacred to the memory of Colr.-Sergeant W. ROBINSON, of H. M. 97th Regiment, who departed this life on the 23rd Jan., 1834, aged 30 years. He was a most affectionate husband, a kind father, a good soldier, an upright man, equally esteemed by the officers of his corps and all his brother soldiers. This tomb is erected as a tribute of respect to his memory by his disconsolate widow, who, with a young daughter, is left to mourn his irreparable loss. The 97th Regiment, now the 2nd Battalion Royal West Kent Regiment, was in Ceylon 1824-1836. It had "only recently been raised. They were a fine lot of young fellows, the average age of the men being only nineteen. They retained their health in Colombo better than some of the other regiments." (Major Skinner, <i>op. cit.</i> , p. 61.)
117 ..	Feb. 5 1834	Henry Bruce Beckwith ..	Sacred to the memory of HENRY BRUCE BECKWITH, Esq., who died February 5th, 1834, aged 26.
118 ..	May 24 1834	Mary Anne Ridsdale ..	Sacred to the memory of MARY ANNE, daughter of W. and S. RIDSDALE (of the Cotta Church Mission), who departed this life May 24th, 1834, aged 11 months and 20 days. Blissful transition from a world of pain To the bright realms where saints immortal reign. William Ridsdale married, April 7, 1832, at Colombo (St. Peter's), Susan Dorothea, eldest daughter of Captain F. W. von Drieberg.
119 ..	Aug. 14 1834	Joseph Budden ..	Sacred to the memory of Capt. JOSEPH BUDDEN, of the 97th, who departed this life on the 14th day of August, 1834, aged 49 years. His brother officers have erected this monument in expression of their regret in losing a worthy and estimable member of their Regiment, and their sense of his worth as an officer and a man. "Captain J. Budden from the 33rd Foot to be Captain 97th Regiment, June 22, 1826." He arrived at Galle, April 29, 1827, by the <i>Maitland</i> , which also brought W. H. Whiting for the Civil Service. He headed the address which the passengers presented to the captain of the vessel.
120 ..	June 8 1835	John Hastings Smith ..	Sacred to the memory of JOHN HASTINGS SMITH, the dearly beloved son of Major H. SMITH, who died at Colombo on the 8th of June, 1835, aged 10 years and six months. This tomb is erected by his fond afflicted father as a small tribute to his memory.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
121 ..	Dec. 24 1835 April 6 1838	.. Thomas Hogg .. George John Hogg	.. Sacred to the Memory of THOMAS HOGG. Born 9th May, 1810, died 24th December, 1835, aged 25 years 7 months and 15 days. And GEORGE JOHN HOGG, born 25th October, 1817. Died 6th April, 1838, aged 21 years 5 months and 14 days. This tablet by their affectionate Mother, CATHERINE HOGG, Relict of the late Lieut. THOMAS HOGG, H. M. Ceylon Regiment, 1839. Thomas Hogg, senior, was a Sergeant in the 3rd Ceylon Regiment in 1809; Quartermaster of the 4th Ceylon, June 25, 1811. On the disbandment of the latter he joined the 2nd Ceylon, November 25, 1815, and subsequently the 3rd Ceylon. He was Commandant at Idamalpane, 1816, and died at Atapitiya, 1818. He married at Colombo, June 3, 1809, Catherine Burr, widow. Thomas Hogg, the son, in the <i>Gazette</i> of December 31, 1831, "apprizes the Public of this Settlement that he will on the 16th January, 1832, establish at his Premises, 9 Chatham Street, a Concern for the disposal of Merchandize on Commission." A daughter, Elizabeth, married at St. Paul's, Colombo, November 14, 1831, Nathaniel Austin, son of Nathaniel Austin, Quartermaster, 3rd Ceylon, afterwards Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, Galle.
122 ..	March 30 1836	.. Katherine Charlotte Stewart	Sacred to the memory of KATHERINE CHARLOTTE, the beloved and lamented daughter of ALGERNON STEWART, H. M. Ceylon Civil Service, and CHARLOTTE ANNE his wife. Born 3rd February, 1835. Died 30th March, 1836. Algernon Stewart was in the Civil Service, 1830-50, and retired as District Judge of Galle, February 18, 1850. He married at St. Peter's, Colombo, November 23, 1833, Charlotte Anne, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Clement, R.A. (see No. 132). She died, October 16, 1861, at Kensington Gardens.
123 ..	May 31 1836	.. Isabella Grant	.. Erected by Captain T. J. GRANT, H. M.'s 58th Regt., in memory of his beloved daughter ISABELLA, who died 31st May, 1836. Aged 2 years and 7 months. He married, March 27, 1838, at Trincomalee, Isabel Bailey. A daughter, Mary Ann, was born at Kandy, October 31, 1832.
124 ..	Aug. 4 1836	.. John Hynde Cotton	.. To the memory of Lieut. and Adjutant JOHN HYNDE COTTON, 90th Light Infantry, who died on the 4th August, 1836, aged 23. This monument is erected by his brother officers as a mark of their great esteem and affection.
125 ..	Nov. 18 1836	.. Alexander Duncan	.. Sacred to the memory of ALEXANDER DUNCAN, Esq., Asst. Surgeon in the 78th Regt., who died at Colombo on the 18th November, 1836, aged 22 years. This monument was erected by his brother officers as a mark of their esteem and regret.
126 ..	Feb. 6 1837	.. Anna Burton	.. ANNA BURTON, wife of THOMAS BURTON, Chelsea pensioner, who died 6th Feb., 1837, aged 55 years.
127 ..	May 1 1837	.. Ellen Ingham	.. Sacred to the memory of Mrs. ELLEN INGHAM, wife of Major INGHAM of the Ceylon Rifles, who departed this life on the 1st of May, 1837, aged 31 years, leaving an afflicted husband, aged parents, and three children to lament her premature loss. She was a daughter of Lieutenant Andrew Hope, Gun Lascars, and married (1) Captain Brahan, May 31, 1822, and (2) Captain Ingham, February 4, 1830.
128 ..	June 6 1837	.. Florentina Longina Seraphina Theresa Sebastiana Josepha Bagenall	Sacred to the memory of FLORENTINA BAGENALL, Wife of the late Capt. JOHN DOYLE BAGENALL, Ceylon Rifle Regt., who departed this life on the 6th June, 1837, aged 39 years, leaving a large family to deplore her untimely loss. 1841. Mrs. Bagenall, whose surname was Lequana, was Spanish, born March 14, 1798, and married Captain Bagenall, September 30, 1814. Captain Bagenall was

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
128 ..	June 6 1837	Florentina Bagenall— <i>contd.</i>	<p>born at Mullingar, Westmeath, May 1, 1791, joined the 87th Regiment as Ensign, January 4, 1807, lost his left arm, and was wounded through the body at the battle of Talavera, January 28, 1809, went on half pay June 4, 1817, became Lieutenant in the 29th Regiment March 5, 1827, and Captain in the Ceylon Rifles April 16, 1829, and came out to Ceylon in 1830. He left Ceylon as Brevet-Major in the ship <i>Sarah</i> on January 30, 1838, and died on the voyage home May 16, 1838.</p> <p>They had four sons: the eldest, William, joined the Ceylon Rifles, November 2, 1838, as 2nd Lieutenant; was employed in the Civil Engineer's Department in 1840; was Adjutant at Kandy in 1846; on leave to England in 1847; became Captain on December 1, 1848; was Staff Officer of Trincomalee in 1851-52, and left the Island in the latter year. He was, I believe, lost at sea with his brother's family.</p> <p>The second brother, Henry S., was in the Civil Branch of the Ordnance Department from 1837, and was stationed at Trincomalee. He was transferred to Halifax, Nova Scotia, about 1852. At Halifax he married, on January 10, 1854, Louisa, daughter of Colonel Creighton, 95th Regiment. She and her family were all lost at sea on the voyage from Halifax to England, in charge of his brother William. He died about 1900.</p> <p>The third son, Edmund, was also in the Rifles, which he joined February 12, 1847. He left Ceylon in 1850. He was mauled by a tiger in the Madras Presidency, and died from the effects.</p> <p>The youngest brother, George, joined the 37th Regiment in Ceylon as Ensign, July 21, 1854. He was killed during the Indian mutiny at Arrah (see under "Dutch Church, Galle").</p> <p>The second daughter, Isabel Maria, married December 31, 1837, Lieutenant, afterwards Lieutenant-Colonel, J. M. Macdonald, C.R.R., who died at West Kensington some twenty years ago. Another daughter, Clara Anne, married at Kandy, July 5, 1838, Lieutenant, afterwards Major, William John Kirk, of the same regiment. They lived in Edinburgh. A third, Florentina Symonds, married April 6, 1840, Ensign William Henry Underwood, 95th Regiment. He was transferred to the Ceylon Rifles, and retired in 1851 as a Captain, to live at the Manor House at Somerby, near Brigg, in Lincolnshire, the place associated with Tennyson's early days and of which Captain Underwood was squire. His eldest son is now the squire. He died in 1883. A fourth daughter, Cornelia Theresa, married at Galle, June 5, 1844, Henry Templer, C.C.S. (see under "Kandy"). Their son is George William Templer, C.C.S., 1865-1895.</p> <p>Mrs. Underwood was buried at Trincomalee, May 26, 1849, aged 26.</p>
129 ..	July 20 1837	Edward Norman Bull ..	<p>Beneath are deposited the remains of EDWARD NORMAN BULL, son of Lieut. BULL, 78th Highldrs. Died at Colombo, 20th July, 1837, aged 16 months and 16 days.</p>
130 ..	Aug. 23 1838	Arnoldina Johanna Roddy..	<p>JOHANNA, the beloved wife of Capt. C. H. RODDY, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died at Kandy, the 23rd day of August, 1837, and who was re-interred here the 19th of May, 1838.</p> <p>Deeply and sincerely regretted.</p> <p>Also to the memory of two children of the above who died in birth.</p>

May they rest in peace. Amen.

2nd Lieutenant Charles Hamilton Roddy married on August 30, 1828, at Colombo, Johanna, youngest daughter of J. F. Conradi. Her age is given in the "Ceylon Almanac" as twenty-nine, but she was baptized at St. Peter's, Fort, on August 25, 1806. A son, Charles Martin Conradi, was born January 15, 1832, and baptized at Kandy, April 2, 1832, the sponsors being Colonel Muller, Captain Martin Conradi, and Miss Anna Conradi.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
131 ..	Jan. 30 1838	John Alfred Boulton	.. This stone is placed here at the desire of his mother to mark the spot where rest the mortal remains of her only son, JOHN ALFRED BOULTBEE, who, far from the solace of maternal affection, died rejoicing in the consolation of the Gospel, on the 30th January, 1838. Aged — years. There was a J. Boulton at Madawalattena in 1842-4.
132 ..	June 10 1838	John Albeck Clement	.. Sacred to the memory of Colonel JOHN ALBECK CLEMENT, commanding the Royal Artillery in this Island, who departed this life on the 10th day of June, 1838, in his 59th year. By his death his family were bereft of a kind, indulgent, and affectionate Husband and Parent, the Service lost a zealous and meritorious officer, and Society one of its most estimable members. The Clement family had been settled at Steep, near Petersfield, Hampshire, from the seventeenth century. Colonel Clement's daughters: Elizabeth Maria, married, April 28, 1836, William Ogle Carr, afterwards Chief Justice; and Charlotte Anne, married, November 23, 1833, Algernon Stewart, C.C.S. (see No. 122). His eldest daughter, Mary Ann, married on February 7, 1832, at Woolwich, Sir Thomas Swinerton Dyer, Bart., then a Captain, R.A. Colonel Clement's wife was Margaret Anne, daughter of General Francis le Maistre, R.E., Governor of Gaspé, Canada. Colonel Clement had served in the R.A. from 1798, chiefly in the Colonies. His son, Charles Theophilus Clement, Captain, C.R.R., married Alice Meaden, a daughter of Captain David Meaden, C.R.R., at Kandy, January 1, 1852. He was at one time Staff Officer of Badulla. He died at Carrick-on-Shannon, August 14, 1859.
133 ..	Aug. 9 1838	William Gorges Crofton Caulfield	WM. GORGES CROFTON CAULFIELD, Ensign, 18th Royal Irish Regiment, who departed this life on the 9th August, 1838, aged 23. His brother officers erected this monument as a mark of the great esteem and respect in which they held him. Apparently he was not a relative of James Caulfield (No. 32).
134 ..	Aug. 25 1838	Robert Crowe	.. Sacred to the memory of ROBERT CROWE, Esq., who died at Colombo the 25th August, 1838, aged 32 years. It was probably a son of his, Robert Crowe, of Colombo, who married at the Cathedral, Colombo, February 27, 1867, Frances Elizabeth, third daughter of George Wall. There was a firm, Messrs A. and R. Crowe & Co., in Colombo, in the thirties, which existed up to the seventies, interested in cotton at Tuticorin.
135 ..	Dec. 15 1838	George Fleming	.. In memory of GEORGE FLEMING, Esq., of the Indian Navy, who departed this life 15th Dec., 1838, aged 23 years. Erected by his brother officers as a testimonial of their friendship and regard. Midshipman Fleming, I.N., was in command of the H. C. S. Tender <i>Maldiva</i> , engaged with the Surveying Schooner <i>Royal Tiger</i> , which was employed on the coasts of India, Ceylon, and the Malay Archipelago, in 1837-8. The <i>Maldiva</i> left Galle for Cochin on November 9, 1838, with Fleming in command.
136 ..	Feb. 8 1839	Mary Messiter	.. Sacred to the Memory of MARY, the beloved wife of Lieut. G. H. MESSITER, of Her Majesty's 6th Regt., who departed this life on the 8th February, 1839. Lieutenant and Mrs. Messiter and three children arrived at Colombo by the ship <i>Morley</i> on January 19, 1839.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
137 ..	March 24 1839 Nov. 8 1839	Elizabeth Haslam Elizabeth Haslam	.. Sacred to the Memory of ELIZABETH, the beloved wife of the Revd. J. F. HASLAM, Church Missionary in the Island. She died at Cotta, 24th March, 1839. Aged 25 years and 11 months. Also ELIZABETH, the infant daughter of the above, who died at Cotta, 8th November, 1839, aged 8½ months. The Haslams had only arrived in Ceylon by the <i>Symmetry</i> on January 7, 1839.
138 ..	May 1 1839	Sarah Rogers	.. SARAH ROGERS, wife of Lieut. and Adj. ROGERS, H. M. 95th Regt., aged 44 years. William Armstrong Rogers, Lieutenant and Adjutant, 95th Regiment, married (2) at Galle, November 16, 1840, Maria Josina Catherine, only daughter of Lieutenant Frederick Ostheyden, Ceylon Rifle Regiment. His daughter, Eliza Jane, had married at Colombo, on September 3, 1840, Assistant Surgeon F. H. Clarke, 95th Regiment. Lieutenant Ostheyden came from the Cape Regiment, in which he was Ensign, to the 2nd Ceylon, January 26, 1811. He was Commandant at Kurunegala in 1815 (from February 6), and Fort Adjutant, Galle, 1816-19. He returned to the Cape by the <i>Caroline</i> , which left Galle on November 27, 1838, but he was still in the regiment in 1840. His name disappears from the "Ceylon Almanac" in 1843.
139 ..	June 21 1839	Isabella Gillio Norris	.. Here lies the remains of ISABELLA GILLIO, the beloved wife of FRANCIS BROOKE NORRIS, died at Colombo on the 21st June, 1839, aged 29 years. The <i>Gazette</i> gives the date of her death as July 22. F. B. Norris was Civil Engineer, 1833-50, with which office, until 1846, was combined that of Surveyor-General. "He was dismissed in Sir George Anderson's time for allowing the head clerk to embezzle money..."; became a railway contractor in India, where, we believe, he died." (See <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. VI., pp. 252, 259.) There was a C. W. Gillio, Third Judge of the Court of Appeal and Circuit for the Western Division, Madras, in 1813. He had married again by 1841. Writing to Governor Stewart Mackenzie on August 29 of that year he says: "Mrs. Norris is quite pleased with what little she has seen of Colombo, and when I can take her to the mountains she will be highly delighted with Ceylon." She had arrived by the <i>Tigris</i> on August 13, 1841.
140 ..	June 28 1839	Mary Jane Parlett	.. MARY JANE PARLETT, born 21 Oct., 1813, died 28th June, 1839. She was the wife of Charles Dawkins Parlett, who was a Member of the Legislative Council, and who died at Colombo, March 11, 1840, aged 28, of heart disease. He was a merchant (C. D. Parlett & Co.), and was in the Island in 1832. He married in that year (Mary) Jane, daughter of A. Lube, Esq., of New Bond street. The firm of Parlett & Co., of Colombo, was existing in 1861, but failed in that year. A Miss Julia Parlett married at Colombo, January 23, 1840, Captain J. Skelton, of the barque <i>Egyptian</i> . She had come out as a passenger in his ship, the <i>Africa</i> , on June 23, 1838.
141 ..	Nov. 27 1839	Charles Wyndham Burdett	To the memory of Sir C. W. BURDETT, Bart., born at St. Augustine, East Florida, Febr. 19th, 1771, died at Colombo, Nov. 27, 1839. Of Burthwaite, Yorkshire, 5th Baronet, and a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. He died unmarried. Letters of administration of his estate were issued in February, 1840, to David Wilson and A. C. Archer. His mother was Sarah, daughter of Joseph Hasley of Boston, which accounts for his birth in America. He arrived at Colombo by the <i>Eleanor</i> from Swan River on March 1, 1838.
142 ..	June 13 1840	Alexander Wilson Archer	.. ALEXANDER WILSON ARCHER, Esq., who departed this life June 13th, 1840, aged 33 years. Of the firm of Wilson Archer & Co. He died of remittent fever. He was a Member of the Legislative Council.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
143 ..	Nov. 17 1840	Emily Layard	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of EMILY, wife of BROWNLOW EDWARD LAYARD, Captain in H. M. Ceylon Rifles, who died in Colombo, Nov. 17th, 1840, aged 23 years.</p> <p>Captain Brownlow Layard was a son of Charles Edward Layard (see No. 47), and was born April 18, 1820, and died February 21, 1890. He married (1) on June 19, 1839, Emily Kensington, the subject of this inscription; (2) October 18, 1842, Caroline Fenton, a niece of his first wife; and (3) January 10, 1854, L. H. Carter. Probably his first wife was a daughter of H. W. Kensington, M.C.S. (see Cotton, p. 149). A sister of hers married Sir George Anderson, Governor of Ceylon, 1850-55.</p>
144 ..	Aug. 21 1841	Horatio Suckling	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Major H. SUCKLING, 90th Light Infantry, who died on the 21st August, 1841. Aged 50 years.</p> <p>This monument was erected by his sorrowing widow and children as a memorial of their affection for a kind husband, a good father, and an excellent man. Sorrow not as those who have no hope.</p> <p>He died of dysentery. The <i>Colombo Observer</i> gives the date of his death as August 20. He figured in the MacPherson court-martial (see No. 158).</p> <p>Major and Mrs. Suckling and two sons arrived by the ship <i>Valleyfield</i> at Colombo on March 7, 1836. He was Commandant of Kotmale, stationed at Nuwara Eliya in 1839. Mrs. Suckling and her two sons had left for London by the ship <i>Achilles</i> on November 2, 1840. His son, Captain Horatio John Suckling, was the author of "Ceylon, by an Officer, late of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment." He died at Mortlake, September 4, 1905, aged 82 years.</p>
145 ..	Oct. 9 1842	William Dickson	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the late Capt. WILLIAM DICKSON, H. M. Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who departed this life on the 9th October, 1842, aged 28 years. This monument is erected by his bereaved mother and afflicted family.</p> <p>Probably a son of Francis Dickson (see No. 163).</p>
146 ..	Oct. 11 1842	Luke Kelly	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of LUKE KELLY, M.D., Assistant Surgeon to the Forces, who died at Colombo, 11th October, 1842, aged 38 years.</p> <p>This stone was erected by his sorrowing widow in memory of a most affectionate husband and kind father.</p> <p>He was father of Lillie Kelly. A daughter, Louisa Lillie, married William Walker Hume, C.C.S., 1854-1883. Another daughter, Emily Maria Campbell, married at Trincomalee, November 21, 1855, James Wheler Woodford Birch, C.C.S., 1852-73, afterwards Colonial Secretary of the Straits Settlements, who was murdered at Perak in October, 1875.</p> <p>His eldest son, Luke Frederick, born at Chilaw in 1838, was in the Civil Service, and while Police Magistrate of Chavakachcheri was dismissed in 1868, as the result of the report of a Commission which inquired into charges against him at Jaffna. He was buried in Matale Churchyard, November 25, 1888. He had originally been in the Surveyor-General's Department.</p>
147 ..	Sept. 9 1842	Lewis Gibson	<p>.. LEWIS, son of W. C. GIBSON, Esqr., and his wife LOUISA, born 23rd Feb., 1840, died 9 Sept., 1842.</p> <p>Adjoining are the graves of three other infant children of the Gibsons: William, born June 10, died June 15, 1836; Carolina, born and died April 20, 1837; and Carolina Frances, third daughter, born October 21, 1846, died October 18, 1847.</p> <p>William Charles Gibson was a son of Lewis and was in the Civil Service, from 1832-1867.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
147 ..	Sept. 9 1842	Lewis Gibson— <i>contd.</i>	.. the office of Colonial Secretary from 1860 to 1869. He married, February 15, 1834, Louisa S., daughter of C. E. Layard (see No. 47), his first cousin. He had two sons in the Civil Service, James Whitaker Gibson, 1865–1890, and Thomas Maitland Gibson, 1871–1887, and a brother, Thomas Lewis Gibson, 1845–1869, who died on leave while District Judge of Kandy. His daughter, Mary, married Frederick Richard Saunders, C.C.S. (who died in 1910 as Sir Frederick Saunders, K.C.M.G.), at Colombo, on October 26, 1867.
148 ..	April 9 1843	Joseph Steuart	.. JOSEPH STEUART, Master Mariner of the Port of Dover, and Commercial Agent, Colombo, who departed this life on 9 April, 1843, aged 44 years. He was a brother of James Steuart (No. 37).
149 ..	Sept. 16 1843	Maria Pritchett	.. Sacred to the memory of MARIA, the beloved wife of Mr. J. PRITCHETT, who departed this life on the 16th Sept., 1843, aged 22 years and 4 months. Mr. Pritchett was Chief Engineer of the first Government steamer, the <i>Seaforth</i> , which was “christened” by Mrs. T. H. Twynam at Bombay, in 1840, and called after the family title of the Mackenzies, Mr. J. A. Stewart Mackenzie being then Governor. She was the first steamer owned by the Colony, having been “ordered by Sir Wilmot Horton for the regular inspection of the Pearl Banks.” She was employed in taking the Governor round the Island, in taking troops to and from Trincomalee, and the Supreme Court to and from Jaffna. From 1843 to 1850, or thereabouts, she was chiefly employed in carrying the mails to and from Bombay. She was a paddle wheel steamer of 207 tons register, and had two engines of 30 horse power each. She had a poop, under which were two cabins, and there was one aft, “a good private apartment,” and a cuddy, round which there were six berths. She was built at Bombay under the supervision of Captain T. H. Twynam, on the lines of one of the fastest steamers on the Dover–Calais line, but being built of teak, a heavy wood, drew six inches more water than was anticipated, and an arrangement had to be made to raise the paddle wheels. On one of her voyages she left Bombay on September 12 and arrived at Colombo on September 18, 1843, having taken 143 hours on the voyage, 135 of which were under steam. She took Mr. Stewart Mackenzie to Bombay on his relinquishing the Government in 1841, leaving Colombo on April 5. Joseph W. Higgs, son of the Master Attendant, who had been Second Master on H.M.S. <i>Algerine</i> , was appointed to the command of the <i>Seaforth</i> in 1843, succeeding George Steuart (No. 49). She was used by Captain James Steuart in one of his inspections of the Pearl Banks when she was caught in a cyclone. She did very little of this work, and was never employed at a Pearl Fishery. She was a good sea boat, and Sir William Twynam recollects the beautiful way in which she mounted the waves at the entrance to the Colombo harbour. Mr. Pritchett married, in 1847, at Trinity Church, Colombo, (2) Emma, eldest daughter of T. Stephens, Campden Hill Terrace, Kensington, and “the pretty sister of old Jack Stephens, of Cooroonduwatta” (W. D. Gibbon). He died at Colombo, December 10, 1853. She survived him and married (2) Josias Lambert (No. 223) at Kandy, November 4, 1854.
150 ..	Sept. 22 1843	David Ewing	.. Sacred to the memory of DAVID EWING, Esqr., Surgeon, H. M. Ceylon Rifle Regt., who died at Colombo on the 22nd Sept., 1843, aged 50 years. This tribute to his memory is erected by his afflicted wife, who was left with two children to mourn his loss.
151 ..	Sept. 25 1843	Anna Allan Campbell	.. In memory of ANNA ALLAN, wife of SMOLLETT J. D. CAMPBELL, Esqr., and daughter of JOHN O. GRANT, Esqr., formerly Captain in H. M. 78th Highlanders. She died at Colombo, September 25th, 1843, aged 33 years.

This monument is erected by her sorrowing husband.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
151 ..	Sept. 25 1843	Anna Allan Campbell— <i>contd.</i>	They had only arrived from Bombay by the barque <i>Ann Milne</i> on August 24. "Mr. Smollett Campbell, so well known in the Colony as the former Cashier of the Bank of Ceylon, returned to Colombo in order to open a branch of the Bank of Western India. It is also intended, we understand, to establish a branch in Kandy." (<i>Colombo Observer</i> , August 28, 1843.) He married (2), at Bycullah Church, Bombay, September 28, 1846, Mary Adelaide, second daughter of William Tyndall, Esq., late 2nd Dragoon Guards. He was then in the Oriental Bank Corporation at Bombay.
152 ..	Oct. 6 1843	William Gardiner Cumming	In memory of WILLIAM GARDINER CUMMING, Esqr., Deputy Queen's Advocate of Colombo, born at Forres, North Britain, on the 25th day of July, 1816, and died at Colombo on the 6th day of Oct., 1843. He died of epilepsy. He was a proctor in 1842, and afterwards admitted advocate. He appeared in the case of R. W. Langslow <i>versus</i> W. H. Whiting, and obtained a transfer of the case from the District Court of Colombo South, over which Robert Langslow presided, to that of Kalutara for trial. R. F. Morgan (afterwards Sir Richard) appeared on the other side.
153 ..	Jan. 22 1844	Caroline Julia Lillie	.. Sacred to the memory of CAROLINE JULIA, youngest daughter of Bt. Major T. LILLIE, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died at Colombo, 22nd January, 1844, in her 20th year. Major Thomas Lillie's surviving daughter, Charlotte Hansford, married Lieutenant Donald Duncan Graham, C.R.R., at Kandy, November 12, 1845. Major Lillie was in the 58th in 1833, in which year he was Staff Officer of Seven Korales. By 1840 he had been transferred to the Ceylon Rifles, and was A.D.C. to Governor Stewart Mackenzie. He was a Waterloo man. He became a coffee planter, and was the owner of Nayapane Estate, Pussellawa, in the early coffee days. William Boyd talks of him. ("Autobiography of a Periya Durai.")
154 ..	Mar. 20 1844	Philip William Mainwaring Temple	In memory of PHILIP WILLIAM MAINWARING, second son of CHRISTOPHER and LUCY TEMPLE, born October 11th, 1843, died March 20th, 1844. Christopher Temple, in 1843, was Deputy Queen's Advocate, Western Circuit. He was educated at Shrewsbury and Magdalene College, Cambridge. B.A. 1833; M.A. 1840; called to the Bar at Lincoln's Inn 1836; Deputy Queen's Advocate, 1840; District Judge, Colombo, January 1, 1845; Acting Junior Puisne Justice, 1846-56; confirmed as Junior Puisne Justice, October 1, 1856; confirmed as Senior Puisne Justice, January 1, 1863; retired 1873. He was a brother of Robert Temple, C.C.S., and father of Christopher Temple. Henry Temple, solicitor in the Supreme Court of Judicature, Madras, who died in August, 1804, was probably a relative.
155 ..	Jan. 25 1844	John Michael Staples	.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN MICHAEL STAPLES, son of JOHN JAMES STAPLES, Esq., of H. M. Ceylon Civil Service, who died at Colombo on the 25th day of Jany., 1844, aged 19 years. A youth of great promise, but cut down like a flower. J. J. Staples' youngest son, Edward Ackland, died at Colombo, January 19, 1861, aged 21 (see No. 184).
156 ..	July 18 1844	Martha Holt	.. Sacred to the memory of MARTHA, the beloved wife of W. HOLT, Esqr., H. M. 95th Regt., who departed this life, 18th July, 1844. Aged 30 years. Leaving a loving husband and three children to deplore her loss. Holt was Quartermaster.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
157 ..	Aug. 22 1844	Henrietta Layard	<p>7. HENRIETTA, daughter of HENRY LEWIS and CATHERINE THURTLÉ LAYARD, born 6 Sept., 1843, died 22nd August, 1844.</p> <p>A son, George Lewis, born August 27, died November 11, 1842, is commemorated on another stone. Henry Lewis Layard, who was born April 1, 1808, was second son of C. E. Layard (see No. 47), and was a Captain in the Ceylon Rifles, and afterwards a merchant at Colombo, belonging to the firm which became Darley, Butler & Co. He married, December 31, 1835, Catherine Thurtle Dent, and died February 24, 1871.</p>
158 ..	Oct. 16 1844	James MacPherson	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JAMES MACPHERSON, Esqr., late Lieut.-Col. of the Ceylon Rifles, and of Ralia, N.B., who died on the 16th Oct., 1844.</p> <p>“ Lieut.-Col. MacPherson of the Ceylon Rifles was an old officer of long service and strange experiences. He was the first who came under the fire of the French at the battle of Busaco. Napier tells how he and another officer had descended a hill where the British were posted overnight on purpose to watch the advance of the enemy. They lay down and slept amongst the fern and furze bushes, and were roused before daybreak by the near tramp of the French <i>tirailleurs</i>. MacPherson and his companion thought discretion the better part of valour and took to their heels up the steep hillside, the French following in crowds, and blazing away at them whenever the detached masses of misty clouds, which hung over the mountains, moved aside and exposed the panting young fellows to the view of their pursuers. Singular to relate, neither was touched by the French fire, and MacPherson served through the remainder of the Peninsular war, He afterwards served through the first Burmese war, in one of the actions of which he was wounded on the head. He was subsequently promoted to the command of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment.” (“ Autobiography of a Periya Durai,” <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. III., pp. 273–74.) He was brought into the Ceylon Rifles as Lieutenant-Colonel, and appointed Commandant of Kandy, March 27, 1835, and of Trincomalee, April 14, 1840, but he had not been a year at the latter place before his behaviour was such that it involved a trial by court-martial, which took place at Colombo in 1841, the trial being continued by adjournments from July 5 to August 9. The account of the proceedings reads like a page from “ Charles O’Malley ” or “ Harry Lorrequer.” Among the charges were, that while Commandant he had, in a state of intoxication and improperly dressed, on the night of March 28, 1841, ordered the sentry of the 90th Light Infantry at the main guard to run him through with his bayonet, and that he had placed a native armed with a broomstick as sentry instead, and that he had threatened the lives of Major Horace Suckling, 90th (see No. 144), the next senior officer of the Garrison, and Lieutenant Alfred Thomas Heyland, 95th, Staff Officer of Trincomalee, on several occasions, by, in the first place, declaring to Lieutenant Nicholas Fenwick, of the Ceylon Rifles, that if Major Suckling and Lieutenant Heyland hurt him by court-martial, he would rip their guts out, and they should die the death of a dog. He was also charged with declaring to Assistant Surgeon Luke Kelly, M.D., that he would take the lives of these officers, and with declaring in the presence of a lance-corporal and a private of the 90th that he would send a party of Malay soldiers of the Ceylon Rifles, take these two officers, murder them, and wash his feet in their blood. He was further charged with having, while in a disreputable state of intoxication, sent for a sergeant of the 90th to his quarters and made him take off his jacket and stock, handed him a chair, and insisted on his drinking wine. He was found guilty of some of the milder of the charges and sentenced to be cashiered, but at the same time it was brought to the notice of the Horse Guards that the medical opinion was that “ he was liable to fits of excitement by the wounds he had received and by the results of a malignant jungle fever contracted during a dangerous</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
158 ..	Oct. 16 1844	James MacPherson— <i>contd.</i>	inland journey on public duty to Trincomalie, under which he is still labouring." The authorities accepted this view, and he was pardoned, in order that he might retire and receive the value of his commission (February 26, 1842). This he did. He appears to have been subsequently engaged in coffee planting, and to have purchased Helboda Estate, Pussellawa. The late Mr. A. M. Ferguson, C.M.G., refers to "Colonel MacPherson of Helbodde, known in the Peninsular wars as 'Fighting MacPherson.'" Lieutenant-Colonel MacPherson and Lieutenant Fenwick came out in the ship <i>Tigris</i> , which arrived at Colombo on January 21, 1836.
159 ..	July 1 1845	Julia Mackwood	.. Sacred to the memory of JULIA, the beloved wife of WILLIAM MACKWOOD, who departed this life on the 1st July, 1845, aged 38 years. William Mackwood started as a merchant in Colombo in 1841 or 1842, and four or five years later was joined by his brother Frank, who was a planter at Kadugannawa, and they founded the firm of Mackwoods & Co. In the seventies the s was dropped from the name of the firm, which became Mackwood & Co., as at present. They owned Galboda and other estates in the early coffee days. This was W. Mackwood's first wife. They came out by the <i>Symmetry</i> , July 18, 1841. She was a Miss Trivett, probably a daughter of the Captain of the ship <i>Achilles</i> in 1840-41, J. F. Trivett.
160 ..	Sept. 28 1845	Barbara Bridgetina Layard	In memory of BARBARA BRIDGETINA, wife of CHARLES EDWARD LAYARD, Esq., Ceylon Civil Service, died 20th Sept., 1845, aged 56 years. And of FRANCES GEORGINA, daughter of the above. Died 15th Sept., 1845, aged 19 years. She was fourth child of Gualterus Mooyaart, Administrateur of Jaffna under the Dutch Company, and was born there, February 20, 1789, married December 9, 1804, and had twenty-six children by her husband, C. E. Layard (see No. 47).
	Sept. 13 1845	Francis Georgina Layard	
161 ..	May 1 1846	Edward Lisle Ryder	.. To the memory of EDWARD LISLE RYDER, of Calcutta, 7th son of the Hon'ble HENRY RYDER, Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, born August 20, 1818, died May 1, 1846. W. Dudley Ryder, eldest son of the Bishop, born 1813, was appointed to act as Clerk to the Executive and Legislative Councils during the absence of W. C. Gibson, Esq., May 15, 1845. "We hear that a gentleman named Ryder, a lawyer by profession, is coming out from England to preside over all matters connected with the Colonial Secretary's Department." (<i>Colombo Observer</i> , February 13, 1845.) He acted as Queen's Advocate in 1848, gave evidence in 1850 before the Special Committee of the House of Commons appointed to inquire into the administration of the Government of Ceylon, and was afterwards British Arbitrator to the Mixed Court of Justice at Havanna (1858) and to the Mixed Court of Justice of New York (1862). This was a younger brother. The Bishop was third son of the first Baron Harrowby.
162 ..	June 10 1846	Champion Thompson	.. Beneath lie the mortal remains of our beloved son. CHAMPION THOMPSON. He died on the 10th June. 1846, in the eleventh year of his age. An irreparable loss to his parents. Third son of Mr. W. Thompson, who was a merchant in Colombo, 1843 (or earlier), and Member of the Legislative Council, 1863-64.
163 ..	Nov. 3 1846	Petronella Parker	.. Sacred to the memory of PETRONELLA PARKER, Widow of Cap. JOHN PARKER, Ceylon Regiment, who departed this life on the 3rd November, 1846, aged 64 years. This tribute of affection by her nieces, MARY and ELIZA DICKSON, who in her lost a kind Aunt and sincere friend. She was a daughter of John Frederic Conradi, and married Captain Parker on April 26, 1820, at Galle (see No. 95).

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
163 ..	Nov. 3 1846	.. Petronella Parker— <i>contd.</i>	<p>She was long a resident at Galle, and owned the house No. 12, Middle street, now occupied by Messrs. Volkart Bros., until her death. The Misses Dicksons were daughters of Francis Dickson, who married another daughter of J. F. Conradi, Caroline Augusta, on July 22, 1808. He was then Commander of the Government brig <i>Ariel</i>, and succeeded W. C. Gibson as Master Attendant at Galle in 1816. He died at Galle, September 6, 1825, leaving a widow and five children. His eldest daughter, Caroline, married on March 26, 1831, Lieutenant Nagel, 97th Regiment.</p>
164 ..	Dec. 1 1846	.. Leopold Saxe Coburg Fraser	<p>Lieut. LEOPOLD S. C. FRASER, Ceylon Rifle Regt., eldest son of Major A. FRASER, of Flemington, Scotland, A.D.C. to His Excellency Sir COLIN CAMPBELL, K.C.B., Governor of the Island, who died at Queen's House on the 1st December, 1846, aged 27 years.</p> <p>He arrived by the <i>Achilles</i> in October, 1841, and was appointed D.A.A.G., <i>vice</i> Captain Wilson, October 12, 1841, to January 1, 1842. He must have been a godson of Leopold I. of Belgium.</p>
165 ..	April 19 1847	.. Adolph Coutourier de St. Clair	<p>To the memory of Colonel ADOLPH COUTOURIER DE ST. CLAIR, who died of a fall from his horse on the 19th April, 1847, in the 55th year of his age.</p> <p>The accident happened in the Cinnamon Gardens. He was agent in Ceylon of Baron Delmar, a French capitalist, most extensively engaged in planting operations, who, among other estates, owned Delta, Pussellawa, and Dotale. In the period 1846–51, together with coffee planting, cotton cultivation, "equally with sugar, received extensive trials, and with equal want of success by the agents of Baron Delmar, to whom the once well-known planter, Mr. Cruwell, had acted as Private Secretary." (A. M. Ferguson.)</p>
166 ..	Sept. 8 1847	.. John Andrew Napier	<p>.. In memory of JOHN ANDREW NAPIER, Controller of Customs for the Port of Colombo, who died September 8th, 1847, aged 47 years.</p> <p>He was appointed Controller of Customs for the Northern and Eastern Provinces, December 17, 1841. "He was thrown from his carriage at Galle about two months before his death, and never recovered from the injury to his spine which he then received." (<i>Colombo Observer</i>, September 9, 1847.)</p> <p>He married at Cardiff, September 6, 1838, Frances Isabella Huntingdon. A son, William Henry, was baptized at Jaffna, March 29, 1842, and a daughter, Catherina Clementina Arabella, was baptized October 19, 1843, who on June 5, 1861, at St. Giles, Camberwell, married William Robert, son of John T. Purcell. The Napiers arrived at Colombo by the barque <i>Sumatra</i> on December 17, 1841.</p>
167 ..	Feb. 3 1848	.. Mary Dalziel	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of MARY, wife of JOHN DALZIEL, Esq., Police Magistrate of Colombo, who died at Colpetty, 3rd Feby., 1848, aged 50 years.</p>
	June 23 1828	.. James Dalziel	<p>.. And of his Brother JAMES DALZIEL, of the 78th Highlanders, who died at Colombo, 23rd June, 1828, aged 28 years.</p> <p>John Dalziel was born in 1798 in the parish of New Deer, Aberdeenshire, the son of a farmer. He had fought, as a lad of 17, at Waterloo with the 76th Highland Light Infantry, and came to Ceylon with the 78th Regiment, in which he was a Colour-Sergeant, when on June 8, 1829, he married, at St. Peter's, Colombo, Mary Low. He was Quartermaster-Sergeant in 1838, and lost his only child, John Irwin, aged nearly five years, January 10, 1838. He "gained the heart of Mrs. Stewart Mackenzie, whose father had raised the regiment, by welcoming her at Galle in full Highland dress, which well set off his eminently handsome person and good address." (A. M. Ferguson.) He was appointed Superintendent of Police, Colombo, October 1, 1839; Police Magistrate, Colombo, 1844. He was on leave from April 19, 1848, to January, 1850.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
167	Feb. 3 1848	Mary Dalziel, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>"When passing Aden, Colonel Hamilton placed him by his side on parade and held him up to his old regiment as an example of what a good and steady soldier might become." (A. M. Ferguson.) He acted for three months as Police Magistrate, Gampola, in 1857; was Acting District Judge of Kalutara from 1858 to 1861. He retired on October 1, 1864, and died at Bayswater, May 23, 1873, aged 76. He left no surviving children by his first wife, but by his second wife, Eliza, daughter of Robert Wilson, whom he married at Colombo on February 23, 1853, and who died at New York, April 25, 1909, aged 84, he had two sons, John Arthur, who married, November 15, 1876, Janet Susan Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Alexander Lorimer, M.D., Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Madras, and Robert Wilson, who died September 16, 1903, at Vryheid, South Africa, aged 45. Dr. Lorimer died at Lee, Kent, September 14, 1878.</p> <p>"There was Sergeant Dalziel, of the 78th Regiment, a Buchan man, who, beginning life as a hand-loom weaver in the village of Stuartfield, rose to be Police Magistrate and Commissioner of the Court of Requests in Colombo who in the course of his duties had to try and convict the now notorious Colonel Valentine Baker." (W. Boyd, "Ceylon and its Pioneers," <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 274.)</p>
168	Oct. 4 1847	Johanna Reddie	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHANNA REDDIE, who died at Rock House, Colombo, on the 4th day of Oct., 1847, aged 23 years.</p> <p>She was the youngest daughter of David Bryce of Calcutta, and married John G. Reddie, Esq., at Galle, on March 5, 1845.</p>
169	March 8 1848	John Barret	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Capt. JOHN BARRET, only son of JOHN BARRET, Esq., of Scarborough, who departed this life March 8th, 1848, aged 31 years. Thou hast taken thy rest in a strange country, and the home of thy youth is desolate, yet the bed of thy slumbering is sacred. Round about it hang the loves of an affectionate wife and many weeping and sorrowing relations.</p>
170	July 14 1848	James Balfour Ogilvy	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of J. B. OGILVY, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, died July 14th, 1848, aged 42.</p> <p>He died at Mount Lavinia.</p>
171	Jan. 13 1849	Ann Heyward	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of ANN, the beloved wife of WILLIAM LASH HEYWARD, who departed this life on the 13th January, 1849, aged 28 years.</p> <p>W. L. Heyward was master of the ship <i>Morning Star</i>, and had a disagreeable experience with one of his passengers in 1846 or 1847. Assistant Surgeon M. Tweddell, of the Ceylon Rifles, had him arrested for a debt of 11 guineas for professional services rendered to him and Mrs. Heyward on board that vessel. He was ordered to pay 3 guineas and was released, and Surgeon Tweddell had to pay his costs, and was denounced in the <i>Colombo Observer</i> for his high-handed conduct. In August, 1847, Surgeon Tweddell relieved Dr. Fergusson at Trincomalee.</p>
172	Aug. 23 1849	James Stephen Preston	<p>.. In memory of JAMES STEPHEN PRESTON, who died at Colombo, 23rd August, 1849. Aged 30 years.</p>
	Jan. 31 1843	Frances Narcissa Preston	<p>Also of FRANCES NARCISSA, died 21st January, 1843; RICHARD WILLIAM, died 27th Sept., 1846; and ALICE MAUD MARY, died 3rd December, 1846.</p>
	Sept. 27 1846	Richard William Preston	
	Dec. 3 1846	Alice Maud Mary Preston	<p>Mr. Stephen Preston belonged to the firm of Venn, Preston & Co. "The noted emporium of Venn, Preston & Co., which sold everything from a needle to a sheet-anchor." ("Autobiography of a Periya Durai," <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. III., p. 189.) He "arrived by the <i>Symmetry</i> 8 years ago. There were ten passengers, of whom only two are now living. He died of dysentery." (<i>Ceylon Times</i>.) The firm suspended payment in the following October.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
173 ..	Oct. 11 1849	Cornelius William Moffat ..	In memory of CORNELIUS WILLIAM MOFFAT, M.A., of the Middle Temple, Barrister-at-Law. Born 12th December, 1811. Died 11th October, 1849. Erected by his sorrowing widow and his parents. "A gentleman, well known here for his unassuming manners, cultivated mind, and amiable disposition. He died of consumption." (<i>Ceylon Times</i> , October 12, 1849.)
174 ..	Dec. 11 1849	Charles Augustus Whitehouse ..	CHAS. AUGUSTUS WHITEHOUSE, born August 6th, 1812, died December 11, 1849, aged 37. He was a "General Estate Agent, Plantation, Patia-gamme" (in Deltota). He died of dysentery on his way to Colombo. He was a brother of E. S. Whitehouse. He died on the same day that Thomas Clark married, at Jaffna, E. S. Whitehouse's sister-in-law, Ellen Julia Lemarchand, but those were not the days of telegrams. "Cotton received extensive trials equally with sugar and with equal want of success in the Jaffna Peninsula by the brothers Whitehouse." (A. M. Ferguson.)
175 ..	Dec. 17 1849	Ann Meaden ..	.. Sacred to the memory of ANN, wife of Capt. MEADEN, late of the Ceylon Rifle Regt., who died at Colombo, on the 17th December, 1849, aged 49 years. She married Captain Meaden, then a non-commissioned officer of the 83rd, at the Cape of Good Hope, January 8, 1815. Their son married Captain C. T. Clement (see No. 132).
176 ..	June 13 1850	Emily Jane Fraser ..	.. Sacred to the memory of EMILY JANE, daughter of JOHN CHARLES KER, Esqr., of the Island of Grenada, and wife of GEORGE FRASER, Esq., who died at Slave Island on the 13th day of June, 1850, aged 34 years, endowed with all the social virtues and with all that adorns and elevates the female character. She was universally beloved and esteemed, and her early death is deeply lamented by her sorrowing husband and all who knew her.
177 ..	July 15 1850	Mark Evans ..	Sacred to the memory of MARK EVANS, late Lieut.-Colonel of the Royal Artillery, who died at Colombo, July 15th, 1850, aged 60 years. This tribute to an affectionate and beloved husband is erected by his sorrowing widow. She left for England by the barque <i>Symmetry</i> on December 19, 1850, which arrived on April 29, 1851, having called at St. Helena only. Mr. H. T. Armitage, then a boy going home to school, was a fellow-passenger.
178 ..	Aug. 19 1850	Mary Catherine Lyons ..	.. In memory of MARY CATHERINE LYONS, widow of the late Capt. N. J. LYONS, who departed this life on the 19th of August, 1850, aged 40 years and 11 months. <i>To my Mother.</i> With thee dear Mother though I roam This lone cold world from shore to shore, My heart can never find a home Like that I loved with thee of yore. And wheresoe'er I turn my feet, Whatever friends I yet may see, Oh life hath not a hour so sweet As that I pass in thoughts of thee. She was the eldest daughter of Thomas Dawson (see No. 31) by his first wife, and married Captain Norrison J. Lyons at Trincomalee, December 17, 1833. He died at Macao in 1845. He was commander and owner of the brig <i>Eleanor</i> .
179 ..	Sept. 30 1850	John Chisholm ..	.. JOHN CHISHOLM, late Quartermaster, 37th Regt., who died at Colombo, 30 Sept., 1850, aged 39 years. This inscription is erected by his widow, who with three children laments her bereavement.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
180 ..	Nov. 15 1850	.. Eliza Mary Butler	.. Here lie the remains of ELIZA MARY BUTLER, born February 21, 1849. She was the daughter of SAMUEL BUTLER, of Colombo, merchant, and ELIZA HULLMAN, his wife. Samuel Butler was one of the earliest members of the Agricultural Society. He belonged to the firm of Darley, Butler & Co. He was in 1841 "the partner who took charge of the planting department of Ackland, Boyd & Co.'s business." William Boyd describes a journey made with him from Kundasale to the Knuckles about this time. ("Autobiography," chap. VIII.)
181 ..	Feb. 19 1851	.. John Murray	.. JOHN MURRAY, son of GEORGE MURRAY, Esqr., of Ancoats Hall, died 19th Febr., 1851, from an injury sustained by a fall from his horse, aged 31 years.
182 ..	March 19 1851	.. John F. Haslam	.. Sacred to the memory of the Revd. JOHN F. HASLAM, B.A., of St. John's College, Cambridge, late Principal of the Christian Institution of the Church Missionary Society at Cotta. He died in Colpetty, 19th March, 1851, aged 37 years. (See No. 137.) He married (2) on December 6, 1842, at Cotta, Sophia Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Joseph Bailey, C.M.S. Mr. Haslam was, on January 31, 1840, appointed Principal of the Colombo Academy, but in a few weeks resigned and resumed his appointment at Cotta.
183 ..	Sept. 11 1851	.. William Minchin	.. In memory of WILLIAM MINCHIN, Capt. H. M. C. R. R., who died at Colombo, 11th Sept., 1851, aged 29 years.
184 ..	Jan. 21 1852 July 2 1858	.. John James Staples .. Cecil Loughlin Staples	.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN JAMES STAPLES, Esq., Ceylon Civil Service, District Judge of Kandy. Born 8th November, 1798. Died at Colombo 21st January, 1852. And his second Son, CECIL LOUGHLIN. Born 31st October, 1834. Died 2nd July, 1858. J. J. Staples was a son of Quartermaster John Staples, of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment (No. 348). He was an advocate, and appeared for the defence at the trial of Mr. George Winter for libel in 1834 with Mr. E. P. Wilmot. By 1840 he was "an advocate in large practice." (Digby.) He was appointed District Judge of Kandy South, January 22, 1842; ditto of Kandy North, February 1, 1842; confirmed as District Judge of Kandy South, November 1, 1843; District Judge, Kandy, January 1, 1845, and held this post until his death. There are several references to him in Lieutenant Henderson's "History of the Rebellion in Ceylon during Lord Torrington's Government," due to his connection with Captain Albert Watson, who married his daughter, Emily Loughlin, May 1, 1848. He refers to him as Mr. Staples, commonly known as "Jorrock's." There is a description of him in the "Autobiography of a Periya Durai" (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. III.): "A very talented man, and in some respects a thorough Englishman in feeling. He behaved well in trying to stop the riots that preceded the Matale rebellion" (pp. 250, 300). (See Nos. 202 and 205.) Another daughter, Henrietta Caroline, married Lieutenant Algernon Robson Sewell, 15th Regiment, at Kandy, on March 14, 1850. His youngest sister, Jemima, married at Colombo, in May, 1837, George Howard.
185 ..	March 12 1852	.. Robert MacGregor	.. In memory of Capt. ROBT. MACGREGOR, Paymaster, H. M. 15th Regt., who departed this life on the 12th March, 1852, aged 39 years. This stone is erected as a memorial by his disconsolate widow.
186 ..	May 28 1852	.. Philadelphus Bain	.. Sacred to the memory of PHILADELPHUS BAIN. Born at Berwick, N. B., 17th Sept., 1830. Died in Colombo, 28th May, 1852. He was Deputy Accountant in the Oriental Bank Corporation.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
187	Dec. 26 1852	Henry Skeen	<p>.. In memory of HENRY SKEEN, late Asst. Govt. Printer, Ceylon, this monument is voluntarily erected by those to whom he endeared himself by his uniform kindness as a superior. Born July 16th, 1831. He arrived in Ceylon 11th July, and died Dec. 26th, 1852.</p> <p>His body here to rest conveyed, Into the earth like Jesus laid, Like His shall rise again, Meanwhile his flesh doth rest in hope, Till in His likeness wakened up Out of whose hands no dust shall fall, But rise immortal at His call, With Him for evermore to reign.</p> <p>Henry Skeen was a brother of the late William Skeen, the first professional Government Printer of Ceylon, and an uncle of the late George Skeen, who was Government Printer from 1881 to 1906. William Skeen was the author of "Adam's Peak," and other poems.</p>
188	May 30 1853	Robert Imray	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of ROBERT IMRAY, Quartermaster, H. M.'s 15th Regt., died May 30th, 1853, aged 53 years.</p>
	July 15 1853	Sarah Imray	<p>Also of SARAH, wife of the above, died July 15th, 1853, aged 42 years.</p> <p>Their daughter, Mary Anne, married S. Day Thwaites, a brother of Dr. Thwaites, at Kandy, on July 17, 1854.</p>
189	June 8 1853	A. P. Smith	<p>.. In memory of A. P. SMITH, Lieut., C. R. Regt., who died of cholera, 8th June, 1853. Aged 30 years.</p> <p>He joined in 1847, and was employed under the Commissioner of Roads.</p>
190	June 13 1854	F. Grimes	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Qr. Mr. Serg. F. GRIMES, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who departed this life on the 13th June, 1854.</p> <p>This tablet is erected by his affectionate wife. He was amiable in his purposes as well as in his private character. He was sincerely regretted by a large circle of friends.</p> <p><i>Requiescat in pace.</i></p>
191	July 19 1854	Alice Wall	<p>.. ALICE, wife of GEORGE WALL, born April XIII, MDCCCXXII, died July XIX, MDCCCLIII.</p>
192	July 22 1854	Margaret Letitia Hope	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of MARGARET LETITIA, wife of Lieut.-Col. HOPE, Royal Engineers, who died at Colombo, 22 July, 1854. Aged 47.</p> <p>Lieutenant-Colonel John Isaac Hope died at Exeter, April 17, 1861. His son, Major-General John Edward Hope, late R.A., died at Remenham, Henley-on-Thames, September 18, 1909, aged 81. His daughter, Elizabeth Sanwix, was married December 4, 1855, at St. Peter's Church, Colombo, by the Ven. Archdeacon Matthias, to James Brown Alston (of Alston, Scott & Co.), who died, June 12, 1898, at Loancreft, Bromley, Kent, aged 77. He was the third son of George Alston, of Muirburn, Lanarkshire, and father of George Hay Alston, of Whittall & Co.; James Edward Alston, of Bois Bros. & Co.; and John Hope Alston, of Alston, Scott & Co., and afterwards of Darley, Butler & Co., Tuticorin.</p>
193	July 30 1854	Eliza Caulfield	<p>.. ELIZA, daughter of the late Capt. FRENCH GRAY, and wife of Hon'ble JAMES CAULFIELD of the Ceylon Civil Service. Aged 39 years.</p> <p>Her first husband was Major Samuel Adolphus Rehe, of the 26th Native Infantry, who died on November 14, 1837, at Calicut (see Cotton, p. 255). She married James Caulfield at Chilaw, October 17, 1840. Their son, Hans Charles, was baptized at Jaffna, September 6, 1841. the sponsors being H. Caulfield, Rev. C. Caulfield, and Annie Caulfield. Mrs. Caulfield's brother, French Gray, married Susan Jane Warburton at St. James's Nellore, Jaffna, December 3, 1840.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
194 ..	Nov. 4 1854	Lucy Ann Bailey ..	<p>In memory of LUCY ANN BAILEY. Born October 8th, 1822. Died November 4th, 1854.</p> <p>She was first wife of the Rev. Joseph Brooke Halliley Bailey, whom she married at Colombo, July 22, 1843. She was daughter of the Rev. W. Sawyer, Chaplain, H. E. I. C. (see Cotton, p. 279). Mr. Bailey married (2) Georgiana, daughter of the Rev. Wm. Henry Simons, Colonial Chaplain at Kandy, on December 10, 1857. A son by his first wife was J. Allanson Bailey, C.C.S., 63-1899.</p>
195 ..	May 31 1855	Harriet Elizabeth Heale ..	<p>HARRIET ELIZABETH, the beloved wife of ARTHUR WELLINGTON HEALE. Aged 32 years.</p> <p>A. W. Heale was in 1846 connected with the firm of Hudson, Chandler & Co. at Colombo. He married at the Cathedral, Madras, Harriet Elizabeth, eldest daughter of George Helmore, Esq., of Arlington Street, Piccadilly, May 20, 1846. Charles Urquhart Stuart married a Miss Helmore, sister of the Rev. Mr. Helmore, L.M.S., probably sister of Mrs. Heale. The Rev. Thomas Helmore, of musical fame, was, I think, another relative.</p> <p>A. W. Heale died at Blackheath, August 20, 1860.</p>
196 ..	Oct. 8 1855	John Fraser ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of JOHN FRASER, of the Ceylon Civil Service, who died at Colombo, 8th October, 1855. Aged 42 years.</p> <p>This tribute of affectionate esteem to his valued friend was erected by Dr. ANDREW FERGUSON, Inspector-General of Hospitals.</p> <p>John Fraser was Secretary of the School Commission, Commissioner of the Loan Board, and Record-keeper at the Secretariat from May 1, 1848, till his death, and in the Fifth Class of the Civil Service. He acted as Principal Assistant to the Colonial Secretary from January 18, 1855. Andrew Ferguson was Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, 1850-58.</p>
197 ..	Oct. 9 1855	Philip Francis Miller ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of PHILIP FRANCIS MILLER, Captain of the Royal Artillery, who died of fever on the 9th October, 1855.</p> <p>He was the third son of Lieutenant-Colonel Fiennes Saunderson Miller, C.B., late 6th Inniskilling Dragoons, of Radway, County of Warwick, England.</p> <p>His age was 29.</p>
198 ..	Nov. 13 1855	William Newman ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM NEWMAN, late of Oodewelle, who died at Colombo, 13th November, 1855, aged 47 years.</p> <p>He was on Udawela estate in 1839. He married at Kandy, July 22, 1839, Mary Flood, who also resided at Udawela. He died on board a vessel in the harbour.</p>
199 ..	April 11 1856	Robert Molesworth Jones ..	<p>To the cherished memory of ROBERT MOLESWORTH JONES, 2nd son of Rear-Admiral the Hon'ble ALR. JONES. He died on the 11th April, 1856, after a short illness on his arrival at Ceylon, aged 43 years.</p> <p>This stone has been erected to his memory by his colleagues and friends in the Admiralty.</p>
200 ..	April 17 1856	Annie Holland Cohen ..	<p>ANNIE HOLLAND COHEN, born at Hastings, 10 January, 1828. Died at Colpetty, 17 April, 1856. Universally beloved and regretted.</p> <p>(See No. 213.)</p>
201 ..	April 18 1856	George Parsons ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of the Rev. GEORGE PARSONS, for many years a Missionary of the Church Missionary Society in South Ceylon. He died at Colombo, April 18th, 1856. Aged 42 years.</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
202 ..	April 24 1856 ..	William Ogle Carr	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Sir WILLIAM OGLE CARR, Knight, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of this Island, younger son of T. W. CARR, Esqr., of Eshott, Northumberland. He was born in England, November 13, 1802, arrived in Ceylon August, 1833, died April 24, 1856.</p> <p>Also in memory of WILLIAM OGLE CARR and CLEMENT NORTON CARR, infant sons of Sir WILLIAM OGLE CARR, both of whom died in the Island.</p> <p>He was Queen's Advocate, 1834–1840, and was appointed to the Supreme Court, February 15, 1840. He married at Colombo, April 28, 1836, Elizabeth Maria, daughter of Colonel Clement (see No. 132). He prosecuted in the Moligoda trial “for raising a rebellion.” The trial took place at Kandy, and lasted six days, January 12–17, 1835, and ended in an acquittal. Digby converts him into an Irishman by calling him “Sir W. O’Carr.”</p>
203 ..	Feb. 21 1857 ..	Eliza Madeline Sauliere	<p>.. In memory of ELIZA MADELINE SAULIERE, aged 23 years.</p> <p>Leaving her husband and two young children to moan her loss.</p> <p>Her husband, F. Sauliere, was an engineer and a Frenchman. He was buried, May 2, 1864, aged 57. She was a Miss Roosmalecocq, and married him at Colombo, May 15, 1854.</p>
204 ..	May 23 1857 ..	William Linton	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Captain W. LINTON, who departed this life 23rd May, 1857, aged 54 years.</p> <p>He was Commander of the barque <i>Morning Star</i>, 1834, of the barque <i>Iris</i> in 1841, both well-known passenger vessels.</p> <p>The <i>Morning Star</i> was attacked and plundered by a pirate brig of ten guns near the island of Ascension on one of her voyages to England in 1828. She had left Colombo on December 13, and was chased and overhauled by the brig on February 19. One of the crew was killed and six wounded. The pirate took away the captain, second mate, and a soldier of the 78th. What became of them does not appear, nor who the captain was, but the <i>Morning Star</i> continued her voyage and arrived at the Downs on April 16. She was laden with coffee and cinnamon, of which 300 bags had to be thrown overboard to save the ship from fire. Every shroud and backstay had been cut, and an attempt made to cut through the main mast. The passengers were robbed of their clothes and money. In 1837 “there resided in Hospital Street, Colombo, a Mrs. Fowler, who had been on board the <i>Morning Star</i> when this British ship was taken possession of by pirates.”* (A. M. Ferguson.) According to Boyd, “the captain was tied to the main-mast and brutally murdered.” (“Autobiography,” p. 20, <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 386.)</p> <p>Another passenger was Mrs. Walker, wife of Mr. Andrew Walker, C.C.S., who, from 1823 to 1833, was in the Cinnamon Department, and afterwards District Judge of Negombo and of Kandy. He was an uncle of Sir Edward Noel Walker, Colonial Secretary of Ceylon, 1888–99.</p>
205 ...	July 2 1857 ..	Theodore Glenie Staples	<p>.. THEODORE STAPLES, youngest son of HENRY J. STAPLES, Esqr., born 26th May, 1839, died 2 July, 1857.</p> <p>Henry John Staples was elder brother of John James Staples (No. 184). He, too, was an advocate, and appeared for the defence in the Moligoda trial in 1835, for which he was paid 500 guineas and presented with a gold chain. He was Commissioner of Requests, Colombo, 1845–59, going on pension on September 1 of the latter year, and dying in London about 1865. He was of a musical turn, and</p>

* There is an account of the attack on the *Morning Star* in “Chambers’ Journal” for May, 1885.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
205	July 2 1857	Theodore Glenie Staples— <i>contd.</i>	wrote the words and music of two ballads: "Oh were I but a butterfly rover" and "Come weep with me, love," and paid Sims Reeves one hundred guineas to sing them in his drawing room. He had two other sons, Dr. Henry Tonnon Staples of the Civil Medical Department (1869–1885), who died August 8, 1893, and was of a poetical turn, and Lieutenant-Colonel Frederic Blair Staples of the Ceylon Rifles, and afterwards of the 80th and 93rd Regiments, 1855–1873, who died March 31, 1909, at Streatham. He was Chief Constable of Stockport, 1874–1889. His family are of a theatrical turn, as he was himself. H. J. Staples' daughter married H. P. Lovering, Survey Department, 1873–1901.
206	Aug. 5 1857	William Huxham	<p>.. In memory of WILLIAM, fourth son of W. HUXHAM, Esqr., died 5th August, 1857, at Colombo, aged 19 years.</p> <p>William Huxham belonged to the firm of Beaufort and Huxham, Colombo, which he carried on under the same name after the death of Mr. Beaufort in 1831. He was a merchant at Colombo as early as 1819, and he was still one in 1857. He lived at Mutwal. He seems to have been away from the Island for some years after 1843. In the coffee days he owned several estates, Kelebokka, Galhiriya, Madulkele, Oonoonoogalla in the Madulkele district, Pettigolla and Balangoda in Sabaragamuwa, Moragahagolla in Lower Dumbura, also Wattegoda in Kotmale. In 1861 he wrote a letter to the <i>Madras Times</i> complaining of the "Toryism" that had characterized the Ceylon Government for many years past, and hoping for better things. He married at Colombo, February 2, 1824, Jemima, eldest daughter of Captain Clarke, 1st Ceylon Regiment, whose youngest daughter, Sophia, married Charles Brownrigg, C.C.S., the same day. Mrs. Huxham had twin sons at Quilon, July 19, 1829 (see No. 212).</p>
207	Sept. 9 1857	Maria Cawthorne	.. In memory of MARIA, the beloved wife of WILLIAM CAWTHORNE, Esqr. She died at Colombo, 9th September, 1857, aged 31 years. Also of WILLIAM CAWTHORNE, Esqr., who was accidentally killed at Kandy on 20th February, 1858, aged 50 years.
	Feb. 20 1858	William Cawthorne	<p>The register at Kandy gives his age as 46. He died from injuries received by the upsetting of his vehicle. He seems to have come out about 1846, when he kept the "Yattiantotte Stores," and he also had a store at Ambegamuwa. He is described in the directory of the "Ceylon Almanac" of 1851 as a merchant at Yatiyantota. In 1851–52 he was on Laxanewatta, a coconut estate in Three Korales. In 1853–56 he was proprietor of, or agent for, Pitakanda, a coffee estate in Lower Bulatgama. He had given this up by 1857 to W. Davidson, and was proprietor of Raddetottewatta in the same division. He had also been "Postholder" at Ambagamuwa in 1850–53, with an allowance for performing this work of £18 a year, and in this, too, he was succeeded by W. Davidson.</p>
208	Dec. 20 1858	Thomas Affleck	.. Sacred to the memory of THOMAS AFFLECK, of Bogambra Mills, Kandy, died at Colombo, 20th Dec., 1858, aged 27 years. Also WILLIAM AFFLECK, died 14th April, 1859, aged 32 years.
	April 14 1859	William Affleck	<p>James Affleck died at Diella estate, Kurunegala, November 20, 1867, aged 46, "after 47 hours' illness, of apoplexy."</p> <p>The Afflecks started the Bogambra Mills, which were afterwards taken over by Mr. John Walker of Roseneath, and were the headquarters of the firm of Walker, Sons & Co., until that firm removed to Colombo. The older firm was originally Affleck & Gordon, engineers (1847), and subsequently J. Affleck & Co. (1850–57). They were the contractors for the building of St. Paul's Kandy, between 1841</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
208 ..	Dec. 20 1858	.. Thomas Affleck, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	and 1853. James Affleck's name first appears in the directory in the "Ceylon Almanac" of 1845 as resident at Kandy, and he was there in 1857, apparently in business on his own account. The firm came to an end in 1858-59 with the deaths of Thomas and William. (See a story about one of the Afflecks by Boyd in the <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. II., p. 282.) A Captain Thomas Affleck died January 12, 1860, at Barnfield House, Ayr.
209 ..	Dec. 27 1858	.. Jane Parsons	.. JANE PARSONS, the beloved wife of GOTHER MANN PARSONS, Ceylon Civil Service. She was born on the 26th Dec., 1809, married on the 20th Sept., 1826, and died at Colombo on the 27th of Dec., 1858, aged 49 years.
	Aug. 26 1851	.. Mary Maria Charlotte Skinner	
	June 10 1844	.. Gerald John Parsons	Also in this vault rest the remains of MARY MARIA CHARLOTTE SKINNER, wife of Capt. HENRY SKINNER, Ceylon Rifle Regt., and daughter of the above GOTHER MANN and JANE PARSONS, who departed this life at Slave Island, Colombo, on the 26th August, 1851, aged 24 years. Beneath are also deposited the remains of GERALD JOHN, the 4th and infant son of the above GOTHER MANN and JANE PARSONS, who died at Colombo on the 10th of June, 1844, aged 1 month. Mary Maria Charlotte, the eldest daughter, married Captain Skinner at Colombo, November 7, 1846. The 3rd daughter, Charlotte Mann, married Captain James Cameron Fielding, C.R.R.
210 ..	Jan. 11 1859	.. Frances Elizabeth Hardinge	Sacred to the memory of FRANCES ELIZABETH, the beloved wife of Capt. HARDINGE, 50th Regt., who departed this life at Colombo on the 11th January, 1859, aged 35 years.
211 ..	Feb. 18 1859	.. Mary Ann Higgs	.. Sacred to the memory of MARY ANNE, wife of Commander HIGGS, Royal Navy, Master Attendant of Colombo. Died 18th February, 1859, aged 50 years. She was a daughter of Thomas Craven (No. 218), and married Captain Joseph Higgs, R.N., at Trincomalee, November 10, 1834. Captain Higgs was at Copenhagen on Nelson's flagship.
212 ..	Aug. 12 1859	.. Brownrigg Huxham	.. BROWNRIGG, eldest son of W. HUXHAM, Esqr., died at Colombo, aged 34 years. He was called after his uncle, Charles Brownrigg, second son of Sir Robert Brownrigg, who was born October 4, 1797, entered the Civil Service October 2, 1811, at the age of 14, retired October 1, 1829, and died in January, 1854. B. Huxham was a planter on Tunisgala in the Knuckles district in 1854-57. In 1851 he was in Hewaheta.
213 ..	June 2 1860	.. William Cohen	.. WILLIAM COHEN, aged 41 This monument is erected by his sorrowing widow. He was a planter on Wakkettewatta (Weketiya) in Sabaragamuwa in 1856-57. He married at Port Louis, Mauritius, on August 24, 1852, Ann Elizabeth Hanning.
214 ..	June 2 1860	.. Robert Duncan Gerard	.. ROBERT DUNCAN GERARD, aged 42. A man of note among the coffee planters of the forties and fifties. He was a partner of "Sandy Brown" in the firm of Gerard, Brown & Co. at Kandy, in 1853, subsequently R. D. Gerard & Co. He was one of the original members of the Ceylon Agricultural Society founded at the end of 1841. At the store of the firm in Kandy coffee was "stored and despatched and advances made on crops." "R. D. Gerard was a Londoner, and came to Ceylon in the same vessel with R. B. Tytler. He opened and planted up Degalle in the Dumbara Valley. About 1845 he began to acquire the agency of several other estates, and in the course of a few years he had

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
214 ..	June 2 1860	Robert Duncan Gerard— <i>contd.</i>	established a very large and prosperous business in Kandy. Gerard possessed the soul of a gambler. I never knew a man with so speculative a disposition. I have heard or read that, when he returned to England, the ship in which he sailed carried so large a cargo of his coffee, that the rise or fall of a single shilling on the cwt. in the London market meant £1,000 either of profit or loss to him. He very foolishly began to speculate on the Stock Exchange, where he met cleverer and perhaps more experienced or more unprincipled men than himself, with the natural result that in the course of a remarkably short space of time he was cleaned out of the whole of his immense fortune, and returned to Ceylon a much poorer, if not a much wiser man, where, after living for a year or two on the charity of his former friends, "he ultimately died in Mr. Tytler's house in Kandy." (W. Boyd, in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. VI., p. 354.) The statement as to the place of his death must be a mistake.
215 ..	June 26 1860	Susan Jumeaux ..	Sacred to the memory of SUSAN, the beloved wife of LOUIS JUMEAUX, C.C.S., who departed this life at Colombo on the 26th June, 1860.
	April 24 1862	Louis Migot Jumeaux ..	Also LOUIS JUMEAUX, C.C.S., who departed this life on the 24th day of April, 1862, in the 46th year of his age. Louis was a son of John Pierre Jumeaux (No. 28). He was Magistrate at Chavakachcheri from October 1, 1846; and afterwards at Colombo, 1848; Madawalattenna, March 1, 1853; Kurunegala, September 1, 1853; Negombo, May 8, 1854; at Chavakachcheri, January 26, 1856; and at Negombo, February 16, 1856; and finally District Judge of Negombo, which post he held at the time of his death. A brother of his, Edmund, was a planter on Belle Vue estate, Kotmale, and died at Coconada. He married Susan Armitage, a sister of John Armitage, who founded the firm of Armitage, Scott & Co. in 1837-38, and was a Member of the Legislative Council for some years from 1847. John Armitage married Louis Jumeaux's sister, Fanny Henriette. A son of the former couple was Arthur Jumeaux, who was in the Ceylon Civil Service, 1865-76; retired, April 18, 1876, after holding appointments as Police Magistrate, Kayts, Avisawella, and Matara; and died a year or two afterwards. A son of the latter couple is Mr. Harry Turnour Armitage of Dunbar estate, Hatton, whose godfathers were George Turnour, the Oriental scholar, and James Steuart, the Master Attendant.
216 ..	Dec. 24 1860	John William Little ..	Sacred to the memory of JOHN WILLIAM LITTLE, C.C.S., died 24th December, 1860, aged 43 years. He was Magistrate at Avisawella at the time of his death. He married, February 23, 1859, at Matara, Hannah Susan, youngest daughter of R. C. Roosmalecocq. She married (2) the Rev. William Ellis.
217 ..	Dec. 27 1860	William Brigstock ..	In memory of WILLIAM BRIGSTOCK, Master of the Barque <i>Walsoken</i> , who died in Colombo Roads, 27th December, 1860, aged 33 years. Erected by his brother shipmates.
218 ..	Jan. 5 1861	Thomas Craven ..	Sacred to the memory of THOMAS CRAVEN, Esq., Naval Architect, late Naval Storekeeper at Trincomalie, who died 5th January, 1861, aged 76 years. He was "Superintendent of Ships Building" at Bombay in 1830. His daughter married Captain Higgs, R.N. (see No. 211).
219 ..	June 19 1861	Annie Challis Thornton ..	ANNIE CHALLIS THORNTON, <i>nee</i> LAMPRELL, wife of Capt. H. B. THORNTON, who suddenly, on the 19th June, 1861, departed this life, aged 21 years and 4 months, deeply regretted by her loving and disconsolate husband, relatives, and friends. <i>Requiescat in pace.</i> Captain Thornton was master of the ship <i>Queen of India</i> . The ship arrived from Melbourne on the

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

al No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
19 ..	June 19 1861	Annie Challis Thornton— <i>contd.</i>	18th, and Captain and Mrs. Thornton went ashore on the 19th, and proceeded to the Royal Hotel, where Mrs. Thornton died while dressing to go out for a drive. She had been married less than six months. The Royal Hotel stood on the site of the Post Office in the Fort. It was opened on February 5, 1844, by Jonas Segar. Mr. Hugh Blacklaw describes it and the Galle Face Hotel of 1856 as being "paragons of dirt."
20 ..	Aug. 21 1861	Jessie Tod Leslie	.. In Memoriam. JESSIE TOD, Relict of ANDREW W. LESLIE, Boghall, Fife, Scotland, died at Colombo, August 21st, 1861, aged 61 years.
	Aug. 27 1845	George Tod Leslie	.. GEORGE TOD LESLIE, died at Singapore, August 27th, 1845, aged 26 years. The beloved mother and brother of BARBARA GLASS LESLIE, Wife of the Rev. CHARLES MERSON, Colonial Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Colombo.
21 ..	Nov. 6 1861	Mary Jane Spratt	.. In memory of MARY JANE, the beloved wife of the Rev. THOMAS SPRATT. She died at Colombo, 6th Nov., 1861.
22 ..	Feb. 19 1862	Henry Dudley	.. In memory of HENRY DUDLEY, of Wilton, Wiltshire, Captain and Paymaster of the Ceylon Rifle Regt., who died on the 19th February, 1862, aged 42 years.
23 ..	Oct. 5 1862	Josias Lambert	.. In memory of JOSIAH LAMBERT, of Galheria, Kallebokka Valley, died 5th October, 1862, aged 40 years. The name seems to be correctly, Josias. He was, I believe, a son of Josias Lambert, F.G.S., an experienced sugar planter who was in the Island in the forties, and took a prominent part in the proceedings of the Agricultural Society, which was founded on November 29, 1841. J. Lambert, senior, became its Vice-President. A paper by J. Lambert, senior, on the cultivation of sugarcane, was published in Ceylon in 1841, and in the <i>Observer</i> of April 28, 1842, there appeared the translation from Spanish by him of a report on the cultivation and preparation of tobacco, issued by a Commission appointed by the Spanish Government. He died at Oviedo, in Spain, April 21, 1849, aged 51. The son was Superintendent of Galhiriya, which belonged to W. Huxham. William Boyd describes the elder Lambert as "the son of a Commander in the R.N., and as a handsome middle-aged man, and a bachelor," but he was more probably a widower. He also remarks that he "understands Scotch as well as the natives." ("Autobiography," p. 80, and <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. VI., p. 370.) The younger Lambert married a daughter of John Stephens, widow of J. Pritchett of the <i>Seaforth</i> (No. 149).
24 ..	Nov. 20 1862	Jane Haultain	.. Sacred to the memory of JANE, the beloved wife of ARTHUR DE T. HAULTAIN. She died at Colombo, 20th November, 1862, aged 27 years. She married A. F. de Touffreville Haultain, of Kehelwatta estate, Udapalata, at Colombo, on June 1, 1855. She was a daughter of Lieutenant T. Robertson of the Gun Lascars. Her husband was on Paragalla estate, Dolosbage, in 1856 and in 1862. A Mrs. Haultain, widow of Captain Haultain, Madras Army, died at Paris, March 17, 1858.
25 ..	May 5 1863	Alfred John Lane	.. In memory of Capt. A. J. LANE, 50th (or Queen's) Regt., died at Colombo, 5th May, 1863, aged 34 years. Erected by his brother officers. He was stationed at Kandy in 1860.
26 ..	Nov. 27 1863	Sarah Kettyles	.. Sacred to the memory of SARAH, the beloved wife of C. KETTYLES, Esqr., 2-25th Regt., The King's Own Borderers, who died at Colombo on the 27th Nov., 1863. Aged 34 years.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
226 ..	Nov. 27 1863	Sarah Kettyles— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Beloved and respected by all who knew her.</p> <p>How sweet the hour of closing day, When all is peaceful and serene And the broad sun's declining ray Sends a mild lustre o'er the scene. Such was this Christian's parting hour, So peacefully she sank to rest, And Faith, rekindling all its power, Lit up the languor of her breast. There was a radiance in her eye, A smile upon her wasted cheeks, That seemed to tell of Glory nigh In language that no tongue can speak. O Lord, that we may thus depart Thy joys to share, Thy face to see, Impress Thine image on our heart, And teach us how to walk with Thee.</p> <p>Christopher Kettyles was Quartermaster of the 2nd-25th Regiment. It is said that his name was originally spelt "Kettles."</p>
227 ..	June 13 1864	Charles Ross Mitchell ..	<p>M. S. CAROLI ROSS MITCHELL HENRICI MITCHELL SCOT. ECCL. MONQ. PASTORIS MINIME NATI QUEM FILIUM OPTISSIMUM FRATREM CARISSIMUM IMMATURA MORTE ABREPTUM CHRISTUS AD SE ARCESSIVIT VIXIT ANNOS XX MENSES IX DIES III OBIIT XIII KAL JUN MDCCCLXIV.</p> <p>I have not been able to ascertain what place "MONQ" stands for. "MONQ" may stand for Mon- quhitter, a parish in Aberdeenshire. "MINIME NATI" also seems incorrect.</p>
228 ..	Feb. 10 1865	Cloudesly Shovel Fitzroy Mason	<p>Sacred to the memory of CLOUDESLEY SHOVEL FITZROY MASON, District Officer of Puttlam, died at Colombo, 10 February, 1865, aged 34 years.</p> <p>He was in the Commissioner of Roads' Department. The bridge over the Hulu-ganga, at Teldeniya, Central Province, was erected by the 3rd Division of Pioneers under his superintendence, March 1, 1859- March 20, 1860, as is shown by the inscription on it.</p>
299 ..	March 29 1865	Richard Reginald Scott ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of RICHARD REGINALD SCOTT, Esq., eldest son of the late Capt. J. K. SCOTT, and late Master Attendant, Negapatam, who departed this life on the 29th March, 1865, aged 28 years 5 months and 23 days, leaving behind his severely afflicted mother and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn his irreparable loss.</p>
230 ..	July 25 1865	James Swan ..	<p>In memory of JAMES, eldest son of ALEXANDER SWAN, of Hythe, Kent, who died 25th July, 1865, aged 55 years. Also his infant daughter EMMA.</p> <p>The following announcement appears in the <i>Ceylon Times</i>, 1846: "At Bockawelle Grange, on 17th Oct., the lady of James Swan, Esq., of a son." "James Swan of Bockawella" was appointed a Member of the Legislative Council in September, 1848. Bokkawa is in the Harispattu division of the Kandy District, 6 miles from the 9th milestone on the Galagedara road. The estate is near Morankanda, and in 1843 James Swan and his brother, William, are given in the directory of the "Ceylon Almanac" as resident on</p>

Galle Face Burial Ground—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
230 ..	July 25 1865	James Swan— <i>contd.</i>	“ the Morankanda plantation,” of which, no doubt, the Bokkálwala estate formed a part. William died in that year, and James seems to have remained until 1846, when he removed to Colombo to take an active part in the business of Swan, Keir & Co., and later in the firm of James Swan & Co. The Bokkálwala estate is now the property of the De Soyzas, and is not under cultivation. A daughter of Alexander Swan, Anna Mairne, married at Kandy, June 18, 1845, Louis George Morgan, youngest son of Lieutenant-Colonel H. Bird, of the 16th Regiment. Whether W. Abercromby Swan, whom Mr. A. M. Ferguson describes as an accomplished writer on planting life and the creator of “ Peter Donaldson ” and many other characters, and as drilling his coolies in military fashion, was a relative, I do not know.
231 ..	Oct. 11 1865	Alfred James	.. In memoriam, ALFRED JAMES, Ensign, 25th Regt., the King’s Own Borderers. He was accidentally drowned in the Colombo lake on the 11th October, 1865, while endeavouring to save the life of his native boatman. Erected by his brother officers as a tribute of respect. Mr. George Armitage, a son of Mr. John Armitage, was in the boat with him. There was a difficulty in stopping the boat, which was under sail. A private of the 97th was drowned in the Colombo lake, August 9, 1833.
232 ..	Sept. 27 1865	Richard Theodore Pennefather	RICHARD T. PENNEFATHER, Auditor-General, Ceylon, died 27th Sept., 1865, aged 37 years. He had served in British North America from 1848 to 1861, and was appointed Auditor-General from June 24, 1861.
233 ..	Oct. 31 1865	John Lamb	.. In memory of JOHN LAMB, of Watagala Estate, who died in Colombo, 31 Oct., 1865, aged 47 years.
234 ..	Jan. 2 1866	Edward Covien Acason	.. Sacred to the memory of EDWARD COVIEN ACASON, of Barnet, Herts, who died Second of January, 1866, aged.....
235 ..	June 17 1866	James Massie	.. In memoriam, JAMES MASSIE, C.C.S., 17 June, 1866. His age was 22. He was brother of Mr. Robert Massie, C.C.S. (1865–1888), and a nephew of the Rev. Dr. Massie, L.M.S., at one time a missionary at Madras. He was a Cambridge man, and joined the Civil Service in 1862. He was Acting Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, from August 1, 1864, and Acting Assistant Government Agent, Kurunegala, August 1, 1865, in which appointment he was confirmed on October 16 the same year. His first fixed appointment was Commissioner of Requests, &c., Chavakachcheri, from August 1, 1865, but he did not take up the work of that appointment. At the time of his death he was acting as District Judge of Ratnapura.
236 ..	June 26 1866	Ann Butler	.. In memory of ANN, Relict of the late THOMAS BUTLER, many years matron of the Female Orphan Asylum, Colombo. Born 2nd August, 1802. Died 26th June, 1866.
237 ..	Oct. 22 1866	Hamlet Wade Thompson	.. To the memory of HAMLET WADE THOMPSON, Ensign, 25th Regt., the King’s Own Borderers, who was accidentally shot at Colombo on the 22nd October, 1866, aged 20 years. Erected by his brother officers as a mark of esteem. He was practising pistol shooting at his quarters with Lieutenant J. A. Lawrie, R.A., Ensign F. Forjett, 25th Regiment, and Assistant Surgeon G. J. H. Watt, 25th, when a “ Monte Cristo ” pistol, held by the latter, went off just as he was presenting it, and Ensign Thompson was shot through the head.

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription
238 ..	1867	J. Fraser	.. Dr. FRASER, D.I.G. Hos. Died — 1867. This is a very insignificant tombstone, and the lettering is nearly illegible—the date almost altogether so, but I take the date to be 1867, as Dr. Fraser's name disappears from the "Ceylon Almanac" in 1868. He was Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Ceylon, 1864–1867. Whether he is the same officer as the J. Fraser, M.D., who was in 1863 Surgeon of the 50th Regiment in Ceylon, I cannot say, but it seems likely. Strange to say there is no reference to Dr. Fraser's death in the local papers, or in the obituary in the "Ceylon Almanac."
239 ..	March 24 1869	Henry King Fenwick	.. In memory of Lieut. HENRY KING FENWICK, Ceylon Rifle Regt., died 24th March, 1869, aged 29 years. Erected as a mark of esteem by his brother officers. There was a Captain Thomas Lyle Fenwick in the Ceylon Rifles in 1831. He was gazetted Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifles, August 10, 1826, while Quartermaster. In the <i>Literary Gazette</i> of October 1, 1831, he advertised for publication "A History of Ceylon under the Government of Lt.-Genl. Sir Edward Barnes," also "Notes of a Voyage from Ceylon to England, with some remarks on the Present State of the Mauritius, the Cape of Good Hope, St. Helena, and the Island of Ascension," but neither work seems to have been published. I imagine he was the father of the subject of this inscription. There was a Lieutenant Nicholas Fenwick in the Ceylon Rifles in 1844. He had been in the 61st Regiment, and may have been another son.
240 ..	July 1 1869	Charles Merson	.. Sacred to the memory of Rev. CHARLES MERSON, M.A., Assistant Minister, Arbroath, afterwards Presbyterian Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Colombo, Ceylon, where he died 1st July, 1869, in the 47th year of his age, and 25th of his Ministry. This stone is erected by his sorrowing mother, ELIZABETH SMITH, widow of the late Rev. PETER MERSON, M.A., Mathematical Master, Elgin Academy, Scotland, as a token of respect for her only and much beloved and deeply lamented son. "A female school (at Moratuwa), under the superintendence of the Rev. C. Merson, is supported by the Scottish Ladies' Association for the Advancement of Female Education in India." (Spence Hardy's "Memorials," page 188.)
241 ..	Jan. 17 1870	Gother Mann Parsons	.. In loving memory of GOTHER MANN PARSONS, Capt., Ceylon Rifles, elder son of G. M. PARSONS, Esqr., who fell asleep 17th January, 1870, aged 37 years. He married a Miss Waller. Gother Mann Parsons, senior, was a Lieutenant in the Royal Staff Corps in Ceylon in 1826. He was appointed an Assistant Engineer in 1833; Assistant Civil Engineer, October 1, 1837; Civil Engineer, November 30, 1844; and was also a Commissioner of the Loan Board from April 16, 1846. He retired on October 16, 1854, and died in 1872. "Parsons, who had been in the Pioneer Corps under Sir Edward Barnes, became Chief Assistant to Mr. Norris in the Civil Engineer and Surveyor-General's Department, and was with Mr. Norris dismissed in Sir G. Anderson's time, for allowing the head clerk to embezzle money. Through the interest of the Hon. G. C. Talbot, Parsons was restored to the public service." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. VI., p. 253.)
242 ..	Feb. 28 1870	Edwin Henry Downe	.. EDWIN HENRY DOWNE, Ensign, H. M. 73 Regt., born 14th January, 1849, died at Colombo, 28th Feb., 1870. Erected in loving remembrance by his mother and sister.
243 ..	Sept. 15 1871	Nathaniel Westaway	.. In memory of NATHANIEL WESTAWAY, Lieut., R.A., second son of N. WESTAWAY, Esq., of St. Helier, Jersey. Erected by his sorrowing brothers and sisters. (The date given is the date of burial.)

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
244 ..	Oct. 8 1872	.. Frank R. Gorman	.. In memory of FRANK R. GORMAN, eldest son of Capt. W. J. GORMAN, born Nov. 22, 1856, died 8th Oct., 1872. Lieutenant-Colonel Gorman, whose father was Commandant and Police Magistrate of Moreton Bay, was in the Ceylon Rifles until it was disbanded, was Adjutant 1852-53, and afterwards Colonial Storekeeper and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Ceylon Light Infantry Volunteers. He married a daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel William Twisleton Layard, a son of C. E. Layard (see No. 47). There was an Adjutant Owen Gorman, 59th Regiment, in Ceylon in 1832.
245 ..	Nov. 19 1872	.. Arthur Stuart Baynes	.. Sacred to the memory of ARTHUR STUART BAYNES Army Control Department, died 19th November, 1872, aged 44 years.
246 ..	Sept. 17 1873	.. Thomas Dyer Thistleton Dyer	In memory of THOMAS DYER THISTLETON DYER, Lieut.-Col., Madras Army, died 17th Sept., 1873, on board ss. Viceroy, off Colombo, aged 57.
247 ..	Nov. 17 1873	.. Edward Alexander Lawrance	In loving memory of EDWARD ALEX. LAWRENCE, Surgeon-Major, Bombay Army, who died at Colombo, 17th November, 1873, aged 37 years.
248 ..	June 3 1874	.. Anna Staples	.. Erected by ANNIE and GEORGIANA STAPLES to the memory of their beloved mother, relict of the late J. J. STAPLES, C.C.S., born 25 Nov., 1803, died at Staples House, Colombo, 3rd June, 1874. She was a Miss Anna Loughlin, daughter of Mr. Michael Loughlin, and married J. J. Staples in 1821 (see No. 184). Mr. M. Loughlin was the proprietor of "Loughlin's Auction Rooms" of the first years of British rule. He married a Miss Anna Williams at Colombo, January 23, 1803, and died at Bombay, June 20, 1822, aged 65. She died at Madras, January 2, 1816, "after a long illness on this Island."
249 ..	July 29 1874	.. Joseph Rimmers George Wilson	.. Sacred to the memory of Private JOSEPH RIMMERS, aged 22 years. Private GEORGE WILSON, aged 25 years, of H. M. 57th Regt., who were accidentally drowned while bathing on the 29th July, 1874. This stone was erected as a token of respect by the officers and men of E Company.
250 ..	Aug. 16 1874	.. Eliza Harriet Hall	.. Sacred to the memory of ELIZA HARRIET, 2nd daughter of G. M. PARSONS, Esq., and the beloved wife of W. G. HALL, Esqr., died 16th August, 1874, aged 44 years. W. G. Hall was son of Quartermaster William Hall, and was in the Public Works Department for many years. He was generally known as "Billy Hall," and is described by Lieutenant Henderson as "a Civil Servant of the Roads Department and one of the most energetic of the officers of the Government. He was employed at Dambool to assist the military in various ways." ("Matale Rebellion," p. 162.) This was in 1848. He died at Colombo, July 3, 1889. Mr. A. M. Ferguson says of him, writing in 1886: "In Ambagamuwa, in May, 1840, in the heart of a portion of the five hundred square miles of forest which then constituted the wilderness of the Peak, but which is now one series of plantations, some abandoned.... I met Mr. Wm. Hall, who still lives..... to recount the main incidents of British rule in Ceylon or the narratives of many who were connected with his family, including the poetical Major Anderson." ("Ceylon in 1837-46," p. 31.) This refers to Captain Thomas Ajax Anderson of the 19th Regiment, who was in Ceylon 1798-1816, the author of "Poems written chiefly in India," published in 1809 out of a poem called "The Wanderer in Ceylon," which was published in 1817, and of others contributed to the <i>Government Gazette</i> , which for twenty years or more had a "Poet's corner." In 1811 he was tried by court-martial for (1) "submitting to be told by his commanding officer that he had told a lie," and (2) for not having fulfilled his written promise to leave the regiment within a year of his departure for England on September 24, 1807. He was acquitted

Galle Face Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
250 ..	Aug. 16 1874	Eliza Harriet Hall— <i>contd.</i> ..	on the first charge, but found guilty on the second, and publicly reprimanded. This did not, however, induce him to quit the regiment or to cease writing poetry, for next year he published "Ceylon: a Poem in Three Cantos," and in 1815 he took part for the second time in a Kandyan war, commanding the force which marched from Batticaloa. He must have been a connection by marriage of the Halls. W. G. Hall married (1) on July 11, 1843, Julie, eldest daughter of J. Piachaud, (2) in 1857 the subject of this inscription, and (3) a sister of G. W. Worthington, C.C.S., 1859-1892.
251 ..	June 27 1877	Maud Edith Moncrieff St. George	MAUD EDITH MONCRIEFF ST. GEORGE, the beloved daughter of H. H. and AGNES ST. GEORGE, aged 2 years 11 months. Drowned by the capsizing of the boat between the wharf, Colombo, and ss. Almora, 27th June, 1877. Lieutenant-Colonel St. George was Assistant Commissary, Ordnance Store Department, at Colombo, 1874-77, and was again stationed at Colombo in 1890. He contributed to the Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society a translation from the Spanish of Joao Rodrigues de Sae Menzes' "Rebellion de Ceylon," which was read at a meeting on November 22, 1890.

The Colombo Pettah Burial Ground.

The "kerkhof" of the Dutch Church in the Fort, which used to lie on the site of the "Gordon Gardens," is situated, in accordance with the custom of the Dutch, just outside the Fort in the Pettah. "It is enclosed by a low wall having two gates, one leading into Main street, one of the busiest thoroughfares in Colombo, the other into Keyzer street, in which a fair amount of native traffic is carried on." It is probable that there were no burials in the compound of the Dutch Church in the Fort, except within the area of the church itself, and there is very little ground round Wolvendaal, which superseded it. In the Pettah Burial Ground were interred all Dutch people who did not care to pay the high fees charged for burial within the church, and in the first few years of the British occupation all members of the British community who died within that period. Even after the opening of the Galle Face Cemetery there were burials occasionally of British officers, civil and military, and of their wives and children in the Pettah. It was the burial place of Wolvendaal and of St. Peter's. The Wolvendaal register shows that in Dutch times it was divided into two portions: "*het binnen kerkhof*" for Europeans and "*het buiten kerkhof*" for Christian natives, but the two portions appear to have been in the same enclosure without a dividing wall. The burial ground, which was originally open on all four sides, with a street on each side, has of late years been enclosed by buildings on two sides erected for shops and offices, and it is probable that these encroachments may go further. In fact, a two storey shop has quite recently been erected on the Keyzer street side, which until then had been quite free of buildings.

The following is a continuation of the description of the Pettah Burial Ground, quoted above, from the *Madras Mail* (1902):—

"A few of the monuments are crumbling to pieces; some of the slabs of granite over the remains of British officers are partially sunk out of position and almost covered with weeds and grass. A few of the tombstones, principally of the Dutch, have apparently been removed, for there are gaps here and there, and impressions where some of the smaller stones have been. The Dutch tombstones are of a different kind of granite and less massive than the English ones, and almost square. They seem to be all of one pattern, having the symbol of Time and the emblems of Mortality executed in bas-relief. The headings of the epitaphs generally begin with 'Hier-onder rust' or 'Hier-onder legt.'" I may add here that many of the Dutch memorials are small head stones of the pattern of the Dutch gable, with a seventeenth century air about them, both as to style and lettering. "The inscriptions on several of the English slabs are cut pretty deeply, some to the extent of almost half an inch. To the west there is a fairly extensive portion almost level, and probably at one time covered with graves. Not a single memorial is there to be found to indicate the resting place of the British soldier. Perhaps the wooden crosses and slabs set up at the heads of the graves by loving comrades have long since perished. A few garden flowers grow wild, chiefly the pink oleander, the golden cup, and some straggling and stunted chrysanthemums."

Captain T. A. Anderson, in a note to his poem "The Wanderer in Ceylon," published in 1817, states that "The gallant Captain Hardinge of the *St. Fiorenzo*, who was killed in action with the French Frigate *La Piedmontaise* off Colombo, was buried there together with many officers of rank, such as General Doyle, Colonels Petrie, Bonnevaux, Barbut, Blair, Blakeney, Hunter, Hayter, &c., not to mention many distinguished Admirals and Generals in the earlier periods of the Colony, who did honour to their respective nations." Capt. Hardinge, a younger brother of Lord Hardinge, was killed on 8th March, 1808, towards the end of a three days' engagement with the French frigate in the gulf of Mannar. (See Cotton, p. 45.)

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

There are the tombstones with inscriptions of Colonels Petrie and Barbut and of Major Blair still to be seen, but none of the rest. As Lieutenant-Colonel Hunter died at Trincomalee, Lieutenant-Colonel Hayter at Jaffna, and Lieutenant Blakeney perished in the Kandy massacre, it is curious that they should be interred in the Pettah. Captain Anderson describes the Pettah Burial Ground in the following verses in the same poem (Canto III.), and his note, quoted above, explains the allusions. There is no sign of any "Lusian" tomb in the place, but it may have been originally used as a burial ground by the Portuguese:—

That square with walls encompassed round
Is the colonial burial ground.
How many a restless plotting brain
Its narrow limits now contain !
The mind which fixed upon this spot,
Where human grandeur is forgot,
With rev'rence views the silent scene,
And ponders what each once has been !
Some Lusian warriors here may sleep,
Who boldly plough'd the eastern deep,
And undismay'd by perils bore
The cross to many a pagan shore,
By fierce, but erring zeal impell'd,
Their daring course undaunted held ;
How swift their empire rose and fell
Let history's mournful records tell !
And here those Belgic chiefs repose,
Who tore the laurel from their brows,
Who check'd their rivals' proud career,
And fix'd a rising empire here,
Till conqu'ring Britain won the gem
And fix'd it in her diadem !
Then pause, and in this sober hour,
Behold the emptiness of pow'r ;
How vanished all their regal state,
No ready slaves around them wait,
No sycophants are on the watch,
Each motion, word, or look to catch ;
Ah, no ! the fawning minions run
To worship at the rising sun !

Within that vault's capacious breast
Some patriot chief perhaps may rest,
No crowds now listen to that voice
That bade a sinking land rejoice !
Some beauty, proud of youthful grace,
The kindest heart, the sweetest face,
Whose thrilling glance bade all adore,
Now hears the tender vow no more !
Perchance some bard, whose tuneful lyre
Was richly fraught with heaven's own fire,
How silent all its silver tones,
The lyre its absent lord bemoans !
And some have cross'd the swelling wave,
From poverty's cold grasp to save
A parent or a drooping wife,
And mingling in these scenes of strife,
Indulg'd a hope, their little hoard
Might comfort to their age afford ;
Yet here, away from every friend,
Those cherish'd dreams have found an end.
Others, who at their country's beck,
Have firmly trod the reeking deck,

And 'mid the battle's purple tide
Have on the eastern billow died ;
Some to these distant shores who came
In tented fields to purchase fame,
Who proudly hop'd a name to raise,
That bards might harp in future days ;
But found, too late, these forests yield
No glorious wreath, no hard-fought field !
Disease, the warrior's wily foe,
Has laid their sanguine ardour low ;
And with the coward, and the slave,
They share one undistinguish'd grave !

From all their arduous labours free,
The fathers of this colony
Repose upon this spot of earth,
Far from the land that gave them birth,
And palsied is the head and hand
That bravely fought or wisely plann'd !
These melancholy thoughts impart,
A solace to a wounded heart,
While every gleam of happier hue
Steals like the rainbow from my view,
This weed-grown monumental space
Recalls that dear-lov'd youth's embrace,
Who hail'd with me this distant realm,
While hope and rapture rul'd the helm,
Whose early spring tide, bright and clear,
Gave promise of a fruitful year,
It might have sooth'd his parting breath,
If he had met a soldier's death,
The meed of the distinguish'd few
Who nobly bled at Waterloo !
But here the hapless youth, denied
This guerdon of a warrior's pride,
And on this unfrequented spot
He died unhonor'd and forgot,
Wither'd in manhood's opening prime,
A martyr to a burning clime !
E'en he, a trifer 'mid the throng
Who boast the melody of song,
Who pours this meditative lay
O'er these forgotten mounds of clay,
Pass but a few brief years and then
He slumbers with his fellow men,
And may perchance as widely claim
Some slight memento of his name,
May, far from his paternal halls,
Repose within these very walls,
And not a living soul retain
The memory of his idle strain,
Fled like a summer's morning haze,
That vanishes e'en while we gaze.

"The dear lov'd youth" may have been Lieutenant John Kerr of the 19th, who died at Colombo on January 17, 1803, a brother officer of Captain Anderson's of the same standing ; or Lieutenant Saunders, or Lieutenant Nixon of the same regiment, who died in 1810 ; or Lieutenant John Winn, who died at Colombo the same year, and, I think, was also of the 19th. The other three officers who died at Colombo between 1796, when the regiment arrived in Ceylon, and 1812, when apparently Anderson wrote his poem, were officers of some service.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
252 ..	Dec. 6 1678	Willem Meyer	Hier leyt begraven WILLEM MEYER. Overleden den 6 Xber Ao. 1678. Out synde 60 jaaren. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p 62.)
253 ..	June 18 1680	Catharinna Magnus Brunek	Hier legt begraven CATHARINNA MAGNUS huysvrouw van den Vryborger JOAN JACOB BRUNEK. Begraven den 18 Juny, 1680. Haer ouderdom was 21 jaer en 4 maent en 18 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 35.)

The lettering on this tomb is quaint. It is in high relief. U is used for V everywhere, and all the N's are upside down.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
253 ..	June 18 1680	Catharina Magnus Brunek — <i>contd.</i>	John Jacob Brunek of Worms (Germany) was the Chief Surgeon of the Casteel of Colombo in 1671, when he married Catherinna, born at Colombo, 1659, the daughter of Mattheus Magnus, of Gulick, and Anthonica Ferreira. He appears to have left the service of the Company, as in 1680 he was a "vryburger."
254 ..	Jan. 6 1684	Joan de la Court	.. Hier legt begraven Den. E. Capitain JOAN DE LA COURT van Luyck, out 48 jaren, 10 mndn en 21 daen. Obiit den 6 Jany, Ao. 1684. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 33.) The lettering is finely cut in high relief.
255 ..	June 11 1684	Thomas van Vliet	.. THOMAS VAN VLIET. Obiit 11 Juny, Anno 1684. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVIII., p. 53.) <i>Arms.</i> —The same as those of Joan van Vliet, already blazoned. The inscription is a peculiar style of raised lettering. Thomas van Vliet was born at Tuticorin in 1683, being the son of Joan van Vliet of Schiedam, Chief of Tuticorin, and Maria van Rhee.
256 ..	July 31 1684	Catharina Elisabeth Alstorpf	CATHARINA ELISABETH ALSTORPF geboren tot Colombo den 27 January, Ao. 1683. Obiit ulto. July, 1684. CATHARINA ELISABETH ALSTORPF, born at Colombo on the 27th January, 1683, died 31st July, 1684. Perhaps daughter of Gerrardus Alstorpf of Deventer, Secretary of the <i>Weeskamer</i> (Orphan Chamber), and Christina Groenenburg. They were married at Colombo on January 13, 1677.
257 ..	April 1 1686	Jan Weemayer	.. Hier leyt begraven JAN WEEMAYER in syn leven cruytmaker. Obit den 1 April, Ao. 1686. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVIII., p. 61.) He was the husband of Annetje Jansz Verhaare of Batavia, who married, as widow Weemayer, Hubert van Kranendonk of Rotterdam, "Crugt maker," = powder maker.
258 ..	Jan. 9 1688	Cornelis Gerardsz van Kempen	Hier onder leyt begraven CORNELIS GERARDSZ VAN KEMPEN, geboren tot Amster, anno 1665. Obiit 9 Januarii, 1688.
		Joan Gerardsz van Kempen	Hier onder leyt begraven JOAN GERARDSZ VAN KEMPEN, geboren tot Amster, anno 1665. Obiit 9 Januarii, anno 1688. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 37.) Evidently twin brothers, who died on the same day. There was a Jan van Kempen, Onderkoopman, who was married to Anna de Heyde, and had a son Rutgaert, baptized at Tuticorin, November 11, 1683, by the Rev. Simon Cat. Anna de Heyde was probably the daughter of Rutgaert de Heyde, Commandant of the Madura Coast, and Christina Egger, who were sponsors at the baptism. Anna married (2) John Stafforts, Superintendent of the Cinnamon Department.
259 ..	Jan. 7 1689	Sigismundus Moor	.. Hier rust SIGISMUNDUS MOOR in syn leven vryborgher te deeser steede, out 50 jaaren, overleeden 7 January, 1689. Here rests SIGISMUNDUS MOOR, free burgher of this city, aged 50 years, died 7 January, 1689. Sigismundus Moor was a native of Villach, Carinthia (Germany), and married (1), 1670, Dominga Suarus of Colombo, and (2), 1677, Anna Coningh of Colombo.
260 ..	Feb. 16 1689	Job Goutier	.. Hier leyt begraven den eersamen JOB GOUTIER, in syn leven vryborgher in vicepreses van't civile collegie. Gestorven den 16 Febry, Ao. 1689, out 62 jaaren. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVIII., p. 54.) Job Goutier was a vryman (<i>i.e.</i> , a person not in the Company's service) so early as 1669, when he was living at Colombo. His wife was Andrezia Ferreira. (See No. 267.)

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
261 ..	July 20 1690	Zacharias Kakelaar	<p>.. Hier leyt begraven den E. ZACHARIAS KAKELAAR zalr. in syn leven Koopman en secretaris alhier, gebooren den 18 Maart, 1652, overleden den 20 July, 1690.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 21; vol. XVIII., p. 56.)</p> <p>He married Petronella van Zon.</p>
262 ..	Jan. 25 1691	Rachel Brunek	<p>.. Hier rust de eerbare juffrouw RACHEL BROUWERS, huysvrouw van den Opperschirurgyn des Castls. Colombo, JAN JACOB BRUNEK out 24 jaer 9 maand en 11 dagen, ende overleeden den 25 January, anno 1691.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 57.)</p> <p>Rachel Brouwers or Brouwer was of Amsterdam. Whether she was a relative of Governor-General Hendrik Brouwer (born 1580, died 1643) has not been ascertained. She was the second wife of J. J. Brunek, whom she married on December 27, 1682, at Colombo. (See No. 253.)</p> <p>The Governor-General was the father of Hendrik Brouwer, born at Amsterdam, October 21, 1624, the great jurist.</p>
263 ..	May 3 1694	Maria de Wandel	<p>.. Genes. 49, vers 18. Op Uwe Saligheydt wachte ick Heere. (I have waited for Thy salvation, O Lord.)</p> <p>Hier rust d. eerbaer E. juffrou MARIA GERRETSEN van Colombo, in haer leven huysvrouwe van den schippr. JAN DE WANDEL. Sy is geboren den 12 Juny, 1664. Overleden den 3 May, Ao. 1694. Haer ouderdom 29 jaer 11 maenden 9 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 62.)</p> <p>Jan de Wandel, of Maldegem in East Flanders, north-west of Ghent. He married Maria Gerritsen, widow of Matthys Cornelisz, on January 10, 1683.</p>
264 ..	June 26 1694	Isabella Dier	<p>.. Gen. 49, v. 18. Op Uwe saligheit wagte ik Heere.</p> <p>Hier rust d'eerbare ISABELLA LAMBERTS, geboren tot Colombo, in hare leven huysvrouwe van COENRAAD DIER, Luyt. der Burgery. Overleden 26 Juny, Ao. 1694, out 36 jaaren.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVII., p. 32.)</p> <p>See No. 273.</p> <p>Coenraad Dier was a native of Nuremburg, and married (1) at Colombo, March 18, 1683, Isabella Lamberts, the divorced wife of Willem van Loo. He married (2) at Colombo, January 15, 1696, Anna van Salingen of Colombo, born at Colombo, 1678, daughter of Jan van Salingen, vryburger, and Maria Linds. Anna van Salingen married as widow Dier on August 7, 1707, Albert van Wede of Pulicat, Onderkoopman, and Master of the Mint at Negapatnam. Albert van Wede gave a power of attorney, November 4, 1707, to Jacomina van Wede, widow of Pieter Calendrini, Jan Maartensz, Onderkoopman and Secretaris, Negapatnam, and Wouter van Wede, Assistent, Negapatnam. Albert van Wede's mother was Anna van Wede, then deceased. There was one Albert van Wede of Utrecht, Koopman, Tegenepatnam, born June 28, 1641, died Pulicat, July 28, 1681. (Cotton, p. 19.) One Cornelis van Wede was married to Neeltje Pietersen (died Pulicat, October 1, 1655), daughter of Captain Pieter Huybrechtsen. (Cotton, p. 185.) In the "Monumental Remains of the Dutch East India Company," by Alex. Rea (Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series XXV.), a sketch is given (Plate XV.) of the arms on the tombstone of Neeltje Pietersen. The first quartering of the dexter impalement contains the Van Wede arms, blazoned as follows by Rietslap (Armorial Général):—D'Argent à six fleurs-de-lis de gueules. Cimier deux têtes et cols de heron adossées au naturel. This crest is over the shield on the tombstone. The surtout or inescutcheon contains the arms of the Anthonisz family of Ceylon, allied, according to tradition, to the Maartensz family. Pieter Huybrechtsen was a native of Rotterdam (died Pulicat, March 21, 1669, aged 70</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
264 ..	June 26 1694	Isabella Dier— <i>contd.</i>	.. years). His wife was Assentia Pietersen (died Pulicat, September 11, 1669, aged 68 years). (Rea, Plate XXI.) Jan Maartensz van Suchtelen, Corporal of the Adelborsten (Cadets), married (1) Johanna Maartensz, who died at Pulicat, January 27, 1662, aged 33 years (2 Wapenheraut, 248). His second wife was Gertruida Pietersen, who died at Pulicat, September 6, 1670, aged 28 years. His eldest daughter by the second marriage was Margarita Maartensz (died in Pulicat, January 25, 1685, aged 21 years), wife of Abraham Dormieux. (Rea, Plate VI.)
265 ..	March 5 1695	Maria Toorzee	.. Psal. 63 v. 4. Uwe goedertierenheit is beter dan het leven (). "Thy loving kindness is better than life." Hier rust juffw. MARIA PIECK in haer leven huysvrouwe van J. TOORZEE, Constapel Majoor en ingenieur op Ceylon. In den Heere ontslapen den 5 Maart, 1695, out 28 jaren 9 maanden en 24 dagen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 36.) Her husband was Jan Christiaansz Toorzee of Wiburg in Jutland, whom she married on December 31, 1682, at Colombo. She was born at Gorcum, South Holland.
266 ..	Oct. 22 1695	Thomas Albertus	.. Ter gedagtenis van THOMAS ALBERTUS en syn leven Baas-metselaar. Obyt 22 October, Ao. 1695. <i>Translation.</i> —To the memory of Thomas Albertus, during his life chief mason. Died October 22, 1695. There was a Thomas Albregt of Insbruck, mason, in Colombo in 1684, perhaps the same person.
267 ..	April 16 1697	Quiryn Goutier	.. Hier rust QUIRYN GOUTIER out 29 jaaren. Sterf d. 16 April, Ao. 1697. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVIII., p. 56.) He was son of Johannes Goutier, of Dordrecht, and Andrezia Ferreira, and was baptized at Colombo, March 28, 1669. He married at Colombo, July 10, 1689, Elizabeth Chiap of Colombo. (See No. 260.)
268 ..	Sept. 20 1697	Pasquel de Orta	.. Ter gedagtenisse van PASQUEL DE ORTA, de salig. Sterft den 20 September, 1697, out..... (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 38.) Pasquaal de Orta, Assistent, Colombo, married there, June 24, 1691, Wilhelmina Jansz of Colombo. She married, on February 6, 1701, as widow de Orta, Salomon Riers of Colombo, boekhouder.
269 ..	Jan. 25 1701	Livina Brouwer	.. Hier rust de eerbare juffr. LIVINA JANSZ geboortig van Rotterdam in haar leven weduwe wylen d' eersame GERARDUS BROUWER zalr. in den Heere ontslaapen 25 January, Ao. 1701, out 68 jaren 8 m. en 15 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 35.) This Gerardus Brouwer died before January 4, 1699, and was no doubt a relation of Rachel Brouwer of Amsterdam and Alida Brouwer of Amsterdam, wife of Jan de Haan of Dordrecht, Fiscaal, Colombo, 1677, and thereafter, 1709, wife of Abraham Emans of Amsterdam, Dissave of Jaffna. The Governor-General Mattheus de Haan was born at Dordrecht in 1663, and was the son of Adriaan de Haan (Notary of Dordrecht and afterwards an Onderkoopman in the service of the Dutch East India Company) and Johanna van Wyngaarden. The Governor-General married, <i>circa</i> 1692, Francina Tuwaart. His only child Adriana died at Batavia, July 22, 1727, as the wife of Stephanus Versluys (born in Middelburg, 1691), Governor of Ceylon (1729).
270 ..	Jan. 8 1702	Jacob Pietersz ¹ Loos	.. Hier legt begraven den eersamen JACOB PIETERSZ Loos van Amsterdam in syn leven Baas van's Comps. wapenkamr alhier, geboren den 15n. Febr'y., 1655. Obyt 8n. Jany., anno 1702. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVIII., p. 61.) He was "the chief of the Company's armoury." Jacob Pietersz Loos married at Colombo, on June 1, 1681, Margarita Dirksz de Vries of Colombo.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
271 ..	Jan. 14 1702	Cornelis Hanecop	<p>.. Hier leyt begravn. CORNELIS HANECOP van Jaffnapm. in zyn leven adsißt. ten dienste der E. Comp. Gebooren den 16 Septber, Ao. 1674, en overleden den 14 Janry., 1702.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 60.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, three crescents sable 1. 2.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A crescent as in the arms.</p> <p>Cornelis Hannecop, Chief of Calpentyn, was the husband of Maria Magdalena Cherpentier of Woerden (South Holland, west of Utrecht), who died at Galle, March 25, 1699, as wife of Willem Loquet of Rynbach (Germany, Cologne), her second husband, whom she married on February 17, 1692.</p>
272 ..	Nov. 25 1702	Hendrick Jacob van Toll	<p>.. Hier leyt begraven Mr. HENDRICK JACOB VAN TOLL in syn leven adsisstent in Comps. dienst. Overleden den 25 Novembr., anno 1702.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 60.)</p>
273 ..	July 26 1702	Coenraad Dier	<p>.. Hier onder rust den E. COENRAAT DIER, Capitn. deser stede burglary, Natus Neurenb. 6 Feby., 1655. Obyt. 26 July, Ao. 1702.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 53.)</p> <p>(See No. 264.)</p>
274 ..	Dec. 23 1705	Pieter Roos	<p>.. Hier rust het lyk van de E. PIETER ROOS in syn leven ondercoopmn. presidt. van Weesmeesteren en civilen raad alhier. Overleden den 23en. Xber, Ao. 1705, oud 49 jaaren 10 maanden.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 58.)</p> <p>Pieter Roos was the husband of Joanna Boddens. (See No. 277.)</p>
275 ..	April 28 1707	Rachel Crytsman	<p>.. Hier ondr. rust d'eerbar. Juffw. RACHEL HOGERLINDE huysvw. van den Boeckhoudr. en ontfangr. van's Comps. gerechtigedn. alhier JOHANN CRYTSMAN. Geboorn. den 24 July, Ao. 1684, en overledn. den 28 April, Ao. 1707, out 22 jarn. 9 maanden en 4 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 51.)</p> <p>She was perhaps the daughter of Pieter Willems Hogerlinde of Dordrecht and Anna Hoepels of Colombo. Johann Crytsman, the receiver of the Company's taxes, was a native of Breslau, and married Rachel Hogerlinde on November 6, 1701. She died seven days after the birth of her child, Pieter Ernestus Crytsman.</p>
276	June 7 1708	Joannes Strick	<p>.. Hier onder rust 't leyk van d'E JOANNES STRICK zal. in syn leven onderkoopman en cassier alhier. Geboren in 't jaar 1668, den 15 Septemb. en overleden den 7 Juny, 1708, ond 40 jaren 9 maanden en 25 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 225, 285, 286; vol. XVII., pp. 14, 15, 22, 30, 32; vol. XVIII., p. 63.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, three merlettes sable.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—An ostrich's head argent.</p> <p>He was perhaps the son of Cornelis Strick, Dissave of Colombo, and Abigail Ketelaar, and married Susanna Magdalena Wenkelmen.</p> <p>The date of birth should apparently be 1667, not 1668.</p>
277 ..	June 9 1708	Joanna Roos	<p>.. Hier onder rust 't lyck van d'eerbare juffrouw JOANNA BODDENS, laetste weduwe wylen den ondercoopman PIETER ROOS zaliger. Overleden den 9 Juny., Ao. 1708, oud 44 jaren.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 57.)</p> <p>(See No. 274.)</p>
278 ..	Sept. 21 1709	Joannes Huysman	<p>.. Hier rust den onderkoopm. JOANNES HUYSMAN. Geboren op Jaff. den 25 Feb., 1670. Overl. tot Colombo den 21 Sept., Ao. 1709, oud synde 39 jaren 6 mn. en 26/0.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 59.)</p> <p>He was the son of Marten Huysman of Rotterdam, Director of Bengal, and Magdalena Christelyn. He married a Baroness van Reede (Christina or Margarita).</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
279 ..	June 26 1720	Anna Hoflant	<p>.. Rust plaets van den eerbare juffr. ANNA GEVERTZ van Colo. in haer leven huysvrouw van den assistent PIETER HOFLANT. Overleden den 26 Juny., 1720, oud 29 jaren 5 maanden en 27 dagen.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 52.)</p> <p>There were two persons of the name of Hoflant, who settled in Ceylon from Holland, evidently brothers, viz., Gerrit Hoflant of Amsterdam and Govert Gerritsz Hoflant of Amsterdam. Pieter Hoflant was born at Colombo, and was evidently the son of Gerrit Hoflant, who married at Colombo, December 1, 1680, Wilhelmina Cloppenburg of Zwolle, as he names his eldest son, who was baptized at Colombo, April 28, 1709, Gerrit, no doubt after the child's grandfather—the usual practice with the Dutch. Pieter Hoflant was married to Anna Gevertsz at Colombo, December 4, 1707.</p>
280 ..	June 16 1721	Otilia Brummer	<p>.. Hier rust de eerbaare juffr. OTILIA BORMAN zalr. geweese huysvrouw van den boeckhouder Sr. DIRCK BRUMMER, Gebooren op Colombo den 4 September, Ao. 1700, den 16n. Juny., Ao. 1721, in den Heere ontslaepen.</p>
	Oct. 9 1721	Dirck Antony Brommer	<p>.. Hiermede rust DIRCK ANTONY BROMMER soontje van den boeckhouder DIRCK BROMMER en OTILIA BORMAN. Geborn. d. 29 M. 1721, dn. 9 October, in dn. Heere ontslaepen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 59.)</p> <p>“Brommer” is the older form of spelling.</p> <p>Dirk Brummer of Bremen was married to Otilia Borman (Borremans) at Colombo, May 22, 1718. She was the daughter of Antony Borremans of Keulen, vryburger, and Gertruida Cornelis van der Piette (marriage, Colombo, June 26, 1694).</p> <p>Dirk Brummer and Otilia Borremans had a son, Theodorus Antony, baptized at Colombo, June 1, 1721. This must be the same child as Dirk Antony referred to in the epitaph.</p>
281 ..	June 28 1721	Dominca Hals	<p>.. Hier leyt begraven de eerbare juf. DOMINCA SUARUS, waarde huysvrouw van den E. JACOB HALS, Burger, Capit. deser stede Colombo. Obyt den 28 Juny, Ao. 1721, oud 40 jaren 9 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 55.)</p>
282 ..	1728	Johanna Maria Albinus	<p>.. Hier onder rust JOHANNA MARIA TOORZEE in haer leven waarde huysvrouw van den ondercoopm. WILLEM BERNARD ALBINUS, geboren tot Batavia den 17 July, Ao. 1707, overleden Ao. 1728, out 21 jaren 5 maanden en 16 dagen.</p> <p>Here rests JOHANNA MARIA TOORZEE, in her life-time the beloved wife of the onderkoopman WILLEM BERNARD ALBINUS, born in Batavia on the 17 July, 1707, died 1728, aged 21 years 5 months and 16 days.</p> <p>Johanna Maria Toorzee was the daughter of Johan Christiaan Toorzee, of Wiburg in Jutland, Constapel-Majoor, by his second wife Sibilla Rex of Matara. (See No. 265.)</p> <p>She married William Albinus, at Colombo, on March 4, 1725.</p> <p>Willem Bernard Albinus of Leyden, onderkoopman, arrived in the Indies on the the ship <i>Jacoba</i>, was afterwards Governor of Malacca, and Johanna Maria Toorzee was his first wife. He married (2) at Colombo on May 14, 1730, Maria Henrietta van de Parra, sister of the Governor-General, and (3) at Batavia, on June 17, 1750, as retired Governor of Malacca, Adriana d'A'bleing of Batavia, widow of John Herman Theiling, Raad-ordinair.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVII., pp. 15, 36.)</p>
283 ..	Oct. 24 1737	Joan Pieter Clop	<p>.. Hier onder rust de E. JOAN PIETER CLOP van Solingen in syn leeven luitenant van de Honorabile Militier en gebooren den 1 Augusto, anno 1700. Overleeden den 24 October, anno 1737, oud 37 jaaren 2 maanden en 23 daagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVII., p. 32.)</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
283 ..	Oct. 24 1737	Joan Pieter Clop— <i>contd.</i> ..	<i>Arms.</i> —Argent, on a bend, between two lions rampant, three besants.... <i>Crest.</i> —A bust of a man holding in his dexter hand a mallet and in his sinister a sabre.
284 ..	Oct. 13 1740	Anike Fockes ..	Hier leggen begraven ANIKE FOCKES in syn leven Baas der Scheepstimmerlieden alhier. Overleden den 13 October, anno 1740, en desselfs oudste dogter JOHANNA ISABELLA FOCKES huysvrouw van den Chirurghynmajoor te Gale JAN WILLEM NIEPER. Hier overleeden den 13 July, Ao. 1754.
	July 13 1754	Johanna Isabella Nieper ..	(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 55.) Anika (Aucke) Fockes was a native of Amsterdam, and married at Colombo, May 31, 1722, Catherina van Laten of Colombo, daughter of Gerrit Janisz van Laten, of Embden, and Isabella Pietersz. Jan Willem Nieper was a native of Verden, Westphalia, and married Johanna Isabella. He was head of the ships' carpenters. "Chief of the ship and house carpenters" was a well known officer under the Dutch Company, equivalent, I am told, to a Provincial Engineer of the Public Works Department. "Scheepstimmerman" was a subordinate officer. The word "Baas" has been taken into the Sinhalese language. It has been suggested that it is the same as the English-American word "Boss." The use of it by the Dutch as an equivalent for "chief" is apparently peculiar to Ceylon. (See No. 270.)
528 ..	Oct. 3 1786	Susanna Petronella Charlotte Sluysken ..	Hier onder rust S. P. C. MEDELER, huysvrouw van den Colombose Hoofd Administrateur P. SLUYSKEN, ond 40 jaaren 2 maanden en 6 daagen. Gebooren den 28 July, 1746. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 36.) She married Pieter Sluysken of Amsterdam, at Galle, on July 17, 1763. She was daughter of Major Jan Hendrik Medeler of Braeckel (Brenhelen ?), who married on November 4, 1741, at Colombo, Gertuida Augustin of Batavia, widow.
286 ..	Aug. 25 1796	George Petrie ..	.. Sacred to the memory of GEORGE PETRIE, Esq., a Lieutenant-Colonel in the British Army and Commandant of this Garrison, who died the 25th day of August, 1796, in the 45th year of his age. During 33 years of constant and often the most arduous service, he was equally distinguished as an officer and a man of honour. Memoriæ Sacrum GEORGE PETRIE, armigeri Britannico in Exercitu chiliarchi, hujusce necnon arcis præfecti qui die 25 Mensis Augusti, anno domini 1796, ætatisque suæ 45 obiit. Qui in rebus arduis per triginta et tres annos et civis et ducis muneribus rite functus eximie laudis præmium et meruit et retulit. An obelisk with a marble tablet in front and at the back, enclosed by a stone wall. "Columbo was particularly unfortunate in the loss of its three first governors after it came into our hands, all in the space of one year. The first was Colonel Petrie of the Seventy-seventh regiment." (Percival, p. 110.) The early age at which he entered the King's service is noticeable. Lieutenant-Colonel Barbut joined at 15. (See No. 296.) The 77th was at the capture of Colombo in February, 1796. Lieutenant-Colonel Petrie besieged and captured Cochín in 1795. (See Cotton, p. 264.)
287 ..	March 13 1800	John Ewart ..	.. JOHN EWART, M.D., Physician-General to His Majesty's troops in India, and Inspector-General of Hospitals in Ceylon. Died 13th March, MDCCC., aged XXXV. years. A splendid slab, a species of hornblende, the letters being deeply cut and perfectly chiselled. When Governor North arrived in October, 1798, he found Dr. John Briggs, of the Madras Establishment, Head Surgeon of the Island. He was replaced by Dr. Ewart.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
287 ..	March 13 1800	John Ewart— <i>contd.</i>	<p>.. Dr. Ewart was appointed Physician-General in Ceylon about June, 1798, and he came out armed with regulations for Ceylon hospitals, but Governor North assured him that he "would not allow changes in Military departments without highest order," so he informs the Secretary of State. Dr. Ewart began his short Ceylon career by attempting reforms in the direction of promoting temperance among the troops by writing to Lord Mornington, under date May 6, 1799, on the subject of the bad health of the soldiery because of the too great facility in getting spirits. "My plan was to give good pay to commandants and staff officers for preventing their family or men from bribing them for permission to get liquor, and to allow the arrack renter only one shop in each garrison town, and to subject that shop to the Commandant and Town Major to destroy adulterated liquor, and raising the retail price to 20 fanams per gallon. I intended to import cheap white Cape wine, but could not close with the merchants." He wrote on May 6, 1799: "As it refers directly to the Military, I forward copy of this letter to Sir Alured Clarke. I have seen hospital returns of India and Ceylon for nine months. The majority of serious diseases and the mortality among troops have proceeded directly from unrestrained excess of arrack and toddy, which have been rendered more pernicious by the infusions of poisonous herbs. I have received voluminous complaints from Surgeons from all India. Our soldiers in foreign service have received, and now consider it a right, liquor <i>gratis</i>. Officers get emoluments from its sale to troops. Smuggling takes place."</p> <p>Governor North was annoyed at Ewart's writing direct to the Secretary of State, instead of "through the Lieut.-Governor, who is now the representative of supreme power in Ceylon," and what happened to Dr. Ewart's schemes of reform does not appear. He had trouble, too, with one of his subordinates. In November, 1799, he charged Surgeon Thomas Clarke of the 19th Regiment with disobedience of orders. Clarke was placed under arrest by General De Meuron, Commanding the Forces in Ceylon, but was "allowed to leave for Europe owing to the state of his mind."</p> <p>North was, as we have seen already, pre-disposed against Ewart, and a difference on the question of court-martials gave rise to further friction and to the following ebullition on the part of the Governor:—"That Prince of Idiots, Dr. Ewart, storms against my proclamation which deprives him of his birth-right, which he states is neither Trial by Jury nor <i>Habeas Corpus</i>, but Court-Martial." But they were reconciled before Dr. Ewart's death, as the Governor records on March 16, 1800: "Dr. Ewart died of a violent fever; we were reconciled the day before his death." (Wellesley MSS. in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., pp. 223, 230, 247, 253, 286.)</p>
288 ..	Feb. 1 1801	Dugald Campbell	<p>.. Captain DUGALD CAMPBELL, H. M.'s 88th Regiment. Son of Major-General D. CAMPBELL, Honourable E. I. Co.'s Service. Obiit 1 Feb., 1801, æ. s. XIX.</p> <p>A slab of black granite in a good state of preservation. Possibly it is "85th Regiment." General Dugald Campbell succeeded General Stewart as Commander-in-chief of the Forces of the Madras Presidency on December 12, 1804. He married Miss Elizabeth Mackay, at Madras, July 31, 1777.</p>
289 ..	July 31 1801	Richard Williams	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of RICHARD WILLIAMS, who died on the 31st day of July, 1801, aged 45 years, and of ROSE, his wife, who departed this life on the 3rd February, 1820, at the age of 62 years. Both distinguished for their parental tenderness and social virtues.</p>
	Feb. 3 1820	Rose Williams	<p>In life beloved and in death deplored.</p> <p>A Miss Anna Williams married Michael Loughlin (see No. 184, and Cotton, p. 181) at Colombo, January 23, 1803, and a Miss Elizabeth Williams married at Colombo, January 25, 1804, Austin Flower, who was appointed on April 13, 1803, Sitting Magistrate for the Pettah of Colombo, and combined with this office</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
289 ..	July 31 1801, &c.	Richard Williams— <i>contd.</i> ..	that of Private Secretary to the Puisne Judge, Edmund Henry Lushington. They had a son, born December 19, 1804. There was a "Lieutenant J. Loughlin" in the Ceylon Regiment, who proceeded to England for a year on March 22, 1804. He may have been a relative of Michael's. J. Parker was gazetted Lieutenant, " <i>vice</i> Loughlin, deceased," September 5, 1805. "Lieut. John Loughlin" died in 1803 at Poonamallee. (See Cotton, p. 181.)
290 ..	Feb. 11 1803	Catharina Elizabeth Reckerman	Hier rust CATHARINA ELIZABETH WOLFF, huisvrouw vanden Heer J. H. RECKERMAN. Gebooren den 21ste Maart, 1773, en overleeden den 11ste February, 1803. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 58.) Jan Hendrik Reckerman was for years Fiscal at Colombo under the British Government. He was a son of Jan Hendrik Reckerman of Onna (Onnaing ?, France), vaandrig (ensign), and Cornelia Merciana Franchimont. Catherine Elizabeth Wolff was a daughter of Jan Sebastian Wolff, of Amsterdam, and of Anna Cornelia Lensz. Her first husband was Hendrik Willem Francke.
291 ..	April 5 1803	Willim Ollenranshaw ..	Sacred to the memory of WM. OLLENRANSHAW, late Lieut. in H. M. 65th Regt., who died on the 5th day of April, 1803, aged 25 years. A detachment of the 65th or 2nd Yorkshire North Riding Regiment, now the 1st Battalion York and Lancaster Regiment, arrived in Ceylon on November 2, 1802, from the Cape, and left for India at the end of 1803. It seems to have been but a small detachment, and in August, 1803, the only officers of the 65th in Ceylon were Lieutenant-Colonel George Maddison, who succeeded Lieutenant-Colonel Robertson as Commandant of Colombo in June of that year, and Lieutenants Thomas Watson and Philip de Lisle. On the despatch of the army to Kandy in 1803 Lieutenant Ollenranshaw was sent up to superintend the forwarding of stores from Fort Frederic at Kotadeniyawa, but "the endemial fever occasioned by the noxious climate soon proved fatal." Like Lieutenant Patrick Campbell, whom he succeeded, he had been "selected on account of his talents and merit to an office of great trust and importance." (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 192.)
292 ..	April 8 1803	Abraham Robinson ..	Sacred to the memory of ABRAHAM ROBINSON, late Lieutenant and Adjutant of H. M. 51st Regt., who died on the 8th of April, 1803, aged 40 years. Captain Percival, in his diary of March 14, 1800, <i>en route</i> with General Macdowal's embassy to Kandy, says: "From Colombo we learnt that the 51st Regiment from Madras had arrived there and disembarked in order to form part of the garrison." The 51st, or 2nd Yorkshire (West Riding Regiment), served in Ceylon from 1800 to 1807, and lost many officers and men during the period, especially in the Kandyan war of 1803. "On the 6th of April a detachment of sick which had left Candy on the 1st arrived in Colombo. In this party was Lieutenant and Adjutant Abraham Robinson of the 51st and Lieutenant Arthur Johnston of the 19th. The former expired the following day; the latter went to sea and recovered" (to be afterwards the hero of the retreat from Kandy in 1804). (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 198.) Lieutenant Robinson had also been Fort Adjutant of Colombo before leaving with General Macdowal's forces for Kandy. "On the 11th of April 400 men of the 51st Regiment appeared under arms at Colombo on their arrival from Kandy. In little more than two months three hundred of them were buried, having laid the foundation of disease in the interior." (Captain Johnston's "Narrative," pp. 90-1.) Lieutenant Robinson's widow, Elizabeth, married at Colombo, March 30, 1805, Quartermaster Thomas Taylor of the Caffre Corps, who died at Trincomalee in 1814. In October, 1816, No. 2, York street, belonging to her, is advertised in the <i>Gazette</i> for sale.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
293 ..	May 3 1803	.. Ann Young	.. Sacred to the memory of Mrs. ANN YOUNG, wife of Lieut. and Adjutant YOUNG, H. M. 65th Regt., who died 3rd May, 1803, aged 26 years. Lieutenant John Young was Quartermaster of the detachment of the 65th at Colombo from December 28, 1802, and was appointed Adjutant on February 23, 1803.
294 ..	May 5 1803	.. Edward Bullock	.. Sacred to the memory of EDWARD BULLOCK, late Captain in H. M. 65th Regt., died 5th May, 1803, aged 37 years. The <i>Gazette</i> of May 11, 1803, gives the date of his death as "Wednesday, the 4th instant." On March 13 he was sent with fifty men of the Grenadier Company of the 65th and fifty Sepoys of the Ceylon Native Infantry to Katadenia (Kotadeniyawa) <i>via</i> Negombo to relieve that post. He was there joined by another twenty-five men of the Grenadier Company. "Every individual of the party was seized with the fever, one after another, and sent down in boats to Colombo; and at the end of three weeks Captain Bullock was the only European remaining at Fort Frederic. He had received instructions to remove the stores by the river and canal to Negombo, as it had been determined to destroy and abandon this post, on account of the extreme unhealthiness of the station. He exerted himself with great spirit, and fell a sacrifice to the service; and at the end of one month from the commencement of his march, Lieut. Hutchins and two privates were the only persons of the party who remained alive. This officer recovered by going immediately to sea, a total change of air being one of the most successful remedies for this dreadful malady. The sufferers of the 65th Regiment were all picked men, about six feet high, and from eighteen to twenty-three years of age; they had only landed from the Cape of Good Hope on the 2nd November, 1802. The disease from which they suffered resembled in its symptoms the yellow-fever of the West Indies, and in general it baffled the skill of the physicians, and resisted the power of medicine." (Cordiner, vol. II., pp. 193-4.) See also Captain Johnston in his "Narrative," p. 90. The site of the fort is now a teak plantation, with a Public Works Department circuit bungalow in the middle of it, on the road from Negombo to Giriulla, 18 miles from the former. It is feverish at certain times of the year. This was the second officer lost by the detachment of the 65th on service at Colombo in April-May, 1803. (See No. 291.)
295 ..	May 15 1803	.. David Blair	.. Sacred to the memory of Major DAVID BLAIR of the Honourable the East India Company's Service, Aide-de-camp to His Excellency the Honourable Frederick North, Governor of Ceylon, Commissary General of Grain and Provisions on that Island. He died the 15th of May, 1803, aged 41 years. A stone similar to Dr. Ewart's (No. 287) and cut equally well, both material and workmanship being far superior to the slabs found in modern cemeteries. Captain Blair belonged to the 1st Madras Native Infantry, and was A.D.C. to Governor North in September, 1799. He joined the force which was being organized to operate against the King of Kandy on February 1, 1803. He was also "Barrack-Master General on Ceylon." Captain Anderson wrote some verses "On the Death of Major Blair," which are contained in his book of "Poems written Chiefly in India," which he published in 1809. These verses are described by him as "Written during a Time of Great Mortality from the Jungle Fever," and are as follows :— "Is not the tyrant weary yet? And must another blow Fill every bosom with regret, And lay the worthy low?"

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
295 ..	May 15 1803	.. David Blair— <i>contd.</i>	..
			<p>Oh, how the king of terrors must Exult in such a prize ! Since he has level'd in the dust The virtuous and the wise ! If upright conduct, spotless mind, Integrity severe ; If honour, worth, and truth combin'd, May claim an honest tear ! Then we may surely weep for Blair, Since Death's unerring dart, Which never yet did mortal spare, Ne'er pierc'd a nobler heart ! To soothe our sorrows here below Heaven sometimes deigns to send, The richest gift it can bestow, An ever-faithful friend ! When suddenly that friend is torn From our admiring eyes, In bitterness of soul we mourn The loss of such a prize ! ”</p>
296 ..	May 21 1803	.. Burton Gage Barbut	..
			<p>Sacred to the memory of BURTON GAGE BARBUT, Esquire, late Colonel in His Maj's Service, who departed this life on the 21st May, 1803, in the 44th year of his Age, 29 of which he had passed in the Service of the King.</p> <p>A fine stone slab, about 8 ft. by 4 ft., with the letter- ing deeply cut in a flowing hand.</p> <p>He came over with the 73rd Regiment, which had covered itself with glory at Seringapatam, and was engaged with the 71st and 72nd in the capture, successively, of Trincomalee, Point Pedro, Jaffna, Mannar, and Calpenty, in August–November, 1795. In December of the year he was Commandant at Jaffna. He was present at the capture of Colombo in February, 1796, when he commanded the flank companies of his regiment, which, according to Captain Percival, “ were foremost in giving the Malay Troops fighting for the Dutch such a warm reception that they soon retired very precipitately with great loss ” (pp. 91–2). After this he appears to have been on the coast until June, when on the 17th, at Arnee he married Miss Eliza Nixon, and he then returned to Jaffna as Major and Commandant. From January to July, 1797, he was again at the coast, engaged part of the time in seeing about a stallion and brood mares for Delft. In October he was appointed “ Superintendent of the Company's Stud at Delft and Two Brothers ” (Iranaittivu), and in the following February “ Collec- tor of the Revenue and District of Jaffnapatam,” on the death of the first “ Resident and Superintendent of Revenue.” He became Lieutenant-Colonel in July. He was again at the coast in February, 1799. On September 25 he was appointed, with Captain T. W. Kerr and Lieutenant J. Young, on a commission “ for settling the Districts of Batticaloa, the Wanniya, &c.,” and during November he visited Cundaatje, Mannar, and Calpenty, and in February, 1800, Mullaittivu and Batticaloa, no doubt on work connected with this com- mission. He was also Deputy Quartermaster-General. The 73rd was then at Poonamalle. In April, 1800, he was at Mannar. On May 5 the commission made its report and was dissolved. He paid a fourth visit to the coast in February, 1801, returning on February 28, and on March 27 we find him urging on Govern- ment “ the necessity of the Civil Architect constructing new tanks in the Wanny,” and undertaking to trans- mit an account of the old tanks which may stand in need of repair. At the same time he instructs the Civil Architect that “ new tanks are to be made at every stage from Werteltivu to Kokalay, the whole of that distance being without water. The repair of the old tanks is to be commenced hereafter.” (The Civil Architect was Lieutenant Richard John Cotgrave, R.E.) In April he was at Arippu engaged with the Pearl Fishery. On July 12, 1802, he is encamped “ at the Dam on the Mossalie ” (Musali), and is writing to Government on the subject of the regulations for the management of Government forests, which had been</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
296	May 21 1803	Burton Gage Barbut— <i>contd.</i>	<p>issued in December by the Board of Revenue, and which he criticises. The cost of the establishment which it will be necessary to maintain will be greater than the revenue which will be derived from the sale of timber, and it will be difficult to find suitable natives for the office of "Muhandiram of the Woods." He advocates the export of timber, which should pay duty at 30 per cent., and not the entire prohibition of the felling of timber. He had proved himself a useful revenue officer, and Governor North in one of his despatches speaks of "his assiduity, firmness, zeal, and success," and on February 18, 1801, the title of his office was changed to "Commissioner Extraordinary of Revenue and Commerce for the Northern Districts," which included the Wannai, Puttalam and Calpenty, Trincomalee and Batticaloa. When the expedition against Kandy was organized at the beginning of 1803, he was entrusted with the command of a force consisting of one company of the Madras Artillery, five companies of the 19th, the greater portion of the Malay Regiment, and a complement of lascars and pioneers, which was to proceed to Kandy from Trincomalee. Accordingly he left Jaffna for Trincomalee on January 14, marched from Trincomalee on February 4, was at Allettavely on the 9th, Minneri on the 12th, "Gonavie" on the 13th, and on the 14th at "Dalovoy," and expected to reach Nalanda where "the Dissave of Matola" was supposed to be posted in force. There is no record, however, of any resistance, and on February 20 he reached Watapuluwa, on the opposite bank of the Mahaweli-ganga, and joined General Macdowal. Kandy was occupied on the 21st. With the Malay Regiment he met "the Rajah Moottoo Swamy" on the 22nd, and proceeded to Kandy on the 24th or 25th. At Minneri he had given orders for "the Candian Prince Moottoo Swamy" to be sent to Candely* lake under the charge of Captain von Drieberg. He is to be taken into Trincomalee with the guard, if necessary. Captain T. A. Anderson was one of the officers of the 19th who took part in this expedition, and his diary is printed at the end of some of the copies of his "Poems written Chiefly in India." On March 3 Barbut left Kandy with General Macdowal. On March 31 he was appointed "Commissioner Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from Government to the Court of Kandy." Macdowal returned with his forces to Colombo, and Barbut proceeded to Dambadeniya with Governor North, which they reached on May 1. On the 4th he contracted fever there and returned to Colombo on the 8th, dying a fortnight later. It is said that at Dambadeniya he discovered a plot against North by the Kandyans, which he frustrated by getting him to return to Colombo. There is no doubt that he was a very able officer both in his military and in his civil capacity. Percival refers to the many improvements introduced by him into the Northern Districts. "His conduct has rendered him equally esteemed by his countrymen and the natives," and Governor North said of him, as early as 1799, writing at "Arippe, September 3, 1799: "Barbut is the only good Collector, but he is alas not a Company's servant. Proved his integrity after examination of a million of malicious petitions against him." (Wellesley MSS., <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 254.) From which it appears that the malicious petition flourished then, as it does now, in the Island. Mrs. Barbut had left for Europe by the <i>Bengal</i> in the preceding December. The executors of his estate were Sir Eccles Nixon, Major-General in the Company's Service, who, no doubt, was his father-in-law, Captain Thomas William Kerr of the Ceylon Regiment, Captain John Campbell (of the 73rd), and Mrs. Elizabeth Barbut. He had 200 lachams or about 8½ acres of land at Ilpecarwe (Iluppaikadavai), in the Mannar District, and the executors were granted a lease of it for 96 years "in consideration of the labour and expense in clearing and rendering it fit for cultivation,</p>

* Kantalai tank, 24 miles from Trincomalee.

Pettah Burial Ground—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
296 ..	May 21 1803	.. Burton Gage Barbut—contd. ..	which the late Colonel Barbut was at." Lusignan, who had succeeded him as Collector, applied after his death, in 1803, for leave "to purchase a part of the late Colonel Barbut's garden of 200 lachams survey extent for 2,012 rix-dollars 1 fanam," but evidently this was not allowed. The following fact is interesting in this connection: In 1905 I was at Iluppaikkadavai and met a youth called Joseph Barbut, who was the last of that name in the village. He was to all appearance a Tamil. The lands which were originally Colonel Barbut's are called Pallanarikamam and Pallavachchikamam, but this youth had no possession of them. This part of Iluppaikkadavai was colonized by Portuguese and other European descendants, who have still such names as Leanders, Spek, Mackintyre, &c., but are to all intents and purposes now Tamils. This has given its name to the river close by, which is locally called "the Paranki-arū." The lease expired in 1900, but I am sure no one in Ceylon besides myself knew of its existence. Barbut was assisted in his charge of the Northern Districts by Frederic Gahagan, a Madras civilian, who acted for him during his absences at the coast, and who, we learn from the Wellesley MS., was his cousin. Gahagan was appointed Acting Collector of Jaffna, March 29, 1799; Assistant Collector at Jaffna, October 29, 1799. He returned to Madras on October 11, 1801, and died at Nellore, May 19, 1815. (Cotton, p. 275.)
297 ..	Aug. 7 1803	.. Christianus Camp ..	.. Geheiligd ter gedachtenis van den weleerw. en zeer gel, Heer CHRISTIANUS CAMP in zyn Eerw. leeven S. S. Th. Min. Cand. te Colombo. Geb. te Amsterdam den 20 Maart, 1745. Overleeden den 7 Augs., 1803, in den ouderdom van 58 jaaren 4 m. en 28 d. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 34.) He married Catherina Bosch of Amsterdam.
298 ..	1803	.. Jfr. Const ..	.. JFR. CONST. (Juffrouw Const.) This refers, no doubt, to Maria Elizabeth Lochveld, the wife of Severinus Kunst (Konst) of Stockholm, the daughter, perhaps, of Jan Hendrick Lochveld of Maagdenburg, Kwartier meester, Colombo.
299 ..	April 16 1804	.. Robert Riddel ..	.. ROBERT RIDDEL, late Lieutenant and Adjutant, His Majesty's Caffre Corps, who departed this life April 16th, 1804, aged 44 years. His monument has apparently disappeared since 1902, when a copy of the inscription appeared, among others from the Pettah burial ground, in an article contributed to the <i>Madras Mail</i> . In June, 1802, he was at Matara in command, as an Ensign of the Matara Independent Company. He accompanied Captain Beaver's force from Matara to the relief of Tangalla Fort, besieged by Kandyans, which force arrived there on May 28, 1803. He was left there with a considerable force of Europeans and Sepoys. He was thanked for his assistance on this occasion by Captain Beaver. Mr. John D'Oyly was with Captain Beaver as a volunteer, and was also thanked. On September 10 Ensign Riddell marched from Tangalla to Hambantota, arriving there next day. He found the garrison there under Ensign Pendergast in a state of blockade from August 23. The Kandyans were repulsed, and Ensign Pendergast thanked. Ensign Riddel was transferred from the Matara Independent Company to the Caffre Corps on November 5, no doubt as a reward for his services. His only daughter, Caroline, married at Colombo, June 16, 1812, Worthington Thomas Gylby, Assistant Surgeon, 4th Ceylon Regiment (the Caffre Corps), to which post he had been appointed from the rank of Hospital Mate, August 30, 1810. The name is found spelt "Riddel" and "Riddell." Judging from their ages, Lieutenant Riddel and Adjutant Robinson (No. 292) had risen from the ranks.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
300 ..	Nov. 8 1807	.. Child of John Wilson	<p>.. Hic manent iterum revivescere reliquæ infantis filiæ Chiliarchi JOANNIS WILSON, Q.M.G., Quæ non ad hunc mundum, ad gloriam autem et cæli beatitudinem nata prima die vitæ mortalis perit.</p> <p>Novembris octava A.D. MDCCCVII.</p> <p>An infant daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel John Wilson, who was appointed Deputy Quartermaster-General in Ceylon, July 25, 1805, from the half pay of the 5th Garrison Battalion, and arrived with his wife, Mrs. Margaret Wilson, in the <i>Windham</i>, which also brought the new Governor, Sir Thomas Maitland. He was afterwards Colonel of the 4th Ceylon, and Brigadier-General in Ceylon (November 23, 1810). He administered the Government as Lieutenant-Governor from the departure of Sir T. Maitland to the arrival of General Brownrigg, March 19, 1811, to March 10, 1812.</p>
301 ..	1806 1808	.. North Wemyss Twisleton Caroline Twisleton	<p>.. NORTH WEMYSS, died 1806, and CAROLINE, who died in 1808, two infant children of the Hon. and Revd. T. J. TWISLETON and ANNA, his Wife.</p> <p>Vitæ summa brevis, his brevissima !</p> <p>(See No. 13.)</p> <p>The boy was called after the Governor, the Hon. Frederick North, and the Major-General at Colombo, David Douglas Wemyss, 1804-5.</p>
302 ..	Aug. 31 1809	.. Lewis Gibson	<p>.. Here lie the remains of LEWIS GIBSON, infant son of LEWIS and CAROLINE GIBSON. Born 19th and died the 31st August, 1809.</p> <p>Lewis Gibson was a brother of William Carmichael Gibson, and was Agent of Revenue at Matara under George Gregory of the East India Company's Service, who was successively Collector of Revenue at Galle and Colombo in 1799-1801. Later Gibson was Deputy Paymaster and Garrison Storekeeper at Galle, and retired January 1, 1814. He married at Galle on November 20, 1806, Caroline Bethia Layard, sister of Charles Edward Layard (see No. 47). The marriage was celebrated by the Rev. W. H. Heywood on special license from the Governor, Sir Thomas Maitland, who was himself present. The register containing the entry of this marriage was lost at sea with the Rev. W. H. Heywood in 1809 (p. 1), and in consequence James Maitland made affidavit before the Rev. T. J. Twisleton, as J. P. and Sitting Magistrate, in 1812, that he had been present at the marriage, and Twisleton certified that he had seen the original entry. This James Maitland was probably Sir Thomas Maitland's "Clerk." He had a clerk of that name, but there was another James Maitland in the Civil Service, who was, in 1806, Assistant to the Accountant-General. Lewis Gibson was the father of William Charles Gibson and Thomas Lewis Gibson of the Civil Service (see No. 147).</p>
303 ..	Sept. 23 1809	.. Arnoldina Johanna Laughton	<p>Sacred to the Memory of ARNOLDINA JOHANNA DE LY, wife of GEORGE LAUGHTON, Esq., Master Attendant of this port, who died 23rd Sept., 1809, in the 27th year of her age, leaving a disconsolate husband, who with three children, together with her aged parents, has to deplore the loss of the most affectionate of Wives, the tenderest of Mothers, the most dutiful of Daughters, and, from a life of unaffected piety, virtue, and benevolence, was deeply regretted by all who knew her.</p> <p>The Wolvendaal register records the burial on September 24 of "De Housvrouw Van den Engelsche Compagnye Meester Lotten." Her sister, Dorothea Agatha, married (1) Captain J. W. Young, R.N., (2)</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
303 ..	Sept. 23 1809	.. Arnoldina Johanna Laughton—<i>contd.</i>	Captain Edward Lockyer, 19th Regiment. They were daughters of Andreas Edwardus de Ly, Onderkoopman of Galle. Mrs. Laughton had a son at Colombo, Aug. 28, 1804. G. Laughton married (2) at Colombo, eight months after the death of his first wife, Elizabeth, widow of Major Hilliard, 89th Regiment, who had died at Colombo on April 29, 1811. "Captain George Laughton" was a merchant in Jaffna in 1802, trading in tobacco, and with the Hon. George Turnour, also a Jaffna merchant at the time, and two Dutchmen, Messrs. Verwyck and Kroon, signed a memorial to the Board of Revenue asking for certain concessions, which was unsuccessful. In May, 1800, he was acting as Master Attendant, Colombo; in October of the same year he was Customs Master there; a year later he was acting in a similar capacity at Galle, and it was during this period, no doubt, that he contracted his first marriage. He was again acting as Master Attendant at Colombo in December, 1802. In 1803 he was Acting Commissioner of Grain and Provisions. He retired as Master Attendant, Colombo, January 1, 1814, and was living up to 1839 or 1840. His name disappears from the "Ceylon Almanac" in 1841.
304 ..	March 29 1811	.. Seraphina Sansony	.. Geheyligd ter gedagtenis van SERAPHINA SANSONY. Gebooren den 9 Decembr., 1801. Overleeden 29th Maart, 1811, oud 9 jaaren 3 maanden en 20 dagen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 53.) She was the daughter of Dr. Joseph Sansony and Johanna Dorothea Julia Wilhelmina Schorer, widow of Samuel Pieter Foenander of Calmar in Sweden, and daughter of Jan Willem Schorer of Middleburg, Chief of Trincomalee, by his second wife Juliana Cornelia Lebeck.
305 ..	June 4 1811	.. Abraham Gordon	.. Sacred to the memory of ABRAHAM GORDON, late of His Majesty's Ordnance, who died June 4, 1811. His widow Susanna married, six months after his death, J. O. Thibeando, also of the Ordnance (see No. 314). The latter was one of the administrators of his estate.
306 ..	Sept. 23 1811	.. Barbara Theodora de Jong	Sacred to the memory of BARBARA THEODORA HINC-KEL, wife of C. A. DE JONG, who died on the 23rd September, 1811, aged 19 years. Barbara Theodora Hinckel was the first wife of Casparus Adrianus de Jong, the son of Barent de Jong, boekhouder, and Helena Petronella Witz. Barbara Theodora Hinckel was no doubt the daughter of George Philip Hinckel of Marsenheim and Anna Maria Handel of Colombo.
307 ..	Dec. 12 1811	.. James Scratchley	.. JAMES, infant son of JAMES and MARIA SCRATCH-LEY. He departed this life the 12th December, 1811, aged 13 days. James Scratchley was Assistant Surgeon, R.A., Colombo, 1806, and subsequently Surgeon of the "Troop of Light Dragoons" at Colombo (1814-1818). He was a son of James Scratchley of Winterslow near Salisbury, an officer in the Army, and was at Harrow School at the same time as Lord Palmerston, with whom he made a life-long friendship. He married at Colombo, July 18, 1810, Maria Roberts, a daughter of Lieutenant C. W. L. Roberts, 2nd Ceylon Regiment. She had a daughter born at Colombo on January 13, 1813. He was, on leaving the Island on February 20, 1818, presented with an address "by the numerous and respectable body of Burghers of the Town of Colombo," in which he was eulogized "for his readiness to aid and succour the afflicted, and the kind attention and pleasing manner with which he had invariably treated his patients." He and his family left by the <i>Mary</i> , transport, on March 6. His youngest son, born August 24, 1835, became Major-General Sir Peter Scratchley, Special Commissioner of New Guinea. He died on December 2, 1885. James Scratchley was born in 1783. He died at Paris, of cholera, on June 15, 1849.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
308 ..	Feb. 21 1812	.. Christian Wilhelm Sutherland	Sacred to the memory of CHRISTIAN WILHELM, the son of Mr. DANIEL SUTHERLAND, born 27th March, 1794, died the 21st February, 1812. Daniel Sutherland was Master of the Sloop <i>Gertruyda</i> from 1808 (or earlier) to 1812. In the <i>Gazette</i> of April 22, 1812, he advertises for sale the <i>Gertruyda</i> , riding at Colombo. She was a brig, and trading between Tuticorin and Colombo. He himself was buried in the Pettah cemetery, April 11, 1813. Judging from this son's names, his wife was Dutch or German.
309 ..	Nov. 23 1185	.. Archibald McCreevy	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieutenant ARCHIBALD MCCREEVY, late of H. M.'s 73rd Regt., who died 23rd Nov., 1815, aged 28 years. He died "after a short but most severe illness of the Yellow Fever." His "amiable and prepossessing manners had marked him to his Brother Officers as a most promising Military character. To his family and friends it will be a consolation that his life though short had been in the strongest manner uniformly Moral and Religious." (<i>Gazette</i> , November 15, 1815.) He joined May 9, 1810.
310 ..	June 5 1816	.. Andrew O'Shea	.. ANDREW, son of Lieut. O'SHEA, H.M. 19th Regt. He was born on 27th May, 1815, died 5th June, 1816.
	March 12 1817	.. Henry O'Shea	.. Also to the memory of HENRY, infant son of Lieut. O'Shea. He died on the 12th March, 1817, aged 8 days. Lieutenant O'Shea joined the 19th as Ensign, June 1, 1808; Lieutenant, June 15, 1810; married Eliza, 2nd daughter of Lieutenant C. W. L. Roberts, whose sister had married Assistant Surgeon Scratchley (see No. 307) at Colombo, August 10, 1813. He was Deputy Assistant Commissary at Hambantota in May, 1815. Captain O'Shea was killed in the first Burmese war. His eldest son, Andrew Charles Byng, was buried at Kandy on June 6, 1816, by the Rev. George Bisset. Another son, Rodney Payne, became a Captain in the army, and married a daughter of Sir Lucius Curtis, Bart. Their son is Professor of Chemistry at Sheffield University. Mrs. O'Shea died at Croydon in 1877.
311 ..	Aug. 21 1816	.. George Gunn	.. Sacred to the memory of the late GEORGE GUNN, watch-maker of Colombo, who departed this life on the 21st day, August, A.D. 1816, aged 57 years, leaving a wife and 7 children to lament his loss. A Mr. William Gunn died at Colombo, September 11, 1827, aged 28, probably a son. It may have been a daughter of the latter who married Mr. J. W. Brett at Colombo on October 11, 1843. J. W. Brett died on board the <i>Jemina</i> on September 9, 1853.
312 ..	Sept. 28 1817	.. Margaret Conway	.. Sacred to the memory of MARGARET, late wife of Lieut. and Adjut. CONWAY, 3rd Ceylon Regt. Departed this life 28th Sept., 1817, aged 37 years 6 months. The register of St. Peter's makes her "Eliza." Lieutenant Samuel (or James) Conway lost no time in marrying again. On December 6, 1817, he married Mary Gunn, widow, at Colombo—possibly the widow of No. 311. She opened a school for boys and girls at house No. 8, Hospital street, on July 15, 1822. This school was attended by, among others, Sir Richard Morgan. She died June 6, 1829. Lieutenant Conway was Garrison Sergeant-Major of Bombay, when on May 1, 1814, he was appointed Adjutant of the 3rd Ceylon, with rank of 2nd Lieutenant.
313 ..	Jan. 19 1818	.. Abraham White	.. Sacred to the memory of ABRAHAM WHITE, Esq., late Surgeon of His Majesty's 1st Ceylon Regiment, aged 36 years. "The sickness which led to his death was occasioned by being exposed during the greater part of the day in going to a ship in sight of this Fort, where Medical aid was required, and returning thence in very severe weather on the night of the 9th instant. The

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
313	Jan. 19 1818	Abraham White— <i>contd.</i>	<p>untimely fate of this valuable member of Society, always forward in the performance of acts of humanity, will long be regretted by his Friends and the Poor of this place, to whose summons he always attended, and whose distresses he readily relieved. What then must be the poignant feeling of his afflicted Widow, left in distressed circumstances with 7 children, still too young to know or appreciate the extent of their loss, or the cause of their surviving parent's sufferings." (<i>Gazette</i>, January 24, 1818.)</p> <p>He came out to Ceylon as Assistant Surgeon in the 66th Regiment, and was appointed Medical Store-keeper, Trincomalee, December 30, 1807, and to the charge of Jaffna, April 1, 1811. He married at Jaffna, June 13, 1807, Theodora Elizabeth, daughter of Captain F. W. von Drieberg.</p> <p>A son of his, J. C. White, was one of the earliest planters in Ceylon, and had charge of the first coffee estate, Sinhepitiya, Campola. He was living at Auckland, New Zealand, in 1899. He was born at Jaffna, and was taken to England, along with an elder brother, by his father in 1815, at the age of six. He attributes the death of his father to "yellow fever caught in attending upon a vessel which put into Colombo for medical advice," but he is evidently incorrect as to the cause of death, as yellow fever is not known in Ceylon. C. E. Layard, C.C.S., who "lived at Bagatelle, a little beyond the Cinnamon Garden," and had "a fine country residence at Caltura," was his guardian. He and his brother had been promised commissions by the Duke of York for his father's services. The elder brother received a commission in the 38th Regiment, was transferred to the 44th, and was Adjutant of the regiment when it was stationed at Cabul, and fell in the Khyber Pass during the fatal retreat of the British in 1841-2, when only one man saved his life, Dr. Bryden. J. C. White returned to Ceylon in 1825, and was at Hambantota next year staying with his uncle Captain C. Drieberg, when this officer and his wife both died of fever the same day, October 8, 1826. He gave up his planting appointment in 1839 and went to Australia, entered the service of the Australian Agricultural Company, and in 1899 had been resident in Australia for sixty years. A younger brother, George, was born at Jaffna, August 30, 1812, but what became of him I do not know. Mr. J. C. White says: "Sir Edward Barnes and Lady Barnes took an interest in my sisters, who were often invited to the country residence at Mount Lavinia." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. V., pp. 194-6.) The youngest sister, Susan, married Edward Maltby, August 18, 1834. He was Sub-Collector of Customs, Mannar, 1843-4, and had his quarters in the Mannar Fort, and included in them the building now known as Christ Church, which is described, in the <i>Colombo Observer</i> of 1844, as "a consecrated building since the time of the Dutch." Complaint is made by a correspondent that "the pulpit is now used in securing provisions, and the permanent communion table is now used as a place for keeping sundries belonging to the family." (<i>Colombo Observer</i>, April 11, 1844.) Sir William Twynam recollects this state of affairs with regard to the church. E. Maltby was afterwards in the Telegraph Department.</p>
314	Feb. 22 1818	Christie Isabella Ross	<p>Here lie the remains of the once interesting but unfortunate CHRISTIE ISABELLA ROSS, who died 22nd February, 1818, aged 17 years and 10 months.</p> <p>Mourn not my Brothers and Sisters dear, The time will come when you'll lie here, Prepare my friends for die you must, And like your sister sleep in dust.</p> <p>In what way she was "unfortunate" appears from the baptismal register of St. Pete's Church, Fort, Colombo, which records the baptism on February 28, 1818, of Joseph Ross, son of Joseph Oliver Thibeau (Civil Ordnance) by Christie Isabella Ross, deceased, born February, 1818.</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
314 ..	Feb. 22 1818	.. Christie Isabella Ross— <i>contd.</i>	I have been unable to trace the parentage of the unfortunate girl herself. The Wolvendaal register merely has the entry "Het lyk van de jonge juffrow Ros." J. O. Thibeau or Tibeau was Storekeeper in the Civil Ordnance Department at Colombo. He married, December 18, 1811, "Susanna Gordon, widow," whom I take to have been the widow of Abraham Gordon of the Ordnance (No. 305), and a daughter, Julia, was baptized at St. Peter's, April 19, 1814. He and his family left Ceylon by the hired transport <i>Regalia</i> in April, 1818. He died at Banagher, King's County, Ireland, in 1844. Richard William Thibeau was Storekeeper of the Ordnance Department in 1830.
315 ..	March 2 1818	.. A. J. Bolhard	.. Hier onder legt begn. de burger A. J. BOLHARD oud 45 jaaren 3 maanden. Overl. den 2 Maart, 1818. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 37.)
316 ..	March 7 1818	.. Petronella Elizabeth Marselis	Hier onder legt begraven PETRONELLA ELIZABETH MARSELIS. Geb. den 24ste. Dec., 1816. Overl. den 7de Maart, 1818.
	Oct. 13 1827	.. Christina Elizabeth Marselis	en CHRISTINA ELIZABETH KETEL huisvrouw van JOHANNES MARSELIS. Geb. den 15de Novr., 1783. Overl. den 13de Octr., 1827. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVIII., p. 52.) She was most likely a daughter of Michael Fredrik Ketel of Colombo. She was second wife of Johannes Marselis, Third Surgeon, whom she married on May 4, 1810. His first wife was Gertuida Jansz, whom he married on April 30, 1797.
317 ..	May 15 1818	.. Mary Tranchell	.. Sacred to the memory of Mrs. MARY TRANCHELL. Died 15th May, 1818, aged 21 years 10 months. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 255; vol. XVII., p. 25.) "On Friday, the 15th instant, at Colombo, where she had been for a few days for the benefit of medical advice, the lady of John Tranchell, Esq., Sitting Magistrate of Negombo. Mrs. Tranchell was greatly and deservedly respected while living by her numerous friends, who now sincerely lament the mournful stroke of affliction which so early in life has removed her from an affectionate husband and three small children, the youngest only five weeks old." (<i>Gazette.</i>) She was a daughter of Captain Selway, 89th Regiment, and married John (<i>alias</i> Pieter Cornelis Johannes) Tranchell in 1814. Her sister, Elizabeth, married his brother, Lieutenant Gustavus Adolphus Tranchell, 3rd Ceylon, in October, 1813. Her daughter, Mary Harriet, born in 1817, married (1) in 1834 Sergeant, afterwards Lieutenant, J. A. Shaw, 61st Regiment, at Trincomalee in 1834; and (2) Mr. Justice Hayes. John and Gustavus Adolphus were sons of Johannes Tranchell of Romelanda in Sweden, who died in 1805, and his wife Maria Magdalena Sievertsz, who died at Trincomalee also in 1818 (see under "Trincomalee").
318 ..	April 22 1820	.. Thomas George Cleather	.. Sacred to the memory of THOS. G. CLEATHER, son of Capt. W. H. CLEATHER by AMELIA, his wife, who died on the 22nd of April, 1820, in the 7th year of his age. With pious confidence beyond his years, His dying thoughts betray no childish fears. He said, repeating a fond parent's prayer, O God, receive my soul into Thy care.
319 ..	July 26 1820	.. William Henry Cleather	.. In memory of WILLIAM HENRY CLEATHER, a Captain in His Majesty's 1st Ceylon Regt., who departed this life on the 26th day of July, 1820, aged 37 years. Gentle and firm, affectionate and brave, A soldier, a Christian fills this grave. Of steadfast honour, and of manners kind, Unshaken truth and independent mind.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
319 ..	July 26 1820	.. William Henry Cleather— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Him a loved partner and dear children mourn ; By fell disease from their embraces torn, As husband, father, friend, he felt the rod, But for himself bow'd meekly to his God.</p> <p>Captain Cleather was in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, and from May 1, 1807, was Fort Adjutant at Galle, where, on December 17 the same year, he married Amelia Loodan. Surgeon Michael Reynolds of the Malay Regiment, formerly of the 51st, was one of the witnesses. He was Fort Adjutant of Jaffna from July 1, 1808, till January 22, 1810, when he took up the similar appointment at Colombo, which he held until March 31, 1811. He joined the 4th Ceylon, November 11, 1810. He was transferred to the 3rd Ceylon, February 22, 1816, on the disbandment of the 4th Ceylon, and to the 1st Ceylon, February 25, 1817, on the disbandment of the 3rd Ceylon. He took part in the operations in Uva in November in 1818, and was in charge of the post at Ahapola during Colonel Kelly's absence at Badulla in January, 1818, marched to Usanwella, May 10, arrived at Colombo, July 2. " His residence in the jungles of Wellassy and laborious march appear to have agreed with him, for we never saw him apparently in better health." In August he was employed in destroying villages on the right bank of the Maha-oya. He was at Hanguranketa with Colonel Hardy on September 2. He sallied out next day with twenty men, and within half a mile of the fort attacked a body of the enemy, which soon fled. He was " in the neighbourhood of Hanguranketa composing everything in the Province of Hewahetty," then marched to Panella, and was there on October 19, found everything satisfactory, moved on on October 20 towards Wiyaluwa, intending to cross the Kurundu-oya and the Uma-oya, and to join Major Macdonald at Happatagama on 21st. He was at Kandy in November, and acted as Judge Advocate-General at the court-martial on Kepitipola and Pilame Talawwa and other Kandyan prisoners. He was, no doubt, a son of " Thomas Cleather, Esq.," whose death at Plymouth on February 25, 1819, aged sixty-four, is announced by an obituary notice in the <i>Gazette</i>, in which he is described as " a truly virtuous, upright, and honourable man, universally beloved and respected. As a mark of the veneration and esteem in which he was held, both in his native town and neighbourhood, his remains were followed to the grave by no less than fifty gentlemen." It is also announced that his widow, Mrs. A. Cleather, died at the same place on March 18, aged forty-three. The Misses E. and M. Cleather had left for England by the <i>Vittoria</i> on January 1 of that year.</p>
320 ..	Feb. 15 1822	.. William Bell	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM BELL, son of Lieut. JAS. BELL, who died on the 15th February, 1822, aged 6 years 7 months.</p> <p>James Bell was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in Baillie's Regiment (3rd Ceylon), March 28, 1806; transferred to 2nd Ceylon Regiment as 1st Lieutenant, April 25, 1815; was Commandant of Nalanda in 1816, and of Hettimulla, 1817; Assistant Engineer, Pioneer Corps, February 1, 1820.</p>
321 ..	Aug. 27 1824	.. John Litson	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN LITSON, commander of the Ship <i>Thames</i>, who departed this life on the 27th day of August, 1824.</p> <p>There appears to have been a family of this name in Ceylon about this time. Mary Ann, aged 3½ years, daughter of Thomas Litson, Esq., and Sarah, his wife, were buried at Jaffna, January 5, 1828. The <i>Thames</i> left Cowes on February 22, and arrived at Colombo June 30, 1824, bringing Government stores and recruits for the European regiments. Captain Litson died at the house of Messrs. Boyd and Holland.</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
322 ..	April 9 1826	Mary Morris	.. Sacred to the memory of MARY, eldest daughter of Major MORRIS, 97th Regt., who departed this life April 9th, 1826, aged nineteen years and a half. Six service companies of the 97th were stationed at Colombo in 1826. Major William Morris was senior Captain, Major Haddock coming next. He entered the army June 4, 1814; Captain, March 25, 1824.
323 ..	Nov. 2 1826	Junias Bumsted	.. Sacred to the memory of JUNIAS BUMSTED, late commander of the schooner <i>Mary</i> , who died 2nd November, 1826, aged 25 years.
324 ..	June 12 1827	Susanna Margareta Camp..	Hier rust mejuffrouw SUSA. MARGA. CAMP geb VON HAGT tedergheliefd en deugd zaame echtgenoot van den Heer JOANNES CAMP. Gebooren den 13 May, 1772: overleeden den 12 Juny, 1827. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 34.) They were married at Colombo on October 4, 1795. She was the daughter of Arent von Hagt and Susanna Maria Cheval, and granddaughter of Augustus von Hagt of Hamburg and Margarita Verlangen of Colombo. She had been married first to Pieter Johan Muller.
325 ..	April 22 1829	Georgiana Harriet Fermier	GEORGIANA HARRIET, Daughter of the late Dr. FERMIER. Born 29th April, 1814, died 22nd April, 1829, aged 15 years. Dr. Fermier was at Trincomalee in 1823 as Medical Sub-Assistant, and is mentioned in Surgeon W. H. Young's diary as having been one of the medical men who attended Quartermaster Hall in his last illness. When and where Dr. Fermier died does not appear. Possibly he was the "Dr. F., a friend of mine"—of Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell. (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. II., p. 327.)
326 ..	Nov. 10 1830	William Gibson	.. Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM GIBSON, formerly Master Attendant at Trincomalee, died 10th November, 1830, aged 37 years. "At the house of Mr. Read, near Colombo, on the 10th instant, after a long and very painful illness, William Gibson, Esqr., Assistant Customs Master of Jaffnapatam and formerly Master Attendant of Trincomalee, aged 37 years. His amiable disposition and agreeable manners endeared him to all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance." (<i>Gazette</i> , November 27, 1830.) He was Assistant Customs Master at Jaffna, 1828-1830. He was not apparently related to William Carmichael Gibson. Mr. Joseph Read was a partner in the firm of W. C. Gibson & Co., which Bennett refers to in 1843 as "the oldest commercial firm in the Island." He says of Read, the surviving partner:— "Joseph Read, Esq., who resides at Colombo, than whom few, if any, are better acquainted with the internal and external commerce of the Colony, is an admirable specimen of the <i>old British merchant</i> , combining with every quality that can fix confidence, and ensure esteem, the most genuine Caledonian hospitality, for which, distinguished as his countrymen are everywhere (and where they are not it is next to an impossibility to discover), Mr. Read may perhaps be equalled, but cannot be excelled." (Bennett, p. 159.) "This Prince of Ceylon Merchants had a large and commodious house upon the hill overlooking the bay" (p. 33). This is no doubt the hill above the resthouse at Weligama. He was, with George Hay Boyd and J. Hillebrand, one of the first unofficial members of the Legislative Council, appointed in 1834.
327 ..	Feb. 4 1831	Jacob Anthon Muller	.. Hier onder rust 't leyk van JACOB ANTHON MULLER in zyn leven chirurgyn te Tutucoryn. Geboren 28 May, 1743, overleeden 4 Feb., 1831, oud 87 jaaren 8 maanden en 8 daagen. Below rests the body of JACOB ANTON MULLER, in his life-time Surgeon of Tutucorin, born 28 May, 1743, died 4 Feb., 1831, aged 87 years 8 months and 8 days. There was a Jacob Anton Muller (son of John Willem Muller and Sara Cornelia Maas) baptized at Tuticorin, July 20, 1755.

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
328 ..	June 5 1836	Dieterick Cornelis Fretz ..	Sacred to the memory of DIETERICK CORNELIS FRETZ, born 6th May, 1787, died 5th June, 1836, and his son ANDREAS WILHELMUS FRETZ, born 23rd January, 1816, died 22nd December, 1834. Dieterick Cornelis Fretz (born at Matara, May 6, 1787, baptized at Colombo, August 5, 1787) was the son of the last Commandeur of Galle, Dieterick Thomas Fretz of St. Goar (Hesse Nassauw) and Cornelia Reyniera van Sanden of Jaffna. His son Andreas Wilhelmus, born at Colombo, January 23, 1816, and baptized there March 17, 1816, was the child of his third marriage (June 22, 1814) with Johanna Gertruida Wilhelmina Mottau. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 240, 269.)
	Dec. 22 1834	Andreas Wilhelmus Fretz ..	
329 ..	March 4 1837	Samuel Stuart Curgenven ..	This tablet was erected to the memory of SAMUEL STUART CURGENVEN, died March 4, 1837.
	Oct. 20 1852	Fredrich Luduig Straube ..	FREDRICH LUDUIG STRAUBE, died October 20th, 1852.
	April 17 1859	Theodore Lavalieri ..	THEODORE LAVALIERE, died April 17th, 1859.
	June 6 1860	Charlotte Eugenie Curgenven ..	CHARLOTTE EUGENIE CURGENVEN, died June 6th, 1860.
	Feb. 14 1871	Charles Richard Curgenven ..	CHARLES RICHARD CURGENVEN, died February 14th, 1871.

S. S. Curgenven was Storekeeper of H.M.'s Naval Yard, or, as he was at first called, Naval Officer at Trincomalee, from 1822. He married, March 23, 1822, at Trincomalee, Charlotte Eugenie, daughter of Jean Martin Lavalliere. He died at Colombo, aged 46. His daughter, Clara, married at St. Peter's, Colombo, on July 28, 1842, in her sixteenth year (born at Galle, June 12, 1827), Edward Hume Smedley, C.C.S., who was a first cousin of the novelist, Frank Smedley. His eldest daughter, Winifred, married F. L. Straube, who was a merchant at Colombo, 1846-1852, and was for some time a planter on Delta estate, Pussellawa. Another daughter, Eugenie Elizabeth, married, October 23, 1845, Thomas Chandler Power, C.C.S., and a third, Eveline Theodora, married Lieutenant William Harper Mytton, R.A., on January 20, 1853, at Kandy. Lieutenant Mytton was a brother of Jack Mytton of Halston, the sportsman, who set fire to himself to cure the hiccough. (See "Life of Jack Mytton" and "Highways and Byways in North Wales," by A. G. Bradley, p. 432.) Charles Richard Curgenven was a son of Samuel Steuart, and was in the Civil Service, 1861-1871: Police Magistrate, Avisawella, January 1, 1861-5; Police Magistrate Jaffna, 1868; and was Assistant Government Agent at Mullaittivu, 1867-8. At the time of his death he was Assistant Government Agent, Colombo. He married Catherine Lydia, daughter of Captain James Stewart, C.R.R., at Colombo, May 20, 1861. Another son, Samuel Lavalliere, was gazetted Ensign in the 37th Regiment, July 9, 1853, retired as Captain, and died about 20 years ago. A story of the Curgenven family and their connection with the Madras Presidency, which began in 1699, is told by Mrs. F. Penny in her book "On the Coromandel Coast," pp. 93-6. The first member of the family who came to India, Thomas Curgenven, a free merchant of Madras, was taken prisoner by the pirate Angria, "Admiral to the Sou Raja,* then at war with the English at Bombay," on a voyage from Surat to Bombay, and served as a galley slave at the oar for five years, but eventually escaped to England, where he died, in 1729, at Walthamstow. "He was the son of William Curgenven, a gentleman of good family in Cornwall." His uncle, the Rev. Thomas Curgenven, Rector of Folke, Dorsetshire, married a sister of Thomas Pitt, the Governor of Fort St. George (1698-1709) and great aunt of Lord Chatham. Theodore Lavalliere was a son of Jean Marie Lavalliere, who was Sitting Magistrate and Customs Master, Negombo, 1815,

* Or, to use the delightful old "Qui Hye's" spelling, the "Sow Roger."

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
329 ..	March 4 .. 1837, &c.	Samuel Stuart Curgenven, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>succeeding T. R. Backhouse, C.C.S., and afterwards Assistant Customs Master, Galle; Customs Master and Sitting Magistrate, Hambantota, 1826. He died May 10, 1831. Theodore was in the Civil Service from 1831, when he became Sitting Magistrate of Galle (January 3), and ditto of Pantura (September 1). From 1833 to 1836 he was Assistant Collector of Customs, Jaffna, and from 1836 (May 1) to 1840 District Judge of The Islands; from 1841 to 1846 District Judge of Colombo, No. 4 (Caltura); from 1846 to 1848 Acting District Judge of Colombo; and from 1852 to his death District Judge of Kandy. While District Judge of Kalutara a duel was arranged between him and Lieutenant Remmett, C.R.R., to be fought on July 30, 1842, but the Superintendent of Police arrived on the spot just as the principals were placed. Lavalliere's second was T. L. Gibson, who was then acting as District Judge of Colombo, and Remmett's was Lieutenant Gwilt, C.R.R.</p>
330 ..	July 11 .. 1837	Anne Whitfield	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Anne, daughter of C. T. WHITEFIELD, Esq., Surgeon, Royal Artillery, who departed this life the 11th day of July, 1837, aged 14 years.</p> <p>C. T. Whitfield was Assistant Surgeon, R.A., 1818. He came out by the <i>Surat-Castle</i> which left England December 10, 1817, and arrived at Trincomalee, May 18, 1818. He was then an Assistant Surgeon. He was, in addition, Superintendent of the Vaccine Establishment at Colombo, 1827. I am inclined to think that "1837" should be 1827, for I cannot find that Surgeon Whitfield was in Ceylon in 1838.</p>
331 ..	May 3 .. 1838	Elizabeth Rudd	<p>.. In memory of Mrs. E. RUDD, who died May 3, 1838, aged 35 years.</p> <p>Henry Rudd married at Colombo, December 20, 1817, Elizabeth Briggs, by whom he had a son, Henry, who married Emma Piachaud, and had by her three sons, H. P. and Louis, planters, and Walter, late Colonial Surgeon of Jaffna, and several daughters, two of whom married well-known planters (C. Spearman Armstrong and T. C. Owen). H. Rudd senior's youngest daughter, Angelina, married, 27th December, 1849, John Stephens of Kurunduwatta, also a well-known planter in his day, and his daughter, Lucinda, married James Strachan, founder of the Colombo firm of Carey, Strachan & Co. The Strachans' daughter, Alice, married Lawrence St. George Carey, one of the principal coffee estate proprietors of the seventies. H. Rudd's nephew, William Rudd, was assistant to George Bird, the first coffee planter, on Sinhepitiya estate, Gampola, the first coffee estate, and afterwards himself an estate proprietor.</p>
332 ..	Feb. 18 .. 1841	Frederika Antoinetta Roosmalecocq	<p>FREDERIKA ANTOINETTA ROOSMALECOCQ, wife of ROBERT ROOSMALECOCQ. Born 17th September, 1801. Died 18th February, 1841. Erected by her sorrowing husband.</p> <p>She was a daughter of Andreas Wilhelmus Mottau of Wezel by Elizabeth Petronella Kofferman, and married Robert Carl Roosmalecocq on September 17, 1821. Their son was Andrew Henry Roosmalecocq, C.C.S., 1845–1883, who died in 1896. He had a son, Gerard Charles Roosmalecocq, C.C.S., 1872–1896. Robert Carl was second son of Petrus Jacobus by his marriage, in 1783, with Susanna Henrietta Leembruggen, was baptized at Galle on September 29, 1799, and died at Galle on April 19, 1852.</p> <p>Andreas Wilhelmus Mottau was born in 1771 and died at Batavia in October, 1810. His wife's parents were Hermanis Frederic Kofferman of Baatbergen and Johanna Rodrigo. R. C. Roosmalecocq's daughter, Hannah Susan, married J. W. Little, C.C.S. (No. 216). The first Roosmalecocq of whom anything is known in Ceylon was Captain Ambrosius Roosmalecocq of Dokhum, who was the father of Pieter Jacobus and grandfather of Pieter Carolus, Robert Carl, and Jacobus Ambrosius, all of whom left descendants in Ceylon. Pieter Jacobus' wife was a daughter of Henricus Leembruggen of Leyden, Chief of the Cinnamon Department. (See Cotton, p. 334.)</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
333 ..	March 6 1843	.. Charlotta Frederica Barber	<p>Here lies all that was mortal of CHARLOTTA FREDERICA, a truly pious and consistent Christian, wife of CHARLES ARNOLD BARBER, the only child of JOHN APPLETON. Born 5th October, 1821, died 6th March, 1843, aged 22 years 5 months and 1 day.</p> <p>Fare thee well ! thou lovely stranger, Guardian angels take your charge, Freed at once from pain and danger, Happy spirit, set at large. In the silent tomb we leave thee Till the resurrection morn, When our Saviour will receive thee And restore thy lovely form.</p> <p>This monument was erected by the afflicted parents.</p> <p>The monument, in the recently revived Gothic style of the period, done in cement, is very conspicuous at the corner of the ground near Main Street. It is gradually crumbling away.</p>
334 ..	1844	.. Anna Susanna Gogerly .. Caroline Torriano Charlotte Caroline Torriano	<p>Sacred to the memory of ANNA SUSANNA GOGERLY. Born Van Lynden, wife of Rev. D. G. GOGERLY ; also of CAROLINE TORRIANO and CHARLOTTE CAROLINE TORRIANO, who all died in the faith of the Gospel with a joyful hope of eternal life through Jesus Christ. 1844.</p> <p>Mrs. Gogerly was the eldest daughter of Baron Stephen van Lynden and widow of J. G. du Bois de Lassosay (see No. 110).</p> <p>His first wife died, September 20, 1821, at Madras, where she had gone for the voyage. She had only been a short time in Ceylon. "Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Gogerly" are described as being during this period in charge of the Printing Department of the Wesleyan Mission. "Mrs. Torriano and Miss Gogerly" were passengers by the ship <i>Tigris</i> for London, August 18, 1839. Robert Wells, C.C.S., retiring, was also a passenger.</p>
335 ..	June 5 1847 Dec. 24 1828	.. William Henry Kelaart Anna Johanna Frederika Kelaart	<p>Sacred to the Memory of WILLIAM HENRY KELAART, late Ceylon Civil Service, who departed this life on the 5th June, 1847, aged 58 Years. And of his beloved wife ANNA JOHANNA FREDERIKA, Eldest daughter of JOHANNES JACOBUS MEYER of Berlin, who departed this life on the 24th December, 1828, aged 33.</p> <p>He was in the Medical Department, not in the Civil Service, and was an "Assistant Apothecary to the Forces" at Colombo in 1839 (Bennett, p. 114) and "Apothecary" in 1846. He was a son of Johannes Jeronymus Kelaart of Colombo, by his wife Johanna Eugenia Koenders of Colombo, and was baptized there February 15, 1789. His son, Staff Surgeon Edward Frederick Kelaart, M.D., wrote much on natural history and geology in the Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, Ceylon Branch, the "Ceylon Calendars," &c., 1850-9, also <i>Prodromus Faunæ Zeylanicæ</i>, Colombo, 1852. He died at sea on board the ss. <i>Ripon</i>, August 31, 1860. His family have settled in England.</p>
336 ..	April 28 1851 Dec. 31 1852	.. Charles Moffat Young Frederick Young	<p>Sacred to the memory of CHARLES MOFFAT, son of Surgeon W. H. YOUNG, Ceylon Rifle Regt., and MARY ANNE, his wife, who died 28th April, 1851. Aged 2 years and nine months. Also of FREDERICK their son, who died Dec. 31st, 1852, aged 2 months.</p> <p>William Henry Young was a son of John Young, Senior Surgeon to the Hull General Infirmary for half a century, who died March 24, 1832. He was Staff Assistant Surgeon, and succeeded Dr. Tod as Acting Surgeon of the 83rd Regiment at Trincomalee in 1823, and was one of the medical men who attended Quartermaster Hall in his last illness at Trincomalee in September, 1823. He was gazetted Surgeon to the Ceylon Rifles, September 4, 1828. He married a Miss Dent. His son, Mr. John Dent Young, formerly</p>

Pettah Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
336 ..	April 28 1851, &c.	.. Charles Moffat Young, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	of the Public Works Department, says: "The last descendant of her family was my cousin, Capt. M. Dent, 21st Madras Native Infantry, who died at Aden on his way home on sick leave." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. II., p. 327.)
337 ..	May 24 1858	.. Francis Dick	.. Beneath are deposited the remains of FRANCIS DICK, died 24th May, 1853. Aet. XXIV. This memorial is raised by a few of his friends. "The brothers Dick, sons of a wealthy Highland land owner The younger brother was glad to take a subordinate situation in Baker's Nuwara Eliya establishment, and the last time I saw him he was in charge of that gentleman's hounds." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. II., p. 282.) A Francis W. Dick was fined £5 and sentenced to seven days' imprisonment, October 22, 1846, for an assault on Lieutenant John Anthony Layard, C.R.R. He was in Colombo, 1844–1850, possibly longer. He may have been the brother of Frederick Lacy Dick alluded to by William Boyd. (See under "Holy Trinity Church, Colombo.")
338 ..	Oct. 19 1863	.. John Ellis	.. JOHN ELLIS of Barrington, N.S., who died 19th October, 1863, aged 16 years.
339 ..	May 27 1865	.. Herbert Springett	.. HERBERT, third son of the late WILLM. S. PITT SPRINGETT, Esq., of Worthing, Sussex. Born April 13th, 1849, Biddenden, Kent. Died May 27th, 1865, Colombo.

St. Paul's Burial Ground, Colombo.

ST. PAUL'S Burial Ground is just opposite Wolvendaal Church on the other side of the road which skirts the back of the church. It was consecrated on May 29, 1821, by Bishop Middleton. Though next to Wolvendaal, it was the churchyard of St. Paul's Church, which was opened on September 1, 1816, consecrated on September 25, 1821, re-opened on July 5, 1846, having been rebuilt after a fire, and was much in favour as a church in the forties and fifties.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
340 ..	Nov. 4 1822	.. Wilhelmina Catherina Dam- man	To the memory of WILHELMINA CATHERINA, widow of AUGUST FREDRIC DAMMAN, Junior Merchant, Dutch East India Company, who died 4th November, 1822, aged 65 years. She was a Meyer, and she and her husband appear to have settled at Tuticorin, where he was Mint Master. Their daughter married Rev. A. Armour. This tablet and those to Armour and his wife were all built into the walls of a masonry tomb, which is falling to pieces. This one had fallen out, and was buried face downwards in front of the tomb; that to Armour was found near by, hidden by rank grass.
	June 6 1827	.. Wilhelmina Caroline Armour	Here lieth WILHELMINA CAROLINE, her daughter, wife of Rev. A. ARMOUR, who died 6th June, 1827, aged 49 years. She was a daughter of August Frederic Damman, and was baptized at Tuticorin, March 10, 1775. She was the third wife of the Rev. A. Armour. "Mrs. Armour's funeral was attended by the Governor and many gentlemen, civil, military, and clerical. Mrs. Armour was a pattern of sincerity, openness, and candour, and detested duplicity and dissimulation in every form. To the indigent she was benevolent and liberal, and to all she delighted to be kind and good. Though death in her was infinite gain, yet her removal will long be lamented by many who knew her, and especially by her family connections, for whom her affection and love were unbounded, for

St. Paul's Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
340 ..	Nov. 4 .. 1822, &c.	Wilhelmina Catherina Dam- man, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>'When such friends part, 'tis the survivor dies.'" (<i>Gazette</i>, June 9, 1827.)</p> <p>"Mrs. Armour was one of those good Dutch house- wives, famous for the making of pleasant sweetmeats and savoury curries." ("Jubilee Memorials of the Wesleyan Mission, 1814-1864," by R. Spence Hardy, p. 69.)</p>
Nov. 30 .. 1828	..	Andrew Armour ..	<p>In memory of the Rev. A. ARMOUR, Colonial Chaplain of St. Paul's Church, who died 30th November, 1828. Aged 59 years.</p> <p>Andrew Armour, a Scotchman, born near Glasgow, enlisted at seventeen years of age, served in the suppression of the rebellion in Ireland of 1798. There is a story which was told some years ago by the late Mr. Charles Liesching, C.C.S., in the columns of the <i>Ceylon Observer</i>, of his having been condemned by a court-martial to be shot, on the ground that he had been secretly attending meetings of the rebels, when he had really only been going daily to say his prayers in a retired spot, and of his having been saved from death by the General in command, who was convinced of his honesty and set aside the finding and sentence of the court-martial. He went to Gibraltar with the 51st Regiment, and became a Sergeant. He came out with the regiment to Madras in 1798, where he acquired a knowledge of Tamil and other languages. In 1800 he came to Colombo with the 51st Regiment, and was appointed Interpreter of the Supreme Court at Colombo. Soon afterwards he obtained his discharge. He also took charge of the Seminary at St. Sebastian's. He was a widower, when on January 17, 1802, he married Petronella Sauwer, or Sauer, probably a daughter of John Godlieb Sauer and Sarah Elizabeth Honter, who was baptized at Tuticorin, April 11, 1781, as Anna Petronella Sauer. On November 5, 1809, he with his family arrived at Colombo from Tuticorin by the sloop <i>Gertruyda</i> (see No. 308), and was appointed "a Proponent to the Caffres in the Portuguese language, and English Proponent to the Cinglese"— a curious jumble of races and tongues. He wished also to be appointed, says Archdeacon Twisleton, "Proponent to the Portuguese, a neglected body of persons in the Pettah." By 1815 he had been appointed "First English Teacher on the School Establishment" and was headmaster of the Colombo Seminary, which stood on the site of All Saints' Church, Hulftsdorp. On October 22, 1816, he preached before Bishop Middleton, who had arrived the previous day by the cruiser <i>Aurora</i>, accompanied by Mrs. Middleton and the Ven. Mr. Barnes, Arch- deacon of Bombay, and was stopping at King's House. "His Lordship was particularly condescending in his obliging notice of the Rev. Mr. Armour," says the <i>Gazette</i>. In 1821, on Bishop Middleton's second visit to the Island, he was ordained deacon, and in 1825 priest by Bishop Heber on his visit. He became Chaplain of St. Paul's Church, which had been opened on September 1, 1816, and was for years afterwards known as "Armour's Church." "He was able to preach in Sinhalese, Tamil, Dutch, and Portuguese, and it is said that he was acquainted with thirteen different languages." (Spence Hardy, p. 67.) He was one of the band who helped to complete Tolfrey's translation of the Bible, and also was one of the translators of the New Testament and Psalms into Indo-Portuguese. (<i>Ibid</i>). "Armour Street," leading from Silversmith street to Grandpass, where he resided for many years in a big corner house now used as a dispensary, is a reminder of his good services. The <i>Government Gazette</i> said of him at his death: "He was a man highly esteemed and beloved by all Classes of Society, and particularly by the Dutch and Portuguese inhabitants of this Settlement, among whom his labours were chiefly exercised and to whom he proved himself a most faithful and valuable Minister and an affectionate and sincere friend, and whose spiritual and temporal interests he at all times laboured to promote, both in his public and private character." (December 6, 1828.)</p>

St. Paul's Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
341 ..	March 29 1825	John Morris	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN MORRIS, late Commander of the Government brig <i>Hebe</i>, who died on the 29th March, 1825. Aged 63 years.</p> <p>Morris succeeded Mathew Frewyer in the command of the Government cutter <i>Wilhelmina</i> in 1813. She was 60 tons burthen. It is interesting to find that in April, 1816, the <i>Wilhelmina</i> called at that benighted port, Mullaittivu. The same year Morris was appointed to the Government brig <i>Hebe</i>, and was succeeded by N. Onetto. The <i>Wilhelmina</i> was advertised for sale on September 11, 1817, but whether she was sold or not does not appear. In any case her subsequent fate was tragic. In January, 1819, while she was on a voyage, the Javanese crew mutinied, massacred the Captain N. Onetto, his wife, and the rest of the crew, plundered the vessel, and scuttled her. They then landed in the jolly boat "on the Pedir coast in the Port of Mordoo." Some of them were captured by the King of Acheen, who handed them over to Sir Stamford Raffles. The <i>Hebe</i> was advertised for sale, "as she now lays with all her stores," in the Colombo Roads at the end of 1818.</p> <p>Morris left a widow and two sons and three daughters. The eldest son, John, married Johanna Romana Christoffelsz. He died early, and his only daughter, Mary Ann, married H. W. Andree. The other son, Henry, was a coffee planter, and was killed by the fall of a tree while superintending felling operations on Madawalatenna estate on September 8, 1842. In June of the following year another superintendent named Page was killed in the same way on the same estate. The eldest daughter, Catherine, married Luke Philip Christoffelsz, the next, Ann, married Charles van Dort of the Royal Engineers' Department, and the third, Eliza, married (1) Henry Mylius, grandson of Baron von Mylius, and (2) W. Herft.</p>
342 ..	March 3 1829	Henry Pennell	<p>.. In memory of HENRY PENNELL, Son of HENRY PENNELL, Esq., and MARY SUSANNAH, his wife. He died on the 3rd March, 1829, in the 3rd year of his age.</p> <p>Henry Pennell was in the Civil Service from June 8, 1814, till October 1, 1829, when he retired on a pension of £500 a year, which he drew until his death in 1885—altogether a sum of £28,000. He held revenue appointments in Nuwarakalawiya, at Batticaloa, Trincomalee, and Kandy, and was Provincial Judge of Matara and Tangalla, and at the time of his retirement and of the death of this child, of Colombo. The "Ceylon Almanac" of 1824 contains a notice of the death at Lyme Regis on September 26, 1823, of "Mrs. Pennell, relict of the late Lovell Pennell, and mother of Lady Giffard." Hardinge Giffard, Advocate Fiscal, arrived in Ceylon in October, 1810, and so did Miss Pennell, whom I take to have been a sister of Mrs., afterwards Lady, Giffard. Add to this, that at the baptism of this child, who was born October 27, 1826, at Trincomalee, Sir Hardinge Giffard was a sponsor (by proxy), and I infer from these facts that Henry Pennell was a son of Lovell Pennell, and brother-in-law of Sir Hardinge Giffard.</p>
343 ..	March 21 1831 April 12 1832	Emily Jane Selkirk John Selkirk	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of EMILY JANE, daughter of the Revd. J. SELKIRK and ANNE his wife, died March 21st, 1831, aged 9 months.</p> <p>Also JOHN, their infant son, died April 12th, 1832, aged 2 days.</p> <p>The Rev. James Selkirk belonged to the Church Missionary Society, and was the author of a book called "Recollections of Ceylon," which was published in London in 1844.</p>
344 ..	Aug. 6 1834	George Alexander Staples	<p>GEORGE ALEXANDER STAPLES, third son of JOHN STAPLES, Esq., Qr. Mr. of H. M. 2nd Ceylon Regt., who departed this life on the 6th day of August, 1834. Aged 29 years 8 months 9 days.</p> <p>(See Nos. 184, 205, and 346.)</p> <p>He at one time kept an "Academy for Boys" at Colombo.</p>

St. Paul's Burial Ground—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
345 ..	Jan. 12 1835	William George Norris ..	<p>WILLIAM GEORGE, the first-born son of the Hon'ble WILLIAM NORRIS, Esq., Second Puisne Justice of the Supreme Court, and FEARNE, his wife. Born 8th March, 1832, died 12th January, 1835, aged 2 years and 9 months.</p> <p>He died at Maradana, where Mr. Norris had a house. Another son is the well-known novelist, William Edward Norris. The only daughter, Anne Grace, married on August 15, 1871, Sir Arthur Havelock, Governor of Ceylon, 1890-6. The Hon. William Norris was Second Puisne Justice, 1834-6, Chief Justice 1836, when he was appointed to the Recordership of Penang. In 1835 Mr. Justice Norris presided at Kandy at the trial of the Chief Moligoda Disawa and five other Kandyans, including Dunuwila Disawa and two Buddhist priests, for raising rebellion. The trial lasted six days (January 12-17), and ended in an acquittal. On the jury were Henry Wright, C.C.S., W. H. Whiting, C.C.S., George Bird, E. J. Darley, W. Ridsdale, C.M.S., and J. G. Watson, Director of the Royal Botanic Gardens, and seven natives. George Turnour, Government Agent of Kandy, was a witness. W. O. Carr, the King's Advocate, was the prosecutor, and H. J. Staples defended. Major Skinner says of the Adigar and his trial: "The Government felt obliged to bring his case before judicial investigation, but the Supreme Court, I was happy to find, fully acquitted him and all the others who had been, I believe, maliciously reported to be implicated with him" (p. 190).</p>
346 ..	Jan. 24 1838	Caroline Staples ..	<p>Sacred to the Memory of CAROLINE, second daughter of Quarter Master J. STAPLES, who departed this life on the 24th January, 1838. Aged 31 years.</p>
347 ..	Aug. 26 1839	John Staples ..	<p>Sacred to the Memory of JOHN STAPLES, Esq., late of H. M. 2nd Ceylon Regt., who was born at Ringwood in the County of Hampshire, England, 8th October, 1770, and died at Colombo, 26th August, 1839, aged 69 years.</p> <p>He was tried with Captain Parker in 1811 on account of the Parker-Brown duel, in which he acted as second to Captain Parker. He was acquitted. His youngest daughter, Jemima, married at Colombo, in May, 1837, George Howard. His eldest son was H. J. Staples, his second son J. J. Staples.</p>
348 ..	April 20 1841	William Stewart ..	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM STEWART, Esq., late a Lieutenant H. M. 2nd C.R. Born 25th September, 1793. Died 20th April, 1841.</p> <p>He was appointed 2nd Lieutenant in the 3rd Ceylon, August 2, 1811, 1st Lieutenant 2nd Ceylon, September 18, 1818. He was, I think, a brother of Lieutenant James Stewart (No. 349). After his retirement he became an oil merchant and had a chekku mill, and was known in consequence as "Vanniya Stewart." He married a native of the Island. His daughter, Sophia, born 1824, married at Colombo, January 11, 1847, John William Marshall of the Colombo Customs, and brother of Henry Thomas Marshall of the P. and O., Galle. She died September 2, 1906.</p>
349 ..	March 28 1843	James Stewart ..	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Capt. JAMES STEWART, H. M. Ceylon Rifle Regt., and Assistant Commissary-General. Born on the 19th December, 1794. Died on the 28th March, 1843, aged 48 years 3 months and 9 days.</p> <p>He was appointed 2nd Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon, August 3, 1811 (the day after 2nd Lieutenant William Stewart's appointment to a commission in the same regiment).</p> <p>He was Assistant Commissary-General at Ruwanwella in 1817-1818. Like his brother, he married a native. His eldest son, James, became Queen's Advocate (see No. 351). His son, Charles Henry, became Senior Puisne Justice, and for a short time acted as Chief Justice, was made a C.M.G., and in June, 1878, was offered, but declined, the Chief</p>

St. Paul's Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
349 ..	March 28 1843	James Stewart— <i>contd.</i>	.. Justiceship of the Straits Settlements. One daughter, Louisa, married George Alexander Mackenzie, another, Catherine Lydia, married C. R. Curgenvven, C.C.S., and a third married Christoffelsz de Saram, C.C.S. (1845-1870).
350 ..	Feb. 13 1850	Frederic Assat	.. FREDERIC ASSAT. Born at Wampoa in China on the 14th July, 1787. Died at Colombo, Ceylon, on the 13 February, 1850, aged 63 years and 7 months. In memoria in eterna erit justus.
351 ..	Nov. 18 1851	James Stewart	.. Sacred to the memory of the Hon'ble JAMES STEWART, Esquire, Acting Queen's Advocate, eldest son of the late Capt. JAMES STEWART, C.R.R. Born at Colombo, March 24th, 1821. Died November 18th, 1851.

A tablet to his memory, paid for by public subscription, was lost with the *Sumatra* on the Basses in 1858 or 1859. James Stewart was the eldest son of Captain James Stewart, C.R.R. (see No. 349). He was born March 24, 1821, educated at the Colombo Academy under the Rev. Joseph Marsh, and admitted a Proctor of the Supreme Court at the age of nineteen, and was appointed Deputy Queen's Advocate for the Midland Circuit on the death of William Gardiner Cumming in 1843, on the recommendation of Sir Arthur Buller, the Queen's Advocate. On the division of the Bar into advocates and proctors, he was enrolled advocate in December, 1844. He became Deputy Queen's Advocate for the Island on the appointment of Sir Arthur Buller to the Calcutta Bench in November, 1848, H. C. Selby being promoted to the office of Queen's Advocate. He succeeded Selby as Queen's Advocate and Member of the Executive and Legislative Councils in December, 1849, thus attaining this position in his 29th year. "Of the manner in which he presided over his important department and regulated the machinery of the whole it is impossible to speak in terms of too great admiration. His practice as a private advocate increased rapidly. He was the standing counsel of the great majority of mercantile houses and proprietors of estates and of the banks. His skill in narrating facts, in arguing upon probabilities, in marshalling and sifting evidence, shone brilliantly in cases of fact and in his openings and replies in criminal trials." (Digby, vol. I., pp. 206-7.) But his health broke down from overwork—"debility induced by constant exercise of mind and deep and anxious thought, and to his want of due sustenance and rest—for so intense was the interest that he took in business that he utterly neglected both whenever any matter of importance engaged his attention—so that it was a matter of constant occurrence with him whenever he had a case in Court or any other serious engagement to attend to, to leave home and remain the whole day without a single morsel of food to support him." After a short illness he finally sank on November 18 without a struggle. He was given a public funeral. A contemporary newspaper writer said of him: "His great eminence as a lawyer, his spotless integrity as a man, made his services inestimable and his life invaluable to the Government and the country. His immensurable superiority to all his compeers, without any patronage bestowed on him or interest in his favour, by the plain force of his own brilliant yet self-acquired talents, Mr. Stewart achieved a high position for himself He was only thirty years of age when he died, and he acquired his knowledge in this country, where the means of obtaining a general, much less a legal, education were few and humble. Is it surprising under such circumstances that his countrymen should point to his career with pride, and should feel a satisfaction in extolling the merits of an individual, who with all the difficulties which lay in his path, and in spite of the disadvantages under which he laboured, attained a distinction and wrought his way to official rank, such as was gained by no Euro-Asiatic before him, either here or on the continent of India ? "

St. Paul's Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
351 ..	Nov. 18 1851	James Stewart— <i>contd.</i>	"He was a slightly built young man, with a warm brown complexion and bright intelligent eyes, which told of the Southern blood which was mixed with the cold Northern stream flowing through his veins." (William Boyd, <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. III., p. 312.)
352 ..	Jan. 24 1864	John Gualterus Kats ..	In memory of the Rev. J. C. KATS, Colonial Chaplain, who officiated at St. Paul's Church since 26 September, 1843, and died on the 24th January, 1864. He was appointed Catechist in September, 1842; ordained Deacon, May 29, 1843, by Dr. Spencer, Bishop of Madras, and Priest on November 17, 1844; appointed Colonial Chaplain from November 1, 1843, succeeding the Rev. J. C. Arndt at St. Paul's. He was an extempore and able preacher. It is said that during his time the number of persons at the services in Portuguese amounted to over 400 and frequently more In his days St. Paul's witnessed the days of her prosperity It was resorted to by persons of all nationalities. (<i>Monthly Literary Register</i> , vol. III., p. 87.) His wife died at Trincomalee in 1831. He was at that time in charge of the Wesleyan Chapel there.

Wolvendaal Church, Colombo.

THE name "Wolvendaal" is the Dutch rendering of the Portuguese "Agoa de Loupe" (modern *lobo*), meaning "The dale of wolves," i.e., a marsh or swamp frequented by jackals.* The hill on which the church stands must have taken its name from the surrounding low ground. The church was built in 1749, probably on the site of an older building, Portuguese or Dutch. There was certainly a Portuguese "cloister" here, and no doubt a church. It is supposed to have been originally intended as a church for the native adherents of the reformed church, but, if so, that intention was not kept, and owing no doubt to the ruinous condition of the church in the Fort, it superseded the latter as the official church of the Dutch Company, and special pews were provided in it for the Governor and the other high officials. It was dedicated on March 6, 1757. It occupies a commanding site on a hill overlooking the harbour, from which, with its squat central lantern covered with slates, it is a conspicuous object. Percival refers to it as "a very handsome and spacious church in the Black Town, about a mile distant from the Fort," but it is described by another writer as "a massive building of very heavy architecture, with enormously thick walls, as if intended to stand a siege." (Digby, vol. I., p. 183.) Meanwhile the church which stood on the open space now known as the Gordon Gardens in the Fort, which had been built by the Portuguese, and had been the chief church of the Company until the opening of Wolvendaal, gradually went to decay, and at the time of the British occupation appears to have been roofless. The tombs which it contained "were consequently exposed to the destructive violence of the tropical rains, which they were neither constructed or intended to resist," though it had still with its crypt and vaults continued to be used as a place of sepulture after the opening of Wolvendaal. In 1813 "the British authorities, after consultation with the principal Dutch inhabitants and with their consent and approbation," determined to remove the bodies to the church at Wolvendaal, where proper vaults were prepared for their reception. Accordingly, the remains of five Dutch Governors and of their wives and families, altogether of two dozen or more persons, were removed to Wolvendaal Church with considerable pomp. The ceremony took place on the night of September 4, 1813, by torchlight, and the procedure which was to be followed was prescribed by an order published in the *Gazette* of September 2. In most cases the tombstones appertaining to the distinguished persons whose remains were thus removed no doubt followed them within a short time, and probably also there were removed to the new church the tombstones of other officials whose names are not mentioned in the list published in the *Gazette*. This would account for the fourteen tombstones inside and the five outside Wolvendaal Church, which date from 1662 to 1736, i.e., from a period before the present church was built, but which do not appertain to persons whose remains are mentioned as having been removed to it in 1813. There are, in addition, twelve tombstones inside and two outside the church which did so appertain, and seven monuments were erected inside the church during the thirty-nine years of Dutch rule, which remained after the opening of the church. The seven Dutch tombstones outside the church, which for nearly ninety years lay just as they had been dumped down in the churchyard, have in recent years been erected against the outer walls of the church.

* In a chart in Baldæus, page 105 (Beschryving der Oost-Indische Kusten Malabar en Choromandel als oock Ceylon. Amsterdam, Ao. 1672), explanatory of the siege of Colombo, Ao. 1656, there is shown "de Kerck Agoa de Loepo zynde 't logement van de Heer Majoor Jan van der Laan" (the church Agoa de Loepo being the quarters of Major Jan van der Laan). At another place (page 115) it is called the "heuvel van Agua de Lupe" (the hill of Agua de Lupe).

In Gouvernor Cornelis Johan Simonsz' report, Colombo, January 28, 1707, he says (Ceylon, François Valentyn, p. 315): "Tuin genaamt Wolvendaal groot byna 13 morgen alwaar 't Portugees klooster Agada Lupa nog staat. Dog zo vermaakt dat het tot een Logis voor de Candische Gesanten werd gehouden." (Garden called Wolvendaal, in extent about 13 morgen, where the Portuguese cloister Agada Lupa still stands, but so altered that it is now used as the residence of the Kandyan Ambassadors.)

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

As regards at least five of the eminent persons whose ashes were removed to Wolvendaal, whatever memorials there were have disappeared. They were either "lost in transit" or appropriated to other uses—a common fate of tombstones. The most noteworthy of these memorials was the monument of General Hulft, who commanded the Dutch forces at the siege of Colombo in 1656, for in all probability the name Holst given in the *Government Gazette* of September 2, 1813, is a mistake for Hulft. His body lay for some time, during the continuance of the siege, at the "Groote Kerk" at Galle, and was in 1658 removed to Colombo and laid under a stately mausoleum. Every vestige of this has disappeared, though there is a rumour that the stone which bore the inscription was used, turned the other way, for Sir William Coke's monument, which was erected five years after the removal from the Fort church to Wolvendaal. Possibly it was used, three months after such removal, for lady Louisa Rodney's. Another disappearance still more to be regretted was a stone containing an inscription "in pure Portuguese over a King of Cotta, who was converted to the Catholic Faith in 1550, who died in 1607." This refers to Don Juan Dharmapala, 1542–1581. There are also missing the memorials of Adam de Lannoy of Breda, Koopman and "Soldy-boekhouder of Colombo," and of his wife Theodora Wilhelmina Theobeeren of Soerabaiya, who died in 1794 and 1776 respectively, relatives of Governor van Eck, as well as those of Colonel Paravicini di Capelle, whose hatchment stands over the organ loft, and of his second wife, the widow of Governor Falck. Of the three other hatchments in the church which have always been in Wolvendaal, one is that of the wife of the last Governor, Johan Gerard van Angelbeek. She died in 1793, but has no other memorial, while her husband, who died in 1799, has neither tomb nor hatchment. It is probable that none was ever erected, and the same is probably the case with regard to the sons of Commandeur Fretz, whose remains with those of Governor Angelbeek and his wife were also among those removed to Wolvendaal.

The three hatchments in Wolvendaal, though they all commemorate persons buried in the Fort, no doubt were originally placed in Wolvendaal, and were not removed there in 1813. The Fort church was roofless, and could afford no protection for such memorials. In fact it is known from the Wolvendaal registers that the two commemorating the wives of Governors van de Graaff and van Angelbeek were placed in the church in 1805 by the Hon. George Melville Leslie, Paymaster-General, who had married a daughter of Governor van de Graaff.

The burial register goes back to 1803 only.

Captain Anderson, who has been already quoted, tells, in his "Wanderer in Ceylon," the following tale of a lady buried in Wolvendaal Church, which he states is a "melancholy fact." It is impossible to identify her; there is no inscription that suits. These verses must be her only commemoration:—

Yon shady slope then let me gain,
And view that unassuming fane,
That monument of pious hands,
A Christian church in heathen lands.

.....

Within that solemn pile are laid
The ashes of a high-born maid,
A victim of unhallow'd scorn,
Tho' once to princely titles born,
And of each female grace possest
That could adorn the gentle breast.

Where Rhine's majestic current flows,
Her patrimonial tow'rs arose,
And there beneath a mother's view,
The apple of her eye she grew!
There as along her evening walk,
She pluck'd the flow'ret from its stalk,
And heard the murmurs of the tide,
And saw the purple shadows glide,
When eve's rich colours, bright but brief,
Were hung on every growing leaf,
In such an hour, in such a scene,
Well might the doating mother ween,
Nor hall, nor palace, cot, nor bow'r,
Could boast a fairer, sweeter flow'r!
Had that fond parent lived to know
The hand that dealt the vital blow,
Oh, had she thought her ripen years
Were doom'd to banishment and tears,
And that an equatorial sky
Should dim the sparkle of that eye!
But heav'n in mercy from her sight,
The future kindly veiled in night;
The smiling mother sunk to rest,
Upon her darling daughter's breast.

Her father, haughty, selfish, old,
Of look austere, deportment cold;
Whose avaricious hopes and fears,
Increased with his increasing years,
Now sternly bade her plight her hand,
To one, the wealthiest of the land,
But of a base unfeeling mind,
A temper sordid and unkind,
Who strove the shrinking maid to buy,
Nor sought for kindness in her eye:
But she had pledged her virgin troth,

To one, a soldier from his youth:
Whose modest worth, unknown to fame,
With no proud lineage grac'd his name!
What pen can paint the throes of pride
When first the tearful, trembling bride,
Her lowly lover's name reveal'd,
And own'd their nuptial faith was sealed?
The rising wrath the father felt
As still the lovely pleader knelt,
"A parent's curse attend thy bed,
(Thus to the shudd'ring bride he said)
"Degenerate girl! now hear thy doom,
"Thy future joyless years consume:
"And wither that too-fatal bloom,
"Where noxious exhalations rise!
"In Java's pestilential skies!"
Then furious, rising from his seat,
He spurn'd the victim from his feet.
Fain would I image the despair,
The comfortless, distracted air,
The changing passions that assail
The lover at the harrowing tale!
How swift he flew, how gently prest
The hopeless sufferer to his breast!
"Albert," the mourner faintly said,
"A father's curse is on my head!"
"Oh, were my sainted mother here,
"Her daughter's breaking heart to cheer!"
Again he strained her to his heart,
"Clara, be mine that grateful part;
"Perhaps my unremitting love
"The barbed arrow may remove!
"In my fidelity be found
"A balsam for the rankling wound!"

Brief be the melancholy tale!
The watchful father's pow'rs prevail,
His sleepless vengeance quickly found
A warlike bark to Java bound:
Six tedious months had nearly wan'd
Before the destin'd port they gain'd:
And time's smooth balsam slow but sure
Had staunch'd the wound it could not cure!
But Java's unrelenting sky
Soon stole the lustre from her eye,
An hectic tinge, a fiery glow,
Declar'd the footsteps of the foe;
Yet, tho' she felt the coming stroke,
No murmur from the sufferer broke;

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Not Albert's tenderness could save
The victim from an early grave ;
One hope seem'd only to remain,
To trust the ocean wave again,
And try if some more genial shore
To her flush'd cheek could health restore !
To renovate her sinking frame
Hither the wee-worn wand'rer came.
But where can human science find
An opiate for a wounded mind ?
Like a gaunt fiend, upon her breast,
That fatal curse still hourly prest ;
Fast sinks the poor, heart-stricken maid,
Vain, vain, is every earthly aid !

She bless'd her parent, clos'd her eyes,
And sought her mother in the skies !

Albert appeared to meet his lot
At first as if he felt it not ;
But in the wandering of his eye
A solemn purpose you might spy,
A fearful wildness dwelling there,
Resulting from confirm'd despair ;
An agonizing, bitter scorn,*
That told how deep the rankling thorn !
Slowly he left the sacred shade,
Where all his soul's best hopes were laid,
Return'd to Java, fought and died,
And joined once more his injur'd bride !

Serial No.	Date.	Name.
353 ..	March 3 1662	.. Ina Bosemis

Inscription.

.. INA VAN DER HOOL. Out 22 jaars huysvrouw v.
WILHELM BOSEMIS, in den Heere gerust den 3 Maar,
Ao. 1662.

Arms.—Dexter shield a heart saignant, a
canton gules.

Crest.—A cross.

Sinister shield.—Party per pale: (1) per fess, vert and
argent, in base an anchor ; (2) vert, a cross coupé
argent.

Crest.—A plume of ostrich feathers (?).

(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 223, 264.)

354 ..	June 26 1662	.. Sibilla de Leeuw
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.. SIBILLA DE LEEUW. Obiit den 26 Juny, Ao. 1662.

Sibilla de Leeuw, baptized at Colombo, December,
1661, was the daughter of Adriaan de Leeuw of Har-
lingen (Friesland) and Maria Dureus of Batavia,
perhaps the daughter of Andries Dureus of Scotland,
who was Chief Surgeon in Batavia (1625–37). Andries
Dureus was married (1), Batavia, February 27, 1625,
to Sara Seroyen of Amsterdam, (2), Batavia, February
15, 1629, to Anna van Nederhoven of Dordrecht, and
(3), Batavia, August 20, 1637, Catharina Stroombergen
of Campen, the widow of Pieter Nannielsz, Koopman.
Dureus is the Latinized form of Dure (Durkee).

There was an Andries Dure in Colombo in 1657, who
appears as a sponsor at a baptism, on September 13,
1657, with Magdalena Dure, evidently his wife. He
was most probably the son of the Chief Surgeon and
father of Maria Dure (Durhee), born 1652, died October
2, 1686, the wife of Anthony Mooyaart of Amsterdam,
born 1639, who came out as an Under Surgeon
to Ceylon. He was the grandfather of Anthony
Mooyaart, Commandeur of Jaffna.

Sibilla de Leeuw's godmother was Sibilla Scholten,
the wife, no doubt, of Marten Scholten, who was
married to Sibilla Herverdonck.

(*Ibid.*, vol. XV., p. 218 ; vol. XVII., p. 12.)

355 ..	June 25 1663	.. Sigismundus Monitanier
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.. Hier leit SIGISMUNDUS MONITANIER. Out 12 jaar, 2
maanden. Gestorven den 25 Ju., 1663.

(*Ibid.*, vol. XVII., pp. 14, 15, 27.)

He was, perhaps, the son of François Monitanier,
the Fiscaal of Colombo, who married Dorothea
Schatvelt. Isabella Margareta Monitanier of Delft was
married at Colombo, 1671, to Johan Marten Francen
of Anhalt, Chief Surgeon of Colombo.

356 ..	May 24 1664	.. Hercules Lindeborn
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.. Hier leyt begraven den E. HERCULES LINDEBORN in
zyn leeven vrycoopman kapiteyn der burgerye
ende viesepresis van't Civile Collegie deser stat
Colombo. Geboortich van Drontem out 42 jaren
7/m en 11 dagen. Overleeden den 24 Mey, anno
1664.

Arms.—On a mound a (linden) tree.

Crest.—A tree, as in the arms.

Hercules Lindeborn was married to Johanna Linde-
born. Two of his daughters, Sara and Elizabeth,
are buried at Pulicat. ("Indian Monumental In-
scriptions," Cotton, p. 189.) There was a Lindeborn,
Chief of Henimoa (1708). "Drontem" is Drontheim
in Norway.

(*Ibid.*, vol. XV., p. 219 ; vol. XVII., p. 12.)

This tomb is outside the church. It was moved here
from the Fort Dutch Church in 1813.

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
357 ..	Jan. 3 1667 June 22 1668	.. Jacomina van Goens .. Esther van Goens	<p>.. Hier rust JACOMINA ROSEGAARD en ESTHER DE SOLEMNE huysvrouwen van RYCKLOF VAN GOENS, raed ord. van India, Gouvernerend, Ceylon, Malabaer en Madure. Overleden den 3 Janu, Ao. 1667, d'ander 22 Juny, 1668.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Quarterly of four. (1) Party per pale (a) azure, an eagle displayed issuing from the pale line, (b) a stag springing contourné. (2) Party per pale (a) azure, the sun in his glory, (b) barruly of eleven, gules and argent, the 6th charged with 5 mallets. (3) Gules, an hour glass fesseways. (4) Party per pale (a) party per pale, (aa) gules, a fleur-de-lys issuing from the pale line, (bb) barruly of eleven, gules and argent, (b) gules, a baton argent, surtout, a lion rampant.</p> <p>Jacomina Rosegaard was born in Leyden in 1616, being the daughter of Bartholomeus Rosegaard. She was married (1) to Lieutenant Jan Lievens and (2) at Batavia, September 13, 1640, to Rycklof van Goens (senior), Governor of Ceylon. Esther de Solemne, the second wife of Rycklof van Goens, born in 1640, was the daughter of Captain David de Solemne and Catherina Malbergh. Rycklof van Goens (junior) was a child of the second marriage, having been born at Batavia, June 11, 1642. He was Governor of Ceylon April 12, 1675, to December 3, 1679; was twice married, (1) at Colombo, March 17, 1667, to Louisa Brasser of Dantzic, and (2) to Catharina van Adrichem, daughter of Dirk van Adrichem, Director of Surat.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 219; vol. XVII., pp. 13, 66, 67; vol. XVIII., p. 394.)</p> <p>Outside the church. Probably removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p>
358 ..	Sept. 23 1684	.. Adriana Blom	<p>.. Hier leyt begraven de eerbare juf. ADRIANA ALEBOS, huysvrouw van den koopman en secre. des gouvernements v. Ceyln. FLORIS BLOM, gebooren in Tayouan, op't eylandt Formosa, den 13 Decembr., Ao. 1656, en sterft den 23 Sepr., 1684, in't Casteel Colombo.</p> <p>In the "Lapidarium Zeylanicum" there is next to this epitaph (p. 5) a coat of arms as follows :—</p> <p>Party per pale : (1) Three birds rousant ; (2) a cross humetté in chief and five lozenges in base.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A bird, as in the arms.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 219, 256, 257; vol. XVII., pp. 13, 26.)</p> <p>Adriana Alebos was evidently the sister of Nicolaas Alebos of Tayouan (Formosa), Dissave of Colombo.</p> <p>Floris Blom was a native of Zaardam (N. Holland).</p> <p>This tombstone is outside the church. It was removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p>
359 ..	Dec. 3 1686	.. (Marten) Scholte	<p>.. Hier n dit kleyn vertregk, leyt den vermaerden helt, die SCHOLTE die weleer, gloekmoedigh sloegvytvelt, den trotsen loysatien, en vyt haer stergke stede, wien ziel rust nu by God, ind' aerde zyne leede. Geboore den 12 Novemb., Ao. 1620, obyt 3 Desemb. Ao. 1686.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>..... a bunch of grapes between four vine leaves conjoined saltirewise.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A plume of ostrich feathers.</p> <p>This epitaph evidently refers to Captain Marten Scholten. He was married to Sibilla Hervendonk, perhaps daughter of Joris Hervendonk, Resident of Kandy. (Baldæus's "Ceylon," p. 66.)</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XI., p. 63; vol. XV., p. 218; vol. XVII., p. 12.)</p> <p>At the siege of Colombo by the Dutch, Marten Scholtes (Scholte), Lieutenant of the Galle Rifles, Captain of Galle, and renowned in the Sinhalese and Malabar wars, was the first to scale the walls (March 5, 1656) of the bastion St. Joan. He was wounded in the arm in the encounter. (Baldæus's "Ceylon," p. 122.) In 1665 he was sent to the King of Kandy's territories with Captain du Pont and the Koopman van Goens, to take possession of certain provinces.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
359 ..	Dec. 3 1686	(Marten) Scholte— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>The epitaph is an attempt at versification, as indicated by the commas.</p> <p>This stone is outside the church. It was probably removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>This will be seen by the following rendering in modern Dutch :—</p> <p>Hier in dit Klein vertrek Ligt de vermaard held Die Scholte die weleer Kloekmoedig sloeg uit veld Den trotsche Lus'tanien En uit hare sterke stede Wiens ziel rust nu by God In d'aarde zyne leede (<i>sic</i>)</p> <p><i>Leede</i> is an archaic word introduced for purposes of rhythm in place of <i>lyk</i> (body). The Portuguese in the East were often called "the haughty Lusitanians." The epitaph may be translated: "Here, in this small recess, lies the famed hero, that Scholte who long since vanquished the haughty Lusitanians and drove them out of their fortress. His soul rests with God, his body in the earth." As an example of a vainglorious epitaph it may be compared with No. 1,242 on page 125 in Cotton's List.</p>
360 ..	Aug. 19 1690	Joan van Vliet ..	<p>Hier rust d'E. JOAN VAN VLIET in syn leven oppercoopman en hoeft op Tutucoryn. Geboren 11 January, Ao. 1656. Obyt 19 Augusto, 1690, out synde 34 jaren 7 maanden en 8 dagen.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Azure, three spears placed bendwise, points directed sinister.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A spear erect.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 222; vol. XVII., pp. 13-14; vol. XVIII., p. 53.)</p> <p>Joan van Vliet was a native of Schiedam, and married (1) at Tuticorin, June 2, 1675, Susanna Alvarez, perhaps daughter of Fernandez Alvarez, Dissave (Valentyn's "Ceylon," p. 154), (2) Maria van Rhee, (3) at Colombo, August 16, 1682, Wilhelmina de Witt of Utrecht, widow of Willem van Dielen of Haarlem, Opperkoopman.</p> <p>Outside the church. Probably from the Fort Dutch Church.</p>
361 ..	Oct. 4 1695	Johanna Margarita van Toll ..	<p>Hier rust d'eerbare juffr. JOHANNA MARGARITA SCHILHOORN in haar leven warde huysvrouw van den oppercoopman GERRIT VAN TOLL. Out 17 jaren 9 m. 11 dagen. Geboren tot Batavia, overleden den 4 en October, Ao. 1695.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 223; vol. XVII., p. 14; vol. XVIII., p. 60.)</p> <p>Johanna Margarita Schilhoorn was the first wife of Gerrit van Toll of Utrecht (married at Colombo, June 13, 1694). His second wife (married at Colombo, January 1, 1697) was Catharina Constantia van Vliet of Tutucorin, the daughter of Joan van Vliet and Maria van Rhee.</p>
362 ..	Oct. 24 1696	Henrietta van Rhee ..	<p>Hier legt begraven HENRIETTA VAN KRIEKENBEEK huysvrouwe van THOMAS VAN RHEE, Raad extraordinair van India, Gouvernr. en Directr. des Eylands Ceylon en obiit 24 Octr., ætatis 56 jaren.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per pale: (1) three stags' heads, the two in chief affronté. (2) Nine escutcheons (?) 3.3.3, a chief sable.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 223, 224, 247, 258; vol. XVII., pp. 13, 14, 22, 49, 50, 69.)</p> <p>Henrietta van Kriekenbeek, born October 1, 1640, at Wyk by Duurstede (Province of Utrecht), was the daughter of Rutgerus van Kriekenbeek of the same town, the founder of the family in Ceylon. She came out to Ceylon with her father in 1659 in the ship <i>Zeelandia</i>, and was married at Galle, August 1, 1661, to Thomas van Rhee of Wyk by Duurstede, born December 16, 1634, died at Batavia, March 31, 1701. Thomas van Rhee was probably the son of Captain Willem van Rhee (Artillery), born 1597, died</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
362 ..	Oct. 24 1696	Henrietta van Rhee <i>contd.</i>	at Wyk by Duurstede, March 10, 1667, by his wife Margarita van Hengst, born at Wyk by Duurstede, December 12, 1598, died there April 28, 1667. Outside the church. Probably removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.
363 ..	Nov. 5 1700 April 23 1700	Willem van Rhee .. Catharina Affricana van Dielen	Hier leggen begraven den E. Heer WILLEM VAN RHEE in zyn leven oppercoopman en hoofd-administrateur des Ceylonsen Gouvernements, en desselfs huysvrouw d'eerbare CATHARINA AFFRICANA VAN DIELEN, de laarste geboren den 7 Juny., Ao. 1670, en overleden den 23 April, 1700, mitsgaders den eersten geboren primo December, Ao. 1663, en overleden den 5 November des opgemelten jaars 1700. <i>Arms.</i> — <i>Dexter shield</i> (van Rhee).—Gules, three stags' heads argent. <i>Sinister shield</i> (van Dielen).—On a fess azure, three stars or, the chief party per pale; (1) or, a tree debruised by a stag courant contourné; (2) gules, a pascal lamb passant argent. In base, or, a lion couchant guardant gules, armed and langued azure, holding in his paws a ball azure. <i>Crest</i> (over the two shields).—A stag issuant. (<i>Journal</i> , R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 223, 224, 247, 258; vol. XVII., pp. 13, 14, 22, 26, 43, 69.) Willem van Rhee was born at Negapatnam, being the son of Thomas van Rhee and Henrietta van Kriekenbeek. He married Catharina Africana van Dielen of Haarlem at Colombo on April 13, 1687. She was no doubt of the same family as Willem van Dielen of Haarlem, Chief of Masulipatnam (born August 5, 1650, died at Pulicat, October 13, 1688), who married at Colombo, January 9, 1678, Wilhelmina de Witt of Utrecht (<i>Cotton</i> , p. 192), and as Johanna van Dielen of Haarlem, who married at Colombo, March 17, 1686, Lodewyk van Rabenhaupt of Nymegen (a town on the river Waal in Holland, South of Arnhem). Isaac van Dielen (<i>Cotton</i> , p. 269) no doubt belonged to the same family.
364 ..	March 31 1702	Barbara Margarita van der Duym	Ter gedachtenisse van Mejuffrouw BARBARA MARGARITA CADENSKY huysvrouw van D.' E. ADAM VAN DER DUYM geboren tot Cochim, anno 1678, den 11 Augustus, obiit ultmo. maert 1702, out 23 jaeren 7 maenden 20 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 226; vol. XVII., p. 14.) Barbara Margarita Cadensky was perhaps the sister of Pieter Cadensky of Cochim, Assistent, who married, May 2, 1706, Johanna Lodewyks of Negapatnam. Adam van der Duym was Commandeur of Jaffna (1705–08). It was during his term of office that the Dutch Church there was built by Martinus-Leusekam.
365 ..	Nov. 26 1702	Gerrit de Heere	.. Hier onder rust den wel. Edele Heer GERRIT DE HEERE in zyn leeven extraordinre. raad van Nederlands India, Gouverneur en Directeur van't Eyland Ceylon, de custe Madure ext. Obiit Colombo den 26 Novembr., Ao. 1702, out 45 jaeren 8/m en 26 dagen. <i>Arms.</i> —.... an eight-spoked wheel. <i>Crest.</i> —A plume of ostrich feathers. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 225.) Gerrit de Heere was born in Amsterdam, March 1, 1657, and married, at Batavia, Johanna Maria van Riebeek, the daughter of the Governor-General Abraham van Riebeek and Elisabeth van Osten of Delft, and granddaughter of Johan van Riebeek, the founder of Cape Colony, and Maria Quevellerius. De Heere's widow married the Governor-General Joan van Hoorn.
366 ..	Feb. 28 1709	Abigail Strick	.. Hier onder rust het lyck van mejuffrw. ABIGAIL KEETLAAR laast wedwe. van den oppercoopm. en dessave der Colombose landen Hr. CORNELIS STRICK zalr., geboren Ter Goes den Isen. January, 1639, en overleden ult., Februar., Ao. 1709, oud 70 jaren 7 maenden 10 dagen.

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
366 ..	Feb. 28 1709	.. Abigail Strick— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p><i>Arms.</i>—Vair-taillé, five lozenges conjoined bend-wise.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A plume of ostrich feathers.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 225, 285, 286; vol. XVII., pp. 14, 15, 22, 30, 32; vol. XVIII., p. 63.)</p> <p>Ter Goes is the capital of the island of South Beveland (Zeeland).</p>
367 ..	April 26 1719	.. Cornelis van der Parra ..	<p>Hier rust den E. CORNELIS VAN DER PARRA in syn leeven coopmn. en sekretars. dieses eylants Ceylon, alhier tot Colombo geboren Ao. 1687 den 31 Januari, obit Ao. 1719 den 26 April, oudt synde 32 jaaren, 2 maenden en 26 daagen.</p> <p>Cornelis van der Parra, baptized at Colombo, February 6, 1687, was the son of Rombout van der Parra of Amsterdam, Dissave of Colombo, by his wife Maria Strick of Colombo, whom he married there on July 11, 1683. Rombout married (2) at Colombo, 1695, Henrietta Wickelman (Winkelman?) of Galle. Cornelis married at Colombo, October 26, 1709, Gertruida Susanna Spannuyt of Amsterdam, and these were the parents of Petrus Albertus van der Parra, born at Colombo, September 29, 1714, Governor-General of the Dutch Indies.</p>
368 ..	Sept. 25 1714	.. Susanna Margarita Schorer	<p>Mitsgaders zyne dogter SUSANNA MARGAR. huys-vrouwe van den ondercoopman en dispencier DANIEL SCHORER. Geboren den 5den April, 1695, oud 19 jaar, 5 maanden 20 dag. en overleden 25en Sepr., 1714, soo mede haar dogtertje.</p> <p><i>Arms</i> (van der Parra).—Per fess, or and azure, in chief an eagle displayed sable, in base a chevron argent between three pears of the last.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—An eagle, as in the arms.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 227, 262, 263; vol. XVII., p. 15.)</p> <p>There is no connection between this tombstone and No. 367. Daniel (Bernardszoon) Schorer was a native of Ter Goes (Beveland), and came out to the Indies in the ship <i>Serjeantsland</i> in 1705.</p>
369 ..	April 16 and 25 and May 7 1719	.. Constantia Moll .. Adriana Henrietta Moll Bitterina Moll (Children of Arnold Moll and Christina van Reede)	<p>Rust plaats der 3 gesusterjes CONSTANTIA tot Jaff. geb. den 27 May, 1711, ADRIANA HENRIETTA dto. den 27 April, 1712, BITTERINA tot gale dto. den 4 Augo., 1714. Overleden den 16 en 25 April en 7 May, 1719, allen Kinderen van de Hr. ARNOLD MOLL opperk. en Ceylons hoofd administrat. en mejoffrou CHRISTINA VAN REEDE.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per fess, in chief three moles, in base, argent, two barrulets dancette sable.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 229, 230, 236, 265, 277; vol. XVII., pp. 16, 27, 29.)</p> <p>Christina van Reede died at Batavia, April 13, 1731, was the daughter of Gerard van Rhee. The strange name Bitterina is a feminine form of Bitter—a name of frequent occurrence in the van Reede family. There was a Lieutenant Bitter van Reede in Ceylon in 1693.</p> <p>Outside the church. Probably removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p>
370 ..	April 7 1722	.. Francois van Beaumont ..	<p>Hier rust jonckheer FRANÇOIS VAN BEAUMONT oud 24 jaaren vyf. maanden en 7 dagen. Overleeden den 7 April, 1722.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Azure, a ship in full sail, or; on a chief or, a lion passant, sable.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A lion issuant, sable, armed and langued gules, between a pair of wings or and sable.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 229, 235; vol. XVII., pp. 16, 18.)</p> <p>François van Beaumont was perhaps the son of Cornelis van Beaumont of Breda, Fiscaal, Cape, and Deliana Blesius, daughter of Johannes Blesius of Breukelen (N. Holland), Fiscaal, Cape, and granddaughter of Rev. Dominicus Blesius of Breukelen.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
371 ..	June 11 1723	Isaac August Rumpf	<p>In luctuosissimum obitum prænobilis et incomparabilis viri domini et magistri Is. AUG. RUMPF, ordinarij (dum viveret) concilii Ind. Orient. membri et gubernatoris per universam insulam Ceylonnensem. Conditur hoc tumulo illustris pars infima Rumpfi Spiritus æthereos pervolat usque polos Occidit jam nostro corruscans lumine cælo Sol sed heu miseros nos manet atra dies, Ille gubernandis populis miserisque juvandis Natus amor nostri temporis ecce jacet Vos Ceylonnenses saxum quoties videatis Fundite vos lacrymas, nam pater interiit. Natus, Ao. 1673 vigesimo primo Novembr., denatus Ao. 1723, undecimo Juny.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Quarterly of four: 1 and 4 gules, a five-pointed star or, 2 and 3 party per bend wavy, or and azure, a rose counterchanged. Over all, on an inescutcheon argent, a bull rampant langued gules.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A bull affronté.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 228, 229; vol. XVII., pp. 16, 58; vol. XVIII., pp. 68, 325.)</p> <p>The earliest known ancestor of this family was Johannes Rumpf, Baron of Weilros, a Colonel in the Regiment of Emperor Maximiliaan II., who died in action in the year 1566. He was the grandfather of the great-grandfather of Isaac Augustyn Rumpf, who was born in The Hague, November 21, 1673. He was a Doctor of Laws of Leyden University, and arrived in the Indies in 1707 in the ship 't <i>Huis ter Loo</i> for the chamber Amsterdam, and succeeded Hendrik Bekker as Governor on December 5, 1716. He was the son of Christiaan Constantyn Rumpf and Anna Margarita Bee, and married Gysberta Johanna Blesius, the sister of Deliana Blesius, wife of Cornelis van Beaumont. Gysberta Johanna Blesius married, as the widow Rumpf, at Batavia, on March 16, 1726, Mr. Everhard Kraayvanger of Macassar, Advocate Fiscaal of India, and widower of Maria Catharina de Vos.</p> <p>This epitaph was versified in English with considerable skill by the late Mr. E. C. Dumbleton, Crown Counsel, as follows:—</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Hidden beneath this tombstone's shade The mortal part of Rumpf is laid, Illustrious dust! His spirit high Now flits beyond the ethereal sky; Sunk is the sun that gleamed so bright, Changed is our day to "Death's Dark Night." Born to command and grief assuage— The fondest hope of this our age! Lo, Ceylonese, lo! Here he lies,— Whene'er this stone confronts your eyes, Grudge not the tribute of a tear To parent worth that's buried here!</p>
372 ..	Oct. 19 1745	Johannes Hertenberg	<p>Hier legt begraven den Edelen groot agtbaaren Heer JOHANNES HERTENBERG, raad extraordinaris van Nederlands India, Gouverneur en Directeur deses Eylands Ceylon en deszelfs onderhorigheden etc. Gebooren t'Oudkarspel Ao. 1668, d. 15 April. Obiit op Colombo d. 19 Octob. 1725, out 56 jaaren 6 maanden 4 dagen.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—On a fess, between a stag courant in chief and three hills in base, three trefoils.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A stag's head.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 231; vol. XVII., p. 53.)</p> <p>Johannes Hertenberg came out to the Indies in the ship <i>De Groote Vischery</i> as Third Surgeon in 1687. He was Commandeur of Galle, 1713, and Governor of Ceylon from January 12, 1724. Oudkarspel is a small town to the north of Alkmaar, but his birthplace is given also as Enkhuyzen. <i>Onderhorigheden</i> is the modern "dependencies."</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
373 ..	Feb. 22 1735 Nov. 16 1733	.. Jacob Hals .. Johannes Adrien Overbeek (grandson)	.. Ter gedagtenisse VAN JACOB HALS oudt Capitain der Colombose burgerye, geboren tot Amsterdam den 6 May, anno 1668, overleeden tot Colombo den 22 February, Ao. 1735, oudt 66 jaaren, 9 maanden en 17 dagen, mitsds. g. ds. selfs. klynsoon JOHANS. ADRIEN OVERBEEK, geboren tot Tutucoryn, dn. 3 Febry., Ao. 1725, ovrlidn. tot Colbo. dn. 163 Novr., Ao. 1733, oudt 8 jaaren 9 maanden en 1 dagen. <i>Arms.</i> —Per fess, in chief a crowned figure consisting of a ball covered with two leaves, in base three arrow heads fessways and directed vertically downwards issuing from the fess line. <i>Crest.</i> —A helmet between a pair of wings. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 232, 251, 25 287 ; vol. XVII., pp. 18, 24 ; vol. XVIII., p. 55.) Jacob Hals married, (1) Dominga Suarus at Colombo, February 19, 1696. His daughter of this marriage, Elisabeth, was the wife of Daniel Overbeek, Governor of Ceylon. Hals married, (2) March 15, 1722, Sophia van Giethoorn of Colombo, widow of Nicolaas Moor and daughter of Hermanus Albertsz van Giethoorn.
374 ..	Dec. 13 1736	.. Jacobus Wilhelmus Balthazarus, Baron von Imhoff	JACOBO WILHELMO BALTHAZARI W. BAR. VON IMHOFF GUSTAV WILHELM ex CATH. MAGDAL. HUYSMAN, fil. nat. min. plur. da. nat. Batavia 20 Mart, 1735, denat. Colombo 13 Decemb. 1736, etat. mens. 20, dies 23 parent. moestiss. pos. <i>Arms.</i> —Quarterly of four : 1 and 4, gules, a lion mariné, or (Imhoff) ; 2 and 3, party per pale, gules and argent, an annulet counterchanged (Gundelfinger). Over all : an inescutcheon or, on which a crowned double-headed eagle displayed, sable. <i>Crest.</i> —A crowned double-headed eagle displayed, sable. The arms on the 16 shields on the sides of the stone are as follows :— <i>Dexter.</i> <i>Imhoff.</i> —(Already blazoned.) <i>Boreel.</i> —Argent, a chevron sable between three hunting-horns sable ; on a chief gules a lion passant, guardant, or. <i>Imhoff.</i> —(Already blazoned.) <i>Carel.</i> —Azure, on a mount, a tree or. <i>Lewezoven.</i> —Argent, a porteullis gules. <i>Coymans.</i> —Quarterly : 1 and 4 Barry of 6, argent and azure, on a chief gules, three besants or ; 2 and 3, or, 3 bulls' heads sable. <i>Lewezoven.</i> —(Already blazoned.) <i>Trip.</i> —Gules, 3 pattens or. <i>Sinister.</i> <i>Huysman.</i> —Per fess, in chief, two prongs argent, placed saltire-wise ; in base a bull arrété gules. <i>Pelgrom.</i> —Quarterly : (1) argent, a double-headed eagle displayed gules, beaked and membered azure ; (2) two weasels rampant and affronté, gules ; (3) argent, three six-spoked wheels sable ; (4) or, a pine tree eradicated, vert. <i>Waegberg.</i> —Or, a crowned lion rampant, sable. <i>Everson.</i> —Argent, a drake contourné. <i>Hasteley.</i> —Quarterly : 1 and 4, argent, a chevron between three five-pointed stars ; 2 and 3, argent, five billets (2 and 3). <i>Pigeou.</i> —Argent, three lance-heads gules. <i>Emougher.</i> —Quarterly : 1 and 4 argent, 2 boar spears adossé ; 2 and 3, argent, a chevron between three fleurs-de-lys. <i>Hebert.</i> —Argent. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., pp. 232, 233, 234, 258, 287 ; vol. XVII., p. 27 ; vol. XVIII., p. 59.) Gustaaf Wellem Baron von Imhoff was born at Leer on the Eems (Westphalia, East Friesland) on August 8, 1705, and was the son of Wellem Hendrik Baron von Imhoff and Isabella Sophia Boreel. He

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
374 ..	Dec. 13 1736	Jacobus Wilhelmus Balthazarus, Baron von Imhoff— <i>contd.</i>	<p>entered the service of the Dutch East India Company in 1725 as onderkoopman, was Governor of Ceylon July 23, 1736, to March 12, 1740, and appointed Governor-General December 2, 1740. On the orders of Governor-General Adriaan Valekenier he was placed under arrest and sent back to Holland, where he arrived on September 19, 1741, but the States-General confirmed him in his office. He died in Batavia, November 1, 1750. He married in 1734 Catharina Magdalena Huysman (who died at Batavia, July 22, 1744), daughter of the Director-General Antony Huysman and Johanna Catharina Pelgrom. Jacob Wilhelm Balthazar was the only child of this marriage.</p> <p>The sixteen quarterings on the tombstone are explained as follows in the Journal of the Dutch Burgher Union of Ceylon, vol. II., p. 91 :—</p> <p>Willem Boreel was the son of Jacob Boreel, Burgomaster of Bergen-op-Zoom, who died in 1636 at the age of 84. He was himself a Burgomaster, viz., of Middelburg, and died at Paris, where he was the Ambassador, on September 29, 1668, his wife Jacoba Carel having predeceased him there on January 17, 1657. Jacob Boreel, their son, was born on March 1, 1630, and died on August 21, 1697. He was Burgomaster of Amsterdam, and married Isabella Coymans, the daughter of Balthazar Coymans and Maria Trip, the daughter of Elias Trip, a Director of the Dutch East India Company, and Alette Adriaansz. Their daughter Isabella Sophia Boreel married Willem Hendrick Baron van Imhoff, "Geheimraad van der Vorst van Oostfriesland en Drost van Lierooost." These were the parents of the Governor of Ceylon, whose wife Catharina Magdalena Huysman derives from a family long settled in the East. Antony Huysman of Rotterdam sailed for Batavia in 1646 with his wife Lea van Waesberg, taking with them their four children, of whom one was Marten Huysman, born at Rotterdam in 1635. Lea van Waesberg died on the voyage, and Antony Huysman at Batavia, 1673. Marten Huysman rose to be the Director-General of Bengal, where he died in 1684, having married at Batavia, 1664, Magdalena Chastelyn, born 1644, died at Batavia, 1698. Antony Huysman (the son of Marten) was born at Jaffna in 1668, and died at Batavia, September 19, 1728, as Director-General of the Dutch Indies. Johanna Catharina Pelgrom of Amsterdam, born October 20, 1686, was his second wife, he having married her in Bengal on October 20, 1686. She was the daughter of the "ontvanger generaal" of the Dutch Indies, Jacob Jacobszoon Pelgrom (whose mother was Sibilla Everson), and Catharina Pigou, "Vrouw der Miljaad." The daughter of Antony Huysman was Catharina Magdalena Huysman, born in Bengal, June 11, 1708. She was married to the Governor of Ceylon (afterwards Governor-General) at Batavia, April 20, 1727. It may be noted that Lowezoven, Waegberg, Hasteley, Pigeou, and Emougher on the tombstone should be Van Levetzow, Waesberg, Chastelyn, Pigou, and De Moucheron.</p>
375 ..	Dec. 19 1736	Josina Jacoba Crytsman ..	<p>Hier lyden rust mejuffrouw JOSINA JACOBA VAN WYNBERGEN huysvrouw van het Ponnecail's hoofd JOHANNES FERDINANDUS CRYTSMAN. Geboren den 22 September, Ao. 1709. Overleden den 19 December, 1736. Out 27 jaaren 2 maanden en 28 daagen.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 231, 232, 256, 286; vol. XVII., pp. 17, 26.)</p> <p>Josina Jacoba Wynbergen was born in The Hague, and was married to Johannes Ferdinandus Crytsman at Colombo on May 15, 1735. Johannes Ferdinandus Crytsman, born at Colombo in 1709, was the son of Johannes Crytsman of Breslau, Commissioner of the Arecanut Department, Colombo, by his fourth wife Gertruida de Haan. "Ponnecail's hoofd" means Chief of Pondekayl, a small Dutch settlement in those days to the south of Tutucorin.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
376 ..	Dec. 27 1741	.. Diederick Christiaan van Domburgh	<p>Hier onder legt en rust het lyk van den Jonkheer DIERK. CHRISTN. VN. DOMBURGH eenigste soon van den Eden. Heer Mr. DIDERIK VAN DOMBURGH, in leven Gouverneur en Directr. van't Eyland Ceylon met dies resorts en Mevrwe. EUPHEMIA ENGELBERT egteleeden. Geboren in't Casteel Colombo den 4en. October, Ao. 1734. Overleeden den 27en. December, 1741, oud zynde 7 jaaren, 2 maenden en 23 dagen.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Quarterly of four : 1 and 4, barry of six, argent and gules ; 2 and 3, argent, three fishes ranged fessways, embowed, and haurient.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A fish's head (?) between a pair of wings. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 231 ; vol. XVII., pp. 17, 63.)</p> <p>Diederick van Domburg was born in Utrecht in 1685, being the son of the Raadsheer Cornelis van Domburg. He was Governor of Ceylon from January 21, 1734, to June 7, 1736. Euphemia Engelbert was born on March 4, 1711, being the daughter of Heinrich Engelbert (van Beveroorde). <i>Met dies resorts, i.e.,</i> with the dependencies thereof.</p>
377 ..	Oct. 13 1749	.. Richard van Minnen	<p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Hier rust den opperkoopman en Ceylons hoofd administrateur D. E. Heer RICHARD VAN MINNEN, gebooren te Amersvoort den 6 November, Ao. 1706. Overleeden den 13 Octbr., 1749, oud zynde 42 jaaren 11 maanden en 7 dagen.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per pale, (1) half of the double-headed eagle displayed issuing from the pale line ; (2) per fess, 6 rosebuds, three in chief and three in base.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A double-headed eagle displayed. (<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 234, 285 ; vol. XVII., pp. 18, 32.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Richard van Minnen was married, (1) November 29, 1739, to Johanna Hester Mooyaat, the eldest daughter of Anthony Mooyaat, Commandeur of Jaffna, and Elisabeth Ursula Woutersz, and, (2) November 27, 1743, to Rachel Steiger of Batavia, who died August 15, 1776, after having contracted two marriages, one with Warner Berghuys of Jaffna, and another with David Boelen of Amsterdam. Amersvoort is a town in the Province of Utrecht.</p>
378 ..	Feb. 26 1752	.. Geraard Johan Vreland	<p>Hier rust het lyk van den Wel Edele Groot Agtbaare Heer GERAARD JOHAN VRELAND, raad extraordinair van Nederlands India, Gouverneur en Directeur van het eyland Ceylon, de custe Madure en de verdere onderhoorigheden. Gebooren tot Utrecht den 24 September, Ao. 1711. Overleeden tot Colombo den 26 February, Ao. 1752, oud zynde 40 jaaren 5 maanden en 2 dagen.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—On a mount three trees ranged fesswise.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A tree, as in the arms. (<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 234 ; vol. XVII., pp. 17, 18, 44 ; vol. XVIII., p. 408.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church in 1813.</p> <p>Gerard Johan Vreeland came out to the Indies in 1739 in the <i>Knappenhoff</i> as an assistant. He was the son of Gerard Vreeland and Petronella van Romont. He married Susanna Petronella Visboom, born in Colombo, 1687, the daughter of Marcus Visboom of Colombo and Cornelia van Wynbergen, and granddaughter of Johannes Visboom of Amsterdam, Commissioner of the Arecanut Department, and Anna Margarita Mazius of Cochin. Vreeland was Governor of Ceylon from March 6, 1751. (See No. 384.)</p>
379 ..	Aug. 10 1755	.. Anna Henrietta Loten	<p>Hier verwachten eene verheerlykte opstandinge de sterfelyke overblyfsels van wylen de welgeboore vrouwe ANNA HENRIETTA VAN BEAUMONT gemaa- linne van JOAN GIDEON LOTEN, raad ordinair van Nederlands India, Gouverneur van't Eyland Ceylon met dies onderhoorigheden. Gebooren aan Caap de Goede Hoop den 13 November, 1716, in den eight</p>
	July 30 1755	.. Albert Anthoni Cornelis van der Brughen	

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
379 ..	Aug. 10 1755, &c.	Anna Henrietta Loten, &c. — <i>contd.</i>	<p>getreeden te Batavia den 24 Augustus, 1733, en ontslaapen te Colombo den 10 Augustus, 1755 Als meede van haar welgeboorens eenige doghter's zoontje JOR. ALBERT ANTHONI CORNELIS VAN DER BRUGHEN te Colombo gebooren den 24en. Maart, 1754, en overleden den 30 July, 1755.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per pale: (1) (<i>Loten</i>) Or, 3 buds vert, ranged 2 and 1, the stalks of the two in chief issuing from the bud in base; (2) (<i>van Beaumont</i>) (already blazoned).</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A pair of wings.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 229, 235; vol. XVII., pp. 16, 18; vol. XIX., pp. 217–271.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Anna Henrietta van Beaumont was the daughter of Cornelis van Beaumont, Independent Fiscaal, Cape, and Deliana Blesius.</p> <p>Joan Gideon Loten, “the naturalist Governor of Ceylon,” was a native of Utrecht, where he was born on May 16, 1710, being the son of Jan Carel Loten and Maria Aartsen van Juchem. He married (2) in Bansted (Surrey), July 4, 1765, Letitia Cotes, daughter of Rev. Dr. Digby Cotes and Elisabeth Bannister. He died in Utrecht on February 25, 1789, and his second wife on June 11, 1810, at New Burlington street, London. She was niece to the Countess of Northington, and granddaughter of William, Lord Digby of Coleshill, Warwickshire, Prebendary of Litchfield and Principal of Magdalen Hall, Oxford. Dirk Willem van der Brughen of Bergen-op-Zoom (North Brabant) married in Batavia, July 19, 1752, Arnoldina Deliana Cornelia Loten of Samarang, the daughter of the Governor. Albert Anthoni Cornelis van der Brughen was a son of this marriage. Loten was Governor of Ceylon from September 30, 1752, to March 17, 1757.</p>
380 ..	March 29 1760 May 29 1759	Susanna Engelberta Schreuder der Huybert Joan Schreuder	<p>Hier onder rusten de lyken van de welgeboore jonkvrouw SUSANNA ENGELBERTA SCHREUDER geb. te Souratta den 30 April, 1743, en overl. te Colombo den 29 Maart, 1760, en jonkheer HUYBERT JOAN SCHREUDER, geb. te Colombo den 4en. Febr. 1759 en gest. den 29 Mey desselven jaars, benevens nog een jong geboore dogtertje, kinderen van JOAN SCHREUDER, raad extraordin. van Nederl. India, Gouverneur en Directeur van't Eyland Ceylon met dies onderhorigheden.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—A sheaf of three branches, two saltire- and one pale-ways.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A branch as in the arms, between a pair of wings.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 235.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Joan Schreuder was born in Hamburg on February 12, 1704, and died in Batavia January 16, 1764. He married in Batavia (as widower of Johanna Godefrieda de la Fontaine), on May 12, 1737, Maria Wilhelmina Lammens of Cloosterzande, aged 25 years. Schreuder was Governor of Ceylon from March 17, 1757, to November 11, 1762.</p> <p>A daughter of Governor Schreuder's, Wilhelmina Johanna, married (1) Dirk van der Sluys, and (2) Reynier van Vlissingen, the Dutch Governor of Coromandel. She died in 1804.</p>
381 ..	May 24 1761 Sept. 14 1761 Dec. 9 1761	Susanna Adriana Moens .. Petronella Adriana Moens Johannes Godefridus Moens	<p>Hier legt begraaven SUSANNA ADRIANA POTKEN huisvrouw van den onderkoopman en oud eerste clerq van Politie ADRIAAN MOENS gebooren te Colombo den 27 Augs., 1726, en daar overleeden den 24 Meyr 1761, nevens hun dogtertje PETRONELLA ADRIANA gebooren te Colombo den 30 April, 1760, en daar overleeden den 14 Septembr. 1761, en zoontje JOHANNES GODEFRIDUS gebooren te Colombo den 7 Mey, 1761, en daar overleeden den 9 December daaraan.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
381 ..	May 24 1761, &c.	Susanna Adriana Moens, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p><i>Arms : Dexter shield (Moens, already blazoned). Sinister shield.—Or, a pot</i></p> <p><i>Arms round the shields.</i></p> <p><i>Potken.—(As above.)</i> <i>Munts.—Argent, a pelican in her piety.</i> <i>Ecoma.—A female head between four bells (?).</i> <i>Van der Putte.—Gules, three annulets or.</i></p> <p>(<i>Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 230, 236, 261 ; vol. XVII., pp. 16, 19, 27, 28 ; vol. XVIII., p. 72.</i>)</p> <p>Susanna Adriana Potken was the daughter of Rev. Gerrardus Potken of Oldenzaal (Overysel) and Sophia Magdalena Ecoma. She was first married to Rev. Mattheus Wermelskircher. Rev. Gerrardus Potken was evidently the son of Gabriel Potken and Agnita Muntz. Gerrard Willem Stork (from whom the Stork family of Ceylon derive), Burgomaster of Oldenzaal, married, in 1717, Agnita Potken, the daughter of Gabriel Potken and Agnita Muntz. Adriaan Moens was a native of Middelburg.</p>
382 ..	April 1 1765	Lubbert Jan Baron van Eck	<p>Hier legt begraven de Hoog Welgeboren Heer LUBBERT JAN BARON VAN ECK, Heer van Overbeek, raad extraordr. van Nederlands India, Gouverneur en Directeur van het Eyland Ceylon met dies onderhorigheeden, hier te Colombo overleden den 1 April, 1765, nae van bevorens het genoegzaam ontoegankelyk en door de natur als onverwinnelyk ryk van Candia met dies hoofdstad in perzoon voor de Compagnie ingenomen en dies Koning op de vlugt verdreeven te hebben.</p> <p><i>Arms.—Party per pale vert and gules, a bend argent.</i> <i>Supporters.—Two lions or, langued gules, regardant.</i> <i>Motto.—“ Vincere aut mori.”</i></p> <p>(<i>Ibid., vol. XV., p. 236 ; vol. XVII., p. 19 ; vol. XVIII., pp. 63, 73, 118.</i>)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Lubbert Jan Baron van Eck was born at Velp, a village in Gelderland, east of Arnhem, on March 26, 1719. He was the son of Samuel Baron van Eck and Jacoba Wilhelmina Maria Coutis. Van Eck was Governor of Ceylon from November 11, 1762, to May 13, 1765. The principal event during his administration was the invasion of Kandy by the Dutch, referred to in the epitaph.</p>
383 ..	April 2 1768 May 3 1765	Sara Maria Moens Adriana Maria Moens	<p>Hier legt begraven SARA MARIA RAKET huysvrouw van den opperkoopman en zoldy boekhouder ADRIAAN MOENS, geboren te Jaffanapatnam den 13 May, 1734, en te Colombo overleeden den 2 April, 1768, neevens hun dogtertje ADRIANA MARIA geboren te Colombo den 25 April, 1765, en daar overleeden den 3 Mey daaraan.</p> <p><i>Arms : Dexter shield (Moens).—Gules, a chevron or between three trefoils argent.</i> <i>Sinister shield (Raket).—A cross engrailed sable, cantoned (1 and 4) by two pairs of antlers sable.</i></p> <p><i>Side shields.</i></p> <p><i>Raket.—(As above.)</i> <i>Sandra.—Quarterly of four. 1 and 4 barry of four 2 and 3 argent, a lion rampant.</i> <i>Surtout.—An inescutcheon charged with the sun in his splendour.</i> <i>Swinnas.—Argent, on a mount a tree and a stag (?) courant.</i> <i>Verwyk.—Argent, in chief, between two palms, a house, approached by an avenue of palms.</i></p> <p>(<i>Ibid., vol. XV., pp. 230, 236, 264 ; vol. XVII., pp. 16, 19 ; vol. XVIII., p. 73.</i>)</p> <p>Sara Maria Raket was the second wife of Adriaan Moens (married on May 22, 1763). She was probably the daughter of Jan Helfrig Raket, Chief of Mannar, 1743, and Magdalena Swinnas.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
384 ..	Oct. 4 1768	.. Pieter Libert Schmidt ..	<p>Hier rust PIETER LIBERT SCHMIDT, opperkoopman en Ceilons hoofd Administrateur. Geboren te Utrecht. d. 15 Maart, 1723, overleeden d. 4 October, 1768.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per fess, azure and gules, in chief three roses, in base three stars (5).</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A rose (?) between a pair of wings.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 230; vol. XVII., p. 17.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Pieter Libert Schmidt was married on July 4, 1758, to Susanna Petronella Visboom, widow of Gerard Johan Vreeland. (See No. 378.)</p>
385 ..	June 22 1773	.. Agnita Clara van de Graaff ..	<p>Hier rust vrouwe AGNITA CLARA SAMLANDT waarde en seer geliefde egtgenoot van WILLEM JACOB VAN DE GRAAFF opperkoopman en secunde van Koms. Etavelissement en op de Mallabaar. Gebooren den 29 Decembr., 1745, overleeden den 22 Juny, 1773.</p> <p><i>Arms: Dexter shield (Van de Graaff).</i>—Argent, two fesses battled-counter-embattled sable, on a canton or, a double eagle displayed of the second.</p> <p><i>Sinister shield (Samlandt).</i>—Gules between a beam (?) or fessways, three standing pillars or.</p> <p><i>Arms on the side shields.</i></p> <p><i>Samlandt.</i>—(As above.)</p> <p><i>Emans.</i>—Vert, two standing pillars or, the upper part of the sinister pillar falling behind the other.</p> <p><i>Bierens.</i>—Argent, three bells.</p> <p><i>Toorse.</i>—Party per pale, (1) argent two escallops placed palewise; (2) per fess argent and gules, in chief a fess battled-counter-battled.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 226, 240, 248; vol., XVII., pp. 15, 26, 47, 51, 67; vol. XVIII., pp. 69, 70.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Willem Jacob van de Graaff (born May 28, 1737, at Huysen in Gelderland) was the son of Sebastiaan van de Graaff (born 1705 at Rotterdam, died 1767 at Leerdam), a Major in the Dragoons, and Gertruida van Vinceler, and grandson of Cornelis van de Graaff (born 1647 at Dordrecht, died 1729 at Portsmouth, as Commander of the frigate <i>Starrenburg</i>) and Anna Lucia van Lidth de Jeude. He was Governor of Ceylon from February 7, 1785, to August 1, 1794. Agnita Clara Samlandt was the first wife of the Governor, the marriage having taken place in Galle on March 7, 1762. She was the daughter of Abraham Samlandt, Commandeur of Galle, and Maria Agnita Bierens, the daughter of Dirk Bierens and Catharina Toorsee, and granddaughter of Jan Bierens of Amsterdam, Chief of Madura, and Anthonica Magnus. Abraham Samlandt was the son of Barent Samlandt and Johanna Clara Emans, and grandson of Barent Barentsz Samlandt of Haarlem and Hester Schatteman.</p>
386 ..	April 22 1777	.. Gerard Reynier de Cock ..	<p>Den 22 April, Ao. 1777, is hier ter rust gelegd GERARD REYNIER DE COCK onderkoopman en als gewezen Gaalse eerste pakhuysmeester naar Nederland verlost.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, a unicorn.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 237; vol. XVII., p. 19.)</p>
387 ..	June 15 1778	.. Henrietta Tugendreich, Baroness de Reder ..	<p>Den 15 Juny, Ao. 1778, is hier ter ruste gelegd HENRIETTA TUGENDREICH BARONESSE DE REDER beminde egt-genoot van CORNELIS DE COCK, opperkoopman en Dessave der Colombosche ommelanden.</p> <p><i>Ommelanden (lit., surrounding lands)</i> was the name given to the low lands of the Province of Groningen, to distinguish them from the city. The whole is known as <i>Groningen en ommelanden</i> or <i>Stad en Land van Groningen</i>. The Dutch seem to have adopted the expression in Ceylon. Cf. also <i>Commandeur der Stad en Landen van Gale</i>.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, an eight-spoked wheel.</p> <p><i>Supporters.</i>—Two unicorns.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
387 ..	June 15 1778	Henrietta Tugendreich, Baroness de Reder— <i>contd.</i>	<p><i>Crest.</i>—A wheel, as in the shield.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 237, 260; vol. XVII., pp. 19, 28; vol. XVIII., p. 63.)</p> <p>Cornelis de Cock, Private Secretary (1766) to Governor Falck, was a native of Embden (Hanover), and married at Colombo, February 1, 1766, Henrietta Tugendreich, Baroness de Reder of Lichnitz. She was no doubt the daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm, Baron de Reder, Commandant of Jaffna, and sister of Constantia Agnita and Maria Helena Classina de Reder.</p> <p>Constantia Agnita, Baroness de Reder, was born at Zutphen (Gelderland), September 13, 1741, and married at Batavia, January 23, 1763, Dr. Christiaan Rose of Neu-Rüppin (Middelmark, Brandenburg), Commandeur of Jaffna. Maria Helena Classina, Baroness de Reder of Zutphen, was married (1) to Thomas Thornton, Chief of Calpentyn, and (2) at Colombo, January 21, 1770, to General Arnoldus Franckena of Yselmunden (a small town south of Rotterdam).</p>
388 ..	June 15 1781	Susanna Philipsz	<p>Den 15 Juny, 1781, is hier ter ruste geleg't leyk van mejuffrouw SUSANNA SCHARFF waarde huysvrouw van den Predikant alhier HENRICUS PHILIPSZ.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Azure, a dexter hand holding a sabre.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—An arm, as in the shield.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 237, 239; vol. XVII., pp. 19, 20, 29, 31.)</p> <p>Jan Christoffel Scharff of Sangerhausen (Upper Saxony, Thuringia) married at Colombo, March 21, 1734, Elisabeth de Saram of Colombo. Their daughter Susanna was baptized at Colombo, December 8, 1743, and married there on November 4, 1759, Rev. Henricus Philipsz.</p>
389 ..	Sept. 9 1782	Judith Charlotta Mekern	<p>Hier rust JUDITH CHARLOTTA LEVER in leeven huysvrouw van MARTINUS MEKERN, opperkoopman en opperhoofd van Tutukoryn. Geboren te Bergen-op-den-Zoom den 11 Januari, 1753, en overleden te Kolombo den 9 September, 1782.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>: <i>Dexter shield</i> (Mekern).—Argent, three greyhounds courant.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A bird.</p> <p><i>Sinister shield.</i>—On a fess, between a horse courant in chief and six besants 3.2.1 in base, ten besants ranged fessways.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A horse's head.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 238, 240, 241, 271, 272; vol. XVII., pp. 20, 67.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Martinus Mekern was a native of Groningen, and married Judith Charlotta Lever at Colombo on March 29, 1772. Their daughters Eva and Anna Helena were the wives of Johann Friedrich Conradi of Hildersheim (Treves) and Lieutenant (Navy) Perius Muntz of Harlingen (Friesland). Bergen-op-den-Zoom (Bergen-op-Zoom) is a town in North Brabant, 23 miles south-west of Breda.</p>
390 ..	Feb. 6 1785	Iman Willem Falck	<p>Hier is ter ruste gelegd 't lyk van den wel Edelen grootagtbaaren Heer Mr. IMAN WILLEM FALCK, Raad Ordinair van Nederlands India, Gouverneur en Directeur van 't eiland Ceilon en resort van dien. Gebooren te Kolombo in den jaare 1736, en overleden den 6 Febr., 1785.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Gules, a falcon with wings expanded or.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A falcon, as in the arms.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 238, 239, 255; vol. XVII., pp. 20, 25, 47, 68; vol. XVIII., pp. 73, 75, 76.)</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p> <p>Iman Willem Falck was the son of Frans Willem Falck of Keulen, Dissave of Matara, and Adriana Gobius of Samarang, the daughter of Johan Frederick Gobius, Governor of Malacca, and Margaritha Elisabeth Heynen. Iman Willem Falck married in Batavia, February 19, 1763, Theodora Rudolphina de Wendt of Batavia, daughter of the Brigadier Gerardus Bylanus de Wendt and Johanna Wilhelmina Muntz. Falck was Governor of Ceylon from August 9, 1765.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
390 ..	Feb. 6 1785	.. Iman Willem Falek— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Ter gedagtenisse van den Wel Edelen groot agtbaaren Heer IMAN WILLEM FALCK, in 't leeven Raad Ord., van Nederlands Indien, Gouverneur en Directeur van 't eiland Ceylon en resorte van dien. Geb. te Kolumbo den 25 Maart, Ao. 1736, overleeden te Kolumbo den 6 Feb., Ao. 1785.</p> <p>A wooden hatchment (<i>Wapenbord</i>).</p>
391 ..	July 4 1789	.. Catharina Camp	<p>.. Hier rust ter algemeene opstanding mejuffr. CATHARINA BOSCH in haar Edel. leven geliefde egtgenote van den Eerw. Heer CHRISTIANUS CAMP. Was gebooren te Amsterdam den 12 December, 1747, alhier ontslaapen den 4 July, 1789, in den ouderdom 41 jaaren 6 maanden en 22 dagen.</p> <p>Op Jesus 't vaste fundament Haar hoop alleen was heengewent.</p> <p>(<i>Journal</i>, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 239; vol. XVII., p. 32.)</p>
392 ..	May 19 1790	.. Rev. Henricus Philipsz	<p>.. En den wel Eerwaarde Heer HENRICUS PHILIPSZ leeraar in de gereformeerde gemeente alhier. Geboren den Ao. 1733, en, na een 32 jaarig predikant, overleden den 19 May, 1790.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, a naked woman standing with her left arm over the back of a unicorn passant and <i>brochant sur le tout</i>. In base the word <i>φιλλίππος</i>.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—Out of a coronet a unicorn's head.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 237, 238, 239, 241, 242; vol. XVII., pp. 20, 21; vol. XVIII., pp. 72, 77.)</p> <p>Rev. Henricus Philipsz was the son of Lienege Philip Philipsz Wijecoon Panditaratne, Maha Mudaliyar. He was educated at the Colombo Seminary, and afterwards sent to Holland with Willem Jurgen Ondaatje.</p> <p>They both studied at Utrecht. Philipsz was in Amsterdam before he left for Utrecht, as appears from his "attestation" dated October 5, 1752. He returned to Ceylon with W. J. Ondaatje, and was stationed at Colombo as Predikant. He preached in Sinhalese and Dutch.</p> <p>Philipsz married at Colombo, November 4, 1759, Susanna Scharff. Their son Gerardus Philipsz was also educated in Holland, and returned to Ceylon as Predikant. He married on July 29, 1792, Johanna Adriana van Dort. Cornelia Henrica Philipsz, the daughter of Henricus Philipsz, married (1) July 26, 1789, Adolph Marten Heyman of Leeuwestein (Francia), and (2) October 20, 1793, Christoffel de Saram Wanigesekera Ekenaike, fourth Maha Mudaliyar, the son of Domingo de Saram Wanigesekera Ekenaike.</p>
393 ..	1790 1806	.. Cornelia Reyniera Fretz Johanna Catharina Henrietta Meyer	<p>Overl. Ao. 1790. Hier onder rusten CORNELIA REYNIERA FRETZ, gebooren van Sanden, JOHANNA CATHARINA HENRIETTA MEYER en haare broeder, Ao. 1806 overl.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 240, 269, 270.)</p> <p>Dietrich Thomas Fretz, the last Commandeur of Galle, and husband of Cornelia Reyniera van Sanden of Jaffna, was the son of Jan Frans Fretz of Hessen and Anna Gertruida Herpel.</p> <p>Johanna Catharina Henrietta Meyer, born at Colombo, 1800, was the daughter of Rev. David Meyer of Ham (Westphalia) and Justina Susanna Fretz, the daughter of Diederich Thomas Fretz of St. Goar (Hesse-Nassau), Commandeur of Galle, and Cornelia Reyniera van Sanden of Jaffna, and granddaughter of Jan Frems Fretz of Hesse and Anna Gertruida Herpel. The brother referred to in the epitaph was perhaps Diederich Thomas Meyer, born in 1797.</p> <p>Diederich Thomas Fretz married (2) Gertruida Henrietta Bartels of Tutucorin, the daughter of Jeronymus Bartels and Natalia Gomes.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
394 ..	June 18 1792	Christina Elizabeth van de Graaff	<p>Hier rust vrouwe CHRISTINA ELIZABETH VAN ANGELBEEK waarde en zeer geliefde egtgenootte van WILLEM JAKOB VAN DE GRAAFF raad-ordinair van Nederlands India en Gouverneur van Ceilon. Geboren den 30 January, 1756, en overleeden den 18 Juny, 1792.</p> <p><i>Arms: Dexter shield (Van de Graaff).—Already blazoned.</i></p> <p><i>Sinister shield (an Anglebeek).—Party per fess, barry-wavy of 4, azure and sable, in chief, three fish-hooks fessways, the points turned to the sinister.</i></p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 226, 240, 241; vol. XVII., pp. 23, 26, 47, 67; vol. XVIII., pp. 69, 70.)</p> <p>Willem Jacob van de Graaff, born May 28, 1737, was the son of Captain Sebastiaan van de Graaff and Gertruida van Vinceler. His brother was Adriaan Sebastiaan van de Graaff, "Directeur der Cultures op Ceylon," who was married to Maria Agnita Baatke, daughter of the Commandant of Jaffna. A sister, Anna Lucia, who died in Ceylon, 1791, was the wife of Johan Hendrik Willem de Ranitz. Another sister, Maria Aletta, was the wife of Johan Christiaan van Angelbeek, son of Johan Gerrard van Angelbeek and Jacomina Lever. A niece of Willem Jakob van de Graaff, Agnita Clara, was married to Friedrich Heinrich Baron von Mylius, who died in Matara, August 14, 1807, as Judge of the Provincial Court of Galle. Christina Elizabeth van Angelbeek, the second wife of Willem Jakob van de Graaff, was the sister of his brother-in-law.</p> <p>Removed here from the Fort Dutch Church.</p>
395 ..	June 18 1792	Christina Elizabeth van de Graaff	<p>Ter gedachtenis van Vrouwe CHRISTINA ELIZABETH VAN ANGELBEEK, gemaaten van den Heer WILLEM JAKOB VAN DE GRAAFF, Raad-Ordinair van Nederlands Indien, Gouverneur en Directeur van Ceylon. Gebooren den 30 Jan., 1756. Gestorven den (18) Juny, 1792.</p> <p><i>Arms.—Van de Graaff and van Angelbeek impaled. A wooden hatchment.</i></p> <p>This was erected in 1805 in Wolvendaal Church by the Hon. George Melville Leslie, Paymaster-General (1802-7), son of the Earl of Leven and Melville, who had married at Colombo on November 27, 1802, Jacomina Gertruida, daughter of Governor van de Graaff. She was born in 1787, so that she was fifteen at the time of her marriage. She had a daughter, Marie Christina, at Colombo, November 10, 1803. A brother of Governor van de Graaff of Ceylon, Cornelis Jacob van de Graaff, was Governor of the Cape. A daughter of his married Baron F. Mylius, who died at Matara in 1807.</p>
396 ..	Feb. 13 1793	Jakomina van Angelbeek ..	<p>Ter gedachtenis van Vrouwe JAKOMINA LEVER echtgenootte van den Heer JOHAN GERARD VAN ANGELBEEK, Raad-Ordinair van Indien, Gouverneur van Malabar. Gebooren aan de Kaap de Goede Hoop den 18 Augt., 1732. Overleeden te Kolumbo den 13 Febr., 1793.</p> <p><i>Arms.—Van Angelbeek and Lever impaled. A wooden hatchment.</i></p> <p>This was also erected by the Hon. George Melville Leslie in 1805.</p> <p>It is curious that very little is known genealogically of Johan Gerard van Angelbeek. He was a native of West Friesland, and came out to the Indies in the ship <i>Schakenbos</i> as a Cadet in 1751. Jakomina Lever was the daughter of Abraham Lever of Amsterdam and Margarita Paasen. Van Angelbeek was Governor of Ceylon from August 1, 1794.</p>
397 ..	..	..	<p>The Family Vault of CAPT. GAULTERUS SCHNEIDER. Buried: LOUISA MARIA VAN CONRADY, Granddaughter of Capt. SCHNEIDER, died 28th January, 1817. Aged 7 months and 4 days. A son of BARON VAN CONRADY and Grandson of Capt. S., died 16th</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
397— <i>contd.</i> May, 1818. Aged 3 days. JOHANNA GERTRUYDA BARONESS VAN CONRADY, eldest daughter of Capt. S., died 21st July, 1822. Aged 24 years 8 months 16 days. HENRY SCHNEIDER ROOSMALE COCQ, Grandson of Capt. S., died 4th December, 1829. Aged 2 years 7 months. SOPHIA MAGDALENA SCHNEIDER, well beloved wife of Capt. S., died 20th Decr., 1830. Aged 30 years 8 months and 29 days. CHARLES FREDRICK BARON VAN CONRADY, Son-in-law of Capt. S., died 11th January, 1833. Aged 57 years 4 months and 8 days. STEPHEN HENDRICK ROOSMALE COCQ, Son-in-law of Capt. S., died 29th May, 1833. Aged 40 years 4 months 11 days.

Captain Schneider was born at Jaffna, November 23, 1772, and died at Colombo, September 10, 1841. He was a son of Lieutenant Johan Hendrik Schneider of Kirchheim, Hesse Cassel (who was born July 15, 1753, and died at Chilaw), by his wife Christina Elizabeth Schoorman, who was born on June 1, 1749, and died January 29, 1779. Captain Schneider married (1), February 5, 1797, Sophia Magdalena Staats, who was born on March 21, 1780, and died on December 20, 1830. She was a daughter of Jacobus Wilhelmus Staats and Anna Gertruida Runsdorff. His eldest daughter married Baron Charles von Conrady on February 7, 1813, at Colombo. He at first held a Commission in the 60th Regiment, but was gazetted 1st Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon, on March 20, 1806, and was appointed to the command of Kalutara, November 1, 1808, and to be Fort Adjutant of Matara, Tangalla, and Hambantota on September 5, 1812. His second daughter, Maria Henrietta, born November 10, 1805, married on September 14, 1817, S. H. Roosmale Cocq, who was Sitting Magistrate of Kalutara from 1823 to 1827, and of Negombo from 1827 until his death. He was a son of Pieter Jacobus Roosmale Cocq of Dokhum in Friesland, Sitting Magistrate of Ambalangoda (see No. 332).

Captain Schneider married (2), on May 19, 1831, *i.e.*, five months after the death of his first wife, Elizabeth Catherine Stewart, daughter of James Titterton (see No. 112). He had been in the Dutch service, and took charge of the Colonial Engineer's and Surveyor-General's Department on the departure of George Atkinson in 1810. Atkinson retired January 1, 1811, and Schneider succeeded him, holding the appointment until the arrival of F. B. Norris in 1833. He wrote a report on the tanks in the Wanny in 1807, and also one on the Galle, Matara, and Hambantota Districts in 1808, and was the compiler of the "first map of Ceylon of any value in the British period." Spence Hardy praises him: "A name we cannot mention without a record of the high respect in which he was held by all classes in the Colony. In his attendance at worship, including an early morning service, he was most exemplary. To all places he was accompanied by a half-wit, who quietly remained at the door until his master's return, however long the detention or late the hour." ("Jubilee Memorials," p. 80.)

The Wesleyan Missionaries presented him in 1817 with a silver cup bearing a suitable inscription, as a memorial of his "services in superintending the erection of the Wesleyan Mission Estate in Colombo."

His first wife, too, was the subject, even at a comparatively mature period of its career, when it was becoming more official and matter of fact, of a long and eulogistic notice in the *Gazette*, which contains the following obituary:—

"At Grand Pass on Monday Morning the 20th Instant, Mrs. S. M. Schneider, the Wife of Captain Schneider, Colonial Engineer and Surveyor-General.

"The many excellencies which shone in the character of this Lady and so eminently adorned the sphere in which she moved, demand from her bereaved family and friends something more than a passing tribute of regret.

Wolvendaal Burial Ground, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
397— <i>contd.</i>	..	..	<p>“Mrs. Schneider was a bright example of all the amiable qualities of her sex, gentle and unobtrusive, yet accomplished and prepossessing in her manners, she uniformly obtained the respect and esteem of strangers; whilst fidelity, affection, and watchful solicitude rendered her in no ordinary degree the object of admiration and endearment in the domestic circle. Nor can the truly charitable disposition of the deceased be lost sight of. Providence had placed this excellent Lady in affluent circumstances, and she experienced the highest gratification in relieving the destitute and comforting the sorrowful. Amongst the numerous survivors whom her lamented death has overwhelmed with grief there are not wanting the poor and the afflicted, whose distress and calamities her kindness and bounty have often soothed and mitigated.</p> <p>“Another distinguished trait in Mrs. Schneider’s character was the genuineness and permanence of her friendship. Her esteem was not rashly tendered, but when once obtained, nothing but baseness or ingratitude could ever remove it. She was no “summer friend,” but adhered to those whose worth she knew in the winter of their troubles as well as in the sunshine of their prosperity.</p> <p>“For the last two or three years of her life, Mrs. Schneider was seldom free from suffering, but resignation to the will of Heaven has rarely been more steadily and perseveringly displayed. As her end approached, she earnestly sought the deep and holy comforts of religion. Nor did she seek in vain. Her confidence in the Redeemer was distinctly expressed, and with a mind at Peace with God and all her fellow-creatures, she calmly sunk into the sleep of death.</p> <p>“Her memory will long be cherished with deep regret and melancholy tenderness.” (<i>Gazette</i>, December 25, 1830.)</p> <p>There appear to have been three families named Von Conrady in Ceylon. The others were represented by Johan Friedrich Conradi of Kirchheim, 1776–1802, and Carl August Conrady of Kirchheim, 1802–1808. Probably these two were brothers, and all three families were connected. (See No. 101.)</p>
398 ..	1822 ..	Johanna Jacoba Palm (born Boogaard)	<p>Hier onder rust JOHANNA JACOB A PALM, geb. Boogaard, overl. 1822 in troostvolle verzekering van’t eeuwig wederzien in haar lykheid betreuren wy achtergelaten niet als hoopeloozen hetzy belyke verliiff deeze dierbare beminde huysvrouw en waardege moeder, oud 38 jaaren, van Rotterdam.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 241.)</p> <p>Johanna Jacoba Boogaard was the wife of the Rev. Johan David Palm, a German, who started life as a weaver. He was sent out by the London Society (Londensch Genootschap) in 1803. His daughter by his first marriage, Maria Christina Gerrardina, born in Jaffna, October 9, 1805, was the wife of Henry Theodore Ebell. He married, secondly, Elizabeth Lloyd, and had by her (<i>i.a.</i>) Sophia Margarita, born at Colombo, August 20, 1814, married there, January 14, 1829, Rev. Thomas Salmon, Missionary, Surat; and Dorothea Frederica, born Colombo, January 10, 1818, married September 11, 1845, W. H. Clarke. His son by the second marriage, Rev. John David Palm, was born in Colombo, November 14, 1815, and married there, January 20, 1845, Louisa Anna Wells.</p> <p>John David Palm died September 10, 1842, but there is no inscription to his memory. William Henry Clarke, B.C.L., was eldest son of the Rev. W. Clarke, Rector of St. John’s, Chester. He became an Advocate of the Supreme Court, February 20, and was afterwards successively Police Magistrate of Bentota (Balapitimodera), District Judge of Kurunegala, and Recorder of Rangoon. Dr. Clarke is described as “of Queens’ College, Cambridge,” but the B.C.L. was an Oxford degree.</p>

Wolvendaal Burial Ground, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
399 ..	April 9 1824	Cornelia Henrietta de Saram	Hier onder legt begraven CORNELIA HENRIETTA PHILIPSZ, dogter van den Eerwaarde Heer HENRIKUS PHILIPSZ, echtgenoot van CHRISTOFFEL DE SARAM vierde Maha-Modlier van 'S Gouverneurs Porta. Overleeden 9 April, 1824, oud 59 jaaren, 4 maaden en 8 dagen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 241; vol. XVII., pp. 20, 21; vol. XVIII., pp. 72, 77.)
400 ..	July 30 1827	Albertus Cornelis de Vos ..	Hier rust het lyk van den Heer ALBERTUS CORNELIS DE VOS. Geboren te Gale den 8ste. February, 1774, overleden te Colombo den 30ste. July, 1827. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., pp. 241, 272.) Albertus Cornelis de Vos was the brother of Johannes Andreas de Vos. The family derives from Victor de Vos, who married at Bruges, December 27, 1642, Maria, born 1614, the daughter of Josse Jooris and Marie Bussier.

Holy Trinity Church, St. Sebastian's Hill, Colombo.

THIS Church was consecrated on January 1, 1847, by Bishop Chapman. It was for some time pre-eminently the Civil Service Church, as it is now that of the Burgher community.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
401 ..	Aug. 29 1847	Frederick Lacy Dick ..	In memory of FREDERICK LACY DICK, the fourth son of SAMUEL and MARY SHERSON DICK of Upper Mount, Bonchurch, Isle of Wight. He was Magistrate of the District Court of Negombo in this Island, and on the evening of the 29th August, 1847, was assassinated in the 32nd year of his age, leaving a widow, who four months afterwards gave birth to a son. Accompanied by a few of the police he went to a lone house in the country to recapture a notorious criminal whom the native police feared to encounter, and was shot through a window by an unseen hand. He was an upright and zealous Magistrate and greatly esteemed within his jurisdiction. Also FREDERICK LACY DICK, son of the above, born 8th January, 1848, and died at Colombo 21st March in the same year. Also ADELINE, born 30th March, 1847, at Negombo, and died six days after her birth.

Also inscription on tomb in Galle Face Cemetery.

William Boyd has the following references to the Dicks in his "Autobiography":—

"Whilst lingering on the esplanade, I was joined by an old friend, Mr. George Hicks, formerly a brother planter, who like myself had suffered from the hard times, and who, instead of reaping a handsome income from his coffee estates, had been glad to obtain a situation under Government as Police Magistrate of Negombo. After the usual greetings we adjourned to his house, close at hand, where I was introduced to his newly-wedded wife, a handsome, bright-eyed English girl." ("Autobiography," p. 617.)

In his "Ceylon and its Pioneers," there is another allusion to the circumstances under which Dick became Police Magistrate of Negombo, and here he is given his proper surname, but the wrong Christian name is retained. It shows Boyd's extraordinary capacity for mixing up facts and fancies, people and things, that in the "Autobiography" he had already used the name "Hicks" to denote another Police Magistrate, viz., "the Police Magistrate of Ricklagasgodde" ("Autobiography," p. 556), and that, as a matter of fact, there was a Police Magistrate of Rikiligasgoda in 1845 named William Frederic Hicks, who was appointed to that Court on the same day that F. L. Dick was appointed to Negombo, viz., October 1, 1845. (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. III., p. 321.)

Holy Trinity Church, St. Sebastian's Hill, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
401 ..	Aug. 29 .. 1847	Frederick Lacy Dick— <i>contd.</i>	

"The brothers Dick, sons of a wealthy Highland landowner (who served in Mauritius—*Ed., Ceylon Literary Register*), spent many thousands of pounds on Attaltenna, and when the crash came they lost it all. The eldest, George, got a Government situation as Police Magistrate at Negombo. Shortly after receiving this appointment he went with some of his peons to apprehend a criminal who escaped from prison. Trying to force an entrance through a window he was shot through the throat, and was carried home a corpse to his newly-married wife, whom he had left only a few hours before." (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 282.)

In the "Autobiography," too, there is a highly coloured account of the shooting of Dick, pp. 628-9, which is attributed to the act of the criminal whom he went to arrest, but this is not correct. The following account of it appeared in the *Colombo Observer*, September 2, 1847, into which it was copied from the *Ceylon Times*. The editor remarks that it appears to be a correct account, and that the conclusion to be drawn from it is that Mr. Dick fell a victim to over-zeal, amounting to imprudence :—

"The melancholy fate of Mr. Dick, the Police Magistrate at Negombo, who was killed on Friday evening last by a shot fired by a native of the name of Singo Appoo, whilst in search of a man who had escaped from custody under a charge of felony, has given rise to so many contradictory explanations of the tragical occurrence that we feel it our duty to devote most of our editorial space to a report of the circumstances of the occurrence, vouching at the same time for its perfect authenticity.

"It would appear that in the course of Friday, Mr. Dick from the Bench had inflicted a fine of £5 each on four of the Aratchchies or Peons who had allowed one Daniel Appoo, a suspected robber, to escape from their custody. The Aratchchies stimulated to exertion by this merited punishment, reported on the evening of Friday that the thief Daniel Appoo was at a place called Wellikana, but that he had armed himself and had declared that he would not be taken alive. Mr. Dick on hearing this determined in person to apprehend a man who thus so daringly set the laws at public defiance, and having armed himself with pistols, accompanied by Mr. Northmore (a civilian then staying with him) and a few constables, proceeded in search of the robber Daniel Appoo.

"As the circumstances of this case so deeply affect all classes here, and proximately the Government also in the proper administration of its executive enactments, we think it will be not uninteresting (as we have the valuable opportunity) to give as far as we can an account of the proceedings slightly *in extenso*. A witness Don Juan Appoo said that on Friday evening, about 7 P.M., he was sent for by the Magistrate's Interpreter, Mr. Pereira, who desired him to go to a place called Pallanchena with Mr. Dick to assist in capturing a robber called Daniel Appoo. He went with the deceased, who was also accompanied by Mr. Northmore, one Oodooma Lebbe, a Police Sergeant, and another constable; this constable, Pedro, was asked to show the party the way to Wellikana—the suspected retreat of the thief Daniel—and on arriving there they surrounded one house, and the party ordered some of the inmates of the house to light their lamp and open the door; this being done, the occupants were found to be two women and some men, who after having their abode searched were allowed to go to rest. Mr. Dick, then accompanied by Mr. Northmore and the peon, proceeded to a house in the vicinity which was inhabited by one Juan Appoo (the thief's father). The inmates of this house having been roused, Juanis Appoo was desired to get a light from an adjoining cottage to enable the Magistrate to search the house, but as Mr. Dick thought the man might take an opportunity to escape, it was thought necessary that Mr. Northmore should accompany him the distance, about 200 yards. During Mr. N.'s absence Mr. Dick, having left some peons round the

Holy Trinity Church, St. Sebastian's Hill, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
401 ..	Aug. 29 1847	Frederick Lacy Dick— <i>contd.</i>	<p>house, was induced to search the adjoining house situated in a betelnut plantation a short distance off, in the hope of finding the thief. With this view, and with some of the peons, Mr. Dick jumped over a fence and approached the house cautiously. Hearing people conversing, he left Juan Appoo in front of the house, whilst he went to the rear to reconnoitre; after this he knocked at the back door, when a woman inside in a loud tone of voice demanded the cause of the noise. On her calling out "Who's there?" Juan Appoo, the constable, told her not to be afraid as it was the Police Magistrate of Negombo; the woman then made use of an indecent expression; Mr. Dick then, it is supposed, not finding the door opened, proceeded to an adjoining small window to which there were a few wooden bars, and whilst looking through them the woman said "What are you looking at? Take the gun and shoot him!" Juan called out "Don't fire, it is the Magistrate of Negombo"; he had barely uttered these words when, hearing the report of a gun fired from the inside, he ran round to the back of the house and found Mr. Dick lying on his back on the ground bleeding excessively from a wound in his neck; he once opened his eyes and then closed them in death. The report of the gun speedily brought Mr. Northmore to the spot, and eventually, after unavailing means were taken to render assistance, the corpse was taken in a cart to the Police Station in Negombo."</p> <p>It was stated in the <i>Observer</i> of September 8, 1847, that the Governor had granted a pension of £100 per annum to the widow. Mrs. Dick was Anne Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Edward Layard, C.C.S., born November 21, 1824, married F. L. Dick on March 16, 1846, at Colombo. She married (2) on October 28, 1852, Major Rolleston, 84th Regiment, and they went through the Mutiny. She died at Pembroke Dock, October 24, 1860.</p>
402 ..	July 3 1855	Emily Roosmalecocq ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of EMILY, the beloved wife of ROBERT CHARLES ROOSMALECOCQ of Tuticurin in Southern India and eldest daughter of the late SAMUEL GIRDLESTONE, Esqr., Q. C., Benchler of the Middle Temple. She departed this life on the 3rd July, 1855, at Colombo, aged 30, and is interred in the family vault in Wolfendal Church. This tablet is erected by her afflicted husband near this spot where they often worshipped God.</p> <p>She is buried outside Wolvendaal Church, where there is a tombstone with inscription which gives the date of her birth, which took place in London, as June 21, 1825. She was the first wife of R. C. Roosmalecocq, who was a son of Jacobus Ambrosius, the third son of Pieter Jacobus Roosmalecocq and therefore nephew of Robert Carl Roosmalecocq (see No. 332). Robert Charles Roosmalecocq married (2) Susanna Caroline Winter, who when left a widow married (2) Edward Cosby Daly, and (3) General John Thornhill Bushby. She was a daughter of George Winter of Baddegama. R. C. Roosmalecocq was in the cotton trade. He died December 25, 1866, at Torquay.</p>
403 ..	Jan. 27 1876	Richard Francis Morgan ..	<p>In memory of Sir RICHARD FRANCIS MORGAN, Kt., Queen's Advocate of Ceylon, born 21st February, 1821, died 27th January, 1876.</p> <p>Even so, Father, for so it seemed good in thy sight. Mat. 11, 21.</p> <p>(The verse should be 26, not 21.)</p> <p>"About the middle of the eighteenth century a Welshman named Morgan, of an adventurous turn of mind, tired of the dullness and seclusion of the Cambrian principality, and attracted possibly by reports of the famed pagoda tree of the East, sailed for Hindustan He accepted office under the Madras Government, married in India, and was eventually laid to rest in its soil. His children, meanwhile, had grown up around him, and were filling posts of usefulness in Southern India, some</p>

Holy Trinity Church, St. Sebastian's Hill, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
403 ..	Jan. 27 1876	.. Richard Francis Morgan— <i>contd.</i>	<p>being in office in Travancore. One of them, Richard Morgan, owing to the presence of the Dutch at Tuticorin and other ports in the south, had acquired a knowledge of the Dutch language When in 1796 the British had taken possession of the Island the Indian Presidencies had to be indented on for officials Richard Morgan found his opportunity, passed over the narrow Straits of Manaar, and took office as Dutch translator to the Government. He subsequently arranged and classified the State records, and prepared the translation of Van Leeuwen's Roman-Dutch Law into English He was chiefly instrumental in 1816 in getting up the petition to the Prince Regent for the manumission of slaves. He was for a time master of the Colombo Seminary, which was established by the Dutch towards the end of the eighteenth century—the only superior school at this time in the Colony. He next became a Proctor of the Supreme Court and afterwards Port Magistrate.</p> <p>"Richard Morgan married (1804) Behrana Lucretia Lourens, daughter of Dr. Jan Lourens, who lived at Whist Bungalow, which during a cholera epidemic he turned into a hospital, and who himself fell a victim to that disease. The house obtained its name from having been chosen by a whist club of British officers, who in the earliest years of the century to while away the tedium of garrison duty met at this bungalow on certain days in the week to feast and play." "Life of Sir Richard Morgan," by Wm. Digby (vol. I., p. 66).</p> <p>The Whist Bungalow is alluded to by Cordiner. Sir Richard Morgan's biographer is mistaken in leaving it to be inferred that Dr. Lourensz was living at Whist Bungalow at the time of his daughter's marriage, which took place in 1804, to Richard Morgan, senior, for in the <i>Government Gazette</i> of 1821 we find an advertisement of "an Elegant Fête" which is to take place "at Whist Bungalow Club on 23 Nov." Dinner was to be served "at the bungalow on the bank of the Mutwal River," followed by "a Ball at Mr. Byrne's new house." Mr. Henry Byrne was the Puisne Justice, 1819–1820, who succeeded Sir William Coke. Dr. Lourensz must have purchased the bungalow some years afterwards. With his death it passed into the possession of the Morgan family, and with brief intervals it was their residence up to 1876. It still retains its name.</p> <p>Richard Owen Morgan of Masulipatnam was married to Behrania Lucretia Lourensz at Colombo on June 10, 1804. She was the daughter of Jan Henricus Lourensz, third Surgeon of the Colombo Hospital, and Martha Elisabeth Jinke. He had four sons, of whom Richard Francis Morgan, born February 21, 1821, in Prince's street, was the youngest. He died a month after the birth of his youngest son. R. F. Morgan attended a Dame's school kept by a Mrs. Taylor, "presumably wife or widow of a non-commissioned officer in one of the many regiments which then garrisoned Ceylon." (Digby.) This was no doubt the widow of Quartermaster Thomas Taylor, Paymaster of the Caffre Corps. He next went to "George Staples' Academy," and afterwards was a pupil at Cotta and at Colombo of the Rev. Joseph Marsh, the first principal of the Colombo Academy. He was in England in March–July, 1840, became a proctor, 1841, then advocate when the two branches of the lawyers' profession were separated (1835–1841). On December 19, 1844, at Wolvendaal Church, he married Classina Joceline Sissouw, a grand niece of Mr. Justice Hillebrand's, of whom "it is credibly recorded that being very anxious to acquire the English language, as soon as the capitulation was effected, he made the acquaintance of the more intelligent men among the soldiers, and by bribes of drink and food obtained from them a knowledge of the English tongue." (Digby, p. 18.) He appeared for the O. B. C. in the great Rajawella case.</p> <p>R. F. Morgan was made an Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council representing the Burghers in 1851. He became District Judge of Colombo, October, 1856; Acting Junior Puisne Justice, December, 1856; Acting Queen's Advocate, November, 1857; and</p>

Holy Trinity Church, St. Sebastian's Hill, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
403 ..	Jan. 27 .. 1876	Richard Francis Morgan— <i>contd.</i>	Queen's Advocate on January 1, 1863, an appointment which he held until his death. He was acting as Chief Justice in 1874-5, and was offered the permanent appointment, but declined it on the score of health. He was "the first of Her Majesty's Eurasian subjects to be knighted." (Digby, vol. I., p. 33.) "One who was honoured as no Burgher before him had been honoured." (<i>Ibid.</i> , Preface.) "Both he (Lorenz) and Sir Richard Morgan were of vital importance to the Burgher community the event (of his death) of Sir Richard was indeed a loss to that community generally, but a fatal one to that highly intelligent and respectable community, whose interests he fearlessly advocated," so wrote General Studholme Hodgson in October, 1876.

Christ Church, Galle Face, Colombo.

THIS church was opened on October 13, 1853. It lasted for forty-six years, when it was pulled down and a new church built following the lines of the first building. It was opened on March 18, 1899.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
404 ..	Aug. 14 .. 1866	Georgina Skinner	.. Sacred to the memory of GEORGIANA, the beloved and honoured wife of Major T. SKINNER, Commissioner of Public Works, Ceylon, daughter of the late Lieut.-General BURRELL, C.B. Born 20th June, 1818, died in the Red Sea (Lat. 25-04 N., Long. 35-16 E.) 14 Aug., 1866. A true and devoted wife, an exemplary mother, a sincere friend, she lived in spotless honour and consistent truthfulness of character, strong in the faith of her Saviour's love and in the efficacy of His atonement. She lived in the assured hope of a resurrection to eternal life through the sacrifice and the righteousness of the Blessed Redeemer. That her seven children may honour her memory in striving by God's help to follow her precepts and to emulate her example, that her love of truth in thought, word, and action, and her uncompromising and endearing virtues may shed an illumination on her descendants for generations yet to come, and that England may long be blessed with such mothers for her sons is the earnest prayer of her bereaved husband.

Lieutenant-Colonel Burrell was in command of the 18th Royal Irish Regiment in Ceylon in the thirties. His daughter married Captain T. Skinner, Ceylon Rifles, then acting as Surveyor-General, at Colombo on December 19, 1838. Their son, Thomas Skinner, was in the Ceylon Civil Service, 1860-1896, retiring as Postmaster-General. A daughter married Mr. M. H. Thomas of Galheriya, well known as a coffee, and later as a tea, planter of Galheriya, Kelebobke Valley.

Major Skinner was a son of Captain Skinner, R.A., who was stationed at Trincomalee, 1812-1820 or thereabouts, and was born May 20, 1804. He joined the 1st Ceylon Regiment as 2nd Lieutenant on December 2, 1819. He was the great road maker of Ceylon. He has left an account of his work in his "Fifty Years in Ceylon—An Autobiography," published in 1891. When he finally left the Island in 1867, his fifty years of incessant work were thus summarized in the *Ceylon Observer*:—"He has survived to see a magnificent network of roads spread over the country, from the sea level to the passes of our highest mountain ranges; and instead of dangerous fords and ferries, where property often suffered and life was too frequently sacrificed, he has lived to see every principal stream in Ceylon substantially bridged or about to be spanned by structures of stone or iron. Whereas before his time there were strictly no roads in the Island, Ceylon,

Christ Church, Galle Face, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
404 ..	Aug. 14 1866	Georgina Skinner—<i>contd.</i>	with an area of 25,000 miles, can now count nearly 3,000 miles of made roads, one-fifth of which consist of first class metal roads, and another fifth of excellent gravelled high ways. Add to this the restoration of inland navigation—the canal system—and the impetus given to many another public work, and we have the bare outline of such a life of unselfish usefulness to his fellow-men as few have been privileged to show.” (Quoted in “Two Happy Years in Ceylon,” vol. I., p. 179.)
405 ..	July 25 1866	James Cameron Fielding ..	In memory of Captain J. C. FIELDING, Ceylon Rifles, who died at Sea on passage to Japan, 25 July, 1866. Aged 35 years 7 months. Also of Lieut. and Adj. WILLIAM GUY, Ceylon Rifles, who died at Sea on passage to England, 31 May, 1866. Aged 49 years 9 months. And of Quartermaster T. MILLER, Ceylon Rifles, who died at Stoke, Devon, 21 May, 1866. Aged 58 years 11 months. This tablet is erected by their brother officers.
	May 31 1866	William Guy	Captain Fielding joined the Rifles, April 10, 1849, as 2nd Lieutenant; Lieutenant March 16, 1855; Captain August 15, 1859; and was Commandant of Puttalam 1857; on leave to England in 1859–1860. He married, on February 10, 1859, at Pussellawa, Charlotte Mann, third daughter of Gother Mann Parsons (No. 209).
	May 21 1866	Thomas Miller	Lieutenant Guy was Adjutant from October 1, 1858; on leave to England in 1859–1860. Quartermaster Miller joined the regiment on December 11, 1846, and became Quartermaster July 5, 1853. His daughter, Elizabeth Ann, married at Colombo, May 8, 1861, D. G. Mantell, who retired as Surveyor-General.
406 ..	July 5 1868	George Alexander Mackenzie	Luceo non uro. In memory of GEORGE ALEXANDER MACKENZIE, Esqr., of Dundonnell, Rosshire, Scotland, for many years a resident of this town and a member of the firm of GEORGE STEWART & Co. He departed this life on the 5th July, 1868. Aged 50 years. This tablet is erected by his bereaved widow, LOUISA, daughter of the late Captain STEWART, C.R.R., in affectionate remembrance of a loving and devoted husband. The date of their marriage was February 23, 1853, and it took place at Colombo. I have heard that after her husband's death she married his brother, which seems impossible. Another sister married C. R. Curgenvin, and a third Christoffelsz de Saram (see No. 349). A brother of hers was for a time Police Magistrate of Calpentyn and of Kandy.
407 ..	May 18 1869	Catherine Rossiter	CATHERINE, the beloved wife of THO. ROSSITER, who died at Colombo on the 18th of May, 1859. Aged 28 years. Also of MARY ELLEN LADBROOKE, her infant daughter, who died at Colombo on the 8th of June, 1860. Aged 15 months.
*	Aug. 8 1860	Mary Ellen Ladbrooke Rossiter	Also an inscription on tomb in Galle Face Cemetery. He died in January, 1867, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Darlington, at Dundrum, County Dublin. The first appearance of the name Rossiter in Ceylon is in the “Ceylon Almanac” of 1846, which gives “J. W. Rossiter” as a planter at “Wilpitte, Matale.” He does not appear in that of 1847, but there is a “J. Rossiter” at Galle in 1847–1849, but his occupation is not given. In the Almanac of 1852 a “T. Rossiter” appears as Inspector of Police at Galle, and he was there in that capacity until 1854 (T. W. Rossiter). In the Almanac of 1855–9 there is no T. W. Rossiter, but “J. M. Rossiter” is on Orokande estate, Central Province. In 1860 he disappears, and in his stead “E. Rossiter” is on Orokande, and another “Rossiter” in Ambegamuwa. In 1861 E. M. Rossiter is at Kurunegala, E. Rossiter at Kegalla, and we learn that the Ambegamuwa planter was “J. Rossiter.” In 1862 he was still there, but the Kurunegala Rossiter

Christ Church, Galle Face, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.																														
407 ..	May 18 1869, &c.	Catherine Rossiter, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	was “ E. A.” In 1863 E. M. Rossiter was still on “ Oorakanda ” and J. A. Rossiter in Ambegamuwa (Tellisingala), and T. W. Rossiter, the former Inspector of Police, re-appears as a planter. In Peterson’s Almanac for 1869 his name appears as “ Thomas Wrixon Rossiter,” with the note that he had gone to Europe, and with this Almanac his name disappears from the Island. In 1869–1870 E. M. Rossiter was on Dunsinane, Pundalu-oya, and J. A. Rossiter on Rathnelikelle, Dimbula.																														
408 ..	Nov. 10 1860	Henry Whitley	.. To the memory of the Rev. HENRY WHITLEY, M.A. Queen’s (<i>sic</i>) College, Cambridge, Missionary of the Church Missionary Society, Pastor of this Church in which for 5 years he ministered to congregations worshipping in three different languages, English, Sinhalese, and Tamil; he was also a faithful and earnest preacher of the Gospel to the heathen population of the town and a valued fellow-labourer with his missionary brethren, by whom he was esteemed and sincerely loved. He died in the adjoining Mission house of fatal injuries received through the falling of a wall in the Church premises on the 10th November, 1860. This tablet was erected by the members of his congregation, in testimony of the respect and admiration of his character which they shared with all that knew him. And of their own deep affection for him as their Pastor and unfading remembrance of his Christian ministrations. There is also an inscription on his tomb in the Galle Face Cemetery. His age was 34.																														
409 ..	May 16 1881	Robert Vetch Dunlop	.. The Rev. ROBERT VETCH DUNLOP, Incumbent of Holy Trinity, Scarborough, and for 20 years connected with the Oriental Bank. Born Oct. 8, 1834, and entered into rest May 16, 1881. He married Frances Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Charles Peter Layard, on July 10, 1862.																														
410 ..	April 18 1896	John Davies Thomas	.. The Rev. J. DAVIES THOMAS, for 33 years a missionary of the Church Missionary Society in South India and Ceylon. Died at Colombo on April 18, 1896. Aged 56 years. He was a son of the Rev. John Thomas of Megnapuram in the Tinnevely District, a well-known C. M. S. Missionary in his time, who introduced the English parochial system, working from the centre he had chosen among the hundreds of villages that lay scattered all round—a man of many gifts and accomplishments. He had been brought up “ as a solicitor, and was an excellent lawyer. He was an excellent singer, a good musician, and well acquainted with the science of music. As a builder he had no equal in Tinnevely.” (Bishop Caldwell, quoted in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. II., pp. 397–8.)																														
411 ..	1831–1903 In loving memory of C. M. S. Missionaries who have worked in Ceylon and entered into rest. <table><tr><td>Rev. J. MARSH, 1831</td><td>Rev. B. WARD, 1879</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. T. BROWNING, 1838</td><td>Rev. E. BLACKMORE, 1879</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. J. KNIGHT, 1840</td><td>Rev. G. C. TRIMNELL, 1880</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. J. BAILEY, 1844</td><td>Rev. J. SELKIRK, 1880</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. R. MAYOR, 1846</td><td>Rev. J. PICKFORD, 1882</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. C. GREENWOOD, 1850</td><td>Rev. R. BRENT, 1885</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. F. HASLAM, 1850</td><td>Rev. W. OAKLEY, 1886</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. S. LAMBRICK, 1854</td><td>Rev. W. ADLEY, 1887</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. H. COLLINS, 1860</td><td>Rev. F. W. TAYLOR, 1887</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. W. WHITLEY, 1860</td><td>Rev. J. ALLCOCK, 1888</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. A. D. GORDON, 1865</td><td>Rev. J. WOOD, 1889</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. G. PARSONS, 1866</td><td>Rev. E. M. GRIFFITH, 1890</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. J. T. JOHNSTON, 1871</td><td>Rev. R. W. PERRY, 1890</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. G. S. FAUGHT, 1873</td><td>Rev. C. C. MACARTHUR, 1892</td></tr><tr><td>Rev. G. PETTITT, 1873</td><td>Rev. J. O’NEIL, 1896</td></tr></table>	Rev. J. MARSH, 1831	Rev. B. WARD, 1879	Rev. T. BROWNING, 1838	Rev. E. BLACKMORE, 1879	Rev. J. KNIGHT, 1840	Rev. G. C. TRIMNELL, 1880	Rev. J. BAILEY, 1844	Rev. J. SELKIRK, 1880	Rev. R. MAYOR, 1846	Rev. J. PICKFORD, 1882	Rev. C. GREENWOOD, 1850	Rev. R. BRENT, 1885	Rev. F. HASLAM, 1850	Rev. W. OAKLEY, 1886	Rev. S. LAMBRICK, 1854	Rev. W. ADLEY, 1887	Rev. H. COLLINS, 1860	Rev. F. W. TAYLOR, 1887	Rev. W. WHITLEY, 1860	Rev. J. ALLCOCK, 1888	Rev. A. D. GORDON, 1865	Rev. J. WOOD, 1889	Rev. G. PARSONS, 1866	Rev. E. M. GRIFFITH, 1890	Rev. J. T. JOHNSTON, 1871	Rev. R. W. PERRY, 1890	Rev. G. S. FAUGHT, 1873	Rev. C. C. MACARTHUR, 1892	Rev. G. PETTITT, 1873	Rev. J. O’NEIL, 1896
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Christ Church, Galle Face, Colombo—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
411	.. 1831-1903—contd. Rev. J. D. THOMAS, 1896 Rev. R. T. DOWBIGGIN, 1901 Rev. G. T. FLEMING, 1896 Rev. E. T. HIGGENS, 1901 Rev. S. HOBBS, 1898 Rev. S. COLES, 1901 Rev. H. POWELL, 1898 Rev. A. A. PILSON, 1902 Rev. R. COLLINS, 1900 Rev. J. IRELAND JONES, 1903

“ Their works do follow them.”

A brass tablet in chancel, erected by C. M. S. Missionaries. Of those named, Messrs. Greenwood, Haslam, Whitley, Parsons, Knight, Bailey, Blackmore, Oakley, Allcock, Griffith, Perry, Thomas, Fleming, Dowbiggin, Pilson, and Ireland Jones died in Ceylon.

412	.. 1825-1905 In loving memory of C. M. S. Missionaries who have worked in Ceylon and entered into rest. Mrs. J. BAILEY, 1825 Mrs. J. SELKIRK, 1876 Mrs. T. BROWNING, 1839 Mrs. J. IRELAND JONES, 1877 Mrs. J. KNIGHT, 1845 Mrs. W. ADLEY, 1880 Mrs. F. HASLAM, 1852 Mrs. F. GLANVILLE, 1883 Mrs. E. T. HIGGENS, 1854 Mrs. G. PARSONS, 1896 Mrs. S. LAMBRICK, 1860 Mrs. S. COLES, 1898 Mrs. G. C. TRIMNELL, 1861 Miss H. M. SPREAT, 1898 Mrs. B. WARD, 1864 Mrs. J. ALLCOCK, 1899 Mrs. W. OAKLEY, 1866 Mrs. J. IRELAND JONES, 1899 Mrs. J. PICKFORD, 1866 Mrs. J. CARTER, 1899 Mrs. G. S. FAUGHT, 1870 Mrs. W. CLARK, 1900 Mrs. R. MAYOR, 1870 Mrs. R. PARGITER, 1900 Mrs. C. GREENWOOD, 1872 Mrs. J. D. SIMMONS, 1900 Mrs. J. WOOD, 1873 Mrs. J. ILSLEY, 1905
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“ Whose faith follow.”

A brass tablet in chancel, erected by C. M. S. Missionaries. Of those named, Mrs. Knight, Haslam, Higgens, Oakley, and Carter died in Ceylon.

Mrs. O'Neil has been omitted, who died at Jaffna in 1848. The name on the tablet in St. James's Church, Nellore, Jaffna, is spelt “ O'Neill.” Mrs. Pargiter, the first wife of the Rev. R. Pargiter, is also omitted: She died at Jaffna in 1849.

Wesleyan Chapel, Dam Street, Pettah, Colombo.

“ On the 23rd December, 1816, the chapel in the Pettah was completed and opened for public worship. It was erected after the model of Brunswick Chapel, Liverpool. The gentleman who acted as master builder was Captain Gualterus Schneider of the Royal Engineers The purchase of the site and the erection of the various buildings cost upwards of Rs. 30,000 The entire establishment consisted of a place of worship, a dwelling house for two families, a large schoolroom, printing and bookbinding offices, a type foundry, and warehouses. The first sermon at the opening of the chapel was preached by Mr. Clough from Psalm CXXII., 16, and in the evening Mr. Harvard officiated, preaching from Luke II., 14, when the Governor was present, also Lady Brownrigg, and nearly all the principal Europeans in Colombo The chapel, as described in the *Government Gazette*, was almost an amphitheatre, with three rows of elevated seats nearly all round. The same building is still the principal place of worship for the Wesleyans in the Pettah In 1863, under the direction of Mr. Bough, the arrangement of the seats was altered, and all are now placed upon the same level The pulpit was formerly at the same end as the entrance porch. There are mural monuments to the memory of Dr. Coke and Mr. Ault and of Mrs. Clough and Mrs. Scott, the wives of Missionaries.” (Hardy, pp. 80-1.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
413	.. May 3 1814	.. Thomas Coke	.. Sacred to the memory of the late Revd. THOMAS COKE, LL.D., of the University of Oxford, General Superintendent of the Wesleyan Methodist Missions, who was an ardent lover of immortal souls, and a zealous and persevering Friend and Advocate of Christian Missions among the Heathen. By his Instrumentality, Liberality, and Personal Exertion, the Wesleyan Methodist Missions were introduced and established in all the four Quarters of the Globe! Their success in the Conversion of Sinners lay nearest his heart, and was one of the chief sources of his joy while on earth.

Wesleyan Chapel, Dam Street, Pettah, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
413 ..	May 3 1814	Thomas Coke— <i>contd.</i>	.. Thousands of Real Converts will hail him blessed in the Great Day. His last principal Undertaking was the Introduction of the Mission to Asia. For this purpose, like that primitive and eminent Missionary St. Paul, he withstood the earnest entreaties of his numerous Friends, and at the advanced age of 67 years he left his native and much beloved Country under the express sanction of the British Government, and bearing Letters testimonial from several of the principal Characters in the State, being accompanied by Six other missionaries, the Revd. Messrs. Lynch, Ault, Erskine, Harvard, Squance, and Clough, and burning with fervent zeal for the Conversion of the Inhabitants of India, he was followed by the tears and prayers of anxious multitudes. His constitution, however, sunk under the Change of Climate, and from intense Application to preparatory Studies, he died on the Voyage, May the 3rd, 1814, Happy in that Saviour whom he had so successfully preached to others ; and his mortal Remains were interred at sea in lat. 2° 29' South, and long. 59° 29' East. This tablet, inscribed by his surviving missionary Companions and Sons in the Ministry, is designed as a public and constant Memorial of their unceasing respect, affection, and reverence for his Person and Character. August, 1816. Dr. Coke was a native of Brecon, and was for a time curate at South Petherton. In 1809 Sir Alexander Johnston, Chief Justice of Ceylon, visited England, and was instrumental in procuring the establishment of a mission in Ceylon, and his attention was directed by Wilberforce to the Wesleyan Methodists as being the most likely to assist him in the execution of his plans. The result was the despatch of Dr. Coke and his companions. An interview with Surgeon Morton, R.A., who had resided some years in Ceylon, determined him to undertake this mission. Dr. Coke, Mr. Harvard, and Mr. Clough embarked on December 30, 1813, at Portsmouth in the <i>Cabalon</i> , and the rest in the <i>Lady Melville</i> . One day in the Indian Ocean Dr. Coke was found dead in his cabin. The rest of the party arrived at Bombay on May 21. On June 20 they embarked for Ceylon, leaving Mr. Harvard at Bombay, and arrived at Galle, June 29. The Rev. George Bisset, the Governor's Private Secretary, was sent from Colombo to bid them welcome to the Island. It was recommended that they should occupy the principal sub-stations and commence the teaching of schools in the English language, for which a small allowance would be made. Accordingly Messrs. Lynch and Squance proceeded to Jaffna, Mr. Ault to Batticaloa, Mr. Erskine to Matara, and Mr. Clough remained at Galle.
414 ..	April 1 1815	William Ault	.. Sacred to the Memory of the Reverend WILLIAM AULT, Wesleyan Methodist missionary, who having laboured with great acceptance in England as a Minister of the Gospel for many years, voluntarily Sacrificed the scenes of Popularity and Friendship with which he was surrounded for the arduous and less flattering Occupation of a Christian Missionary. On his Arrival in Ceylon his sphere of Labour was Batticaloa and its Environs (on the Eastward of the Island). His anxious Exertions for the Spiritual Good of the Natives of that Place Evidenced the Purity of the Motive which introduced him into the Missionary Work. Every Cottage in his District had received his Pastoral Visits, and had echoed with his affectionate, familiar, and efficacious Advice! Even the heathen beheld him—revered him—loved him, and committed their Children to his

Wesleyan Chapel, Dam Street, Pettah, Colombo—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
414 ..	April 1 1815	.. William Ault—contd.	<p>Care, consenting to their use of the Bible as their principal School Book ! His Missionary race was short : He died among the People of his Charge, "in sure and certain Hope," April the 1st, 1815, after labouring among them only eight months !</p> <p>Over his Grave the Inhabitants of Batticaloa erected at their own Expense a monument of his Worth, and of the Admiration with which he had inspired them. He was beloved and respected by all Descriptions of Men from the most inferior Member of his Flock to the highest existing Authorities in the Island, They all paid a Tribute to his Memory. This stone was erected by his affectionate surviving Fellow-Labourers, the Wesleyan Methodist Missionaries in Ceylon, as a lasting Token of their warmest regard.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">August, 1816.</p> <p>"On the 30th of December, 1813, Dr. Coke, Mr. Harvard, and Mr. Clough embarked at Portsmouth in the <i>Cabaton</i>, and the rest of the party with Captain Lochner in the <i>Lady Melville</i>, both Indiamen. Mr. Harvard and Mr. Ault were accompanied by their wives On the 21st of May they entered the harbour of Bombay On the 20th of June all the missionaries, with the exception of Mr. and Mrs. Harvard, embarked for Ceylon, and on the 29th they arrived at Galle, after a rapid passage. W. C. Gibson, the then Master Attendant, was the first person to welcome them to the Island The first to land were Messrs. Lynch, Squance, and Clough ; Messrs. Ault and Erskine were detained somewhat longer on board, during which period the ship was driven further to sea, so that when they left in the luggage boat it was impossible to make the harbour of Galle, and they had to direct their course towards Belligam. At this time their situation was well calculated to produce alarm. They were unable to say a single word to the unknown natives in whose hands their lives were placed. Mr. Ault became nervous, under the impression that the boatmen were about to run them ashore in some unfrequented spot, and murder them. However, they had no such intention, and in the middle of the night they landed safely at Belligam, where they were hospitably entertained by the Magistrate, and then assisted on their way to Galle." ("Jubilee Memorials," pp. 64-5.) The Commandant of Galle was Lord Molesworth, who joined in the general pleasure expressed at the arrival of the missionaries The Rev. George Bisset, the Governor's Private Secretary, was sent from Colombo to bid them welcome to the Island. it was agreed "at a meeting that Mr. Lynch and Mr. Squance should go to Jaffna, Mr. Ault to Batticaloa, Mr. Erskine to Matara, and that Mr. Clough should remain at Galle."</p> <p>Mr. Ault was eight days in reaching Batticaloa by dhony. In giving an account of his voyage he says, "I had a very unpleasant voyage. Our food as well as our water fell short. I have been twice in the sea, but happily escaped with life. I fell overboard from the dhoney ; and on landing at Batticaloa in a small canoe, it swamped. I jumped out and reached the land the best way I was able."</p> <p>The tombstone at Batticaloa disappeared "about 40 years ago." (See under "Batticaloa.")</p>
415 ..	June 30 1827	.. Margaret Clough	<p>MARGARET, Wife of BENJAMIN CLOUGH, Wesleyan Missionary, and only daughter of WILLIAM MORLY of Doncaster in the County of York. This monument is erected by her sorrowing friends desirous of paying a tribute of respect to the character of a truly pious and consistent Christian who died at Colombo, the 30th day of June, in the year 1827. Aged 24 years.</p> <p>The first minister resident here was Mr. Harvard, who was succeeded by Mr. Clough.</p> <p>Next to Gogerly "the man who has exercised the greatest influence upon the interests of the Island among the departed members of the mission is</p>

Wesleyan Chapel, Dam Street, Pettah, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
415	June 30 1827	Margaret Clough— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Benjamin Clough. He was born at Bradford in Yorkshire; won the esteem of Dr. Coke and became his most constant companion A vessel in which he sailed from Colombo to Galle in 1822 struck on a rock about five miles out from Gindura, and when the Captain reached the Galle harbour there were four feet of water in the hold and it became a wreck He was seized with jungle fever when on an official visit to Jaffna about the year 1837, soon after which he finally left Ceylon, and in 1853, April 13, he died suddenly at Southwark in the sixty-second year of his age." (Hardy, p. 303.)</p> <p>He published "A Dictionary, English and Singhalese," in 1830, and "A Pali Grammar and Vocabulary" in 1824; also translated the Pali work "Kamawachan," under the name of "The Ritual of the Buddhist Priesthood," which was printed by the Royal Asiatic Society.</p> <p>"In 1821 an English and Sinhalese Dictionary was published by Mr. Clough, extending to 628 pages 8vo. and containing about 25,000 words. Nine years afterwards the same indefatigable student published a Sinhalese and English Dictionary, extending to 852 pages and containing about 40,000 words. Both volumes were dedicated to Sir Edward Barnes. The Government paid for the expense of printing and binding and received without payment 100 copies of the work." (Hardy, p. 227.)</p> <p>The history of the compilation of this Sinhalese Dictionary is as follows, according to Spence Hardy.</p> <p>"A collection of Singhalese works had been made by Mr. Samuel Tolfrey of the Civil Service, which, on his return to England, he presented to the Government and received in return a handsome remuneration. On his death soon afterwards Sir John D'Oyly was requested to prepare the work for the press, but this he declined, as it contained only a small portion of the words in the Singhalese language and scarcely any of the high words; it having been compiled for the purpose of assisting the servants of Government in the daily routine of office, without any reference to the literature of the country. The undertaking was declined by the compiler's brother on the same ground. The arrangement was defective; the words were multiplied to an unnecessary extent by appearing many times over, with only different terminations; and no attempt was made to discover the root of the word. The assistance received from this source was therefore small, and whatever credit the work is entitled to must be given to Mr. Clough." (Hardy, pp. 277-8.) Hardy is wrong in thinking (1) that Samuel Tolfrey was the brother of William; (2) that the book was handed over to Government on the death of Samuel. Samuel did not die until 1830, in retirement. Sir John D'Oyly died in 1824.</p>
416	July 13 1829	Sarah Rebecca Ladbrook Hume	<p>SARAH REBECCA LADBROOK, daughter of Mr. W. FULLER of London, and Wife of ALEXANDER HUME, Wesleyan Missionary. She died at Colombo on the 13th July, 1829. Aged 29 years. In life unaffected and deep piety, and a conduct regulated by an uncommon mildness, fidelity, and prudence marked her character. In death she exemplified entire resignation to the will of God, the enjoyment of a well grounded faith.</p> <p>Partly illegible. She was married to Mr. Hume at St. Paul's, Pettah, Colombo, on December 29, 1824.</p> <p>"On 9th of Aug. (1819) the foundation stone of the chapel at Negumbo was laid by Mr. Hume, who had recently arrived from England, and he gave an animated address." ("Jubilee Memorials," p. 105.)</p>
417	Oct. 4 1829	Richard Stoup	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Rev. R.D. STOUP, Wesleyan Missionary, who departed this life at Colombo on Sunday the 4th October, 1829. Aged 28 years. As a man he was characterised by simplicity of manners and gentleness of disposition; As a Christian by fervent piety and devotion; As a minister of the Gospel by faithfulness and love to the souls of men; As a missionary by diligence</p>

Wesleyan Chapel, Dam Street, Pettah, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
417 ..	Oct. 4. 1829	.. Richard Stoup— <i>contd.</i> ..	and zeal. The Dutch and Burgher inhabitants of Galle among whom he laboured for upwards of three years have erected this tablet as a memorial of affection and esteem. There is a copy of the inscription in “Jubilee Memorials,” p. 216. “Richard Stoup was born at Boston in Lincolnshire, and educated at the Grammar School of that town. After a residence in Ceylon of nearly six years he died at Colombo on the 5th of October, 1829, having previously suffered months of intense pain from indurated liver..... He was buried in St. Paul’s graveyard, where the tower of the Dutch Church throws its shadow on his grave at eventide.” (Hardy, p. 301.)
418 ..	Sept. 11 1859	.. Mary Jane Scott	.. MARY JANE, Wife of Rev. JOHN SCOTT, Wesleyan Missionary. She died September 11th, 1859. Aged 25 years. She was a daughter of Mr. William Ford, and married the Rev. J. Scott at Colombo on October 30, 1858. Mr. Scott was in Ceylon 1856–64. He was Missionary at Galle 1860–64. He opened the Wesleyan Chapel at Moratuwa in 1859.
419 ..	Sept. 6 1862	.. Daniel Gogerly	.. In memory of the Revd. DANIEL GOGERLY, for twenty-four years the General Superintendent of the Wesleyan Ministry in South Ceylon. He was a profound Oriental Scholar, a wise administrator, and an eminent preacher of the Gospel. To him the Churches of the Island are deeply indebted for his exertions in promoting education, his exposure of the errors of Buddhism, and his labours as a translator of the Holy Scriptures. After a residence of 44 years in Ceylon he died venerated and beloved. September 6th, 1862. Aged 70 years. His tombstone in the Pettah Burial Ground makes him 72 (see No. 334). According to the “Jubilee Memorials” he was born in London in 1792. He arrived in Ceylon in 1818, and took charge of the mission press. In 1823 he was accepted as a missionary, and fifteen years later was appointed Chairman of the Sinhalese District. He died September 6, 1862, in the 71st year of his age. “Mr. Gogerly gained an extensive acquaintance with Buddhism. He had a profound knowledge of Pali and of the voluminous works in that dialect. He wrote numerous papers in the Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society (Ceylon Branch) “On Buddhism,” &c., and these and others have recently been collected and republished. Mr. Gogerly resided for some time at Dondra before he became the general superintendent of the mission. It was here that he matured his knowledge of Pali, as he took advantage of being in the neighbourhood of the learned priests of the district to enter upon the study of the more abstruse parts of the Buddhistical system. The mission library at Colombo is indebted to him for some of the most valuable of the Buddhistical works that it contains, which were written for him at the temple during his residence at Dondra.” (Hardy, p. 239.) “It was necessary for the missionaries to acquire as intimate a knowledge as possible of the very voluminous sacred books. During forty-four years of mission life Mr. Gogerly toiled at this labour of love, producing his first book on the subject in 1848, and persevering until his death in 1862.” “When he first propounded his discoveries as to the real doctrine of primitive Buddhism, he was assailed by nearly every Pali scholar in the Island, and his conclusions totally denied. But he calmly defended his position, and by numerous quotations from their most authoritative writings this solitary Western student was able to lead the most profound expositors of Buddhism into its deepest mysteries, and prove that they were utterly wrong in their estimate of its most essential principles.” (Miss Gordon Cumming, vol. I., pp. 289–90.)

Wesleyan Chapel, Dam Street, Pettah, Colombo—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
420 .	April 16 1868	.. Robert Spence Hardy	.. In memory of the Rev. ROBERT SPENCE HARDY, Honorary Member of the Royal Asiatic Society and late General Superintendent of the Wesleyan Mission in South Ceylon. As a devoted Christian, the author of many works of learning and piety, and an able and zealous Minister of Christ, he glorified God and promoted the welfare of mankind. After labouring as a missionary in Ceylon for 22 years and making full proof of his ministry in various parts of Great Britain, he died at Headingley, near Leeds, April 16th, 1868. Aged 64 years. Robert Spence Hardy wrote several books and papers on Buddhism, <i>e.g.</i> , "Eastern Monachism" in 1850; "A Manual of Buddhism" in 1853; "The Sacred Book of the Buddhists" in 1863; the article on "Gotama Buddha" in the "Encyclopædia Britannica"; "A Word Book in Three Parts in English and Singhalese" in 1843; "Jubilee Memorials of the Wesleyan Mission in Ceylon" in 1864. In 1865 he returned to England, "leaving behind him a reputation for profound scholarly learning. His works were among the first to awaken the interest in the faith of 470,000,000 of their fellow men." (Miss Gordon Cumming, vol. I., p. 291.)
421 ..	Nov. 25 1885	.. Samuel Hill	.. Rev. SAMUEL HILL, Principal of Wesley College and Superintendent of this circuit. He died November 25th, 1885, aged 31, after an earnest and successful career as a Missionary for Christ.

Baptist Church, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo.

422 ..	June 2 1844	.. Ebenezer Daniel	.. In gratitude to Almighty God and in affectionate remembrance of the eminent virtues of the Revd. EBENEZER DANIEL, Minister of the Gospel in connection with the Baptist Mission, who after a period of 14 years' labour in Ceylon In journeyings often In weariness and painfulness In watchings often In hunger and thirst In fastings often In cold and nakedness died at Colombo on the 2nd day of June, 1844, in the sixtieth year of his age. This tablet was erected from the voluntary subscriptions of christians of all denominations. The surplus was by the desire of the subscribers remitted to his orphan children. This tablet was removed from the Baptist Chapel in Prince street, Pettah, when that building was closed in 1905. The remains were at the same time removed to the General Cemetery. "Chater, our pioneer Missionary of the B.M.S., was followed by Ebenezer Daniel, called the 'Apostle of Ceylon.' When exhuming the remains in May last for re-interment in the Cemetery, curiously enough a gentleman's glove in good preservation was found in the grave. It is believed to have been a custom when the Governor of the Colony attended a funeral for him to throw his glove in the grave above the coffin. We shall be glad if any of our readers can enlighten us further as to this." ("Baptist Intelligencer" for November, 1905.)
423 ..	Nov. 2 1849	.. Jacob Davies	.. In affectionate remembrance of the eminent piety and learning of The Revd. JACOB DAVIES, Baptist Missionary, who after a period of 5 years' labour in Ceylon died at Colombo on the 2nd of November, 1849, in the 34th year of his age. This tablet has been erected by christians of all denominations who attend his preaching and exhortations.

Baptist Church, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
423	Nov. 2 1849	Jacob Davies— <i>contd.</i>	<p>He is buried outside Wolvendaal Church, where there is a tombstone with inscription which states that his age was 38. According to the newspapers he died of cholera, which had been raging among the men of the 37th Regiment at Colombo. In February, 1849, the Rev. Jacob Davies espoused the cause of the Kandyans against Lord Torrington's Government and the new taxes. His son, James Acworth Davies, was the most eminent Judge of his time in the Madras Civil Service (1868–1906), and died as Sir J. A. Davies, September 17, 1906, after serving many years as a Judge of the High Court, Madras.</p> <p>"Poor Mr. Davies of the Baptist Mission died on February the 2nd, and was buried at the Wolfendal Church yesterday, Mr. Palm officiating. He suffered much from the climate, and the immediate cause of his death was an attack of dysentery I have often heard the truth revealed by him with a clearness, force, and eloquence that seemed to be peculiar to him, and in which he was unrivalled." ("Sir R. Morgan," by Wm. Digby, pp. 157–58.)</p>
424	May 22 1859	Christopher Elliott	<p>In memory of CHRISTOPHER ELLIOTT, M.D., Principal Civil Medical Officer, a deacon of this church, and a preacher of the Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ to the congregations assembling in this place.</p> <p align="center">As a servant of Christ An enlightened citizen A discerning philanthropist And a skilful physician.</p>

Having served his day and generation well—he died in the Lord at Colombo, on May 22nd, 1859, aged 49 years. This tablet is erected by the members of the church and congregation with whom he was wont to worship.

He was born at Clonmore in the barony of Ivert, County Kilkenny. He married (1) in 1837 Jessie Selina, daughter of Mr. William Clark, a merchant who was the first to import Manchester goods into Ceylon, and (2) in 1858 Miss Bessie Scott of Woodstown, County Waterford. He is buried outside Wolvendaal Church, where there is a tombstone with inscription to himself and his wife Jessie, "who died 7th March, 1855, aged 47."

"Before the advent of a free press in 1834, in the shape of the *Observer*, the *Colombo Journal* had been issued from the Government Printing Office, and was the repertory of much valuable information. Besides the Governor, his son-in-law Mr. Tufnell, and Mr. George Lee, the Postmaster-General, wrote for the paper, and so did many officials. When the *Journal* was stopped by order of the Home Government and the *Chronicle* established to oppose the *Observer*, under the editorship of the late Mr. C. Elliott, Mr. George Lee was constituted editor of the *Chronicle*, and wrote with much smartness. Dr. Elliott, Mr. Lee's opponent in the press, and the opponent of the Governor, whom the latter certainly did not surprise, was an Irishman of much ability and strong convictions, which he expressed with the warmth natural to his countrymen. As a journalist he may, like the rest of us, have sometimes erred, but he was always honestly anxious for the welfare of his adopted country and the cause of justice, truth, and pure Christianity. In private life he was a good man, humane and charitable to a degree, and ever ready to help the poor, the friendless, and the oppressed. This is but an inadequate tribute to the memory of one with whom for many years I was most intimately associated, and to whose post in the press of Ceylon I succeeded when he was appointed the first Principal Civil Medical Officer of Ceylon, dying too soon

Baptist Church, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
424 ..	May 22 1859	.. Christopher Elliott— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>thereafter for the interests of the country and people he loved so warmly and served so well. Although Messrs. E. J. Darby and George Winter had preceded him in the editorship of the <i>Observer</i>, Dr. Elliott was really the father of the free press in Ceylon, and as such, as well as Christian philanthropist and useful medical man, was worthy of having his memory held in high honour." (Mr. A. M. Ferguson, C.M.G., in a lecture given in 1886, published at the <i>Ceylon Observer</i> Office.)</p> <p>"Dr. C. Elliott, who was then the proprietor and chief conductor of the <i>Observer</i>. A warm-hearted Irishman, our late friend threw the whole energy of his nature into whatever cause he advocated, and I do not think I exceed the truth when I say that mainly to his personal influence and efforts were due the attention which Ceylon affairs then received in the Parliament and Press of Britain, culminating in the recall of the Governor, the Colonial Secretary (Sir J. E. Tennent), and Mr. (now Sir Philip) Wodehouse. It is very true that Mr. Henry Baillie in leading the movement, and Mr. Disraeli and others in supporting it, may have had party objects in view to some extent. But no charge of this nature could lie against such men as the late Robert Peel, Gladstone, John Bright, Joseph Hume, and other independent statesmen. A flood of light was, by means of the evidence taken by the Parliamentary Committee and the papers produced, thrown on many social and political questions of great interest connected with Ceylon, and one great principle was decided on,—that, at whatever cost, the agents of Government through whom the people were ruled and through whom justice was administered should be spread over the land, until it would be impossible again for any large section of the people to be able to say, as many of the Matale rebels said, that they had never seen the face of a white man.</p> <p>"The lecturer, having been Dr. Elliott's associate, and having fought by his side all through the exciting period of 1848–50, may not be supposed capable of delivering an impartial opinion on the part which Dr. Elliott and the <i>Observer</i> took in the controversies of that day. But, while admitting that errors were committed and some things written which were afterwards regretted, I think I may claim that we were actuated by a desire to vindicate justice and right, and to promote the best interests of the country of our adoption. Lord Torrington, who several times consulted his Council as to the expediency of arresting the conductors of the <i>Observer</i>, subsequently met Dr. Elliott on terms of cordial goodwill, while Sir Emerson Tennent has acknowledged in his published works such aid as the lecturer, his old political opponent, was able to render him in his great and greatly successful efforts to illustrate the history, progress, and position of Ceylon. He carried to his grave the respect of rulers and people." (<i>Ibid.</i>)</p> <p>He came out to Ceylon in 1834, and was stationed at Badulla. He resigned this appointment in 1836, for private practice and a guarantee of £300 a year as Editor of the <i>Colombo Observer</i>.</p> <p>Like his successor in the editorship, he certainly had a bitter tongue, and during his <i>régime</i> the <i>Observer</i> was almost entirely taken up with vehement attacks on most of the more prominent European officials of the time. From the Colonial Secretary (Mr. P. Anstruther) down, no one escaped. Sir Arthur Buller, Mr. Saunders, Mr. Cripps, &c., all had their turn, and so had the "Puseyites" among the Government chaplains, who preached in "white gowns," or had choral services. He was appointed Principal Civil Medical Officer in 1858, when the department was freed from military control. He was succeeded by Dr. W. P. Charsley. He was the father of Edward Elliott, C.C.S., 1863–97.</p>

Baptist Church, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
425 ..	April 30 1866	James Allen	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the Revd. JAMES ALLEN, who, after a laborious career of twenty years in this Island, as a missionary of the Gospel in connection with the Baptist Missionary Society, died at Colombo on April 30th, 1866, aged 56 years. At the time of his death, as for many years previously, he was pastor of the church meeting in this place, and was to its members and to all whom his ministry reached a faithful and eloquent preacher of the Gospel of the Grace of God. The church and congregation to whom he so long ministered have erected this tablet in affectionate regard to his memory.</p> <p>“ Mr. Allen preached a very impressive sermon ” at the funeral of the Rev. Mr. Davies at Wolvendaal. “ Heard of Mr. Allen’s death after five days’ fever. A good man is lost to the world ; but he has become one of the garnered treasures of heaven.” (“ Sir R. Morgan,” Digby, p. 313.)</p>

St. Lucia’s Cathedral, Colombo.

426 ..	July 5 1905	Theophili Andreæ Melizan ..	<p>Heic. Sita. Sunt. Ossa. THEOPHILI ANDREÆ MELIZAN Congr. Oblrum B.M.V.I. Archiepi, Columben. Secundi E Gallia Flagitante. Populo Translata Magno Xti fidelium Concursu X Kal Jan MCMVI. Sepulta Qui Massiliæ V. Kal. Oct. MDCCCXLIV. Natus Ecclesiis Jaffnensi Decem Columbensi Duodecim Annis Faustissime Rectis A. Pio P.P.X. Pontificio Solio Assistens Romanusque Comes Creatus Dilectus Deo et Hominibus Tolosæ Obiit V Kal Jul MCMV R.I.P.</p>
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St. Philip Neri’s Church, Pettah, Colombo.

427 ..	Aug. 15 1860	Guiseppe Maria Bravi ..	<p>Heic situs est in pace Christi JOSEPHUS MARIA BRAVI domo monte sancto in Piceno ab adolescentia alumnus familiæ Silvestrin. episcopus Columbi in insula Ceylana cujus eximia virtus in Indis ab errore ad Evangelii legem vertendis fructus uberes tulit morbo quo conflictabatur decessit in Erythræo Italiam repetens An. MDCCCLX. die festo D.N. Mariæ in cælum receptæ quo die quindecim ante annis Ceylanum littus attigerat annum agebat XLVII. Vive in Deo eique bonas pro tuis Indis preces admove.</p> <p>He died on board the <i>Nubia</i>, near Suez. He was Bishop of Tipasa, <i>i.p.i.</i>, and Vicar Apostolic of Colombo.</p> <p>“ Sunday, 13th January, 1850.—Attended St. Lucia’s Cathedral to witness the consecration of my friend Bravi. . . . Bishop Gaetano Antonio officiated as consecrator.” (“ Diary of Sir Richard Morgan’s Life,” vol. I., p. 163.)</p>
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St. Mary's Church, Bolawatta, Colombo.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
428 ..	Aug. 7 1857	Horatius Bettachini ..	Hic jacet HORATIUS BETTACHINI Italus Ep Torons. et Primus Jaffnæ V. Ap. Qui multis laboribus et contrariis. non paucis. cum, ad, Per D. Js. Xum. mores, reformum. lucmg. Evangm. intr. pagas. propagn. per 14 ans. et 10 mens. sincro. zelo et frucu. laborans, tandem post diutn. crudelm. hecticam invic. patienta. latam, pane cœl. dev. refects. Redemptori suo animam tradidit VII. Kal. Aug. A.D. 1857. R.I.P. He was Bishop of Torona, <i>i.p.i.</i> , and Vicar Apostolic of Jaffna.

St. Anthony's Church, Koehelikade, Colombo.

429 ..	Aug. 3 1892	Christopher Ernest Bonjean ..	Hic jacet CHRISTOPHORUS ERNESTUS BONJEAN Congr. Oblrum Mariæ Immtæ Archiepiscopus Columbensis primus pontificio solio assistens comes romanus pastor vigilantissimus scriptis, verbo et opere clarus veritatis ardens propugnator christianæ juventutis pie educandæ fautor assiduus e Ricomago Arvernorum oriündus rexit Jaffnensem ecclesiam quindecim Columbensem annis novem Obiit Columbi die III., Aug. MDCCCXCII. Ætatis suæ anno LXIX. R.I.P.
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General Cemetery, Colombo.

430 ..	May 5 1866	Fanny Caley ..	Sacred to the Memory of FANNY, wife of J. A. CALEY, Esq., C.C.S., died 5th May, 1866. Aged 32. James Augustus Caley was in the Public Works Department, 1844-68, and retired as Assistant Civil Engineer. This was the first burial in the new cemetery.
431 ..	Jan. 5 1867	Henry Byerley Thompson ..	In memory of The Honourable HENRY BYERLEY THOMPSON, late Puisne Justice of the Supreme Court. Died 5th January, 1867. He was a son of Dr. Anthony Todd Thompson, and married at Brighton on June 3, 1858, Sarita, daughter of Count de Beaumont. He had been appointed Queen's Advocate, Ceylon, on May 3 of that year. He acted as Junior Puisne Justice in 1861-62, and was confirmed in that office on January 1, 1863. The circumstances attending his death were tragic. His body was found on the sand of the seabeach opposite the residence of Sir E. B. Creasy at Wellawatta, where he had been residing during the absence of the latter. "The body lay on the sand with the waves dashing over it. The probability seems to be that having deposited his hat and umbrella on the beach, and stooping to bathe his face with the sea water, he had fallen forward, and from the state of his health was unable to recover himself and so was drowned. The verdict at the inquest was found drowned. The idea of suicide seems out of the question." The <i>Ceylon Observer</i> adds: "The state of Mr. Thompson's

General Cemetery, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
431 ..	Jan. 5 1867	.. Henry Byerley Thompson— <i>contd.</i>	general health—indicated by his appearance—was such as to show how hazardous the experiment of his return to this climate was. For some time before his death he had suffered from fever and sleeplessness, to relieve which he imprudently resorted to opiates. So has passed away a man originally of fine parts, of considerable learning and fair ability as a writer. He was the author of several works, prominent among which was a clever book, 'The Choice of a Profession.''' (<i>Ceylon Observer</i> , January 7, 1867.) His age was 44. He also compiled "The Institutes of the Laws of Ceylon," published in 1866, a book that used to be useful for Civil Service examinations in Ceylon. His youngest brother, John Cockburn, was drowned while bathing in the sea at Tenby in South Wales on May 26, 1860.
432 ..	Sept. 10 1869	.. Francis Edward Hall	.. FRANCIS EDWARD HALL, Madras C.S., born 26th December, 1843, died 10th September, 1869. He was Assistant Collector of South Arcot, and he died at the Seamen's Hospital, Colombo. He had embarked on the <i>Mahratta</i> at Mangalore on September 3, <i>en route</i> to North Arcot, and landed at Colombo on September 8 suffering from fever. There was some difficulty about procuring his speedy admission into hospital, which gave rise to comments in the papers and an official inquiry, in which Dr. Willisford was involved.
433 ..	April 18 1870	.. Prideaux Selby	.. Sacred to the memory of PRIDEAUX SELBY, of the Ceylon Civil Service, and eldest son of the late HENRY COLLINGWOOD SELBY, Esq., Queen's Advocate of the Island, who died suddenly in Colombo, April 18th, 1870. Aged 26. Prideaux Selby was in the Civil Service 1865–1870. He was acting as Police Magistrate, &c., of Point Pedro from May 16, 1863, when he was on March 2, 1865, appointed to a Writership. He acted as Police Magistrate at Jaffna from December 16, 1865, to February 1, 1866. He obtained the fixed appointment at Point Pedro on February 1, 1866, and that of Assistant Government Agent, Kurunegala, on August 1, 1867. He acted as District Judge, Matara, from January 1 to April 7, 1868, when he was appointed to act at Colombo as Police Magistrate until June 30, 1868. He was the son of Henry Collingwood Selby, Queen's Advocate, 1848–1858, who came from the Cape with Sir Anthony Oliphant, Chief Justice, 1840–1854. H. C. Selby's wife was a lady of Dutch descent from the Cape. He was highly respected in the Island. He had a brother, John Selby, who was an Advocate in Ceylon, and was associated with Dr. Elliott in the agitation against Lord Torrington and Sir James Emerson Tennent, which arose over the sequel of the Matale rebellion of 1848. Another brother was an actor at the Adelphi Theatre when Benjamin Webster was lessee. A third brother was in the Indian Navy.
434 ..	Dec. 20 1873	.. Arthur Mainwaring	.. Sacred to the memory of ARTHUR MAINWARING, Ceylon Civil Service. Died at Colombo, 20th December, 1873. Aged 30. Arthur Mainwaring was the eldest son of the Rev. John Mainwaring, M.A., and married Mary Charlotte, second daughter of Colonel Hamilton, C.B., D.A.G., late of the 78th Regiment, on June 17, 1867. He was Private Secretary to the Senior Puisne Justice, Mr. P. J. Sterling, in 1862, and in the Civil Service from 1865–1873. He was Registrar of Lands, North-Western Province, December 15, 1863. He acted as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Harispattu (Galagedara), from November 1, 1865, and was appointed a Writer, December 19, 1865; Joint Police Magistrate, Kurunegala, April 1, 1865; Police Magistrate, Haputale, December 17, 1867; Acting Assistant Government Agent, Kandy, June 16, 1867; Landing and Tide Surveyor, Galle, February 1, 1868; and Acting Landing Surveyor, Colombo, September 15, 1869.

General Cemetery, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
435 ..	Feb. 21 1874	Johan Nietner	.. J. NIETNER. 1874. He was a planter and proprietor with Mr. Staniforth Green of Fernlands estate, Pundalu-oya, and was of considerable attainment as an entomologist. He contributed various "Entomological Papers," being descriptions of a new Ceylon Coleoptera, to the Journal of the Bengal Asiatic Society of 1856-57, and to the Journal of the Ceylon Asiatic Society, 1856-58. He wrote a pamphlet, "The Coffee Tree and its Enemies," which was published in 1858 and again in 1880. He arrived at Colombo by the steamer <i>Manchester</i> , Captain J. Donnan, from Tuticorin, March 14, 1858, but this was not his first appearance in the Island, as he was in Colombo in the firm of A. and R. Crowe & Co. as early as 1853. In 1857 he became a planter and proprietor of Fernlands estate, Pundalu-oya, where he lived as superintendent.
436 ..	April 3 1874	Thomas McConnell John Rose Bain James Laing	.. In memory of THOMAS MCCONNELL, who lost his life whilst bathing near Mount Lavinia on 3rd April, 1874. Aged 29 years. JOHN ROSE BAIN, who lost his life on 3rd April, 1874, trying to save his friend from drowning. Aged 34 years. JAMES LAING, who lost his life on 3rd April, 1874, trying to save his friends from drowning. They were in this life true and happy friends even unto death, and now O God with Thee they rest. Erected by their sincere friend D. MACKINTOSH. McConnell of Glasgow was of Messrs. Alstons, Scott & Co.'s mills at Borella; Bain, of Tain, Rosshire, was Manager of the Ceylon Company's mills; and Laing, whose age was 59, an Aberdeenshire man, was Superintendent of the Bridge of Boats at Grandpass. McConnell got into difficulties while bathing in the sea, and Bain and then Laing went to his assistance.
437 ..	Feb. 21 1884	John Alexander Bell	.. JOHN ALEXANDER BELL. He was a planter on Hillside, Dolosbage, in the sixties; afterwards Police Magistrate of Dimbula, "the planter magistrate."
438 ..	Sept. 28 1884	John Woodcock	.. JOHN WOODCOCK, Assistant Resident Engineer of the Minicoy Lighthouse, who died at Colombo from fever contracted in the erection of the above lighthouse, aged 43.
439 ..	July 18 1886	Edward Seymour Fowler	.. EDWARD SEYMOUR FOWLER, C.C.S., 4th son of the Rev. ROBERT FOWLER, M.A., of Tunbridge Wells, Kent. This stone is raised by his mother and by his friends in Colombo, where he died, aged 22. He had only been out a few months.
440 ..	July 31 1887	William Ferguson	.. WILLIAM FERGUSON, F.L.S., who died at Kelvin Grove, Colombo, aged 67. William Ferguson joined the Survey Department in 1839. "He devoted his leisure to botany and entomology, and his knowledge of the plants and insects of Ceylon became most intimate. Many of his papers appeared in the <i>Ceylon Observer</i> and in the 'Tropical Agriculturist.' He published at Colombo 'The Scripture Botany of Ceylon,' n.d.; 'Description of the Palmyra Palm,' 1850; 'The Timber Trees of Ceylon,' 1863; 'Notes on Ceylon Ferns,' 1880; and in the Journal of the Ceylon Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, an 'Enumeration of Ceylon Grasses,' 1880.' (See Trimen, vol. V., p. 375.) He was for many years Superintendent of Works under the Colombo Municipality. "A distinguished botanist and a keen lover of natural history in all its branches." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. I., p. 73.)
441 ..	April 1 1889	John Studholme Brownrigg	General JOHN STUDHOLME BROWNRIGG, C.B. Born September, 1814. He was a son of John Studholme Brownrigg, M.P. for Boston, eldest brother of Governor Sir Robert Brownrigg. General J. S. Brownrigg was

General Cemetery, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
441 ..	April 1 1889	John Studholme Brownrigg— <i>contd.</i>	Colonel of the 95th Regiment with which regiment he was in Ceylon in the forties. He married on September 11, 1840, Katherine, second daughter of Sir W. H. Williams Wynne, K.C.H., and (2) Beatrice Laura, the daughter of Chevalier L. des Anges. She married (2) Chas. Fitzroy Alex. Halifax Bagot.
442 ..	May 23 1890	Anne Ferguson	Sacred to the memory of ANNE MACKERRAS, the beloved wife of A. M. FERGUSON, who died at Colombo, aged 74. Her dying testimony was, "I have known Christ for 60 years."
	Dec. 26 1892	Alastair Mackenzie Ferguson	Also ALASTAIR MACKENZIE FERGUSON. Born at Cannon Bridge, Rossshire, Scotland, Jan. 23, 1816. "A ready writer." Ps. 45, 1. He "after he had served his own generation by the Will of God fell on sleep." Acts. 13, 36.

A. M. Ferguson arrived with Governor Stewart Mackenzie by the ship *Malabar*, which left Ryde on August 4, and arrived in Colombo roadstead on November 7, 1837. He opened an "Auction and Retail Commission Room" at Colombo on April 16, 1838; he was shortly afterwards in the Survey Department, and was Acting Police Magistrate of Point Pedro when, on August 20, 1844, at Jaffna, he married Anne Mackerras of Colombo. He was in the Jaffna peninsula from June, 1841, to February, 1846, and it was while he was living in 2nd Cross street with Richard Rudd that he and his brother William had a fracas with James Byles, Lieutenant John Brewse Kersteman of the Ceylon Rifles, the Commandant, and Daniel Quinton, the surveyor who made a survey of Delft island. The rest of his life may be said to be the history of the *Ceylon Observer*.

Miss Gordon Cumming says of him, writing in 1891 ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. I., p. 72, 1892):—

"A name closely associated with Ceylon for the last fifty years has been that of Mr. A. M. Ferguson, who for forty-four years has ably edited the leading newspaper of the Colony, *The Ceylon Observer*, and whose knowledge on all subjects connected with the Isle causes him to be regarded as a sort of Ceylonese Encyclopædia."

The following account of the paper and his connection with it is taken from a recent issue:—

"The *Ceylon* (as the *Colombo Observer* was started on 4th February, 1834, by the Colombo merchants as an organ to open for public criticism the Government of Sir R. Wilmot-Horton, who had virtually established an official organ in the *Colombo Journal*, later changed, by orders from home, into the *Government Gazette*. The late Mr. E. J. Darley, one of the founders of Messrs. Darley, Butler & Co., was for some time editor, but not so long as Mr. George Winter, founder of the well-known Baddegama firm and property. The merchants, getting tired of the press management, very soon sold the concern to the late Dr. Christopher Elliott. Dr. Elliott continued to be sole editor (as well as proprietor) of the little weekly, and, later, bi-weekly sheet, until 1846, when he appointed as his editor Mr. A. M. Ferguson, who had been a regular contributor, both in prose and poetry, from the day of his arrival in the Island in 1837. One of the greatest triumphs of the paper of Dr. Elliott and his editor was found in the Parliamentary inquiry, which resulted in the recall of Governor Lord Torrington and the resignation of Sir Emerson Tennent in 1849–50; and a unique service, we believe, in the history of the world's Newspaper Press, was the *Observer* 'Carrier Pigeon' service, carried on for mail purposes, once a fortnight between Point de Galle and Colombo, the pigeons bringing two columns of news in from $\frac{3}{4}$ hour to $1\frac{1}{2}$ hour for over 7 years—1850 to 1857—the 'Fall of Sebastopol' being thereby announced and a salute for the same fired from the Colombo ramparts many hours before the coach arrived with the steamer's mails. In 1859 Dr. Elliott was appointed the first "Principal Civil Medical Officer" of Ceylon, and had,

General Cemetery, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
442 ..	May 23 1890, &c.	Anne Ferguson, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>accordingly, to sever his connection with the press, and so sold the <i>Observer</i> and its business to Mr. A. M. Ferguson, who, in November, 1861, got out his nephew as assistant editor and reporter. It was still the day of small things in Colombo—no Reuter's telegrams, a fortnightly mail from Europe; and yet the community enjoyed the luxury of a daily newspaper after a varied fashion; for the <i>Observer</i> came out on Monday and Thursday, the 'Times' on Tuesday and Friday, and the 'Examiner' on Wednesday and Saturday. This continued for several years; but in 1867 at our suggestion the 'Colombo' was changed to the <i>Ceylon Observer</i> and a tri-weekly issue begun; while some years later it became a daily. The commencement of the <i>Observer</i> 'Hansard' dates from 1868, when verbatim reports of the Legislative Council proceedings were published Mr. A. M. Ferguson continued to be the active editor of the <i>Observer</i> (with latterly frequent intervals 'on the hills' of 'Abbotsford' which he loved so well) up to 1879, when he finally vacated his chair in the <i>Observer</i> office; but he continued to read and write for the paper, wherever he was, up to the day of his lamented death in December, 1892, in his 77th year—completing 55 years' residence in the Colony, 33 as working editor and 46 in connection with the <i>Observer</i> altogether. And so when the Melbourne Exhibition came on in 1881, he was by one acclaim called to be 'Commissioner,' and on his return was presented with a splendid testimonial, gold watch, plate, and purse, by the planters and merchants, while soon after came the honour of 'C.M.G.'</p> <p>Mr. A. M. Ferguson, the proprietor of Abbotsford estate, Dimbula, is a son of Mr. A. M. Ferguson. Another son, Mr. Donald W. Ferguson, who died at Croydon on June 29, 1910, is well known as a writer on antiquarian and literary subjects, chiefly Portuguese and Dutch, connected with the Island, and as a contributor of various papers to the Royal Asiatic Society and to the Ceylon Branch of it.</p>
443 ..	June 21 1892	Thomas McCausland Twigg	<p>THOMAS MCCAUSLAND TWIGG, C.C.S., Eldest son of Rev. T. TWIGG, Vicar of Swords, Ireland. Born in Dublin, 8th May, 1856. Died in Colombo Pater mœrens posuit.</p> <p>He joined the Civil Service in 1878. He was Office Assistant to the Government Agent, Western Province, at the time of his death. He had been Commissioner of Requests, Colombo. He was of Trinity College, Dublin.</p>
444 ..	1888-1892	Men of the Gordon Highlanders	<p>In memory of Colour Sergeant G. FOOT, Corporal J. HITCHIN, Lc. Corporals D. McLoughlin, E. H. FARVELL, Mc McDonough (here follow the names of 23 privates). Erected by the Officers, Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the 1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders, Ceylon. December, 1888, to January, 1892, Colombo, Kandy, Trincomalee.</p>
445 ..	Sept. 28 1893	Marcus Synnot Crawford ..	<p>MARCUS SYNNOT CRAWFORD, of the Ceylon Civil Service, who was accidentally drowned while bathing at Mount Lavinia. Aged 38 years.</p> <p>Civil Service 1878-1893. Grain Commissioner. First Police Magistrate of Hatton, 1885.</p> <p>He was educated at Sherborne School and a scholar of Exeter College, Oxford, where he took a first class in classics at moderations and a second class at his degree examination in 1878. His father was Rector of Cookstown in Ireland, and commuted at the time of the disestablishment of the Irish Church, and afterwards held the living of Milton Abbas. The father was a noted Trinity College, Dublin, scholar, and philologist of the old-fashioned school.</p>
446 ..	March 7 1899	Hayman Thornhill ..	<p>In memory of Dr. HAYMAN THORNHILL, B.A., M.B., the beloved husband of CECILIA AUGUSTA THORNHILL. Born 3rd May, 1849. At Rest. Erected by his brother officers in the Civil Medical Department.</p>

General Cemetery, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
446 ..	March 7 1899	Hayman Thornhill— <i>contd.</i>	He was originally in the Naval Medical Service, and married on December 7, 1874, Cecilia Augusta, daughter of Mr. John S. Harper, Naval Storekeeper of Trincomalee. He was of Trinity College, Dublin, and son of William Johnstone Thornhill, Prebendary of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rector of Rathcoob, Diocese of Dublin, by his first wife Mary Anne Young; his second wife, whom he married at St. Andrew's, Dublin, on September 6, 1871, being Louiza Augusta Grove Annesley, daughter of Lieutenant-General Arthur Grove Annesley.
447 ..	Dec. 4 1899	Lionel Frederick Lee ..	In memory of LIONEL FREDERICK LEE, Treasurer of this Colony. Born Decr. 4th, 1845. Entered into rest Decr. 4th, 1899. The Lord is good and His mercy is everlasting. This stone is erected by his brother Civil Servants and many other friends intoken of the high regard in which theyheld him. He was in the Civil Service, 1864–1899, and was Superintendent of the Census of 1881 and of 1891, when acting as Registrar-General. He served at Kegalla, Tangalla, Galle, Matara, and Jaffna as District Judge, and as Principal Collector of Customs and as Fiscal at Colombo and Kandy. He was a son of George Lee, C.C.S., 1831–1860. George Lee was a highly accomplished literary man, son of an Amsterdam merchant who came out in 1831 on the staff of Sir R. Wilmot Horton, and was “ Superintendent of the Printing Press ” and editor of the <i>Ceylon Chronicle</i> , which was started on May 3, 1837, and discontinued on September 3, 1838. He was Postmaster-General from 1844 to 1860. He married Miss Martha Austin, daughter of James Austin and Sophia Hill, at Kandy, on October 2, 1841, who had come out in the same ship with him in that year, and another of his sons is Henry Austin Lee, of the Foreign Office. Lionel Lee married, on August 1, 1868, Ellen Annie, fourth daughter of Robert Wright Norfor, Commissioner of Stamps, Madras.
448 ..	Nov. 21 1900	James Meaden ..	Lt.-Col. J. MEADEN, of the Ceylon Rifles and late 57th Regt. Died at Colombo.....aged 69. He was a son of Captain David Meaden (No. 175), and was born April 21, 1831. He joined the Ceylon Rifles as 2nd Lieutenant, February 27, 1852; Captain, May 19, 1857; was stationed at Trincomalee when the regiment was reduced in 1870. “ When Colonel Meaden was stationed at Trincomalee in 1872, within easy reach of the brackish lake Tanglegam, he went out snipe shooting on seventeen days between January and April and bagged 482½ couple, the highest record being fifty-two couple one day, the lowest being two couple.” (“ Two Happy Years,” vol. II., p. 90.) He married at Galle, November 16, 1861, Susan, third daughter of John Joachim Vanderspar of Galle. “ Had not Captain Meaden, whilst digging the foundation of his house near the lake of Kandy, also discovered hidden wealth of fabulous amount, and from being a very poor man had he not suddenly become a very rich man ? ” (“ Autobiography of a Periya Durai,” p. 388.) Whether there is any truth in this story the compiler knows not. There is some corroboration of it. Is there not land at Kandy still described in deeds as “ Captain Meaden’s land ” ?
449 ..	April 1 1901	Harold L. Lowrie ..	HAROLD L. LOWRIE, 3rd Engineer, H. M. Transport <i>Atlantian</i> , who was killed by a shark whilst bathing in Colombo Harbour, aged 25 years. Erected as a token of respect by members of the crew and a few friends. His leg was bitten off. He was picked up and taken on board the P. & O. ss. <i>Rome</i> , but died the same day on board the <i>Atlantian</i> .
450 ..	Nov. 26 1901	Charles Stuart Knox ..	Captain CHARLES STUART KNOX, The Gloucestershire Regt. B. 22nd September, 1872. Erected by his Brother Officers. The 1st Battalion Gloucestershire Regiment, formerly the 28th Foot, came to Ceylon from South Africa in 1900 in charge of Boer prisoners, and was stationed at Diyatalawa and Ragama Camps.

17) 965 (57 av. per. day)
85
119

Colombo Museum.

THERE are four Portuguese tombstones at the Colombo Museum, and another stone with a Portuguese inscription. The stones which bore the first two inscriptions given below have unfortunately disappeared.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
451	.. March 22 .. 1627	Philip de Oliveyra	.. SEPULTURA DO CAPITAO MOR E GOVERNADOR DESTA REYNO PHELIPE DE OLIVEYRA, CONQUISTADOR D'ELLE, E FUNDADOR DE TODAS SUAS IGREJAS. GOVERNOU NOVE ANOS, NOS QUAES VENCEO EM BATALHA TRES REYS. FOY SEU FALECIMENTO CORRENDO A ERA, PR. 1627, OS DIAS, A 22 DE MARCO ; SENDO DE IDADE DE 53 ANOS. DEYXOU O REYNO EM PAZ, E QUIETACAO, A SEU DEOS, E A SEU REY.

“ The grave of the Captain Major and Governor of this Kingdom, Phelipe de Oliveyra, the conqueror thereof and the founder of all its churches. He held the Government for nine years, in the course of which he conquered three kings in battle. His death occurred on March 22, 1627, when he was 53 years of age. He left the kingdom at peace and in tranquillity, to his God and to his King.”

Phelipe de Oliveyra was buried in the middle of the *Capela Mor*, close to the steps of (the image of ?) Our Lady of Miracles (presumably in the church called after her). After a year it was proposed to transfer his bones to the Convent of St. Francis in Colombo, but finally they were placed in an urn which was let into a wall of the chapel and closed with a block of stone. At the top of this were inscribed his arms, at the bottom 3 crowns and the royal sceptres. In the middle, on an azure ground, was engraved the inscription given above.

The information is taken from De Queyroz, book IV., chap. 6. (Conquista Temporal e. Espiritual de Ceilão.)

452	.. 1536 ..	Luiz Monteiro	..	Aqui iaz LVIZ MONTEIRO de Setvvel o primerio vigairo confirmado e primaz nesta ilha de Ceilão que edefiqvov esta terra de igreias e cristãos e fez Sao Lço e esta casa com auitorio dos fies cristãos e sev. Ho gram iuizo esperamdo iaco aqui nesta morada da vida camzada descamsaodo e dos gramdes trabalhos e desaras de Ceilão na era de 1536.
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The above is Mr. D. W. Ferguson's reading of the inscription on a tombstone which, in 1836, was discovered at the Battenberg bastion in the Fort, Colombo, by some workmen engaged in clearing away some accumulated rubbish and remains of old buildings. The stone has since disappeared. Mr. Ferguson remarks :—

“ The only word I am doubtful about in the above is ‘Lviz.’ Cunha Rivara's version reads ‘Luiz,’ which seems the best solution. The correct translation is as follows :—

“ Here lies Luiz (?) Monteiro of Setuvel, the first confirmed vicar and primate in this island of Ceylon, who edified (or built up) this land with churches and Christians, and built Saint Lawrence and this house with the help of the faithful Christians and his own.

‘Awaiting the great judgment,
I lie here in this abode,
From toilsome life
Resting.’

And from the great labours (or troubles) and dishonours of Ceylon, in the year 1536.

“ Regarding Luiz (?) Monteiro, I have failed to obtain any information beside what is told us in his epitaph. The church of São Lourenço, or Saint Lawrence, was the oldest in Colombo, and stood near where the root of the breakwater now is, and where the Battenberg bastion used to be ; in fact, where the stone was discovered. It and the ‘house’ connected

Colombo Museum—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
452 ..	1536	.. Luiz Monteiro— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>with it are shown, I think, in Ressende's plan of Colombo. The church gave its name to the older of the two parishes into which the Portuguese city was divided (Ribeiro, I., xii.). It will be noticed that in the epitaph occur four lines of verse, rhyming 1, 2, 2, 1, and here comes in a very curious fact, to which Mr. David Lopes of Lisbon drew my attention some years ago. It is that on the tombstone of the great Portuguese poet Gil Vicente the very same lines (with a slight difference) are found."</p> <p>For a further discussion as to how these lines came to be used on stones so far apart as Evora and Colombo, and as to the fate of the Colombo stone, see Journal R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., pp. 362-6.</p>
453 ..	June 23 1565	.. Fernando Rodriguez ..	<p>Aqui jaz HELENA ROIZ molher que foy de FERNAO ROIZ que mataras em Berberim Falaceo a 23 de Junho de 1565 Anos.</p> <p>[Here lies HELENA ROIZ, who was wife of FERNANDO ROIZ, whom they murdered at Berberim. Died on the 23rd of June in the year 1565.]</p> <p>This stone was dug up near the site of the Battenberg battery in the Fort of Colombo nearly thirty years ago, when the Breakwater works were begun. (See Journal R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 360.)</p> <p>He probably met his death "in the general massacre by Tribuli Pondar" at Beruwala. (Donald Ferguson.)</p>
454 ..	March 19 1624	.. Bras Munes ..	<p>Pater Noster Ave Maria Pola alma de BRAS MUNES que faleceo em 19 de Marco de 1624 esta he sua sepultura e de seus herdeiros.</p> <p>[A pater noster, an ave Maria, for the soul of BRAS MONIZ, who died on the 19th of March, 1624. This is his tomb and that of his heirs.]</p> <p>This stone was discovered a few years ago near the site of the Battenberg battery in the Fort. (See Journal R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 360.)</p>
455 ..	1646	.. Joana Godinho ..	<p>ESTA SEPVLTVRA HE DE IOANA GODINHA E DE SEVS ERDEIROS O QUAL FES HVM FO POR NOME JOAO DA FOCA.</p> <p>"This tomb is of Joana Godinho and of her heirs, which was made by one named João da Fonseca." The contraction "Foca" evidently represents "Fonseca," and Mr. F. H. de Vos has identified the arms as those of Joan de Fonseca. "Godinha" is a mistake of the engraver for "Godinho," and "o qual" for "a qual."</p> <p>Inscription under a coat of arms consisting of a shield charged with five stars arranged 2, 1, 2, and underneath the shield the date 1646.</p> <p>This stone was disinterred some fifteen years ago from an old well near the Gordon Gardens in Colombo Fort, which was formerly a burial ground.</p>
456 ..	1647	.. ..	<p>"Capella dos irmaos da confraria do santiss Rosario seu arco novamente feito na era de 1647 sendo presidente Balthzar da Veiga."</p> <p>["Chapel of the Brethren of the Confraternity of the most Holy Rosary. Its arch was rebuilt in the year 1647, Balthzar da Veiga being President."]</p> <p>Inscription showing that it once stood (over the main doorway probably) in the wall of the chapel of a Portuguese religious house.</p> <p>"In the 17th century there was in India a Portuguese, wealthy and pious, it seems, named Balthazar da Veiga, much affectioned to the Jesuits, who died 14th January, 1652, and his remains lie in the Sacristy of the well-known Church of Bom Jesus, Old Goa, on a sarcophagus, with epitaph, granted by the Society of Jesus. (Professor Gracias of New Goa.)"</p>

Colombo Museum—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
457 ..	July 14 1648	Paulo Gomes Maria de Miranda	<p>“Esta sepultra he de Po GOMES e de su (a molher) MARIA DE MIRANDA falesco A 14 de Julho de 1648 (An) os.”</p> <p>[“ This tomb is of PAULO GOMES and of his (wife) MARIA DE MIRANDA, died on the 14th July, 1648.”]</p>

This stone had apparently, after its removal from the Portuguese church or burial ground in the Fort, where it was originally placed, been used for some building demolished probably at the time the Breakwater was begun ; for it has two holes drilled across the surface of the face of the stone, one transversely and the other longitudinally at the foot.

Junction of Queen Street and Prince Street, Fort, Colombo.

458 ..	March 19 1838	Edward Barnes	.. Lieutenant-General Sir EDWARD BARNES, G.C.B., K.M.T., K.S.A.
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Erected by the European and native inhabitants of Ceylon and friends in Ceylon and India to testify their respect and affection for his person and to perpetuate the memory of his distinguished military services and the important benefits conferred by him upon this Colony during his administration of the Government from 1820 to 1822 and from 1824–1831. He died March, 1838. Aged 62 years.

He died on March 19. This statue stands at the end of Prince street, and facing down it as the beginning of the road from Colombo to Kandy, which was made during Sir Edward Barnes' administration and at his initiation. It is said that when it was objected that there were mountains and rivers in the way, his answer was, “Blast the rocks and dam the rivers.” The statue is by Weeks, and was erected on June 18, 1847. There is a painting of him in the Kandy Library, which was subscribed for by the members in 1838.

He arrived at Galle by the *Dauntless* on July 19, 1819, and took command as Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in Ceylon, and was appointed Lieutenant-Governor, February 1, 1820, on the departure of Governor Brownrigg. He left in 1822.

He had been in the 31st and 99th Regiments ; served on the staff in Spain and Portugal, and was in command of a brigade at the battles of Vittoria, the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Orthes, also in the Netherlands campaign and France in 1818; was severely wounded at Waterloo. He was a Knight of the Austrian Order of Maria Theresa and of the First Class of St. Anne of Russia.

He was appointed Governor, and arrived by the *Hercules* on January 18, 1824, and assumed the Government. He left for Calcutta on October 13, 1831, having been appointed Commander-in-Chief in India. He was recalled in 1834 “in consequence of a difference of opinion with the Viceroy on the subject of the necessity for an army of exercise in the North-West Provinces during the cool season.”

He married, July 3, 1823, Maria, eldest daughter of Walter Fawkes, Esq., of Farnley Hall, Yorkshire. Their youngest daughter, Amelia Henrietta, married the Rev. William Parry, vicar of Timsbury, Hants. She died at Sork-el-Gharb, Mount Lebanon, Syria, March 30, 1874.

“Such a true soldier as Sir Edward Barnes, whose equal for largeness of heart, generosity, and nobleness of mind I have never known in my position of life. He was a commander for whom any soldier would have considered it the highest privilege to have served even unto death. It was impossible to ride in his *cortège* without being inspired with the most devote

Junction of Queen Street and Prince Street, Fort, Colombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
458 ..	March 19 1838	Edward Barnes— <i>contd.</i> ..	enthusiasm. How well any man who ever served under that perfect soldier can realize the description the late Sir Robert Arbuthnot gave of a desperate attack which he once saw Sir Edward make on a French position. The scene of the attack was an orchard, walled all round, to which he took his brigade up in open columns of companies ; and then having fired his men with his own enthusiasm, he rode his charger on the wall, cocked hat in hand, and cleared it in the most splendid style. Sir Robert Arbuthnot said it was the finest sight and most effective attack he had ever witnessed. Sir Edward was at the time an exceedingly fine, handsome man." (Skinner, p. 67.)

In the Museum Grounds, Colombo.

459 ..	1892	William Henry Gregory ..	The Right Honourable Sir WILLIAM GREGORY, K.C.M.G., Governor of Ceylon. Erected by the inhabitants of the Island to commemorate the many benefits conferred by him upon the Colony during his administration of the Government from 1872 to 1877. He died in 1892.
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A statue. The creation of the North-Central Province, the resuscitation of Anuradhapura, the encouragement of irrigation, and the "Gregory Lake" at Nuwara Eliya were his most notable achievements as Governor.

Sir William Gregory was the only son of Robert Gregory of Coole Park, Gort, County Galway, by his wife Elizabeth O'Hara of Rahoon. He says this of his ancestry: "My great-grandfather was the son of Henry Gregory, who lived in Galway. He seems to have been a man of considerable vigour of character, for he ran away from home, made his way to India, got into the employment of the East India Company, and therein made a very large fortune. In those days the pagoda tree had not shed all its golden fruit, and my relative was certainly not behind his neighbours in gathering it. He married in India—whom I do not know; but I strongly suspect the lady had a good deal of native blood in her veins. He had three sons in India: Robert, Richard, and William." (See his "Autobiography," p. 2.)

He was a grandson of William, and was born at Dublin, July 13, 1817. He was M.P. for Dublin, 1852-57, and for County Galway, 1857-72.

Church Missionary Society Churchyard, Cotta.

460 ..	Oct. 11 1840	Joseph Knight	.. Sacred to the memory of the Rev. JOSEPH KNIGHT, born Oct. XVII., A.D. 1787; died Oct. XI., A.D. 1840. He laboured as a Missionary in connection with the C. M. Society at Jaffna for more than 20 years; was wrecked off the Cape on his way home in 1838, when he is thought to have contracted an affection of the lungs, of which he died shortly after his return to Ceylon.
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His end was peace.

The Rev. Joseph Knight was one of the first missionaries of the Church Missionary Society, who arrived in Ceylon on July 11, 1818, the others being the Revs. R. Mayor, Samuel Lembrick, and Benjamin Ward. In the preface to Winslow's "Comprehensive Tamil and English Dictionary," published at Madras in 1862, it is stated that "it was commenced by the Rev. J. Knight, Church Missionary at Jaffna. The plan embraced not only a Tamil-English lexicon of the common and poetic dialects, but, on a smaller scale, an English-Tamil Dictionary, and one of Tamil synonyms. Mr. Knight, who was an accurate Tamil scholar, laboured diligently in collecting materials for these publications" (page vii.).

He married (1) Mrs. S. B. Richards, and (2) Mrs. E. S. Nichols, both widows of American Missionaries. By one of these marriages he became brother-in-law of the Rev. Dr. Poor of the American Mission.

Church Missionary Society Churchyard, Cotta—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
461	March 19 1844	Joseph Bailey	.. Sacred to the memory of the Rev. JOSEPH BAILEY of Cotta, Senior Missionary, Chairman and Secretary of the Church Mission in Ceylon, who died at Cotta, March 19th, 1844, aged 47 years and 3 months. His brother missionaries and the catechists and other native helpers connected with the Mission have united with his sorrowing family in erecting this tribute of affectionate regard and esteem. The obituary notice in the <i>Colombo Observer</i> states that he died on March 20. He arrived in Ceylon in 1821.

Wellawatta.

THERE is a banyan tree near "Layard's Folly," close to the roadside where the toll station stood, and under it is a stone with the following inscription. The letters are much worn :—

462	..	1820	To Him whose gracious aim in mercy bends And light and shade to all alike extends Who guards the traveller on his weary way Shelters from storms and shades from solar ray Breathe one kind wish for her, one pious prayer Who made this sheltering tree her guardian care Fenced in from rude attacks the pendent roots Nourished and framed its tender infant shoots. O traveller, if from milder climes you rove How dearly will you prize this Indian grove. Pause then awhile, and ere you pass it by Give to Sophia's name one grateful sigh. A.D. 1820.
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Who the lady guardian of this tree was I have not been able to discover. Possibly it was Mrs. Marshall. Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell refers in his "Excursions" to Mr. and Mrs. Marshall's "charming abode situated on the seashore about 3 miles from Colombo." This was in 1821 or 1822, and the distance would make Wellawattē their residence, but I do not know Mrs. Henry Augustus Marshall's Christian name. Mrs. M. J. Smyth's name was Sophia, but her husband was Collector, Galle, in 1817-20, and on leave in 1820-21. Mr. and Mrs. Smyth came up to Colombo from Galle in the ship *Laura*, December 15, 1818, and he died at Colombo, August 20, 1824.

Lady Brownrigg was also "Sophia," but she left with Sir R. Brownrigg for England by the ship *Eclipse* on February 1, 1820.

KALUTARA.

The Dutch Burial Ground.

THERE is only one Dutch inscription in this burial ground now discoverable, though there are several dilapidated tombs built of cabook and plastered over, which doubtless date back to Dutch times. If they had slabs bearing inscriptions they have lost them. There are other Dutch burial grounds in the Kalutara District, at "Lansipalliya" (which means "the Dutch Church") between Kalutara and Paiyagala, and at Beruwala (the "Barbelyn" of Portuguese and Dutch times), but if there were any tombstones there they have disappeared or got buried under the surface.

"Sixty years ago, at the time when there were no metalled roads and the interior was ruled by a native king, Caltura, which is 26 miles from Colombo, was a favourite place of resort for the invalid and the hunter. Wild animals, especially deer and hogs, abounded in the neighbourhood. There was a small garrison in the fort 'for the purpose of overawing the native Singhalese,' and to keep up the communication with the south. The Commandant determined all the disputes among the peasants. There was a sugar plantation, and some Dutchmen distilled rum. But all these are things of the past The old fort still stands, just in that uninteresting position when a place is neither a residence nor a ruin, and a Commandant would be as much out of place as the member of parliament once was for old Sarum. The waters of the river rush past it, after having been crossed by their first and last bridge, and parted for a moment by a small green isle, but they have a most decided objection to being lost in the sea, after coming from among the clouds that rest upon the highest peak of the Island, and rolling over emeralds and rubies and sapphires, and passing places where Adam, if we may

Dutch Burial Ground, Kalutara—*contd.*

believe tradition, in the far away time mingled his tears with their young rills. They ought to enter the ocean nearly opposite the fort, but instead of that they run a considerable distance southward, with only a narrow sand bank between them and the breakers, and then, as if stealthily, and ashamed that they are obliged to do it, leave the coconut trees that they have so long mirrored, and are soon lost in the mightier waters that receive them, as they do the rain-drops, and with no more notice." (Hardy, pp. 197-8.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
463 ..	June 10 1803	Balthazar Rock	.. BALTHAZAR ROCK geb. te Mosbach Ao. 1751 d' 10 April, overl. 1803 d' 10 Juny. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 286; vol. XVII., p. 32.) Balthazar Rock of Mosbach (a town close to Mannheim) was married, on February 5, 1786, to Elisabeth Kerkhoven of Kalutara, daughter of Tobias Kerkhoven and Gertruida Gysbertsz. Maria Rock, the daughter of Balthazar Rock, was the wife of George Wendt of Gross Breesen (Lauenburg, Prussian Pomerania), who came out to Ceylon in the year 1792 by the ship <i>Vasco de Gama</i> . He was the ancestor of the Wendt family of Ceylon.
464 ..	Sept. 10 1834	Edward Archer Turnour	.. Sacred to the memory of EDWARD ARCHER TURNOUR, Esq., second son of the Honourable GEORGE TURNOUR and grandson of EDWARD, First Earl of Winterton. Died 10th September, 1834. Aged 30 years. He was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment on July 17, 1823. His mother was Maria Emilie de Bausset.
465 ..	March 22 1861	Angus	.. Erected by the European Members of the Survey Department in memory of Mrs. JOHN ANGUS, who was cruelly murdered by her own Sinhalese servant on the 22nd March, 1861, at the village Dodangodde. The bereaved and disconsolate husband, a Surveyor, unable to resume his duties, left Ceylon, and soon afterwards was drowned at Sea. Her Christian name is not given in the obituary notice in the "Ceylon Almanac." The murder was committed by the cook between 3 and 6 p.m., while Mr. Angus was away surveying. All that was valuable in the house was stolen, chiefly silver and a considerable amount in notes, including the last remittance of public money for the payment of coolies, &c. Dodangala is 6 miles from Kalutara. The cook confessed to the crime. So far as I have been able to ascertain, this is the only instance of an English woman being murdered by a native in Ceylon.
466 ..	Sept. 2 1861	Robert Farrance	.. ROBERT FARRANCE..... Aged 55 years. "He belonged to a well-to-do English family, but was 'fast,' and enlisted in the 90th Light Infantry. He was helped by Sir R. W. Horton, and Mr. Stewart Mackenzie gave him a start in the Civil Engineer and Surveyor-General's Department, where his prospects were very good. But.....after a long struggle for existence he died a broken-hearted man." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. V., p. 50.) He wrote an account of the first ascent of Adam's Peak by a British Governor, which is published in the <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. V., p. 50. This took place in 1837 (February 23), by Sir R. Wilmot Horton. He was at Jaffna in 1839-40. His father held a position in connection with the Houses of Parliament, and he himself had been a tutor in the family of Sir James Mackintosh. He had to leave the Survey Department, and was for some time connected with the <i>Examiner</i> newspaper, of which he was the editor for ten years. He afterwards devoted himself to private tuition. He was the editor of the <i>Examiner</i> in 1856. He married, at St. John's, Chundikuli, Jaffna, on June 5, 1839, Eliza Maria Burke, a daughter of Lieutenant Burke, C.R.R.
467 ..	Dec. 26 1881	Francis Graham Bell	FRANCOIS GRAHAM BELL..... Aged 31 years.

The Fort, Kalutara.

ON the north-east angle of the inner fort is a slab set in a pyramid of brick, with an inscription in memory of a child of the Hon. John Rodney, who in the twenties had a house at Kalutara.

“Sixty years ago the only military (*sic*) men in the place (Kalutara) were the Hon. John Rodney, son of the famous Lord Rodney, who was accustomed to fire salutes on great occasions from a bamboo battery, and his friend Dr. De Hoedt of the medical staff, whose cheerful readiness to oblige travellers and strangers was greatly appreciated.” (Spence Hardy in “Jubilee Memorials,” 1864.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
468 ..	Aug. 20 1824	Edward Anthony Rodney ..	Respect and spare the remains of our lost child. And may mercy avert from you a like affliction and grief beyond words. EDWARD ANTHONY, infant son of JOHN RODNEY and ANTOINETTE his wife. Departed this life the 20th August, 1824. Aged 17 months and 24 days. Be not grieved beyond measure for thy deceased child. He is not dead, but has only finished that journey which we ourselves must make to the general ren- dezvous of mankind, where under the mercy of God we may yet live together in another state of being. The Hon. J. G. Rodney married in 1815 Antoinette Elizabeth Reyne, born in 1799, daughter of Benedict Edward Reyne and Hillegonda Rosetta van Rossum (widow of J. H. Schroter). The Rodney family were living at Kalutara, 1826 (or earlier) to 1836.

Compound of St. John's Church, Kalutara.

469 ..	Dec. 7 1885	Lily Conolly ..	In loving memory of LILY CONOLLY, wife of P. W. CONOLLY, Esq., who died at Kalutara, aged 33 years. Not lost but gone before. Patrick William Conolly was in the Civil Service. 1866-1895, and was acting as District Judge of Kalutara at the time of his wife's death.
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The Cemetery, Kalutara.

470 ..	June 22 1902	Frances Field Wilmot ..	In loving memory of FRANCES FIELD, wife of COLVILLE EARDLEY WILMOT, District Judge of Kalutara, & daughter of JAMES BRUYN ANDREWS, born at New York, 12th Jany., 1870, died at Kalutara On the Earth the broken arcs, In the Heaven a perfect round. For the things which are seen are temporal, But the things which are not seen are eternal. C. Eardley Wilmot was in the Civil Service, 1879- 1905, and was District Judge of Kalutara at the time of his wife's death.
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BENTOTA.

471	“Here there is a church built in precisely the same style as the one at Ambalangoda. It stands a con- siderable way inland, so that passengers by the train who would wish to see it have to make a slight incursion into the country to do so. It is now used as the Government Anglo-vernacular school. Over the gateway is a stone slab bearing the following inscription:—
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FECIT
C : A : S
A.D. 1755

“ ‘Who was C. A. S.?’ is a question that has exer-
cised the minds of many of our own generation. The
pious builder appears to have been careful to
hide his identity from posterity. But very recently
we were able to throw a little light upon this vexed
question. At a little distance from Bentota is a
village called Pitigala, where the Dutch had a military
fort or redoubt and a garrison. Among the Com-
manders placed in charge here was, about the time

Bentota—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
471 ..	..	..	<p>in question, a French or Swiss officer of the name of Claude Antoine Scoffier. He belonged to one of the foreign regiments hired by the Dutch, but like many of those who thus came out in the service of the East India Company, he became a more or less naturalized subject of the United Provinces, embraced the tenets of the Heidelberg Catechism, and married a Dutch lady of the name of Johanna Jacoba Heymans. It seems more than probable that he was the builder of the church. A tombstone placed in the middle of the floor is inscribed with the name of Andreas Amabert, a native of Dauphiné in France. Several other stones are said to have existed, but they are no longer to be seen." (R. G. Anthonisz in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. VI., pp. 285-6.)</p> <p>Claude Antoine Scoffier, onderkoopman, was a native of Middelburg, and married Johanna Jacoba Heymans of Batavia, widow of Adriaan Mooyaart. She married, thirdly, December 20, 1761, Johannes Jacobus Scharff of Colombo.</p>
472 ..	July 18 1764	Andreas Amabert	<p>.. ANDREAS AMABERT van Grenoble in d' Dauphinery deser Luytenant Militair en Commandant te Petegelle. Obijt den 18 July Anno Dom. 1764 te Bentotte. Legt hier begraven. Waght op d' Zalige opstandinge.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 276; vol. XVII., p. 31.)</p>

NEGOMBO.**The Dutch Churchyard.**

THERE stood within its walls the Dutch Church, demolished in all probability early last century, after it had fallen into disrepair.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
473 ..	1673	Sigismundus Monitanier	<p>.. Hier leit SIGISMUNDUS MONITANIER out 12 jaar 11 maanden Gestorven den 22 in't jaar 1613.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 265.)</p> <p>The year 1613 is a mistake for perhaps 1673. Sigismundus was probably the son of François Monitanier. Fiscal. Colombo, 1658, and Dorothea Schatvelt.</p>
474 ..	Jan. 29 1677	Elisabet Stuart	<p>.. Hier leyt begraven ELISABET HERRIS huysvrouw van d. luyt LODEWYK STUART out geweest 22 jaaren. Gestorven den 29 Jany Anno 1677.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 265; vol. XVII., p. 29.)</p> <p>She was perhaps the daughter of Willem Herris, who baptized a child, Joris, at Colombo, on November 29, 1657. Her husband must have been of Scotch descent.</p>
475 ..	June 29 1677	Maria Mazius	<p>.. Hier rust de eerb. godtsal. juffr. MARIA VAN GEEL huisvr. van den Praedt. MARC. MAZIUS. Overleden den 29 Jun. Anno 1677. 50 jaren oudt.</p> <p>Godt was en is Haar lot.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 265.)</p> <p>This stone lies close to that of Bernardus Manlych, and they bear the same "holy text." Possibly this inscription inspired the other.</p> <p>Marcus Mazius was a native of Abbehausen in Oldenburg, and was sent out to the Indies by the <i>classis</i> of Walcheren. He arrived in the Indies February 8, 1655, in the ship <i>Den Swarten Bul</i>. In June, 1655, he was stationed in Formosa, and afterwards, 1666-74, at Cochin, and at Negombo in 1676-91. From 1691 he was at Colombo. He resigned in 1693 at the age of 80, and died at Colombo April 23, 1706. He was one of those who escaped from the massacre of the Dutch at Formosa in the year 1661.</p>

Dutch Churchyard, Negombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
476 ..	June 3 1686	Rutgaert Frederik Wagman	<p>Hier leyt begraven RUTGAERT FREDK. WAGMAN, vaendrich in dienst der E. Compy. Obit den 3 Juny, Ao. 1686 's avonds ten 6 uren.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 264.)</p> <p>Ludovici only gives the shield, a crane holding in its dexter claw a ball, but it is surmounted by a helmet and crest—the latter the same figure of a crane as in the shield.</p>
477 ..	June 26 1687	Bernardus Manlych	<p>Hier rust de konstryck BERNARDUS MANLYCH van Bordeaux, in syn leven opperchirurgus, oudt 55 jaar, obit ady 26 Juny 's avonds ten 9 uuren Ao. 1687.</p> <p>Godt was en is syn lot.</p> <p>“Here rests the skilful Bernardus Manlych of Bordeaux, during his life chief surgeon, aged 55 years, died on 26th June, in the evening at 9 o'clock, in the year 1687. God was and is his lot.”</p> <p>Over it is a coat of arms, which is described by Mr. F. H. de Vos as follows :—</p> <p>“<i>Party per fess : (1) [or ?] between the capital letters S and H a demi-lion iss. [sa ?]. (2) [sa ?] five arrows ranged in fess, heads in chief [the upper half of a water-wheel, or]. Crest, a demi-lion.</i>” Mr. F. H. de Vos says: “Reading the above, leaving out the words in parentheses, it would be a description of the arms, but I have suggested tinctures and a demi-waterwheel instead of arrows, as these are the colours and charge on the arms of a noble family by name Mannlich. The demi-waterwheel (<i>demi roue de moulin</i>) in the Mannlich arms is the lower half of the wheel. I take the arrows in the Manlych arms to be the teeth of the demi-wheel. Yet even on this theory there is a difference between the two coats, the Manlych arms bearing the demi-waterwheel with its arc above the diameter. The letters ‘S H’ perhaps mean Salvo Honore or Salvator Hominum, the latter perhaps as a compliment to his surgical skill. Above the shield are the initials B. M. (Bernardus Manlych).”</p> <p>The custom of stating the exact hour of death is found on this and another tombstone at Negombo and on two others in the “Lapidarium.” The exact age is nearly always given in years, months, and days. This stone lies next to those of Constantia van Reede and of the wife of Marc Mazius.</p> <p>There are nine Dutch tombstones at Negombo; of these, Ludovici gives four only in his “Lapidarium Zeylanicum,” and strange to say he leaves out that on the most elaborate tombstone of any, viz., that of Bernardus Manlych, though he gives those on the two stones next to it.</p> <p>Bernardus Manlych had by his first wife Helena a daughter, Helena, baptized at Negombo, April 18, 1659, and by his second wife Antonica a son, Bernardus, baptized at Negombo, December 9, 1661. This Bernardus married Louisa Douwe.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 266; vol. XVII., p. 29.)</p>
478 ..	Sept. 12 1695	François Meyndert van den Bergh	<p>Hier leyt begraven F. M. VAN DEN BERGH, gebooren op Colomb. den November en overleed. 12 September 95. zynde oudt gewe. 10 m. en 3. dagen.</p> <p>“Here lies buried F. M. van der Bergh, born at Colombo the 9th November, and died the 12th September, —95, aged 10 months and 3 days.”</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 274; vol. XVII., p. 31.)</p> <p>A flat stone lying next to that over the wife of Lodewyk Stuart, the letters much worn. The first two figures of the date are illegible.</p> <p>François Meyndert van den Bergh was born at Colombo on November 9, 1694, and baptized there on November 18, 1694. He was the son of Antony van den Bergh, assistant, baptized at Colombo, May 20, 1660, and Maria Meindertsz Cloppenburg of Colombo, his wife, whom he married on May 23, 1680. Antony was the son of François van den Bergh and Maria de Souza. The Cloppenburg family was from Zwoll (Overijssel). Edward Hendrik Cloppenburg of</p>

Dutch Churchyard, Negombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
478 ..	Sept. 12 1695	.. François Meyndert van den Bergh— <i>contd.</i>	Zwoll, boekhouder, married, 1696, Florentina Bloeme of Colombo; Anna Helena Cloppenburg of Zwoll married at Colombo, May 5, 1680. Jacob Swart of Amsterdam; Wilhelmina Cloppenburg of Zwoll married at Colombo, December, 1680. Gerrit Hofland of Amsterdam, assistant; Cornelia Elisabeth Cloppenburg of Zwoll married at Colombo, June 5, 1689. Gerrit van der Scheur. Maria Meindertsz Cloppenburg was also probably from Zwoll, but inaccurately stated in the marriage register as being of Colombo. They were in all probability brother and sisters.
479 ..	May 24 1695	.. Anthonie van der Veen ..	Obyt. ANTHONIE VAN DER VEEN, overleden 24 Mey, a. 1695. “Anthonie van der Veen died 24th May, 1695.” This seems to be the work of an illiterate person. The first word can stand for nothing but obiit, a word which is superfluous, as overleden follows. Anthonie van der Veen was probably the son of Jillis Jillisz van der Veen and Pasquella de Silva, who were in Colombo 1686–88. About this period one Johanna van der Veen of Alkmaar was the wife of Isaac van Hek of Schoonhoven, storekeeper, Colombo. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 275.)
480 ..	May 24 1695	.. Maria van Holten ..	Hier rust d. E. erbare godtzal. MARIA BRUTON huisvr van den sergiat ANTHONI VAN HOLTEN overleden 24 Mey an. 1695. “Here rests the chaste, pious Maria Bruton, wife of the Sergeant Anthoni van Holten, died the 24th May, 1695.” (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 275.) It is noticeable that she and Anthonie van der Veen died on the same day and are buried in adjoining graves. These are small headstones close together. They had sunk considerably, and I had to get them raised before I could decipher them.
481 ..	Nov. 9 1696	.. Anna Constantia van Reede	ANNA CONSTANTIA VAN REEDE out 6 m. O. den 9 Nov. 1696. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 265.) <i>Arms.</i> —Argent two barrulets dancette, sable. Ludovici represents this stone as the same size as the one depicted at the top of the plate, but in reality it is about half the size. Anna Constantia van Reede was probably the daughter of Bitter van Reede, Lieutenant, and Constantia van Reede.
482 ..	Feb. 9 1796	.. Thomas Hetherington ..	Here lyeth the remains of Lieuten. THOMAS HETHERINGTON, of his Majesty's 52nd Regmt., who departed this Life at Negombo the 6th day of February, 1796, in the 24th year of his Age. Sincerely regretted by his friends and Brother Officers, who have erected this to his Memory. This is the earliest British tombstone, after the British occupation, in the Island. The 52nd arrived at Point Pedro just after the capture of Trincomalee, in August, 1795, from Negapatam, and joined the troops that had taken part in that affair (the 72nd and the flank companies of the 71st and 73rd, two battalions of Sepoys, and a detachment of Artillery and Pioneers), relieved the 72nd, which returned to Negapatam, and took part in the assaults on Negombo and Colombo. Lieutenant Hetherington must have died on board a troopship, or have only just landed. Negombo was taken on the 9th, and Colombo exactly a week later. There was no resistance at Negombo. The fort was found abandoned, except for a few invalids.
483 ..	Jan. 7 1813	.. Geliermis Cornelis Koelmeyer	Hier leyd begraven GELIERMIS CORNELIS zoon van den Heer LEONARDUS THEODOSIUS KOELMEYER. Geb. den 10 Febr. 1803 en overleeden op den 7 Jan. 1813 in den ouderdom van 9 jaren 10 maanden en 17 dagen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 275.)

Dutch Churchyard, Negombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
484 ..	June 10 1822	.. Joseph Clements	.. To the memory of JOSEPH CLEMENTS who was born at Ashlone July 19th, 1819, and drowned at Negombo 10th June, 1822. Escaped to the mansions of light and lodged in the Eden of love. The Rev. Samuel Allen caused this stone to be erected. By "Ashlone," of course Athlone is intended. He was a son of Sergeant Clements of the 16th Regiment, and was drowned "in a pool near the town," probably the Kamachodai pond, the most considerable "pool" in or near the town. There is a superstition among the Moormen that a golden ship sails on the pond every Friday night, and that this ship is guarded by a devil who lives at the bottom of the pond. If the ship be interfered with it will disappear; the devil will rise and invoke the aid of the sea, which will then inundate the country and destroy the inhabitants. Sergeant Clements seems to have been afterwards Sergeant-Major of the Ceylon Rifles. There was a Sergeant-Major John Clements of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment in 1837-38, whose eldest daughter, Jane, married Colour-Sergeant Alexander Fisher of the 97th at Colombo, January 10, 1838.
485 ..	June 5 1828 Aug. 7 1830	.. Leendart de Quaker .. Maria Florentina de Quaker	.. In memory of LEENDART DE QUAKER, Esqr., a member of the late Landraad Court, born on the 18th May, 1762, died on the 5th June, 1828, aged 66 years and 17 days; and his wife MARIA FLORENTINA LA HEY, born on the 16th August, 1767, died on the 7th August, 1830, aged 62 years 11 months and 2 days. (The <i>Gazette</i> gives the date of his death as July 6.) The De Quakers appear to have been settled at Negombo for two or three generations. Abraham de Quaker, whose wife was Christina Pietersz, had two sons: Pieter, born July, 1719, and Leendert, born 1722, both baptized at Negombo. This Leendart must have been a son of one of them. C. D. de Quaker, District Surveyor, died at Colombo, October 10, 1839, aged 58. La Hey should be De la Haye. A certain "Duc Don Samuel de la Haye" married "Dona Maria," and had three sons, all Dons, and one daughter born between 1773 and 1780. Don Samuel was no doubt a descendant of one of the six ambassadors to Kandy who were left behind there in 1672. De la Haye was the French Viceroy in the Indies, who was defeated by Van Goens in that year. He had sent three ambassadors to Kandy, of whom one was returned. He then sent a fourth ambassador, Laisne de Nancier de Lanarolle, with six other Frenchmen, who were detained at Kandy and never left it. Of the six, four were living in 1707. One of the six was a De la Haye, probably a relative of the Viceroy. (See <i>Journal</i> , R.A.S., C.B., 1870, and a paper on François Carron by F. H. de Vos in a later <i>Journal</i> .)
486 ..	June 26 1841	.. Thomas Oswin	.. To the memory of THOMAS OSWIN, District Judge at this station, who departed this life on the 26th of June, 1841. Aged 41 years. He joined the Civil Service, April 23, 1833, and was Sitting Magistrate and Custom Master of Galle in that year, and on August 1 was appointed Superintendent of Police for the Fort and Gravets of Colombo. He was appointed District Judge of Colombo No. 3 and Assistant to the Government Agent of the Western Province, February 17, 1838; also of Colombo No. 2 (Negombo) in 1839, and became a member of the "New Civil Service" on January 1, 1841. He married on May 5, 1835, at Peradeniya, Charlotte Elizabeth Wright. Mrs. Oswin and family left for England by the ship <i>Euphrates</i> on December 2, 1841, which also took away Mrs. Surgeon and Mrs. Lucas and two Misses Whiting.

Dutch Churchyard, Negombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
487 ..	Dec. 27 1853	Frederica Adolphina Pereira	In memory of FREDERICA ADOLPHINA, the beloved wife of CORNELIUS B. PEREIRA, daughter of Lieut. HEDERTTROUW. Born 24 Aug., 1799 aged 54 years 4 m. 3 days. This is inserted as it illustrates the case of a Dutch woman marrying a Sinhalese.
488 ..	March 16 1873	Peter John Roosemale Cocq	In loving memory of PETER JOHN ROOSEMALE COCQ, born 1st December, 1821 ; aged 51 years. He was a son of Pieter Carolus Roosmalecocq, and married Henrietta Dorothea, eldest daughter of D. J. Fretz, Deputy Ordnance Storekeeper, on March 26, 1855. Pieter Carolus, who was baptized in 1791, and who married a Von Ranzow, was a son of Pieter Jacobus Roosmalecocq, and grandson of Ambrosius Roosmalecocq of Dokhum (see No. 332).
489 ..	Aug. 6 1877	Dorothea Jannetta Green ..	To the dear memory of DOROTHEA JANNETTA, daughter of HENRY WATKINS GREEN and EMILY MARY his wife. Born Febr. 13th, 1877. H. W. Green was in the Civil Service, 1870-93. He was of Marlborough School and Lincoln College, Oxford, and of a literary turn, and wrote a novel called "Walter Lee," poems in the <i>St. Thomas's College Magazine</i> , and a Primer of Agriculture. He was Assistant Government Agent of Negombo, 1877-83, and has a road there called after him ; Director of Public Instruction, 1883-88 ; and retired as Principal Assistant to the Colonial Secretary.
490 ..	Jan. 29 1840	Peter Justinus Schwallie ..	PETER JUSTINUS SCHWALLIE born Oct 6th, 1801, died at Negombo, under his maternal roof, January 29th, 1840, aged 38 years 3 months. Q. D. R. "In one of my ramblings I alighted on a rock slab in a garden at 2nd Division, Hunupitiya. As the slab appeared to be a smooth one I examined it with two others at close quarters, and found the slab answering for the washing of clothes. "At first I saw this stone about 57 years ago lying under a <i>nam-nam</i> tree growing in the garden of Widow Mrs. Hendrick Alphonso. This garden (on which a Convent Church is now built) lies immediately east of the present Negombo railway yard. Mrs. Hendrick Alphonso was twice married. Her maiden name was Petronella Potsnitz. Her first husband was a Mr. Schwallie, a French descendant. He was a Government surveyor, I believe, and had a son, Mr. Frank Schwallie, also a surveyor, stationed at Colombo, and a daughter, who lived with her mother at Negombo. Mr. Frank Schwallie, surveyor, was often employed as surveyor to do District Court work in Colombo in the later fifties, when the District Court Bench was presided over successively by Mr. R. F. Morgan, Mr. George Lawson, and Mr. C. H. Stewart." (<i>Ceylon Observer</i> , August, 1910.) There is a Schwallie mentioned in the list of Civil Servants who had died before 1803, given by Cordiner. He was a surveyor.

St. Mary's Church, Negombo.

491 ..	March 19 1895	Giovanni Battista Vistarini	MONSIGNOR VISTARINI.
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The tombstone, with inscription recording merely his name and the date of his death, was shattered when the new dome of the church fell on April 29, 1901, and has been replaced by an altar. So great was the fame of Monsignor Vistarini, who was popularly known as "the angelic priest," that there are many pilgrims annually to this shrine.

He was born on September 1, 1817, at Lodi, near Milan. His father, Signor Americo Vistarini, was highly connected, and was a judge. His mother, Signora Camilla, was the daughter of a marquis and niece of a Governor of Vienna. He was ordained priest on June 13, 1840. He did not belong to any

St. Mary's Church, Negombo—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
491 ..	March 19 1895	Giovanni Battista Vistarini— <i>contd.</i>	religious order, but was a secular priest. He was a doctor in Theology and Philosophy. He arrived in Ceylon on December 7, 1846, and began his labours in the Northern Vicariate under Bishop Bettachini, and in 1857 was transferred to Colombo under Bishop Bravi. Shortly afterwards he was appointed to the Negombo Mission, and laboured there for 37 years, where his name became a household word. He is buried in St. Mary's.

The Cemetery, Negombo.

492 ..	Aug. 22 1882	William Carry	.. WILLIAM CARRY, formerly of King's County, Ireland. Aged 62 years. Deeply mourned. He was Superintendent of the Orphan Asylum, 1852-53; in 1868 of Waljapola coconut estate, near Minuwangoda, in the Negombo district; and later of the cinnamon and coconut estate of Goluwapokuna, near Negombo.
493 ..	Dec. 3 1896	Emily Amelia Carry	.. EMILY AMELIA CARRY, widow of WILLIAM CARRY, of Enniskillen, Co. Fermanagh, Ireland. Aged 72.

Esplanade, under the Banyan Tree, Negombo.

494 ..	1863 DEUS NOBIS HÆC OTIA FECIT. Arbori per annos XIV. Summa cura servat hunc lapidem supposit. C. P. LAYARD. AN. DOM. MDCCCLXIII.
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GALLE.

The Dutch Church.

“ IN the Fort of Galle the large and airy structure in which the Dutch Burghers still hold their services was, according to tradition, erected by a lady Gertruyda Adriana le Grand, wife of the Commandeur Casparus de Jong. The story goes that this lady, who had been childless for many years, made a vow that if she should ever have a child she would build a church as a thank-offering to God. Her hopes being at length realized by the birth of a daughter, the present church arose on the site of an ancient Portuguese Capuchin convent. All this is tradition. No stone slab let into the wall or floor of the building, or any record among the archives of the Consistory, has yet been found to corroborate the story, but there is a nameless painted hatchment on the wall, the oldest memorial of its kind in the building, which would appear to have been placed there in memory of its founder. The shield of arms bears charges which have a striking resemblance to those of the family of the De Jongs to be found rudely sculptured on one or two tombstones in Galle and Jaffna. The baton and other insignia of a Commandeur displayed around the hatchment indicate that that person was a Commandeur, and the date 1758 was very probably that of the death of Commandeur Casparus de Jong. He appears to have been, about this time, succeeded in office by the Commandeur Abraham Samlant. In an old German work, ‘*Allerneuste Geographisch Oostindien*,’ published at Leipzig in 1767, a ground plan of the Fort of Galle is shown of the year 1736, in which a piece of open ground occupies the site of the present Dutch Church. This may seem at first to contradict the theory of the Portuguese convent, but it is reasonable to suppose that the convent had existed there at an earlier time and been demolished by the Dutch in their well-known hatred of the Roman Catholics To refer to some of the changes wrought in the interior of the building within the present century Perhaps the most noticeable was the removal of the old Commandeur’s pew, built of satinwood and velvet-lined. The last to use this pew was the Commandeur Dietrich Thomas Fretz, who with his family continued to sit in it Sunday after Sunday for many years after the British occupation. When he was removed the pew was closed for ever, no one of inferior rank being allowed to occupy it. At length, being no longer of any practical use, it had to yield to the vandalism which in our own times appears to have little regard for the old things and the old ways of our fathers. Another pew which stood against the wall of the north transept, used by the various boekhouders of the Dutch East India Company, had to make room about fifty years ago for the platform and massive communion rails required for the Episcopalian services, which were then held in this church. About the same time the huge memorial tablet of Commandeur Samlant, resplendent in golden colours, which stood on the wall facing the main entrance to the church, was moved to its present less prominent position, so that more light may be introduced into the church by a window, which window was glazed with small panes in imitation of the old windows which had existed from the Dutch times.

“ In former times, but within the memory of old men of our own generation, the vaulted ceiling of the church was of a beautiful celestial blue and studded with stars of gold to represent the canopy of heaven. The blue is now quite faded, and the stars are no longer to be seen No true idea of the old place as it stood, say, eighty years ago could be conveyed unless we referred to the benches and the stiff-backed chairs which then filled the centre of the building. These were long ago replaced by slender movable pews or seats. No reading desk like the one now used was then to be seen, and the floor was paved by small dark-coloured bricks. The large tombstones which lie under the staircase were only placed there in 1881, when the old graveyard was dismantled and the bones removed to the church.” (R. G. Anthonisz in *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. VI., pp. 253-4.)

Many of the tombstones in the church did not originally belong to it, and are not *in situ*. How they came there is explained by Mr. F. H. de Vos in the following passage from an article of his on “*Old Galle*,” which appeared in the *Ceylon Literary Register* (vol. II., pp. 341-2):—

“ Opposite the office of Messrs. J. J. Vanderspaar & Co., on the strip of ground now overgrown with grass and having a few trees on it, stood in very early times the old Dutch Church, or the *Groote Kerk*—as it is called in *Valentyn*. The only traces of this church at one time discernible by people of the present century were a number of gravestones placed side by side and parallel to each other along the ground. In the year 1853, when the Consistory of the Dutch Church decided on removing the bodies of the Dutch interred in the old cemetery to the present church, these stones were also removed, and were used to pave the floor of the building, where they still lie. It was in the *Groote Kerk* that the body of General Huft was temporarily laid during the continuance of the siege of Colombo by the Dutch. The historian Baldæus relates that it was first deposited in a vault underground, evidently outside the church, and that in 1657, by order of the Governor Adriaan van der Meyden, it was interred with great ceremony inside the church near the pulpit, his arms, buckler, sword, and spurs being against the wall. The remains were afterwards, in the year 1658, after the capture of Colombo, removed thither There is reason to believe that the old church occupied a much larger site than that shown by the small plot of grass-grown land now seen, and it is a curious fact that when a few years ago the drain under the small cross road was laid open, several gravestones with inscriptions and armorial bearings and dates corresponding to that of the church were found underground Underneath the floor of the (present) church, covering the whole area of the head of the cross, is the burial vault of the church. In the time of the Dutch, burials were regulated by a scale of fees: the highest fee being for a burial inside the vault, the next for a burial in graves dug in the body of the church, and the lowest for one in the vaults outside. After the British occupation it appears that a few of the leading Dutch families claimed the exclusive right of burial in the vault outside the church, from having some member of the family buried there, and the fee was a high one, while burials in the church continued to be allowed to those who chose to pay the fee, which, according to Dr. Dalmaans, was one hundred rix-dollars in Colombo. The vault outside the church appears to have been in disuse for a very long time. It extends from the walls of the church to the parapet wall of the church garden, and is roofed over with a pavement. It is supposed to consist of two chambers; the one on the church side has never been opened within the memory of any one living, but up to a few years ago the other chamber could have, at any time, been entered by an underground flight of steps, though no traces of any burials were then visible. The last burial in the vault inside the church took place in 1863.”

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

“The church was built between the years 1752–54, and the painted hatchment referred to has subsequently been discovered to contain the arms of the Commandeur Ras Macquet.” (Journal, “Dutch Burgher Union of Ceylon,” vol. I., pp. 137, 175.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
495 ..	July 25 1662	Burchart Coq	<p>.. Hier legt begraven BURCHART COQ in syn leven gewees. Capt. tot Galle in dienst der vereenigde Nederlandtsche Oost Indische Comp. Out 63 jare. Overleeden den 25 July, Ao. 1662.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XI., pp. 235, 279; vol. XV., p. 267.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, a castle</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A stag's head.</p> <p>“Burchart Coq arrived in Ceylon in the ship <i>Huys te Swieten</i>, and was killed by a soldier at Galle. He was sent as ambassador to the King of Kandy.” (Ceylon Monthly Literary Register, vol. I., p. 81.) This tombstone was discovered on the site of the <i>Groote Kerk</i>.</p>
496 ..	Aug. 28 1673	Johanna Maria van Herental	<p>Hier rust JOHANNA MARIA BAX gen. v. HERENTAL, sterf 28 Aug., 1673, oudt 10 maande en 5 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 279; vol. XVII., p. 31; vol. XVIII., p. 78.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Quarterly 1 and 4. Or, three gourds vert, 2 and 3. Or, three closets azure, on a chief gules, a lion rampant argent.</p> <p><i>Surtout.</i>—Argent, on a chief gules, a lion rampant argent.</p> <p>This tombstone was for years lying in the compound of the old Kachcheri at Magalla, and was finally discovered in a drain close to the staircase leading to the District Court of Galle.</p> <p>Johanna Maria Bax was baptized at Colombo on October 27, 1672, being the daughter of Major Johan Bax and Aletta van Hinlopen. Johan Bax belonged to the family Bax called “van Herental” (<i>genaamt van Herental</i>). He was afterwards Governor of the Cape, where he died on June 29, 1678. Aletta Hinlopen was the daughter of Jacob Hinlopen, schepen and raad of Amsterdam, and Maria Huydecoper van Maarsseveen, who married (2), as widow Bax, Jan van Leenen. The arms are the quartered shields of the families of Bax van Herental and Bax de Hertoge, with a shield of pretence bearing the arms on the chief in the second and third quarterings.</p>
497 ..	Nov. 13 1684	Lourentius Hemling	<p>.. Hier legt begraven den Eerwaerdigen Godzalige Hoogh geleerden Heer LOURENTIUS HEMLING, in zyn leven Bedienaer des Heyl Evangeliums in de gemeynthe Christe tot Gale. Overleden den 13 November, Ao. 1684, out 42 jaren.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 280; vol. XVIII., p. 68.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, a castle (?).</p> <p>Lourentius Hemling was a native of Leyden, was educated in the “Staten Collegie,” and came out to Ceylon in 1669.</p> <p>This stone was found built into a drain in the street leading to the new gate from Church street, opposite the Police quarters.</p>
498 ..	July 3 1693	Susanna Wichelman	<p>.. Grafsteen dekkende 't doode lichaam van Juff SUSANNA DURHEE, huysvrouw van den coopman en Gaals Administrateur MAGNUS WICHELMAN. Overleden den 3 July, 1693, oud geweest synde 42 jaaren en 3 maanden.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 268; vol. XVII., p. 30.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Quarterly 1 and 4. Argent, a castle. 2 and 3 argent, three birds contourné.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A castle as in the arms.</p> <p>Found with Nos. 503 (van Leesten) and 510 (van Lynden) in a drain in Leyn Bahn street, near the site of the <i>Groote Kerk</i>.</p> <p>Susanna Durhee was in all probability the daughter of Andries Durhee and Magdalena Her sister, Maria Durhee (born December 23, 1651, died October</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
498 ..	July 3 1693	.. Susanna Wichelman— <i>contd.</i>	2, 1686), was the wife of the surgeon Anthony Mooyart of Amsterdam, who was stationed at Matara (1669–73). Andries Durhee was most likely the son of Andries Duræus (Latinized form of Durhee), a Scotchman and doctor at Batavia (1628–48). Professional men in early times, notably clergymen, generally married into families, members of which followed the same profession. Magnus Wichelman died as Director of Persia on July 8, 1705.
499 ..	July 28 1697	.. Willem Loquet	.. Dese sark bedekt de lichamen van WILLEM LOQUET VAN RYNBEEK in zynleven coopman en administrateur tot Gale. Geboren den 16 Juny, Anno 1659, en overleden den 28 Juli, An. 1697. En desselfs huysvrouw MARIA MAGDALENA CHERPENTIER VAN WOERDEN. Geboren den 10 Augusto An. 1648 en overleden den 25 Maart, 1699. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 267; vol. XVII., p. 30.) <i>Arms.</i> —Dexter shield (Loquet): a bull's head affronté, collared and belled. Sinister shield (Cherpentier): argent, three stars (5). <i>Crest.</i> —A bull's head as in the arms.
	March 25 1699	.. Maria Magdalena Loquet	Maria Magdalena Cherpentier was first married, on February 17, 1692, to Cornelis Hannecop, Chief of Calpentin.
500 ..	Jan. 12 1697	.. Maria Magdalena Bolner ..	Hier leyt begraven juff. MARIA MAGDALENA VAN DER HEYDEN Huysvrouw van den E. Heer CAREL BOLNER Commandeur der stad en landen van Gale, Mature. Overleeden den 12 Januario, Ao. 1697. <i>Translation.</i> —Here lies buried Juff. MARIA MAGDALENA VAN DER HEYDEN, wife of the Hon. CAREL BOLNER, Commandeur of the City and Lands of Galle and Matara. Died on January 12, 1697. <i>Arms.</i> —Argent, a bull's head affronté in chief, and two horseshoes in base. Carel Bolner was a native of Dantzic. He was thrice married, (1) to Magdalena Snevens; (2) at Colombo, February 1, 1682, to Maria Magdalena van der Heyden of Hoorn, by whom he had a daughter baptized at Colombo, December 25, 1683; and (3) on March 5, 1702, to Susanna van Schayck (died Malacca, February 4, 1707), widow of the Rev. Harmanus Specht of Utrecht, who died at Colombo in 1697. Susanna van Schayck was baptized at Colombo, May 5, 1661, being the daughter of Andries van Schayck of Utrecht and Abigail Ketelaar of Ter Goes, daughter of Jan Ketelaar and Susanna Haringmans. Susanna van Schayck's first husband was Hendrik Schook, <i>koopman</i> .
501 ..	Oct. 21 1697	.. Joanna Maria Mode	.. Hier legd begraven juff. JOANNA MARIA BAALDE, huysvrouw van Mons. WILLEM MODE, ondercoop. en Fiscaal tot Gale. Geboren tot Amsterdam den 2 Marty, Ao. 1664. Obijt den 21 October, An. 1697. Oud 33 jaren 7 maenden en 10 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 267; vol. XVII., p. 30.) <i>Arms.</i> —Sable, a chevron or, between three fleurs-de-lys argent. <i>Crest.</i> —A fleur-de-lys as in the shield. Joanna Maria Baalde was the daughter of Baalde and Cornelia van Ouweland, and was previously married to Johannes Brengman. Willem Mode married (2) Susanna Mattheus. The arms on the stone are the same as those of the Rev. Philip Baldaus, which surname is the Latinized form of Baalde.
502 ..	Sept. 14 1698	.. Pieterella Verdonk	.. Gravesteen dekkende het doode lichaam van juff. PIETERELLA DE RIDDER wed. wylen den Capitein-Luytenant CORNELIS VERDONK. Overleden den 14 September, Anno 1698. Oud 24 jaaren en 8 maenden. <i>Translation.</i> —Tombstone covering the dead body of Juff. PIETERELLA DE RIDDER, widow of the late Captain-Lieutenant CORNELIS VERDONK. Died on September 14, 1698. Aged 24 years and 8 months.

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
502 ..	Sept. 14 1698	Pieterrella Verdonk— <i>contd.</i>	<p><i>Arms.</i>—(Verdonk.) Azure, a lion rampant argent, armed and langued gules. <i>Crest.</i>—A demi-lion issuant. This tombstone, together with that of Maria Magdalena van der Heyden, was recently found on the site of the <i>Groote Kerk</i>.</p>
503 ..	Sept. 7 1702	Maria Elizabeth Agota ..	<p>Hier onder leyt begraven mejuff MARIA ELIZABETH VAN LEESTEN, huysvrouw van den Eerw. FREDRIK NICOLAAS AGOTA. Obyt den 7 Septem., A. 1702, oudt zynde, 40 jaar. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 268 ; vol. XVII., p. 30.) <i>Arms.</i>—Gules, in chief three swords in pile argent, points downwards, pommeled and hilted of the second ; in base, a billet between 8 fleurs-de-lys, 3, 2, 3. <i>Crest.</i>—An eagle's head. Found with Nos. 498 and 510. Fredrik Nicolaas Agota came out to the Indies in the ship <i>Bermster</i>, and married (1) Sara Visvliet, (2) Maria Elizabeth van Leesten, and (3) Louisa Perpetua van Oudshoorn van Sonneveld. Maria Elizabeth van Leesten was no doubt a relation of the Rev. Johannes van Leesten stationed at Matara in 1711.</p>
504 ..	1704	Christiaan Mulhousen ..	<p>..... er rust CHRISTIAAN MULHOUSEN der koopm e Compy en go des Cey ernemen 6 January leden de Ao. 1704 oud aren en (<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 281.) Found in the back yard of a house in Chandos street in the Fort, built into the wall of a well. Evidently from the old churchyard close by, which is now the site of a Municipal market.</p>
505 ..	Jan. 1 1706	Sandrina Reets van Sonneveld ..	<p>Hier onder leyt begraven mejuffrouw SANDRINA REETS, geboren tot Uyttrecht den 7en April, Anno 1668, waarde huysvrouw van D. E. JACOBUS VAN OUTSHOORN VAN SONNEVELT, onderkoopman en soldy boekhouder alhier, mitsgaders oud Fiscl der custe Mallabr. Overleden primo Januay Ao. 1706, oud zynde 37 jren, 8 maenden en 24 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 244.) <i>Arms.</i>—Dexter shield: quarterly 1 and 4, gules three hunting-horns argent. (Outshoorn) 2 and 3. Or, three fleurs-de-lys gules (Sonnevelt). Sinister shield: argent a dog (?) rampant. These spouses had a son, Alexander Nicolaas, baptized soon after the death of the mother. Their will (January 11, 1703) mentions their children Welhelmina, Welhelmina Henrietta, Pieter Gabriel, and Maria Henrietta.</p>
506 ..	May 13 1708 April 8 1708	Livinia Valk .. Willem Valk ..	<p>Hier onder rusten de eerbaere LIVINIA GOUTIER, huysvrouw van de ED. AERNOUT VALK, koopman en administrateur des Gaalse Commandements. Gebooren tot Colombo den 2en October, Ao. 1672. Obyt 13en May, Ao. 1708. Oud 35 jaren 7 maenden en 11 dagen. Zoomede haare zoon WILLEM VALK van Colombo, gebooren den 18en Juny Ao. 1695. Obyt ady 8en April, Ao. 1708, oud 12 jaren 10 maenden en 20 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 245, 287 ; vol. XVII., p. 21 ; vol. XVIII., pp. 54, 56.) Livinia Goutier, baptized at Colombo October 20, 1672, was the daughter of Johannes Goutier of Utrecht, vryburger, and Andreza Ferera. Aernout Valk was perhaps the son of Adriaan Valk and Anna Gomez.</p>
507 ..	Oct. 5 1709	Elizabeth Tiste ..	<p>De erbare en deugderyke juffrouw ELIZABETH VAN HEES VAN VLISSINGEN, huysvrouw van den Fiscaal DANIEL TISTE, moeder van een kind is in haar 42ste jaar op den 5en October, Ao. 1709, zaligh overleden leght hier begraven en verwagt d' opstandinge. Posuit superstes maritus.</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
507 ..	Oct. 5 1709	Elizabeth Tiste— <i>contd.</i> ..	(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 278 ; vol. XVII., p. 31.) Daniel Tiste of Stokholm married Elizabeth van Hees of Flushing at Colombo, on September 25, 1701. The child referred to is perhaps Maria Sibilla, baptized at Colombo, 1704, who married (1) at Colombo, September 10, 1719, Jacobus Gast of Tutucorin, and (2) at Colombo, February 8, 1728, Pieter van Dalen of London, Sergeant, who married (2) at Colombo, October 14, 1731, Elisabeth Ravens of Colombo.
508 ..	Nov. 23 1709	Joan van Velsen ..	Hier onder rust in vrede het lyk van den E. Heer JOAN VAN VELSEN in zyn leven Commandeur der Stad en landen van Gale, Mature, etc. Geboren tot Leyden den 2 July, Anno 1655. Obyt den 23en Nov., 1709, oud 54 jaren, 4 maenden en 21 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 243 ; vol. XVII., p. 21.) <i>Arms.</i> —Argent, three bells <i>Crest.</i> —A bell as in the arms. Joan van Velsen was married to Anna Pyl and had a son, Johan, who was living at Leyden in 1712, and afterwards left for Batavia as a cadet.
509 ..	March 13 1710	Richardina Magdalena Doude ..	Hier onder rust 't lyk van RICHARDINA MAGDALENA DOUDE, jonge dogter. Geboren tot. Jaffanapatnam den 8ten October anno 1700 en in den Heere ontslapen tot Gale den 13ten Maert anno 1710. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 243.) <i>Arms.</i> —Party per pale (1) a dexter arm holding a hammer, (2) a hart's head cabossed. She was no doubt the daughter of Rev. Gerrardus Doude (D'Oude) of Leyden and Susanna Robertina Collaart, as he was stationed at Jaffna in 1700 in succession to the Rector of the Seminary there, the Rev. Adriaan de Mey.
510 ..	May 15 1710	Joanna Henrietta Weyns ..	Heir onder rust 't lyk van D'Edele gebooren deugd en zedenrycke juffrouw JOANNA HENRIETTA COLLARD VAN LYNDEN, in haar leven waerde huysvrouw van de Heer ISAAC WEYNS, opperkoopman en Dessave tot Mature, mitsgaders secunde van't Gaalse Commandement. Geboren tot Delft den 2en October Ao. 1670 en salig in den Heere ontslapen den 15 May Ao. 1710. Oud 39 jaer, seven maenden en 13 dagen, zynde trouwd geweest 21 jaren, maendn en 2 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 247.) <i>Arms.</i> —Argent, a stag's head cabossed. <i>Crest.</i> —An open helmet contourné between two branches (?). Found with Nos. 498 and 503. There was a Sophia Weyns of Haarlem (widow of Jan van Dam, boekhouder), who married at Colombo, June 19, 1712, Michiel Panneel of Middelburg, onderkoopman, Colombo.
511 ..	Jan. 17 1715	Don Theodose de Costa ..	Hier onder rust DON THEODOSE DE COSTA soons zoon van de gewesene Banacke zaliger DON JOAN DE COSTA in syn leven geweest tolk Mohotiaar en Mohandiram der inlandse garde van de Heeren Commandeurs tot Gale. Geboren den 18en May Ao. 1672. Obyt 17en January anno 1715 oud geweest zynde 42 jaern 7 maenden ende 30 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 246.) "Grandson of the Banacke." There was a Don Joan de Costa (junior) who was Sabandhaar (Customs Officer) of Galle, and married (1) Dona Gimara, and (2), November 5, 1676, Anna de Floris Perera. He was perhaps the son of Don Joan de Costa, Sabandhaar, who accompanied General Hulft to the Kandyan court.

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
512 ..	Oct. 31 1716	Monica Winckelman ..	Onder dit sark in een kist leyd het doode leyk en rust van MONICA ROSEBOOM in haar leven huysvrouw van den opperchirurgn FREDRIK WILLEM WINCKELMAN: natis op Gale Ao. 1688 den 22 October: Obyt Ao. 1716 ultmo October. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 247.) Perhaps daughter of Hendrik Roseboom and Isabella Andriesz. Their daughter Magdalena Roseboom, baptized at Galle, December 8, 1696, married Benjamin Cooymans.
513 ..	June 5 1717	Gellius Geldesma ..	Hier onder rust den Eerwaarde Hr GELLIUS GELDESMA, bedienaar der gemeynthe Jesu Christi. Overleden den 5 Juny 1717, out 33 jaeren en 2 maanden. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 247; vol. XVII., p. 22.) Gellius Geldesma was married to Johanna Jacoba de Carpentier of Negapatnam. She married, as widow Geldesma, on February 6, 1718, Jonker Joan van Naarden of Utrecht, onderkoopman, Colombo. Gellius Geldesma was a student at Franeker in 1696, arrived at Java on February 10, 1713, and was sent to Ceylon (Galle) in 1715.
514 ..	Dec. 25 1718	Jan Dondien ..	Hier rust 't lyck van den Eersamen JAN DONDIE in syn leven vrycoopman en sergeand der burgery tot Gale. Geboren t' Antwerpen den 21 January Ao. 1662. Overleden den 25 December Ao. 1718, oud zynde 56 jaren 11 maanden en 5 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 248; vol. XVII., p. 22.) He married as a soldaat at Colombo on September 25, 1689, Maria Woutersz of Colombo.
515 ..	July 15 1719	Johanna Taay van Wezel ..	Hier legt begraven Juffr JOHANNA VAN RHEE huysvrouw van den E. Heer CORNELIS TAAY VAN WEZEL gewezen pl. gesaghebr. deses Commandements en Dessave van Mature. Geboren tot Naga-patnam den 19 Mey Ao. 1668 en gestorven den 15 July Ao. 1719 out 46 jaren een maend en 26 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 247; vol. XVII., p. 22.) <i>Arms.</i> —Party per pale. (1) Van Rhee (already blazoned), (2) per fess, in chief a lion rampant, in base a shield coupé between three stags' heads. Johanna van Rhee was the daughter of Thomas van Rhee of Wyk-ter-Duurstede, Governor of Ceylon, and Henrietta van Kriekenbeek of the same town. Cornelis Taay van Wezel was a native of Dordrecht. The name Taay van Wezel is due to a marriage of a Mr. van Wezel with a Miss Taay. It is curious to note that one Maria Taay (born 1692), daughter of Hendrik Taay and Anna van Wezel, was the wife of Johan van den Burg, Heer van Naaldwyk (4 Wapenherut, p. 235).
516 ..	July 30 1721	Nicolaas Brasser van Heuvel ..	Hier onder rust den Assistent NICOLAAS BRASSER VAN HEUVEL jongste en lievste soon van den Commandeur NICOLAAS VAN HEUVEL. Gebooren den 15 Augs. Ao. 1701 tot Trinconamale, en overleden den 30en July Ao. 1721 tot Gale. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 250.) <i>Arms.</i> —Party per fess: (1) party per pale, (a) argent three nenuphar leaves, (b) argent barry of five, argent and gules; (2) azure, a boar's head argent, flanked by two antlers argent paleways, the point of the dexter directed downwards. <i>Crest.</i> —A sinister hand holding an arrow directed bendwise. As an onderkoopman he was at Manaar in 1687, where his wife, Ana van Cralen, lies buried.
517 ..	April 28 1734	Adriana Berghuys ..	Hier legt begraven ADRIANA SWINNAS huysvrouw van den Gaals opperchirurgyn DIRK BERGHUYS. Overleden den 28 April Ao. 1734, oud 44 jaren, 1 maand, 20 dagen.

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
517 ..	April 28 1734	Adriana Berghuys— <i>contd.</i>	(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 249; vol. XVII., p. 23.) Adriana Swinnas, Magdalena Swinnas (wife of Jan Helfrig Raket), Maria Swinnas (wife of van Buren) were evidently sisters of Hubertus Swinnas of Rotterdam, an onderkoopman at Negapatnam, 1739.
518 ..	Dec. 4 1735	Elizabeth Margaritta de Jong	Hier onder legd begraven het lyk van ELIZABETH MARGARITTA HEYNEN vrouw van de Gaals geraghebber IMAN DE JONG, gebooren te Batavia 29 Maert Anno 1689 en overleden in het rusthuys van Amblangodde, onder het district van Gale op den 4 December 1735 en begraven den 5 daeraan, oud ynde 45 jaaren 8 maanden en 5 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 242; vol. XVIII., p. 395.) <i>Arms.</i> —Quarterly: (1) or, a doe rampant (Heynen); (2) argent, three roses gules (van Nes); (3) or, an eagle displayed gules (Roman); (4) azure, a lion rampant argent, armed and langued gules. <i>Crest.</i> —A lion as in the arms. She was the daughter of Johannes Heynen and Welhelmina van Nes, and granddaughter of the Rev. Bartholomeus Heynen and Margareta Roman, daughter of Rev. Johan Roman of Haarlem, Predikant at Batavia. She married, (1) at Batavia, May 5, 1707, Johan Fredrik Gobius; and (2) at Malacca, October 7, 1730, Iman de Jong of Zierikzee, son of Johan de Jong of Zierikzee and Sara Daneken. He was Commandeur of Galle, 1737, and died at Jaffna, December 13, 1737, as Commandeur there.
519 ..	April 11 1737	Gesina Elisabet Overbeek ..	Ter gedagtenisse van GESINA ELISABET OVERBEEK. Gebooren tot Tutucoryn den 11 September Anno 1734 en overleden tot Gale den 11 April 1737 oud twee jaren en seven maanden. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 252.) Gesina Elisabet Overbeek was the daughter of Daniel Overbeek of Amsterdam, Commandeur of Galle, and Elisabeth Hals of Colombo.
520 ..	Sept. 11 1737	Jacobus van der Horst ..	Hier onder leyd begraven den Capitein der Burgeryen alhier D. E. JACOBUS VAN DER HORST. Overleeden den 11 September 1737. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 252.) <i>Arms.</i> —Party per saltire, or, 1, 2, 3 a trefoil; 4, a pigeon volant holding in its beak a twig. <i>Crest.</i> —A demi-pegasus.
521 ..	Dec. 13 1737	Abraham van der Hart ..	Ter gedagtenisse van ABRAHAM VAN DER HART in zyn leeven schipper in den dienst der E. Compagnie laatste bescheyden geweest op 't schip "St. Laurens." Gebooren tot Maaslandsluys den Anno overleden tot Gale den 13 Decembr Ao. 1737 oud jaaren maanden en daagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 251.) <i>Arms.</i> —Argent, a heart pierced by two arrows saltirewise, the arrow heads in base. <i>Crest.</i> —A heart pierced as in the arms, but the arrow heads directed upwards.
522 ..	Dec. 28 1738	Elizabeth Overbeek ..	Ter gedagtenisse van juffrouw. ELIZABETH HALS huysvrouw van den Commandeur DANIEL OVERBEEK. Geboren den 20 Aug. 1701, overleeden den 28 Decr. 1738 oud seven en dertig jaaren vier maanden en agt dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 251; vol. XVII., p. 24; vol. XVIII., p. 55.) Daughter of Jacob Hals of Amsterdam, Captain of the Burgery, and Dominga Suarus.
523 ..	Dec. 13 1739	Carel Pieter Swensen	Ter gedagtenisse van D. E. CAREL PIETER SWENSEN schipper en equipagiemeester tot Gale. Geboren tot Colombo den 18 Juny Ao. 1691, overleden tot Gale den 13 December 1739, oud 48 jaren 6 maanden en 4 dagen.

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
523 ..	Dec. 13 1739	Carel Pieter Swensen— <i>contd.</i>	(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 282; vol. XVII., p. 32.) <i>Arms.</i> —The same as those on the tombstone of Maria Sophia Ravens. This tomb was found buried in the ground, with only a small portion of one corner emerging from it, at the Municipal market in Pedlar street in 1898. Carel Pieter Swensen was the son of Pieter Swensen of Calmar (?), schoolmaster, and Isabella Pieris. He was married to Maria Sophia Ravens of Jaffna, who was afterwards the wife of Jacob de Jong, Commandeur of Jaffna. “Equipagemeester” = Master Attendant.
524 ..	Feb. 7 1743	Joan Mattheus Nieper ..	Hier onder rust JOAN MATTHEUS NIEPER geboren Ao. 1742 den 15 December : gestorven den 7 February Ao. 1743. CATHARINA AGNITA NIEPER geboren den 1 July 1743, gestorven den 17 November in het selfde jaar. JACOB FREDRICK NIEPER geboren den 2 October Ao. 1744, in den Heere ontslapen den 23 April Ao. 1751 in ouderdom van 6 jaren en 6 maanden en 25 daagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 252; vol. XVII., p. 24.) <i>Arms.</i> —Party per fess, gules, in chief three ducks fessways. Children of Jan Willem Nieper of Verden, Surgeon-Major, Galle, and Johanna Isabel Fockes.
	Nov. 17 1743	Catharina Agnita Nieper ..	
	April 23 1751	Jacob Fredrick Nieper ..	
525 ..	Oct. 21 1747	Elizabeth de Jong ..	Hier legt het lichaam onder verslonden door de doot maar egter leeft de ziel by God in Abrams schoot van Mejuffrouw ELIZABETH MOOYAART in den Heere ontslapen op Saterdag voor de middag omtrent de Klokke elf unzen den 21 October Anno 1747 in den ouderdom van 47 jaaren 5 maanden en 11 dagen zynde in haar lieve gemalinne van den E. Agtb : Heer JACOB DE JONG Commandeur der Stad en Landen van Gale Mature. O salige matroon hier rust gy in den Heer , Die nu U misse moet die vind U weleens weer Wanneer het lichaams stof verheerlyk rysen sal Dat is een iders lot by 't salig sterf geval. Job. 19, vers. 25. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 250; vol. XVII., p. 23.) <i>Arms.</i> —Quarterly : (1) two tridents saltirewise ; (2) a mermaid (?) ; (3) a barrel fessways ; (4) the letters E. M. <i>Crests.</i> —Dexter : the tridents as in the arms. Sinister : a mermaid (?) holding a trident. The following contemporaneous record of the death of Elizabeth Mooyaart is taken from the family papers of the Mooyaart family :— “On the 21st Oct., 1747, there slept in the Lord in Galle our very dear and most worthy sister, Elizabeth Mooyaart, who was married to the Commandeur there, the Hon. Jacob de Jong, and this whilst in good health and up and doing, she was seized with a fit whilst opening a box and expired immediately. Although this is a hard and cruel blow to us, we must resign ourselves to the will and pleasure of the Lord.” The passage is, of course, in Dutch. Elizabeth Mooyaart was the daughter of Nicolaas Mooyaart and Johanna van Eschweiler. Jacob de Jong was born at Mannar, and was the son of Jacob de Jong of Ter Veer and Johanna Pasque de Chavonnes of Hulst.
526 ..	April 13 1758	(Ras Macquet) ..	Obiit den 13 April Ao. 1758, ætat 50 j. 2 m. 19 d. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 24.) <i>Arms.</i> —(Macquet.) Azure, two arrows tipped or, placed saltirewise and directed downwards ; in chief, a star (5) of the second. <i>Crest.</i> —A sinister arm embowed and vambraced azure, holding an arrow as in the arms, directed dexter. A hatchment (<i>wapenbord</i>). Arms of Ras Macquet, Commandeur of Galle. He was married to Johanna Cornelia Takel, born at Colombo, 1718, daughter of Cornelis Takel of Amsterdam, onderkoopman, and Maria Sager of Colombo.

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
527 ..	Oct. 7 1764	.. Anna Maria Schuttrup	<p>Hier legt begraven mejuffrouwe ANNA MARIA VAN DER LINDEN weduwe van wylen Den E. Heer PIETER ELDERS SCHUTTRUP, opperkoopman en Colombose Dessave. Geb. te Batavia den 14 Septr. 1719. Obiit den 7 Octobr. 1764 eene vrouwe die door veele deugden haar by God en menschen heeft aangenaam gemaakt. Zalig zynde die in den heere sterven.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 253.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Dexter shield (Schuttrup): a tower of four stages, the first and fourth mounted each with two guns pointed dexter and sinister.</p> <p>Sinister shield (van der Linden): argent, on a mount vert, a linden-tree proper.</p> <p>Daughter of Johannes van der Linden, onderkoopman, Batavia. Pieter Elders Schuttrup was the son of Abraham Schuttrup of Amsterdam and Cornelia Elders.</p>
528 ..	May 3 1766	.. Abraham Samlant	<p>Hier legt begraven den Wel Edelen Agtbaaren Hr. ABRAHAM SAMLANT Commandeur der Stad en Landen van Gale en Mate. Geb. den 12 Aug. 1713 en hier t'Gale overl'n. den 3 Mey 1766.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 226, 248.)</p>
529 ..	May 8 1766	.. Abraham Samlant	<p>Ter gedachtenis van den Wl. Ed. Ag. Hr. ABRAHAM SAMLANT van Colombo. Geboren den 12 Aug. 1713 en als Commandeur te Gale overleden den 8 May 1766.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Centre shield (Samlant): already blazoned. Two dexter shields on the side.</p> <p><i>Samlant.</i>—(As above.)</p> <p><i>Lemmens.</i>—Vert, a fess gules between three lozenges or, two in chief and one in base.</p> <p>Two sinister shields.</p> <p><i>Emans.</i>—(Already blazoned.)</p> <p><i>Martiens.</i>—Vert three roses argent.</p> <p>A hatchment.</p> <p>Barent Barentsz Samlant of Haarlem, Vryburger, married at Colombo, August 10, 1687, Hester Schatteman of Colombo, and had by her Barent Samlant, born at Colombo, 1688, married, 1712, Johanna Clara Emans, daughter of Abraham Emans of Amsterdam, Chief of the Cinnamon Department. Their son was Abraham Samlant, who married Agneta Bierens, daughter of Dirk Bierens and Catherina Toorzee.</p>
530 ..	Aug. 5 1785	.. Maria Cornelia de Ly	<p>Hier legt begraaven Vrouwe MARIA CORNELIA SCHUTTRUP, gemaalinne van den Raad Extraordinair van Nederlands India en Kommandeur alhier ARNOLDUS DE LY. Was gebooren te Gale 30 Nov. 1742, gehuwt te Colo. 7 Nov. 1756, overleeden den 5 Aug. 1785, eene dogter van wylen den opperkoopman en Colombo's Dessave PIETER ELDERS SCHUTTRUP en ANNA MARIA VAN DER LINDEN. Zalig zyn de dooden die in den Heere sterven.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 248; vol. XVII., p. 23.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Dexter shield (De Ly): quarterly 1 and 2 sable, a chevron or, between three fleurs-de-lys or; 2 and 3, party per pale (1) sable, two stars (5) or, paleways (2) gules, a pine argent.</p> <p>Sinister shield (Schuttrup): already blazoned.</p> <p>Arnoldus de Ly was a native of Bergen-op-Zoom. His son, Andreas Everardus de Ly, studied at Harderwyk (1776), returned to Ceylon, and married Dorothea Petronella van der Spar. Their daughters were Arnoldina Johanna and Dorothea Agatha. The former married George Laughton of London, Customs Master, and the latter married (1) Captain John William Young, and (2) Captain Edward Lockyer, 19th Regiment.</p>
531 ..	Oct. 11 1785	.. Anna Jacoba Kraayenhoff	<p>Ter gedagtenisse van de waardige en ooyt volvreede vrouwe ANNA JACOBA VAN DE LEUR, teeder beminde en dierbare egtgenote van den Heere CORNELIUS DIONYSIUS KRAAYENHOFF, oppercoopman en gezaghebber der stad en landen van</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
531 ..	Oct. 11 1785	Anna Jacoba Kraayenhoff— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Gale en Mature. Gebooren den 12 April, 1747, en tot bitter leedweezen van allen die haare deugden en groote zielshoedanigheeden bekend waeren zalig in den Heeren ontslapen den 11 October, Ao. 1785.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 249; vol. XVII., p. 23.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Dexter shield (Krayenhoff): argent three rooks sable.</p> <p>Sinister shield (Van de Leur): quarterly: 1 and 4 azure a swan argent, 2 and 3 or, 3 pots sable.</p> <p>Anna Jacoba van de Leur was a native of Oude-tong, and married at Colombo, December 8, 1765, Major Pierre Dufflo of Rouen. She married (2), December 17, 1769, Cornelius Dionysius Krayenhoff of Hoorn, who, after her death, married in 1788 Appollonia Magdalena van Angelbeek of Batavia, widow of Frederik Jacob Billing, Dissave of Colombo.</p>
532 ..	July 4 1790	Johan Fredrik Andrae ..	<p>Hier rust het lyk van wylen den Wel Edelen Manhafte Heer JOHAN FREDRIK ANDRAE in leeven Capityn-Luytenant der Honorable Militie te Cochin. Geboren te Golding in Saxen den 5 Maart 1752, gestorve hier te Gale den 4 July, 1790, in den ouderdom van 38 jaaren en 4 maanden. Zyn Wel Edele Manhafte was hier te Gale kort voor desselfs overlyden aangekomen om na Europa zyn vaderland terug te keeren edog wierd het tydelijk teegen het eeuwige verwisselend ende in deeze aangename hoop bedroogen.</p> <p>Mensch meest bereyd te sterven.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 249.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—A shield charged with a representation of St. Andrew bearing his cross.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A wreath (?).</p> <p>Johan Fredrik Andrae was married to Josina Magdalena van Haren of Cochin, and had a daughter, Maria Elizabeth, born at Cochin, January 10, 1788; died Galle, April 22, 1809; married at Galle, March 29, 1805, Johan Friedrich Lorenz of Tempelburg, Police Magistrate of Matara.</p> <p>Another daughter, Wilhelmina Magdalena Andrae, was the wife of John Godlieb Buttenmuller of Ludwigsburg, Lieutenant, Wurtemberg Regiment.</p> <p>Josina Magdalena van Haren married (2) at Galle, February 27, 1791, Dirk Haiting. She was most probably the daughter of Reynier van Haren of Campen, hoofd administrateur of Cochin, where he died on March 16, 1789, aged 55 years.</p>
533 ..	Nov. 26 1791	Clara Josina Sluysken ..	<p>Ter gedagtenisse van de Eersame jongvrouwe CLARA JOSINA teedergeliefde en dierbare dogter van den Wel Edelen Achtbare Heer PIETER SLUYSKEN, Commandeur der Stad Gale en landen van Mature, etca. Geboren den 14 May, 1776, en tot bitter leedwezen van alle die hare deugden en zielshoedanigheeden bekend waren zalig in den Heeren ontslapen den 26 November, 1791, in den ouderdom van 15 jaren 4 maanden en 12 dagen.</p> <p>Met luister kon haar harte en yder streele</p> <p>En in haar vaders borst de diepste wonde heele.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 244; vol. XVII., p. 36.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Azure a greyhound sejant and contourné argent, collared or.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A greyhound as in the arms.</p> <p>Clara Josina Sluysken was born at Colombo, and was the daughter of Pieter Sluysken of Amsterdam and Susanna Petronella Medeler, the daughter of Major Hendrik Medeler of Braekel and Gertruida Augustin of Batavia.</p>
534 ..	June 30 1800	Theobald von Hugel ..	<p>Hier rust het lyk van wylen den Hoog Wel Gebooren Heer THEOBALD VON HUGEL in leeven Colonel en Commandt van het Hertoglr. Wurtemberse Regimt., Chevalier de l'ordre militaire pour le mérite. Gebooren te Strasburg den 20 April, 1739, Overleedn. te Gale den 30 Juny, 1800.</p> <p>("Lapidarium Zeylanicum," p. 64.)</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
534 ..	June 30 1800	.. Theobald von Hugel— <i>contd.</i>	<p>The former Queen's House at Galle, now belonging to Messrs. Clark, Spence & Co., was at the time when Lieutenant-Colonel James Campbell landed at Galle in 1819 said to be haunted by the ghost of Colonel von Hugel. "Here the reputed ghost is that of an old fat Dutch colonel, who died many years ago when Commandant of Galle; and his spurs (he having been a knight) still hang up in the church upon a finely decked escutcheon. I have not as yet had a visit from Heer von Hugel." ("Excursions, Adventures, and Field Sports in Ceylon," by Lieutenant-Colonel James Campbell, vol. I., p. 99.)</p> <p>A Lieutenant von Hugel left Ceylon for Calcutta on March 27, 1817.</p>
535 ..	June 30 1800	.. Theobald von Hugel	<p>Ter gedachtenis van den Hoogwelgebooren Heer THEOBALD VON HUGEL, Colonel, Commandant van het Regiment van Wurtemberg, Chevalier de l'ordre Militair pour le mérite. Gebooren te Strasbourg d. 20 April, 1739. Overleeden, den 30 Juny, Ao. 1800.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 253; vol. XVII., p. 25.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Quarterly: 1 and 4 gules, 6 cannon balls heaped 1, 2, 3. 2 and 3 azure, a sinister hand embowed and vambraced, sable, issuing out of clouds and holding a sword, sable.</p> <p><i>Supporter (dexter).</i>—A greyhound regardant, argent, collared or.</p> <p>A hatchment.</p> <p>One Johan Christiaan von Hugel, Captain, Wurtemberg Regiment, married at the Cape, February 15, 1789, Alberta Elizabeth Alleman. Possibly a son.</p>
536 ..	Jan. 26 1801	.. Grace Beck	<p>.. To the memory of Mrs. GRACE BECK, who departed this life in the thirty-eighth year of her age on the 26th January, 1801. To commemorate her amiable virtue as an affectionate and fond wife, a tender step-mother, a warm and steady friend, her disconsolate husband hath caused this tablet to be placed over her ever to be revered remains.</p> <p>Conjugam optima, mulierum amantissima Vale.</p>
537 ..	Nov. 24 1806	.. Mattheus van der Spar	<p>.. Hier onder legt begraven MATTHEUS VAN DER SPAR, Koopman en gewezen administrateur des Gaalsch Commandements in dienst van de Nederlandsche Oost Indiasche Maatschappy. Gebooren te Jaffnapatnam den 19 May, 1730, gestorven te Gale den 24 November, 1806.</p> <p>Hy die de dood verwon. Zal onze leydsman zyn En geven in der nacht Een helder zonneshyn.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 243; vol. XVII., p. 21.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per pale (1) per fess in chief a star (6), in base an anchor (2) per bend sinister and two bendlets.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A star as in the arms.</p> <p>Mattheus van der Spar was the son of Johannes van der Spar and Johanna Coorn. There were many persons of the name of van der Spar settled in the north of the Island from early times. With the disappearance of the old Dutch Church registers it is now somewhat difficult to connect these persons with each other, but piecing together genealogical scraps collected from other sources the following result can be obtained:—</p> <p>Johannes van der Spar: opperhoofd, Manaar; Administrateur, Galle, 1717; married Anna Verwyk, the daughter of Jurgen Verwyk, Vryburger, Jaffna, and had by her the following children:—</p> <p>1. <i>Jurgen</i>, Opperkoopman and Hoofd-administrateur, Colombo; Raad Ordinair, Batavia. Born at Jaffna; died Batavia, February 5, 1766; married (1) Anna Adriana Woutersz, died 1738, daughter of Gualterus Woutersz, Commandeur of Jaffna; (2) at Batavia, March 6, 1756, Johanna Fluyt of Negapatnam, the widow of Christoffel Moll. Of the first marriage, Johannes Gualterus, born at Jaffna, died</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
537 ..	Nov. 24 1806	Mattheus van der Spar— <i>contd.</i>	<p>before November 19, 1759, married at Batavia, September 24, 1757, Henrica van de Polder of Utrecht.</p> <p>2. <i>Maria Magdalena</i>, baptized at Colombo, December 24, 1711.</p> <p>3. <i>Philippus</i>, alive in 1760, Administrateur, Jaffna, died there 1762, married Johanna Maria Brengman.</p> <p>4. <i>Johannes</i>, Consumptie-boekhouder, Mannar, 1746, married Johanna Coorn.</p> <p>5. <i>Anna</i>, baptized at Colombo, June 23, 1715.</p> <p>6. <i>Justinus</i>, married Maria Petronella Dormieux.</p> <p>7. <i>Laurens</i>, baptized at Galle, September 21, 1716.</p>
538 ..	Sept. 21 1812	Catherina van Schuler ..	<p>Ter gedagtenis van Mejuff CATHERINA MARTHEZE gehuwd geweest met den Heer ELIAS VAN SCHULER. Gebooren den 2 November, 1783, en overleede te Gale den 21 September, 1812.</p> <p>Haare goede en lieflyke hoedaanigheeden maakten haar by een ider bemind en haar vroegtydig verlies verwekt een hartgrievend smert aan haaren ontroostbaaren echtgenoot en onnoozel dogtertje.</p> <p>Uxor amata vale ! Sed quis tua busta rigamus has lachrymas nostre pignus amoris habe.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S. C.B., vol. XV., p. 245; vol. XVII., p. 22.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—(Van Schuler.) Or, a fess embattled—counter-embattled sable.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A peacock's feather.</p> <p><i>Supporters.</i>—Two griffins or.</p> <p>These are the Van Schuler arms.</p> <p>Catherina (Francina) Martheze was married to Elias van Schuler at Matara on September 4, 1811. She was the daughter of Nicolaas Bernardus Martheze of Galle (born 1750), boekhouder, by his second wife Francina Gerardina Solomina Kersee of Jaffna, and the granddaughter of Bartholomeus Martheze of Jaffna and Elizabeth Bernarda Truyns of Galle.</p> <p>Elias van Schuler (baptized at Galle, March 17, 1793, died April 3, 1817) was the son of Pieter Wilem Ferdinand Adriaan van Schuler of Utrecht, Dissave of Matara, and Wilhelmina Catharina Leembruggen, and grandson of Jan van Schuler of Amsterdam, a Receiver-General of Utrecht, and Baroness Adriana Sophia van Reede van Oudshoorn. ("Nederlandsche Leeuw," vol. XXVI., p. 294.)</p>
539 ..	Jan. 18 1816	John Twisleton Harvard ..	<p>In memory of JOHN TWISLETON HARVARD, infant son of the Revd. W. M. HARVARD, Missionary, who was born at Colombo, November 4th, 1815, and died at this place January 18th, 1816.</p> <p>Named after the Archdeacon.</p> <p>"Associated with Mr. Clough in the first years of the mission was William Martin Harvard. He was in Ceylon 1813-1818, and died in 1857. He wrote 'A Narrative of the Establishment and Progress of the Mission to Ceylon and India,' published in 1823. The history of the commencement of the mission was written by him in a work of great interest, one of the first narratives of any length published on modern missions." (Hardy, p. 303.)</p> <p>"On 15th of January, 1815, Mr. and Mrs. Harvard, with their infant, left the harbour of Bombay and embarked for Ceylon, but they had a long and dangerous passage, and did not reach Ceylon until the 23rd of February. They met with the same kind reception, particularly from Lord and Lady Molesworth, who were about to embark for England in the transport <i>Arniston</i>, in which the Molesworths were lost." (<i>Ibid.</i>, p. 69.)</p>
540 ..	Oct. 11 1819	Elizabeth Kadensky ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of ELIZABETH KADENSKY. Born 11th January, 1767. Died 11th October, 1819.</p> <p>Perhaps a daughter of Johan Pieter Kadensky and Ester Henrietta Theodora Bagman of Galle.</p>

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Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
541 ..	June 15 1829	Ana Benjamina Barendsz	Hier leyd begraven Mejuffrouw ANA BENJAMINA GERRITSZ weduwe van den te Colombo overleeden boekhouder de Heer JOHANNES BARENDZ. Overleeden op Gale den 15 June 1829 in haar ouderdom van 89 jaaren. Zy verwacht nu de zalige opstandinge der dooden. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 245; vol. XVII., p. 22.) Ana Benjamina Gerritsz married Johannes Barendsz on November 30, 1755.
542 ..	Aug. 9 1832	Mary McKenny Robert Newton McKenny	In memory of MARY, wife of JOHN MCKENNY, Wesleyan Missionary. Who died the 9th of August, 1832. Aged 48 years. And likewise her son ROBERT NEWTON. “ John McKenny was born at Coleraine, and was one of the men chosen for the missionary work by Dr. Coke. He was first stationed at the Cape of Good Hope, but as he was not allowed to exercise his ministry in that Colony, he came forward to Ceylon. He was the means of the erection of several chapels in the Island, and was for some time the Chairman of the District. He was in Ceylon 1816–1834. In 1832 he was appointed to superintend the Wesleyan churches in Australia. He died 1847.” (Hardy, p. 302.) “ On the 6th of July, 1820, the chapel at Negombo was consecrated to the service of God. In the evening Mr. McKenny preached.” (Hardy, p. 106.) He was afterwards stationed at Siduwa in Negombo District. He opened a school at Wekade, a mile beyond Panadure, in 1822. Mary Smyth was married to Rev. John McKenny at St. Andrews, Dublin, on December 22, 1813. He had by her two sons, born at Jaffna, viz., William Smyth and Robert. John McKenny married (2) at Colombo, July 8, 1833, “ Sarah, relict of the late James Macrae.”
543 ..	Oct. 6 1835	Jan Marten Wittensleger ..	Tot gezegent aandenken van wylen den Eerwaarden Heer JAN MARTEN WITTENSLEGER, gebooren te Galle den 13 May, 1763. Overleeden den 6 October 1835. Hy wierd voor de Gemeente alhier bevestigd als diaken in 1804, als ouderling in 1812 en als propo- nent in 1823. In deze ampten heeft de zalige zich loffelyk gekweten en de Gemeente ruim 28 jaaren gesticht met onvermoeyden vlyt in leere en in leven. Zyn nederige wandel was steeds opregt, gepaart met edelz zugt yver en liefde voor Gods eer. En voor't heil zyner mede menschen, zyne gezind- heid en handelwyze deed hem onder ons uitmun- ten in elke zyner levens betrekkingen. Als een waardig man, als een edele Vriend, als een waar Christen, als een trouwe dienaar en naar- volger van Jesus zynen God en Heer. Gesticht door de gemeente te Galle 1836. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., pp. 246, 279.) He was the son of Jan Wittensleger of Amsterdam and Arembewellege Junesa.
544 ..	Jan. 6	Johannes	Hier ond JOHANNES van Nieuwcas boekhoude dienst der Ed Obyt 6 Janua Zynde 28 jaar dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 281.) Found at the same time and place as No. 506.
545 ..		Michiel Adriaens	Hier onder leyt begraven den E. MICHEL ADRIAENS in syn leven coopman en administrateur van Gale is in den Heer gerust den 5 anno (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 279; vol. XVII., p. 31; vol. XVIII., p. 67.) Found at the same time and place as No. 497. Michiel Adriaens of Hertogenbosch was married to Maria de Cunha, by whom he had a son, Michiel, baptized at Colombo on August 18, 1658, and a

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Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
545 Michiel Adriaens— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>daughter, Lucretia, baptized at Colombo, February 3, 1661. There is no date on the stone. Perhaps the Administrateur was the son.</p> <p>The arms are difficult to blazon. In chief there are ranged, fess-wise, a sun in his splendour, a scroll (?), a hand issuing out of clouds holding a wreath (?). In base a human figure holding in his (?) dexter hand a flag, and in the sinister a ball surmounted by a crescent decrescent. The human figure is riding on what appears to be a flying griffin. The crest is a dog (?).</p> <p>Perhaps the arms were suggested by Revelation, chap. XII.</p>
546	Nov. 21 1838	.. George Hay Boyd	<p>.. In Memory of GEORGE HAY BOYD, a native of Crimond, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, and Fourteen years Merchant in Colombo. Who died at Galle, 21st November, 1838. Aged 42 Years.</p> <p>He left Colombo on November 15, 1838, by the <i>Caroline</i>, with Mrs. Boyd and family, his partner, Mr. George Ackland, and Dr. Dodsworth, intending to proceed to England, but he died on board the vessel in Galle harbour on the 21st. The <i>Caroline</i> left for the Cape on the 27th, taking Lieutenant Ostheyden, C.R.R., as a passenger for that place, and the Rev. Mr. Trimmell to England. Mrs. Boyd remained behind. She had a son at Colombo on January 15, 1839. His only daughter Mary married at North Silver street, Aberdeen, September 12, 1861, Rev. Alexander Cumming. He belonged to the firm of Ackland & Boyd.</p> <p>His namesake, William Boyd, gives the following account of him in the <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> :—</p> <p>“He was a son of the Rev. William Boyd of Crimond, and a partner in the firm of Ackland & Boyd of Calcutta and Colombo, represented in Ceylon now by Messrs. Darley, Butler & Co. The firm started in April, 1829, and suspended payment in the great coffee monetary crash of 1848. Mr. George Ackland was a merchant in Colombo as early as 1828, and Mr. George Boyd must have been there as early as 1824.</p> <p>“At the time of Capt. Bird’s happy venture in coffee planting, he saw at once that a new era was dawning on that country, and he lost no time in communicating his views to his kinsman and partner. Government land was then selling at five shillings per acre, and these three gentlemen immediately took measures to purchase large tracks of many thousand acres in all the most eligible districts in the interior. They bought Moorootie in the Four Korales; Kondesalle, Salwattie, Galmadua Ugha Pettie, Pallikele, Degalle, and Dodangolle in the Doombra Valley. They bought the whole of the Madookelle, Oonangalle, and Kelebokka valleys; as also Wellakanda and Pittakanda on the Hunasgiria range. They bought the Mooragaha and Goomera valleys on the Knuckles, besides large tracks of land in Saffragam, Hantane, and Hewahettiya.”</p> <p>William Boyd describes him as “a tall, handsome, reserved-looking man, with a calm, dignified bearing.” (<i>Ibid</i>, p. 389.)</p> <p>“Mr. George Bird planted the greater part of Kondesalle for the firm, whilst two young men, Messrs. Hudson and Stephens, better known as ‘Jerry’ and ‘Stumps,’ began to clear Pallikelle under his direction, and Mr. R. B. Tytler, who had some experience of coffee planting in Jamaica, was engaged to take charge of the estates already opened, and also those about to be opened for the firm in Ceylon. Shortly after his arrival at Galle Mr. George Boyd was thrown from his horse and died at Galle from the effects.”</p> <p>As usual, William Boyd is romancing when he professes to give the cause of his death. George Boyd was a member of the first Legislative Council of Ceylon in 1834. He came out to Ceylon as Commander of an Indian trader, the <i>Mary</i>.</p>
547	March 18 1840	.. Gertruida Petronella Schroter	<p>Sacred to the memory of Mrs. GERTRUIDA PETRONELLA GILBERT, Widow of the Reverend CARL FREDERICK SCHROTER. Born on the 18th November, 1774, and died on the 18th March, 1840.</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
547	March 18 1840	Gertruida Petronella Schroter— <i>contd.</i>	<p>She was a daughter of Jan Jacob Gilbert of Gertruidenberg, boekhouder, by his marriage with Bernarda Susanna Kriekenbeek. Her brother, Jacobus Cornelis, married Charlotta Thomasina Nagel, and had a son, Thomas Bernard, who married the widow of Lieutenant Burke, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, who was a Miss Bridgetina (Biddy) Prior, and married Lieutenant Burke on May 26, 1813. Thomas Bernard's eldest daughter, Victoria McNaghten, married on December 28, at Galle, Ebenezer Gracie, eldest son of Rev. Robert Gracie, M.A., of Hastings.</p> <p>The Rev. Carl Frederick Schroter was the son of Carl Fredrick Schroter of Hildesheim, Dissave of Jaffna, and Helena Cornelia Kriekenbeek. Dissave Carl Fredrick Schroter came out to the Indies in 1751 in the ship <i>Spandewaal</i>, and died at Colombo in 1805.</p>
548	Feb. 22 1845	Blanche Fredrika Cripps	<p>Sacred to the Memory of BLANCHE FREDRIKA CRIPPS, who departed this life on the 22nd February, 1845. Aged 18 months.</p> <p>Her father, George Hinde Cripps, was in the Civil Service, 1822–32, and was Government Agent of the Southern Province from November 1, 1838, until his retirement on June 16, 1852. He died in 1869.</p> <p>George Hinde Cripps was married to Sarah Elizabeth and had three other children born at Galle, viz., Laura Elizabeth (born 1837), Edward Montagu (born 1839), whose godfather was Raymond Cripps, George St. Vincent (born in 1842). The godfather of Blanche Fredrika was Frederick Cripps.</p>
549	Sept. 18 1845	Mary Ann Garstin	<p>Sacred to the Memory of MRS. MARY ANN GARSTIN, Wife of Lt.-Col. GARSTIN of the Bengal Engineers, who departed this life on the 18th of Sept., 1845. Aged 27.</p> <p>“The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away ; blessed be the name of the Lord.”</p> <p>Whether Lieutenant-Colonel Garstin was related to the Ceylon Garstins (No. 108) I do not know, but it is probable.</p>
550	May 9 1847	John Henry Rabinel	<p>Sacred to the Memory of JOHN HENRY RABINEL, Esq., of the Ceylon Civil Service, who died May 9th, 1847. Aged 47 years.</p> <p>“Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord.”</p> <p>J. H. Rabinel, baptized at Matara, May 25, 1800, was a son of John David Rabinel (see No. 552), and was Police Magistrate of Galle at the time of his death. He had been District Judge of Tangalla, to which office he was appointed on August 1, 1844. In 1846 he was charged by Mrs. Sirr, wife of the Deputy Queen's Advocate, who wrote a book about Ceylon, with having shaken his fist at her.</p>
551	May 18 1849	Anne Rabinel	<p>Sacred to the Memory of ANNE, Widow of JOHN HENRY RABINEL, Esq., of the Ceylon Civil Service, and eldest daughter of Edmond Larken, Esq., of Bedford Square, London. She died on the 18th of May, 1849. Aged 48 years.</p> <p>“Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of His Saints.” Ps. cxvi., ver. 15.</p> <p>They were married on May 5, 1846. She was, I think, his second wife.</p>
552	Feb. 19 1850	Johanna Plantina Rabinel	<p>Sacred to the Memory of JOHANNA PLANTINA DE MOOR, Widow of JOHN DAVID RABINEL, Esq., of Point De Galle. She died on the 19th of February, 1850. Aged 73 years.</p> <p>“The Memory of the Just is blessed.”</p> <p>She was a daughter of Pieter Arent de Moor, boekhouder, by Christina Gertruida van Coeverden, whom he married at Galle on August 16, 1767. He was the son of Arent Pietersz de Moor, Fiscaal of Galle, by his wife Agnita Maria Bierens. Arent Pietersz was a son of Lieutenant Pieter de Moor of The Hague by his wife Johanna Oberst. Johanna Plantina's elder sister, Anna Cecilia, married Captain Edward Graham, Bengal Artillery, of St. Andrews,</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
552 ..	Feb. 19 1850	Johanna Plantina Rabinel— <i>contd.</i>	Scotland. Another sister, Johanna Maria, married (1) Friederich Wilhelm Heinrich Gossewyn, Baron von Marken. (2) Captain Lucas Aems on July 17, 1796, and (3) Johan Godlieb Buttenmuller of Ludwigsburg, Lieutenant, Wurtemberg Regiment. John David Rabinel belonged to Middelburg, and for some time was a judge in the H.E.I.C.'s service at Malacca. He had two sons, John Henry and J. Marie. The latter became a sailor, and died in India. There were three daughters: one married Edward Sampson Waring, C.C.S., another G. S. Brook, and the third R. Brook. In 1823 Mrs. Rabinel sued M. J. Smyth, C.C.S., on a bond. (<i>Ramanathan's Reports</i> , 1820-33, p. 70.) <i>Arms.</i> —(Rabinel.) Party per pale, argent, a lion rampant (2) ermine, three leopards' heads. A chief party per pale (1) three stars (2) a leopard passant. (<i>Journal</i> , R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 273.)
553	Nov. 12 1852	Henrietta Anne Vanderspar	Sacred to the Memory of HENRIETTA ANNE, Wife of Capt. WM. C. VANDERSPAR of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died on the 12th of November, 1852. Aged 25. She was third daughter of E. S. Waring, C.C.S., and married Captain Vanderspar at Matale, August 12, 1845.
554 ..	Dec. 17 1852	Eliza Austin	.. Here lie the Remains of ELIZA, the beloved wife of WM. AUSTIN, Esq. Died 17th December, 1852, aged 39 years. Eliza was the daughter of Thomas Garvin and Abigail Palm (born at Matara, November 12, 1790). Abigail Palm was first married to James Eckley. She was the daughter of Matthias Frederic Palm of Batavia, Doctor of Laws, "geauthorizeerde te Matara." William Austin was the son of Nathaniel Austin (see No. 557).
555 ..	Jan. 19 1853	Catherine Christoffelsz	.. In Memory of CATHERINE CHRISTOFFELSZ, the Beloved wife of LUKE PHILIP CHRISTOFFELSZ and the eldest daughter of Capt. JOHN MORRIS, Commander of the Government Brig <i>Hebe</i> . She was born on the 17th August, 1815, died at Colombo on the 19th January, 1853, leaving five sons and two daughters and many relations and friends to deplore her loss. This tablet is erected by her sorrowing Husband who mourns not without hope, for "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord." Deu. xiv., 13. Luke Philip Christoffelsz (born 1811) was the son of Johannes Justinus Christoffelsz and Roemana Boekholst.
556	Jan. 21 1853	George Winter	.. Sacred to the Memory of GEORGE WINTER, Esq., of Baddagamma, near Galle, who departed this life 21st January, 1853. Aged 55 years.
	June 12 1862	Edward James Winter	.. Also of EDWARD JAMES WINTER, second son of the above, who died at Galle, 12th June, 1862. Aged 31 years. This tribute of affection is raised to the memory of those so dearly loved in life by those who are left to mourn their loss. "The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord." There is an inscription on the tomb of George Winter in the Church of England cemetery; also to his widow, Sarah, who died January 7, 1892. He was for a time editor of the <i>Colombo Observer</i> . He was in 1823 supercargo of the ship <i>Nedras</i> , Clarke, Master, which arrived at Colombo in July and went on to Calcutta, returning to Colombo in December. Clarke and Winter were partners, and became bankrupt in February, 1825. Winter then joined Messrs. Muskett and Young in partnership, and became head of the firm in November, 1825. The

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
556 ..	Jan. 21 1853, &c.	George Winter, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>firm of George Winter & Co. was dissolved, May 15, 1828, and the business carried on by J. E. Young.</p> <p>In 1834, with George Rivers and Nicholas Bergman, the printers, he was tried before the Supreme Court for a libel on Thomas Oswin, Superintendent of Police, Colombo, whom he had charged with gross negligence and misconduct for having refused a warrant of arrest against Rivers' servant, but acquitted. Mr. Justice Rough, Senior Puisne Justice, presided.</p> <p>He was the pioneer of sugar cultivation and of other enterprises in Ceylon. "He and his descendants managed to make sugar cultivation pay on a small scale on the banks of the Gindura river at Baddegama, near Galle. So long as the great mail companies made the latter port their headquarters, there was always a steady and fairly profitable demand for raw sugar for the supply of the ships which brought coal for the steamers." (A. M. Ferguson in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>. Vol. II., p. 15.) George Winter married Sarah Cressy. Their eldest son was George Walter Winter. His eldest daughter, Sarah Ann, married in April, 1844, at St. Brelades Church, Jersey, Joseph Deslandes, junior, Swedish and Norwegian Consul for this Island. Another daughter married Robert Charles Roosmalecocq.</p> <p>The following of his children were baptized in the Church of England, Galle, viz. Edward James (1830), William Sextus (April 4, 1836), Lydia Septima (April 4, 1836), Alfred Octavius (September 26, 1836), Ellen Nora (April 12, 1838), and Harriet Decima (July 14, 1839). Lydia Septima Winter married at Baddegama, January 6, 1858, Haverstock Hodsell Bowman. Harriet Decima, who died at the Queen's Jubilee Hospital, Earl's Court, August 4, 1906, was the wife of William Elphinstone Underwood.</p>
557 ..	June 7 1853	Nathaniel Austin	<p>.. Here lie the Remains of NATHANIEL AUSTIN, Sr., Esq., for 31 Years Depty. Asst. Commissary of Galle. Died 7th June. 1853. Aged 68 years.</p> <p>He was Quartermaster of the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, and married Sophia Frederica, daughter of Frederick Willem Calesky of Grandzee (Brandenburg), Sergeant of the Wurtemberg Regiment, by Eliza Rodrigo, his wife. A son, Nathaniel, died at Galle, January 7, 1855. He married at St. Paul's, Colombo, November 14, 1831, Elizabeth Hogg, daughter of Lieutenant Hogg, C.R.R., and they were the parents of Nathaniel James Austin, the Proctor, and editor of the law reports known as Austin's Reports. Another son, William, married January 2, 1832, Eliza Garvin, and left numerous descendants at present settled in Galle.</p> <p>Bennett describes an experiment in the hatching of Hawk's bill turtles carried out by "a Portuguese lady at Point de Galle, the wife of an officer of the late 3rd Ceylon Regiment (Nicholas (<i>sic</i>) Austin, Esquire, of the Colonial staff)" (p. 275).</p>
558 ..	April 6 1853	Mary Cecilia Twynam	<p>.. In memory of MARY CECILIA TWYNAM, Wife of THOMAS H. TWYNAM, Esq., Master Attendant of Pt. De Galle.</p> <p>This Tablet is erected by many Officers of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, who desire by it to record the feelings of gratitude and esteem which mingle with their sorrow for her loss. Her hospitality to them when in health knew no bounds, and to her motherly kindness many of them have been indebted for the alleviation of their sufferings when in sickness. They feel that in her they have lost a sincere friend and kind comforter in the hour of trouble. Died on the 6th day of April, 1853, in her 56th year.</p> <p>Also an inscription on her tomb in All Saints' Cemetery.</p> <p>She was a daughter of Major Thomas Summerfield of the 83rd and widow of Lieutenant Hawkins, R.N., who lost his life in the West Indies in trying to save</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
558 ..	April 6 1853	Mary Cecilia Twynam— <i>contd.</i>	<p>a man who had fallen overboard. She came out to Ceylon with her two children in a man-of-war, and one of the midshipmen on board was P. A. Dyke, then a little boy, who used to come to Mrs. Hawkins in his troubles with the other middies. One of the sons entered the Royal Engineers and became Sir John Hawkins, K.C.M.G. He served for some time in Ceylon, and afterwards in Tasmania and Ireland, and received his decoration for his services on the Boundary Commission. Mrs. Hawkins married Captain Thomas Holloway Twynam at Trincomalee on July 8, 1823. He was in command of H. M. schooner <i>Cochin</i>, which was at Galle on January 15, 1821, succeeded Edward Killwick as Master Attendant, Trincomalee, in 1822, and Francis Dickson as Master Attendant, Galle, in 1825. Major Summerfield's fourth daughter, Letitia, married Captain Hilton, Commanding Ceylon Light Dragoons, on December 12, 1821, at Colombo; another, Alexander (<i>sic</i>) Jessie, married at Colombo, March 18, 1824, Captain William Cuthbert Ward, R.E., afterwards General Ward; another, Margaret James Knowles, married Captain Peter Crofton, 1st Ceylon Regiment (from whom Sir William Twynam got his second name), on April 27, 1823, at Trincomalee; and a fifth, Lieutenant-Colonel Geddes, 83rd Regiment (see No. 10).</p> <p>Major Summerfield had served through the Peninsula war, like most of the officers and men of the 83rd. He died at Limerick in 1832 or 1833, after the return of the regiment. There is a tablet in a Limerick church to his memory. He was a stern old soldier and a strict disciplinarian. Mrs. Twynam was devoted to him, and was in the Peninsula in the camp when he was fighting in the front.</p> <p>Thomas Holloway was son of John Twynam of Whitchurch Manor, born 1760, died 1825, by his wife Elizabeth Talmadge. John Twynam was at the bombardment of Copenhagen in the <i>Glutton</i>, under the Crown batteries, and gave an account of it to Sir William Twynam and his brother. The Twynam family settled in Hampshire <i>circa</i> 1560. It is descended from Sir Robert Twynam, who was an Admiral in the time of Richard I. He married (2) Mary, daughter of the Ven. T. J. Twisleton and widow of William Gisborne, C.C.S., who died in 1839. She died December 17, 1873. T. H. Twynam, by his first wife, was the father of Sir William Crofton Twynam, K.C.M.G., C.C.S. (retired).</p>
559 ..	July 2 1854	Susanna Francina de Breard	<p>Sacred to the memory of SUSANNA FRANCINA, Daughter of the late JOHANNES THEODOSIUS RUDOLPH, Esq., Widow of MARIE JOSEPH BENJAMIN DE BREARD, Esquire, of Rochefort, France, who died on the 2nd of July, 1854. Aged 84.</p> <p>She was the daughter of Johannes Theodosius Rudolph of Wyenzee and Gertruida Wolff of Colombo.</p> <p>Marie Joseph Benjamin de Breard was the sixth son of Nicolas Marcellin de Breard and Marie de Gourville. He was a Captain in the De Meuron Regiment.</p>
560 ..	Nov. 8 1855	William Henry Trant	<p>Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM HENRY TRANT, Esq., Deputy Storekeeper, Ordnance Dept., who died on the 8th of Novr. 1855, aged 47.</p> <p>Cast down but not destroy'd. II. Cor. iv., ver. 9.</p> <p>He died at Colpetty, Colombo, and is buried in the Galle Face Cemetery, where there is a tombstone. He was stationed at Galle from 1831. He married in Galle, July 30, 1835, Susan Margaret Giesler, the daughter of Lieutenant Gerard Godfried Archibald Giesler, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, and Dorothea Sophia Susanna de Breard, and the granddaughter of Albert Henry Giesler of Lisbon, a boekhouder in the Dutch service, and Susanna Gertruida Staats.</p> <p>He was a witness in the Walbeoff trial.</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
561	March 31 1857	John Joachim Vanderspar	<p>Sacred to the Memory of JOHN JOACHIM VANDERSPAR, Esq., Justice of the Peace, Consul in Ceylon for H. M. the King of the Netherlands, who died at Galle on the 31st March, 1857. Aged 61.</p> <p>Fear not : for I am with thee : I will bring thy seed from the East and gather thee from the West, I will say to the North, give up, and to the South, keep not back, bring my sons from far, and my daughters from the ends of the earth.—Isaiah XLIII., 5, 6.</p> <p>The same inscription is on his tomb in the Dutch cemetery, where three infant sons—William Louis, died December 27, 1825 ; Charles Benjamin, died January 27, 1837 ; and Harold de Breard, died September 19, 1840—are buried.</p> <p>He was the son of Mattheus Vanderspar, Administrateur, Galle, by his second wife Johanna Gertruida Fybrandsz, the daughter of the Rev. Johan Joachim Fybrandsz and Catharina Elizabeth Dormieux. He married at Colombo, June 1, 1818, Dorothea Sophia Susanna de Breard, the daughter of Marie Joseph Benjamin de Breard of Rochefort and widow of Lieutenant G. Giesler.</p> <p>J. J. Vanderspar was left an orphan in 1806 at the age of 11, under the guardianship of Jacques David d'Estandau, who had married his half-sister Johanna Arnoldina de Bordes. "Out of a large patrimony, to which he should have succeeded on coming of age, but a trifle it appears actually came to him. It was therefore under great hardship and by dint of untiring energy that he gradually amassed the wealth and built up the fortune which he left to his sons and daughters." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. III., p. 399.)</p> <p>Susanna Francina Rudolph (wife of Marie Benjamin de Breard) was one of the thirteen children of Jan Theodosius Rudolph of Wyenzee, who married in 1760 Gertruida Wolf.</p>
562	July 30 1857	George Bagenall	<p>.. In memory of GEORGE BAGENALL, Lieut. H. M. 37th (North Hampshire) Regt., who fell in action near Arrah, Bengal, 30 July, 1857, aged 20 years.</p> <p>This tablet has been erected by his comrades left in garrison at Galle and other sincere friends as a tribute of their esteem and affectionate regard.</p> <p>Youngest son of Captain J. D. Bagenall (see No. 128). He joined the 37th as an Ensign on July 21, 1854.</p> <p>George Bagenall was a subaltern of the company of the 37th Regiment stationed at Galle, which was commanded by Captain H. P. Harrison, who married Miss Fanny Twynam, a sister of Sir William Twynam. This company formed part of the wing of the regiment sent to Calcutta by Governor Sir Henry Ward when the mutiny broke out. Captain Harrison took his company with young Bagenall as one of his subalterns, as part of the detachment sent to the relief of Arrah. It fell into an ambush in the night, in which many men were shot down in the dark. Captain Harrison and Ensign Bagenall managed to reach the river, and were swimming to the boat when Harrison was shot through the arm, but managed to reach the boat. Bagenall was also shot and went down in the river. Sir William Twynam says : "I saw the Galle company in 1856, and a finer body of men you could not wish to see—fine well-set-up men. The advance from the boats in the dark night was opposed by Harrison and other officers, who advised waiting for daylight, but the Commanding Officer was obdurate, and hence the terrible disaster."</p>
563	March 17 1858	Jemima Logan	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JEMIMA, the wife of JAMES M. LOGAN, Esquire, of Galle, and daughter of the late STEPHEN CLARK NORRIS, Esquire, of London, who died on the 17th March, 1858, in the 31st year of her age.</p>

The Dutch Church, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
563 ..	March 17 .. 1858	Jemima Logan— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>Also an inscription identical with this on her tomb in the Church of England cemetery at Galle.</p> <p>Jemima was the second daughter of Stephen Clark Norris. She married James Murray McGregor Logan at Galle, on October 21, 1857.</p> <p>J. M. Logan was manager of the branch of the O.B.C. at Galle.</p>
564 ..	Aug. 28 .. 1858 Nov. 3 .. 1858	Robert Balkhuysen .. Boyle Balkhuysen	<p>In memory of ROBERT BALKHUYSEN, late Medical Assistant, who died at Hambantota on the 28th August, 1858, in the 39th year of his age. And his brother BOYLE BALKHUYSEN, late a student, Medical College, Calcutta, where he died on the 3rd November, 1858, in the 20th year of his age.</p> <p>This tablet is erected by their afflicted friends in token of their esteem and affection.</p>
565 ..	March 12 .. 1861	William Charles Vanderspar	<p>Sacred to the Memory of WILLIAM CHARLES VANDERSPAR, Major, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died at Galle on the 12th of March, 1861, aged 39 years.</p> <p>“ In the midst of life we are in death.”</p> <p>He joined the Rifles as 2nd Lieutenant, October 9, 1842, and was gazetted Captain and Brevet-Major, September 28, 1847.</p> <p>He was a son of J. J. Vanderspar (No. 561). His first wife died at Galle (see No. 553), and he married (2), while Commandant at Galle, on November 9, 1859, Georgiana Margaret, youngest daughter of J. Avarne, Esq., R.N., at Galle. A daughter by his first wife married Luke Kelly (see No. 146).</p>
566 ..	March 16 .. 1868	Henrietta Sophia Vanderspar	<p>Sacred to the Memory of HENRIETTA SOPHIA, eldest daughter of the late Major VANDERSPAR, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died at Galle on the 16th of March, 1868, aged 21 Years.</p> <p>“ Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord.”</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Rev., xiv. chap., 13 ver.</p> <p>Mourn not the dead, 'tis they alone Who are the peaceful and the free, The purest olive branch is known To twine about the cypress tree.</p>
567 ..	June 12 .. 1903	Peter Daniel Anthonisz ..	<p>In piam ceternamque memoriam viri doctrina benignitate amore in patriam insignis PETRI DANIELIS ANTHONISZ. Medicinæ doctoris necnon illustrissime ordinis sanctorum Michaelis et Georgii socii, qui natus XXV. Junii, MDCCCXXII., ævi spatium finivit XII. Junii, MCMIII.</p> <p>A hatchment.</p> <p>There is an inscription on his tomb at the Dutch burial ground, Galle (see No. 645).</p> <p>The hatchment is of wood, painted in colours and gilded. It is nearly 10 feet in height. The prevailing colour is a light stone, relieved in parts by brown or chocolate. The upper part contains the emblem of medical science, a snake entwined on a cross. It is borne on a shield of light blue supported on either side by ecclesiastical figures carved in high relief, and painted flesh tint, with wings of gold. The figures rest on white flags tipped with gold ; each one has a branch of palm leaves, while the one on the right is shown blowing a trumpet, and that on the left displaying a garland. The lower portion of the tablet is taken up with a slab bearing the epitaph. Over this hangs a heraldic hatchment bearing the family arms of the deceased emblazoned in gold and colours, from which the Star of the Order of St. Michael and St. George is suspended. The inscription is of gold on a dark ground.</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle.

"THE Dutch *kerkhof* is outside the Fort, and bears the comparatively recent date 1786 and the words *Memento Mori* on the quaint lychgate. It was opened when for sanitary and other reasons it was thought proper to close the old cemetery within the Fort, which stood where the Municipal markets now stand, and bore on a stone slab over its gateway the date 1710. The larger number of the epitaphs found here are in English, but a few Dutch stones are to be seen with one or two armorial escutcheons." (F. H. de Vos in *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 356.)

The burial ground is crowded with vaults and tombs of the later Dutch fashion, the former almost on the surface of the ground, and the latter large and tasteless structures ornamented with masonry imitations of coffins on the top, sloping down to the foot; and Bennett, writing in the first quarter of last century, has some strong remarks upon the proximity of the burial ground to the high road: "A very great nuisance, for during the prevalence of the south-west monsoon the pestiferous stench that is diffused by the abominable custom of allowing coffins to be laid one over the other in the tombs, and considerably above the surface, is indescribable." (Bennett, p. 357.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
568 ..	Aug. 18 1789	Adrianus Cornelius Lever..	<p>Hier rust den Edele gestrenge Heer ADRIANUS CORNELIUS LEVER in zyn leven Major en Commandant der Militie te Gale, gebooren te Breda in den jaare 1746 den 2 November. Overleeden den 18 Augustus Anno 1789 in den ouderdom van 42 jaar 9 maand en 16 daagen.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 271; vol. XVII., p. 31.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Dexter shield (Lever): already blazoned (see No. 396). Sinister shield (Oostdyk): or, an anchor renversé sable between two escallops of the second.</p> <p>(Cf. Cotton, "Indian Monumental Inscriptions," p. 37.)</p> <p>Adriaan 'Cornelis Lever married, April 1, 1770, Susanna Isabella Oostdyk and predeceased her. She afterwards married at Galle, December 13, 1789, Isaac de Miron du Rochat of Neuchatel, a Captain in the Meuron Regiment stationed at Galle, and, after his death, J. G. Gradman. She was the daughter of Adriaan Oostdyk of Zierikzee, Superintendent of the Galle Corle, and Maria Byl.</p>
569 ..	May 21 1791	Fredrick Christiaan von Mullertsz	<p>Hier onder legd begraven het lyk van den Heer FREDRICK CHRISTIAAN VON MULLERTZ, gebooren te Kolding in Judland den 7 January 1753 in leeven Lieutenant en Commandant te Crangeanoor, overleeden op de 21 May 1791 ter stede Gale in den ouderdom van 38 jaaren vier maanden en ses daagen.</p> <p>Nog rust hy hier naaby het lyk van zyn Edele beide kinderen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 269; vol. XVII., p. 30.)</p> <p>Fredrick Christiaan von Mullertsz was married to Anna Gertruida Elizabeth Medeler, the daughter of Major Jan Hendrik Medeler and Gertruida Augustin.</p> <p>A daughter of Fredrick Christiaan von Mullertsz, Petronella Charlotta Gertruida, was married, July 22, 1804, to Adriaan Hendrik Ebell. Another daughter, Gertruida Elizabeth, married Lieutenant Charles von Driberg, 1810.</p>
570 ..	Oct. 4 1791	Jean Chevrete	<p>Hier rust het lyk van wylen den Weledele Manhafte Heer JEAN CHEVRET, Capitein Commandant der Artillerie alhier. Geboren te Parys den 25 December en overleden den 4 October 1791 in den ouderdom van 57 jaren 9 maanden en 10 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 271.)</p>
571 ..	Nov. 9 1795	William Kirton	<p>Here repose the body of Capityn WILLIAM KIRTON, late Commander of the Hon'ble English Company's snow <i>Elizabeth</i>. Deceased the 9th day of November, 1795. Aged 42 years.</p> <p>The engraving was probably done by a Dutch stone-cutter who knew little or no English. The word before "Elizabeth" appears to be "snow," which was a term applied in the 18th and early 19th centuries to ships of a certain kind.</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
572 ..	July 30 1804	Frederic Conrad Worsley ..	<p>F. C. WORSLEY. Died 30th July, 1804, aged 4 months.</p> <p>Son of Captain Edward Worsley, R.A., and Mary, his wife, baptized June 28, 1804. They arrived by the <i>Windham</i>, which brought the first detachment of Royal Artillery to Ceylon in June, 1803. Captain Worsley was appointed Commandant of Matara in September. 1805.</p>
573 ..	Sept. 16 1804	Carl Christiaan Conradi ..	<p>Hier rust CARL CHRISTIAAN CONRADI geb den 18 Maart 1802, en overleden 16 Sept., 1804, Kleinzoon van DIET. THOM. FRETZ.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S. C.B., vol. XV., p. 268.)</p> <p>Diedrich Thomas Fretz of St. Goar, Hesse Nassau, was the last Commandeur of Galle. By his second wife, Gertruida Henrietta Bartels of Tuticorin, he had a daughter, Maria Sophia, who married Carl August Conradi. These were the parents of Carl Christiaan.</p>
574 ..	Nov. 24 1804	Barend Nicholas Degen ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of BAREND NICHOLAS DEGEN, who expired on the 24th of November, 1804, aged 49 years 3 months and 7 days.</p> <p>I see the Lord of Glory come And flaming guards around The skies divide to make Him room The trumpet shakes the ground I hear the voice "Ye dead arise" And so the graves obey And waking saints with joyful eyes Salute the expected day Why should our mourning thoughts delight To grovel in the dust Or why should streams of tears unite Around the expiring just?</p> <p>He was "assistent" at Galle, March 7, 1784, when he married Elizabeth Magdalena de Haan, widow of Abraham Walles, boekhouder. He was no doubt a son of Johan Jacobus Degen and Theodora Molenhouwer.</p>
575 ..	May 9 1805	Lucas Aems ..	<p>Hier rusten de waerdige overblyfsels eens brave mans LUCAS AEMS in leeven Capt. der Zee in dienst van het Nederl. Indiasch. bewind en equipagie meester deser plaetze. Gebooren te Amsterdam den 25 Mei, overleeden den 9 Mai 1805.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 273; vol. XVII., p. 31.)</p> <p>A perpendicular granite slab "ornamented" with a death's head.</p> <p>Lucas Aems married, July 17, 1796, Justina Maria de Moor, widow of Baron von Marken. She was a daughter of Pieter Arent de Moor and Christina Gertruida van Coeverden (see No. 552).</p>
576 ..	1805	Thomas Sansony ..	<p>D. O. M. THOMAE SANSONY filio amatissimo parentes moetissimi. H.P.M., A.D. MDCCCIV.</p> <p>D. O. M. = <i>Deo optimo maximo.</i> H. P. M. = <i>Hic or hoc posuerunt monumentum or mortuum.</i></p> <p>The inscription is almost illegible.</p> <p>Thomas Sansony or Sansoni was the fourth son of Joseph Sansoni, senior.</p>
577 ..	Aug. 19 1806	Petronella Henrietta Smitz ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of Mrs. PETRONELLA HENRIETTA SMITZ, who departed this life in the 25th Year 3 months and 9 days of her age on the 19th of August, 1806. To commemorate her amiable virtues as an affectionate and fond wife and tender mother, a warm and steady friend, her disconsolate husband hath caused this tablet to be placed over her ever to be revered remains. Conjugum optima mulierum amantissima vale.</p> <p>(Found fallen into the vault to which it belonged.)</p> <p>A grim vault surmounted by a brickwork imitation of a coffin, in accordance with the fashion of the time.</p> <p>She was the second wife of Joseph Smitz, and was a daughter of Henricus Vollenhoven of Utrecht. Joseph Smitz of Dusseldorp was Agent of Revenue at</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
577 ..	Aug. 19 1806	Petronella Henrietta Smitz — <i>contd.</i>	Galle, 1801-3; Acting ditto at Batticaloa, August 29, 1803, where he led a most successful expedition against the Kandyans (see Cordiner). He left Batticaloa about 1805, and went to Hambartota as Agent for Salt, which appointment he held until his death on June 27, 1812. He had been in the employment of the Dutch and English Governments in the Island for upwards of 25 years. His first wife was Maria Christina Haas, whom he married at Colombo on September 12, 1790; and he married a third wife on December 3, 1809, viz., Caroline Elizabeth Niesing Francke of Tuticorin, who after his death married an Englishman named Read. His eldest daughter, Dorothea Carolina, married at Galle, on November 3, 1812, Assistant Surgeon Hugh Rose, of the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, who died at Trincomalee a little more than 18 months afterwards. Another daughter, Editha Petronella Elizabeth, married at Galle, on July 19, 1820, Andreas Cornelius de Vos, a grand-uncle of Mr. F. H. de Vos.
578 ..	March 24 1810	James Townsend Harding	The body of JAMES TOWNSEND HARDING, aged 15 years, lies buried here. He was unfortunately drowned on the 24th March, 1810, to the great regret of his master, Lieut. Sweedland, R.N., who for his faithful services raises this monument to his memory. A circular slab. "There is no raised monument to be seen: if such there was, it has fallen and mixed with the dust, as probably has been the case with many." (Article in the <i>Ceylon Review</i> , May-July, 1895.)
579 ..	Feb. 18 1811 Sept. 13 1816	Dorothea Petronella de Ly .. Dorothea Agatha Lockyer	Ter zaliger gedachtenis van Mejuff. DOROTHEA PETRONELLA VAN DER SPAR, huysvrouw van den Heer A. E. DE LY, geb. den 12 May, 1764, en gest. den 18 February, 1811, en Mejuff. DOROTHEA AGATHA DE LY, huysvrouw van Capt. EDMUND LOCKYER, geb. den 21 January, 1790, en gest. den 13 September, 1816. Hier verwagten zy de opstandinge der dooden en zalig zyn zy die in den Heeren stervern. Dorothea Petronella van der Spar was the daughter of Matheus van der Spar, Administrateur, Galle, and Dorothea Cornelia van Dam, his first wife. Andreas Everardus de Ly was the son of Arnoldus de Ly of Bergen-op-Zoom, Commandeur of Galle, and Maria Cornelia Schuttrup. He studied at Harderwyk in 1776. His eldest daughter, Arnoldina Johanna, was the wife of George Laughton of London, Customs Master, Galle. His second daughter was Dorothea Agatha, who was married (1) to Captain John William Young, and (2) to Captain Edmund Lockyer, 19th Regiment, on August 12, 1806. Captain Lockyer married (2) Sarah, second daughter of John Morris, Esq., of Plymouth, on October 6, 1816, i.e., in less than a month after the death of his first wife, which seems extraordinary, but is true, for on December 19, 1813, Mrs. Dorothy Lockyer arrived from England by the <i>Monarch</i> transport with two children, and on December 19, 1817, Captain and Mrs. Lockyer arrived at Colombo by the <i>Ajax</i> with three children, Mrs. Lockyer having had one on the voyage out from England. Andreas Everardus de Ly married (2) at Galle, 1818, Elisabeth Theresia Hollebeek.
580 ..	Oct. 15 1811	Johanna Gertrude Vander-spaar	Sacred to the memory of JOHANNA GERTRUDE, daughter of the late Revd. J. J. FYBRANDSZ, Widow of MATTHEW VANDERSPAAR, Esqre., Senior Merchant of the Dutch East India Company Service, who died on the 15th October, 1811, aged 55 years. Joan Joachim Fybrandsz, baptized at Colombo, March 5, 1724, was the son of Joan Fybrandsz and Anna de Silva (d'Almeida). He was married to Catharina Elizabeth Dormieux. Johanna Gertrude, their daughter, married (1), February 17, 1771, Jacobus de Bordes of Amsterdam, and (2), July 29, 1781, Matthew Vanderspaar.

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
580 ..	Oct. 15 1811	.. Johanna Gertrude Vander- spaar— <i>contd.</i>	The Rev. J. J. Fybrandsz was sent to be educated at the Dutch Company's expense at the University of Leyden. "Biographisch Woordenboek van Oost-Indische Predikanten (C. A. L. van T. de Bruyn)," p. 140. De Hervormde Kerk in "Ned. Oost-Indie (de Bruyn)," p. 518.
581 ..	Oct. 23 1811	.. Johanna Elizabeth Fretz ..	Ter gedachtenisse van wylen Mejuf JOHANNA ELIZABETH D'ESTANDAU gehuwd geweest aan den Heer Dieterich CORNELIUS FRETZ. Geboren te Gale 18 Augustus, 1789, overleeden den 23 October, 1811, in den ouderdom van 22 jaaren 2 maanden en 10 dagen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 270.) Johanna Elizabeth d'Estandau was the daughter of Jean Jacques David d'Estandau of Rynsberg and Johanna Arnoldina Elisabeth de Bordes. Dieterich Cornelius Fretz, born at Matara, May 6, 1787, was the son of Dieterich Thomas Fretz, Commandeur of Galle, and Cornelia Reyneira van Sanden of Jaffna. He married (2) Sophia Adriana van Schuler, and (3) Johanna Gertruida Wilhelmina Mottau. Johanna Elizabeth d'Estandau married D. C. Fretz, October 19, 1808.
582 ..	July 30 1813	.. Anthony R. O'Donnell ..	Lieut. A. R. O'DONNELL, of His Majesty's First Ceylon Regiment, died 30th July, 1813, aged 27 years. Lieutenant O'Donnell joined the 1st Ceylon as a 2nd Lieutenant, July 19, 1810.
583 ..	June 17 1814	.. George B. More ..	Lieut. G. B. MORE, of His Majesty's First Ceylon Regiment, who died 17th of June, 1814, aged 33 years. A stone, over which the pathway runs, and which is therefore covered with sand. He joined in 1811. The register of the Dutch Church records the burial on June 20 of "the English Lieutenant More," which looks as if he had died at an outstation.
584 ..	June 20 1815	.. Johanna Gerrardina de Vos ..	Hier legt mejuff JOHANNA GERRARDINA KRYGER huisvrouw van den Heer JOHANNES ANDREAS DE VOS. Overleeden den 20 Juny 1815 in den onderdom van 43 jaren 9 maenden en 15 dagen. Zy verwacht nu de zalige opstanding van den dood. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 272.) Johanna Gerrardina Kryger was born at Tuticorin, being the daughter of Cornelis Kryger and Maria Elisabeth Broeckman. Johannes Andrias de Vos was the son of Pieter de Vos, onderkoopman, and Magdalena Meyer, and great-grandson of the original settler Oliver de Vos of Bruges (Belgium).
585 ..	Oct. 24 1815	.. George Aldons ..	Hier Onder Rust GEORGE ALDONS Geboren Den 4 Juny 1813 en overleden Den 24 October 1815.
586 ..	May 28 1817	.. John Cassidy ..	Sacred to the memory of JOHN CASSIDY, Esq., Surgeon of H. M.'s 1st Ceylon Regiment, departed this life on the 28 May, 1817, aged 27 years. He was appointed Surgeon, 1st Ceylon Regiment, on November 1, 1816, from the late 4th Ceylon, <i>vice</i> White retired on half pay.
587 ..	Sept. 27 1818	.. Ralph Coxon ..	Sacred to the memory of Major R. COXON of 1st Ceylon Regt., who died at Aliput in the Kandian Provinces, on the 27th September, 1818, aged 41 years. "An erection six feet high composed of polished granite slabs. There are four walls and a roof sloping in the four directions." Possibly this is only a cenotaph. He arrived with Assistant Surgeon McNulty—also destined to a very short career in the Island, for he was killed in the Uva rebellion—by the <i>Prince Regent</i> transport in May, 1816. On June 21 they both went from Trincomalee to Colombo in the <i>Kandyan</i> .

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
587 ..	Sept. 27 1818	Ralph Coxon— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>There is no entry of burial, though the register goes back further than 1818. One wonders how the body was removed from Aliput to Galle, if it was removed. Captain Coxon was appointed A.D.C. to the Governor Sir Thomas Maitland on December 3, 1810; Major of Brigade on October 3, 1811; Assistant Quartermaster-General and attached to the 4th Division of the army proceeding to Kandy January 20, 1815. On the outbreak of the Uva rebellion he was put in command of Alupota, and he had some fighting in the jungle near there on January 23, 1818. His work there is described in the obituary notice which appeared in the <i>Gazette</i> :—</p> <p>“ In our last paper we mentioned with regret that Major Coxon was so much out of order as that it was judged necessary for him to go to the Sea Coast, but in fact he had been long ill, and ought many weeks ago to have removed from Alipoot to a better climate, if zeal for the public service had not quite overpowered in his mind every consideration for his own safety. He had begun and carried on with singular ability the difficult work of pacifying and conciliating the people of that part of Ouva, and his ardent desire to complete his object led him, in spite of several warnings of severe illness, to neglect his own life. Amongst all the officers who had distinguished themselves in this varied and difficult warfare, Major Coxon set the example of treating the Kandians with that happy mixture of firmness and levity which secured a punctual obedience without diminishing their friendly disposition; he possessed a thorough knowledge of the native character, and he availed himself of it with so much temper and skill as to gain their confidence and attach them to his person; he found the people around him all hostile: he prevailed upon them to abandon their jungles, build huts, and live under their protection, and he was the first who made advantageous use of the rebels whom he reclaimed by persuading them to labour for a moderate hire in clearing the roads, cutting down the jungle, and other important works. Major Coxon by continuing, debilitated as he was from long severe illness in the unwholesome climate of Alipoot, exposed his life to as much risk as he who faced the cannon or stood the charge at Waterloo, with the prospect before him of a far less glorious death. Were the Kandyan war to continue, his loss would be severely felt, and a generous public will not the less regret his death because his eminent services have contributed to a final success which will preclude the demand for such meritorious exertions.” (<i>Gazette</i>, October 3, 1818.)</p> <p>Mrs. Coxon left for England by the <i>Vittoria</i> on January 1, 1819, with the Misses Cleather.</p>
588 ..	April 12 1819	Charles H. Hay Fane ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of Lieut. CH. H. HAY FANE, H. M. 73 Reg., who was suddenly carried off by spasmodic cholera, 12th April, A.D. 1819, Aet. 31 Ann. His disconsolate widow raised this monument as a memorial of the irreconcilable loss herself and infant son have sustained.</p> <p>This tombstone was found in November, 1910, after it had been buried for years.</p>
589 ..	Aug. 28 1819	Robert Nicholls ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of ROBT. NICHOLLS, Esqre., late Paymaster of the H. M. XIX. Regiment. Died 28th August, 1819, aged 69 years.</p> <p>He was appointed Paymaster on April 14, 1803, and had served in the 19th Regiment “ upwards of 16 years, and by amiable and affable virtues had endeared himself to the Colony at large, but only those who were intimately acquainted with him could know his worth.” (<i>Gazette</i>, September 4, 1819.)</p>
590 ..	Nov. 15 1819	Donald McBean ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of DONALD MCBEAN, Lieut.-Col. 19th Regt. of Inf., Ob. 15th November, 1819. <i>Ætat</i> Ann. 64. Who had during 42 years nobly borne the Commissions conferred on him by our Gracious Sovereign GEORGE the 3rd, finished his Military career as Commandant of Point de Galle.</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
590 ..	Nov. 15 1819	Donald McBean— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>An obelisk about 24 feet in height, surmounted by an urn, the most conspicuous monument in the cemetery.</p> <p>Lieutenant-Colonel McBean arrived with the 89th Regiment, to which he then belonged, in 1809. He exchanged with Lieutenant-Colonel Rainsford, November 1, 1817. The 89th lost both its senior officers in Ceylon: Major Hilliard in command, who died little more than a fortnight after he landed, and Lieutenant-Colonel McBean, who took the place of Major Millier, and was in command as senior officer on duty in the garrison, five days after the 89th landed.</p>
591 ..	June 8 1822	Ellen Maria Templer ..	<p>To the memory of ELLEN MARIA, infant daughter of F. J. TEMPLER, Esq., of H. M. Civil Service, and ELLENORE TEMPLER, his wife. Born October 10th, 1821.</p> <p>“A two-foot erection of brickwork, on which a granite slab has been plastered horizontally. The tomb is neglected and is coming down.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>, July, 1895.)</p> <p>Francis James Templer was in the Civil Service, 1817–47. He came out with Mrs. Templer and family by the ship <i>Alexander</i>, which left on July 5 and arrived at Colombo on November 13, 1817. He had married at Falmouth on April 16, 1816. He was successively Provincial Judge, Calpentyne; Agent of Government, Ratnapura; Sitting Magistrate, Colombo; Collector of Chilaw; Collector of Colombo and Government Agent, 1833–43; Fiscal, Jaffna, 1845; Treasurer, October 1, 1845. He was Agent of Government at Ratnapura at the time of this child's death. He died in October, 1854. He was father of Francis Buller Templer, C.C.S.</p> <p>His eldest daughter, Catherine Mary, married Philip E. Wodehouse, C.C.S., afterwards Sir Philip Wodehouse, Governor of the Cape, on December 19, 1834. His daughter Annie Henrietta married Arthur William Buller, afterwards Sir Arthur Buller, Queen's Advocate.</p>
592 ..	Sept. 14 1821	Sarah Wilhelmina Stroeffer ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of SARAH WILHELMINA BRECHMAN, Widow of ANTHONI STROEFF, who died on the 14th September, 1821.</p> <p>A stone vault. “It is a capacious one, and is ornamented with masonry on its roof. That it was intended to serve a family is apparent.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>, <i>loc. cit.</i>)</p> <p>She was a daughter of Frederic Brechman and his wife Maria Elizabeth Claasz, and granddaughter of Johannes Brechman and his wife Catharina Malyn. She was baptized at Galle, October 17, 1761, and married Anthoni Stroeffer at Galle, September 14, 1771. He was probably a son of Ernst Stroeffer of Straelsund. “Baas van de Scheeps en Huistimmerlieden” (Baas of the Ships and House Carpenters).</p> <p>The “Stroeffer” not being now known at Galle, and the name being absent from Ferguson's Directory, I suppose the family is extinct.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>, <i>loc. cit.</i>) W. Stroeffer was a signatory to the petition for the emancipation of slave children in 1818. (Regulation 9, 1818.)</p>
593 ..	Sept. 16 1825	James Rowland Morgan ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of JAMES ROWLAND MORGAN, Esq., Assistant Staff Surgeon to the Forces, who died at Galle, the 16th September, 1825, aged Thirty-one years.</p> <p>The inhabitants of Galle and Matara have erected this humble tribute of their grateful respect for departed worth. By profession fitted for the noblest offices of humanity, Mr. Morgan ever devoted himself to their exercise in the hour of sickness and distress to all in need of his assistance, whether rich or poor, white or black. No consideration of personal trouble or inconvenience interposed between him and that which he had marked out as his line of duty towards his fellow creatures. His death-bed afforded the best proof of his real principles. For him the last Enemy had no terrors, and cheered by</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
593 ..	Sept. 16 1825	James Rowland Morgan— <i>contd.</i>	<p>the best hope, he bowed with resignation to the will of his Creator and left this world of trial under the blessed influence of faith in Christ.</p> <p>GLORIA DEO.</p> <p>Bennett refers to his tomb as “remarkable for its architecture,” and relates the sad circumstances which marked the commencement of his short career in Ceylon :—</p> <p>“On the 27th of June, 1823, Mr. Morgan arrived in Colombo Roads with his wife and three little children, two of whom were girls and the other an infant boy. He soon afterwards landed, and having made the requisite arrangements for their reception returned to the wharf for the purpose of going on board for his family ; but the wind blew dead upon the land, it being the south-west monsoon, and not a boat would venture out. Soon afterwards two boats were observed to leave the ship, of which, when about midway, one was upset, and Mr. Morgan liberally offered money and used every entreaty in his power to urge the native boatmen to go to the assistance of their fellow creatures, little imagining that at the time he was so zealous in humanity’s cause the chief sufferers were those most dear to himself, until the other boat reached the shore, when the first objects that met his view were his two apparently lifeless children and the corpse of the poor child’s maid with the dead infant in her arm in the bottom of the boat, but the body of his wife had disappeared. The two children, both girls, survived the dreadful catastrophe. For a time the effect upon Mr. Morgan’s mind was so great that the very worst consequences were dreaded, but his naturally robust constitution and religious temperament enabled him to weather the storm, and he gradually acquired the tranquillity so necessary for the prosecution of his professional duties; but in little more than two years that constitution which had been gratuitously and constantly exposed to all the vicissitudes of weather and a tropical sun through his zeal for the benefit of his suffering fellow creatures sunk under the intense exertions of philanthropy ; and the gratitude of the inhabitants of the district of Galle and Matura was thus publicly acknowledged in honour of his memory.” (Bennett’s “Capabilities of Ceylon,” p. 358.)</p> <p>Possibly he was a son of the Rev. Rowland Morgan, Rector of Wattisfield and Vicar of Rendham in Suffolk, a friend of Bennett’s (p. 296).</p> <p>He attended in 1824, while a Hospital Assistant at Hambantota, Archdeacon Twisleton when he returned to that station ill, after travelling to the eastward of it. While at Hambantota he had for a neighbour Bennett.</p>
594 ..	1826	George Tower	<p>GEORGE TOWER, Esqre., Assistant Surgeon, H. M. 45th Regiment. Died 1826. Aged 29.</p> <p>“A year after the last mentioned; both young men, and probably comrades and victims together to the effects of an unaccustomed Eastern climate.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>, <i>loc. cit.</i>)</p>
595 ..	April 13 1827	Mary Annie Catherine Twynam	<p>Sacred to the Memory of MARY ANNIE CATHERINE, daughter of THOS. H. TWYNAM, Esqre., who departed this life April 13th, 1827, aged 1 year 5 months and 18 days.</p> <p>Daughter of Thomas Holloway Twynam and Maria Cecilia Summerfield.</p>
596 ..	June 23 1827	Charles Scott	<p>Sacred to the memory of CHARLES SCOTT, Esquire, of the Ceylon Civil Service and late Provincial Judge of Galle and Matura, who died at Galle on the 23rd of June, 1827, aged 36 years.</p> <p>“A tomb cut of granite slabs cemented together and forming four walls and a roof, the inscription being cut on one of the slabs.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>.)</p> <p>Charles Scott was appointed a Writer, February 1, 1808, arrived by H. M. S. <i>Bellicieux</i>, August 26, 1808 (transferred from the H. C. ship <i>Bengal</i>), and was appointed 2nd Assistant in the Commissioners</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
596 ..	June 23 1827	Charles Scott— <i>contd.</i> ..	of Revenue Office, June 11, 1809; Assistant, January 31, 1810; Assistant to the Collector, Jaffna, and Fiscal, Jaffna, March 27, 1811; Vice-President of the Land Raad at Matara, December 25, 1811; Provincial Judge, Galle, March 25, 1812; ditto at Trincomalee, 1815–17; was on leave, March 1, 1817; Provincial Judge, Colombo, 1820–22; Collector of Jaffna, February 6, 1822; Provincial Judge, Galle and Matara, 1825. While holding this appointment, on January 19, 1815, the same ship <i>Bengal</i> (by which he had come out to the Island in 1808) took fire and went down in Galle Roads. He was dining on board at the time with the Captain (Nicholls). He helped to get the passengers into boats, but twenty lives were lost, including those of Captain Newell of the <i>Alexander</i> , Lieutenant Daniels, Mr. Loane, Master of the <i>Malacca</i> , and Mr. Baxter, 2nd Mate of the <i>Surrey</i> . The <i>Gazette</i> contained the following obituary notice:—“A Civil Servant of nineteen years’ standing, during which period he had filled the situation of Provincial Judge in most of the principal Districts in the Island, and administered his official duties with no less satisfaction to those over whom his jurisdiction extended, than with honour to the purity of his own heart and credit to the soundness and rectitude of his judgment. Generous, independent, hospitable, and kind, his name is ever associated with the best feeling of human nature, and we are assured that society at large will join with us in sincerely deploring his untimely death. The deceased has left an amiable and disconsolate widow to mourn his loss, who in life was an affectionate son, a tender husband, and a warm friend.” (June 30, 1827.) He was a very big man, and there is a chair in the Jaffna Kacheheri, of the circular Dutch office-chair pattern, which is said to have been his.
			Sir William Twynam told me a story of Scott and James Agnew Farrell of the Civil Service, who was Provincial Judge of Jaffna when Scott was Collector there, being great friends and both sceptics, and having made a compact that if there were a really Supreme Being, the one that died first would appear to the other after death. Presumably, though at this point the story stops short, Scott appeared to Farrell, who was at the time of Scott’s death Provincial Judge of Colombo. There is a reference to Scott in Cordiner, vol. II., p. 243.
597 ..	Aug. 8 1827	Jacobus Zybrandsz ..	To the memory of Mr. JACOBUS ZYBRANDSZ, late Vaccinator of Galle, who departed this life on the 8th August, 1827, aged 52 years. O! Death where is thy sting, O! Grave where thy victory. I. Cor. 15, 55.
598 ..	Dec. 6 1827	Horace Ximenes ..	Sacred to the memory of HORACE XIMENES, youngest son of Colonel XIMENES, 16th Infy. Born 10th July, 1827. Died 6th December, 1827. Colonel and Mrs. Eliza Ximenes arrived by the ship <i>Hibberts</i> from London on March 1, 1826. He was Commandant at Galle. He and Mrs. Ximenes left Galle for Calcutta by the H. C. C.’s ship <i>James Sibbald</i> in November, 1828, arriving at Calcutta on January 11, 1829. An address was presented to him by the Burgher inhabitants of Galle signed by 40, and another by the Dutch inhabitants signed by 36. This was on November 14, 1828, on his departure.
599 ..	Jan. 14 1831	Margaret Mary Durand Deacon ..	Here lies the remains of MARGARET MARY DURAND DEACON, daughter of Lieut. THOMAS DEACON, Staff Officer at this Station, and of MARTHA ANN, his Wife, who died Jany. 14th, 1831, aged 18 months and 12 days; also of EDWARD DURAND DEACON, son of the above, who died 18th July, 1832, aged 18 months; also of HENRY AUGUSTUS DURAND DEACON, son of the above, who died 20th July, 1832, aged 2 months and 26 days.
	July 18 1832	Edward Durand Deacon ..	
	July 20 1832	Henry Augustus Durand Deacon ..	

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
599 ..	Jan. 14 1831, &c.	Margaret Mary Durand Deacon, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	Lieutenant Deacon belonged to the 73rd Regiment. He was Fort Adjutant at Trincomalee, 1819–23, and at Colombo, 1824–25. He was married to his wife Martha Anne de Coucy at St. George's, Hanover square, August 31, 1809. Another daughter married William Moir, Paymaster of the 16th and of the 2nd Ceylon Regiments, in the Civil Service from July 1, 1825, to May 1, 1840, whose first wife had died at Calcutta in 1817, aged 31. He was the father by his second wife of Robert William Durand Moir, C.C.S., 1864–92, who died in 1909, and of Mrs. Twynam, wife of William Crofton Twynam, C.C.S. Yet another daughter married William Steuart.
600 ..	Feb. 10 1831	Louis Sansoni	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of LOUIS SANSONI, Esqr., of His Majesty's Civil Service and late Collector of Point de Galle, who died on the 10th February, 1831.</p> <p>A tomb of the same type as Mr. Charles Scott's.</p> <p>He was a brother of Joseph Sansoni, who is described as an Italian. Joseph Sansoni was a medical man, and was appointed to act as assistant to the Garrison Surgeon, Colombo, January 30, 1803, and was in medical charge of the Matara Garrison in 1804. He married at Colombo, July 27, 1800, Johanna Dorothea Juliana Wilhelmina Schorer, the widow of Captain Samuel Peter Foenander, and died November 3, 1807. Louis Sansoni married at Galle, February 26, 1828, Lydia Twynam, sister of Captain Thomas Holloway Twynam, then Master Attendant at Galle. Left a widow in 1831, she returned to England by the ship <i>Symmetry</i>, and in 1834 married Mr. Thomas Swindale Harvey of the firm of Hancock and Harvey, tea merchants, Great St. Helen's, Bishopsgate street. She drew a pension of £300 a year from the old Widows' Pension Fund for some 50 years or more, she and Mrs. William Moir being the last two pensioners. "Child as I then was, I recollect perfectly Tindell's old ship the <i>Symmetry</i>, then one of the crack passenger ships of Ceylon, coming off Galle on her way to England to take my aunt on board." (Sir William Twynam in 1909.) There were no children by this marriage of Louis Sansoni's, and the family is extinct in the male line.</p> <p>Louis Sansoni was Customs Master, Jaffna, in 1813–15; Deputy Postmaster in Ceylon for the General Post Office in London, September 1, 1816; Postmaster-General, Ceylon, <i>vice</i> Egbert Bletterman, October 1, 1816, which post he held till 1825, when he was appointed Collector of Galle and Matara. He seems also to have held the office of Private Secretary to two Puisne Justices (Sir W. Coke and H. Byrne), 1816–19, though it is curious that it should have been held with the Postmaster-Generalship, though of course in those days the latter was not an onerous post.</p>
601 ..	March 1 1831	Joseph Sansoni	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOSEPH SANSONI, Esq., born 14th February, 1808. Died 1st March, 1831. Aged 23 years and 18 days.</p> <p>A tomb resembling the preceding.</p> <p>He was a posthumous son of Joseph Sansoni. Another son, James Rowland, was probably called after Dr. James Rowland Morgan (see No. 593), born December 10, 1806, died November 8, 1837, at Colombo; with him the family became extinct in the male line.</p> <p>Sir William Twynam can just recollect his death.</p> <p>Another Joseph Sansoni, probably a son of Louis, married (1) Mary Elizabeth Atkinson, and (2) Sara Henrietta Staats, July 7, 1832. He had two daughters by his first wife, the younger of whom married H. A. Foenander in 1852, and three daughters and a son by his second. One of them also married a Foenander in 1852. The son died young.</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
602 ..	July 30 1832	William Carmichael Gibson	<p>Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM CARMICHAEL GIBSON, Esqre, who departed this life on the 30th July, 1832, aged 63 years.</p> <p>Mors optima est perire dum lachrymantes sunt.</p> <p>As there were two Layard brothers in the Civil Service in the early years of British rule in Ceylon, so there were two Gibson brothers in other branches of Government service, and the two families soon became doubly connected by marriage. William Carmichael Gibson was Master Attendant at Galle from 1796 to 1803 and at Colombo till March 6, 1816, when he retired "to follow mercantile pursuits." Gibson must have originally "followed the sea," either as a naval or mercantile commander, for he is spoken of as "Captain Gibson," and while at Galle on July 11, 1805, at 8 A.M., he had the exciting experience of seeing what he took to be "four ships of the enemy's fleet" off the coast. He reported this to Colombo, and said he would "despatch his boat to Trincomalie with the intelligence." They proved to be a French ship of the line, supposed to be the <i>Marengo</i>, and a French frigate in chase of the ship <i>Sarah</i> of Bombay, bound to China, Captain C. Mackintosh, who ran her ashore at Dodanduwa, rather than have her captured. The fourth vessel was the H. E. I. C.'s ship <i>Brunswick</i>, which was taken by the French.</p> <p>He was the founder of one of the first Ceylon firms, that of W. C. Gibson & Co., which at first did business at Galle, and afterwards started a branch of the firm or removed altogether to Colombo. W. C. Gibson seems to have continued to reside at Galle, and Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell, in his "Excursions, &c.," refers to "Mr. and Mrs. Gibson and their delightfully situated and agreeable mansion" (p. 324), which I take to have been "Closenburg," afterwards the residence of the P. & O. Company's agent, Captain Bayley; but the firm had a Colombo branch, and in 1843 Bennett refers to it as "the oldest commercial firm in the Island." On the death of W. C. Gibson, Joseph Read, the surviving partner of the firm, carried on the business.</p> <p>W. C. Gibson and his family went to England in 1810 in the same ship as Thomas Thackeray Rennell, C.C.S. The Gibsons of Ceylon were sons of William Gibson, a merchant of Edinburgh, by his wife Mary Cecilia, daughter of James Balfour of Pilrig. This William Gibson was second son of John Gibson of Durie, by Helen, daughter of the Hon. William Carmichael of Durie. John was son of Alexander Gibson, who was second son of Sir Alexander Gibson of Pentland and Adiston, one of the principal Clerks of Session, descended from a Thomas Gibson of the time of James IV., who was a Baron of the County of Fife.</p> <p>A younger brother of William Carmichael and Lewis Gibson was Andrew Mitchell Gibson of the Naval Service of the East India Company, who married Miss Barbara Thompson at Colombo in 1818 (see No. 92).</p>
603 ..	Jan. 7 1833	Maria Elizabeth Frith	<p>Sacred to the memory of MARIA ELIZABETH FRITH, who departed this life on the 7th January, 1833, aged 24 years.</p>
	May 20 1833	Maria Carolina Frith	<p>To the Memory of MARIA CAROLINA, her infant daughter, who died at Bombay, May 20th, 1833, aged 9 months and 3 days.</p> <p>There was a Major John W. Frith in the 58th Regiment, which was stationed in Ceylon, 1828-37. He arrived with a detachment of the regiment by the transport <i>Amity</i> on October 28, 1828. A daughter of C. E. Layard's, Carolina Louisa, married a Captain John Griffith Frith on October 21, 1828, at Colombo.</p>
604 ..	July 18 1833	Fransina Maria Rose	<p>Hier legt begraven het lyk van de menschlievende echtgenote van den Heer JOSEPH ROSE in name FRANSINA MARIA BAPTIST. Geboren den 4 November, 1762, overleden den 18 July, 1833, in den onderdom van 70 jaaren 8 maanden en 14 dagen.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 270.)</p> <p>Fransina Maria Baptist was the daughter of Jacobus Baptist and Elizabeth d'Almeda.</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
605 ..	Sept. 21 1834	.. Daniel Loret	.. Sacred to the Memory of DANIEL LORET, who departed his life at Galle on the 21st September, 1834, aged 57.
	Oct. 20 1836	.. Frederick Loret	Filial Affection has caused this tablet to be placed over the remains of departed worth. Also sacred to the memory of FREDERICK LORET, who died at Galle on the 20th October, 1836, aged 30 years.
			GLORIA DEO. The Lorets were no doubt of French descent. Daniel Loret married Helena Kale, by whom he had a son, Augustus Frederick, born August 7, 1806. A descendant of his was the owner of Loret's Hotel, Galle, opposite Ephraums' shop in Middle street. "The gift of a harmonium valued at £75" to the Wesleyan Chapel by Mr. Loret is recorded by Mr. Spence Hardy. ("Jubilee Memorials," p. 216.) There is a case Loret <i>versus</i> Vanderstraaten reported in <i>Ramanathan's Reports</i> , 1820-33.
606 ..	Feb. 14 1836	.. Gerald Benjamin Giesler ..	GERALD BENJAMIN, son of the late GERALD GODFREY ARCHIBALD GIESLER, Esqre., of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, who died on the 14th February, 1836, aged 19. Lieutenant Giesler of Mullaittivu married, on March 27, 1814, Dorothea Sophia de Breard, who on his death at Jaffna, which occurred on January 17, 1816, while he was Commandant of Mullaittivu, married J. J. Vanderspar. This son was born at Colombo on July 23, 1816, a posthumous child.
607 ..	Oct. 6 1836	.. Jan Marten Wittensleger ..	Tot gezegent aandenking. Hier rust het lyk van den Eerw. Heer JAN MARTEN WITTENSLEGER, Proponent van de Geref. gemeente te Gale. Geb. te Galle den 13 May, 1763, overleden den 6 October, 1836, en de nakomelingen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 279.)
608 ..	Oct. 10 1837	.. William Mason Thomas Richley	.. Sacred to the memory of Private WILLIAM MASON, aged 20, of the 90th L. Infantry, and THOS. RICHLEY, Seaman, aged 33, of the Hon. E. I. C. Service, who were unfortunately upset in a boat and drowned in the Harbour while returning from the Hon'ble E. I. C. C. Surveying tender <i>Cardiva</i> on the night of the 10th Oct., 1837. As a mark of affection and regard for their comrade and messmate and of sympathy for their fate, the Detachment of the 90th Infantry stationed at Galle, in conjunction with the <i>Royal Tiger</i> and her tender, have caused this stone to be erected to mark the spot where buried in one grave an able seaman and a promising young soldier rest from their labours.

Within the dark and silent grave,
Here lies a soldier and sailor just as brave,
And when the awful trumpet sounds
They are for settled quarters bound.

The surveying schooner *Royal Tiger*, F. F. Powell, Indian Navy, Commander, arrived at Galle from Peros Banbos on January 14, 1837, and returned there on February 6. She was at Galle again on May 29, and left for Chagos Archipelago on June 24. She arrived at Galle again on September 16 and left for Palk's Bay on September 25. She was then accompanied by the tender *Maldivia*, Midshipman Fleming in command (see No. 135). On October 7 she was at Kayts, bound for Ramissaram. On October 24 she arrived at Galle from Palk's Bay.

The *Cardiva*, William Christopher commanding, arrived at Galle from the Chagos Archipelago on October 8. Besides the surveying schooner *Royal Tiger* and these two tenders, there were another surveying schooner the *Shannon* and the surveying ship *Benares*, all belonging to the Indian Navy.

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
609 ..	Jan. 10 1838	John Irwin Dalziel	<p>Sacred to the memory of JOHN IRWIN, son of JOHN DALZIEL, Esq., J. P., Police Magistrate of Colombo, and MARY, his Wife. Born at Trincomalee, 18th Feby., 1833. Died at Galle, 10th January, 1838, and buried here.</p> <p>(See No. 167.) A square brick pillar with granite slabs.</p>
610 ..	May 25 1838	Willoughby Smith	<p>Sacred to the memory of WILLOUGHBY SMITH, Esqre., Late Commander of the Barque <i>Soobrow</i> of Bombay, who died at Galle on the 25th May, 1838, in the 28th year of his age.</p> <p>This Tomb has been erected by his Widow as a sincere tribute of her affectionate esteem for his memory.</p>
611 ..	Feb. 28 1840	Helena Pattison	<p>HELENA, daughter of Lieut. PATTISON, 10th Regt., who died Feb. 28th, 1840, aged one year.</p> <p>A granite slab. She was the daughter of Lieutenant J. R. 'G. Pattison, 10th Regiment, and Eliza Johanna.....</p>
612 ..	Aug. 21 1842	Clement Stewart	<p>CLEMENT, Son of ALGERNON STEWART, Esqre., Ceylon Civil Service. Died August 21st, 1842.</p> <p>(See No. 122.) Algernon Stewart was District Judge of Galle, 1840-50. He retired February 18, 1850. He was the son of the Hon. E. R. Stewart and Lady Katherine Stewart.</p>
613 ..	May 2 1844	William Matthews	<p>Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM MATTHEWS, died at Galle on the 2nd May, 1844, in the 38th year of his age.</p> <p>This tomb is erected by Major-General KENNETT, in grateful remembrance of his service during 16 years.</p> <p>Matthews was on Gallegodde estate, near Ambalan-goda. General Brackley Kennett of the Bombay Army was killed by his butler at Coonoor at the age of 87, October 12, 1857 (see Cotton, p. 285).</p>
614 ..	Feb. 21 1845	Richard Henley Pelly Clarke	<p>Sacred to the memory of RICHARD HENLEY PELLY CLARKE, Late of the H. E. I. C. Bengal Civil Service, who died at Galle on his way to England, Feby. 21st, 1845, aged 35 years and 4 months.</p> <p>A four-walled tomb with stone tablet. He was Magistrate and Collector of Bareilly.</p>
615 ..	May 3 1845	Johann Friederich Wilhelm Lorenz	<p>Sacred to the memory of JOHANN FRIEDERICH WILHELM LORENZ, late Sitting Magistrate of Matara. Born at Tempelburg in Prussian Pomerania, 25th June, 1772. Died at Galle in Ceylon, 3 May, 1845.</p> <p>He was the father of Charles Lorenz (see No. 39). He married (1) at Galle, on July 12, 1801, Susanna Wilhelmina Ludovici; (2) at Galle, on March 29, 1805, Maria Elizabeth Andrée; (3) on September 21, 1813, Anna Petronella Smith. Charles Lorenz was a son of the third wife, the last of seven children and the second of two sons. The other son, John Henry, was in the Registrar of Lands Department. J. F. W. Lorenz had an eventful career, as appears from the following account of it from the <i>Ceylon Quarterly Magazine</i> (1871), quoted by Digby :—</p> <p>“A native of Prussian Pomerania, (he) was born at Templeburg in 1772 of parents in the middle rank of life. The father, John Andre Lorenz, a Captain of the Schwartz Cuirassiers, having fallen in the war raging at the time when his son was only five years old, and his mother being dead, he was placed at school in Potsdam, whence he was afterwards transferred to the Military College in Berlin as a free student, at the instance of his godfather, the Colonel of his father's regiment. At college, while yet hardly ten years of age, he gave promise of that variety of talent of which in after years and in a foreign land he gave such astonishing proofs. Among the incidents of his youthful experience, he used to relate with re-</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.
615 ..	May 3 1845	.. Johann Friederich Wilhelm Lorenz— <i>contd.</i>

Inscription.

little satisfaction a visit of Frederick the Great to the college. It was an examination day, and prizes were to be distributed. Carlyle's hero-king, who, in addition to his other real accomplishments, pretended to the gift of poetry, had composed some verses in honour of the occasion. He called upon the dictation class, and recited his own verses for the boys to write them down, promising the boy who could do the lines correctly the royal prize. The dux of the class stepped forward and wrote off the lines correctly enough, but the king detected a slight error, and asked whether any of the boys found a mistake in the lines. Young Lorenz then walked up, rubbed out the small *i* with which the initial word of the first line "Lieben" was commenced, and wrote a capital *L* in its place. The king was highly pleased, and handed him a book of poetry bound in red morocco. Another of the recollections of his early days was the death of Frederick the Great in 1786, when all the students of the Military College were marshalled in the palace yard and moved in procession to view the body laid out in regal state.

"When he was closing his eighteenth year, he made up his mind to leave home and seek his fortune in the Indies, that El Dorado which fired the imagination of the adventurous youths of Europe with dreams of the pagoda tree, which waited only to be shaken to scatter a shower of golden wealth. An uncle of his, who had left Germany many years previous, and who was supposed to have settled in India, was an additional inducement. He commenced his journey to the sea coast in midwinter, a bundle on a stick over his shoulder, very little cash in his purse, but with a heart beating high with hope, willing to dare and able to accomplish much. The perils and hardships of that journey in winter's cold and amid winter's snow he often used to recall, and none of the hardships or privations to which he had to submit during the earlier portion of his career in Ceylon, great and many though they were, could compare with that first winter journey. He paid his way, as most German youths on their travels do even at the present day, by playing the flute at the farmhouses where he sought food and shelter. Some times a well-to-do farmer would ask him to rest a few days, and he repaid their hospitality by giving the young maidens lessons in music or in writing, and helping the old people to answer correspondence or in making up their accounts. One day while passing a lonely snow-covered heath he met an old Jew, who asked to tell his fortune for a penny. Eminently dreamy and superstitious as is the German mind, this encounter seemed to him a special arrangement of Providence for giving him an insight into that future which, notwithstanding the rosy hues in which a vivid imagination had pictured it, was yet a mysterious blank to him. To penetrate within the sanctuary of the future, to know something of what was to be, was a temptation which, under such circumstances, even a less superstitiously constituted temper of mind could hardly resist, and crossing his palm with the penny he held it out. The Jew scanned the lines, and bid him beware of rivers and streams, for death by drowning was written in the map of destiny, unless a happy conjunction of the stars sent a blade of grass to save him. This prophecy of evil was not calculated to reassure his hopes, and thoughtful and pensive he walked on. The country was all covered with snow, and streams, rivers, and bridges were undistinguishable under the white shroud, in which winter had clothed the earth. Picking his way as he best could he held on to what he believed was the road, when towards evening, and within sight of a sheltering farmhouse, he missed the track, and breaking through the soft crust of snow fell into a stream and was carried away by the current. A labourer passing by who had seen the accident ran to his assistance, picked him up, and helped him to reach the farmhouse, where, under the kind attentions of the good people, he soon came round. On his relating his adventure with the Jew, the labourer who had assisted him out of the water was present, and confirmed the prediction; for, said he, it was the

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
615 ..	May 3 1845	.. Johann Friederich Wilhelm Lorenz— <i>contd.</i>	<p>clump of rushes he had held on to that saved him from drowning. He left Europe, embarking at Amsterdam in the year 1792, and after a perilous voyage, which in those days could only be accomplished by doubling the Cape of Storms, landed at Galle the following year. Whatever may have been his enthusiasm on first setting foot on the Island which was to be his home for aye, the reception he met with from the Dutch authorities was not the most encouraging. It was the transition period of their rule, and coming events had already begun to cast their darkening shadows over Dutch ascendancy in the East. He, however, set to qualify himself for the future. His first care was to learn Dutch, his second to acquire a knowledge of Portuguese, and when the British took possession of the Island he had no national prejudices to prevent his giving his hearty allegiance to the British Government. Under the new order of things, he devoted his attention to the study of English, and in the course of a few months he achieved so much success that his talents were recognised by Mr. North (afterwards the Earl of Guildford), then Governor of Ceylon, who appointed him Fiscal of Colombo. He was without doubt the most accomplished foreigner in the British service of the time. His English was perfectly idiomatic, though he spoke with a foreign accent, while his Dutch and Portuguese were scarcely less perfect. From Colombo his next appointment was to the Sitting Magistracy of Morawa korale, whence he was transferred to Gettemane, and finally to Matara, where he continued till 1834, when he retired on pension. He was highly esteemed by the former Judges of the Supreme Court—Sir Hardinge Giffard, Sir Richard Ottley, Sir Charles Marshall, Sir William Rough, and others—who always spoke in the highest terms of Mr. Lorenz as an active, able, and experienced Magistrate. During his tenure of office under Government he made several valuable reports on the agricultural condition of that part of the Island with which he was more intimately familiar, and Bennett, in his “Ceylon and its Capabilities,” mentions the fact that he was the first to try the cultivation of the potato in the Island. His first experiment was made at Beralapanatara, where also he tried to grow wheat, but failed. The writer has seen the place where, as Sitting Magistrate, he held his Court. The old Magistrate’s residence has now made way for a resthouse, and the only evidences of his connection with the place now left are some coconut trees and a rambatum tree planted by him.”</p> <p>J. F. Lorenz was appointed “Translator and Secretary to the Fiscal, Galle,” in June, 1801, and Secretary of the Provincial Court of Matara, April 15, 1803.</p>
616 ..	July 8 1845	.. Henry Agar	<p>.. Erected to the memory of HENRY AGAR, Esqre., Lieut., Ceylon Rifle Regt. Died at Galle on the 8th July, 1845. Aged 25 years. By ROWLAND AGAR, Staff Asst. Surgeon, August 31st, 1851.</p> <p>De Mortuis Nil nisi bonum.</p> <p>“The tomb is four-walled and roofed; the record is on a stone tablet.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>.)</p> <p>According to the register his age was 27. The name is spelt “Eagar” in the obituary announcement in the <i>Colombo Journal</i>. Rowland Agar was buried in the same cemetery on October 24, 1852. Henry Agar, Lieutenant 90th Light Infantry, of the County of Kerry and of Ceylon, married Miss Fanny Chamberlain, late of Paris and of Killarney, niece of the late Richard Habnett, Esq., County of Cork, in 1840. Probably he was a son of John Eagar, Esq., of Ballybar and Sober, in the County Kerry, whose second daughter, Emily, married at St. Peter’s, Colombo, on November 29, 1843, W. B. Purnell, Esq., 90th Light Infantry, second son of B. Purnell, Esq., of Stavenake Park, Gloucestershire. The family settled in Ireland at the time of Cromwell’s occupation of it.</p> <p>A daughter of Lieutenant Agar, Ceylon Rifles, died at Kandy, March 10, 1843.</p> <p>A tomb very like this one and that of R. H. P. Clarke (No. 614) has lost the tablet that was once on it. Possibly it is that of Dr. Agar.</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
617 ..	March 3 1846	Robert L. Craig	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of ROBERT L. CRAIG, who died March 3rd, 1846, aged 63 years.</p> <p>“A vault, for a single interment, of pretentious brickwork with a slab of slate plastered into it.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>.) He died at Weligama.</p> <p>“Mr. Robert Craig lost his money, and I may add his life, from embarking in sugar culture. He worked up a coffee estate in the Kadugannawa District in the early days of 10 cwt. an acre until he was able to sell out for £12,000. To him and to his family this was considerable wealth, but he was unfortunately induced to spend the price received for his coffee estate in opening a sugar plantation near Matara. The enterprise was a failure, poor Craig had lost his all, and he died like so many others from heart disease, the result doubtless of anxiety and depression.” (A. M. F., in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 15.)</p>
618 ..	Aug. 21 1846	William Hogg	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Mr. WILLIAM HOGG, who died on the 21st August, 1846.</p> <p>This tomb has been erected by a few friends as a token of respect.</p>
619 ..	Oct. 11 1846	Otto Hellefeld	<p>.. OTTO HELLEFELD, Esq., of Hamburg, who died on the passage from Calcutta to Bombay.</p> <p>He was a partner in the firm of Huschke Wiltembach & Co., of Bombay and Calcutta.</p>
620 ..	July 11 1847	John Baskerville Mortimer	<p>Lieut. J. B. MORTIMER, 34th Light Infantry, Madras Army, who departed this life on July 11th, 1847. This monument has been erected as a token of esteem by his brother officers.</p> <p>“A small granite slab deposited on the ground carelessly.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>.) (It had, of course, fallen down.) This was the state of the monument in 1895; the stone has probably by this time disappeared.</p>
621 ..	Aug. 1 1847	Mary Ann Purchase	<p>.. MARY ANN, the beloved wife of JOSEPH WILLIAM PURCHASE, who departed this life 1st August, 1847, aged 37 years.</p>
622 ..	June 18 1848	Courtenay Chambers	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Colonel COURTENAY CHAMBERS, Lieut.-Colonel of the 25th Regiment of the King's Own Borderers, who departed this life at Point de Galle on the 18th June, 1848, aged 50 years.</p> <p>“A tablet of marble 18 inches square stands loosely from the earth, in which it has been buried to a depth of 2 inches.” (<i>Ceylon Review</i>.)</p>
623 ..	June 23 1849	Thomas Homfray Denham	<p>Sacred to the memory of THOMAS HOMFRAY DENHAM, youngest son of Capt. J. J. DENHAM, born 22nd July, 1825, died 23rd June, 1849.</p> <p>The newspaper gives June 22 as the date of death. He came from Calcutta, and was a passenger by the <i>Bentinck</i> steamer. Captain J. J. Denham was Commander of the <i>Shaw Allum</i> in 1817 (see No. 110).¹</p>
624 ..	Sept. 17 1850	Francis Brownrigg Bayly	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of FRANCIS BROWNRIGG BAYLY, late Captain, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died September 17th, 1850, aged 43 years.</p> <p>Erected by his sister E. BAYLY.</p> <p>He was son of Major Bayly (see No. 95), and was born at Colombo, October 28, 1807; 2nd Lieutenant, C. R. R., January 2, 1828; 1st Lieutenant, May 8, 1835; Captain, May 2, 1845; Commandant of Matara, 1833, of Hambantota, 1843-44, of Badulla, 1845-46; Staff Officer of Galle, 1846-50.</p>
625 ..	Aug. 6 1853	Mary Murray Raitt	<p>.. MARY MURRAY, the beloved Wife of Captain RAITT, 16th Regt., N. I., aged 34 years, who departed this life at Point de Galle on the morning of the 6th August, 1853.</p> <p>There was another Captain Raitt in the Ceylon Rifles, 1839-49, who died in the latter year, but I do not know whether they were related. He was H. A. Raitt, and took a prominent part in Ceylon racing. This Mrs. Raitt probably was on the voyage home or out.</p>

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
626 ..	Aug. 7 1854	Charles Edward Vanderspar	CHARLES EDWARD, son of J. J. VANDERSPAR, Esq., who died on the 7th August, 1854, aged 30. (See No. 561.)
627 ..	Jan. 25 1855	Charles Brymner	.. Sacred to the memory of CHARLES BRYMNER, late 3rd Engineer of the P. & O. Steam Ship Shanghai, who departed this life on the 25th January, 1855, aged 26 years. This stone has been erected by his brother officers as a token of respect and esteem.
628 ..	Aug. 2 1857	Thomas Gibson	.. THOMAS GIBSON, Merchant, Melbourne, son of the late THOMAS GIBSON, Banker, Ayr, Scotland, died at Galle, aged 24 years.
629 ..	Oct. 2 1857	James Allen	.. Aged 33. A granite column broken off short.
630 ..	Feb. 23 1858	John Henderson	.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN HENDERSON, Late Commander of the ship <i>Lodore</i> , who departed this life 23rd February, 1858, aged 45 years. This stone is erected by the merchants and his brother ship masters, Galle.
631 ..	Aug. 25 1858	Margaret Gibson	.. Sacred to the memory of Mrs. MARGARET GIBSON, who died at Galle on the 25th day of August, 1858, aged 85 years. A tomb resembling that of Mr. Charles Scott. She lived for many years at Gibson's Hill, Galle, and founded the Buona Vista Orphanage. There is a stained glass window to her memory in All Saints' Church. She was a daughter of John Sharpe, Esq., of Madras, and married William Carmichael Gibson at Madras in October, 1794. They had two daughters, Margaret Cecilia, who on June 19, 1812, married William Henry Hooper, C.C.S. (1805-26), then Collector of Galle, and Mary, who married on June 11, 1827, Captain Robert Luxmoore, 16th Regiment.
632 ..	Oct. 15 1858	W. H. Denham	.. Sacred to the memory of Revd. W. H. DENHAM, for four years Pastor of the Baptist Church at Faversham, Kent, and fourteen years Missionary at Serampore and Theological Professor at the Mission College, who died at Galle on his way back to India on October 15, 1858, aged 48; and also ELIZABETH MARY DENHAM, his Wife, who died 22nd June, 1860, and is interred at Abney Park Cemetery, Stoke Newington.
	June 22 1860	Elizabeth Mary Denham	
633 ..	Sept. 3 1864	Enos Hughes	.. ENOS HUGHES, Bangor, North Wales; Master of Ship <i>Viscount Sandon</i> . This stone was raised as a tribute of affection by the officers of the ship.
634 ..	Jan. 8 1867	Tempe Stanley Drew	.. Sacred to the memory of TEMPE STANLEY, the beloved wife of Capt. C. M. DREW, died at Galle. Captain Drew was Superintendent of Police at Galle, and died at Kandy, March 4, 1868.
635 ..	Aug. 13 1868	Anne Steel	In memory of my dear Nannie, 1868. He gave thee He took thee And He will restore thee. She was the wife of Donald Steel, a tea planter, Cachar, Assam. She arrived at Galle from Calcutta in the ss. <i>Candia</i> on August 10, 1868, and died there of cholera on the 12th, aged 29 years. She and her husband were on their way to Australia. She was the daughter, born February 11, 1839, of Richard Davis Webb, a master printer and publisher of Dublin, belonging to a highly respected family of Dublin Quakers. She married Donald Steel at Rathgar, on March 26, 1868. He was lost overboard near Galle a few years after her death, on the voyage from Calcutta to Australia.

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
636 ..	Jan. 1 1873	.. Janie Grant	.. JANIE, the beloved wife of GEORGE HUGH GRANT of Bhagulpore, Bengal, and daughter of Dr. & Mrs. KEILLER of Edinburgh. Born in Edinburgh, 26th July, 1851, & died in Galle Harbour of fever after a short illness.
637 ..	Aug. 8 1873	.. William McIntosh	.. WILLIAM MCINTOSH, of Dundee, Scotland, Manager, India Jute Coy.'s Mills, Serampore, near Calcutta, who died at Galle aged 35 years.
638 ..	Sept. 5 1875	.. William Bruce Manson	.. WILLIAM BRUCE MANSON, a native of Thurso, Scotland, Late Manager of Bagonbarry, the property of his Uncle the late KENNETH SUTHERLAND BRODIE, in the Presidency of Bengal, who died at Point De Galle aged 40 years. This tablet is placed here by his Uncle's Trustees in testimony of his worth as a faithful and efficient Manager.
639 .	Jan. 18 1880	. Dorothea Sophia Vanderspar	MRS. D. S. VANDERSPAR, born 11th June, 1799. She was a daughter of Marie Joseph Benjamin de Breard and his wife Susanna Francina (see No. 559), and married (1) on March 17, 1814, Lieutenant Godfried Archibald Gerrit Benjamin Giesler, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, who died at Jaffna on January 17, 1816; and (2) John Joachim Vanderspar (see No. 561) on June 1, 1818. By her first husband she had a son born at Colombo, July 23, 1816.
640 ..	Feb. 4 1883	.. George McRitchie Bisset	.. GEORGE MCRITCHIE BISSET, beloved husband of RACHEL ANN RAE aged 42 years. Bisset's shop at Galle was well known in the seventies and early eighties.
641 ..	Oct. 30 1883	.. Frederick William de Vos	FREDERICK WILLIAM DE VOS. Born 22nd July, 1829
	March 12 1854	.. Sophia Elizabeth de Vos	Requiescat in pace. He was the son of Pieter Willem de Vos and Charlotta Eliza von Hagt. SOPHIA ELIZABETH, the beloved wife of F. W. DE VOS, Esq., who died at Galle aged 24 years. This was the first wife of Mr. F. W. de Vos, a sister of Dr. P. D. Anthonisz. They were the parents of Mr. F. H. de Vos.
642 ..	Dec. 19 1887	.. John Smith	JOHN SMITH, only son of the late Rev. WM. SMITH, Chapel of Garioch, Scotland, born Feb. 25th, 1841.
643 ..	July 3 1889	.. Lizzie Paterson	.. Erected by C. A. PATERSON, Principal of the Church of Scotland Mission College, Madras, in memory of LIZZIE WATT, his wife, who died suddenly of typhoid fever at Galle, aged 32 years; and of ELSIE, their elder daughter, who died at Bridge of Allan, Scotland aged 1 year.
	Nov. 21 1885	.. Elsie Paterson	
644 ..	Oct. 29 1892	.. Loringe Fosseth	. CAPT. LORINGE FOSSETH, Master, American Barque <i>Normande</i> . Born at Bristol, Maine, U.S.A., April 20th, 1835. Died at Galle. aged 57 years 6 months and 9 days. Erected to his memory by his Officers and Crew.
645 ..	June 12 1903	.. Peter Daniel Anthonisz	.. Sacred to the memory of PETER DANIEL ANTHONISZ, M.D., F.R.C.S.E., M.R.C.S., M.R.C.P., Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael & St. George. Born 25th June, 1822 <i>Arms</i> —Argent, a lozenge gules between three besants of the second, fracted on dexter side. Star of the order suspended from shield. <i>Crest</i> —A lozenge gules between a pair of wings addorsed. There is also a Latin inscription on a wapenbord in the Dutch Church, Galle (see No. 567), and the

Dutch Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
645 ..	June 12 .. 1903	Peter Daniel Anthonisz— <i>contd.</i>	clock tower on the ramparts bears the following inscription :—

Anthonisz Clock Tower.

This tower erected by public subscription to the perpetual memory of PETER DANIEL ANTHONISZ. (born in Galle) in testimony of his skill and benevolence in relieving human suffering.

The clock is the gift of Samson d'Abrew Rajapakse, J.P., of Kosgoda.

MDCCCLXXXIII.

He entered the Medical Department in 1838 as a Sub-Assistant, and by 1858 had risen to the position of Colonial Surgeon. He made several visits to England and walked the hospitals there and on the Continent. He acted as Principal Civil Medical Officer on three different occasions. He retired in 1880. He was for many years a member of the Municipal Council of Galle, and was also representative of the Burgher community in the Legislative Council. He was a man of genial disposition and unbounded charity.

He was born at Galle, June 25, 1822, the eldest son of Leonardus Henricus Anthonisz and Susanna Dorothea Deutrom, only child of Johannes Jacobus Deutrom and Anna Magdalena Kellar.

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle.

This is a few yards from the Dutch *Kerkhof*. Church of England people were for many years buried in the latter, though the Church of England register was separately kept. This cemetery is in itself a visible memorial of the time when Galle was the point of call for steamers, for the majority of inscriptions in it refer to persons who were merely passers by and had no connection with the Island. In fact, Galle was so well known as a point of call that it is generally referred to in early British times and until later outside the Island as "Point de Galle," a name under which the town was unknown to the Dutch. Nowadays no one in the Island talks of it as "Point de Galle." The burial register dates from 1815, and opens with some burials at Jaffna. The earliest burial registered at Galle is dated April 30 in 1817. Until 1844 they took place at the Dutch Church or at the Dutch Burial Ground, and there were some burials at the latter even after that year.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
646 ..	Aug. 19 .. 1844	John James Sargent ..	Sacred to the memory of Major JOHN JAMES SARGENT, late of H. M. 18th Royal Irish Regt., who died at Point de Galle on the 19th August, 1844, in the 54th year of his age, from the effects of fever contracted while serving in China, where he was also wounded in action. This monument is erected by his bereaved children, who lost in him an ever kind, affectionate, and much-loved father.

His wife, Frances Matilda, died in March, 1841, at Trincomalee. A daughter, Matilda, aged 17, died at Kandy, December 22, 1842. (No inscription.) His eldest daughter, Catherine Anne, married Lieutenant William Twisleton Layard, C.R.R., August 11, 1834, and his second daughter, Elizabeth, married (1) Henry Warrington, Naval Officer at Trincomalee, June 3, 1839, at Trincomalee, and (2) James Sinclair, M.D., on March 16, 1857, at Colombo.

The 18th left Trincomalee for the China war by H. M. S. *Rattlesnake* on May 3, 1840. Major Sargent came out to Ceylon in the 58th Regiment, and in 1840, as a Captain, was holding the appointment of Staff Officer of Trincomalee, having succeeded Captain Wynn, who died in 1838, and having "effected an exchange into the 18th with a considerable loss to be able to retain it." This was on December 14, 1838. ("Miscellaneous Military Papers" in *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. V., p. 3.) He and his family are the subject of one of William Boyd's stories, which, however, he says, was told him by an officer at Aldershot in 1871. It refers to a "Capt. Sergeant of the 78th, who died in Ceylon, leaving a son and daughter entirely destitute. No one took any charge of, or interest in, these two unfortunate waifs, and they stood a very good chance of forming units amongst the numerous army of lapsed masses, when McDonald, who had been Pay Sergeant in their father's Company,

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
646 ..	Aug. 19 1844	.. John James Sargent— <i>contd.</i>	<p>took them in hand, brought them up as the children of a gentleman, clothed, educated, and waited on them as if he had been their servant; and when the son, Jack Sergeant, arrived at man's estate, interest was made with the Commander-in-Chief to get him a commission in the army. He was accordingly gazetted to the Ceylon Rifles, and was shortly after sent to China, where he and other two or three old Ceylon officers lost their lives in some obscene brawl with natives. I never heard what became of Miss Sergeant. Possibly she may be living in Ceylon at the present day." ("Days of Old in Ceylon," in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. VI., p. 369.)</p> <p>There is a foundation of truth in this story, but like all Boyd's stories a good deal of it is fiction. His memory, as usual, played him false in important details, and the editor of the <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> remarks with respect to it: "Some strange mistake, or there must have been two officers of the same name." He, however, confirms the statement that an officer named Sargent went from Ceylon to China, became eventually "a full General, and still survives" (1892). As Major-General he some years ago commanded the forces in China. According to the same authority, too, the part of the story about the purchase of the commission is true, though the friend in need who supplied the money for it was "Mr. William MacCullagh, an Irishman, a planter in Ambegamuwa" (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. VI., p. 369), and not Sergeant McDonald. Here are more difficulties, for there was no planter named MacCullagh in Ceylon in 1844-45, though there was in 1846-48. To which it may be added that Major Sargent had two sons, who were school boys at Galle with Sir William Twynam. The elder obtained a commission in the 18th; it is true that he was hit on the head with a brick in China, but he was not killed; he was a wild boy, and Mrs. Twynam was of opinion that it would do him good, as his own mother had not been able to manage him. The other joined the 95th, and was subsequently in the 3rd Buffs. Sir William Twynam met him at Malta years afterwards, when he was thinking of retiring, but as it was supposed that war between England and France was imminent, he decided to remain. This fixes the date as 1859. He had been a great stammerer, but was completely cured. It was he who became a General.</p>
647 ..	Sept. 8 1850	.. Gilbert Thompson	.. GILBERT THOMPSON, Carpenter of the barque <i>Kite</i> , who was killed by an accidental fall from an inn window in the Port of Galle, in the 28th year of his age. His attached and sorrowing friends, the crew of the vessel, have raised this tablet to his memory.
648 ..	Oct. 30 1852	.. William Sims	.. W. SIMS, Esqre., C.C.S., who died at Galle, aged 38 years. He was Police Magistrate of Galle at the time of his death. He was appointed Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate of Madawalatenna (Galagedara), December 1, 1846.
649 ..	Jan. 25 1853	.. Richard P. Gower	.. RICHARD P. GOWER of Tenby, Pembrokeshire, South Wales, Chief Officer of the P. & O. S. N. C. Service, aged 28 years.
650 ..	Feb. 21 1853	.. Archibald Cunningham Graham	Lieut. A. CUNNINGHAM GRAHAM, of the Bombay Army, son of ROBERT CUNNINGHAM GRAHAM of Gartmore, who departed this life at Galle aged 27 years. Generous, high spirited, and affectionate, his early decease has been the source of great affliction to a large circle of friends and relatives.
651 ..	April 1 1853	.. Daniel White	.. DANIEL WHITE, Esqre., of the Madras Civil Service, late Collector and Magistrate of the District of Nellore, who died at Galle aged 43 years. Writer, 1829; Collector of Nellore, 1850. Married, March 13, 1834, Miss Charlotte Nicholls, daughter of Solomon Nicholls, M.C.S. ("Prinsep," p. 153.)

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
652 ..	April 15 1853	.. Robert Henry Ryan ..	Died at this place ROBERT HENRY RYAN, Esqre., of the Bombay Civil Service, in the 28th year of his age. He was the fourth son of the Right Honourable Sir EDWARD RYAN, late Chief Justice of Bengal.
653 ..	April 30 1853	.. Robert William Wheatstone ..	Lieut. ROBERT WILLIAM WHEATSTONE, 7th Regt. B. N. I., aged 36 years and 4 months. Deeply lamented by his bereaved wife and universally regretted by all who knew him.
654 ..	Feb. 26 1854	.. Peter Greenhalgh ..	Erected to the memory of PETER GREENHALGH, late Third Engineer of the P. & O. C. S. S. <i>Bengal</i> , aged 32 years. This tablet was erected by his brother.
655 ..	July 23 1854	.. Harry Cecil Saunders ..	The burial place of HARRY CECIL SAUNDERS of the Bengal Civil Service, who died at sea, aged 24 years.
656 ..	Oct. 6 1854	.. James Nicholson ..	JAMES NICHOLSON, Merchant, Calcutta, who died at Galle aged 26 years.
657 ..	May 14 1855	.. John Rollo Prideaux ..	Lieut. JOHN ROLLO PRIDEAUX, late of H. M. 23rd R. W. Fusileers, who died at Point de Galle aged 20.
658 ..	Sept. 1 1855	.. Sophie Ernie Birch ..	SOPHIE ERNIE, the beloved wife of ERNEST GEORGE BIRCH, Esq., of the Bengal Civil Service, who died at Galle in the 24th year of her age.
659 ...	May 26 1856	.. Francis Bell ..	FRANCIS BELL, of Calcutta, Solicitor, Third son of GEORGE JOSEPH BELL, Professor of Scots Law in Edinburgh University, who died at sea on board the <i>Nubia</i> , on his way to England, aged 33. It seems a curious coincidence that five years later, viz., on September 23, 1861, there should have died at sea on board the P. & O. steamer <i>Simla</i> , on his way home from Ceylon, James Francis, only son of George Skene, Professor of Law at the University of Glasgow.
660 ..	Oct. 22 1857	.. Buxton Parker ..	BUXTON PARKER, Third Officer of H. Majesty's Steam Transport <i>Mauritius</i> , Son of LANGSTON PARKER, Esq., M.D., Birmingham, who died on board, aged 27 years.
661 ..	July 17 1858	.. Thomas Davis Lushington ..	THOMAS DAVIS LUSHINGTON, Esqre., Madras Civil Service, 3rd Son of the late EDMUND H. LUSHINGTON, Esqre., of Park House, Kent, and formerly Puisne Judge of this Colony. Died off Point de Galle, aged 45 years. He died on board the <i>Hydaspes</i> . A son of his, H. V. Lushington, was a planter for some years in the Kelani Valley. Writer, 1832 ; Collector of Ganjain, 1858. Married, February 7, 1850, Mary, second daughter of Charles May Lushington, M.C.S. ("Prinsep," p. 91.) He was a brother of Edmund Law Lushington, Professor of Greek at Glasgow, who married Tennyson's sister (see "In Memoriam"), and of Sir Franklin Lushington, the Metropolitan Magistrate. Edmund Henry Lushington (born July 11, 1766) was the son of Rev. James Stephen Lushington of Rodmersham, Prebendary of Carlisle, and Mary, the daughter of the Right Rev. Edward Law, Bishop of Carlisle. He married (2), April 12, 1810, Sophie, daughter of Thomas Philips of Sedgely. He was Puisne Judge, 1802-05, and Chief Justice (acting), 1805.
662 ..	Aug. 22 1858	.. Philip Lovell Collyer Philips ..	Sacred to the memory of P. LOVELL COLLYER PHILIPS, Lieut. in Her Majesty's Rifle Brigade. He died at Point de Galle of Dysentery, aged 22 years. He was in the 4th Battalion.
663 ..	Aug. 23 1858	.. Robert Bridge ..	Captain ROBERT BRIDGE, late 72nd Bengal Native Infantry, aged 35 years.

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
664 ..	Nov. 19 1858	.. Alexander Lawrence Tweedie	Captain A. L. TWEEDIE, 36th Regiment, M.N.I, eldest Son of Major-General M. TWEEDIE, Madras Army, who died at sea. He died on board the ss. <i>Bengal</i> , aged 38.
665 ..	April 28 1859	.. Arthur Blackmore	.. ARTHUR BLACKMORE, H.M.S. Purveying Department, youngest son of EDWARD BLACKMORE, Esqre., of Alresford, Hampshire, England. He died dearly beloved and deeply regretted on his passage home from China, aged 23 years.
666 ..	Nov. 9 1859	.. William Carpenter Rowe	.. Sacred to the memory of Sir WILLIAM CARPENTER ROWE, Chief Justice of Ceylon, who departed this life November 9th, 1859, in the 59th year of his age. He was Chief Justice, 1856-60.
667 ..	June 29 1860	.. Philip William Legeyt	.. PHILIP WILLIAM LEGEYT, Bombay Civil Service, Member Legislative Council of India.
668 ..	Oct. 25 1860	.. William Austin	.. Here lie the remains of WILLIAM AUSTIN, who died at Galle, aged 52 years. (See No. 554.)
669 ..	Aug. 15 1862	.. Elizabeth Augusta Flower	ELIZABETH AUGUSTA FLOWER, beloved wife of WILLIAM INGLIS, C.E., G. I. P. Railway, died at Galle, aged 27 years.
670 ..	Sept 17 1862	.. James Hume	.. JAMES HUME, Esqre., for many years the Senior Magistrate of Calcutta, who died on board the ss. <i>Candia</i> , off the Port, in the 54th year of his age.
671 ..	Nov. 6 1863	.. Mary Susanna Parker	.. MARY SUSANNA, the beloved wife of WILLIAM C. PARKER, E. I. Railway, Agra, who died on board the <i>Candia</i> at this place, aged 24 years.
672 ..	Aug. 17 1865	.. George Smith	.. GEORGE SMITH, Esqr., late of Hongkong. Eldest son of GEORGE SMITH, Esq., of Manchester. Died at Galle, aged 26 years.
673 ..	Sept. 12 1865	.. George Stretton Watson	.. GEORGE STRETTON WATSON, of Breston, Nottinghamshire, England, Captain H.M. 88th Connaught Rangers, aged 33 years.
674 ..	Nov. 2 1865	.. J. H. Sonnenkalb	.. J. H. SONNENKALB, Esq., Consul of Prussia and for the free City of Hamburg, who died deeply regretted at Galle. He owned in 1851 an estate called "Cooda Mukalana," at Mapilagama, Galle.
675 ..	Dec. 29 1865	.. Arthur Westbrooke Burton	ARTHUR WESTBROOKE BURTON, Esq., son of the late F. S. BURTON, Esq., Chunhillhouse, Northamptonshire. He died on board the ss. <i>Behar</i> near this Island, and was buried in this place. Aged XXV. Years.
676 ..	Jan. 27 1866	.. William Hall	.. WILLIAM HALL, Chief Mate of the Barque <i>Sanderson</i> of Sunderland, of Newburn Hall, Northumberland, who was accidentally killed by falling into the ship's hold while on duty in this Port, aged 27 years. Erected by his affectionate mother, E. HALL.
677 ..	Nov. 15 1866	.. Arthur Bagley	.. Lieut. ARTHUR BAGLEY, R.N. Born at Athlone, Ireland, 27th March, 1827. Died suddenly on board the ss. <i>Nubia</i> . This Tablet is erected by his sorrowing widow and other relatives and his late shipmates.
678 ..	Nov. 17 1866	.. Richard Joseph Browne	.. RICHARD JOSEPH BROWNE. Born at Lisbon, February 8th, 1873. Died on board the Steamer <i>Nubia</i> when returning home from Calcutta, and was interred in this place.
679 ..	Dec. 29 1866	.. Arthur James Ceely	.. ARTHUR JAMES CEELY, 42nd Royal Highlanders (The Black Watch), aged 32.
680 ..	Jan. 3 1868	.. Henry Castilla	.. Capt. HENRY CASTILLA, aged 45, who died at Point de Galle, Ceylon, on his way home from China.

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
681 ..	Feb. 24 1868	.. John Nutt	.. JOHN NUTT, late of Shanghai, China, who died on board the P. & O. Co.'s Steamer <i>China</i> , aged 29 years. This monument is erected by a few of his intimate friends in China.
682 ..	Feb. 28 1868	.. Charles George Bury	.. CHARLES GEORGE BURY, Anningkande Estate, Ceylon. This tomb is erected by his sorrowing relations. In 1861 he was on Raxawa estate, Panwila.
683 ...	May 5 1868	.. Christopher Edmund Temple	CHRISTOPHER EDMUND TEMPLE. Born 26th September, 1841. Also his only child, CHRISTOPHER EDMUND. Born 26th November, 1868. Also a stained glass window to the memory of the former in All Saints' Church. He was a son of Christopher Temple, Q.C., Deputy Queen's Advocate, Colombo, and was Deputy Queen's Advocate, Galle, at the time of his death; married, on December 12, 1867, at the Cathedral, Colombo, Alice Anne, eldest daughter of Bishop Claughton of Colombo. She married (2) Sir John Douglas, Colonial Secretary of Ceylon, at Colombo.
	Dec. 18 1868	.. Christopher Edmund Temple	
684 ..	Sept. 5 1868	.. George Shield	.. GEORGE SHIELD, Paymaster, H.M.S. <i>Arcus</i> . Aged 27 years.
685 ..	Dec. 19 1868	.. François Stradiot	.. À la Mémoire de FRANÇOIS STRADIOT, Directeur de Musique du Gouverneur de Madras. Né à Hal Belgique le 11 Juin, 1820, Décédé, Galle, le 19 Décembre, 1868.
686 ..	Dec. 26 1868	.. Mary Anne King	.. MARY ANNE KING, the beloved wife of Mr. EDWARD KING of the P. & O. Co.'s Service, who died at Galle, aged 37 years. Calmly she sleeps a child of God from sin and trouble free. Sincerely the path of life she trod.
687 ..	Dec. 29 1868	.. George P. Thompson	.. GEORGE P. THOMPSON, A.M., Interpreter H.B.M.'s Consulate, Swatow, China, who died off the Port on his passage from Hongkong to England, aged 28 years. This stone was erected by his sorrowing relatives in Aberdeen, Scotland.
688 ..	Feb. 17 1869	.. John Black	.. JOHN BLACK, Esqre., of Glasgow, who died at Galle in his 50th year. He founded the firm of John Black & Co., which after his death was most successfully carried on by his widow for many years (see No. 718).
689 ..	Feb. 12 1871	.. Samuel Stanhope Wyrill	.. SAMUEL STANHOPE, Chief Officer of the Steamer <i>Said</i> , and son of HENRY and JANE WYRILL of Scarborough, Yorkshire, England, who died in the Hospital at this place, aged 28 years.
690 ..	April 18 1871	.. Francis Chadwick Corbet	.. FRANCIS CHADWICK CORBET, Nav. Lieutenant, Royal Navy, Commanding H.M. <i>Adventure</i> , who died on his homeward voyage on board the <i>Behar</i> off Galle aged 38 years. The best of sons and brothers.
691 ..	Dec. 12 1871	.. William Hovarden Thacker	.. WILLIAM HOVARDEN THACKER, Calcutta and Bombay, Solicitor, who was ordered to Ceylon for the benefit of his health, and died upon his arrival at Galle aged 43 years.
692 ..	Jan. 13 1872	.. James Hayward	.. JAMES HAYWARD, Midshipman, son of the late JOHNSON HAYWARD of Southville, Reading, who died from the effect of an accident on the ship <i>Walmer Castle</i> .
693 ..	Sept. 10 1872	.. Henry M. Myers	.. HENRY M. MYERS. Born in Cambridge, New York, U.S.A., February 6th, 1842. Died at Sea. There is rest in Heaven. Erected by his bereaved brother and travelling companion, P. V. N. MYERS.

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
694 ..	Feb. 17 1873	Charles Snow	CHARLES SNOW, Son of Lieut.-Colonel P. T. SNOW, of the Madras Army, aged 19 years.
695 ..	June 17 1873	J. G. W. Grant Ozzard	J. G. W. GRANT OZZARD, Midshipman of H.M.S. <i>Thetis</i> . He was the eldest son of J. W. OZZARD, Paymaster-in-chief, Royal Navy, who in the outset of his career was struck down by fever in the Red Sea, and died on board in this Harbour, aged 15 years.
696 ..	Dec. 13 1873	John Ward Braham	In Memory of our beloved son, JOHN WARD BRAHAM, Officer P. & O. Company, aged 25.
697 ..	March 20 1874	William Adams Ridgeway	WM. ADAMS RIDGEWAY, Lieut. H.M. 1st Batn. 14th Regt., who died at sea, aged 26 years. This stone is erected to his memory by his brother Officers as a mark of their esteem and affection.
698 ..	Feb. 18 1875	George Justus Schrader	The Venerable GEORGE JUSTUS SCHRADER, LL.D., Archdeacon of Colombo, Chaplain of All Saints' Church, Galle, and Bishop's Commissary. Died at Galle, aged 46 years. The Venerable George Justus Schrader was the son of George Justus Schrader and Magdalena Elizabeth Arndt, daughter of Bernard Christiaan Arndt and Anna Elisabeth de Niesse. He married at Jaffna, on April 19, 1853, his cousin, Helena Cornelia Arndt, who died at Gampola on April 19, 1859. He was chaplain of Pussellawa, 1859-61, and of Galle, 1861-75, where he was instrumental in building All Saints' Church, the finest ecclesiastical edifice of the Anglican Church in Ceylon. He was a good preacher and much respected. The family derives from Justus Schrader of Brunswick, who settled in Ceylon about 1710.
699* ..	Feb. 27 1875	Agnes Jessie Delmege	AGNES JESSIE, fondly loved wife of E. T. DELMEGE, Esq. Born 14th July, 1849 Aged 25 years.
	Feb. 23 1875	Robert John Delmege	Also ROBERT JOHN, infant Son of above. A beloved wife and an only child. Delmege, Reid & Co. is a well-known firm in the Colony.
700 ..	March 17 1876	Edward Chilner Boodle	EDWARD CHILNER BOODLE, son of the Rev. THOS. and of GEORGIANA FRANCES BOODLE, Vicarage, Virginia Water, Surrey. Born February 2nd, 1843.
701 ..	March 20 1876	John Learmonth	JOHN LEARMONTH, who died at Galle, Ceylon, from Smallpox aged 47 years. Erected by his brother WILLIAM, of Melbourne, Australia.
702 ..	Aug. 10 1876	Frederick Augustus Barnard Glover	In Memory of FREDERICK AUGUSTUS BARNARD GLOVER, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court, Calcutta. Born 29th Jany., 1825. This Monument is erected by his sorrowing wife and children.
703 ..	Dec. 16 1876	Edward William Spenser Login	In Memory of EDWARD WILLIAM SPENSER LOGIN, eldest son of Sir JOHN SPENSER and Lady LOGIN. Died at Galle. This was an elder brother of Rear-Admiral Spenser Henry Metcalf Login, C.V.O., A.D.C. to the King, who took part in the naval operations in the Ashantee war, and at Suakim in 1884-85. Sir John Spenser Login died in 1863.
704 ..	May 7 1877	Phil. Paul Goldschmidt	In Memoriam. Dr. PHIL. PAUL GOLDSCHMIDT. Geb. in Danzig (Preussen) Den 19ten December, 1850. Gest. in Point de Galle, Den 7ten Mai, 1877. Dr. Goldschmidt was appointed for the purpose of collecting copies of old Sinhalese and other inscriptions in the Island and translating them, a work in which he was very successful, though the exposure led to his contracting the malarial fever from which he died. He published "Reports on the Inscriptions found in the North-Central Province" (Sessional

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
704 ..	May 7 1877	Phil. Paul Goldschmidt— <i>contd.</i>	Papers IX. and XXIV. of 1875) and "Reports on Inscriptions found in the North-Central Province and in the Hambantota District" (Sessional Paper XI. of 1876, republished in the Indian Antiquary, VI., November, 1879); also "Notes on Ancient Sinhalese Inscriptions" (in the R.A.S. Journal, C.B., vol. VI., p. 1).
705 ..	Nov. 6 1877	Ann Blyth	.. ANN, wife of DANIEL BLYTH, aged 47 years; also ERNEST, their son, aged 4½ years; and MARY CATHERINE BLYTH, their daughter, aged 25 years. Erected by her husband and children in loving remembrance.
	May 22 1871	Ernest Blyth	
	Feb. 21 1890	Mary Catherine Blyth	Daniel Blyth was for a long time Master Attendant at Galle.
706 ..	Nov. 8	Thomas Munson Barker	.. THOMAS MUNSON BARKER aged 42. In the last days of the steamer lines the New Oriental Hotel at Galle was managed by Mrs. Barker.
707 ..	Aug. 8 1878	Frances Ann Graham	.. FRANCES ANN, the beloved wife of D. D. GRAHAM, who died at Galle aged 43 years. Captain Donald Duncan Graham was in the Ceylon Rifles and subsequently in the Police. He retired as Superintendent of Police, Galle. This was his second wife, a Miss Creasy, whom he married at Galle on March 13, 1869; his first wife, Charlotte Hansford Lillie, daughter of Captain Thomas Lillie, having been married to him on November 12, 1845, at Kandy. His third wife was a Miss Parsons.
708 ..	March 28 1879	Gilbert Laird	.. GILBERT LAIRD, Master Mariner. Born 14th Jany., 1844, at St. Margaret's Hope, Orkney, Scotland. Died on board the <i>Jeanie Louttit</i> , and is interred here. The barque called on March 29 to bury the master. She belonged to Mr. D. Louttit, of Wick, Caithness.
709 ..	Aug. 24 1880	Ann Cecilia Brook	.. ANN CECILIA, widow of the late RICHARD BROOK, Esq., Royal Navy, and Master Attendant of Trincomalee aged 72 years. She was youngest daughter of Jean David Rabinel, and married R. Brook on September 3, 1823, at Galle. Her sister, Ariana Maria, married at Galle, January 15, 1818, R. Brook's brother, George Shaw Brook, who was Ordnance Storekeeper at Galle, 1818-24. A daughter of George Shaw Brook, Emilia, married R. J. Dunlop at Jaffna on July 6, 1847, and the same day and at the same place her sister, Eliza Cecilia, married Thomas Gordon, a coconut planter in the Jaffna peninsula. A daughter of Richard Brook, Oreana, married (1) at Galle, on November 3, 1846, Edward Charles Elwall, M.D., and (2) at Colombo, in October, 1854, Charles Patton Walker, C.C.S.
710 ..	July 28 1881	John Stewart Cumley	.. Erected by ISABEL R. CUMLEY, a small token in true love and deep sorrow to the memory of her attached husband JOHN STEWART CUMLEY, Esqr., Ramang Banka, Batavia, Isle of Java, who died suddenly on his voyage to Europe, aged 33 years.
711 ..	Dec. 3 1881	Sarah Mann Maingay	.. SARAH MANN, the beloved wife of C. F. C. MAINGAY. She was sixth daughter of Gother Mann Parsons (see Nos. 209 and 241), and married Charles Frederick, son of Captain Maingay, R.N., on August 6, 1858, at Nuwara Eliya.
712 ..	April 18 1888	John Richards	.. JOHN RICHARDS, of Newport, Pem., Wales, late Chief Officer ss. <i>Shakspear</i> , who died at Sea off this port, aged 41 years. Erected by the Captain and Officers, by his widow's permission.
713 ..	Feb. 5 1892	Sarah Anne Maddock	.. SARAH ANNE MADDOCK, widow of the late HENRY LATHOM MADDOCK, of Pallai, Jaffna, who died at Galle. This stone is erected in loving remembrance by her two sons.

All Saints' Cemetery, Galle—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
713 ..	Feb. 5 1892	.. Sarah Anne Maddock— <i>contd.</i>	She was the daughter of George Shaw Brook and Ariana Maria Rabinel, and married H. L. Maddock at the Fort Church, Jaffna, on April 23, 1856. He was on Kaddakadu estate, Pallai, which belonged to his uncle Sir Henry Maddock, an Indian Civilian.
714 ..	Sept. 14 1895	.. H. Bruckshaw	.. Capt. H. BRUCKSHAW. Erected by the Captain, Officers, and Engineers of the ss. <i>Umzint</i> as a tribute of respect.
715 ..	Sept. 26 1899	.. Cecilia Augusta Thornhill..	CECILIA AUGUSTA THORNHILL. Born 8th March, 1845. Widow of Dr. Hayman Thornhill and daughter of J. S. Harper, late Naval Storekeeper, Trincomalee. She was killed in a carriage accident.
716 ..	Sept. 15 1904	.. Thomas Thompson	.. THOMAS THOMPSON, 2nd Mate, ss. <i>Katanga</i> , aged 30 years, who was killed by a fall from aloft in execution of his duty.
717 ..	June 16 1905	.. Sydney Herbert Hobday	.. SYDNEY HERBERT HOBDAY, District Engineer, P. W. D., second son of RICHARD & MARY M. HOBDAY. Born at Ramsgate, England, 7th June, 1878. Died at Galle.
718 ..	Nov. 13 1905	.. Isabel Swinburn Black	.. ISABEL SWINBURN BLACK, widow of the late JOHN BLACK, who entered into rest on the 13th November, 1905. (See No. 688.)

Wesleyan Chapel in the Fort, Galle.

720 ..	Dec. 5 1845	.. Julia Bridgnell	.. JULIA, fourth daughter of the Revd. W. BRIDGNELL, Wesleyan Missionary, and ELIZA, his wife, born at Matura, May 27th, 1831, died at Colombo, December 5th, 1845, and buried there in the Pettah Wesleyan Chapel near the remains of her sister, ANNE AMELIA, where both rest till "The dead shall hear the voice of the Son of God and shall come forth absent from the body present with the Lord." Erected by her bereaved and sorrowing parents. Sudden as o'er the sky a cloud is spread, Death swept over JULIA from our weeping sight, As a flower cut down, a shadow fled, Her spirit passed away and all was night. To Him who burst the iron of death, And op'd the wide eternal gate of heaven, Strong in our love but stronger in our Faith, We gave her back who but awhile was given.
721 ..	Oct. 2 1848	.. Eliza Bridgnell	.. Here lies (all that was mortal of) ELIZA BRIDGNELL, the faithful, affectionate, and much-loved wife of WILLIAM BRIDGNELL, Wesleyan Missionary, born February 17th, 1810. The Rev. William Bridgnell was in Ceylon, 1822-49; died 1858. He published "An English Grammar in Sinhalese and English" and "A Dictionary, Sinhalese and English," 1847.
722 ..	Sept. 18 1851	.. W. H. A. Dickson	.. In memory of the late Rev. W. H. A. DICKSON, Wesleyan Missionary of South Ceylon, who died at Madras on the 18th of September, 1851, aged 25 years. A few friends at Galle, where he spent the last years of his faithful and laborious ministry, have erected this tablet as a memorial of his exemplary piety and devotedness. "The names of Richard Stoup (No. 417) and William H. A. Dickson, both of whom died young, are still fragrant as the perfume of the na tree." ("Jubilee Memorials," 1814-64, which contains a copy of the inscription, p. 216.) After a residence in the Island of less than five years he removed to Madras, where he died. He was in Ceylon from 1846.

St. Mary's Cathedral, Galle.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
723	April 8 1854	.. Stephen Charles Vanderstraaten	IN LOVING MEMORY OF STEPHEN CHARLES VANDERSTRAATEN CEYLON CIVIL SERVICE DIED AT GALLE ON THE 8TH APRIL, 1854 AGED 49 YEARS AND OF HIS WIFE HARRIET FRANCES DAUGHTER OF THE LATE DR. BRYAN O'CONNOR OF LONDON DIED AT JAFFNA ON THE 29TH DECEMBER, 1846 AGED 35 YEARS. FEAR NOT, FOR I AM WITH THEE. I WILL BRING THY SEED FROM THE EAST, AND GATHER THEE FROM THE WEST; I WILL SAY TO THE NORTH, GIVE UP; AND TO THE SOUTH, KEEP NOT BACK; BRING MY SONS FROM FAR, AND MY DAUGHTERS FROM THE END OF THE EARTH. ISA. XLIII., 5, 6. Stephen Charles Vanderstraaten was the son of Vincent William Vanderstraaten and Anna Wilhelmina Thomasz, and grandson of Engelbert Vanderstraaten of Singen (Baden), who came out in 1742 in the ship <i>Rynsburg</i> , and Susanna Thysz of Colombo. V. W. Vanderstraaten was for many years Registrar of the Supreme Court. His brother, Pieter Lodewyk Vanderstraaten, was Sitting Magistrate of Jayela, between Colombo and Negombo, 1816-18, and at Negombo, 1818. Four of V. W. Vanderstraaten's daughters married Englishmen: Eliza Catherina married John Comyns Bulkley, Assistant Surgeon, 16th Regiment, at Colombo, June 7, 1821; Anna Maria Catherina married James Carroll, Royal Irish Regiment, at Colombo, November 14, 1838; the fifth daughter, Antoinette Helena, married C. Beling at Colombo, October 28, 1839; the sixth daughter, C. M. L., married H. Exshaw Smith, third son of Major Haddon Smith, July 27, 1835; the youngest daughter, Eugenia Lucretia, married T. St. George C. R. Thompson, Ordnance Department, at Colombo, November 18, 1839.
724	April 1 1876	.. Benedict Martin, O.S.B. ..	Hic Vitæ Resurrectionem Expectant Delecti E. Cari Cineres BENEDICTI. MARTIN. Sodalit Domo Hispan O. S. B. qui Sacra Expeditione Ad Vige- simum Annum Strenue Perducta Catholicam Fidem Hac In Insula Docuit Auxit Firmavit Templum Deo Æterno In Honorem Magnæ Jesu D. N. Matris Impensa Cura Erigi Jussit Majora Proponens Kal Apr MDCCCLXXXVI Æt Ann Lxi. Pie Obiit Ut Vixerat Anima Desideratissima Si Te Cœli Incolam Habeant Nostrum Memor Esto Qui Titulum Perdolentes Ponimus. This inscription is on the slab over the grave inside the church. Over the main entrance outside is the following:— R. P. Benedictus Martin Apost. Miss. Monachus Benedictinus Compostellæ Ex villa Garcia De Campos In Castella Veteri Apud Hispaniam Phi- lipi—Nis Insulis Peragratis Subsidia Comparans Ecclesiam Hanc A Fundamentis Erexit Pergrati Galle Catholici Pro Patri Hoc Memoriale Dicare Voluerunt. A.D. 1873. He was a native of Villa Garcia de Campos in Old Castille, and was a Benedictine of the monastery at Campostella in Galicia.

St. Mary's Cathedral Cemetery, Galle.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
725 ..	May 11 1867	.. William O'Brien	.. WILLIAM O'BRIEN, late Captain Royal Bengal Artillery, died at Point De Galle on the 11th of May, 1867, aged 28 years. This tablet was erected to his memory by his affectionate brother JAMES O'BRIEN, Ballinalachen, Co. Clare, Ireland. Captain O'Brien fell out of a window of the Oriental Hotel on May 10. He was said to be a relative of General Sir Terence O'Brien. The inscription is rapidly becoming illegible.
726 ..	Feb. 9 1871	.. D. Rafael Uriz	.. Aqui Yace D. RAFAEL URIZ Capn Mercete Espanol. Fallecio 9 Febr. 1871. Here lies D. Rafael Uriz, Captain of a Spanish merchantman, died, &c.
727 ..	June 4 1871	.. Joseph-Louis le Faucheur	Ici Repose JOSEPH-LOUIS LE FAUCHEUR, Né Le 21 Septembre 1839 Décédé Le 4 Juin 1871.
728 ..	Dec. 13 1871	.. Anne Maria Clementine Young	ANNE MARIA CLEMENTINE, wife of WILLIAM MANDILHON YOUNG, daughter of P. H. CHERMONT, died at Galle. Aged XXXVIII years. The <i>particule nobiliaire</i> is absent on the stone. Anne Maria Clementine de Chermont was the daughter of Prosper H. de Chermont and Gottelier. Her sisters, Celine, Auralia, and Eurania, married Robert Buller Young, James Hawke, and Alfred Gottelier, respectively. Prosper H. de Chermont was a relative of Prosper de Chermont, Commandant of the French forces at Pondicherry, where he died on September 13, 1793. The Commandant had a son, Prosper Lubin de Chermont, who died at Pondicherry, October 4, 1793, aged 18 months.
729 ..	Jan. 17 1877	.. J. B. Martial Louvain Pesecheloche	Pax.—J. B. MARTIAL LOUVAIN PESECHELOCHE. Né à Ville Franche D' Aveyron Franchoe le 26 Octobre, 1842. Décédé à bord—de la Galissionière. "Franchoe" is evidently a mistake for "France." The following is from a Geographical Dictionary of 1887:—" Ville Franche de Rouergue, chef lieu d'arrondissement du département de l'Aveyron à 56 kilomètres ouest de Rodez, au confluent de l'Alezon et de l'Aveyron.
730 ..	March 12 1881	.. John Kenneth Moran	.. JOHN KENNETH MORAN, aged 44. Rest, beloved, ne'er forgot; Though bereaved, I murmur not; Bending to the Almighty's rod, I resign thee to my God. He was brought ashore ill from a steamer three days before his death.
731 ..	Jan. 23 1884	.. William A. Coulter	.. In memory of W. A. COULTER, died at Galle, aged 35 years. His sister was the wife of J. W. Daveran, who afterwards changed his name into Erskine.

BADDEGAMA.

Baddegama Church.

Consecrated by Bishop Heber on September 25, 1825, which event is commemorated by a tablet in the church. Baddegama is 12 miles from Galle on the Gindura river. It is 7 miles from Hikkaduwa railway station to Halpatota ferry, which is three-quarters of a mile from the Baddegama resthouse. It was at Baddegama that George Winter established the only sugar estate in Ceylon that has lasted.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
732 ..	July 14 1846	.. Robert Mayor	.. In memory of the Rev. ROBERT MAYOR, the founder of this Station, and by whose exertions this church was built, who after nearly ten years of faithful labour in this country, was compelled by the loss of his health to return to England, when he afterwards became successively Rector of Coppenhall and Vicar of Acton in the county of Chester, at

Baddegama Church—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
732 ..	July 14 1846	.. Robert Mayor—contd.	.. which last place he died in perfect peace on the 14th of July, 1846, aged 55. His friends in Ceylon erected this tablet as a tribute of their affectionate remembrance of his character and labour.

Mr. Mayor was one of the first Church Missionaries who arrived in 1818 (see No. 460).

While at Baddegama Mr. Mayor had a son, the Rev. John Eyton Bickersteth Mayor, of St. John's College, Cambridge, born January 28, 1825, who became Professor of Latin at Cambridge in 1872, and author of several classical, philological, and antiquarian works. He died December 1, 1910. Another son, born there in 1828, Rev. Joseph Bickersteth Mayor, was Professor of Classics at King's College, London, 1870-79. Mrs. Mayor was Charlotte, daughter of Edmund Bickersteth of Watton, and she was married to Mr. Mayor at St. George's, Everston (Liverpool), on September 4, 1817.

"At Baddegama, the Church Missionary Station, arrowroot (*Maranta arundinacea*, L.) is extensively cultivated, and the natives are greatly indebted to the example originally set them by the Rev. Messrs. Ward and Mayor for the introduction of this invaluable root into culture in this district." (Bennett, p. 360.)

"In August, 1819, the late Rev. Robert Mayor (father of Professor J. E. B. Mayor, of Cambridge) left Galle, at that time the chief town of Ceylon, where he had been working for some time, and settled in a large village, named Baddegama, some twelve miles off Having obtained a free grant from Government of a large hill on the banks of the beautiful Gindara river, he quickly set to work to clear the jungle and level the top of the hill. He soon built a house and a large schoolroom, both of which are in use to this day In February, 1821, the foundation stone of a large church was laid. The building was put up partly by private subscription and partly by a grant given by the Governor, Sir Robert Brownrigg, who took a warm interest in it. By February, 1823, the church was nearly finished. Some idea of the difficulties overcome in its erection may be gathered from the fact that 700 lb. of gunpowder were used in blasting out the foundations alone. The missionaries comment on the generosity of the Government in sparing so much of this material, although an insurrection was going on in the Kandyan Provinces at the time. On March 11th of the same year the church was formally opened by the Archdeacon in the presence of a large congregation, amongst whom were the chief Government officials and their families from Galle, and Sir Richard Ottley, the Chief Justice, who presented the communion plate to the church.

"There was no Bishop of Colombo in those days, and it was not till September, 1825, that the Bishop of Calcutta, the saintly Reginald Heber, visited this outlying part of his huge Diocese. On Saturday, the 24th, the Bishop, with Mrs. Heber, reached Baddegama, and on the Sunday the Bishop consecrated the church and afterwards the burial ground. Almost all the European residents from Galle and a great number of natives were present. The Bishop preached from Gen. xxviii., 16, 17, and in the afternoon confirmed thirteen persons. Just before embarking at Galle, on his return to Calcutta at the end of the month, the Bishop wrote to his friend, the Vicar of Shawbury, in Shropshire, Mr. Mayor's father, telling of his visit to his son. It gives one some idea of the tremendous separation of Anglo-Indians in those days to learn that before these letters reached England the good Bishop had received his home-call on April 3rd, 1826, at Trichinopoly, in South India.

"In later years Baddegama became one of the most famous missionary and educational centres of the Island, and to-day amongst the Sinhalese upper classes throughout Ceylon may be found many in every walk in life who themselves or their fathers were educated here. But with the transfer of the official and commercial centre from Galle to Colombo, nearly seventy

Baddegama Church—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
732 ..	July 14 1846	.. Robert Mayor—contd. ..	miles north, a great change must have come over the work, and although it is still vigorously carried on, the former glory of the station has been eclipsed by newer institutions “The old church in its simple beauty remains a monument to the zeal of Robert Mayor The edifice, after nearly one hundred years of this destructive climate, stands in sore need of repairs to its woodwork. The stone fabric will probably never need any serious repairs. It is splendidly built, of solid granite masonry.” (<i>Guardian</i> .) Repairs to the woodwork have since been carried out.
733 ..	April 18 1866	.. George Parsons ..	Sacred to the memory of the Revd. GEORGE PARSONS, who departed this life April 18, A.D. 1866. Aged 41 years. This tablet was erected by the Singhalese Christians of this district, in remembrance of his Labours among them for a period of 16 years.
734 ..	1819	.. C. M. S. Missionaries ..	In Memoriam. Rev. R. Mayor 1819 to 1828 Rev. B. Ward 1820 to 1828 Rev. G. Trimmell 1828 to 1845 Rev. G. Faught 1828 to 1836 Rev. H. Powell 1839 to 1843 Rev. C. Greenwood 1841 to 1850 Rev. G. Parsons 1849 to 1866 Rev. J. Allcock 1869 to 1883 whose faith follow.

Baddegama Churchyard.

735 ..	Nov. 17 1830	.. Susan Margaret Faught ..	SUSAN MARGARET, infant daughter of the Rev. G. S. FAUGHT and ANNE, his wife. Aged 12 days. Born Nov. 5, A.D. 1830
736 ..	Feb. 3 1835	.. Marcus Steers Faught ..	MARCUS STEERS, youngest son of the Rev. G. S. FAUGHT and ANNE, his wife, aged 6 months, born August 3, 1834, and also of his infant brother GODFREY STEERS, born March 19th
	June 9 1836	.. Godfrey Steers Faught	
737 ..	June 21 1850	.. Charles Greenwood ..	Sacred to the memory of the Revd. CHARLES GREENWOOD, Church Missionary, Baddegama, who was drowned whilst bathing in the river, June 21st, 1850, aged 37.
738 ..	Sept. 27 1868	.. Lydia Septima Bowman ..	LYDIA SEPTIMA, wife of HAVERSTOCK HODSOLL BOWMAN, born August 1st, 1834 1868. Also in memory of HAVERSTOCK HODSOLL BOWMAN. Born March 28th, 1833. Lydia Septima was the daughter of George Winter and Sarah Cressy. She was married to Mr. Bowman at Baddegama on January 6, 1858. Mr. Bowman married (2) Adelaide Bourbon Hayley (born April 10, 1838), the daughter of Thomas Harrop Hayley of Castleford, by his first wife Juliana Robinson. Thomas Harrop Hayley was the son of William Hayley and Catherina Harrop.
739 ..	April 1 1875	.. George Walter Winter ..	In memory of GEORGE WALTER WINTER, son of GEORGE and SARAH WINTER, born in Mauritius, Oct. 24, 1825, died at Baddegama (See No. 556.) He was gazetted Writer in the Civil Service, March 13, 1845, but seems to have left it immediately, as there is no record of his having received any subsequent appointment.
740 ..	Oct. 12 1883	.. Alfred Octavius Winter ..	ALFRED OCTAVIUS WINTER. Born 10th June, 1836 Son of George Winter and Sarah Cressy.
741 ..	Nov. 30 1886	.. William Haverstock Curtis	In loving memory of WILLIAM HAVERSTOCK, first born child of STEUART & ANNE CURTIS. Born 6 September, 1883. Drowned 30 November, 1886. S. Curtis married a Miss Bowman. The Bowmans were partners of the Winters in the sugar estate.

AMBALANGODA.

There is an old Dutch building on the side of the road in front of the Resthouse—the church at Ambalangoda “a poor barn-like building, which travellers between Colombo and Galle must frequently gaze upon, without ever imagining that it had at any time been a place of worship. It is characteristic of the village churches which the Dutch built a plain oblong-shaped structure with low walls all round and pillars and rails above. A stone slab let into one of the walls outside explains that the building was put up in 1755 by Adriaan Oostdyk, *Opziender* of the Galle Korle. Here services were regularly held in Sinhalese by the school-master proponents, and in Dutch during their church and school visitations by the clergymen from Galle Ambalangoda in those days was a far more important station than it is now. As the residence of civil and military officials, it was almost a little town. Adriaan Oostdyk, the builder of the church, was a high official in the Company’s service. At the time of its building he held the rank of a *Koopman* and the post of Superintendent of the Cinnamon Trade, an office next only to that of the *Adminstrateur* of the Galle *Commandement*. His duties frequently took him towards Ambalangoda, Cosgoda, and Bentota, and it is most likely that for long periods he had to make a temporary residence in the old *Rust Huis* of Ambalangoda. It is said that the floor of the church was paved with several tombstones of distinguished men buried within, but none of these are now to be seen, and the explanation given is that the floor had been subsequently raised by earth being filled in. Among those buried within this once hallowed, but now desecrated, place was the Count Jean Guillaume Du Bois De Lassosay, who, after retiring from the Regiment of Luxemburg, of which he was the Colonel Commandant, served the British during the early years of their occupation of Ceylon as Sitting Magistrate of Ambalangoda.” (R. G. Anthonisz. *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. VI., p. 285.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
742 ..	1750	.. Adriaan Oostdyk ..	GEBOUWD DOOR ADRIAAN OOST DYK OMDERK EN OPS DER GA LE CORLA 1750.

Translation.—Built by Adriaan Oostdyk, onderkoopman, Superintendent of the Galle Corle, 1750.

(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 271–72.)

Adriaan Oostdyk of Zierikzee married at Colombo, June 19, 1746, Maria Byl of Colombo, daughter of Lambertus Byl and Engaltine Ziep. Their daughter, Susanna Isabella (baptized at Galle, February 14, 1751, d. Sadras, June 9, 1808), married (1), April 1, 1770, Major Adrianus Cornelis Lever of Breda, (2), December 13, 1789, Isaac de Meuron de Rochat (d. Madras, March 22, 1800), and (3), November 5, 1801, Captain J. G. Gradman of the Meuron Regiment.

MATARA.

“MATARA somewhat resembles Caltura and Negombo, but with this difference, that it has two forts, one on each side of the river, the walls of which are more regularly and strongly built than in either of the other two places, but the one on the further side of the river from Belligam, which is the larger, has never been finished, and is open towards the sea, like the earlier fortifications in Galle, and towards the river. In this the public buildings are situated, so that it is nearly free from all appearance of dilapidation; but it has a quiet about it that scarcely comports with the push and bustle of modern days Formerly the river at Matara was crossed by two bridges, without balustrades. It was then a long time without a bridge at all, but it has now one bridge, well protected at the sides and covered by a roof. Near the seashore is a small island, round which the breakers roll, and further on there is a bold cliff, the highest on this part of the coast.” (Hardy, p. 226.)

The last bridge referred to has now been replaced by an iron bridge, which has no roof. The cliff alluded to is Browne’s Hill, called after John Dennis Browne, who was Assistant Government Agent of Matara in the forties.

“In itself it is a dull enough little town, with hardly anything of the grand or the sublime in the immediate landscape to give it any title to romantic beauty. The broad Nill-wala-ganga flowing calmly and placidly through the town, with an occasional canoe sculled along by a single fisherman sitting at the stern and patiently whipping the waters; the broad and open sea stretching far away as the eye can reach, with hardly ever a sail within sight to break the sharply defined line of the horizon; the grim old ramparts that close it on one side; the narrow streets with buildings all of the old Dutch style; and a population as primitive as at the date when the Dutch Burghers smoked their long pipes and sipped their Scheidam and went for their noonday siesta, Matara seems a fossil relic cast up for the purpose of intensifying the contrast between the past and the present. But if the town itself has stood still while everything around it was marching on, it is not altogether devoid of its own peculiarly quiet beauties, especially to the stranger who enters its environs. Outside the fort your sight first alights on the Redoubt Van Eyk, now desecrated with workshops, and next the broad river, flowing lazily past crossed by a neat iron lattice bridge. In the days of which we write it was a wooden structure, and if not so elegant as the one by which it has since been replaced, it was more in keeping with the rustic beauties of the scene. On the north, within a few miles of the fort, rose Nyman Kande, like a solitary sentinel, in the midst of an interminable plain of paddy fields; and further on, tier over tier, the distant hill ranges, until the view in that direction was shut out by the towering heights of the Gongalle chain, ‘its northern battlement of hills.’ Turning your

Matara—contd.

eyes again to the south there was the sea, a wide expanse of blue waters which stretched away until bounded by the distant sky line; while to your left, looking on from the top of the main gate, you saw the red cliffs of Browné's Hill, and further on Dondra Head (the Sunium of Ptolemy) thrusting its gaunt arm as if in very defiance of the angry surf, which every moment threatened to drown it in ocean wave." (Hardy, p. 226.)

"No town in Ceylon, not relatively in proportion to its size but absolutely, has produced such a number of distinguished men as Matara," among them Governor Falck, Sir Henry Lawrence, and C. A. Lorenz. "Matara enjoyed this reputation for the intellectual superiority of her sons even in the time of the native sovereigns; and though some doubt may rest on the tradition which makes it the birthplace of Kalidasa, there can hardly be any that for many centuries under their own native sovereigns the men of Matara always carried away the palm for literary merit; and even at the present day the Kandians seem to entertain a pious reverence for the learning of Matara." (Digby, vol. II., p. 217.)

The Dutch Church is a plain building with round-headed windows on each side, a verandah along the south side, with the entrance in the middle. It bears a date showing that it was repaired in 1769 while Daniel Burnat was Dessave.

Dutch Church, Matara.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
743 ..	Dec. 25 1686	.. Barbara Lambertyn	.. Hier leyt begraven BARBARA YONGELING huysvrouw van den oppermeester LAMBERTUS LAMBERTYN, overleden den 25 December out 22 jaren, Anno 1686.
	May 19 1687	.. Bernardus Lambertyn	.. Anno 1687 den 19 Mey is desselfe soontje BERNARDUS LAMBERTYN overleden out 3 maenden en 5 dagen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 255.) Lambertus Lambertyn was a native of Deventer. He married, secondly, Constantia Mooyaart, born at Matara, February 25, 1673, the daughter of Anthony Mooyaart of Amsterdam, surgeon, and Maria Durhee.
744 ..	Oct. 4 1703	.. Gabriella Schepmoes	.. Hier leyt begraven GABRIELLA DU TRAMBLAY huysvrouw van den Dessave AM. SCHEPMOES. Geboren op Colombo den 6 December, Ao. 1663 : obyt den 4 October Ao. 1703. (Ibid., vol. XV., p. 255; vol. XVII., p. 25.) Gabriella du Trambalay was married to Abraham Schepmoes on May 9, 1677, and was perhaps the sister of Louis du Trambalay, Captain of the Burgery, Colombo, who was married to Francisca Carvaly and had a son, Felix, baptized at Colombo, May 25, 1681. Abraham Schepmoes was a native of Rotterdam, having come out in the ship 't Wapen van Rotterdam. He died in 1718. He was Dissave (Colombo), 1703; Chief of Sumatra (Westkust), 1705-1707; and Commissioner of Marriage Causes (Batavia), 1718.
745 ..	Nov. 17 1709	.. Pieter Christiaansz Bolscho	.. Hier onder rust de Heer PIETER CHRISTIAANSZ BOLSCO in syn leven oppercoopman en sekunde des Gaals Commandent. Geboren Ao. 1649 tot Odense in Denemarken en alhier den 17 Novemb Ao. 1709 overleeden oud 60 jaren. (Ibid., vol. XV., p. 254.) Bolscho was Dessave of Matara, 1707. (Valentyn, p. 333.)
746 ..	June 29 1711	.. Isaac Weyns	.. Hier onder leyt het leyk van den Heer ISAAC WEYNS in syn leven oppercoopman en Dessave tot Mature Mitsgaders Secunde des Gaalse Commandements. Geboren den 15 Mei 1655, overleden den 29 Juny 1711, oud zynde 56 jaren 1 maand en 16 dagen. (Ibid., vol. XV., p. 254.) Isaac Weyns was married to Johanna Henrietta Collard van Lynden of Delft, whose tombstone is in the Dutch Church, Galle. He was Fiscaal (Banda), 1696-97; Chief of Lonthoir, 1697-1701. There was in Ceylon one Sophia Weyns of Haarlem, who was married (1) to Jan van Dam, boekhouder, and (2) at Colombo, June 19, 1712, to Michiel Panneel of Middelburg, Fiscaal of Colombo.
747 ..	Aug. 7 1737	.. Frans Willem Falk	.. Ter loffelicker gedagtenisse van D. Heer Mr. FRANS WILLEM FALK in zyn E. leven oppercoopman en dessave van Mature, een man voortreflyk door zyn geboorte en deugd als andere goede hoedanigheden, weggeruckt door de doot die niemand verschoont in den bloey van zyn dagen, als zynde gebrn. tot Keulen den 7 December 1710 en overleeden tot

Dutch Church, Matara—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
747 ..	Aug. 7 1737	.. Frans Willem Falk— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Mature den 7 Augustus 1737, oud ses en twintig jaren, agt maanden en een dag. Hier rustende ter zaligen opstandinge.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., pp. 238, 239, 255 ; vol. XVII., pp. 20, 25, 47, 68.)</p> <p>Frans Willem Falk (of Keulen) was the son of Lieutenant-Colonel Otto Willem Falk and Constantia Margarita Meinertshagen. He was married at Colombo, May 8, 1735, to Adriana Gobius of Samarang, the daughter of Johan Frederik Gobius, Governor of Malacca, and Margarita Elisabeth Heynen. Otto Willem Falk was born on August 4, 1659, and died at Utrecht on December 26, 1730, being the son of Tammo Falk, born 1621, died 1697.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Gules, a falcon essorant, or. <i>Crest.</i>—A falcon as in the arms.</p>
748 ..	1756	.. An infant daughter of Jan Bauert	<p>Ter gedagtenisse van het jong gebore dogtertje van den opperkoopman en Dessave van Mature De E. Heer JAN BAUERT, den 27 September, 1756, geboren en kort na dies geborn. overleeden.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 255.)</p> <p>Jan Bauert was a native of Trepto (Mecklenburg). He was Lieutenant and Chief of the Fort of Kalutara, and for some time Dessave of Matara, and married at Colombo, September 29, 1744, Catharina Berghuys of Galle, daughter of Dirk Berghuys and Adriana Swinnas. His other children were :—</p> <p>Dorothea Adriana Bauert, baptized at Kalutara, 1745.</p> <p>Wilhelmina Elisabeth Bauert, baptized at Colombo, December 3, 1747.</p> <p>Julius Valentyn Bauert, baptized at Colombo, February 16, 1749, married there, October 27, 1771, Maria Magdalena Potken, daughter of Gabriel Willem Potken and Henrietta Huberta Racket of Jaffna.</p>
749 ..	Dec. 7 1758	.. Johannes Ferdinandus Crytsman	<p>Ter gedagtenisse van De E. Heer JOHANNES FERDINANDUS CRYTSMAN, oppercoopman en Secunde van 't Gaals Commandements mitsgs. Dessave deser Landen. Geboren te Colombo den 17 April anno 1709, overleden den 7 December 1758, oud 49 jaren 8 maanden en 20 dagen.</p> <p>Beati sint in Domino morientes.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 232, 256, 286 ; vol. XVII., pp. 17, 26.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per fess; (1) party per pale (a) a double-headed eagle displayed, (b) a swan nageant ; (2) argent, a man proper, holding in his dexter hand a sabre, and in his sinister a bouquet of flowers.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A man as in the shield.</p> <p>Johannes Crytsman of Breslau was perhaps the brother of Louis Crytsman of Breslau, who married at Colombo, June 27, 1692, Isabella Christiaans of Colombo. Johannes Crytsman was Commissaris of the Arecanut Department, Colombo. He was five times married. The name of his first wife is unknown. His second wife, whom he married at Colombo, May 22, 1695, was Simonia van de Rondewerken. By her he had a son, Johannes Christiaan, boekhouder, who married Laurentia Dominicus, daughter of Cornelis Dominicus and Johanna Herding, daughter of Hendrik Herding of Zutphen and Florentina Bosgaert of Rotterdam (widow of Lieutenant Jacob Pietersz de Vos). His third wife, whom he married at Colombo, June 15, 1698, was Elisabeth Roelants, daughter of Dominicus Roelants of Ghent and Maria Perez of Colombo. His fourth wife, whom he married at Colombo, November 6, 1701, was Rachel Hogerlinde. His fifth wife, whom he married at Colombo, May 25, 1708, was Gertruida de Haan, daughter of Jan de Haan of Dordrecht, Fiscaal of Colombo, and Alida Brouwer of Amsterdam. Johannes Ferdinandus Crytsman was a child of this marriage. He was twice married: (1) at Colombo, May 15, 1735, to Josina Jacoba Wynbergen of The Hague, and (2) to Anna Gertruida Laurensz of Colombo.</p>

Dutch Church, Matara—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
750 ..	Aug. 7 1777	.. Plantina Johanna de Moor	<p>Ter gedagtenis van de jonghe Juffer. PLANTINA JOHANNA DE MOOR. Gebooren te Mature den 10 den November, 1774. Overleeden den 7 den Augustus anno Domini 1777.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 41.)</p> <p>Plantina Johanna de Moor was the daughter of Pieter Arent de Moor and Christina Gertruida van Coeverden. Pieter Arent de Moor, baptized at Colombo, November 18, 1744, was the son of Arent Pietersz de Moor, Fiscaal, Colombo, born 1711, and Agnita Maria Bierens. Arent Pietersz de Moor was the son of Pieter de Moor of The Hague and Johanna Obrak. A sister of Plantina Johanna de Moor was Johanna Plantina de Moor, the wife of Jean David Rabinel.</p>
751 ..	May 8 1793	.. Carl Jonas Tranchell	<p>CARL JONAS TRANCHELL, Geb. den 11 February, overl. den 8 May, 1793.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 255; vol. XVII., p. 25.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Only the crest of the Tranchell arms is here given. The arms are . argent, on a chevron gules, three escallops argent.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A crane.</p> <p><i>Motto.</i>—Quisque suæ fortunæ faber.</p> <p>Johannes Tranchell, a native of Romelanda (Sweden), was born there in 1754, his parents being Per Tranchellius and Brita Maria Ring. He was Consul in Ceylon to King Gustavus Adolphus IV. of Sweden, and married at Colombo, November 14, 1784, Maria Magdalena Sieverts of Colombo, who died at Trincomalee, May 14, 1818, and was the founder of the family in Ceylon. Carl Jonas was a child of this marriage. Of his sons, the elder, Pieter Cornelis Johannes, died as Sitting Magistrate of Weligama on October 31, 1828, at Galle. The other, Gustavus Adolphus, died as Lieutenant-Colonel of the Ceylon Rifles at Trincomalee on June 1, 1867. Of his daughters, Maria Wilhelmina Sophia married on February 9, 1807, at the age of sixteen, Lieutenant George William Stewart of the 19th Regiment, who afterwards became Major and Postmaster-General of Ceylon; Anna Elizabeth married (1), on November 4, 1809, at the age of fifteen, at Matara, Captain Adam Tate Gibbons, who was a merchant at Trincomalee, of the firm of Neill and Gibbons, in 1804 and later; and (2), W. Thomas Stannel; Cecilia Charlotte was the wife of Charles Skeane. Mrs. Stewart died at Boulogne in 1866. Johannes Tranchell died on July 7, 1807, at Jaffna, where he was then Provincial Judge (see No. 317).</p>
752 ..	Jan. 6 1802	.. George Lawrence	<p>Here lieth the body of GEORGE LAWRENCE, aged two years eight months and twenty-three days, son of Captain LAWRENCE of H. M. 19th Regt. of Foot. January 6th, A.D. 1802.</p> <p>This was an elder brother of Sir Henry Lawrence, who was born at Matara in 1806; of John, 1st Lord Lawrence, who was born at Richmond in Yorkshire in 1811; of Sir George Lawrence; and of Major-General Richard Charles Lawrence, C.B., Resident of Nepaul and Deputy Commissioner of the Southern Hill States, who died in 1896. Lieutenant Alexander Lawrence, who had married Letitia Catherine Knox in 1797, was gazetted "Captain-Lieutenant" in the 19th Foot from the 77th Foot, April 17, 1800, and was Commandant at Matara, 1802-05, and at Galle, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel Logan at the war, in 1803. He left Ceylon with his family by the <i>Lord Hawkesbury</i> in March, 1808, and was afterwards in command of the Depôt at Richmond and at Ostend in the Waterloo campaign, and died at Clifton (Major, 4th Garrison Battalion, 1812). If Mrs. Lawrence used to talk of her boys as her "Matara diamonds" as the Ceylon tradition relates, they were George and Henry, not "Henry and John." The baptismal register of St. Peter's Church, Colombo, shows that Captain Lawrence had the</p>

Dutch Church, Matara—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
752	Jan. 6 1802	George Lawrence— <i>contd.</i>	<p>following children "received into the church" on February 14, 1808 :—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Letitia Caroline, born on January 6, 1802. (2) Alexander William, born July 1, 1803. (3) George St. Patrick, born March 17, 1805. (4) Henry Montgomery, born June 28, 1806. <p>The last named became Sir Henry Lawrence. It is to be noted that his eldest daughter, named above, was born on the day that his eldest son, the subject of this inscription, died, and that his name George was given also to the third son.</p> <p>Captain Alexander Lawrence is thus described by Lieutenant-General Sir J. J. McLeod-Innes, R.E., V.C., in his book on "Sir Henry Lawrence, the Pacificator" (Clarendon Press, 1898): "a veteran of Seringapattam, who had passed through a career of hard service, wounds, and privations, a typical son of Derry, strong, brave, resolute, peculiarly simple-minded, and conscientious; characteristics of which he left the inheritance to his large family of sons and daughters."</p> <p>A son of Major-General Richard Lawrence, Brigadier-General R. C. B. Lawrence, C.B., was recently in command of the Forces in Ceylon.</p>
753	March 15 1804	John Henry Ludovici	<p>Sacred to the memory of JOHN HENRY LUDOVICI, late Garrison Surgeon of Matara, born in Amsterdam on the 19th of May, 1765. Died at Matara on the 15th of March, 1804.</p> <p>Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord.</p> <p>This tomb is in the vestry.</p> <p>He was the son of Lourens Ludovici of Markt-Elbach and Johanna Margareta Elsebeen Westerhof of Furstenouw, and was baptized at Amsterdam, May 13, 1765. There is evidently some mistake about the date of birth or baptism. His diploma is dated 1780, and the date of birth given in the inscription would therefore make him fifteen at the time he received it. He was then Third Chirurgyn, and he must have come out with that rank.</p> <p>He was Assistant Surgeon of the Malay Regiment at Matara in 1800.</p> <p>He married at Galle, June 17, 1789, Gertruida Rudolphine Hoffman, born November 22, 1772, daughter of Christoffel William Hoffman of Berlin, born October 11, 1747, and of Johanna Marguerita Meurling of Galle, daughter of John Meurling of Vestervik in Sweden and of Cassander Pietersz. J. H. Ludovici had nine children, the youngest of whom, also called Johan Hendrik, was the father of Leopold Ludovici, editor of the <i>Ceylon Examiner</i> and compiler of "Lapidarium Zeylanicum." This J. H. Ludovici married Sophia Veenekam, a daughter of Lieutenant Carl Lodewyk Veenekam, who was in the British service.</p>
754	Aug. 14 1807	Frederick Mylius	<p>Sacred to the memory of the late FREDERICK BARON MYLIUS, Judge of the Provincial Court of Point Galle, Matara, etc., born at Stuttgart on the 18th May, 1762, deceased at Matara on the 14th August, 1807.</p> <p>Friedrich (Heinrich) Baron Mylius was the son of Ernst Heinrich Baron Mylius and Benedikte Elisabeth Bohm. He was a Lieutenant successively in the Artillery, Hussars, and in the Wurtemberg Regiment before he entered the Civil Service. He married on May 11, 1788, Agnes Clara van der Graaff, daughter of Cornelis Jacob van der Graaff, Governor of the Cape, to whom he was A.D.C., and Hester Cornelia Reynet. She was therefore the niece of William Jacob van der Graaff, Governor of Ceylon. His children were :—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Henry Jacob Theobald, died young. (2) Louis Françoise Georgiana Frederica, died young. (3) Alfred, Captain, C.R.R., born at Frankfort, May 8, 1793, died at Colombo, April 3, 1829, married August, 1827, Sarah, daughter of Colonel Joseph Swinburne, 83rd Regiment. (4) Adriana Sophia, born June 24, 1794, married Lieutenant G. F. Dick, 1st Ceylon Regiment, on June 30, 1810.

Dutch Church, Matara—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
754 ..	Aug. 14 1807	.. Frederick Mylius— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>(5) Carl August Etienne, born at Celle (Hanover). (6) Henrietta Maria Wilhelmina, born January 28, 1797. (7) Johan Christiaan Theobald, born at Colombo, 1798, died at Kandy, April 20, 1843. (8) Frederick Aletta, born March 1, 1800, married at Colombo, November 12, 1821, General George Macdonald (Captain 16th Foot, 1821). (9) Jacomina Clara, born October 2, 1801, married at Colombo, June 8, 1818, John William Carrington, C.C.S. (10) George Frederick, born May 18, 1803, at Colombo. (11) Robert Dekesnay Rodney, Major, C.R.R., born June 1, 1804, married Eliza Gray. (12) Lambert Twistleton, born April 10, 1806.</p>

He was Fiscal, Colombo, and President of the Fiscal's Court, 1799, and was appointed "Sitting Magistrate for the space between the Galle Gate and the Tamarind Tree," November 3, 1802; Coroner of Colombo (in addition), November 21, 1804; Sitting Magistrate of Colombo, June 12, 1805, succeeding Thomas Farrell; "President of the Court of Justices to be held twice a month at Caltura, July 13, 1805;" Provincial Judge, Galle and Matura, November 20, 1805. He was also Registrar of Lands, Colombo, and "President of the Board of Native Commissioners in the District of Colombo" from February 27 to November 20, 1805. On September 16, 1799, he wrote to Government suggesting that slaves, as at the Cape, be sent to the Fiscal for punishment, and that their own masters be not allowed to punish them, as "in many houses the slaves are very ill-treated. Also that no woman be sold without her husband, nor father and mother without their children."

Bennett has a somewhat invidious reference to Baron Mylius' appointment to the Civil Service. See also a reference to him in "Sir Thomas Maitland," by W. Frewen Lord.

Arms.—Per fess, argent and or: a fess gules between three roses proper, ranged fess-wise, in chief, and the lower half of a mill-wheel, sable, in base.

The crest is not distinguishable, but should be a griffin issuant.

He died, according to the *Gazette*, "after a short illness." In a *Gazette Extraordinary* of August 21, 1807, a notice was published intimating that moneys levied in execution not having been paid in due time to the individuals entitled to the same, "all individuals having claims of this nature on the Provincial Court of Galle and Matura" were "to deliver the same to J. W. Carrington, Esq., or the Acting Provincial Judge of Matura." Carrington eventually married a daughter of the Baron's.

755 ..	May 21 1813	.. Alexander Macpherson ..	To the memory of Capt. ALEXANDER MACPHERSON, of his Majesty's First Ceylon Regiment, late Commandant of Tangalle, who died on 21 May, 1813. Aged 35 years.
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Lieutenant Alexander Macpherson, 47th Regiment, was gazetted Captain in Champagne's Regiment (1st Ceylon Regiment), March 26, 1806.

He was Commandant of Tangalla at the time of his death.

756 ..	April 28 1818	.. French Gray ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of FRENCH GRAY, late a Captain in His Majesty's 1st (<i>sic</i>) Ceylon Regt., aged 39 years, who departed this life at Matura on the 28th day of April, A.D. 1818, in consequence of a fever contracted at Katragam while in the zealous discharge of his Public Duty, leaving a disconsolate widow and six children of tender years to deplore their irreparable loss. He was a good husband and an affectionate father and a warm friend. Weep not, he is not lost but gone before.</p>
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Ensign French Gray of the 66th Regiment was gazetted Lieutenant in the Malay Regiment, *vice* Baptist J. Young, deceased, on September 15, 1804. He was Commandant of Batticaloa in 1813.

Dutch Church, Matara—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
756	April 28 1818	French Gray—contd.	.. He married, on January 6, 1807, at Jaffna, Ursula Theodora Mooyaart, born at Jaffna, October 12, 1784, died there, December 13, 1847, the daughter of Wouter Christoffel Mooyaart and Cornelia Anthonia Dormieux, and granddaughter of Anthony Mooyaart, Commandeur of Jaffna, and Elizabeth Ursula Woutersz. His son, French Gray, married at Jaffna, December 3, 1840, Susan Jane Warburton, the daughter of Lieutenant Cosby Warburton by his first wife. Cosby Warburton married secondly Arabella Cope Burleigh, born 1813, died s.p. April, 1848, daughter of Dr. George Burleigh, M.D., Police Magistrate of Kayts, and Rebecca Kingsley. Captain French Gray's daughter Sarah married Robert Russell, Assistant Staff Surgeon, on February 1, 1826. His daughter Caroline married Henry Smith, Ceylon Rifles (?), at Jaffna Fort Church, January 10, 1833.

Dutch Cemetery, Matara.

“THE old burial ground seems to be neglected very much, and those gentlemen who are carrying out the duties of elders and deacons of the Dutch Reformed Church should be ashamed of themselves to see the last resting place of their fathers and forefathers left neglected.” (A Colombo resident writing in *Ceylon Literary Register* in 1890, vol. V., p. 122.) The same is true to-day. The entrance has been built up; the only access to the burial ground is by climbing the wall.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
757	Oct. 20 1810	Carl Johan Elsenhanz	.. Hier rust CARL JOHAN ELSENHANZ zoon van den Lieutenant Militaire Holl. dienst CARL FRED. ELSENHANZ. Geboren den 22 Jan., 1784, overleed 20 Oct., 1810. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 274; vol. XVII., p. 65.) Carl Frederik Elsenhanz of Bernhausen was married at Matara, May 5, 1792, to Maria Theresia de Leeuw, born 1776, daughter of Pieter de Leeuw and Anna Maria Gosen. Carl Johan Elsenhanz was their son.
758	Oct. 25 1811	Anthonetta Maria Theodora Ehrhardt	.. Hier legt ter rust het lyk van den overledene Jufvrouw ANTHONETTA MARIA THEODORA DEYBERT, echtgenoot van den Eerw. Heer J. S. R. EHRHARDT. Gebooren den 13 Juny, 1779, overleedt den 25 October, 1811. Oud zynde 32 jaaren 4 maanden en 22 dagen. Zalige zyn de doode die in den Heere sterven van nu aen zo zegt de Geest op dat zy rusten mogen van hunnen arbeid. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 273.) Anthonetta Maria Theodora Deybert was born at Jaffna, and married at Galle, August 10, 1805, Johan Pieter Mattheas Ehrhardt of Langenzaltz (Thuringen). She was the daughter of Johan Godfried Deybert of Arnstad (Schwarzburg, Sonderhausen), Captain of the Jagers, Trincomalee, and Euphrosine Elisabeth Baptist of Colombo. Her brother, Jacob Bernard Deybert, was baptized at Colombo, December 14, 1774, and died at Batavia, February 23, 1808. He received his education in Holland, and came out to the Indies in 1791 in the ship <i>Vasco de Gama</i> as a Marine Cadet, and was Administrator of the Iron Magazine at the time of his death. He married at Batavia, March 5, 1800, Johanna Wilhelmina Lette of Leyden. His great-grandson Jan Fredrik Christiaan Deybert is a Captain of the Artillery in the service of the Dutch East Indies.
759	April 4 1828	Johan Philipsz Woutersz	.. Ter gedagtenisse van den Heer JOHAN PHILIPPSZ WOUTERSZ, Negotie overdrager, geweest in de Edele Hollandsche dienst op Mature. Overleeden April 4, 1828, oud 78 jaaren.

Dutch Cemetery, Matara—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
759 ..	April 4 1828	.. Johan Philipsz Woutersz— <i>contd.</i>	<i>Translation.</i> —To the memory of JOHAN PHILIPSZ WOUTERSZ, who was <i>Negotie-overdrager</i> in the Hon. Dutch Service in Matara. Died 4 April, 1828, aged 78 years. Johan Philipsz Woutersz was the uncle of Maria Theresia de Leeuw, wife of Carl Frederik Elsenhantz (see No. 757).
760 ..	June 30 1854	.. James Dunbar Robertson..	In memory of JAMES DUNBAR ROBERTSON, late District Judge of Matara, who died on the 30th June, 1854, aged 42 years. This monument is erected by a few of his affectionate relatives in token of their regard and esteem for him. J. D. Robertson married at Galle, June 9, 1834, Wilhelmina Magdalena de Vos, born October 17, 1810, daughter of Johannes Andreas de Vos and Johanna Gerrardina Kryger. He was Police Magistrate at Gampola from October 1, 1845, and must be the Magistrate referred to by William Boyd in his "Autobiography of a Periya Durai," in not too flattering terms. He was District Judge of Tangalla in 1846. At the time of his marriage he was Government schoolmaster at Galle.

The Cemetery, Matara.

761 ..	Oct. 20 1887	.. Fannie Catherine Hopkins..	Sacred to the memory of FANNIE CATHERINE, the dearly beloved wife of EDWARD FRANCIS HOPKINS, C.C.S., Dt. Judge of Matara, and daughter of CHARLES JOHN BATTERSBY, Esqr., Cramlyn, Cy. Westmeath, Ireland. She fell asleep October 20, 1887. Mr. E. F. Hopkins, B.A., Trinity College, Dublin, was in the Civil Service, 1874–1907, retiring as Government Agent, Eastern Province.
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St. Thomas's Church, Matara.

762 ..	Dec. 8 1900	.. Walter Bayly	.. To the glory of God and in memory of WALTER BAYLY, some time Reader of this Church, born 14 June, 1873, died 8 Dec., 1900, this screen was erected by his Ceylon friends. <i>Consummatus in brevi explevit tempora multa.</i> Sap. iv., 13, R.I.P. He had been for eight years in the New Guinea Mission.
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Palliyawatta, near 107th milestone on the road from Matara to Tangalla.

763 ..	April 2 1795	.. Siman de Livera	.. Ter eere van LIENNE SIMAN DE LIVERA. OBIT 4/1795/2. From the name Palliyawatta it seems likely that there was a Dutch church or school here.
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TANGALLA.

Old Burial Ground.

This is just outside the wall of the fort, now the jail.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
764 ..	Dec. 29 1816	Charles William Lewis Roberts	<p>Sacred to the memory of Captain CHAS. WM. LEWIS ROBERTS, of H. M. 2nd Ceylon Regiment, who departed this life on the 29th December, 1816. Aged 42 years.</p> <p>He was Commandant of Hambantota at the time of his death. He was appointed, while 2nd Lieutenant, to the command at Tangalla, February 1, 1811; 1st Lieutenant, March 17, 1811; to have the colonial rank of Captain and to command the Malay and Sepoy invalids stationed at Hambantota and Palitoo-pane; and to be Staff Officer of the Mahagampattoo district, November 16, 1814.</p> <p>Captain Roberts was son of Edward Roberts, said to have been a Magistrate of Preston, Lancashire, by his wife Mary Ensor. He married, about 1792. Nancy Hamilton Lever, daughter of Richard Lever by Alice Hamilton, his wife, supposed to be a descendant of the 3rd Duke of Hamilton. He had many brothers, one being a Captain in the Royal Artillery. He had seven daughters and one son: the eldest daughter, Maria, born December 25, 1793, married James Scratchley, Surgeon, R.A.: she died July 18, 1857 (see No. 307); the second, Eliza, born 1797, married Captain O'Shea, 19th Regiment (see No. 310); the third daughter, Nancy, died unmarried; the fourth, Jane, born in 1803, died in 1893 at Croydon; the fifth, Charlotte, born 1805, died in 1893 at Southsea; the sixth, born in 1809, married Alexander Acheson, and died at Croydon in 1884. Their daughter, Georgina Adelaide, married Mr. Charles Crow of Croydon. The youngest daughter married the Rev. J. Smith of Aberdeen. The son, Edward James William, born in 1810, died in 1894 at Toronto, Canada. A son of his survives.</p>

On the Bund of the Ennipitiya Tank.

765 ..	April 15 1819	Maria Dorothy Altendorf ..	<p>Here alas, lays buried under From Soul and Spirit asunder The Body of Lady MARIA DOROTHY KETELHACK, Who was in her life A most pious wife During twenty years marriage To Mr. LAWRENCE PETER ALTENDORF, Chief Clerk of the Katchery of Tangalla. Born at Cochien on the 8th of July, A.D. 1767. And expired the 15th of April, A.D. 1819, At Tangalla.</p>
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This epitaph is evidently the composition of a Dutchman, imperfectly acquainted with English; hence the peculiar phraseology and the use of the word "Lady" for "Mrs."

Lawrence Peter Altendorf, baptized at Galle on June 16, 1771, married Maria Dorothy Ketelhack (widow of Lieutenant Coint) on November 29, 1799. He was the son of Johannes Altendorf and Adriana Dorothea Durven, and grandson of Marten Lodewyk Altendorf of Berlin, and Maria Jansz.

HAMBANTOTA.**Esplanade.**

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
766 ..	Aug. 7 1821	.. Henry John St. John	.. Sacred to the memory of HENRY JOHN ST. JOHN, Esquire, late of his Majesty's Civil Service in Ceylon, third son of Lieutenant-General the Honourable FREDERICK ST. JOHN, and nephew of Earl CRAVEN and Lord Viscount BOLINGBROKE and ST. JOHN, who died at Paltoopane of a bilious fever on the 7th August, 1821, aged twenty-three. Most deeply regretted by his numerous friends and acquaintances. In Celo Quies.

This monument is opposite the Assistant Government Agent's residence, and close to it is another grave without inscription. They have probably given rise to the saying that at Hambantota the only prospect the Assistant Government Agent has from his house is the graves of his predecessors, though the same has been said of Mullaittivu. At the latter place, though there is a graveyard in front of the Assistant Government Agent's house, none of his predecessors is buried in it.

H. St. John was on a shooting excursion. He had but recently arrived in Ceylon, and was appointed Assistant to the Collector on February 1, 1821. "The many amiable traits in his character and disposition had already acquired him the goodwill and regard of all who knew him and the friendship and attachment of his more immediate intimates. He can be remembered by the former as the gentleman in every act of his short career among them, while his constant cheerfulness, great obligingness of disposition, and the liberal character of his sentiments and conduct will long preserve in the recollection of the latter the loss they have sustained in his death." (*Gazette*, August 14, 1821.)

A younger brother, Charles, of Henry's father and of the third Viscount Bolingbroke and St. John had a grandson, Henry Craven St. John, Captain, R.N., who married a daughter of J. S. Rodney, C.C.S.

The Cemetery, Hambantota.

767 ..	March 31 1861	.. James Speedy	.. Sacred to the memory of JAMES SPEEDY, Esqr., Staff Assistant Surgeon, who departed this life on the 31st of March, 1861, aged 24 years. This monument has been erected by his brother officers and a few other sincere friends in token of their affectionate regard and esteem.
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He died "after an illness of four days' remittent fever, before Dr. Loftus could reach him. He was much esteemed by the people of Hambantota." (*Colombo Observer*.)

768 ..	June 20 1875	.. Eliza Katherine Steele	.. In loving memory of ELIZA KATHERINE, the beloved wife of THOMAS STEELE, who died June 20th, 1875, aged 32.
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Thomas Steele, C.C.S., Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, married Elizabeth Katherine, daughter of Captain Jolly, at St. Paul's, Kandy, on June 8, 1865. Another daughter married Sir William Kynsey, late Principal Civil Medical Officer. Thomas Steele was the third son of William Steele, author of "The Beauties of Gilsland" and poems, and was born at Walton, near Brampton, Cumberland, on May 27, 1834. He was educated at Croft House School.

"In 1856, on the first throwing open of Civil Service appointments to competitive examination, he was nominated by Lord Taunton and obtained a place in the Civil Service of Ceylon. He sailed for Ceylon on September 4th, 1856. He retired on pension in 1876.

The Cemetery, Hambantota—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
768 ..	June 20 .. 1875 .	Eliza Katherine Steele— <i>contd.</i>	<p>“ While in Ceylon he held the appointments of District Judge at Chilaw; Assistant Government Agent at Kurunegala and at Galle; Magistrate and Commissioner at Kandy, in the Central Province; Assistant Government Agent of Hambantota.</p> <p>“ In 1871 he published a metrical version of the ‘Kusa Jatakaya, an Eastern Love Story’ (Messrs. Trubner and Co.), a poetical legend of one of the incarnations of Buddha, one of the most attractive works in the whole range of Sinhalese literature. Mr. Steele also published in 1871 a volume of original poems entitled ‘Under the Palms’ (Messrs. Sampson, Low, Marston and Co.).</p> <p>“ Mr. Steele was instrumental in bringing under administrative control and regulating the number of pilgrims attending the yearly pilgrimage to Katarama, which, for a long series of years, had been too frequently the source and disseminating means of spreading cholera, smallpox, and other destructive diseases over the whole of Ceylon and Southern India. The changes made have had the happiest effects in reducing disease.</p> <p>“ He took an active part in promoting the formation and restoration of the large irrigation works at Kirama and Tissamaharama.</p> <p>“ Mr. Steele was twice married, his first wife being Miss E. K. Jolly, eldest daughter of Captain John Keith Jolly, H.E.I.C.S., of Farieland, Kandy, at one time member of the Legislative Council of Ceylon; and his second, Miss Hellen Stavert, daughter of A. Stavert, Dykecrofts, Liddlesdale, a near relation of the distinguished family of Malcolms of Burnfoot, Langholm.</p> <p>“ Mr. Steele was proprietor of Friarsgarth (where he resides), of Scaur Estate, Irthington, and Brackenbank, on the banks of the river Eden, above Wetheral, all in Cumberland, for which county he was a Justice of the Peace.” (Abridged from “The Biographer,” 1895.)</p>
769 ..	Dec. 1 .. 1892	Arthur Heberden Baker ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of ARTHUR HEBERDEN BAKER, son of JOHN GARLAND BAKER of Mahagastotte, Nuwara Eliya, born August 30, 1849, died December 1st, 1892.</p> <p>John Garland Baker and his wife are buried at Nuwara Eliya. He was a brother of Sir Samuel Baker.</p>

JAFFNA.

Dutch Church.

"THIS church is, in point of date, the oldest of the existing ecclesiastical edifices of the Dutch in Ceylon. It was erected in 1706—nearly half a century previous to the building of the churches at Wolvendaal and Galle—during the administration of the Honourable Adam van der Duyn, Commandeur of Jaffnapatam. The architect and builder was Martinus Leusekam, who is described in an old family record as *Baas Landmeter* in the Company's Service at Jaffnapatam, i.e., chief of the Survey Department, with rank of an *onderkoopman*. The resident clergyman was the Rev. Philippus de Vriest, and the following formed the Consistory: Arnout Mom, Alexander Ravens, Jan Lodewyk Stomphius, Marten Anthonisz, Jan Marten Verdonk, and Louis Verwyk." (R. G. Anthonisz in "Journal of the Dutch Burgher Union," vol. II., p. 99.)

"The date over the main entrance is 1706; but an older building probably occupied this site, as the church contains tombstones of, *inter alia*, 1666, 1672, 1673, and 1693 let into the floor, and no doubt *in situ*.

"The Portuguese church, according to the plan of the fort in Baldaus's book, stood near the opposite corner of the fort green, so that the Dutch would seem to have built a church on a different site, and this church was either rebuilt or a new church built in 1706. The present church possesses the bell of its Portuguese predecessor, bearing the legend of 'N. S. dos Milagres de Jafanapatao' (Our Lady of Miracles of Jaffnapatam) and the date 1648. The bell was until recently in the belfry, but has been removed into the vestry for better preservation. Sketches of the exterior and interior made by the German geometrician and traveller Heydt in 1733 show what the church was like in that year, and their fidelity derives corroboration from some water-colour drawings made by a Dutchman, C. Steiger, in 1760, which are preserved in the Rijks Museum at Amsterdam. The church is little changed at the present day. Both artists represent the lantern as having externally a balustrade carried on the walls at the spring, capped with eight stone or cement balls at the corners, and the roof of the lantern is more high-pitched than it is at present. The disappearance of these two features is a decided loss to the building, the lantern now being too squat to be effective.

"The details of the belfry are rather different, but this may be due to the artists having not paid much attention to copying their exact form.

"The interior, too, is much the same. The pulpit is now what is known as a chalice pulpit; but the shaft or column on which it stands is of different workmanship from the rest of the pulpit, and the old engravings show that originally the pulpit was attached to the wall. The sounding-board is the same as it was, suspended by a twisted iron rod.

"The present organ gallery, which is of wood, seems to have been erected at the same time as the alteration in the pulpit was made. The organ in Heydt's time stood on a platform supported by stone pillars at the west end, but in 1760 there was a stone platform at the end of the north transept. The window here has been built up. We need not, however, regret the substitution for the original gallery of the present wooden one, seeing that it has given us the quaint carved and painted panel on which is represented King David, very bald, harping on his harp and glancing between whiles at the Psalm book resting on a reading desk of the eighteenth century, on the open page of which is displayed the beginning of a psalm written in the Greek language and alphabet

"The Commandeur's pew, which is at the angle of the chancel and south transept opposite the pulpit, has been somewhat altered, and so have the stalls next to it. Both Heydt and Steiger depict the former with twisted columns, which have since been replaced by rounded ones with capitals. It and the stalls are of different Ceylon woods, the mouldings of the latter being ebony. These stalls are of typical Dutch outline, surmounted by shells carved in ebony.

"There are stalls of plainer pattern the whole length of the western walls of the nave and transepts. Some of the wooden hat pegs and of the iron brackets for lamps or candles still remain, and there is a wooden peg on the front panel of the pulpit on which the precentor, before seating himself in the desk below, used to hang, just above his head, his three-cornered hat.

"The doors have large iron hinges, bolts, and handles of Dutch pattern; that of the Commandeur's pew is of brass on a brass plate of artistic design.

"A curious external feature is the staircase leading up the wall and over the gable of the north transept to the west gable, and up this gable to the belfry.

"It should be added that the interior was to some extent re-arranged when, in the earlier part of last century, English services were held in it. A platform with altar rails was erected at the east end, and a font supplied at the west. It is probable that there were originally stalls against the east wall, in accordance with the Dutch fashion. The church is now the property of the Ceylon Government; but with the permission of Government services are occasionally held in it." (J. P. Lewis in *Architectural Review*, August, 1907.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
770 ..	Aug. 27 1666	Margarita Heynen	Hier rust MARGARITA ROMANS, gewesene huysvrouw van den Predikant BARTHOLOMEUS HEYNEN. Obit 27en Augusti anno 1666 out 18 jaeren. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 395.)

This stone was found in 1904 beneath the masonry flooring of the Commandeur's pew. A portion at the top had been cut off to make it fit in.

Margarita Romans was born at Batavia, being the daughter of the Rev. Johannes Romans of Haarlem, Predikant, Batavia, and Maria, the daughter of Hendrick Pot of Amsterdam, whom he married at Batavia, November, 1647. Johannes Romans was the son of Adriaan Romans, a shopkeeper of Haarlem. He died in 1658. Bartholomeus Heynen was born at Paraiba (Brazil) in the year 1644, and was Predikant at Jaffna in conjunction with the Rev. Philip Baldaus. He died in 1686.

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
771 ..	Aug. 15 1672	.. Joris Hartsinck	<p>.. Hier leyt begraven JORIS HARTSINCK in syn leven ondercoopman in dienst der Vereenigde Nederlandtse Oost-Indische Compe. Overleeden den 15 August, 1672. Oud 29 jaren.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 394.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Barry wavy of 6, azure and argent; on a chief gules, a crescent or.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A lion issuant, proper, holding in his dexter paw a thorn branch vert.</p> <p>This stone was also discovered in 1904 beneath the flooring of one of the two sets of stalls probably set up in English times in the “chancel” of the Dutch Reformed Church.</p> <p>Vorsteman van Oyen (Stam en Wapen boek van aanzienlyke Nederlandsche Familien) says that the family derives from Pieter Hartsinck, who married in 1403 Francyn Pietersz. Their son Adriaan married Soetje Coster Marytje, daughter of Adriaan, married Hugo Willemsz. The son of this marriage, Willem Hugins, assumed the name and arms of the Hartsinck family. He was the great-great-grandfather of Joris Hartsinck, who received the name of Joris from his grandfather, who was Burgomaster of Meurs. The parents of Joris were Carel Hartsinck, Director-General of the Dutch Indies (died 1667), and Sara de Solemne, the half-sister of Ester de Solemne, the wife of Rycloff van Goens (senior), Governor of Ceylon.</p>
772 ..	Sept. 1 1672	.. Marten Huismans	<p>.. Hier onder Jongen MARTEN leyt Een lely van HUISMANS stam gemelt Vier Maenden was syn levens tydt En twintich dagen meer beschreyt. Obiit 1 Sept., Ao. 1672.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 258; vol. XVII., p. 27.)</p> <p>Marten Huismans, born at Jaffna, was the son of Marten Huismans of Rotterdam, Director of Bengal, and Magdalena Chastelyn, and grandson of Antony Huismans of Rotterdam and Lea van Waesberg. He was therefore the uncle of Catharina Magdalena Huismans, wife of Governor Gustaaf Willem Baron van Imhoff.</p>
773 ..	Sept. 23 1675	.. Barent van Schuylenburg	<p>Hier legt begraven BARENT VAN SCHUYLENBURG, in syn leven Capiteyn ten dienst der E. Compe. Overleden den 23en September, Ao. 1675.</p> <p>Wat leven erft. Vergaet en sterft.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 67.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Or, three crampons, sable.</p> <p>This tomb was discovered by the compiler in 1904 under the wooden platform erected at the east end in British times to serve for the sanctuary. The officer it commemorates was in command of the garrison of Mannar in 1665. It consisted of 78 Germans. (See “Instructions from the Governor-General and Council of India to the Governor of Ceylon,” 1656–65, published at the Government Printing Office, Colombo, 1908, p. 106.)</p> <p>Barent van Schuylenburg was the father of Anna van Schuylenburg of Jaffna, who married, in 1715, Otto Cloot of Dordrecht, born 1662, died as Commissioner of Marriage Causes, Batavia, in 1733. Otto Cloot was previously married to Mechteld Hagemans. Their daughter, Gerardina, was the wife, firstly, of Marten Huismans, born Jaffna, 1673, died Batavia, 1708, the son of Marten Huismans and Magdalena Chastelyn; secondly, of Pieter van Hoorn, widower of Magdalena Huismans, the sister of her first husband; thirdly, of Cornelis van Bynkershoek, the great Dutch judge and jurist. Gerardina Cloot was therefore the aunt of the wife of Governor van Imhoff.</p>
774 ..	Sept. 22 1679	.. Laurens Pyl	<p>.. Hier leyt begraven LAURENS PYL een jonge zoontje van den Heere Commandeur LAURENS PYL, geboren den 4en Mey en overleden den 22en September, 1679.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 257; vol. XVII., p. 26.)</p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
774 ..	Sept. 22 1679	Laurens Pyl— <i>contd.</i>	Commandeur Laurens Pyl was a native of Amsterdam, and came out as a <i>hooplooper</i> , i.e., in expectation of getting office under the Company, in 1654, in the ship <i>de Vreede</i> . He married Johanna van Dielen of Haarlem, by whom he had, besides Laurens, a daughter, Gysberta, born at Jaffna, married at Colombo, December 7, 1690, Claas Alebos, Dissave of Colombo.
775 ..	Feb. 12 1693	Susanna Blom	<p>Hier leyt begraven Juffr. SUSANNA SERRINGIERS, huysvrouw van d. Hr. Commandeur FLORIS BLOM, gebooren tot Haarlem den 26 February, 1669, en gestorven tot Jaffanapatnam den 12 Febr., 1693.</p> <p>Fui quod es Sum quod eris.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 257.)</p> <p>Floris Blom was a native of Zaandam. He married secondly, Susanna Serringiers at Colombo, January 27, 1686, his first wife being Adriana Alebos.</p>
776 ..	July 30 1693	Gerardus van Rhee	<p>Dese sark bedekt het en laetste overschot van GERARDUS VAN RHEE wiens ziele rust by God. Geboren tot Nagapatm. den 3en Augusto Ao. 1670, overleden 30 en July, Ao. 1693, oud 22 jaren 11 maanden en 27 dagen, in zyn leven boekhouder.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 258.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—(Van Rhee) already blazoned.</p> <p>Gerrardus van Rhee was the son of Thomas van Rhee of Wyk-by-Duurstede, Governor of Ceylon, and Henrietta van Kriekenbeek of the same town. Thomas van Rhee was probably the son of Captain Willem van Rhee (Artillery), died at Wyk-by-Duurstede, March 10, 1667, by his wife Margarita van Hengst, born at Wyk-by-Duurstede, December 12, 1598, died there April 28, 1667.</p>
777 ..	July 3 1694	Floris Blom	<p>Hier rust de Commandeur FLORIS BLOM, geboren tot Sardam anno 1651 den 27 October en alhier overleden den 3 July, 1694, out 42 jaaren en 8 maan.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 256; vol. XVII., p. 26.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Azure, a swan argent, beaked gules, between two water lilies (?) and nageant in a water, argent.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—Three ostrich feathers.</p> <p>These arms are the dexter impalement of the chief on the arms of Pieter Florisse Blom, Vice-admiral, seventeenth century. They were, according to Rietstap (<i>Armorial Général</i>): coupé au 1 parti: (a) d'azur à un cygne d'arg. bq. de gu. nageant sur une eau d'arg.: (b) d'arg. à un navire de trois mâts au nat. pavillonné de gu. la poupe à sen. soutenu d'une mer d'arg.: au 2 de gu à trois canettes d'arg. nageantes sur une mer du même.</p> <p>Floris Blom of Saandam married (1) Adriana Alebos, and (2) Susanna Serringiers. (See No. 775.)</p>
778 ..	April 6 1705	François van de Sande	<p>Onder dese sark rust den Eerwe. Heer FRANÇOIS VAN DE SANDE in syn leven geweest bedienaer des goddelyken woorts van de gemeeynte Jesu Christi, alhier overleden den 6en April, Ao. 1705, hebbende geleefd 39 jaren 7 mænden en 20 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 261.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, 3 trefoils gules.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A trefoil as in the arms, between a pair of wings gules.</p> <p>François van de Sande sailed for the Chamber "Amsterdam" as Predikant in the <i>Bambeek</i>. He arrived at Batavia on November 22, 1700, and was sent to Ceylon, July 17, 1702.</p>
779 ..	Nov. 7 1705	Barta Augustin	<p>Hier onder legt en rust BARTA BECKERING huysvrouw van den Coopman en administrateur AUGUSTUS AUGUSTIN, overleden den 7 November, Ao. 1705, op Saturday, out synde 56 jaaren ses mænden en 29 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 216.)</p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
780 ..	May 22 1727	Swem Anderson	<p>.. SWEM ANDERSON van Stockholm in desselts leven Commandeur van 't coningryck Jaffanapatnam, oud 60 jaren en 6 maenden en in den Heere gerust den 22en May, Ao. 1727.</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 262; vol. XVII., p. 28.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—A mermaid issuing from the sea and holding in her dexter hand a trident directed downwards.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A peacock's feather.</p> <p>Swem Anderson married (1) at Colombo, June 12, 1695, Agnita Stuart of Colombo, and (2) at Colombo, April 22, 1707, Maria Munster, born September 10, 1676, widow and third wife of Hendrik Nicolaas Hesse of Ulm (Thuringen). Hesse married (1), February 3, 1686, Johanna Margarita van den Veen, and (2) at Colombo, August 3, 1687, Susanna Magdalena Mooyaart.</p>
781 ..	Feb. 10 1729	Arnold Moll	<p>.. Hier onder rust 't lyk van den Wel Edelen Heer ARNOLD MOLL, in desselts leven geweest Raad Extra-Ordinair van Nederlands India en Commandeur van het Koningryck Jaffanapatnam, geboren tot Batavia den 5en May, Ao. 1675, en in den Heere gerust den 10 February, Ao. 1729, oud 53 jaaren 9 maenden en 5 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 257.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, 3 moles.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A mole between a pair of wings.</p> <p>Arnold Moll married Christina van Reede. He was probably the son of Cornelis Moll, Secretary of the Weeskamer, Batavia. His daughter Gysberta Augustina, born at Colombo, April 18, 1717, died July 16, 1740, was married to Mauritz Pasque de Chavonnes of Bergen-op-Zoom, son of Mauritz Pasque de Chavonnes, Governor of the Cape (1714–34).</p>
782 ..	Oct. 25 1731	Elbregt Brengman	<p>.. Epitaphium.</p> <p>Hier onder rust 't lyk van D'Heer ELBREGT BRENGMAN, in desselts leven geweest coopman en administrateur van Jaffanapatam, geboren tot Gale den 4 Maart, 1685, en in den Heere gerust den 25 October, Ao. 1731, oud 46 jaren 7 maenden en 21 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 251, 257, 258; vol. XVII., p. 27.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Argent, a man, proper, carrying a load suspended on a pole over the right shoulder.</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A man as in the arms.</p> <p>Elbregt Brengman, baptized at Galle, March 4, 1685, was the son of Jan Brengman of Bremen and Johanna Maria Baalde. Elbregt married (1) Agatha Otley, and (2) Sara Moll.</p>
783 ..	April 28 1737	Jurriaan Potken	<p>.. Hier leyd begraven de Heer JURRIAAN POTKEN van Oldenzeel, in syn Eds. leeven coopman en Administrateur deeses Jaffanapatnamsen Commandements, gebooren den 7 Augusto, Ao. 1698, overleeden den 28n. April, Ao. 1737, oud 38 jaren 8 maenden en 21 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 261; vol. XVII., p. 28.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Quarterly: 1, argent, a pelican vulning herself (Muntz). 2 and 3, argent, a pot proper (Potken). 4, azure, a three-masted ship, or, on a sea, vert (Woutersz).</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A pair of wings.</p> <p>Stone 8 feet 2 inches by 4 feet.</p> <p>Jurriaan Potken married Hester Agathe Woutersz, daughter of Gualterus Woutersz, Commandeur of Jaffna, and Hester Otley. She married, as widow Potken, Christopher Kleybert of Schwynfurt, Dissave of Jaffna.</p> <p>Jurriaan Potken, Gerrardus Potken, Wilhelmina Potken, and Agnita Potken were children of Gabriel</p>


Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
783 ..	April 28 1737	.. Jurriaan Potken— <i>contd.</i> ..	Potken and Agnita Muntz. Gerrardus was a Predikant in Ceylon, and died at Colombo, August 8, 1762. He married, (1) Sophia Magdalena Ecoma, and (2), at Colombo, June 16, 1737, Clara van Wynbergen of Leyden. Wilhelmina was married to Jan Philip Stork, brother of Gerrard Willem Stork, Burgomaster of Oldenzaal, who married Agnita Potken. Jan Philip Stork was the ancestor of the Stork family of Ceylon.
784 ..	Dec. 13 1737	.. Iman de Jonge	.. Hier legt begraven het lyk van Den E. Heer IMAN DE JONGE van Zierikzee, in zyn leeven Commandeur van Jaffanapatnam. Overleeden den 13 December, Ao. 1737, oud jaren maanden en dagen. (<i>Journal</i> , R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 259; vol. XVII., p. 27.) <i>Arms.</i> —Or, a fess ondé azure between ten stars, five in chief (2, 3) and five in base (3, 2). Stone 8 feet 7 inches by 4 feet 3 inches. Iman de Jong, born at Zierickzee, January 10, 1698, was the son of Johan de Jong and Sara Dancers. He married at Malacca, October 7, 1731, Margarita Elisabeth Heynen, widow of Joan Fredrik Gobius, Governor of Malacca, whose daughter, Adriana Gobius, was the mother of Iman Willem Falck, Governor of Ceylon.
785 ..	May 15 1741	.. Daniel Agreen	.. Hier legt begraven het lyk van den E. Agtb. Heer DANIEL AGREEN van Jongkopping in de prov. Smaland; in zyn E. leven Commandeur van Jaffanapatnam, overleden den 15 May, Ao. 1741, oud jaaren maanden en dagen. Geen wysheid was ooyt zoo groot Als dikmaals denken om den dood. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 259.) <i>Arms.</i> —Argent, a chevron between three trefoils. <i>Crest.</i> —A trefoil between a pair of wings. Stone 8 feet 4 inches by 4 feet 2 inches. Jonkopping is the chief town of a district of the same name in Sweden, province of Smaland, 82 miles north-east from Gottenburg.
786 ..	Jan. 7 1745	.. Christopher Kleybert	.. Hier legt begraven den Ed. Agtbare Heer CHRISTOPHER KLEYBERT, geboorteg van Swynfort, in syn wel Edele agtbare leeven oppercoopman en Dessave van 't Koningryk Jaffanapatnam. Overleeden den 7 January, Ao. 1745, in den ouderdom van 47 jaaren 9 maanden en 3 daagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 260; vol. XVII., p. 28.) <i>Arms.</i> —Argent, an anchor, on a chief azure, three trefoils (1, 2). (Johannes) Christopher Kleybert married Hester Agatha Woutersz, daughter of Gualterus Woutersz, Commandeur of Jaffna, and Hester Otley. The daughter of Christopher Kleybert, Magdalena Wilhelmina Hester Kleybert, was married to Christiaan van Teylingen, Governor of Coromandel. Their son Theodorus, Chief of the Cinnamon Department (Ceylon), married Elizabeth Cornelia Schroter. (<i>Cf.</i> Cotton, "Indian Monumental Inscriptions," p. 313.) Stone 8 feet 4 inches by 4 feet 2 inches.
787 ..	March 9 1749	.. Abraham Aarnoutsz	.. Hier onder legt begraven het lyk van den E. Heer ABRAHAM AARNOUTSZ van Batavia, Oppерcoopman en Dessave alhier, gebooren den 26 Decembr., Ao. 1703, overleden Ao. 1749, den 9 maart 'snagts ten half 2 uren oud 45 jaren 2 maanden en 11 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 262.) Stone 8 feet 4 inches by 4 feet 2 inches. Abraham Aarnoutsz married Antonia van Pelt, who afterwards married Jacob de Jong, Commandeur of Jaffna.

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
787 ..	March 9 1749	.. Abraham Aarnoutsz— <i>contd.</i>	The arms are difficult to blazon. They seem to be : argent, 14 capital letters I ranged in fess 6, 5, 3, the second and fourth and the second of the second and third rows respectively being surmounted by a billet gules. Crest : a peacock. A family of Pelten bears the arms argent, a bend azure between 6 billets sable, ranged <i>en orle</i> .
788 ..	Aug. 23 1749	.. Maria Sophia de Jong ..	Hier onder legt begraven het lyk van Mejuffw, MARIA SOPHIA RAVENS van Jaffanapatnam in haar leven huysvrouw van den Ed. Heer Commandeur alhier JACOB DE JONG, geboren, Ao. 1706, den 24 Juny, overleden Ao. 1749, den 23 Augs. 'snagts ten 11 uuren oud 43 jaren 1 maand en 29 dagen. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 260.) <i>Arms.</i> —Party per pale, (1) a demi-eagle issuing from the pale line, (2) party per fess, a bird contourné in chief and a trefoil in base. <i>Crest.</i> —An eagle (?), wings expanded. Her first husband was Carl Pieter Swensen, son of Pieter Swensen, schoolmaster, and Isabella Pieris. Maria Sophia Ravens was perhaps the daughter of Sixtus Bartholomeusz Ravens and Rosaira Dangeru.
789 ..	Oct. 12 1751	.. Susanna Anthonia de Jong	Hier rust het lyk van Mejuffrouw SUSANNA ANTHO- NIA VAN PELT waarde huysvrouw van den E. Agtbaren Heer Jaffanapatnams Commandeur JACOB DE JONG, geboren te Batavia den 22 Maart, 1727, obiit den 12 Octobr., 1751, oud 24 jaren 6 maanden en 27 dagen.
790 ..	Nov. 18 1748	.. Julius Abraham Aarnout- sen	Nog legt hieronder het Zoontje van gemeld Juffws JULIUS ABRAHAM AARNOUTSEN, natus te Colombo den 21 Mey, 1747, obiit den 18 November, 1748, oud 1 jaar 5 maanden en 27 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 260; vol. XVII., p. 28; vol. XVIII., pp. 63, 64.) (See No. 787.)
791 ..	July 30 1766	.. Johanna Wirman ..	Hier legt begraven mejuff JOHANNA VERWYK huys- vrouw van den ondercoopman en cassier AARNOUT WIRMAN, gebooren te Jaffanapatnam in den jaare 1738 den 25 January, overleden den 30 July, 1766, oud 28 jaaren 6 maand. 5 d. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 262.)
792 ..	Jan. 1 1767	.. Anthony Mooyaart ..	Ik bevindt nu gewis Dat sterven myn gewin is. Hier onder legt het lyk van den Ed. Agtbaaren Heer oud Commandeur ANTHONY MOOYAART, alhier gebooren den 6en December, Ao. 1698, overleden Po. January, Ao. 1767, oud 68 jaaren en 25 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., pp. 225, 234, 250, 251, 255, 258, 262, 285; vol. XVII., pp. 18, 23, 27, 28, 31.) <i>Arms.</i> —A mermaid issuing from the sea and holding in her dexter arm a trident. <i>Crest.</i> —A mermaid as in the arms. Stone 8 feet 4 inches by 4 feet 2 inches. Anthony Mooyaart was the son of Nicolaas Moo- yaart and Johanna van Eschweiler, and grandson of Anthony Mooyaart of Amsterdam, surgeon, and Maria Durhee.
793 ..	March 26 1769	... Friedrich Wilhelm, Baron de Reder	FRID. WILH. liber BARON DE REDER, Nat. Goldbergæ in Silesia, D. XXV., Maii MDCCVI. Mort. Jaffana- patnam D. XXVI. Mart. M.D.CCLXIX. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVIII., p. 63.) “A curious and elaborate wooden hatchment in the <i>quasi</i> -classical and sentimental style of the period. The Baron's coat of arms, surmounted by Time, represented by his head and wings only, one wing being folded, is flanked by the figure of a lady in classical costume, who turns away to wipe her tears with a handkerchief, and by a suit of

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
793	March 26 1769	Friedrich Wilhelm, Baron de Reder— <i>contd.</i>	<p>armour and modern military emblems. At the foot a boy reading from a book proclaims with a trumpet the Baron's title and services. At the back among other flags is a white one with a gold border, and displaying the monogram  in gold—apparently the banner of the Dutch Company." (<i>Architectural Review</i>, vol. XXII., p. 77.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Same as those of Henrietta Tugendreich, Baroness de Reder, already blazoned.</p> <p>Friedrich Wilhelm, Baron de Reder of Goldberg, came out to the East Indies as a Sergeant in the service of the Dutch Company in the ship <i>Amsterdam</i> in 1762. He was a Major in 1766. He married Constantia Carolina, Baroness van Kerbus. Their daughter Constantia Agnita, born at Zutphen, September 13, 1741, married at Batavia, January 23, 1763, Dr. Christiaan Rose, Commandeur of Jaffna.</p>
794*	March 27 1769	Fredrik Willem, Baron de Reder	<p>FREDRIK WILLEM, BARON DE REDER, Majoor en Commandant te Jaffanapatnam. Begraven den 27 Maart Anno 1769.</p> <p>(<i>Journal</i>, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 260; vol. XVII. p. 28; vol. XVIII., p. 63.)</p> <p>This inscription is on his tomb in the floor of the church close to the hatchment.</p>
795	Dec. 16 1773	Johanna de Vos	<p>Hier onder legt begraven het lyk van Mejuffrouw JOHANNA VAN DUUREN van Gale, in haar leeven huyvrouw van den Opperkoopman, Secunde en Dessave van Jaffanapatnam GERRIT DE VOS. Gebooren Ao. 1736, den 13 April, en overleden Ao. 1773, den 16 December, oud 37 jar. 8 maanden en 3 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 258; vol. XVII., p. 27.)</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per pale, (1) on a mount vert, a tree proper, (2) or, a fox rampant, gules.</p> <p>Stone 8 feet 8 inches by 4 feet.</p> <p>Gerrit de Vos of Negapatnam was the brother of Thomasia de Vos, the wife of Jan Schaarken, Administrateur, Galle. Gerrit de Vos married (1) at Galle, September 30, 1753, Johanna van Duuren, born at Galle, April 13, 1736, daughter of Dirk van Duuren and Gertruida van den Broeck. He married (2) at Jaffna, June 22, 1777, Aletta Speldewinde of Jaffna, widow of the Chief Surgeon August Christiaan Gotter.</p>
796	June 23 1774	Hendrina Philipina Nagel.	<p>HENDR. PHIL. VOS huysvrouw van den Ordinr. vuurwerker THOMAS NAGEL. Geboren 20 May, anno 1754. Overleeden 23 Juny, anno 1774.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XVIII., p. 64.)</p> <p>Hendrina Philipina Vos, baptized at Colombo on August 9, 1754, was the daughter of Hendrik Marten Vos of Bussenbot, Chief of Kilkare and Resident of Manipaar, and Johanna Carlier. She was the first wife of Thomas Nagel. He married, (2), Johanna Sophia Brochet de la Touperse, daughter of (Johannes) Louis Brochet de la Touperse of Metz and Ursula Magdalena Otley, (3), July 23, 1797, Petronella Numan, widow of the Rev. Johannes Engelbert Hugonis.</p> <p>This stone was found let into the floor of a bungalow on a coconut estate at Navatkuli, 4 miles from Jaffna, to which it had been removed by one of the Toussaints who owned the estate. It is stated that he found it in the compound of his house at Jaffna, but as it is exactly the same size as the stone forming the flooring of the Jaffna Dutch Church, it would seem as if it had originally come from that building, to which it has now been restored.</p>
797	June 15 1788	Maria Sophia de Bock	<p>Hier legt begraven MARIA SOPHIA WIRMELSKIRCHER in haar Ed. leven liefwaarde huysvrouw van den opperkoopman, Secunde en Dessave dusses Commandements DANIEL DE BOCK. Gebooren te Colombo den 16 April anno 1743 en alhier overleeden den 15 Juny, anno 1788. Oud 45 jaaren 1 maand en 29 dagen. Zalig zyn de dooden die in den Heere sterven.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 259; vol. XVII., pp. 16, 27.)</p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
797	June 15 1788	Maria Sophia de Bock— <i>contd.</i>	<p><i>Arms.</i>—Per fess, in chief a church (Wirmelskircher), in base 3 pots (Potken).</p> <p><i>Crest.</i>—A church as in the arms.</p> <p>Stone 8 feet 6 inches by 4 feet 4 inches.</p> <p>Maria Sophia Wirmelskircher was the daughter of Rev. Mattheus Wirmelskircher and Susanna Adriana Potken. Daniel de Bock was a native of Amsterdam, and was married to Maria Sophia Wirmelskircher at Colombo on March 20, 1763.</p>
798	Feb. 19 1801	Elizabeth Turnour	<p>ELIZABETH TURNOUR, daughter of the Honourable GEORGE TURNOUR and of EMILIE, his wife. Born May the 26th, 1800. Died February the 19th, 1801.</p> <p>See next inscription.</p>
799	April 19 1813	George Turnour	<p>Sacred to the memory of the Honourable GEORGE TURNOUR, fourth son of EDWARD and ANN, Earl and Countess of Winterton.</p> <p>He was born at Shillinglee Park, in Sussex, on the 4th of February, 1768, and departed this life on the 19th April, 1813.</p> <p>The uniform tenor of his progress through life proved him a truly virtuous man and a sincere Christian, by exemplary conduct under severe misfortunes, and perfect resignation to the will of God.</p> <p>He was endowed with considerable talents and a most benign and amiable disposition, which gained the affection of all who knew him.</p> <p>This monument is raised by his afflicted widow.</p> <p>The first Earl of Winterton was Edward Garth, who assumed the name and arms of Turnour on succeeding to his maternal property. He was raised to the peerage of Ireland in 1761. The family seat is Shillinglee Park, near Potworth, Sussex. George Turnour was his fourth son, born February 4, 1768, and was an Ensign in the Bengal Native Infantry (Cadet, 1783; Ensign, February 9, 1785). He was transferred to the King's service in 1789, came to Ceylon as a Lieutenant in the 73rd, and was appointed Fort Adjutant at Jaffna on its capture in 1795. He married Emilie de Bausset, daughter of M. Pierre de Bausset and his wife Marie Johanna Sinon (see Cotton, pp. 367, 369), at Pondicherry the following year. In 1797, having transferred to the 19th Regiment, he became Commandant at Mannar, where he remained until January, 1800. At the pearl fishery of 1799 he acted as Superintendent. In July, 1802, we find him, with George Laughton, J. Verwyk, and Willem Kroon, heading a memorial from the merchants of Jaffna to Government against the proposed increase of duty on tobacco from 25 to 33 per cent., which was to start from August 1. In 1802–1807 he had left the army and was engaged with his father-in-law in trading in paddy and tobacco at Jaffna and Cochin, with a godown in the Jaffna Pettah, and the Jaffna diaries show that in July, 1803, he made an offer to Government to buy "all the paddy at Moelitivoe within 15,000 parras at nine fanams per parra, Government to pay expenses of loading and giving him two months' credit." The reply was that "there were only 45,000 parras at Moelitivoe, which it was hoped to sell at 9½ fanams free of expense," and the offer was therefore declined. But his mercantile career was not successful, and in January, 1807, he became insolvent. A meeting of his creditors was held at Jaffna in August. A quantity of "Jagal or Jawzy chanks" and of "Putty or Pottie chanks" belonging to his estate was advertised for sale at Condaatje during the ensuing pearl fishery. On March 11 the same year he was gazetted "Agent of Revenue of the Wannu." (See "Vanni Districts Manual.") He was placed on the Civil establishment from January 1, 1811. On January 1, 1813, he was appointed Assistant to the Collector at Jaffna and Sitting Magistrate and Fiscal, and he held, in addition, the appointment of "Tobacco Agent," but he died the same year. His eldest son became the celebrated Oriental scholar. Mrs. Turnour had another son, Edward Archer, born at Jaffna.</p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
799 ..	April 19 1813	George Turnour— <i>contd.</i> ..	Her daughter, Anne Emily, married M. de Pariset at Pondicherry; the second daughter, Frances, married in 1820, William Granville, C.C.S., who retired on April 12, 1840, as Treasurer. The third daughter, Jane, married in 1832, Captain Henry Alexander Atchison, C.R.R. The Hon. George Turnour's youngest sister, Lady Elizabeth, married Francis Richardson, M.C.S. She died on July 6, 1818, in Upper Berkeley street.
800 ..	April 8 1826	George Burleigh ..	<p>Sacred to the Memory of GEORGE BURLEIGH, Esq., M.D., Surgeon of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, whose body lies near this spot. He departed this life April 8th, 1826, aged 55 Years. Doctor Burleigh served on Board H. M. Ship <i>Brunswick</i> in the memorable action of the 22nd & 29th May & 1 June, 1794, under Lord Howe, throughout the Rebellion in Ireland in 1793 & during the Kandyan insurrection in 1817 & 1818.</p> <p>He was a son of John Burleigh, third son of Hercules Burleigh, Captain in Colonel Mitchelburn's Regiment at the siege of Derry, by his wife Mary Jackson.</p> <p>He married Rebecca Kingsley (see No. 810). In a memorial addressed to the Duke of Wellington in 1815 she gives the following account of his services:—</p> <p>"He entered the navy in 1792, was appointed Surgeon's Mate on board the <i>Brunswick</i>, 74 guns, and was on board during the action of 28th and 29th May and 1st June, 1794, under Lord Howe. The ship being disabled was paid off, and Dr. Burleigh was appointed to the Essex Fencibles as Assistant Surgeon..... was appointed Surgeon..... remained and served during the rebellion till the reduction of the regiment in 1801. He was then appointed to the 38th Regiment in 1802 through the interest of my near relative Lord Norbury, Chief Justice of Ireland. He served in the 38th Regiment until 1805, when he was transferred from the Irish to the English establishment with a promise of the surgeoncy of the 95th on his arrival in England, but was unfortunately taken prisoner on his passage by a French privateer with myself and three children and taken into Calais, from thence to the dépôt of Valenciennes, where we remained from December, 1805, to December, 1813. A portion of the 9th and 30th Regiments, being wrecked off the coast about the same time, were taken prisoners and sent off to Valenciennes, commanded by Colonel Devereux, who, being ordered to Verdun with other officers, requested Dr. Burleigh to take medical charge of his men, which he did from that period, with the whole of the prisoners amounting to 3,000 men, British soldiers, men-of-war's men, merchant-sailors, and <i>détenus</i>." He also acted as paymaster, "for which he received the thanks of the Duke of York and the Commissioners of the Navy on his return to England in 1814 He remained an Assistant Surgeon till his return to England in 1814, when the Duke of York ordered him to be appointed to the first vacant surgeoncy, which was that of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, which he held till his death in 1826. In December, 1813, when the allied armies entered the north of France, we were sent from Valenciennes at forty-eight hours' notice with the whole of the prisoners to Tours, and from thence to Limoges, where all remained till the peace of 1814. Dr. Burleigh was the only officer that marched and remained with the prisoners during that severe march in the depth of winter, and during the march he afforded the men every comfort in his power, supplying them with shoes, flannel waistcoats, and drawers, and on many occasions with carts to convey the sick. Myself, with eight children, accompanied them on the march, and was a witness to the poor fellows' sufferings."</p> <p>The Burleighs settled in County Down in 1649. The first settler was "Captain of a ship of war in the Solent, and was with a number of his men under the window of Carisbrook Castle when Charles I. endeavoured to escape. For this he was imprisoned at Winchester, but managed to escape to Ireland. He</p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
800	April 8 1826	George Burleigh <i>—contd.</i>	<p>belonged to a Hampshire family." ("The Wolfes of Forenaghts," published at Guildford, 1893.)</p> <p>The eldest daughter of Dr. George Burleigh, Anna Maria, born November 2, 1802, at Colombo, married at Colombo, October 25, 1818, Lieutenant Richard Thomas Wolfe of the 59th Regiment, thus making a further link between the families of Toler and Wolfe. His third daughter, Eliza Toler, born February 4, 1808, at Kayts, married, February 11, 1825, Joseph Price, C.C.S., afterwards District Judge of Jaffna, who retired from the Civil Service, 1861, and settled at Upper Skenshaw, Herefordshire. He died March 20, 1864, and was buried in the churchyard of St. Mary's, Monmouth. She died at Jaffna in 1860 and was buried at Chundikuli. The second daughter, Catherine Vassall, born February 4, 1808 (a twin), at the house of the Sitting Magistrate, Kayts, married, October 1, 1830, Henry Ffoliott Powell, late Captain, C.R.R., of Brandlesome Hall (see Burke). The fourth daughter, Eleanor Toler, married Robert Atherton. The fifth daughter, Arabella Cope, born March 26, 1812, married, May 20, 1841, Captain Cosby Warburton. She died at Jaffna, and was buried there, March 31, 1848.</p>
801	March 26 1840	Maria Wallett	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of MARIA, the beloved wife of Major CHARLES WALLETT, Ceylon Rifles, Commandant of Jaffna. She departed this life on 26th March, 1840. Aged 50 years.</p> <p>And Pray let her remains lay undisturbed.</p> <p>Major Wallett was Commandant at Jaffna, 1840–42, succeeding Major Haddon Smith, and was succeeded by Lieutenant J. Kersteman, C.R., September, 1842. He left with his daughter for London by the <i>Tigris</i> on December 20, 1840. (See Nos. 22 and 109.)</p> <p>Maria Winder Cooper married Captain Charles Wallett, 61st Regiment, at the Temple Church, Bristol, on January 1, 1810. They had a daughter, Maria, born at Jaffna, August 23, 1831. Edward Rawdon Power, C.C.S., was one of the sponsors.</p>
802	Dec. 18 1840	Edward Buckton	<p>.. Near this lies the body of EDWARD BUCKTON, Esq., who died on the 18th December, 1840, in the Thirty-ninth year of his age.</p> <p>He was appointed Controller of Customs, Northern Province, on a salary of £500 a year, and arrived from Bombay in the <i>Colombo</i> in 1840. He died of dysentery.</p>
803	May 5 1843	Susanna Petronella Drieberg	<p>In the Name of the Blessed and Undivided Trinity S. M. of Mrs. S. DRIEBERG (Widow of the late Captain DRIEBERG, C.R.), who for many years was a resident of this Town and worshipped God in this Church. She died the 5th May, 1843, on board the Schooner <i>Fanny</i>, off Tootokurin, being then in the 75th year of her age.</p> <p>But the path of the just is the shining light which shines more and more unto the perfect day.</p> <p>Amennaie Exonorie.</p> <p>She was Susanna Petronella Tarré, probably related to Captain James Tarré, 3rd Ceylon, who entered the army as Ensign in the 60th Regiment, and joined the 3rd Ceylon in 1806, and was Fort Adjutant, Jaffna, 1810–12; Assistant Commissary, Jaffna, 1813; and ditto, Galle, 1814. She was born at Tuticorin in 1768. The <i>Gazette</i> notice of her death states "that she had resided above half a century in this Colony universally respected by all her acquaintance." The <i>Fanny</i> was at the time on a trip from Trincomalee to Tuticorin. Her family was no doubt French. She wrote a letter in French, dated Jaffna, April 15, 1804, to Dr. Thomas Christie, Medical Superintendent-General, regarding the vaccination of her four children. Captain Friedrich Wilhelm von Drieberg (afterwards cut down to Drieberg) was son of Colonel Diedrich Carl von Drieberg of the Dutch Service and his wife Johanna Martina Aubert. He was Commandant of Puttalam in 1802, and of Mullaittivu in 1803–05. He died at Jaffna in 1807. (See Cotton, p. 317.)</p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
804 ..	May 5 1845	.. John George Edward Burleigh	<p>Sacred to the Memory of JOHN G. E. BURLEIGH, Captain in Her Majesty's Ceylon Rifles. Commandant of Putlam, where he died May 5th, 1845. Aged 45 years.</p> <p>John George Burleigh was eldest son of Dr. George Burleigh. He was born June 28, 1801, was gazetted Ensign in the 83rd Regiment, April 29, 1819, and Lieutenant, March 2, 1821; also served in the Ceylon Rifles, and died while Commandant of Puttalam. He married (1), on December 31, 1833, at Jaffna, Catherine Sturlo, and (2), Amelia Bircham, a niece of Lieutenant-Colonel Bircham, C.R.R. She died at Chilaw.</p> <p>A paper by S. Casie Chitty, "Remarks on the Site and Ruins of Tammana Nuwara," was read before the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland on February 1, 1849. It was accompanied by a map, which was supplemented with drawings from the pen of Lieutenant Burleigh, Ceylon Rifles, then Commandant of Puttalam, depicting two groups of the pillars with the surrounding jungle, &c. These ruins were, according to Casie Chitty, first discovered by James Caulfield, the Assistant Government Agent of the district. (<i>Monthly Literary Register</i>, vol. III., p. 214.)</p>
805 ..	March 1846	.. Caroline Harriet Price ..	<p>Sacred to the Memory of CAROLINE HARRIET PRICE, fourth daughter of JOSEPH PRICE, Esq., of Her Majesty's Civil Service of Ceylon, who departed this life March, 1846. Aged 13 years and 8 months.</p> <p>She was born July 5, 1832, according to the baptismal register of the Fort Church.</p>
806 ..	May 28 1846	.. William Kingsley Burleigh	<p>Sacred to the Memory of WILLIAM K. BURLEIGH, Esq., of Her Majesty's Ceylon Civil Service. Died at Sea, May 28, 1846, aged 41 years.</p> <p>William Kingsley Burleigh was born June 14, 1804. He was magistrate of Mallagam, and died off the Cape of Good Hope, unmarried.</p>
807 ..	Dec. 13 1847	.. Ursula Theodora Petronella Gray	<p>URSULA THEODORA PETRONELLA MOOYAART, the Relict of Captain FRENCH GRAY of the Ceylon Regiment, and Grand-daughter of Commodore ANTHONY MOOYAART. Died in Jaffna on the 13th December, 1847, aged 60 years.</p> <p>She was a daughter of Wouter Christoffel Mooyaart, son of the Commandeur Anthony Mooyaart and his wife Cornelia Anthonia Dormieux.</p>
808 ..	April 22 1848	.. Arriane Cecelia Dunlop ..	<p>Sacred to the Memory of ARRIANE CECELIA DUNLOP, infant daughter of R. J. DUNLOP, Esq., who departed this life on the 22nd April, 1848. Aged 22 days.</p> <p>R. J. Dunlop, who was a coconut planter on Iyakachchai estate, Pallai, married Emilia, daughter of George Shaw Brook, who was Assistant Collector of Customs, Jaffna, brother of Richard Brook, Master Attendant of Trincomalee. His son, Richard Henry, Lieutenant, C.R.R., married Theodosia Eleanor Hastings, daughter of Joseph Lee of Malpas, on October 12, 1858. He was engaged in the operations in the Matale District in 1848, and was on many of the courts martial. He died a General.</p>
809 ..	March 27 1850	.. Arriane Maria Brook ..	<p>Sacred to the Memory of ARRIANE MARIA BROOK, widow of the late GEORGE SHAW BROOK, Esq., Ordnance Dept., Colombo, who departed this life on the 27th March, 1850, at Jaffna, Ceylon. Aged 53 years.</p> <p>This tablet was erected as a small token of affection by her afflicted children, to whom she had been always a good and affectionate mother.</p> <p>She was a daughter of John David Rabinel of Middelburg and Johanna Plantina de Moor.</p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
809 ..	March 27 1850	Arriane Maria Brook— <i>contd.</i>	Her husband, G. S. Brook, was stationed at Galle, 1818–24, and afterwards at Colombo and Jaffna. Colonel Clement, Captain Parke, F. J. Templer, and G. S. Brook formed the Managing Committee of the Colombo race meeting held in January, 1835. He went on leave to England in 1838, and died at Colombo on February 5, 1839, aged 44.
810 ..	Dec. 21 1853	Rebecca Burleigh	<p>.. In Memory of REBECCA BURLEIGH, Relict of Dr. GEORGE BURLEIGH, C.C.S., who departed this life in Jaffna on the 21st of December, 1853. Aged 78 years.</p> <p>This tablet is erected by her much loved Grand-daughter, M. S. C. December, 1856.</p> <p>She was full of good works and alms deeds which she did, and a humble servant of her Saviour.</p> <p>Rebecca Burleigh was a granddaughter of Daniel Toler of Beachwood, Tipperary, who married Rebecca Minchin. His daughter, Eleanor Toler, married John Kingsley, and Mrs. Burleigh was their daughter. The Kingsleys resided near Nenagh, Co. Tipperary. She was related to the Wolfes of Forenaghts, to which family General Wolfe and the Rev. Charles Wolfe, author of "The Burial of Sir John Moore," as also Lord Kilwarden, the Irish Chief Justice, who was murdered at Dublin, July 23, 1803, belonged.</p> <p>Another member of the Wolfe family and a nephew of Lord Kilwarden, John Wolfe, a "Captain-Lieutenant" on half-pay of the 5th Regiment, was appointed a Captain in the 1st Ceylon Regiment, April 27, 1803. He died at Chelsea, December 22, 1818, and was buried at Dudley, Worcestershire.</p> <p>A sister of Mrs. Burleigh went to America, where she married, and had a daughter, who married Captain Legge, the author of the book on Ceylon birds.</p> <p>"M. S. C." stands for Mary Spencer Campbell, the wife of Frederick Hugh Pearson Campbell, C.C.S., whom she married on April 18, 1848, at the Fort Church, Jaffna. She was the fifth daughter of Joseph Price, C.C.S., District Judge of Jaffna. Dr. George Burleigh's daughter Eliza Toler, by his wife Rebecca, was married to Joseph Price at Kayts on February 12, 1825, by the Rev. Joseph Knight.</p>
811 ..	1621	Antonio Alvares	<p>.. Sepultura de ANTONIO ALVARES e de seus erdeiros 621.</p> <p>["The tomb of ANTONIO ALVARES and of his heirs, 1621."] <p>Peculiarities in this inscription are the combination of the letters D and E in the words "de" and "erdeiros," a similar combination of the letters V and A in "Alvares," and the omission of the first figure of the date in 1621. This manner of writing the date was customary at the period, just as we write 09 for 1909, omitting two figures instead of one. The dimensions of this tomb are 5 feet 10 inches by 1 foot 5 inches.</p> </p>
812 ..	1640	Manoel de Silveira Coutinho Izabel Soares	<p>Esta sepultura he de MANOEL DE SILVEIRA COUTINHO e de sua molher IZABEL SOARES e de seus erdeiros 1640 (?).</p> <p>["This tomb is of MANOEL DE SILVEIRA COUTINHO and of his wife IZABEL SOARES and of their heirs."] <p>The date is more likely 1640 than anything else. The peculiarity about this inscription is the use of an archaic form of R (thus, V) and the combinations of N and H, V and A, &c. It is much rougher cut than the first inscription, the kind of stone used being different also. The size is 4 feet 7 inches by 1 foot 2 inches. The Portuguese seemed fond of long narrow tombs, in contrast to the Dutch, whose tombstones were generally of very ample dimensions.</p> </p>
813 ..		Paulo Fereira Menezes	<p>.. Esta sepultura he de PAULO FERREIRA MENE (?) he de seus herdeiros.</p> <p>["This tomb is of PAULO FERREIRA MENEZES and of his heirs."] <p>The date is illegible, and the word "Mene" not distinct. It may be "Mene," in which case it</p> </p>

Dutch Church, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
813	Paulo Ferreira Menezes— <i>contd.</i>	probably is a contraction of Menezes, or possibly "Melo," another well-known name. Of these tombstones, the first two were found in 1902 inside the Jaffna fort, and the last outside it on the glacis, in use as a stepping stone to a small shrine dedicated to Muni Appar. They have been placed in the vestry of the church. Another Portuguese tombstone was found in the fort at the same time, with part of a coat-of-arms and the letters "V.D." on it. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., pp. 350-53.)

Pettah Cemetery, Jaffna.

THERE is no doubt that tombstones and name slabs have been removed from this burial ground during the last hundred years. In 1905 a stone was found cut in two, lengthwise, to form the doorstep of a house in one of the Jaffna "cross streets." The inscription had been carefully chipped out; so carefully that all that could be made out after the most minute examination was the words "Ter Gedagteni van Angelina Fr. Maria Wilhemina den Wel Edele Heer" Another stone of 1841 was found at a mason's house. He had removed it to build a new tomb close by.

814 ..	Sept. 9 1777	.. Anna Elizabeth van Coeverden	Hier onder rust het lyk van Mejuffrouw ANNA ELIZABETH MOM in leven huisvrouw van den Koopman en administrateur alhier de Heer JOHANNES BARBERTUS VAN COEVERDEN. Geboren den 26 July, 1723, en overleden den 9 September, 1777. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 39; vol. XVIII., p. 85.) <i>Arms.</i> —Vert, a cross moline, or. Anna Elizabeth Mom was perhaps the daughter of Arnaud Mom of Jaffna, who was a surgeon in 1697 and onderkoopman in 1733.
815 ..	Sept. 7 1787	.. Jean François Even du Hil	Hier onder rust het lyk van den Wel. Ed. Manh. Heer JEAN FRANÇOIS EVEN DU HIL in leeven Capetein-Luytenant der Honorabile Militie. Overleden Jaffnapatnam den 7 Sept. A. 1787. Oud 29 jaaren. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 39.) The following is a translation of an entry in the diary of Mr. William Abraham Kriekenbeek :— "On the 27th May, 1804, I was married at Jaffnapatnam by the Rev. Mr. Morgappa to Miss François Ursula Frederika Even du Hil, daughter of Capt. Jean François Even du Hil and Ester Dulcina Brochet de la Touperse. She was born there on the 29th April, 1787. My father-in-law aforesaid was accidentally shot dead on the 18th July, 1787, while out hunting, by one Mr. Hendrick Anthony Johnson, who was also hunting in the same company. This happened in one of the islands of Jaffnapatnam, and my said mother-in-law then married Mr. Christoffel Gerard Keegel, surgeon there, and died on the 27th August, 1815." The discrepancy as to the date of death is curious. A house in First Cross street, Pettah, Jaffna, with very ornamental doors and windows, the former having brass-mounted panels, belonged to the family of Brochet de la Touperse. Captain Jean Louis Brochet of Metz was "late Commandant of Artillery" at Jaffna under the Dutch Company, and in 1796 was trading in palmyras, &c., in Jaffna. He married, February 10, 1760, Ursula Magdalena Otley of Jaffna, who died on June 10, 1810, aged 65 years 8 months and 19 days. He proceeded to the pearl fishery in April of that year with his "toney." In July, 1803, he was given by Government an allowance of 50 rix-dollars a month, but this was discontinued two months later, because the pensions to Dutch prisoners were to be renewed. Captain Even du Hil married Ester Dulcina Brochet de la Touperse, who died August 27, 1815. She married (2), April 18, 1790, Dr. Christoffel Gerard Keegel.

Pettah Cemetery, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
816 ..	1772	B. J. Craft	.. B. J. CRAFT, Lieutenant. Obiit 1772, ætatis 47. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 40.)
817 ..	May 20 1817	Louisa Rodrigo	.. Hier onder rust het lyk van LOUISA DE SILVA in leven huisvrouw van ALEXANDER RODRIGO. Geboren te Colombo den 5 November, 1785. Overleden den 20 May, 1817. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 41.)
818	May 9 1823	Thomas Nagel	.. THOMAS NAGEL. Gebooren den 5 Febr., 1740, in Nederlandsche dienst geweest Land Regent in de Wanny. Overleeden den 9 May, 1823. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XVII., p. 40 ; vol. XVIII., p. 393.)

T. Nagel is described in the Jaffna Kachcheri records of 1796 as "late Regent of the Wanny or the Provinces under Mullativoe," and as "late Landholder at Mullativoe." He held this office from 1783 to 1795. On February 8, 1796, the Assistant Resident at Jaffna, Mr. John Jervis, forwarded to Lord Hobart, Governor and President in Council, Fort St. George, a packet containing sundry papers in the Dutch language which he had obtained from Nagel, and he remarks in forwarding it: "I have every reason to believe the Provinces of the Wanny will become shortly very valuable to the English Company, and I am not probably too sanguine in affirming that they will be more so with due management and attention than even the districts dependent on Jaffanapatnam." These hopes have not been fulfilled. He adds: "Whilst every praise is to be given to Mr. Nagel for the improvement he has made in the Wanny, it is but too evident that his lease of that country was particularly advantageous to and favourable to his own interests." From this it would appear that Nagel's tenure of the Wanny was of the nature of a farm under the Dutch Company. One thing that he did for it was to introduce the cultivation of *manyokka* (cassava). He handed over to Jervis a minute on the subject of his administration, "which is so voluminous, and enters into such particular detail that it cannot be immediately copied." In July he obtained leave for his *dhoney* to go from Kayts to Mullaittivu to remove his furniture from there. Jervis appears to have consulted him on the question of the collection of the revenue, for in September we find him laying it down as an axiom that "the Malabars will always say, according to their custom, that they cannot pay." In December, when eight of the Dutch Burghers of Jaffna petitioned against Lieutenant-Colonel Barbut's proclamation that all coast slaves must be considered free people, as contrary to the 4th Article of the Capitulation, Nagel and J. F. Meybrink took the opposite view, and gave in a counter petition.

Jervis mentions that Nagel had a numerous family (see No. 796), but nothing seems to be known about them, except that one daughter, Carolina, married on July 4, 1802, at Jaffna, Lieutenant Richard William Cotgrave, the first "Civil Engineer" under the British regime. There was another Nagel at Jaffna, who had been in the Dutch Engineer Corps. This was Gerrit Joan Nagel, who was "Lieutenant en Titulier Ingenieur" in 1792. He was probably a son of Thomas Nagel, as on one occasion the latter made a payment to the Assistant Resident on his behalf. G. J. Nagel and Mr. Hopker, also formerly of the Dutch Engineer Corps, made a plan in October, 1796, for re-opening the channel connecting the fort moat with the sea, so as to get rid of the flood water which was threatening to inundate Jaffna in the rainy weather. The former opening had been filled up by Lieutenant-Colonel Barbut. The plan was adopted, and the work carried out at the instance of Jervis. There were at least two other Nagels in the Dutch Service in the latter half of this century, viz., Adriaan, "geauthorizierd" at Matara in 1765, and Fredrik, vaandrig (ensign) at Batticaloa in 1767.

Pettah Cemetery, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
818 ..	May 9 1823	.. Thomas Nagel— <i>contd.</i> ..	There was a Lieutenant Nagel in the 97th Regiment, who married a daughter of Francis Dickson at Galle in 1831. Thomas Nagel was "Extra-ord. Vuurwerker" at Jaffna in 1767, "Ord. Vuurwerker en Landmeester" at Jaffna in 1769, Lieutenant in 1780, and Captain in 1789. The title of "Lieutenant Fireworker" in the Artillery was in use in the British army up to the first decade of the nineteenth century. It was the rank below Lieutenant.
819 ..	June 5 1824	.. J. DL. van Schoonbeek ..	Hier onder rust den wel Edeln. Heer J. DL. VAN SCHOONBEEK. Geboren te Jaffanapatnam. Anno 1781 den 23 Nov. Overl. 1824 den 5 Juni. Oud 42 jaa. 6 maa. 12 dag. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 41.)
820 ..	Aug. 14 1829	.. Adriana Gertruida Anderson	ADRIANA GERTRUIDA TOUSSAINT, wife of J. T. ANDERSON, in the 43rd year of her age. She was the daughter of Barent Justinus Toussaint and Jacomina Gerardina Giffening, and granddaughter of Johannes Toussaint and Anna Elizabeth Kriekenbeek. James Thomas Anderson was a captain, probably a sea captain, and an Englishman. It is supposed to be his monogram in floriated ironwork which is over one of the doors of a house in Main street, now occupied by Machado & Co. This was his first wife. He had five daughters and two sons by her. One daughter married the Rev. M. Carver, three others Toussaints. One son, James Thomas, married Amelia, daughter of Samuel Hollowell and granddaughter of James Hollowell of Wexford. James Thomas Anderson, senior, married (2), at Galle, Johanna Henrietta Susanna de Vos, widow of Reynier von Alken. His only child by this marriage, Sara Helena, married Raoul Piachaud of Negombo, grandson of Major Francis Piachaud of the De Meuron Regiment, born at Nion, Canton Bern.
821 ..	Jan. 17 1831	.. Anna Henrietta Vanderspar	Sacred to the memory of ANNA HENRIETTA VANDERSPAR, widow in the 78th year of her age. Anna Henrietta Dormieux was the daughter of Isaak Dormieux by his second wife Anna Mauritz Cuyck van Mierop. She was married (1) to Abraham Evert Lebeck, and (2), as his second wife, to Johannes van der Spar, the brother of Mattheus van der Spar, Administrateur of Galle. The first wife of Johannes van der Spar was Adriana Dorothea van Bern. Isaak Dormieux was the son of Abraham Dormieux and Petronella Verschuur, and grandson of Abraham Dormieux of Amsterdam and Margarita Maartensz van Suchtelen, daughter of Jan Maartensz van Suchtelen and Gertruida Pietersz. Abraham Dormieux of Amsterdam was baptized there March 23, 1657, being the son of Jacobus Dormieux and Annetje Hendricksz van Grolshagen. (See Nos. 537, 886.)
822 ..	April 30 1831	.. Johanna Jacoba Stutzer ..	Sacred to the memory of JOHANNA JACOB A LE BECK, widow of JOHN ARNOLD STUTZER, M.D., formerly of Stockholm, but for many years an eminently respected and useful inhabitant of this place in the 62nd year of her age. Dr. Stutzer died at Jaffna in July, 1821, but is uncommemorated, or more likely perhaps the stone has disappeared. Johanna Jacoba Lebeck was probably daughter of Abraham Evert Lebeck and Anna Henrietta Dormieux. A daughter of Dr. Stutzer, Jane Alexandra Stutzer, married at Trincomalee, November 13, 1828, Lieutenant C. F. Thomson, 16th Regiment.
823 ..	March 24 1844	.. Theodora Cochrane	.. To the memory of THEODORA, the beloved wife of Major COCHRANE, C.R. Regiment. Obiit March 24, 1844. <i>Ætatis suæ</i> 48. The souls of the righteous are in the hands of God, and though they may be afflicted in the sight of men, yet is their hope full of immortality.

Pettah Cemetery, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
823 ..	March 24 1844	.. Theodora Cochrane— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Theodora J. W. Stutzer, who was another daughter of Dr. Stutzer, was second wife of Captain George Cochrane, C.R.R., whom she married at Jaffna on July 28, 1831. He married (3), on July 19, 1848, Maria Eliza Tranchell, widow of Staff Surgeon A. H. Hall, and died at Trincomalee, December 12, 1860. His first wife Jane died at Trincomalee on January 30, 1830. His daughter by the second marriage, Mary Jane Cochrane, married at the Fort Church, Jaffna, October 2, 1845, George Beatson. This marriage was repeated on November 27, 1845, owing to an informality in the license.</p> <p>Colonel Cochrane was Commandant of Jaffna from January, 1841, and founder of the Jaffna Friend-in-Need Society and Hospital. The foundation stone of the latter was laid in 1840. It was maintained by the Society until 1906, when it was taken over by Government. Colonel Cochrane "must have left Jaffna early in 1847. He showed me what I think was a silver cigar case presented to him by the subscribers to the Friend-in-Need Society on his departure." (Sir William Twynnam, writing in 1910.) (See No. 1003.)</p>
824 ..	April 15 1849	.. James Byles	<p>.. JAMES BYLES, born September, 1816, died April 15th, 1849, aged 32.</p> <p>He was a coconut planter, and opened Karandi estate in the Pachchilapalli division. He was a brother of Sergeant Byles, well known on account of "Byles on Bills." He was, it was said, inclined to be wild, and was sent out to Ceylon by the family to do something for himself. The following incident seems to confirm this opinion:—Accompanied by Lieutenant John Brewse Kerstemen of the Ceylon Rifles and Daniel Quinton of the Survey Department, he proceeded on November 27, 1843, to the house in Second Cross street, Jaffna, where A. M. Ferguson, afterwards of the <i>Observer</i>, lived with Richard Rudd. He charged the former with having said of him, "Mr. Byles plants merely for his amusement, he being, according to his own account, a man of great expectations, and duelling being his serious business." A. M. Ferguson had also expressed his "honest opinion respecting the excess of planting operations in the north," and this apparently did not please Byles. The result was that Byles struck A. M. Ferguson with a cane, and Quinton and Kerstemen struck William Ferguson, who was also present. Byles and Kerstemen were each fined £10 and Quinton £5.</p> <p>A further result of this fracas was a commission to inquire into the conduct of the civil and military officers concerned in it, but nothing came of it.</p> <p>"Jack Kerstemen was a wild Irishman, good-hearted, and a general favourite. He left the Ceylon Rifles owing, it was said, to his having got into trouble over alleged cheating at cards." William Boyd tells a story of his trying to obtain a pardon from Governor Lord Torrington for a criminal whom the Fiscal had unsuccessfully tried to hang at Kandy, but the pardon was too late.</p>
825 ..	Oct. 24 1849	.. John Bradley	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN BRADLEY, Esq., late Lieutenant of H.M.S. C.R. Regt.....aged 43 years.</p> <p>Leaving behind him a disconsolated (<i>sic</i>) wife and three children to bemoan his irreparable loss.</p> <p>Lieutenant John Bradley was Acting Adjutant in August, 1846. James Matthew Bradley, who was in the Survey Department, married at the Fort Church, Jaffna, on April 18, 1848, his cousin Charlotte Louisa, third daughter of Joseph Price, District Judge of Jaffna. She was born January 25, 1831. He died at Jaffna on April 4, 1850, aged 30. His widow married, on February 14, 1855, (2) John Addams-Williams of Llangibhey Castle, Monmouthshire, a coconut, coffee, and tea planter, who came out in 1846 and died at Rattota, August 9, 1909, in his 81st year. He opened Ariali estate.</p>

Pettah Cemetery, Jaffna—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
826 ..	April 27 1850	Emily Sabonadiere	.. Sacred to the memory of EMILY, the beloved wife of F. R. SABONADIÈRE aged 27 years. John Scipio Sabonadière married at St. James's, Westminster, April 7, 1789, Louisa Barbauld, the authoress. Their son, Rev. Carey Charles Alfred, born at Chelsea, died at St. Quentin, 1838, married Sophia Durand of Port Guernsey. Their son, Francis Richard, born at Meaux (District Seine), February 8, 1823, died July 18, 1891, married (1) Emily Murray, daughter of General Murray, and (2), August 19, 1854, Mary, daughter of C. E. Layard, born May 31, 1832, died January 4, 1864.
827 ..	Sept. 4 1868	Alexander Thomas Anderson	ALEXANDER THOMAS ANDERSON, Merchant of Kandy, Native of Peterhead, Aberdeenshire, died at Point Pedro in his 30th year, and lies buried here. He belonged to the firm of Keir Dundas & Co.

St. John's Church, Chundikuli, Jaffna.

THE church stands on the site of a Portuguese Church, dedicated like the present Roman Catholic Church in the parish of Chundikuli to St. John the Baptist. The old church was rebuilt or repaired by the Dutch. It was replaced by the present church belonging to the Church Missionary Society in 1860. The new church, not with much regard to historical associations, is dedicated to St. John the Evangelist. The foundations of a portion of the old building can still be traced.

"In the middle of the year 1859 the main part of the old schoolhouse was still standing. The old church had been partly demolished, and the school building was a continuation of the church, with a common wall between. Their site now forms the road, not exactly opposite the present church, but a little further to the east. The road then ran from the town straight to the church porch, from that point turning south and then east, exactly as in the Nellore church to-day. Government, which in those days in Jaffna meant of course Mr. Dyke, desired to rectify this awkward bend in the road, and as the church and schoolhouse stood in the way, resolved to remove the obstructive buildings and erect a new church instead. This was no doubt the apparent sequence of events. But I suspect that the real inwardness of the matter was that Mr. Dyke found the old church—built, of course, by the Dutch—ugly and heavy in look, and in fact, for the walls were about 5 feet thick, the doors and windows were as deep and massive as castle gates almost, and an infinite number of coats of whitewash were peeling off the walls—and probably made up his mind to see in its place a daintier, airier structure..... the very opposite of the clumsy old building in all respects, and that he seized upon the curve in the road as a convenient excuse for carrying out his design. This, of course, is only a surmise There were inside the church a good many past Dutch administrators, their wives and children, lying buried. Their crumbling bones were taken up with all care, and re-interred in the present St. John's Church burial ground. There were, so I was told, the remains of a lady which were found in face and figure almost as fresh as life, but they crumbled to dust in a few minutes after exposure I do not know what the schoolhouse was originally intended by the Dutch builders for. There was, besides, a number of rooms large and small, one large hall with a gallery next the chancel of the church, with one common wall between I think it was in 1860 the last traces of the church and schoolhouse disappeared." (J. M. Hensman in the "St. John's College Magazine," 1906.)

The schoolroom was probably the chancel of the Portuguese Church.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
828 ..	March 31 1849	Charlotte Elizabeth Pargiter	Sacred to the memory of CHARLOTTE ELIZABETH PARGITER, the beloved wife of the Reverend ROBERT PARGITER, Church Missionary at this Station aged 33 years. Her remains are interred in a vault in front of the chancel.

The Rev. Robert Pargiter succeeded the Rev. James Talbot Johnstone, who was the first Principal of the Chundikuli Seminary, now St. John's College, in 1847, and was Principal until 1864, when he left for Nuwara Eliya. He had come out as a Wesleyan Missionary, but left that connection and was ordained Deacon and Priest in 1846 and 1847, respectively, by Bishop Chapman. In 1865–1876 and again in 1878–1886 he held the office in England of Association Secretary of the C.M.S., and in 1885 he was appointed Vicar of Towersey, Diocese of Oxford. "He was twice married in Ceylon, first to a Miss Jones in 1844, and secondly to Anna Matilda, born 1832, daughter of the Rev. J. D. Palm, senior, of the Wolvendaal Church (see No. 398), in 1851. Both marriages were solemnized at Holy Trinity Church, Colombo. He had a son,

St. John's Church, Chundikuli, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
828 ..	March 31 1849	Charlotte Elizabeth Pargiter— <i>contd.</i>	Robert Stott Pargiter, C.C.S., who died as Assistant Agent of Negombo in 1876; also two daughters, one of whom, Eliza Annie, married Reginald Carolus Pole, C.C.S. (1862–1883), on March 22, 1864; and the other, Charlotte Matilda, on May 9, 1877, at Galle, his brother, John Pole, a planter of Dikoya, who is still in the Island, and much interested in implements of the stone age. R. C. Pole died in 1897. He had a son, Reginald Carolus Stuart Pole, born December 10, 1864, who was for a time in the Ceylon Survey Department. The Rev. R. Pargiter is still living (1910), aged 94.
829 ..	June 13 1853	Edwyn Stanhope Whitehouse	<p>Sacred to the memory of EDWYN STANHOPE WHITEHOUSE, Esqr., who departed this life at Jaffna aged 39 years.</p> <p>Also an inscription on his tomb in the churchyard adjoining. He was one of the pioneer coconut planters in the Jaffna Peninsula and the proprietor of Mukamalai coconut estate near Kodikamam, and was the only European planter with whom Mr. Dyke had much to do.</p> <p>"Cotton culture on a large scale was tried in the Jaffna Peninsula by the brothers Whitehouse and Messrs. Clarke and Hardy between 1837 and 1846, and it was conclusively proved that it could not be carried on so as to pay European enterprise." (A. M. Ferguson.) (See No. 174.) He bought over 5,000 acres of Crown land in Pachchilapallai, which were the subject of an inquiry in the Land Resumption Ordinance in 1906. He died intestate.</p> <p>He married at Jaffna, March 23, 1847, Eliza Maria le Marchand, whose younger sister, Ellen Julia, married Thomas Clark, December 11, 1849, at Jaffna. Thomas Clark founded the firm of Clark, Spence & Co., of Galle, about 1865. He had been in the H. E. I. Co.'s service (Indian Navy), and left it to become first a coconut, and then a coffee, planter. As a coconut planter he was the manager of Sir Herbert Maddock's estate of Kelvelmoere, on which he built a large bungalow, to the cost of which Sir Herbert, who visited Jaffna in 1853, took exception, with the result that Mr. Clark left. His son, Thomas Staines Clark, is a partner in Messrs. Clark, Young & Co. of Colombo. E. S. Whitehouse was a brother of C. A. Whitehouse (see No. 174). The Misses le Marchand resided at Jaffna with their father Michael Joseph le Marchand. A brother, Francis Wharton le Marchand, was Manager of the O. B. C. at Kandy, and married Alice Capel Higgs (died Kandy, January 24, 1849).</p>
830 ..	June 17 1863	Catherine Emily Pole ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of CATHERINE EMILY, the beloved wife of HENRY POLE, Esqr., C.C.S., and fifth daughter of JOSEPH PRICE, Esq., C.C.S. aged 27 years.</p> <p>Gentle, most affectionate and confiding, a faithful wife, a loving and obliging friend, charitable to all, and full of gratitude for little kindnesses, humbly but firmly believing in the Lamb of God whose most precious blood cleanseth from all sin, her sole trust was in Him. Her remains are interred by the side of her mother, ELIZA TOLER PRICE, in the north-east portion of the burial ground belonging to this Church.</p> <p>This memorial is erected by her ever sorrowing husband.</p> <p>June 17th, A.D. 1864.</p> <p>She was born May 7, 1835. She married at Jaffna, on February 2, 1853, Henry Pole, who was in the Civil Service, 1845–71. He was Police Magistrate, Mullaittivu, from August 1, 1845; ditto at Galle from July 1, 1847; ditto at Jaffna, July 7, 1848; Assistant Government Agent, Mannar, May 1, 1867; District Judge, Matara, 1861, and of Batticaloa; and retired April 1, 1871.</p> <p>He was related to the Pole-Carews and the Bullers of Morval, and uncle of R. C. Pole, C.C.S., and of John Pole, who are sons of his brother, the Rev. Reginald Pole. A daughter of the latter, Henrietta Maria,</p>

St. John's Church, Chundikuli, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
830 ..	June 17 1863	Catherine Emily Pole— <i>contd.</i>	married H. F. Mutukistna, Deputy Queen's Advocate, April 9, 1865. Mrs. Eliza Toler Price was a twin daughter of Dr. George Burleigh, the other twin being Catherine Vassall, who married Captain Powell, C.R.R. She was born February 4, 1808, and was married to Joseph Price at the house of the Sitting Magistrate, Kayts, by the Rev. Joseph Knight, on February 11, 1825; she died in 1860. Joseph Price retired on April 17, 1862, as District Judge of Jaffna. He joined the Civil Service January 1, 1821, and spent 37 out of his 41 years' service at Jaffna, as Sitting Magistrate, Assistant to the Collector, Fiscal, and District Judge. He was Collector of Batticaloa from February, 1825, to April, 1827, and of Mannar for the year following. He died March 20, 1864. (See No. 800.)

Chundikuli Churchyard, Jaffna.

831 ..	Sept. 27 1865	Alexander Murray ..	Sacred to the beloved memory of ALEXANDER MURRAY, District Judge of Jaffna aged 52, and to an infant son and daughter. He was appointed Government Counsel for Prisoners, July 18, 1846; Government Reporter to the Supreme Court, December 11, 1846; Acting Police Magistrate and Commissioner of Requests, Calpentyn, 1847; Deputy Queen's Advocate, Southern Circuit, October 13, 1849; ditto, Northern Circuit, 1850; Acting District Judge, Batticaloa, January 1, 1859; ditto Kandy, July 16, 1862. He was a member of the Scottish Bar, and was admitted an Advocate of the Ceylon Bar in 1849. He was the father of Colin Alexander Murray, I.S.O., Ceylon Civil Service, 1868-1904; of the late Alexander Murray, Director of Public Works, Straits Settlements; of Sir George S. Murray, sometime a member of the Legislative Council at Singapore; and of William Murray, late Ceylon Police, renowned as a sportsman in his time.
832 ..	Oct. 9 1867	Percival Acland Dyke ..	PERCIVAL ACLAND DYKE, C.C.S., more than 40 years Govt. Agent of the Northern Province, born in 1805, who died in his tent at Koppay Also a tablet in St. Peter's Church, Colombo, in which his second Christian name is misspelt "Ackland" (see No. 36). He belonged to the Aclands of Devon and the Dykes of Somersetshire. In the eighteenth century Sir Thomas Acland married the daughter and heiress of Thomas Dyke of Tetton, Somersetshire. "For some time past alarming accounts had been received of his health, but yet we were inclined to believe that there was no danger, from the fact that he was known to attend to business. About three weeks ago it was announced that he had summoned his Principal Assistant, Mr. Twynam, from Mannar to be ready to assist him in case he should get worse. Letters dated the 5th stated that no hope was entertained of his recovery. He would touch nothing, and seemed to be dying from weakness. On the 6th, however, he began to take nourishment, and for a time appeared to be gradually improving. On the 8th he was reported "much better, rapidly improving." This proved, however, the flicker of the flame before it dies out. At 5 in the morning, as a friend writes (the telegram said 3), he expired "quite happy and easy in his mind and clear to the last after five-and-forty years of unremitting devoted service Mr. Dyke died in harness, leaving behind him a memory which will be fondly cherished by every well-wisher to Ceylon as well as by the natives whom he so impartially and judiciously governed. We use that last word advisedly, for Mr. Dyke was in every

Chundikuli Churchyard, Jaffna—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
832 ..	Oct. 9 1867	Percival Acland Dyke— <i>contd.</i>	<p>sense a Rajah in Jaffna, and the Jaffna people invariably treated him as such. They knew they were safe in his hands, and they liked him; but his disciplinarian habits astounded them, and we doubt if there is or ever has been a Government Agent so thoroughly feared. At the appearance of Mr. Dyke the most forward Jaffna youth (and none of them are remarkable for their modesty) would subside into awe, and as 'the great man' always travelled in state, his visit to an outlying part of the province was an event to be dreaded, though appreciated, and above all to be long remembered. Notwithstanding his austerity, however, the natives always felt that Mr. Dyke was a friend, because he took such an absorbing interest in native affairs, and because he defended their claims against all other classes.</p> <p>"Those unconnected with Government who visited Jaffna have often complained of the hauteur and brusqueness of the late Government Agent, and they had doubtless some reason so to do. Mr. Dyke for some time appears to have held the old Indian theory that interlopers were to be avoided; but we must question whether the conduct of some of those gentlemen did not make his dislike to their presence greater than it would otherwise have been. However, latterly we learn his whole bearing was much more conciliatory, and there are few of the Planting and Mercantile Community of Jaffna who will not deeply deplore the event which has deprived them of such a Government Agent.</p> <p>"The point of his character which assumed hauteur to outsiders, we need hardly remind our readers, appeared as independence to even the highest Government officials. The refusal to accept a higher salary than was appropriated by the Select Committee of 1858 to his office and successor; his appeal to public opinion through the columns of this journal (which led to the promulgation of the 'Gagging Minute' by Sir Charles MacCarthy), when Red Tapeism assailed him where he could not defend himself; his recent refusal to receive the Governor as his guest;—will all be fresh in the recollection of our readers, and will stir up in them that feeling which 'pluck' never fails to command. That he was unbending to a fault,—even obstinate,—we are constrained to confess; that he seldom or never deserted a hobby, and that he frequently missed golden opportunities, we admit; but the enterprise he exhibited himself and to which he stimulated others, the real interest in native welfare, the open-handed charity he displayed, threw all these faults into the shade.</p> <p>"He commenced life in the Navy, and was a Midshipman when he was appointed to the Ceylon Civil Service on May 15, 1822, being then, we believe, only seventeen years of age. He came out with Sir Edward Barnes in the <i>Hercules</i>. His first appointment was Extra Assistant in the Colonial Secretary's Office, to which he was gazetted January 18, 1824. On March 1 he became Assistant to the Collector at Jaffna, and on February 1, 1825, Fiscal and Sitting Magistrate of that station. He left Jaffna in February, 1827, for Trincomalee, and held the offices there successively of Provincial Judge and Collector till October, 1829, when he returned to Jaffna as its Collector, which office ("Government Agent" as it was afterwards called) he held till January, 1843, when he was induced, principally by the strong persuasion of his friend, Mr. Anstruther, who had the highest opinion of Mr. Dyke's merits, but contrary, as was well known at the time, to his own inclinations, to take the office of Auditor-General and to join the Executive and Legislative Councils. Before the end of that year, however, at his earnest request, he was permitted to give up the Audit Office and to return to the Kachcheri at Jaffna, which he held till his death.* When Mr. Anstruther vacated the office of Colonial Secretary, the post</p>

* The statement on his tomb that he was "more than 40 years Government Agent" is not correct. It should be "38 years." He was 4 years "Collector" and 34 years "Government Agent."

Chundikuli Churchyard, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
832 ..	Oct. 9 1867	Percival Acland Dyke— <i>contd.</i>	<p>was offered to Mr. Dyke, and it was only on his refusal to accept the same that the Secretary of State was solicited to send a gentleman out, and Sir James Emerson Tennent was selected by Earl Derby. This steady refusal of promotion, which would have secured him the highest place in the Civil Service, and a large amount of power and patronage, and would in all probability (from the high estimate formed of him in Downing street) have opened to him much higher colonial honours, is an evidence of the extreme conscientiousness which always distinguished him. His friends who had long known him and worked with him—foremost among these, Mr. Anstruther—believed him fully equal to the place, and felt confident that a man of Mr. Dyke's farseeing views, close habits of thought and reasoning, and mature judgment would have been invaluable in the Councils of Government. But Mr. Dyke was not the man to undertake that which he felt he was not fully equal to—he would not, under any circumstances, condescend to wear false appearances. Retiring in his habits, he shrunk from scenes likely to draw men's eyes upon him; devoted to a province in which he had spent his life, whose interests had absorbed his attention, and whose wants he thoroughly understood, he doubted his capacity to administer the affairs of the Island generally, and no inducements, with increased emoluments, or power, or patronage opened to him, could induce him to swerve from the strict line of duty.</p> <p>“He went home only once for the benefit of his health in January, 1861, but he remained in England for eight months only, although his leave extended over eighteen. Mr. Dyke took an active part in the preparation of the Road Ordinance (No. 8 of 1848), which has been the means of so much good, overspreading the country with a network of roads calculated to benefit all classes of the people. He was also for a long series of years the Superintendent (<i>ex-officio</i>) of the Pearl Fishery, until Mr. Vane was appointed for that special duty in 1860. In 1858 the Legislative Council, as we already mentioned, reduced the salary of the Agency from £1,500 to £1,200 per annum, Mr. Dyke being allowed the former salary till the occurrence of a vacancy. This gave rise to a very able representation from Mr. Dyke, who refused to draw his salary at the former rate so long as the Council thought that it was assigned to him as a matter of favour; it was humiliation to him to receive unearned remuneration. The result was that the Secretary of State took part with him against Sir Henry Ward's Government, and another Ordinance (No. 11 of 1859) was passed to put the salaries of the Northern Province on a right footing. During his tenure of office as Auditor-General in 1843, lasting only for eleven months, we understand that a marvellous change took place in the system of the Audit Office. The code of new instructions (1847) and improved forms respecting accounts originated, it seems, with the late Government Agent, to whom the Lords of Her Majesty's Treasury paid a high compliment for his sound judgment in these matters.</p> <p>“The revenue of the Northern Province, under Mr. Dyke's administration, increased between the years 1838 and 1858 from £27,000 to £41,000 without the pearl fishery, and to £65,000 with it. In 1859 the revenue without the pearl fishery was £44,384; in 1862 it rose to £47,580; in 1866 it was £51,583.” (<i>Colombo Observer</i>.)</p> <p>Sir William Twynam's mother, then Mrs. Hawkins, widow of a naval officer, Lieutenant Hawkins, and daughter of Major Summerfield of the 83rd, came out to Ceylon in a man-of-war, and Mr. Dyke, then a little boy, was, by a curious coincidence, a midshipman on the ship, and used to run to Mrs. Hawkins in his troubles with the other middies. Mrs. Hawkins married Captain Thomas Holloway Twynam, and her son, now Sir William Crofton Twynam, K.C.M.G., was destined to be, after a short interval, Mr. Dyke's successor in the Northern Province, and to retire in 1896 with a service of 50 years, exceeding even that of his venerated chief. Between them they administered the Province for 66 years.</p>

Chundikuli Churchyard, Jaffna—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
833 ..	March 24 1868	Harriet Pilkington	<p>Sacred to the memory of HARRIET, the beloved wife of JOSEPH BRABAZON PILKINGTON, Ceylon Civil Service..... aged 28 years.</p> <p>Her children rise up and call her blessed.—Prov., chap. 31, verse 25.</p> <p>J. B. Pilkington was appointed a Writer, February 6, 1867, and Police Magistrate, Kayts, February 1, 1868. There was a namesake, H. T. Pilkington, who was Acting Deputy Postmaster-General, and died on the voyage home in August, 1871.</p>
834 ..	June 25 1873	James Frederick Layard	<p>In memory of JAMES FREDERICK, eldest son of JANE and J. G. LAYARD, late Ceylon Civil Service..... aged 25 years.</p> <p>He was born October 21, 1848. James Gay Layard retired from the Civil Service on pension on February 28, 1851, on £100 a year. He was thirteenth child of Charles Edward Layard and was called after James Gay, C.C.S., 1808–1820, who was known as “The Duke.” J. G. Layard married, on December 8, 1846, Anne Campbell. He died on November 28, 1894.</p>
835 ..	Aug. 30 1875	Robert John Dunlop	<p>To the memory of ROBERT JOHN DUNLOP, who departed this life..... at Jaffna, aged 60 years.</p> <p>Not lost but gone before. His end was peace.</p> <p>He married, on July 6, 1847, at Jaffna, Emilia, daughter of George Shaw Brook. He was a coconut planter on Iyakachchai East, Pallai, and was in charge of Tatchankadoo, belonging to Major Catherst, in 1862. His wife died on June 10, 1853, and was buried in Chundikuli Churchyard (no inscription). (See No. 709.)</p>
836 ..	1879	E. B. Blackmore	<p>In memory of Rev. E. B. BLACKMORE, C.M.S. Died 1879.</p>
837 ..	Aug. 19 1883	Christopher Edmonds	<p>Sacred to the memory of CHRISTOPHER EDMONDS, C.C.S. Born Sept. 17th, 1853</p> <p>He was in the Civil Service 1876–1883, and was Assistant Collector of Customs, Jaffna, at the time of his death. He was the only son of C. W. L. Edmonds, of Bishopstowe, Wiltshire.</p>
838 ..	March 13 1890	Edward Moule Griffith	<p>Sacred to the memory of EDWARD MOULE GRIFFITH, Missionary, C.M.S., aged 47, who died at Nellore..... after 8 years’ labour in Jaffna.</p>
839 ..	April 27 1895	Helen Plumptre Thorpe	<p>HELEN PLUMPTRE THORPE, the dear wife of WILLIAM EDWARD THORPE of the Ceylon Civil Service..... aged 26 years.</p> <p>Quid tantum insano juvat indulgere dolori O Dulcis conjux. Non hæc sine numine Divum eveniunt.</p> <p>The quotation is from Virgil, <i>Æneid</i>, II., 776–7. W. E. Thorpe joined 1891, and was Office Assistant to the Government Agent at the time.</p>
840 ..	Dec. 19 1901	Cecil Sophia Margaret Geddes	<p>In loving memory of CECIL SOPHIA MARGARET GEDDES, widow of the late J. G. GEDDES, of Pallai, Ceylon. Born May 22, 1842. Died in Jaffna</p> <p>Erected by her sorrowing children.</p> <p>She was seventh and youngest daughter of Joseph Price, C.C.S., and married, on December 14, 1866, at Jaffna, John Gordon Geddes, coconut planter at Pallai, youngest son of Captain Alexander Geddes of the 42nd Regiment.</p>
841 ..	Dec. 9 1885 Dec. 12 1892	Charles Henry Paterson Georgina Paterson	<p>Sacred to the memory of CHARLES HENRY PATERSON..... aged 59 years; and GEORGINA, his wife,..... aged 69 years.</p> <p>C. H. Paterson was lessee of Kayankadu and Narundan coconut estates, Pallai, in 1868.</p>
842 ..	Nov. 4 1909	Kenneth Perks	<p>KENNETH, younger son of ALFRED and ELIZABETH ALICE PERKS, who died at Jaffna..... in his 26th year. Erected by his friends in the Civil Service.</p> <p>He was Police Magistrate of Jaffna. He had only joined in 1907. He was a victim to enteric.</p>

Nellore Church and Churchyard, Jaffna.

ST. JAMES'S Church, Nellore, stands on the site of an old Portuguese-Dutch Church, and a portion of the former building was probably incorporated in the present church, which belongs to the Church Missionary Society. Nellore was one of the Portuguese-Dutch "parishes" of Jaffna.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
843 ..	Dec. 16 1848	Elizabeth O'Neill	.. Sacred to the memory of ELIZABETH, the beloved wife of Revd. JAMES O'NEILL, who departed this life on the 16th of December, 1848, æt. 27. After the short space of 2 years & 9 months, spent in mission labour, she exchanged earth for heaven. Some of her last words were, "Very, very, very happy." Her life though short was useful, and her death blessed. A tablet in the church. The Rev. James O'Neill was ordained priest at the Fort Church, the first Church of England ordination at Jaffna.
844 ..	Jan. 25 1855	A. E. Osborne	.. Sacred to the memory of A. E. OSBORNE, who departed this life January 25th, 1855, in the faith of her Redeemer.
845 ..	Feb. 6 1859	Mary Anne Foulkes	.. Sacred to the memory of MARY ANNE, beloved and devoted wife of Rev. THOMAS FOULKES, Church Missionary Society, Madras, and daughter of Revd. F. B. ASHLEY, Vicar of Wooburn, Bucks, who died at Nellore, Feby. 6th, 1859, aged 22 years. A meek and quiet spirit which is in the sight of God of great price. Her remains are buried in this church in a vault near this spot. "Wooburn" (<i>sic</i>) for Woburn.

St. Mary's Cathedral, Jaffna.

846 ..	July 15 1849	Robert William Langslow..	To the memory of ROBERT WM. LANGSLOW, Esq., B.A., Deputy Queen's Advocate of Jaffna. Eldest son of ROBT. LANGSLOW, Esq., late District Judge of Colombo. Born at Shropshire, 14th August, 1819
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The inscription referred to is of interest from the parentage of the subject of it. His mother was an aunt of William Makepeace Thackeray. His father, Robert Langslow, married Sarah Jane Henrietta (commonly called Selina) Thackeray, a sister of Richmond Thackeray, of the Bengal Civil Service, the novelist's father. It is interesting, in view of Mr. Langslow's somewhat stormy career in Malta and Ceylon, to learn from Lady Ritchie, Thackeray's daughter, that her father always spoke with great affection of Mr. Langslow. The late Lord Chief Baron, Sir F. Pollock, married a daughter of Captain Richard Langslow, brother of Robert Langslow, senior.

Sir William Hunter, in his book "The Thackerays in India," states that one of Richmond Thackeray's sisters "married the Attorney-General of Ceylon," but Robert Langslow was Attorney-General, not of Ceylon, but of Malta. Mrs. Langslow was born on August 7, 1797, and married Robert Langslow at St. Bride's, Fleet street, October 3, 1818; died on April 8, 1847, at Powis place, Bloomsbury, and was buried at the West London Cemetery. Robert Langslow was born August 22, 1790, died at New Inn, in the Strand, on December 9, 1853, and was buried at the West London Cemetery.

Robert Langslow was a barrister of the Middle Temple, and went the Western Circuit. In 1832 he was appointed Attorney-General of Malta. Soon after Sir Henry Bouverie's appointment to the Governorship in 1836 differences arose between him and Mr. Langslow. The result was that the Attorney-Generalship was abolished. Mr. Langslow was next appointed District Judge of Colombo South, with a

St. Mary's Cathedral, Jaffna—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
846	.. July 15 .. 1849	Robert William Langslow— <i>contd.</i>	<p>promise of promotion to the Supreme Court. He succeeded W. C. Gibson—date of appointment January 27, 1841—and came out to Ceylon by the <i>Symmetry</i>, which arrived on July 18, his fellow passengers being W. Gaskell and D. M. Watt and Mr. and Mrs. Mackwood. It is noteworthy that this was the first appointment of a barrister from England to the Colombo District Court Bench, such appointments having hitherto been held by members of the Civil Service, and it was in consequence of a representation from the Ceylon public to the Home Government. In 1842 friction arose between Mr. Langslow and the local Government, which culminated in his suspension by Governor Sir Colin Campbell in December, 1843, and eventually in his dismissal by the Home Government (Lord Stanley's) in 1844, on charges of "dilatatory justice, and insubordination and contempt towards the Governor." He returned to England in May, 1845, petitioned Parliament to reconsider his case in December, 1846, and it came before the House of Commons, when Messrs. Escott and F. Baring pleaded his cause, but without success; while in the press it was advocated by the <i>Spectator</i> and the <i>Daily News</i>. Earl Grey had taken the same view as Lord Stanley, and Mr. Gladstone had also refused to re-open the question, but a promise was given by the Home Government that he would be eligible for re-employment. Mr. Langslow appears to have been an able man; but at the same time very eccentric, and with a tendency to oppose all constituted authority. The Chief Justices of Malta and Ceylon (the latter being Sir A. Oliphant) both bore the highest testimony to his character, and Sir Colin Campbell himself admitted that he was indefatigable in the discharge of his duty. Sir H. Bouverie, on the other hand, regarded him as "an enemy to all persons in authority," and charges had been made in Malta that he had supported his son (the subject of this inscription) against the Magistrates, and that he had "led a factious and discontented party to embarrass the Government."</p> <p>Of his eccentricity as District Judge of Colombo South there are numerous instances. In January, 1842, soon after his arrival, he put an advertisement in the <i>Colombo Journal</i>, intimating that his law books would be sold by auction, "solely because the owner has now ascertained that he cannot any longer afford, out of the small salary paid to him as a Judge, to keep up a law library for the service in effect of the Government and the public." He gave this sale as a reason for fearing that he might not be able to discharge his duties as efficiently as their importance demanded.</p> <p>A dispute had arisen between the Queen's Advocate and himself as to the cases to be committed for trial before him. Having permitted 338 criminal cases to accumulate before him, he locked up the whole of the records and sent them to the Queen's Advocate, suspending the administration of justice because he happened to be engaged in a mere technical dispute with him.</p> <p>He commented on the conduct of the Judges of the Supreme Court in setting aside a conviction of his, in which he had sentenced Lieut. Pugh of the 95th to a fine and to imprisonment for lashing a native with his whip within the precincts of the Court, that "however they might feel such conduct consistent with their oaths he could not, and if it was to be again tried he would inflict the imprisonment before the appeal could be had." The defence was that the lashing was accidental.</p> <p>Of R. W. Langslow's short career there is little to record. He was born at Worcester (not "at Shropshire" as stated in the inscription); entered at Jesus College, Cambridge; was Assistant Secretary of the District Court, Colombo South, and <i>pro tem.</i> Secretary of an Association called "The Society of the Friends of Ceylon" (March, 1843); was appointed Deputy Queen's Advocate of the Northern Circuit; married Elizabeth Johanna, daughter of John Gerard Kriekenbeek, Advocate and Dutch Interpreter to the Supreme Court, on January 30, 1845, at Jaffna.</p>

St. Mary's Cathedral, Jaffna—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
846 ..	July 15 .. 1849	Robert William Langslow—contd.	<p>“ He had been dining the evening before his death with Capt. Campsie of the Rifles in perfect health, but during the night he was seized with cholera and expired after an attack of a few hours' duration.” (<i>Ceylon Times</i>, July 20, 1849.)</p> <p>While Assistant Secretary of the District Court of Colombo South he brought an action in that Court, of which his father was Judge, against Mr. Whiting, District Judge of Colombo North, for having assumed the office of Judge without authority, and having tried him for an assault on Mr. F. J. Saunders, C.C.S., at the Queen's Birthday ball of 1842. The case was transferred to the Kalutara Court, but in the meanwhile Mr. Langslow, senior, entered judgment by default against his brother Judge of the North Court. On application to the Supreme Court the case was dismissed.</p> <p>J. G. Kriekenbeek died at Colombo, April 3, 1826, aged 54, and is buried in the Pettah Cemetery, where there is an inscription. Mrs. R. W. Langslow died on January 2, 1888.</p> <p>R. W. Langslow's son, also Robert, born September 20, 1847, was educated at the Gregorian University, Rome, was a Knight of the Holy Sepulchre, a Ph.D., and a Lieutenant in the Notts Militia, entered the Ceylon Survey Department in 1877, and in 1888 was Acting District Engineer at Kuala Lumpur, Perak. He married Maria Josephine Teresa, daughter of Francis Dickson, Assistant Collector of Customs, Trincomalee, August 30, 1880.</p> <p>The District Judge's second son, William, who also figured in the disputes in Malta and Ceylon, was living unmarried in 1868. There are no Langslows now in the Island.</p> <p>This was not the only connection between the great novelist and the Island. On May 2, 1804, Thomas Thackeray Rennell was appointed First Assistant to the Agent of Revenue of Galle and Matara, he was appointed Assistant to the Agent at Jaffna, November 5, 1806, and he left Ceylon for England on February 23, 1810. He was, no doubt, a son of Jane Thackeray, a sister of the novelist's grandfather, William Makepeace Thackeray, of the Bengal Civil Service, by her marriage with Major James Rennell of the H.E.I.C.S., who was the leading geographer in England, if not in Europe, for a period of fifty years. (See “The Thackerays in India,” by Sir W. Hunter, pp. 77-8.)</p>

St. Peter's Wesleyan Chapel, Pettah, Jaffna.

847 ..	March 1 .. 1866	William Walton	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the Rev. WM. WALTON, Wesleyan Missionary, born at Stalybridge, England, Decr. 24, 1834, died at Madras... A laborious and faithful minister. His last words were “I am going to Glory.”</p>
848 ..	Nov. 7 .. 1866	John Mitchell	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of the Rev. JOHN MITCHELL, Wesleyan Missionary, born at Loughborough, England, Aug. 9th, 1839, died of Cholera at Jaffna, Ceylon, Nov. 7th, 1866, whilst ministering to the wants of the afflicted. His end was peace.</p>
849 ..	May 26 .. 1870	Fanny Lily Rhodes	<p>.. In affectionate remembrance of FANNY LILY, the beloved wife of the Rev. JOHN O. RHODES, Wesleyan Missionary, Jaffna.....</p>
850 ..	1889 ..	John Kilner	<p>.. In grateful memory of the Rev. JOHN KILNER, D.D., for 28 years a wise, devoted, and successful missionary to the Tamil people, who loved him, and afterwards a general Secretary of the Wesleyan Missionary Society. This tablet is erected by T. M. Tampu, P.M. Born 1824. Died 1889.</p>
851 ..	Sept. 29 .. 1893	F. W. Newham	<p>.. In memory of the Rev. F. W. NEWHAM, born at Dewsbury, England, May 16th, 1869, died by carriage accident at Point Pedro, Ceylon..... Short toil, eternal rest. Erected by his brother missionaries.</p>

St. Peter's Wesleyan Chapel, Pettah, Jaffna—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
852 ..	June 1 1902	.. Annie E. Stephenson	.. In affectionate memory of ANNIE E. STEPHENSON, born 27th Sept., 1866 who by her beautiful character, tender love for children, and devotion to the women of this country rendered faithful service for 11 years as a missionary in Jaffna. This tablet is erected by her co-workers.

Graveyard of St. Peter's Wesleyan Chapel, Jaffna.

853 ..	1817	.. Thomas Falkner Osborne	.. Sacred to the memory of THOMAS FALKNER OSBORNE, who died in infancy, 1817. Also of SUSAN OSBORNE, who died in infancy, 1818.
	1818	.. Susan Osborne	
854 ..	March 7 1824	.. Mary Carver	.. MARY, wife of the Rev. ROBERT CARVER, aged 20 years.

Christ Church, Pettah, Jaffna.

855 ..	Feb. 19 1861	.. Peter Frederick Toussaint	.. Sacred to the memory of PETER FREDERICK TOUSSAINT, Esq., District Judge of Point Pedro. Born 29th Octr., 1792 Erected by his son, John Toussaint, Esq.
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(An attempt has been made to obliterate the "Esq." in the last line.)

P. F. Toussaint was Sitting Magistrate of Chavakachcheri in 1823-24, and of Point Pedro 1824-33, becoming District Judge in 1833. He was also Assistant Collector of Customs at Point Pedro. He married Anna Elisabeth Gratiaen, who died at Batticaloa, August 30, 1861, daughter of Gustavus Adolphus Gratiaen by his second wife, Maria Euphrosine van der Sprinkel, daughter of Pieter van der Sprinkel and Euphrosine Kellens.

Peter Frederick Toussaint was the son of Barent Justinus Toussaint and Rebecca Nagel, and grandson of Johannes Toussaint and Anna Elisabeth Kriekenbeek. Johannes Toussaint was son of Louis Toussaint and Maria Cornelisz, and grandson of Mattheus Toussaint, of Doornik (Tournay-Belgium), and Angela Rodriguez. Gustavus Adolphus Gratiaen was the son of Johannes Franciscus Gratiaen, of Bruges (Belgium), and Anna Aletta Kokaart, and grandson of Michael Gratiaen, a carpet manufacturer of Bruges.

A correspondent of the *Colombo Observer* of March 7, 1861, writes: "In the demeanour of Mr. Toussaint, gravity, patience, and urbanity were exhibited. He exhibited nothing of that captious bearing towards the counsel who appeared before him. In domestic life he was without a stain, whether of temper or principle. Singularly able and of unblemished purity, he moreover exhibited all those qualities that make a man respected and beloved. His unselfishness, tenderness, and condescension as a parent—his urbanity and polished manners as a gentleman, elicited for him the respect and esteem of all who knew him—his gay and cheerful spirits even in advanced life, all, all, contributed to make him almost our idol." This eulogy reminds us of the *Government Gazette* of early days.

The bearers at his funeral at the Pettah Cemetery were the Rev. R. Pargiter, Messrs. L. Liesching, R. J. Dunlop, and G. S. Brook.

Uduvil Church (American Mission), Jaffna District.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
856 ..	Jan. 11 1833	.. Harriet Wadsworth Winslow	<p>In memory of HARRIET WADSWORTH, wife of Rev. MIRON WINSLOW, who was born April 9, 1796.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>There is also a tablet to the three children of M. and H. W. Winslow, the eldest of whom, Harriet Maria, died of cholera on November 27, 1825, on the same day as the child of the Spauldings, aged 3 years and 9 months, and at the same place, Uduvil.</p> <p>The Rev. M. Winslow was afterwards stationed at Madras, and was married at Batticotta Church on March 12, 1845, to Mrs. Mary Dwight, widow of Rev. R. O. Dwight, both being then residents of Madras, by the Rev. John T. Johnston, C.M.S. He married thirdly, at Boston, May 20, 1857, Ellen Augusta Reid.</p> <p>Mr. Winslow was the compiler of the "Standard Comprehensive Tamil and English Dictionary," published at Madras in 1862. He was stationed in the Jaffna Peninsula in the fifties.</p> <p>"The materials collected were transferred to the American Mission in Jaffna. From them, in part, the Rev. Levi Spaulding, M.A., brought out the contemplated Tamil Dictionary," and "in 1852 Mr. Spaulding, who had assisted in first preparing the work, brought out a second edition in Jaffna" of the Tamil-English Dictionary, which subsequently in a third edition became known as "Winslow's Dictionary." (Preface to "Winslow's Dictionary," p. vii.)</p>
857 ..	March 10 1838	.. John M. S. Perry	<p>.. In memory of the Rev. JOHN M. S. PERRY, Missionary of the A. B. C. F. M., who died March 10, 1838, aged 32 years, and his wife HARRIET JOANNA, who died three days later, aged 22 years, both of Cholera.</p> <p>There was cholera again in the Jaffna Peninsula in 1838, at Batticotta and at Point Pedro. The Perrys' only daughter had been attacked, but had recovered. The deaths at Point Pedro were for some time 35 a day.</p>
	March 13 1838	.. Harriet Joanna Perry	
858 ..	June 8 1844	.. George Henry Apthorp	<p>.. To the memory of Rev. GEORGE HENRY APTHORP, born May 31, 1798 aged 46 years.</p>
859 ..	Sept. 3 1849	.. Mary R. Apthorp	<p>.. MARY R. APTHORP, born Mar. 10, 1808 aged 41 years.</p>
860 ..	June 14 1883	.. Eliza Agnew	<p>.. In memory of ELIZA AGNEW, born Jany. 2, 1809. Forty-three years she laboured for the women of Jaffna. Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord And being dead she yet speaketh.</p> <p>The Uduvil Girls' Boarding School, commenced in 1824, "grew to very great importance under the care of Miss Eliza Agnew, 'the mother of a thousand daughters,' as she was lovingly called by the people. Domestic duties tied her to her home (in New York) until she was a woman of thirty, when the death of her only near relation left her free to follow her early impulse, and she was allowed to join the newly-established American Mission at Jaffna. There she worked without intermission for forty-three years, loved and loving, and teaching several generations, the children and even some grandchildren of her first pupils. Upwards of a thousand girls studied under her care." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. II., p. 360.)</p>
861 ..	June 18 1893	.. Levi Spaulding	<p>.. In memory of Rev. LEVI SPAULDING, D.D., born August 22, 1791, died at Oodoovil, aged 81 years and 10 months. And MARY, his wife, born Oct. 24, 1795, aged 79 years. 54 years missionaries among this people.....</p> <p>They lost their eldest daughter, Sarah Jane, from cholera, aged 5 years, on the same day and at the same place as the Winslows' child. "Father and Mrs. Spaulding and, I think, Father Smith, each gave upwards of fifty years' work to Ceylon." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. II., p. 369.)</p>
	Oct. 26 1874	.. Mary Spaulding	

Graveyard of American Mission, Uduvil, Jaffna District.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
862 ..	Jan. 28 1837	.. Lucy B. Minor	.. Mrs. LUCY B. MINOR, born July 18, 1809
863 ..	May 9 1842	.. Eunice Smith	.. EUNICE, wife of Rev. JOHN C. SMITH, born April 19, 1810 The Rev. Mr. Smith, "Father Smith," was long at Tellipallai, where he established the Industrial School.
864 ..	May 4 1865	.. Margaretta P. Robins	.. MARGARETTA P. ROBINS aged 28 years.
865 ..	Nov. 2 1868	.. Georgiana Knight Sanders	GEORGIANA KNIGHT SANDERS; wife of Reverend M. D. SANDERS, American Missionary, born May 15, 1825, at Stafford, Conn., U. S. A., died at Batticotta, Ceylon.
866 ..	Aug. 15 1882	.. Harriet E. Townshend	.. HARRIET E. TOWNSHEND fell asleep in Jesus after 14 years of loving service in Udupiddy Girls' School.
867 ..	July 22 1887	.. Susan Reed Howland	.. SUSAN REED, the wife of the Rev. WM. W. HOWLAND, born Heath, Mass., U. S. A., Oct. 2, 1819, arrived in Jaffna, April, 1846, died at Oodoovil
868 ..	July 31 1890	.. Eurotas Parmelee Hastings	Rev. E. P. HASTINGS, D.D., born April 17, 1821 "Here, as in the Haweian Isles, the venerable American missionaries, several of whom have toiled here ceaselessly for half a century, are affectionately designated "Father" of their flock. Thus, the late much-loved Principal of the College, Father Hastings, is succeeded in office by Father Howland." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," p. 368.)
869 ..	June 2 1891	.. Mary Randall Hitchcock	.. MARY RANDALL HITCHCOCK, born Febry. 12, 1868
870 ..	Aug. 26 1892	.. William Ware Howland	.. Rev. WILLIAM WARE HOWLAND, born Brookfields, Mass., Feby. 25, 1817, arrived Jaffna, April, 1846.

Churchyard of American Mission, Tellippalai, Jaffna District.

871 ..	May 7 1821	.. Susan Poor	.. In memory of Mrs. SUSAN POOR, wife of Rev. DANIEL POOR, D.D., who died at Tillipallai aged 31 years.
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There is also an inscription on this tomb to the memory of the Rev. Dr. Poor.

"At Tillipally, near Jaffna, Mrs. Poor, the wife of the Rev. D. Poor, American Missionary, resident at that station.

"This amiable female left America in company with her husband and several others belonging to the same Society, with the self-denying, yet truly benevolent and Christian design of devoting her future life to the instruction of the Heathen. Possessing a highly-cultured mind, with the most amiable Christian disposition, she was well justified for the work to which she had voluntarily devoted herself. Her career in the retired part of this Island, which the Mission chose as the sphere of their labours, was but short, and only allowed time sufficient for those who were the objects of her anxious care to obtain but a faint idea of her superior worth. During her residence at Tillipally she entered with all her heart into the design of the Mission, ready on all occasions to engage in anything for the benefit of the Heathen; her watchful eye was ever open to the situation of all classes of natives—ever ready to become their instructor, their guide, and their protector. In the accomplishment of this object she was patient in trials, firm in difficulties, and persevering in everything that opposed her efforts, and it is worthy of being recorded that when called to leave her work, she had a school of 40 native children under her own immediate care and daily instruction. Thus, she lived a short but valuable life, which was an ornament to the Christian cause. The affliction which terminated the life of this valuable member of society, though short, was severe. She bore it with resignation, was joyful in her sufferings, and to the last moment triumphed,

Churchyard of American Mission, Tellippalai, Jaffna District—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
871 ..	May 7 1821	.. Susan Poor— <i>contd.</i>	.. in anticipation of the great prospect before her. She was highly beloved by the Society of which she was a member, was greatly respected and esteemed by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance, and her death will be deplored by thousands who knew her in her native land. She has left three small children, who, with her bereaved husband, will feel and lament the loss of such a parent and of such a partner." (<i>Gazette</i> , April 19, 1821.) Dr. Poor married (2), early in 1823, Miss Knight, sister of the Rev. Joseph Knight, C.M.S., who was then at Nellore. (See No. 460.)
872 ..	Aug. 3 1822	.. James Richards	.. In memory of the Rev. JAMES RICHARDS, A.M., American Missionary aged 36 years, one of the Projectors of the first missions from his country. He gave himself to the work. A Physician both to the soul and body, he was in health laborious, in sickness patient, in death triumphant. He was not, for God took him. His widow married the Rev. Joseph Knight, C.M.S. He arrived with Mrs. Richards, Dr. and Mrs. Poor, the Rev. B. Meigs and Mrs. Meigs, and the Rev. E. Warren, March 22, 1816. (See No. 460.)
873 ..	Nov. 24 1825	.. Lydia Middleton Woodward	In memory of Mrs. LYDIA M., wife of the Rev. H. WOODWARD aged 30 years. Mr. Woodward married again, and his widow, Clarissa Emerson Frost, married at Batticotta, on December 22, 1836, William Todd, widower.
874 ..	April 26 1825 Feb. 4 1837	.. S. B. Knight .. E. S. Knight	.. Sacred to the memory of Mrs. S. B. RICHARDS and of Mrs. E. S. NICHOLS the first and second wives of the Rev. JOSEPH KNIGHT, Missionary of the C. M. Society. (See No. 872.)

Batticotta Church, Jaffna District.

OVER the door of the Portuguese-Dutch Church, now in the occupation of the American Mission, is an inscription in Dutch stating that the church was repaired in 1678, or as it quaintly puts it, "Doen Maken door den Heer Commandeur Laurens Pyl." (See No. 774.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
875 ..	Feb. 3 1855	.. Daniel Poor	.. In memory of the Rev. DANIEL POOR, D.D., born at Danvers, Mass., June 27th, 1789, landed at Colombo March 22nd, 1816, died at Manepy, Feb'y. 3rd, 1855. Aged 65 years and 7 months. In him a fervent piety united with rare gifts to form an earnest and successful Missionary. Of a happy temper, fertile invention, large charity, and single aim, he readily won a strong influence over all classes of people, and was widely honoured as a Father and Friend. Every great public interest secured his zealous advocacy. Deeming himself a debtor to the wise no less than to the unwise, he laboured to establish and further a broad system of thorough religious and scientific education as a means of christianizing heathen learning. For eleven years he presided over the Batticotta Seminary with distinguished ability. The rest of his mission life was spent at Tillypally, Manepy, and Madura, India, where he threw his whole energies into the work he most loved—preaching the Gospel. Ever looking for and hasting the coming of God, he greeted the last sudden summons with the joy of the watchful waiting servant. His memory is blessed. This tablet is erected as a token of grateful affection by the people to whose salvation he devoted his long life. His grave is at Tellippalai.
876 ..	Aug. 29 1871	.. Marshall D. Sanders	.. In memory of Revd. MARSHALL D. SANDERS, born July 3rd, 1823, at Williamstown, Mass., U. S. A., died August 29th, 1871, at Batticotta.

Churchyard, Batticotta, Jaffna District.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
877	Aug. 22 1831	.. Harriet Benedict Meigs ..	In memory of four children of Rev. B. C. and Mrs. S. M. MEIGS. HARRIET BENEDICT, born Nov. 28th, 1816 SARAH MARIA, born Jan. 6th, 1816, died March 9th, 1823, aged 8 years. Two twin sisters, born May 2nd, 1831, and died the same day. Mr. and Mrs. Meigs arrived with the Rev. D. and Mrs. Poor by the American brig <i>Dryad</i> on March 22, 1816. The vessel left Newbury Port on October 23, 1815.
	March 9 1823	.. Sarah Maria Meigs	

Old Burial Ground, Point Pedro, Jaffna District.

878	.. Aug. 26 1865	.. John Frederick Theile ..	J. F. THEILE, aged 71 years.
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The interest of this tomb lies in the fact that it is the only known relic of the Theiles left in the Northern Province. No one, either in Point Pedro or Jaffna, now can say who J. F. Theile was or what he did, but he was no doubt a son of Johan Ernst Theile, some account of whom will be found in the "Vanni Districts Manual" (p. 34). J. E. Theile had been a Lieutenant in the Land Service of the Dutch Company, and had taken service under the latter at Mullaittivu. In November, 1814, he was appointed Sitting Magistrate of Point Pedro, which post he retained until his death, of the date of which there is no record. His son, Thomas, succeeded him as Sea Customer and Sitting Magistrate at Werteltivoe (Vidattaltivu) in the Mannar District in 1814, and in 1816 held the similar appointment at Puttalam. He married Sophia, and had a daughter, baptized at Puttalam, April 3, 1817. Thomas was later Secretary of the District Court at Jaffna. He was probably an elder brother of the subject of this inscription. The following description of the old Lieutenant occurs in a letter written from the Jaffna Kachcheri in October, 1796, by Mr. John Jervis, Assistant Resident, to Captain Strickland Kingston, Commissary of Provisions at Trincomalee: "A Lieutenant Theile, formerly of the Dutch Service, a man who bears a good character and has a large family of children to support, is settled at Mulletivoe. Indeed I understand he has long resided in that country and has acquired a great art in shooting and taking the wild buffalo, and is also conversant with curing the flesh. In a conversation I had with that intelligent old officer the last time I visited Mulletivoe, he assured me, were he supported and employed by our Government and furnished with a few rifle-barrelled muskets, powder and balls, and casks for containing flesh, he could engage to supply you with a very large quantity of this salted wild meat." Shortly afterwards Mr. Theile received an advance of 250 rix-dollars for this purpose. There had been a difficulty at Trincomalee in obtaining a sufficient quantity of meat for the troops, and Mr. Jervis, who had recently had the same difficulty at Point Pedro, suggested wild buffalo meat, droves of wild buffaloes being innumerable in the Mullaittivu district; but it must be that of the wild buffalo, as "the flesh of the tame animal has generally disagreed with our Europeans, but that of the jungle animal, which I have tasted myself, is highly delicious and esteemed by the natives as extremely wholesome—salted also, I can say from experience, it is remarkably fine." This appears to be a fact not generally known, as one has few opportunities nowadays, even in Mullaittivu District, of tasting wild buffalo.

An amusing anecdote relating to him is to be found in Bennett's "Ceylon" (p. 226):—

"Formerly the Sitting Magistrate at Point Pedro was a Prussian gentleman of the name of Theile who

Old Burial Ground, Point Pedro, Jaffna District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
878 ..	Aug. 26 1865	.. John Frederick Theile— <i>contd.</i>	had served under Frederick the Great. He was a fine specimen of the Prussian Grenadier of the old school, being not less than six feet three inches in height. Mr. Theile entertained the late Sir William Coke (<i>vide</i> No. 6) and myself upon our landing at Point Pedro from Trincomalee with the greatest hospitality ; and after dinner, a few extra glasses of Sir William's champagne took a pleasant effect on the old gentleman, for shouldering a crutch to show how fields were won, he desired his daughter, a very pretty girl, to play a favourite Prussian march, and 'advancing arms' with my gun, marched about the room as erect as if he had been sixty years younger than he really was."
879 ..	Dec. 31 1884	.. Godfrey Dominick Lyle Browne	In memory of GODFREY DOMINICK LYLE BROWNE, C.C.S., son of the Rev. AUGUSTUS BROWNE, of Dublin. Born 1854, died 1884. Jesus saith, Have faith in God. He was in the Civil Service 1876-84 ; Police Magistrate at Panadure and Matale. He was Police Magistrate of Point Pedro at the time of his death. The monument was erected by Sir William Twynam.

Market Place, Point Pedro, Jaffna District.

IN Baldæus (3rd edition), p. 717, is the following passage :—" Just before the church stands a tall tamarind tree, which affording a very agreeable shadow in the heat of the day, the people are often instructed by the minister to the number of three thousand." The illustration in the book shows the tree standing close to the landing place opposite the present pier, with a preacher in a pulpit and a crowd before him under the "agreeable shadow" of the tree. But as the tree stood before the church it must have been in the market place, about three hundred yards from the sea, and not close to it as represented in the engraving. However, an inaccuracy of this kind in the pictures illustrating Baldæus's book is of no importance. We have only to contemplate the mountains and lakes introduced into his picture of the island of Delft. The top of the tree is, as it is, visible from the landing place, and is a conspicuous landmark from the sea. This is the only reference to the tree in the book, but it has given rise to the notion that Baldæus himself preached under this tree. Very likely he did, but he does not say so. There is a large tamarind tree in the market place, which must be quite 300 years old, known as "Baldæus's Tree," and on September 5, 1760, Point Pedro was visited by the Danish Missionary, Christian Frederick Schwarz, of the S. P. C. K., "for the purpose of seeing the tree under which the celebrated Baldæus, who accompanied the first Dutch expedition to Ceylon, addressed his first discourse to the natives." (Cotton, p. 365.) In 1906 a stone was erected under the tree, commemorating this event.

BALDÆUS' TREE
1658
Visited by Schwarz
5th September, 1760.

Opposite the tree used to stand, until they were removed by Mr. Dyke to their present sites, the Police Court, and the Magistrate's house, and near them stood the Dutch Church, now long demolished. (See "Spolia Zeylanica," vol. III., p. 211.)

KAYTS.

Compound of the Resthouse.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
880 ..	Feb. 23 1828	.. John Atherton	.. JOHN, infant son of ROB. ATHERTON, Esqr., died 23rd Feb., 1828, aged 3 days. This was while Robert Atherton was "Superintendent, Sitting Magistrate, and Fiscal of the Province of Delft," in succession to Captain Edward Nolan. (See No. 998.)

MANNAR.

Christ Church, in the Fort.

WHEN the Dutch Church in Mannar town tumbled down—in the cyclone of 1814, I believe—a long rectangular building in the Fort was set apart as a church for the garrison and residents, but, according to the *Colombo Observer* of 1844, it had been “a consecrated building since the time of the Dutch.” Here the word “consecrated” is probably not used in a strictly ecclesiastical sense.

This is the church that in that year was used by the Sub-Collector as a part of his quarters, the pulpit for storing provisions in and the altar for keeping sundries on belonging to his family (see p. 81). The Dutch tombstones in the old church were removed to it and let into the floor, probably in 1814 or shortly afterwards, the Portuguese tombstones in 1904. Fragments of two other Portuguese tombstones, found in the paved floor of the entrance to the Fort, sufficient to display two coats of arms and in each case a portion of the lettering, have been built into the wall of the church. The arms have been identified as those of (1) Aranjó and Ribeiro quartered, and (2) of Alcacova and Carneiro quartered.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	
881	.. Sixteenth century	.. Maria de Lacerda	..

Inscription.

PR. NR.

POLA ALMA DE

DONA M DE LACER

DA MOLHER DE IO DE

MELO DE SAPAIO F^A D A^O

Mr. S. Haughton, while he was Assistant Agent at Mannar about 1883, had found a stone trough in his compound which had been devoted by his predecessor to the feeding of pigs, and had rescued it from this base use, as he noticed that it had a Portuguese inscription on the lower side, and had built it up in his stables as a trough for his horse—with the inscription underneath. In 1903 the stone was mounted on a pedestal in the church. The stone is a small one, and this portion is evidently only the canopy or superstructure of a tomb of some height. It is of a peculiar shape, like the roof of a house, and the dimensions are, length along ridge at top 21 inches, along base 40 inches, width at base 24 inches, height 14 inches. With regard to the inscription, “PR. NR.” stands for “Pater noster,” and “pola” is a way of writing “por a.” The inscription therefore should be translated, “A pater noster for the soul of Dona,” &c. With regard to the name of the lady, it appears to be Dona Maria de Lacerda, this latter being a well known Portuguese surname. The inscription goes on, “Molher de Io. de Melo de Sapaio F^A D A^O,” and then ends abruptly. The rest of it was no doubt on another stone which supported this canopy-like stone, and this stone has disappeared. The last line overlaps from the sloping to the vertical surface, and was evidently continued down below on the other stone. “F D” is most likely a contraction for “Filha D,” and the inscription here ends with the letters A^O, probably a contraction for Antonio.

The translation would therefore be “A pater noster for the soul of Dona Maria de Lacerda, wife of Ioao de Mello Sampayo, daughter of” Unfortunately the name of the lady’s father and the date are missing, but the name of the Portuguese gentleman that is preserved is of historical interest.

There is a reference to an officer of this name in a “History of the Company of Jesus in Asia,” by an Italian member of the Order, Father Daniello Bartoli, who lived 1608–85, which, relating how on one occasion the plague was stopped by St. Francis Xavier, adds: “Many more details are given about what happened in the island of Mannar (where took place the martyrdom of 600 Christians, which we related a few pages higher up). The fact is made known to us by the report of an eye-witness, D. Giovanni Melio Sampaio, a Portuguese nobleman, who in after years held the office of Captain in the fortress of the same island and in the Kingdom of Kandy.” Doubtless we have here part of the tombstone of the wife of this officer.

Mr. Donald Ferguson writes: “The Captain of Mannar (where the memorial was found) in 1587–88 was Joao de Mello, according to Couto (V., x. i.), who in a previous decade (V., i. vii.) mentions him by his full name, Joao de Mello de Sampaio. He was probably the same person whom Couto names in dec. IX., cap. xiii., as son of Dr. Gaspar de Mello; if so, he was brother-in-law to the unlucky Pedro Lopes de Sousa (Couto, X., i. ix.), who met his fate on the Kandyan hills in 1594 (Ribeiro, I., vii.).

Christ Church, in the Fort, Mannar—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
881 ..	Sixteenth century	.. Maria de Lacerda— <i>contd.</i>	<p>When Joao de Mello de Sampaio assumed the charge of Mannar I do not know, but Couto tells us (V., i. viii.) that it was during his captaincy that there were unearthed at Mantota certain coins and an iron chain, which were thought to be Roman. This occurred, says Couto, in '1574 or 1575,' which I take to be an error for '1584 or 1585.' The great Portuguese historian also informs us that the above-mentioned relics were taken with him, to be presented to the King of Portugal, by Joao de Mello when he sailed from India in '1590' (actually 1592) by the 'S. Bernardo,' which was lost with all on board. As to Dona Maria de Lacerda, I can only say that she was possibly the daughter of one of the Pereiras de Lacerda whom Couto mentions as taking part in the defence of Columbo and Cota."</p> <p>A marble tablet with the following inscription has accordingly been erected by Government on the pedestal which now supports the tombstone:—"This memorial of the wife of JOAO DE MELLO SAMPAYO, Captain of Mannar, 1584-7, found in the Residency grounds, was set up here, 1904."</p> <p>(Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 355.)</p>
882 ..	Dec. 12 1687	.. Anna van Heuvel	<p>.. ANNA VAN CRALEN huysvrouw van den ondercoopman NICOLAAS VAN HEUVEL, oud 32 jaaren Sterft den 12 December, Ao. 1687.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., pp. 250, 263.)</p> <p>Nicolaas van Heuvel was afterwards (1719-21) Commandeur of Galle. (See No. 516.)</p>
883 ..	May 26 1697	.. Henrietta van der Parra	<p>.. Hier onder rust d. eerbaare juffr. HENRIETTA WICHELMANS huysvrouw van den Coopman ROMBOUT VAN DER PARRA, out 21 jaar 2 maanden en 12 dagen. Overleden 26en May, anno 1697.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Party per pale. 1. Van der Parra (already blazoned).</p> <p>2. Quarterly (1 and 4) argent, a castle (Wichelmans), (2 and 3.) Three birds (1, 2). (Durhee.)</p> <p>Henrietta Wichelmans, or Wichelman, born at Galle, was the daughter of Magnus Wichelman and Susanna Durhee. Rombout van der Parra of Amsterdam, and Dissave of Colombo, married Henrietta Wichelmans as his second wife, at Colombo, on October 9, 1695. Rombout and his first wife, Maria Strick, were the grand parents of Petrus Albertus van der Parra, Governor-General of the Dutch Indies. (See Nos. 367, 498.)</p> <p>This stone had been cut into two nearly equal parts one containing the coat of arms and the other the inscription. They had been placed apart in the floor of the Fort church with other tombstones in between. In 1894 I was able to effect their re-union by means of the Public Works Department.</p>
884 ..	March 12 169-.	.. Lambert van Buren	<p>.. Hier onder rust D. E. LAMBERT VAN BUREN by syn leven zynde ondercoopmn. en opperhoofd tot deser plaatse, out 48 jaaren 11 maanden en 12 dagen : overleden den 12 maert 169-.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 263 ; vol. XVII., p. 29.)</p> <p>Lambert van Buren married Magdalena van Avarne. He was the founder of the family in Ceylon.</p>
885 ..	Feb. 6 1701	.. Susanna Bout	<p>.. Hier rust Juffr. SUSANNA DE MEY huysvrouwe van den onde koopman en Manaars opperh. D. E. PIETER BOUT, overleden den 6en February, Anno 1701, out 28 jaaren 3 maanden en 2 dagen.</p> <p>(<i>Ibid.</i>, vol. XV., p. 263 ; vol. XVII., p. 29.)</p> <p>Pieter Bout, who was a native of Alkmaar, married (2), at Colombo, August 7, 1701, Agneta Ram of Amsterdam.</p>

Christ Church, in the Fort, Mannar—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
886 ..	Feb. 23 1740 May 28 1775	.. Johanna van der Spar Joannes Christianus van der Spar	Hier rusten in den Heere op 23 Feb., 1740, Mejuff JOHANNA COORN (huysv.) van den (Hee)r JOHA (V)AN DER SPAR en op 28 Mey, 1775, haar Klynsoon den jongen Heer JOANNES CHRISTIANUS VAN DER SPAR. <i>Translation.</i> —Here rest in the Lord on February 23, 1740, Johanna Coorn, wife of Mr. Johannes van der Spar, and on May 28, 1775, her grandson, the young Mr. Joannes Christianus van der Spar. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 243.) Joannes Christianus van der Spar was baptized at Galle on January 15, 1758, being the son of Mattheus van der Spar and Dorothea Cornelia van Dam. (See No. 537.) This stone was found in 1905, one-half let into the pavement of the presbytery of St. Mary's Church, Mannar, and the other in a similar position at the presbytery of the Church of St. Sebastian in the same town. Through the courtesy of the Bishop of Jaffna they were removed from these positions and put together again in the floor of the Fort Church, to which all the other Dutch tombstones of Mannar had been transferred many years before. The missing portions of the lettering of the word "Housv." have been cut in cement, the tops only of the original letters having been left.
887 ..	Oct. 21 1744	.. Magdalena Raket	.. Hier onder rust de E. Juffrouw MAGDALENA SWINNAS, huysvrouw van den ondercoopman en opper- hoofd den E. Hr. JAN HELFRIG RAKET, over- leeden den 21 October, Anno 1744, oud Zynde 39 jaaren 2 maanden en 20 dagen. Jan Helfrig Raket was chief of Mannar. (See Nos. 383, 517.) (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 264.) <i>Arms.</i> —Argent, on a mount a tree, supercharged with a doe courant. <i>Crest.</i> —A doe as in the arms.
888 ..	March 1 1746	.. Abraham Roos	.. Hier leyt begraven 't lyk van den E. Heer ABRAHAM Roos van Amsterdam, in syn leeven Commandeur van Jaffanapatnam. Overleeden den eersten Maart, Ao. 1746, oud 45 jaren en 7 maanden. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 264.) (See No. 274.) <i>Arms.</i> —Party per pale (1) argent, a doe rampant contourné. (2) Sable, a rose or, stalked and barbed vert.
889 ..	March 2 1750	.. Pierre de Salve	.. Hier onder rust den Heer PIERRE DE SALVE geboren op het huys Killesteyn te Lexmand op den 17 Maart, Ao. 1705, in syn Es. leven ondercoopman en opperhoofd van Manaar. Obiit den 2 Maart, Ao. 1750, oud zynde 44 jaren 11 maanden en 16 dagen. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 263.) Pierre de Salve (de Bruneten) was the son of Jean Antoine de Salve and Cornelia Haakbond. Pierre's brother was Major-General Jean Marc de Salve, who died at Lille, September 12, 1768. Pierre de Salve married Johanna Catharina Meyer, born at Galle in 1724, daughter of Christiaan Meyer and Elsebe Brelofsberg. Johanna Catharina Meyer married, as widow de Salve, at Galle, July 22, 1750, Rev. Andreas Fredrik Schultze. <i>Arms.</i> —Party per fess gules within a bordure 2 wolves courant, one in chief and the other in base. <i>Crest.</i> —A plume of ostrich feathers argent.
890 ..	April 1752	.. Jacob Henderik Vogelaar ..	Hier onder rust den j. geboren soon van den E. Heer Vaandrig alhier JACOB VOGELAAR met name JACOB HENDERIK VOGELAAR: overleeden den April, Anno 1752, oud 2 maanden en 27 daagen. (Johan) Jacob Vogelaar, of Witzenhause, married (1), on July 25, 1745, Anna Maria Bock of Colombo; and (2), on April 20, 1755, Anna Sophia Scharff of Colombo, the sister-in-law of the Rev. Henricus Philipsz. Anna Sophia Scharff was the daughter of Jan Christoffel Scharff of Sangerhausen and Eliza- beth de Saram. (See No. 392.) (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 264; vol. XVII., p. 29.)

Christ Church, in the Fort, Mannar—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
891 ..	April 5 17—	Erasmus Hansz	.. Hier onder rust ERASMUS HANSZ van Jaffanap. in syn leven geweest Negotie boekhouder alhier, overleden den 5 April, Ao. 17—, oud synde 40 jaren — maand. en 1 dag. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 263.)

Dutch Burial Ground, Mannar.

MANY name plates must have been removed from the monuments in this burial ground, which, until recently, was unenclosed by fence or wall. Not a single Dutch inscription is to be found, yet Mannar, under the Dutch, was an important place.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
892 ..	Jan. 19 1900	G. C. Blechinberg	.. G. C. BLECHINBERG. A wooden memorial, existing in 1905, but not likely to last long. He was engineer in charge of the Giant's Tank, and died of malarial fever at Murankan. He was, I have heard, a Dane, and there was a curious story about his parentage. He was said to be connected with the highest in his native country.

Resthouse Compound, Arippe, Mannar District.

893 ..	April 14 1878	Charles Leys	.. Sacred to the memory of CHARLES LEYS, of the Oriental Bank Corporation, who died of sunstroke at Marisikaddi on the 14th April, 1878, aged 35 years. Mr. Leys came from Jaffna to Marichchukkaddi the day before with Mr. Thomas Twynam, a son of the Government Agent, in a Sinhalese outrigger canoe, without any protection from the sun. They went out shooting, 7 miles from Marichchukkaddi, in the morning. Mr. Leys felt very ill, but walked back part of the way to Marichchukkaddi in the afternoon, and was carried the rest. He died the same evening at the resthouse there. His body was carried the same night to Arippe, where it was buried, Mr. G. M. Fowler, C.C.S., the Assistant Government Agent, holding the inquest and reading the burial service.
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Marichchukkaddi, Mannar District.**Compound of Roman Catholic Church at Mullikulam.**

THIS church is a mile or thereabouts inland from the coast at Marichchukkaddi.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
894 ..	May 5 1836	John Gerrit Freywer	.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN GERRIT, son of MATTHEW FREYWER, commander of the Government barque <i>Wellington</i> , born 3rd April, 1812, died 5th May, 1836, aged 24 years. 1m. 2d. (The second name is spelt "Gerrard" in the <i>Gazette</i> .) Mr. Freywer was commander of the ketch <i>Mahomed Bux</i> in 1810, and succeeded J. Steddy in the command of the Government cutter <i>Wilhelmina</i> in 1813 (see No. 341). In 1816 he was commander of the brig <i>Ceylon</i> . The <i>Wilhelmina</i> was advertised for sale in September, 1817. She was "of 60 tons burthen." From 1824 to 1828 he was in command of the colonial brigantine <i>Anna</i> , in 1833 of the <i>Wellington</i> , and later of the schooner <i>Fly</i> , and again of the <i>Wellington</i> , and in 1841 of the barque <i>La Felice</i> , trading between Colombo and Tuticorin. On February 28, 1833, he sailed in the <i>Wellington</i> for Arippe and the pearl banks, having on board Governor Sir Robert and Lady Wilmot Horton, to be present at the opening of the fishery, and on March 7 took them back in her to Colombo. Mrs. S. Freywer, wife of M. Freywer, died at Colombo, June 16, 1822. The parish priest in 1902 set about demolishing his tomb, as the occupant did not belong to the Roman Catholic Church, but at the instance of Mr. E. B. Denham, C.C.S., the Assistant Government Agent, who represented the matter to the Bishop, the work of demolition was stopped and the tomb repaired.

Kachchilaimadu, Mullaittivu Distriet.

IN the village clearing, under some large tamarind trees, which are probably old enough to have witnessed the fight, is a stone erected by Mr. R. A. G. Festing, Assistant Government Agent, 1904-5, to mark the place where Captain F. W. von Driberg defeated Pandara Vanniya in 1803. The spot was pointed out to the compiler by a villager, who said that it had been shown him by his grandfather. "Pandara's Tree," a tamarind tree, remains to mark the Vanni chief's temporary residence in the village, which is $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Oddusuddan on the road from Oddusuddan to Putukudiyiruppu. Oddusuddan, where there is a resthouse, is on the road from Mankulam to Mullaittivu, $15\frac{3}{4}$ miles from the latter place.

Hereabouts Captain VON DRIBERG defeated
Pandara Vanniya, 31st Oct., 1803.

"In 1803, on the opening of hostilities between the British and the King of Kandy, Pandāra Vannya, one of the dispossessed Vanni Chiefs, who had once before been pardoned for rebellion and had been reinstated by the British Government as a chief in that portion of the Vanni bordering on the Nuwarakālawiya District, again revolted and undertook to expel the English from his country. With the assistance of a body of Kandyans under the Disāva of Nuwarakālawiya he overran the Vanni, and on August 25th, 1803, attacked the Government house at Mullaittivu in great force, drove out the garrison, which was under the command of Captain von Driberg of the 'Invalid Malays,' and seized the fort. Captain von Driberg withdrew his small garrison in good order to boats, which had been sent to Mullaittivu to secure his retreat, and by this means to Jaffna. The insurgents were subsequently 'driven from Mullaittivu and its neighbourhood by a detachment sent from Trincomalee under Captain Edward Madge of the 19th Regiment,' and Kumārāsēkara, Mudaliyār of Mullaittivu, and several others who were strongly suspected of treason, were captured and executed. Another detachment was sent from Jaffna under Lieut. John Jewell of the 19th Regiment, which on its march burned some strong works thrown up by the insurgents and seized a considerable quantity of cattle. A third under Captain von Driberg marched from Mannār and surprised Pandāra's forces at Kachchilaimadu at 5 A.M. on October 31, killed a great many of them, took 46 prisoners, and got possession of one Kandyan gun, mounted on a low carriage, carrying a ball of $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, fifty-five stand of arms, twelve pikes, two swords, two creeses, one bayonet, one barrel, and two baskets of ammunition. Sixteen houses in which Pandāra had stored his possessions were burnt, and his people were dispersed in different directions in the jungle, and eventually driven out of the Vanni. The power of the Vanni chiefs was thus finally and effectually extinguished." ("Vanni Manual," pp. 18, 19.)

BATTICALOA.

BATTICALOA was the first place in Ceylon visited by the Dutch under Admirals Joris van Spilbergen and Sebald de Weert in 1602 and 1603 respectively, and the first place captured by them in Ceylon was also Batticaloa. This happened in 1638. The Dutch demolished the Portuguese fort, which was triangular in shape, and a picture of which is given in Baldaeus's "History of Ceylon," and built the present one in 1640.

The Dutch Church stood within the fort, but there is no trace of it except a stone bearing the following inscription:—

DESE KERK IS GESTIGT
DEN 13 FEB. AO. 1740
WAAR VAN DEN EERSTEN
STEEN IS GELEYT DOOR
MEJUFFW MA. M. DE MOOR
HUYSV VAN'T OPPERHT.
DE E. MR. RD. BUYK

Maria Margarita de Moor was the eldest daughter of Pieter de Moor, of The Hague, and Johanna Obrak. She was baptized at Galle on August 5, 1718, and married, on May 30, 1734, Mr. Raymond Buyk of Batavia, Chief of Batticaloa. (See Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVII., p. 42.)

There is a tomb just outside the western gate of the fort of a late Dutch pattern (a masonry coffin on a pedestal), but it has no inscription. It is the tomb of a Parsee lady who was landed from a vessel suffering from measles, and who was isolated in the fort, and in her "place of" burial "in the time of Mr. Atherton," Government Agent.

Ault Memorial Hall, Batticaloa.

THIS building stands on the site of the old garrison church of early British times. The church was demolished when the present St. Andrew's Church was built, and the site sold to the Wesleyan Mission. The tablet and tombstones which it contained lay for some time in the compound of the Wesleyan Chapel, and when the hall was built, five of them were let into the walls of that structure. The tomb of Mr. Ault, which was in the old church originally, and one or two others had by that time disappeared. This accounts for the two inscriptions on the same wall relating to Mrs. Sawers, one of which belongs to the tombstone and the other to the memorial tablet. In the case of Captain Jones, the tablet must have been removed from the *débris* of the old church to its present resting place at Tandavvenveli, a mile and a quarter from the fort. No doubt Mrs. Sawers, Captain Jones, Mr. Robert Smith, and Mrs. Rudd were buried within the walls of the old church, or in the compound in which it stood, probably the former, as the hall occupies the whole extent of the site.

The tablet commemorating Mrs. Sawers is a handsome oval one of white marble, with a border of black marble of Greek pattern. It is built into the centre of the end wall of the hall, and is flanked by the gravestones of Captain Jones on the (proper) right and of Robert Smith on the left. The side walls display the tombstones of Mrs. Rudd (right) and Mrs. Sawers (left). They are unfortunate in their surroundings, and I can imagine that Simon Sawers would not be pleased if he could see what had befallen the handsome memorial tablet which he had erected to his wife "untimely gone." The Memorial Hall, so-called, a rather mean building, is hardly a memorial, and it is not used as a hall. It is now a book depôt, and when I visited it in March, 1910, packing cases were

Ault Memorial Hall, Batticaloa—*contd.*

piled up against the walls to within a few inches of the memorial stones. One wonders why it did not occur to the responsible authorities to have had them built into the walls of the new church, where at least the "atmosphere" would have been more congenial, and they would have been sometimes seen by persons who took an interest in the civil and military annals of the country. To such the monuments of the wife of Simon Sawers and Captain Jones especially would seem to have deserved better.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
895 ..	April 1 1815	.. William Ault	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Rev. WILLIAM AULT, Wesleyan Missionary. This stone is placed over his mortal remains by the Protestant Burghers of Batticaloa as a testimony of the esteem and regard with which they were impressed by his exemplary piety, moral goodness, and the religious instruction which he imparted to them during the short period that he was permitted by Providence to remain among them. Obitt 1st April, 1815.</p> <p>This stone disappeared about forty years ago.</p> <p>The following obituary notice appeared in the <i>Government Gazette</i> of April 19, 1815: "At Batticaloa on the 1st instant, after a tedious illness of three months, the Reverend W. Ault, one of the Wesleyan Missionaries who arrived about a year ago. His sincere piety, his ardent zeal, indefatigable industry, and modest unassuming manners gained the esteem and respect of all at that Station, both Europeans and Natives. Presenting rare qualifications for the meritorious and useful work he had undertaken, his success in the short space of 8 months in raising among a numerous body of Natives, nominally Christian, at that place a respect for and a decent observance of at least the external form of Religion was truly remarkable, and although he had not to boast of having made any converts from either the Heathen or Mahometan Faith to that of Christianity, yet by the establishment of eight Schools for the education of Hindoo children and by his talents and address having so far overcome the scruples and prejudices of their parents as to introduce the reading of the New Testament as the only School book to the more advanced scholars he has laid the foundation for a more extensive propagation of our faith." (<i>Gazette</i>, April 19, 1815.)</p>
896 ..	Oct. 2 1814	.. Mary Sawers	<p>.. Here lie interred the remains of MARY, the wife of S. SAWERS, Esq., His Britannic Majesty's Civil Service of Ceylon, and daughter of the late Mr. ROBERT SIBBALD of Dunbar in Scotland, who died when but in the prime of life on the 2nd October, 1814, leaving her husband and two infant children to lament their unspeakable loss.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Untimely gone ! for ever fled,</p> <p>The remaining verses are illegible, but they are apparently the same as those which appear in the <i>Gazette</i> of October 19, 1814, and should therefore read—</p> <p style="text-align: center;">"Untimely gone ! for ever fled, The roses of the cheek so red, Th' affection warm, the temper mild, The sweetness that in sorrow smil'd, The heart where goodness overflow'd, The cheek where youth and freshness glow'd, A clod amid the valley lies, And 'dust to dust,' the mourner cries !"</p>
897 ..	Oct. 2 1814	.. Marie Sawers	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of MARIE, the wife of SIMON SAWERS, Esqr., Collector of Batticaloa. Nat. 30th December, 1782. Obt. 2nd October, 1814. As she was eminent for piety, charity, and every virtue that adorns domestic or social life, so she lived respected and beloved and died deeply lamented by all who knew her.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Sweet peace and heavenly hope and humble joy, Divinely beamed on her exalted soul.</p> <p>Simon Sawers married Mary Sibbald at Edinburgh, February 5, 1805. (I take this to be the surname, but the first part of the name on the tombstone is illegible.) Her death was due to childbirth. On</p>

Ault Memorial Hall, Batticaloa—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
897 ..	Oct. 2 1814	.. Marie Sawers— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>September 18 she had given birth to a son. The <i>Gazette</i> thus refers to her death : " In the prime of life the Lady of Simon Sawers, Esq., leaving two infants too young to deplore their irreparable loss. While the premature death of this accomplished woman is deeply to be lamented, the remembrance of her tender solicitude as a Mother, her fond affection as a Wife, and her polished urbanity of manner as a Member of Society will long afford a melancholy consolation to her surviving friends." Simon Sawers was Collector of Batticaloa at the time of her death.</p> <p>He came out to Ceylon as a Civil Servant in 1805, and was straightway appointed Assistant Collector at Batticaloa, but at the end of the year went to Chilaw in a similar capacity, with the addition of that of Customs Master, Calpentyn. On July 15, 1807, he became Sitting Magistrate, Colombo, and on June 13, 1808, Assistant Collector at Trincomalee. In June, 1809, he went back to Batticaloa, this time as Acting Collector and Customs Master, in which appointment he was confirmed on March 1, 1812. On April 22, 1815, he was appointed First Assistant to the Resident and Agent of Government at Badulla. On May 20, 1816, he became Commissioner of Revenue at Kandy, or "Third Commissioner in charge of the Revenue Department." He was again Assistant Resident at Badulla, 1817-18, and Revenue Commissioner at Kandy 1819-20. This he exchanged for the senior position of Judicial Commissioner from August 14, 1821, which he retained until December 30, 1826, when he left Kandy for England on retirement. His retirement dates from July 3, 1827, when he received a pension of £600 a year. On leaving Batticaloa on April 25, 1815, he was presented with an address signed by Captain T. A. Anderson, the Commandant, Lieutenants O'Shea of the 19th and James Bagnet of the 73rd (afterwards Collector), and Assistant Surgeon J. Scott. The <i>Gazette</i> referred to his departure from Kandy in the following terms :— " Mr. Sawers has been employed in the Kandyan Provinces ever since they came into British possession in 1815, and has by his integrity and firmness of character inspired the natives with respect and confidence in the British Government, and at the same time by his suavity of manner and conciliatory disposition excited strong feelings of personal attachment, for we hear that a series of fêtes have been given in Kandy on the occasion of Mr. Sawers' retirement, demonstrative of the high respect and regard in which he was held by all classes of the community."</p> <p>He was one of the executors of the will of Alexander Cadell (see Nos. 8, 70A), and we find him writing on January 1, 1842, from 69, Queen street, Edinburgh, to request that certain moneys belonging to the estate be not paid to Mr. J. Read of the house of W. C. Gibson & Co., as he had cancelled his power of attorney in his favour. He died on June 18, 1849, at Edinburgh. He was the author of " A Digest of Kandyan Laws," and of " A Journey from Kandy via Adam's Peak to Caltura in 1819," printed in the Memoirs of the Wernerian Society of Edinburgh, vol. 4, part 2, page 396. He is referred to, while Assistant Resident at Badulla, in General Orders dated November 10, 1818, as having " returned from Badulla, where his services have been of such essential advantage during the war, to give his assistance at Kandy in making an improved system of Government for the Kandyan Provinces in peace."</p>
898 ..	Feb. 21 1815	.. Mary Rudd	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of MARY, the wife of HENRY RUDD, Esquire aged 20 years.</p> <p>Mrs. Rudd came out with her husband, an engineer from Norfolkshire, with several other engineers and millwrights in the ship <i>Emma</i>, which arrived at Colombo from London on November 30, 1813. He was Assistant Superintendent and Engineer of the rice mills at Batticaloa, which were maintained by Government, from 1814 to 1817. When they were discontinued, or perhaps later, he set up as a carriage builder at Colombo, and there is an advertisement in</p>

Ault Memorial Hall, Batticaloa—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
898 ..	Feb. 21 1815	Mary Rudd—contd. ..	the <i>Government Gazette</i> of 1829 that “ Henry Rudd makes gigs at from 500 to 600 Rds. and four-wheeled carriages at proportionate rates.” His business was carried on in a two-storey house, overlooking the Pettah burial ground, which is still standing. In 1830 he was commissioned by Government to bring out the pumping machinery for the Puttur well, in the Jaffna Peninsula. The experiment proved a failure. On this occasion he brought out also with him his nephew, William Rudd, who had been trained as a fitter at Maudslay’s factory, to help him in his carriage building, but was destined to achieve distinction as a pioneer coffee planter. French Gray, returning from school, was a fellow passenger. Henry Rudd married again at Colombo in 1817. The two Rudds are the ancestors of several well-known families long connected with the Island. (See No. 331.) Henry Rudd (senior) was the father of (1) Henry, who married at Colombo, September 13, 1853, Emma Margaret Piachaud; (2) George William, who married at Colombo, January 3, 1854, Eugenie Piachaud; (3) Lucy, who married James Strachan; (4) Angelina, who married John Stephens. A daughter of Henry Rudd and Emma Margaret Piachaud married C. Spearman Armstrong, and another daughter, T. C. Owen. Henry Rudd (senior) died at Bayswater, February 25, 1857. His nephew, William Rudd, married Plantina Oteline Prins, daughter of Cornelis Arnoldus Prins, Advocate Fiscal. (See under “ Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy,” No. 1177.)
899 ..	Oct. 29 1815	Robert Smith ..	Sacred to the memory of Mr. ROBERT SMITH, Merchant, who departed this life on the 29th of October, 1815, aged 45 years. A model parent and friend beloved by all who knew him in this sphere. His widow, Anna Catherina Christina who died in 1824, married Samuel James. He had a son, Robert, who died at Trincomalee, June 25, 1816. (See No. 936.)
900 ..	April 18 1818	Thomas Aldersey Jones ..	Here lie the remains of THOMAS ALDERSEY JONES, Captain in the 19th Regiment, who died on the 18th of April, 1818, aged 36 years. The manly firmness of Captain Jones’ military conduct was shown in the steady discipline of the men under his command. The friendly kindness of his private life was rewarded by the general confidence and esteem of the regiment in which he served and of the society which knew his worth. Captain Jones was the third son of John Lloyd Jones, Esqr., of Maesmawr in the county of Montgomery. He married on the 4th February, 1813, Susan, 2nd daughter of Wil. Thornes, Rector of Cardeston and Vicar of Alberbury in the county of Salop. His afflicted widow and three young children are left to mourn his loss. (See No. 5.)

Roman Catholic Church at Tandannenveli, Batticaloa.

901 ..	April 18 1818	Thomas Aldersey Jones ..	Sacred to the memory of THOMAS ALDERSEY JONES, Capt. in H. M. 19th Regt., died and was buried at Batticaloa the 18th of April, 1818. 17 years of Service in the 19th Regt. on the Continent of India [and in the Island of Ceylon. Captain Jones was distinguished [by the constant approbation of his Commander, [re]spect of his Inferiors. Size, 1 foot square. The parish priest writes in 1906: “ The fragment will be kept in the Roman Catholic Church at Batticaloa, and preserved from further mutilation. The place where it was embedded is unknown.” The church is about 1¼ mile from Batticaloa fort.
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Batticaloa Town.

At the junction of 3rd Cross street with Hospital street, by the side of the main thoroughfare, on land which formerly belonged to the Mooyaarts, is a flat tombstone enclosed by a stone wall about 8 feet high, with the following inscription. Owing to the height of the wall the fact that there was a tomb here had been for years forgotten. The stone was in excellent preservation, though covered with scrub, when it was recently rediscovered.

HERE REST
THE PEACEFUL REMAINS OF
CHRISTIANA SOPHIA JOHN
RELICT OF
THE REV. D. CHRISTOPHER SAML JOHN
OF THE ROYAL DANISH MISSION
AT TRAQUEBAR
OBIIT BATTICALOA 30 DECEMBER 1821
ÆT. 70 YEARS

OH ! HOW SHE LONG'D
TO HAVE HER PASSPORT SIGN'D, AND BE DISMISS'D
'TIS DONE ! AND NOW SHE'S HAPPY ! THE GLAD SOUL
HAS NOT A WISH UNCROWN'D. EV'N THE LAG FLESH
RESTS TOO IN HOPE OF MEETING ONCE AGAIN
ITS BETTER HALF NEVER TO SUNDER MORE.

The word "lag" may be intended for "log," though this hardly makes more sense. The Danish form of the name would be JAHN, but probably it was anglicized. Johanna Catherina, daughter of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. John, married, on February 27, 1815, at Tranquebar, James Nicholas Mooyaart, who was Assistant Collector of Revenue at Batticaloa in 1825. He died in 1886 in his 97th year (see No. 1051). Of him the following legend is recorded :—"He held stoutly to the theory that dying was by no means inevitable to the man who had the opportunity of taking care of himself, and that it would be his own fault if he died and when he turned 97 without any sign of an intention of shuffling off this mortal coil, people began to think he was going to exemplify his theory in his own person. And when after all the end did eventually come, it was by no means a disproof of his theory." One cold morning, instead of waiting patiently for the housemaid to light the fire in his bedroom, he got up and did it himself, with the result that he caught a chill and died. (E. Woodhouse, in "Notes by the Way," p. 18.)

The Cemetery, Batticaloa.

"WITHIN the Fort, and scattered about three sides of a grassy common, are white houses all roofed with red tiles, each bungalow standing in its own pleasant garden. The peaceful cemetery occupies a prominent position on this green common, one side of which is washed by the lake whose farther shores are densely clothed with cocoa-palms." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. II., p. 78.) The burial ground contains about twenty dilapidated old Dutch and British tombs of heavy masonry, from all of which, with one or two exceptions, the name slabs have disappeared. One is completely enveloped by a banyan tree. There is a small headstone, the greater part of which is undecipherable. "The stones are said to have been removed from time to time by the dhobies for their own use," so the local headman reports.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
902 ..	July 27 .. 1730	Susanna Thonnon	Hier onder leyt seer soeten rust juffrouw SUSANNA THONNON (geboren van der Horst). Overleden den 27 July, Anno 1730, tot gemeen.....
<i>Translation.</i> —Hereunder lies the sweet resting (?) Susanna Thonnon (born van der Horst), died on July 27, 1730, to the general			
Susanna was the daughter of Jan Jansz van der Horst, Scheepstimmerman, and Elizabeth Elslant, and was baptized at Colombo on October 22, 1702.			
There is a Van der Horst buried at Galle (see No. 520). A "scheepstimmerman" is a ship's carpenter.			
This is a roughly cut stone at the end of a shapeless mass of masonry, and is rapidly becoming illegible. It seems to be the composition or work of an illiterate person. "Seer soeten rust" may mean as above, or "may she rest very sweetly," or "very sweet one rest," as if it were in parentheses.			
903 ..	Dec. 20 .. 1779	Jane Davidson	Here lieth JANE DAVIDSON, aged two months and one day, Daughter to Mr. ALEX. DAVIDSON, Chief of Vizagapatam. Her afflicted parents have caused this tomb to be erected to the memory of the angelick infant. Suffer little children to come unto me for of such is the kingdom of God. Saint Mark. Died twentieth December, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine.

The Cemetery, Batticaloa—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
903 ..	Dec. 20 1779	Jane Davidson—contd. ..	<p>This is a flat tombstone with raised letters and an ornamental border very well cut, and is as perfect to-day as the day it was erected.</p> <p>During the Dutch occupation of Batticaloa, coasting vessels of the Dutch and other European nations trading with the East Indies used to come from Vizagapatam, Pulicaat (near Madras), Cuddalore, and Negapatam to Trincomalee, Kottiar, and Batticaloa. The child must have died during the visit of one of these vessels in which Mr. Davidson and family were passengers.</p> <p>For Alexander Davidson, see Cotton, p. 356. He died at Vizagapatam on September 20, 1791.</p>
904 ..	Oct. 17 1813	Robert A. Gordon ..	<p>Mr. R. GORDON, late Captain of H. M. 66th Regt. aged — years.</p> <p>Age illegible on tomb.</p> <p>A small headstone with a masonry tomb behind crumbling away, the letters nearly illegible. Captain Gordon's estate was being administered at Colombo from 1821 to 1831. The date may be October 7.</p>
905 ..	May 10 1814	Jonathan Fudge ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of JONATHAN FUDGE, a native of Dorsetshire in England, who died in this place on the 10th May, 1814, while in the prime of life. He was for several years Coachman to His Excellency Lieut.-Genl. ROBERT BROWNRIGG, the Governor of Ceylon, and as he was a faithful servant his memory was justly valued and his death sincerely regretted by his master.</p> <p>Governor Brownrigg accompanied by Mrs. Brownrigg, Dr. A. High, Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Captain Brownrigg, Deputy Adjutant-General, the Rev. Mr. Bisset, Chaplain (his brother-in-law and Private Secretary), and officers of his staff went on tour round the Island, leaving Colombo on February 28, 1814, and proceeding by Arippu, Jaffna, Trincomalee to Batticaloa, which was reached on April 30. "The greatest part of H. E.'s tour round the Island has been made in a one-horse chaise, being the only instance but one of any wheeled carriage having been used in the northern roads for many years, and in fact they are generally considered impossible. The roads have lately been very generally widened and improved, and it is hoped that in the course of a few years they will become if not equal to the fine road from hence to Galle, the greater part of which rivals the turnpikes of England, perfectly practicable and easy for travellers. The several resthouses have in like manner been put into good order, and new ones are building where the same are considered necessary." (<i>Gazette</i>, May 11, 1814.) But the coachman succumbed at Batticaloa.</p>
906 ..	Jan. 22 1815	Jemima Walker ..	<p>To the memory of JEMIMA, the wife of WILLIAM WALKER, Corporal in His Majesty's Royal Staff Corps</p>
907 ..	July 28 1856 April 25 1874	<p>Susan Jane Gray ..</p> <p>French Gray ..</p>	<p>In memory of SUSAN JANE GRAY, died 28th July, 1856, aged 31 years ; also of her husband FRENCH GRAY, who died on the 25th April, 1874, aged 60, and was buried at sea. Erected by their eldest son.</p> <p>French Gray was son of Captain French Gray, who died at Matara in 1818, and brother of Mrs. Caulfield (see Nos. 193, 756). He married at St. James's Church, Nellore, Jaffna, on December 3, 1840, Susan Jane, only daughter of Lieutenant, afterwards Lieutenant-Colonel, Cosby Warburton. He was born at Colombo, May 6, 1815, was at school in England, and returned in 1830 by the same ship that brought Henry and William Rudd and the Puttur well machinery. He was Assistant Collector of Customs at Jaffna, and afterwards Sub-Collector at Galle. At the latter place he had a dispute with the Government Agent and Collector, G. H. Cripps, into which an inquiry was held by Messrs. F. J. Saunders of the Customs and W. D. Ryder of the Secretariat. As a result French Gray left the Customs Department, but was given, at the instance of James Caulfield,</p>

The Cemetery, Batticaloa—*contd.**

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
907 ..	July 28 1856, &c.	Susan Jane Gray, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	an appointment in the Commissariat, which had recently become a Civil Department. This he is said to have resigned because he imagined that the head of his department had cut him in the street. The head in question, Mr. W. D. Bernard (Acting Deputy Commissary General, 1853), had been the surgeon of the <i>Nemesis</i> , and wrote the diary of the expedition. The <i>Nemesis</i> called at Colombo in 1840 on her way to take part in the China war. Mr. Bernard, after the expedition, became Private Secretary to Lord Torrington. French Gray at one time was Secretary of the Loan Board. He married (2), on May 29, 1862, Caroline, daughter of J. J. Pointing of Bermondsey. She kept a dame's school in Dam street, Pettah, Colombo, in the sixties. He died on the <i>Eldorado</i> , on the voyage to England, between Colombo and Aden. His son, Basil, born at Galle, March 23, 1845, married, on October 1, 1867, at St. Paul's, Kandy, Emily Elizabeth, second daughter of Philip Fowke of Algastenne estate, Elkaduwa. French Gray's daughter, Susan, by his first wife, married, February 14, 1872, Philip Francis Fowke of Halgalla estate, Elkaduwa. His eldest son, French Gray, at one time kept Harambe house, Kandy, as a private hotel. His sixth son, Cosby Warburton, was in January, 1886, at the age of 33, killed by Burmese dacoits near Mandalay, "after a heroic resistance of four hours."
908 ..	Aug. 30 1861	Susanna Isabella Toussaint	In memory of SUSANNA ISABELLA TOUSSAINT, the beloved wife of PETER FREDERIC TOUSSAINT. Born at Jaffna on the 28th March, 1821, died at Batticaloa Peter Frederick Toussaint was son of Peter Frederick Toussaint and Anna Elizabeth Gratiaen. His wife was Susanna Isabella Koch. (See No. 855.)
909 ..	Oct. 6 1865	John Randolph Gordon Cumming	In loving memory of JOHN RANDOLPH, fourth son of Sir WILLIAM G. GORDON CUMMING of Altyre, Scotland. Born 21st June, 1826 Altyre is in County Elgin. There is a reference to this grave in Miss Gordon Cumming's book "Two Happy Years in Ceylon." He was a great sportsman, and one of the premier planters of Batticaloa. He was owner of Tetativoe, now known as Kalutavalavi estate. He was much respected in the district, both by Europeans and natives. "My second brother Ronaleyn made his mark as the pioneer of all the lion-hunters who have ranged the hunting grounds of Southern Africa..... my fourth and fifth brothers, John and William, sailed for Ceylon and Bombay, where the latter tamed wild men and slew wild beasts (and published a book on the subject 'Wild Men and Wild Beasts'), while the former settled down to sober coconut planting in the neighbourhood of Batticaloa; and then, through weary years of waiting for the growth of trees which never in his lifetime repaid his outlay, he obtained work in the forests on the east coast, and likewise distinguished himself as a cunning and mighty hunter, beloved by the wild tribes, in the case of these two brothers fifteen years elapsed before they were able to make arrangements for meeting in the old country. The younger happily arrived in safety; but alas, the vessel which should have brought the elder from Ceylon, brought tidings of a home-going very different from that which he had planned. He had died very suddenly, almost on the eve of the date when he had purposed embarking, and was laid to rest beside the blue sea-lake at Batticaloa." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," by Miss C. F. Gordon Cumming, 1892, vol. II., pp. 2-5.) On one shoot John Gordon Cumming killed 25 leopards; on another four elephants, eight buffaloes, two elks, six leopards, and a considerable number of deer and pigs. Miss Gordon Cumming gives a portion of his diary for 1848 in her book, describing some of his shooting expeditions (vol. II., pp. 56-74). His delight was in taming "all manner of creatures which

The Cemetery, Batticaloa—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
909 ..	Oct. 6 1865	.. John Randolph Gordon Cumming— <i>contd.</i>	a mere hunter would pass unnoticed or probably destroy as vermin his rough and ready bungalow was not only adorned with all manner of trophies of the chase, but also was the home of a most singular variety of pets of all kinds—his companions in many a lonely hour" (p. 75). His bungalow was on Easter Seaton estate, about 17 miles from Batticaloa on the south road. "He was exiled from one of the cheeriest and most beautiful homes in Scotland, to settle quite alone on these desolate sand hills and commence the toil of planting them with the nuts about which so little was then known that speedy remuneration was expected, whereas the experience of the next fifteen years was all of continual outlay, ceaseless watchfulness, to defend the young plantations from the ravages of most mischievous boring beetles, rats, white ants, herds of wild hogs, porcupines, troops of elephants, and other foes, and no remuneration whatever. . Then when the day of his emancipation came the estates passed to other hands, and strangers now reap the abundant fruits of his long years of weary toil. We trudged through the hot sand till we reached the site of my brother's original house, now only marked by the fruit trees which he planted round it." ("Two Happy Years," vol. II., pp. 170-172.) In 1858 Sir Henry Ward appointed him Forest Officer, "timber hunter, and chena inspector" for the district, which office he held till his death.
910 ..	April 18 1876	.. James Cornish Sortain	.. Sacred to the memory of JAMES CORNISH SORTAIN, M.D. Dr. Sortain married, on July 24, 1854, at Batticaloa, Eleanor Burleigh, eldest daughter of Robert Atherton, C.C.S. He was a brother of "Sortain of Brighton," "the Rev. Joseph Sortain, A.B., for 28 years Minister of North Street Chapel," as he is described on the pedestal of his bust in the Pavilion, Brighton, a very popular preacher in his day, who died in 1860. Dr. Sortain was a well-known planter, medical man, and philanthropist, much respected by the people of Batticaloa.
911 ..	April 25 1883	.. Arthur Fisher	.. In memory of ARTHUR FISHER, aged 35 He was a brother of Lord Fisher and of Frank Fisher, C.C.S., and was in the Public Works Department.
912 ..	May 13 1893 Oct. 13 1894	.. John Carey .. Ann Carey	.. In memory of our dear father and mother, JOHN and ANN CAREY, who died 13 May, 1893, and 13 Oct., 1894, and of our dear sister, ALICE, who died 4 September, 1869. John Carey had been in the Army, and it is said bought the estate in the Batticaloa District at the suggestion of a comrade, on borrowed money. It was a highly successful investment. Of his daughters, one married S. Fielder, another Charles Hay of the Queen's Advocate's Department, who retired as District Judge of Kandy, a third H. C. P. Hayes, Public Works Department, and a fourth W. R. B. Sanders, C.C.S. He was in charge of "Calladovally" estate, the property of Messrs. MacKilligan and Dunbar, in 1868, and was proprietor of Inverurie, 200 acres extent, and of Roslyn, 100.
913 ..	July 24 1893	.. Eleanor Toler Atherton	.. To the loving memory of ELEANOR TOLER ATHERTON widow of RODNEY ATHERTON, Esq., C.C.S. Born 17th June, 1810 She was fourth daughter of Dr. George Burleigh (see No. 800), was born at Valenciennes, and married R. Atherton at the house of the Sitting Magistrate, Kayts, on April 24, 1826. Her death was caused by a carriage accident. She had resided at Batticaloa for 52 years.
914 ..	April 17 1894	.. Robert Atherton	.. Sacred to the memory of ROBERT ATHERTON, C. R. Regt., born 2nd April, 1829 He was second son of Robert Atherton, C.C.S. (see No. 998), and was at one time a Lieutenant in the Ceylon Rifles. The third son was Edward Newnham Atherton, C.C.S., who began his official career in 1851, obtained a Writership in 1853, and retired in 1883, after 32 years' residence without a

The Cemetery, Batticaloa—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
914	April 17 1894	Robert Atherton— <i>contd.</i>	break in the Island. He was born June 18, 1831, and died January 7, 1907, at Weymouth. Robert and Edward (and the Atherton family) were so well known to the people of Batticaloa that they were spoken of generally as "Bob Pillai" and "Ned Pillai." Robert in his later days was "our own correspondent," of the <i>Examiner</i> , at Batticaloa. He used to write exhaustive descriptions of the habits and uses (more especially in curries) of native vegetables for that paper. Sponsors to Robert: Joseph Price, William Henry Atherton, and Sophia Brownrigg. Sponsors to Edward: William Newnham, Edward Atherton, and Arabella Cope Burleigh.

TRINCOMALEE.

Fort Frederick.

"RIGHT below lay the Dockyard, the Naval Stores Depôt, and the Admiralty. Not the shipping only but also charmingly wooded seas lay mirrored in that quiet inland lake, while beyond the white sand of the farther shore red-tiled houses, embowered in pleasant gardens, indicated the direction of a town with some eleven thousand inhabitants, stretching round a horseshoe-shaped bay, the entrance to which is guarded by two rocky headlands, on the nearest of which, overshadowed by grand old trees, stands the Government Agent's house. The farther point of the horseshoe is a bold peninsula, rising from the ocean in a sheer precipice about 400 feet in height and thence sloping gently towards the shore, with which it is connected by a long flat neck of grassy land. Fort Frederick, by which name this fortified crag is known to Europeans, guards the outer harbour. To the natives this bold headland is still as it has been from time immemorial, the Sami Rock, or Rock of God, sacred to the worship of Eiswara, the Almighty God." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. II., pp. 145-6.) On the highest point of the crag stands a solitary pillar of the usual type found in Hindu temples in India and Buddhist temples in Ceylon, viz., in plan square and hexagonal in alternate stages, which bears an inscription in Dutch, given below :—

TOT GEDAGHTENIS
VAN FRANCINA VAN
RHEDE VROUW VAN
MYDREGT DESEN
AO. 1687 : 24 APRIL
OP GEREGT

A romantic story of the death of the subject of this inscription finds its way into every book about Ceylon that includes a description of Trincomalee. Major Forbes tells it thus :—"She was the daughter of a gentleman high in the Dutch service, had been betrothed, and at the time of her death was about to be deserted by her affianced husband, a captain in the Army. He was on board a vessel that had spread its sails for Europe, but before getting clear of the coast the ship had to tack and pass out parallel to the precipices that form the southern boundary of the fort of Trincomalee. The motions of the vessel had been watched with interest by the forsaken fair one; as it approached the rocks she rushed from her apartment, and flew along the edge of the cliffs, close under which the vessel was gliding. The point was nearly gained, the swift vessel and false lover were turning from her towards a foreign land, a moment she balanced herself on a projecting crag, then plunged from the dizzy height. Her mangled remains were rescued from the rocky fragments that project through the waves at the base of the precipice, and its summit still bears in her monument the memorial of devoted love inspiring dire revenge." ("Eleven Years in Ceylon," vol. II., p. 46.) So also Sirr, amplifying Forbes' account, and Miss Gordon Cumming condensing it, and the rest. The story most appropriately fits the monument, and must have been invented for it. No authority is cited, and it is in fact romance. "The facts disclosed by the records and other authentic authorities do not support the story in any way." The late Mr. Donald Ferguson remarked that "the falsity of the story was sufficiently well known." The following are the prosaic facts :—"Francina van Rheede appears to have been the daughter of Hendrik Adriaan van Rheede, Lord of Mydregt, but she did not die as stated, because she long survived the erection of the monument, having in fact outlived her father. She was twice married, viz., 1st, to Maurits Cesar de la Baye, Captain in the East India Company's service, who died at Colombo, Feb. 14th, 1693, and 2ndly, in 1694, to Anthony Karel van Panhuys, son of Bartholomeus van Panhuys, Lord of Voorn." (R. G. Anthonisz, "Report on the Dutch Records," p. 39.) (See Nos. 369, 481.)

Francina was an only daughter. It appears that her father Hendrik Adriaan van Rheede, Lord of Drakestein, afterwards, in 1680, Knight, "beleend met de Ridderhofstad Mijdrecht, en beschreeven in de Ridderschap des Lands Van Utrecht." Serjeant-Major Hendrik van Rheede was in Ceylon in 1668, when in October of the same year he was sent with a force to Ruanelle (*sic*) to wreak vengeance on the King of Kandy, whose emissaries had suddenly attacked the Company's servants in the Mendekaduale and Atakalan korales and driven them away. History records that he was successful. In 1687 we find him "Commissaris of the Coromandel Coast," and it was during his tenure of office as such that this monument was erected. Pijl, who was the Governor of Ceylon, is said to have about this time paid a visit to Van Rheede at Negapatnam to have a conference with him about Ceylon affairs, and the King of Kandy waxed very wroth that notice of this visit was not given him. It is even said that one Mattamagoddy Chitty was sent from Kandy to Jaffna with orders not to return without Pijl, and the Chief Adigar besought him to come as soon as possible to Colombo, as matters had risen to an alarming crisis. The instructions of Van Rheede to Pijl are matters of history. A certain vrouw Cornelia Elizabeth van Rheede lies buried at Houten, August 23, 1666, with the "Kwartieren en bijschrüft" among other names of "Spruit Van Kriekenbeek."

The family of Van Mydregt was in the latter part of the eighteenth century one of the oldest of the noble families of Holland, dating from the year 1226.

The story is therefore correct to the extent that Francina was at one time engaged to a captain, for she married one, and if he sailed away she did not commit suicide, but he came back and she married him. Possibly her father had this monument erected to mark her sailing away with him as a bride, and the date is not the date of her death, but of the erection of the monument. Any way, the old Dutchman has succeeded in effectually pulling the leg of posterity over this monument of his.

Dutch Burial Ground, in Fort Frederick, Trincomalee.

THERE is an old Dutch burial ground, unenclosed, on the way to the summit of Flagstaff Hill. It contains four massive masonry tombs of the later hideous Dutch pattern "table" tombs, with the representation of a coffin sloping down towards the foot. One of these is the tomb of an Englishman, but the pattern is Dutch. They lie under the dense shade of eight very old and gnarled suriya trees. To quote Miss Gordon Cumming again: "A natural instinct led me past the old Dutch burial ground, with its moss-grown graves overshadowed by flowering suriya trees....." ("Two Happy Years," vol. II., pp. 142-3.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
915	.. Nov. 1 1792	.. Johanna Jacoba Hartsz	.. Hier rust in den Heere Mejuff. JOHANNA JACOBA SIEMONSZ in leeven husv. van den opperchirurgyn JOH. HEND. HARTSZ, oud 35 jaaren 2 maand. Geb. te Trink dn 31 Aug. A. 1757. Overleeden 1 Novemb., Ao. 1792. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 65.)
916	.. July 30 1793	.. Anthonie Hageman	.. Hier onder rust den Wel Ed. Manh. Heer ANTHONIE HAGEMAN in leven Kapitein der Militie. Geb. te Stokholm den 31 January, 1729. In den Heere ontslapen 30 July, 1793. His daughter, Johanna Dorothea Hageman, was the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel François Piachaude of the De Meuron Regiment. (See No. 898 and Cotton, p. 383.) Mrs. Piachaude died at Grandpass, on December 19, 1839, aged 65 year 2 months and 5 days. (Ibid., vol. XVIII., p. 66.)
917	.. May 31 1794	.. Johanna Henrietta de Lange	Ich liege und schlafe gantz met friedenden der Herr helft mir das ich sich er wohne. Mejuffr. JOH. HENR. PIETERS in leeven husv. van den Wel Ed. Manh. Heer GERRIT DE LANGE, Luit ter zee en Equipagiem. te Trinkonomale. Geb. Trinko. 10 Jan. Ao. 1758. Overleden 31 May A. 1794. Gerrit de Lange was a native of Beeren, and was previously married to Anna Catharina Betger of Colombo. (Ibid., vol. XVIII., p. 65.)
918	.. March 25 1802	.. James la Hey	.. Here lies the body of JAMES LA HEY, Paymaster of H. M. 19th Regiment Foot, who departed this life the 25th March, 1802 aged 37. He lived universally esteemed and died universally regretted by the Corps.

St. Stephen's Church, in Fort Frederick, Trincomalee.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH was rebuilt in 1842. It was probably originally a Dutch building. The tombstones, or some of them, which were in the old church were at this time let into the walls of the new church. They have been carefully tarred or painted black all over, and this lends, one can hardly say colour, but some support to the conjecture that they had been for some time exposed to the weather, and that this expedient had been resorted to to preserve them. (The same course, it may be noted, was taken with some of the tombstones outside Wolvendaal Church.) Some of them must have disappeared altogether, either at this time or earlier, for it is stated by R. P. van den Bosch, in his list of Dutchmen in Ceylon, published in II., "Wapenheraut," p. 260, that "John Willem Schorer's tombstone, right over or close to the *redoute* beneath the inner side of the Pagoda Hill, was seen in 1791 by John Thomas Bär," who was Schorer's son-in-law; and Schorer's wife, Christina Sophia van Citters, was also buried at Trincomalee, November 12, 1769. (See No. 368.)

The Schorers are a noble family still extant in Holland, represented in Ceylon by the Foenanders and the Fretzs on the female side. Jonkheer Schorer is, or was recently, a member of the Privy Council of the Queen of the Netherlands. He was a liberal subscriber to the repair of Wolvendaal Church.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
919	.. June 26 1722	.. Marthinus Lengele	.. Hier onder legd begraven Monsieur MARTH. LENGELE in zyn (leven) boekhouder in's E. C. dienst en Secunde (van dit) Fortresse, geboren tot Jaffanapatnam den 16 Augustus 1691 en overleden den 26 Juny, Ao. 1722. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 256.) Arms:—Quarterly, (1) a cock proper; (2), (3), and (4) three barrulets wavy.
920	.. Sept. 11 1748	.. Thomas Griffin	.. Here lies Captain THOMAS GRIFFIN, Commander of His Majesty's Ship the <i>Princess Mary</i> . Who died the 11th Sept., 1748. ANNO ÆTATISSUÆ 48.

This is the oldest British tombstone in Ceylon.

St. Stephen's Church, in Fort Frederick, Trincomalee—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
921 ..	Jan. 6 1760	.. Rebecca Rein	<p>.. Hier onder legt begraven REBECCA SCHODT in haar leven huysvrouw van den oppercoopman en opperhoofd der Ceylons Oostense Distrieten MARTIN REIN. Gebooren te Colombo den 22 December, anno 1690 en overleden den 6 Jany. anno 1760, oud 69 jaar 5 maand en 15 dagen.</p> <p><i>Transalation.</i>—Hereunder lies buried REBECCA SCHODT, during her life wife of the <i>Opperkoopman</i> and Chief of the Eastern Districts of Ceylon, MARTIN REIN. Born at Colombo on December 22, 1690, and died on January 6, 1760, aged 69 years 5 months and 15 days.</p> <p>Rebecca Schodt was most probably the daughter of Claas Schot (Schodt) of Hamburg, Dissave of Colombo, and Sara de Meestre. Martin Rein of Hesse Cassel was Dissave of Matara, 1737–39.</p>
922 ..	Oct. 1789	.. Jacques Fabrice van Senden	<p>Hier legt de onwardeerbare echtgenoot de goedhartige vader den Wel. Edel. gebooren Heer JACQUES FABRICE VAN SENDEN, in leeven Koopm. en opperhoofd van Trynconomale. Geb. te Utrecht in het jaar 1755. Ov. hier Oct. 1789, oud 34 jaar.</p> <p>Hoe kort is het leeven Hoe lang is de eeuwigheit.</p> <p>Jacques Fabrice van Senden married at Colombo, April 5, 1778, Sara Maria Francina Holst, daughter of Gerrit Engel Holst and Maria Francina Schokman. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVIII., p. 66.)</p>
923 ..	Aug. 27 1823	.. Charles Hay	<p>.. To the Memory of CHARLES HAY, Lieut., Royal Engineers, who died in Trincomalee on the 27th Augt., A.D. 1823, of fever which attacked him when employed in the arduous duty of tracing through the country lying 30 or 40 miles distant from Trincomalee the line of high road from thence to Colombo.</p> <p>There was another Lieutenant Charles Hay of the 19th Regiment, who was gazetted Lieutenant in the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, January 16, 1810, and to the 1st Ceylon Regiment, April 25, 1817. He was appointed Assistant Customs Master and Sitting Magistrate, at Calpentyn, August 1, 1818. Captain Philip Hay from the 66th was gazetted Captain in Ramsay's Regiment, January 29, 1807, and Alexander Murray Hay, 2nd Lieutenant in the 1st Ceylon Regiment, November 10, 1814.</p>
924 ..	1845–1847	.. Men of H. M. S. Fox	<p>.. To the Memory of the under-mentioned Seamen and Marines of H. M. <i>Fox</i>, who died upon the East Indian Station.</p> <p>This Monument is erected by Commodore Sir HENRY BLACKWOOD, Baronet, R.N., the Officers, and Ship's Company.</p> <p>[Here follow the names of a quartermaster, a captain of the forecastle, a sailmaker, seventeen able seamen, a "boy (1st class)," and two privates of the Royal Marines. Of these, three of the seamen died at Trincomalee, the others at Bombay, Madras, and at sea.]</p>
925 ..	Nov. 11 1854	.. John Thomas Tranchell	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of JOHN THOMAS TRANCHELL, Esq., of the Ceylon Civil Service, who departed this life on the 11th November, 1854, aged 32.</p> <p>Mr. Tranchell was appointed to the Civil Service, September 29, 1838, and nearly the whole of his service was spent at Trincomalee. He was appointed Acting Assistant Government Agent, November 1, 1829, confirmed in the appointment on February 1, 1843, and he remained there, with the exception of a period from August 20, 1847, to July 31, 1849, when he was the Acting Assistant Government Agent at</p>

St. Stephen's Church, in Fort Frederick, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
925 ..	Nov. 11 1854	John Thomas Tranchell— <i>contd.</i>	Nuwarakalawiya, until his death, which occurred in Jersey while he was on leave. Mr. E. Burrows acted in this interval at Trincomalee. He was eldest son of Lieutenant-Colonel Gustavus Adolphus Tranchell. (See No. 317.)
926 ..	April 11 1885	James Alexander Gibson ..	To the glory of God, and in loving memory of JAMES ALEXANDER GIBSON, born 20 December, 1807, A brass. He was a naval contractor. He married, on July 13, 1832, at the Fort Church, Jaffna, Eliza Petronella Toussaint. S. A. Burke was a witness to the marriage.

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee.

In this burial ground, pleasantly situated facing the esplanade and the sea, well kept and shaded but not too heavily by trees, the tall obelisks to the men of the 37th and 78th Regiments are conspicuous, also the large square tombs of the thirties interspersed with the marble and granite monuments of more recent date.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
927 ..	Dec. 21 1804	George Napper ..	Sacred to the memory of Captain GEORGE NAPPER, of His Majesty's 51st Regiment, Late Town Major of this Garrison, who departed this life December 21st, 1804, aged Forty-four years, twenty-two of which were devoted to the service of His King and Country. Should chance thy footsteps hither bend, Turn not in haste away. A braver soldier, warmer friend, Death never made his prey. He was gazetted Major, <i>vice</i> Logan, September 5, 1805, after his death. These lines were written by Lieutenant Thomas Ajax Anderson, 19th Regiment, and are included in "Poems written chiefly in India," published by him in 1809. (London, printed by the Philanthropic Society, St. George's Square, for J. Asperna, Cornhill.)
928 ..	June 8 1808	Alexander Cockburn ..	Sacred to the memory of ALEXANDER COCKBURN, Esq., who departed this life the 8th day of June, 1808, aged 41 years, having landed here from the <i>Drake</i> Frigate on which he had embarked for the benefit of his health. He was many years resident at Madras, a merchant of the first respectability and an esteemed member of Society.
	October 1808	Olympia Cockburn .. William Cockburn	Also sacred to the memory of his amiable wife OLYMPIA, daughter of Brig. General ALEXANDER CAMPBELL; infant son WILLIAM entombed in the deep on their passage to England in the <i>Lord Nelson</i> Indiaman the following October, 1808. The <i>Gazette</i> states that Alex. Cockburn died "after a short and painful illness, which he bore with fortitude and resignation, leaving an amiable widow and numerous circle of relatives to lament his loss." He was a member of the firm of Harrington, Cockburn, and Harrington of Madras. (See "Urquhart's Oriental Obituary," vol. I., p. 22, published in 1809.) His son, by his wife Olympia, Alexander Thomas Campbell, "succeeded under a special remainder to the baronetcy conferred upon his maternal grandfather, and assumed the name of Campbell after that of Cockburn." Mrs. Cockburn's mother, Olympia, was a sister of Sir John Morshead, Bart., of Trenant Park, in Cornwall. Another daughter of the Cockburns', Olympia, died at Seringapatam, June 2, 1807. One of Mrs. Cockburn's sisters, Isabella Charlotte, married the celebrated Sir John Malcolm, K.C.B. (See Cotton, pp. 33, 60, 285.)
929 ..	Sept. 17 1811	Peter Wade ..	Captain PETER WADE, Royal Engineer. Obt. 17th September, 1811. <i>Ætat</i> 25. A tribute of esteem from the officers of the Royal Artillery. His estate was being administered 1813-1832. His creditors were Mr. G. Lusignan and Captain C. G. Aems, R.A.

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
930 ..	March 18 1812	Samuel Moffett	.. Beneath are deposited the Remains of Lieut. SAMUEL MOFFETT, eldest son of the Rev. JAMES MOFFETT, Magistrate for the county of Longford in Ireland, who departed this life on the 18th of March, 1812, aged 25 years. He was gazetted 1st Lieutenant in the 1st Ceylon Regiment from October 1, 1808.
931 ..	March 13 1813	George J. H. Signam	.. In memory of GEORGE J. H. SIGNAM, son of GEORGE J. H. SIGNAM, Esq., who died at Trincomalie 1813, aged 5 years 10 Months & 4 Days.
932 ..	April 23 1813	James de Latre	.. Here lieth the body of JAMES, the son of Captain PHILIP DE LATRE of the 1st Ceylon Regiment, aged 6 Years. Captain de Latre was gazetted from the 86th Regiment into the Malay Regiment, June 16, 1803, and was stationed at Jaffna 1804, was afterwards Assistant Quartermaster-General. His daughter, Mary Anne, married at Kandy, on September 23, 1832, Lieutenant Samuel Braybrooke, 1st Ceylon Regiment, afterwards Colonel Commanding the Ceylon Rifles. Major de Latre left for England by the <i>Vittoria</i> on January 1, 1829.
933 ..	May 4 1814	William Taylor	.. Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM TAYLOR, Esq., His Majesty's Naval Store-keeper, who departed this life on the 4th day of May, 1814, aged 24 years. A gentleman of the strictest honour and integrity whose conduct as a Public Officer had gained the esteem and approbation of his superiors and whose private virtues will ever endear his memory to his afflicted relatives and friends. As a token of respect, and to commemorate departed worth, this tomb is erected by his faithful and affectionate friend J. W. Dale of Madras. He died "after a short but violent illness." (<i>Gazette.</i>)
934 ..	June 2 1815	Robert Gardner	.. Sacred to the memory of Lieut. ROBERT GARDNER, His Majesty's 19th Foot aged 25 years.
935 ..	June 16 1815	James Fitzgerald	.. To the memory of Captain JAMES FITZGERALD, His Majesty's 19th Foot aged 30 years. He acted as Adjutant in 1806. He was in command of the Grenadier Company at the time of his death.
936 ..	June 25 1816	Robert Smith	.. Beneath are deposited the mortal remains of ROBERT SMITH, Second Son of ROBERT SMITH, Merchant, who departed this life on the 25th day of June, 1816, aged 1 Year and 15 Days. Robert Smith, senior, died October 29, 1815, at Batticaloa. (See No. 899.)
937 ..	March 1 1818 Nov. 7 1820	Eliza Deacon Anne Deacon	.. Beneath are the remains of ELIZA DEACON aged 11 months. And ANNE DEACON aged 7 months. The daughters of Lieut. DEACON, 73 Regiment. Lieutenant Thomas Deacon was Fort Adjutant, Trincomalee, 1818-23, and at Colombo, 1824-25. (See No. 599.) Lieutenant Deacon's daughter, Louisa Maria, married Willam Moir, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, at Kandy, on October 17, 1824. W. Moir was appointed Extra Assistant in the Secretariat in 1825, was Assistant Collector of Customs at Jaffna, 1826-28; ditto at Colombo and Sitting Magistrate of Kalutara, 1829 (December 31) to 1832; Agent of Government, Suffragam, 1833 (January 1) to 1836; Controller of Customs, Colombo, 1836; Assistant Government Agent, Colombo, and District Judge, Colombo, No. 6 (Ratnapura), 1837-38; Acting Government Agent, Eastern Province, 1839-40. He retired on May 1, 1840. He was the father of Robert William Durand Moir, C.C.S. (1861-93). He died April 30, 1860. Lieutenant Deacon married at St. George's, Hanover Square, on August 31, 1809, Martha Anne de Coucy.

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
938 ..	May 14 1818	Maria Magdalena Tranchell	<p>To the memory of Mrs. MARIA M. TRANCHELL, widow of the late J. TRANCHELL, Esquire, of H. M. Civil Service, Ceylon aged 49 years.</p> <p>Her amiable qualities endeared her to her family and friends and she quitted the world with the just regret of all who knew her worth that which language cannot attempt to describe but memory will often retrace.</p> <p>She was Maria Magdalena Sievertz, and married in Ceylon, on November 14, 1784, John Tranchell, who died at Jaffna, July 7, 1807, as Provincial Judge of Jaffna. He belonged to Romelanda in Sweden, where he was born in 1754, entered the Dutch, from which he was taken into the British service on the cession of the Island. In 1798 he had been appointed by King Gustavus Adolphus Swedish Consul in Ceylon, and before going to Jaffna he was President of the Board of Commissioners and Registrar of Deeds, Colombo. He was the father, by his wife Maria Sievertz, of Pieter Cornelis Johannes, <i>alias</i> John Tranchell, who died as Sitting Magistrate of Weligama in 1828; of Lieutenant-Colonel Gustavus Adolphus Tranchell (see No. 1008); of Lieutenant Samuel William Tranchell, who died, after the capture of Kandy in 1815, in 1818; and of Lieutenant Frederick Augustus Tranchell, who died after the taking of Rangoon in 1825. (See Nos. 317 and 925.) •</p>
939 ..	Dec. 18 1818	Patrick C. Home	<p>.. This Monument is erected by Lieut. W. HOME to the memory of his brother Lieut. P. C. HOME, 86th Regiment</p> <p>Regretted by his Brother Officers.</p> <p>His age was 21 years 7 months.</p> <p>A detachment of the 86th Regiment had come over from India to help in the suppression of the Uva rebellion.</p> <p>Lieutenant Home was at Akeria in October, 1818, and Sawers received a letter from him reporting the submission of the country round,</p>
940 ..	Dec. 22 1818	William Hannay	<p>.. To the memory of WILLIAM HANNAY, M.D., Late Surgeon of His Majesty's Naval Establishment at Trincomalie, who departed this life aged 28 years. He was an honest, honourable man, and a worthy member of Society.</p> <p>He was Surgeon of the Dockyard, aged 38 according to register.</p>
941 ..	Jan. 14 1819	James Koshorn	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Ensign JAMES KOSHORN, of H. M. 73rd Regiment aged 19 Years.</p>
942 ..	Feb. 3 1819	Robert Brownrigg O'Connell	<p>Beneath are the remains of ROBERT BROWNRIGG O'CONNELL, Son of Colonel O'CONNELL, 73rd Regiment aged 14 Months.</p> <p>"The departure from Colombo of Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. O'Connell left a great blank in our Society, and we are sincerely grieved to hear that their first arrival at Trincomalie has been embittered by the loss of their beloved Child. We fear that Mrs. O'Connell must have suffered most severely through this painful trial of her maternal affection. Her little boy was taken ill on their passage at the beginning of a Gale of Wind that lasted some days, during which she was herself much indisposed and both were deprived of all professional assistance, as the only Medical Gentleman on board the Transports was unfortunately in another ship. On landing some hope was entertained, but it was soon dashed away, and in a few days these afflicted Parents were doomed to see the death of their boy whose improving health and bloom they had in the commencement of their Voyage contemplated with delight." (<i>Gazette</i>, February 14, 1818.)</p> <p>"I was one evening taken by my family to a ball given by the Commandant of the garrison, Sir Maurice O'Connell, Commanding the 73rd Regiment." (<i>Skinner</i>, p. 3.) Lieutenant-Colonel O'Connell (he was</p>

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
942 ..	Feb. 3 1819	.. Robert Brownrigg O'Connell— <i>contd.</i>	not " Sir Maurice ") was Commandant 1819–21, succeeding Major-General Alexander Cosby Jackson, Lieutenant-Colonel, 66th Regiment. He was succeeded by Lieutenant-Colonel William Smelt, 2nd Ceylon Regiment. Lieutenant-Colonel O'Connell commanded the 2nd Division (Reserve) in the Kandyan war of 1815, and arrived at the Mahaweli-ganga on February 10, after storming " the fatal heights of Balane." He probably belonged to the O'Connells of Laterna, Killarney, in whose family Maurice is a favourite name. It obtained a baronetcy in 1869, which perhaps accounts for Major Skinner's anticipating the title.
943 ..	April 8 1819	.. John Warner	.. JOHN WARNER, Commissioner's Coxswain aged 28 years. This stone is erected in memory of his long proved and faithful services. L.D. Send. He was " butler to Commander Upton, R.N."
944 ..	Sept. 30 1819	.. Rebecca Lyttleton	.. Beneath are the remains of REBECCA LYTTLETON, Eldest child of Lieut. Lyttleton, 73rd Regiment, aged 6 Years and 9 Months Lieutenant William T. Lyttleton arrived with a detachment of the 73rd Regiment by the <i>Windham</i> from New South Wales on October 28, 1814. He served with the expedition against Kandy in 1815, and on February 6 of that year was appointed Deputy Assistant Commissary at Ruanwella. He was a good artist, and published a series of six views of Kandy and the neighbourhood, engraved by Dubourg, which was advertised for sale in the <i>Ceylon Government Gazette</i> of October 2, 1819, at 100 rix-dollars the set. The drawing of the Maligawa and Old Palace at Kandy, which forms the frontispiece to Davy's "Ceylon," is also by him. He married, on January 14, 1812, in Van Diemen's Land, Anna....
945 ..	Oct. 5 1819	.. John Martyn McDermott ..	Sacred to the memory of Assistant Surgeon J. MCDERMOTT, of H. M. 73rd Regiment aged 30 years. Moneys belonging to his estate were lying at the Treasury, Colombo, in 1831.
946 ..	Nov. 20 1819 Oct. 3 1819	.. Thomas Montague Wharton Reynolds .. Caroline Eliza Godsalue Reynolds	To the memory of THOMAS MONTAGUE WHARTON, son of Lieut. REYNOLDS, H. M. 73rd Regiment, aged 2 years & 8 Months; and also of his infant daughter, CAROLINA ELIZA GODSALVE, aged 6 Months and 15 Days. The parents were Lieutenant Thomas Reynolds and Caroline, his wife.
947 ..	April 19 1820	.. Thomas M. Buchan	.. Sacred to the memory of THOMAS M. BUCHAN, Esqr., late Surgeon of His Majesty's Ship <i>Minden</i> , aged 27 years. This tomb is erected as a token of regard and esteem by one who knew his worth.
948 ..	May 10 1820	.. Charles Norwood	.. Sacred to the memory of CHARLES NORWOOD, Steward to Sir Richard King, Bart., whom he served with honesty and fidelity five years aged 30 years. Sir Richard King was the Admiral on the station.
949 ..	July 10 1820	.. Isabella Bews	.. Sacred to the memory of ISABELLA BEWS, daughter of Paymaster BEWS, H. M. 73rd Regiment aged 2 Years 3 Months and 15 Days. H. J. Bews, probably a son, was gazetted Second Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifles, July 22, 1842.
950 ..	July 11 1820	.. George Thomas	.. To the Memory of Mr. GEORGE THOMAS, Midshipman of His Majesty's Ship <i>Leander</i> , eldest son of Sir GEORGE THOMAS, Bart., Dale Park, Sussex, in the sixteenth year of his age. Much respected and regretted by all who knew him.

• Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
951 ..	Aug. 15 1820	Matthew Wellington	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of MATTHEW WELLINGTON, Esqr., Master Shipwright at the Naval Depôt at Trincomalie aged 49 years. And whose loss is severely felt by the whole of the Establishment, and most sincerely regretted by his old attached friend who erected this humble testimony to departed worth.</p> <p align="right">WILLIAM PITT, Master Attendant, Madras.</p> <p>He died of "the Cholera Morbus." The <i>Gazette</i> gives the date of his death as August 14. There was an epidemic of cholera at Trincomalee from August 1 to 28, with 18 deaths. It was still continuing with daily attacks up to September 23. By October 14 it was still existing, but there were fewer deaths. Surgeon Thomas Rodgers died on August 14; George Thomson of the Ordnance Department on September 6; Lieutenant Campbell, 73rd, on September 28.</p>
952 ..	June 2 1821	William Twynam	<p>.. To the memory of Mr. WILLIAM TWYNAM, Purser, late of H. M. S. <i>Liverpool</i> aged 46 years. He was faithful and upright in his public capacity and his excellent private qualities have obtained this record of affection and regard.</p> <p>William Twynam was an uncle of Thomas Holloway Twynam, the Master Attendant of Galle, father of Sir William Twynam, K.C.M.G. Thomas Holloway served in the same ship, the <i>Liverpool</i>, as what was then termed a "mate," i.e., a midshipman who had served his time as such and was looking for his promotion to a lieutenancy. He commanded for a time H. M. S. <i>Cochin</i>, a schooner attached to the <i>Liverpool</i> as her tender. She was afterwards converted into a water tank to supply the vessels of the navy with water. Sir William Twynam was called after his great-uncle, the Purser. (See No. 558.)</p>
953 ..	June 14 1821	George Richard Ewranke	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Mr. GEORGE RICHARD Ewranke, Chief Clerk of Store-keeper's office of His Majesty's Dockyard, Trincomalie, who departed this life aged 31 years.</p>
954 ..	Dec. 4 1821	Thomas Pasley Lurcheon	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of THOMAS PASLEY LURCHEON, Master in the Royal Navy and Master Attendant of Trincomalie, who departed this life at Nilaveli, aged 30 years.</p> <p align="center">No farther seek his merits to disclose Or draw his frailties from their dread abode. Here, they alike in trembling hope repose, In the bosom of his Father and his God.</p>
955 ..	April 22 1822	William Boyd	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Dr. WILLIAM BOYD, M.D., Surgeon of His Majesty's Naval Establishment at Trincomalie, who departed this life aged 38 years.</p>
956 ..	Feb. 10 1823	Anthony Henry Cooke	<p>.. Beneath this are laid the mortal remains of ANTHONY HENRY COOKE, Late Midshipman of H. M. S. <i>Liffey</i>, Younger son of the late BRYAN COOKE, Esq., of Owston in the County of York.</p> <p>At the early age of 22 it pleased God to afflict him with a liver complaint, in which he departed this life, in happy hope of a better, through faith in the merits of his Saviour on the 10th February, 1823. Sincerely esteemed and lamented by his Shipmates.</p>
957 ..	Aug. 7 1825	Edmund Tincome	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of EDMUND TINCOME, Esq., Master's Mate of H. M. S. <i>Liffey</i> aged 27 Years. Beloved by his shipmates and esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.</p> <p align="center">(1) Pause stranger o'er this hallowed spot, And grant to one so dear A prayer for him who's now no more, And drop a pitying tear.</p>

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
964 ..	Dec. 6 1831	.. Donald Ross Adams	.. Sacred to the Memory of DONALD ROSS ADAMS, Late of the 78th Highlanders, who departed this life on the 6th December, 1831, aged 31 Years, leaving a disconsolate widow and two children. Deeply regretted by the Regiment at large. Weep not for me my family dear, I'm not dead but sleepeth here, Where I am now you soon will be, Prepare yourselves to follow me.
965 ..	Dec. 12 1831	.. Andrew Henderson	.. In Memory of Hospital Sergeant ANDREW HENDERSON, 78th Highlanders aged 33 Years. Deeply lamented by his wife and interesting family, and by the Regiment in which his character and services were so highly appreciated.
966 ..	May 26 1832	.. William Gunn	.. Sacred to the Memory of Sergt. WILLIAM GUNN, 78th Regiment, 1832, aged 37 Years.
	May 28 1832	.. Catherine Gunn	His Daughter CATHERINE aged 8 months & 7 days. Erected by his widow and 2 Sons lamenting their loss.
967 ..	June 5 1832	.. Elizabeth Hunt	.. Sacred to the Memory of ELIZABETH, Wife of Corporal JESSE HUNT, Royal Artillery aged 30 Years.
	June 15 1832	.. Isabella Hunt	.. Also her daughter ISABELLA, 1832, aged 3 Years & 7 Months.
968 ..	Sept. 19 1831	.. John Chisholm	.. Erected by his Brother Officers in memory of JOHN CHISHOLM, Esq., Late Paymaster, 78th Highlanders aged 56 Years. There was another John Chisholm, Quartermaster of the 37th Regiment (see No. 179). Mary Chisholm, widow (probably of the latter), married at Trincomalee, on December 30, 1856, Isaac Crabbe. Their son was Robert William Isaac Crabbe, Public Works Department, who died in 1910. A daughter, Ellen, of Mrs. Crabbe, by her first husband, married at Trincomalee, on December 17, 1863, Lieutenant Andrew Murray Walker, Ceylon Rifles, who retired as Assistant Conservator of Forests on March 1, 1900. Mary Chisholm married Richard Warren Stewart at Trincomalee on September 20, 1864.
969 ..	Sept. 24 1832	.. Robert Fraser	.. Sacred to the Memory of Sergt. ROBERT FRASER, Late Band Paymaster in H. M. 78th Regiment, aged 32 Years, leaving behind a widow and four Children to mourn his loss.
970 ..	Oct. 28 1832	.. Ann Gunn	.. Sacred to the Memory of ANN GUNN, Widow of the late Sergt. WILLIAM GUNN, 78th Regt., who died of Cholera Morbus, 28th October, 1832, aged 34 Years. Erected by the Orphans W. & A. GUNN. (See No. 966.)
971 ..	Oct. 28 1832	.. Eliza Jane McKasser	.. Sacred to the Memory of ELIZA JANE, Wife of Company Sergeant JOHN MCKASSER, Royal Artillery aged 38 Years and 9 months.
972 ..	Oct.-Nov. 1832	.. Men of the 78th Highlanders	Sacred to the Memory of 56 non-commissioned Officers and Privates, two women, and one child of the 78th Highlanders, who were carried off by epidemic cholera between 12th October and 7th November, 1832, and whose remains lie in, or near, this spot. This fatal and most malignant disease first showed itself on 12th October, but on the 23rd had attained a degree of extreme virulence. On that day 14 men died, on the 24th 11. The names of the sufferers are inscribed on the other side of this monument, which is erected by their brother officers.

ERECTED ANNO DOMINI 1833.

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
973 ..	Nov. 17 1832	Walter Matheson	<p>.. To the Memory of WALTER MATHESON, Esq., of H. M. C. Civil Service, Acting Collector of Trincomalee.</p> <p>Joined the Civil Service July 3, 1827. Extra Assistant to the Chief Secretary, 1828; Second Assistant to ditto, 1830; on leave, 1831; acting Provincial Judge, Trincomalee, 1831; Assistant to the Collector, Colombo, and Sitting Magistrate, Caltura, April 1, 1832; acting Collector, Trincomalee, August 30, 1831.</p> <p>“He died after a few hours’ illness from the effects of that fatal disease which has been everywhere prevalent during the last two years. In him the Civil Service of this Island has to deplore the loss of one of its most promising members.” (<i>Colombo Journal</i>.)</p> <p>A great square tomb.</p>
974 ..	Dec. 7 1832	Mary Ann Newman Nash	<p>.. To the Memory of MARY ANNE NEWMAN, Wife of Lieut. NASH of H. M. Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who departed this life 7th Decr., 1832, aged 29 Years & 6 Months.</p> <p>Second Lieutenant Francis Rowland Nash joined on March 1, 1827; First Lieutenant April 18, 1829, <i>vice</i> R. Gray. Lieutenant and Mrs. Nash arrived at Trincomalee by the schooner <i>Henrietta</i> on April 5, 1829. They lost a child, Priscilla, buried at Trincomalee, on November 18, 1829.</p>
975 ..	June 11 1833	Thomas Fisher	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of THOMAS FISHER, Boatswain, H. M. S. <i>Fox</i>, aged 28 Years.</p>
976 ..	Aug. 21 1833	Edward Irving	<p>.. To the Memory of her dear and Lamented Husband and Friend, EDWARD IRVING, Lieutenant in His Majesty’s 61st Regiment. Departed this life August 21st, 1833, aged 24.</p> <p>Peace to his Ashes.</p> <p>Thou wert, thou art Cherished in my heart.</p> <p>JANE IRVING, Madras.</p> <p>He joined October 18, 1827.</p>
977 ..	Feb. 5 1834 Feb. 13 1834	Richard Brook William Brook	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of RICHARD BROOK, Esq., of Trincomalee, who departed this life 5th February, 1834, aged 36 years, beloved and respected by his numerous friends. Also his son, WILLIAM BROOK, who died on the 13th of the same month, aged 3 years and 11 months.</p> <p>A great square tomb.</p> <p>The name occurs spelt with or without the final <i>e</i>. He came from Whitby in Yorkshire, and succeeded Edward Killwick, who died June 9, 1822, as Master Attendant, Trincomalee. His “Observations of the Temperature of Trincomalee” are quoted by Bennett (p. 235). He was deputed by Government in 1832 to report how far the Mahaweli-ganga was navigable. Accordingly he proceeded up the river in a canoe, and had a staff of 200 pioneers and coolies to clear the jungle and carry the boat whenever he had to take to the land. He had got to somewhere in the neighbourhood of Alutnuwara when he had to abandon the river altogether, and finish the remainder of the journey to Kandy, some 25 or 30 miles, on horseback—until his horse fell down a precipice—and on foot. His report, entitled “Extracts from the Journal of an Excursion to Explore the Mahavilla Ganga undertaken by Direction of the Ceylon Government,” was published at the Wesleyan Mission Press, Colombo, in 1833. He also published “A Trip to Adam’s Peak or Sripada from Ratnapura in 1833,” in the <i>Colombo Journal</i> of that year.</p> <p>He married, on September 3, 1823, at Galle, Anna Cecilia, daughter of Jean David Rabinel, whose daughter, Ariana Maria, married his brother, George Shaw Brook of the Civil Branch of the Ordnance. G. S. Brook died at Colombo, November 3, 1839. A daughter of R. Brook’s, Oreanna, married at Galle, on November 3, 1846, Edward Charles Elwall, M.D. She married (2) Charles Patton Walker, C.C.S. Of the</p>

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
977 ..	Feb. 5 1834	.. Richard Brook— <i>contd.</i>	.. daughters of G. S. Brook, Eliza Cecilia and Anne Cecilia, married Thomas Gordon and Robert John Dunlop, respectively, at the Fort Church, Jaffna, on the same day, July 6, 1847. R. J. Dunlop, it appears, subsequently married another sister, Emilia. A daughter, Sarah Anne, married Henry Latham Maddock, a relative of Sir Henry Maddock, formerly of the Indian Civil Service, who was in charge of the coconut estates in the Jaffna Peninsula belonging to Sir Henry, on April 23, 1856. Ariana, daughter of George, a fifth daughter, married Benjamin Lindsay at the Fort Church, Jaffna, on January 8, 1858.
978 ..	Jan. 22 1835	.. Elizabeth Rumley	.. ELIZABETH aged 26 years, the beloved wife of G. RUMLEY, M.D., Asst. Surgeon, Ceylon Rifle Regt. “ Leaving an affectionate and disconsolate husband and four infant children.” (<i>Gazette.</i>) She was a Miss Elizabeth Braham, and married George Rumley, March 13, 1829, at St. John’s, Chundicully, Jaffna. Whether “ Braham ” is a mistake for “ Brahan ” I cannot say. The name seems to have been spelt both ways. George Rumley himself was buried at Trincomalee, April 15, 1840, aged 40. He was then Staff Surgeon.
979 ..	Jan. 23 1835	.. John Collins Antill	.. Major JOHN ANTILL, Late of the Ceylon Rifles, aged 65 Years. Lieutenant Antill, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, was gazetted Captain, October 26, 1806. He was commanding at Mannar in 1812; Deputy Assistant Commissary-General at Kandy in 1817–18; commanding Amunapoorra 1819–20; Four Corles 1812; Batticaloa 1823–24; Jaffna 1825. He married at Jaffna, on July 6, 1807, Anthonetta Theodora Vanderspar, Captain Cleather performing the ceremony. There was a Captain Henry Antill in the 73rd Regiment in 1818.
980 ..	July 2 1836	.. Lucretia Adriana Charlotta Lavalliere	Mrs. LAVALLIERE aged 54 Years. The <i>Gazette</i> states that she was in her 56th year. She was a daughter of Pieter Sluysken of the Dutch Company’s service, and married Jean Martin Lavalliere on June 16, 1799. He was Customs Master at Negombo in 1815; Sitting Magistrate and Customs Master, Hambantota, from October 17, 1818; and Assistant Customs Master, Galle, from 1826. He died at Galle in 1831. (See No. 533.)
981 ..	Aug. 9 1837	.. Anthonetta Theodora Antill	ANTHONETTA THEODORA (Relict of the late Major JOHN ANTILL) aged 52 Years. (See No. 979.)
982 ..	Nov. 16 1837	.. John Gibson Dickson	.. Sacred to the Memory of JOHN GIBSON DICKSON, Senior Lieutenant of Her Majesty’s Ship <i>Manchester</i> , who departed this life in this harbour aged 40 Years. This stone is erected by the Captain and Officers as a testimony of their sincere regard.
983 ..	1837	.. Oliver St. John Travers St. John	.. In Memory of OLIVER & TRAVERS, Infant sons of Doctor St. JOHN, Staff Surgeon, 1837. The wife of Charles St. John, M.D., had a son born at Trincomalee, April 28, 1836.
984 ..	May 9 1838	.. Andrew Halliday Hall	.. Sacred to the Memory of A. H. HALL, Esq., Staff Assistant Surgeon, who died the 9th May, 1838, in his 31st Year, sincerely regretted by all who knew him. “ His illness had been lingering and painful, and his death long expected.” He married at Trincomalee, on August 25, 1836, Mary Eliza Louisa, eldest daughter of Captain Gustavus Adolphus Tranchell, Ceylon Rifles. She married (2) Lieutenant-Colonel Cochrane, and (3) the Rev. Samuel Owen Glenie, afterwards Archdeacon. She died in 1892. Her son by Surgeon Hall, Andrew Halliday, born October 5, 1837, became a Captain in the Army and died at Belize, British Honduras, in 1887, leaving a daughter, Ethel. (See Nos. 1,003, 1,008.)

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
985 ..	Nov. 5 1838	.. Robert Newell Bull	.. Beneath are deposited the remains of ROBERT NEWELL BULL, son of Lieut. HENRY BULL, 78th Highlanders aged 11 Months and 9 Days. This lovely bud so young & fair Called hence by early doom, Just came to show how sweet a flower In Paradise would bloom. Lieutenant John Edward Newell Bull married Sarah Gunn at Kandy on April 17, 1830. This appears to have been the second son called by this name, for he had a son born at Kandy on May 1, 1834, named Robert Newell. Both therefore died in infancy.
986 ..	June 9 1839	.. Hugh Sally	.. Sacred to the Memory of Sergt. HUGH SALLY, of H. M. 18th Royal Irish Regt., who departed this life on the 9th day of June, 1839, aged 29 Years. This Monument was erected by his brother Sergeants as a token of their esteem.
987 ..	Aug. 15 1839	.. A. E. F. Cummings	.. To the Memory of Mr. A. E. F. CUMMINGS, Late Master's Assistant of H. M. S. <i>Jupiter</i> Ætat 27 Years.
988 ..	Dec. 17 1839	.. James Soley	.. Sacred to the Memory of Sergeant JAMES SOLEY, of H. M. 18th Royal Irish Regt., who departed this life on the 17th day of December, 1839, aged 40 Years. Oh ! Ye who never left your native home, Whose peaceful bosoms never wished to roam, Reflect a moment on a soldier's doom, And drop a tear of pity on his tomb. Hard was his fate on foreign shore to fall, In manhood's bloom, beloved and mourned by all. This Monument has been erected by his brother Sergeants as a token of their esteem. “ In the midst of life we are in death.” He was shot by Private Callaghan of the same regiment, who underwent the capital penalty on April 27, 1840, after two trials, one by court martial and one by the Supreme Court. The epitaph was written on Lieutenant-Colonel Dunbar Hunter, 19th Regiment, by Lieutenant T. A. Anderson of the same regiment, and is included in his book of “ Poems ” published in 1809. There are some verbal alterations: “ a moment on ” instead of “ awhile upon,” “ drop a tear of pity on his tomb ” instead of “ sigh one moment o'er his early tomb,” “ hard was his fate ” for “ severe his fate,” “ foreign ” for “ stranger ” in the same line, “ bloom ” for “ noon ” in the last. But Lieutenant-Colonel Hunter had no memorial erected to him. According to Lieutenant Anderson, though he died at Trincomalee he was buried in the Pettah Cemetery, Colombo.
989 ..	March 27 1841	.. Frances Matilda Sargent	.. To the Memory of MATILDA, the beloved and affectionate wife of Major J. J. SARGENT, 18th Royal Irish. She fell asleep in the full assurance of an eternal rest through the atonement of the blood of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Died at Trincomalee A daughter, Grace Georgiana, married Lieutenant Henry Bird, Ceylon Rifles, at Trincomalee, March 27, 1847 (see No. 646). This was not the Lieutenant H. Bird who became a coffee planter and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Ceylon Rifles, but another Lieutenant H. Bird who became a General, was in charge of the Military Train at Woolwich, and was at one time Governor of the Gold Coast. He was Irish, and so were the Sargents. Mrs. Sargent is described as being a typical Irish woman. General and Mrs. Bird after his retirement lived and died at Killinardrish, County Cork.

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
990 ..	June 19 1844	George Hills	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of Colr.-Sergt. GEORGE HILLS, H. M. 90th Lt. Infantry aged 27 Years.</p> <p>This Monument was erected by his comrade Sergeants as a mark of the esteem in which he was held by them.</p> <p>"Attacked suddenly with fever and died the following morning at 5 o'clock." (<i>Colombo Observer.</i>) He attended church with the detachment the Sunday before.</p>
991 ..	July 23 1844	Mary St. Hill	<p>.. Here repose in the joyful hope of a resurrection to eternal life all that was mortal of MARY, the beloved wife of HENRY ST. HILL, Esq. She exchanged this life for immortality on the 23rd July, 1844.</p> <p>Her sorrowing husband (by whom this is erected) and children look with humble hope for a re-union with her on that Great Day, when her virtues as a Christian wife and mother will be revealed by the Judge of all flesh.</p> <p>Aged 45. Henry St. Hill was Ordnance Storekeeper.</p>
992 ..	April 4 1845	Charles Webster	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of CHARLES WEBSTER, Esq., Acting Government Agent of this Province, who died at Trincomalee aged 34 Years.</p> <p>"He had gone out in the execution of his duty during the heat of the day in a palanquin, and when about 4 miles from Trincomalee was seized by a fit of apoplexy and expired before he could be carried home." (<i>Colombo Observer.</i>)</p> <p>He was appointed to the Civil Service July 29, 1830; Extra Assistant at the Secretariat, 1833; Assistant to the Government Agent, Northern Province, 1836; Assistant Government Agent, Mannar, March 1, 1836; Acting District Judge, Kandy North, November 1, 1839; ditto, Kandy South, February 1, 1842; and Acting Government Agent, Eastern Province, September 1, 1844.</p>
993 ..	April 30 1846	William Henry Ford	<p>.. Capt. W. H. FORD, R.E., eldest son of the late Major-General FORD of the same Corps. Born 8th September, 1806</p>
994 ..	Jan. 8 1849	Eliza Francina Holgate	<p>.. LIFE HOW SHORT ETERNITY HOW LONG.</p> <p>Sacred to the Memory of ELIZA FRANCINA, Wife of Mr. R. B. HOLGATE aged 21 Years.</p> <p>Leaving a husband and two children and a large circle of relations to lament her loss.</p>
	Aug. 19 1847	Robert Baird Holgate	<p>.. Also ROBERT BAIRD, Son of the above aged 10 months.</p> <p>Robert Baird Holgate married Eliza Francina South at Trincomalee, July 16, 1846.</p> <p>Sergeant Edward Holgate, of the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, was appointed 2nd Lieutenant, Ceylon Pioneer Lascars, on September 1, 1816. R. B. Holgate was probably his son.</p> <p>2nd Lieutenant Edward Holgate, Ceylon Rifles, was Assistant Commissary at Kandy in 1827-28. Mrs. Holgate's second Christian name shows her to have been of Dutch descent.</p>
995 ..	June 20 1849	Edward Argles	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of EDWARD ARGLES, M.R.C.S., who died at Trincomalee aged 30 Years.</p> <p>He is described in the obituary notice as late of Brunswick terrace, Commercial road, County Middlesex, Surgeon, "in charge of the Trincomalee Pauper Hospital and General Dispensary."</p>
996 ..	Oct. 7 1852	Charles John Austen	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of His Excellency C. J. AUSTEN, Esq., Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Rear Admiral of the Red and Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces on the East India and China Station, died off Prome, the 7th October, 1852, while in command of the Naval Expedition on the river Irrawady against the Burmese Forces, aged 73 years.</p>

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
996 ..	Oct. 7 1852	.. Charles John Austen— <i>contd.</i>	<p>It is presumed that this is merely a cenotaph, and that his remains are not buried here. He was a brother of Jane Austen the novelist, who had two brothers in the Navy, this one being the younger. He went out in the <i>Hastings</i> in command of the East India and China Station in 1850, but on the breaking out of the Burmese war he transferred his flag to a steam sloop in order to get up the Irrawady. He died of cholera. There is an obituary notice of him in the <i>Gentleman's Magazine</i>, April, 1853, p. 438, extending to two columns.</p> <p>The other brother, Francis, was a G.C.B. and Senior Admiral of the Fleet. He died in 1865, aged 93. He commanded the East India Station from 1844 to 1848. Jane, as regards date of birth came between the two, having been born on December 10, 1775. She died on July 18, 1817, at Winchester. Their father was Rector of Steventon, Hants.</p>
997 ..	April 14 1853	.. Robert Lionel Bayly	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of ROBERT LIONEL BAYLY, Esq., Sub-Collector of H. M. Customs, Trincomalee aged 35 years.</p> <p>He was a son of Major T. Bayly (see No. 95). He was Sub-Collector of Customs at Balapitmodera 1841; ditto at Barbery 1842-44; ditto at Trincomalee 1845-53.</p>
998 ..	June 23 1855	.. Robert Atherton	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of ROBERT ATHERTON, Esq., Acting Government Agent of the Eastern Province and late of Her Majesty's Royal Navy aged 54 years.</p>
	April 15 1879	.. Marianne Mitford Massie ..	<p>Also of MARIANNE MITFORD, his daughter, the dearly beloved wife of ROBERT MASSIE, C.C.S., who died at Trincomalee aged 43.</p> <p>Robert Atherton was Superintendent, Sitting Magistrate, and Fiscal of Delft from December 5, 1825; Assistant Collector of Customs, Jaffna, January 1, 1831; Assistant to the Government Agent, Eastern Province, from November 1, 1835; ditto Northern Province, March 1, 1836; Assistant Government Agent, Eastern Province, February, 1839; Acting District Judge, Batticaloa, 1841; Assistant to the Government Agent at Batticaloa, September 16, 1845.</p> <p>Robert Atherton was born December 8, 1801, fourth son of Colonel John Joseph Atherton, Royal Lancashire Fencible Cavalry, of Walton or Woolton Hall, Lancashire, and of Street, Derbyshire, by Marian, eldest daughter of Bertram Mitford, Esq., of Mitford Castle. Colonel and Mrs. Atherton were for many years at the Court of George III., the Colonel being an A. D. C. to that monarch. His son, Robert, was for some time a purser in the Navy, and served under Captain Marryat in the <i>Lorne</i> in the first Burmese war, and was honourably mentioned for bravery in Captain Marryat's despatches. He subsequently entered the Ceylon Civil Service. In a criticism of the administration of Mr. Stewart Mackenzie by "<i>Britannia</i>," which was quoted in the <i>Colombo Observer</i> in 1841, the writer says: "We are credibly informed that a gentleman was raised to the Judgeship of the District Court of Ceylon with a salary of £1,000 per annum, who was brought up to the profession of a seaman, and who was destitute of the commonest requisites for his legal office."</p> <p>When Superintendent of Delft he married at Kayts, April 24, 1826, Eleanor Toler, fourth daughter of Dr. George Burleigh (see No. 800). There was a Rodney Atherton in the Ceylon Rifles, probably a brother. His wife had a daughter at Jaffna, July 24, 1833.</p> <p>Robert Massie was a brother of James Massie, C.C.S. (see No. 235). He retired in 1888 as District Judge of Kurunegala. He married (2) a sister of his deceased wife. In 1887 he printed a list of "Inscriptions on Tombstones at Trincomalee" up to the year 1871.</p>

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
999	1847-1855	Men of the 37th Regiment	Sacred to the Memory of MEN of Her Majesty's 37 Regiment of foot, who departed this life at Trincomalee in the years 1847, 1848, '49, '50, '54, '55. Their names are inscribed on the other sides of this Monument, which is erected by their officers and comrades as a tribute of esteem and regard to departed worth and in token of the respect & affection in which their memory is held. <p>"In 1849 dysentery was very prevalent at Trincomalee among the men of the 37th, carrying off four." (<i>Colombo Observer</i>.) There are inscribed on the monument the names of 54 men, viz., 5 sergeants, 1 corporal, and 48 privates, the first death being on May 3, 1847, and the last on March 29, 1856. The 37th North Hampshire Regiment, now the 1st Battalion Hampshire Regiment, during its stay in Ceylon, which was almost contemporaneous with that of the 15th Regiment, lost, like that regiment, three officers by death, one of them being the Quartermaster. The 37th erected a monument to its men, the 15th to its officers (see No. 29). The officers of the 37th who died in Ceylon were Captain Filder at Nuwara Eliya in 1853, Lieutenant Roberts at Trincomalee in 1853, and Quartermaster Chisholm at Colombo in 1850.</p>
1000	Feb. 24 1856	John Roberts	Sacred to the Memory of JOHN ROBERTS, Lt. of H. M. S. 37th Regiment aged 34 Years. Deceased was an upright & manly soldier, and much respected by his comrades.
1001	May 3 1856	Maria Lydia Adair	In Memory of MARIA LYDIA, Widow of WILLIAM ADAIR, Esq., who departed this life aged 78 Years.
1002	Feb. 2 1858	Margaret Susan Hook	Sacred to the Memory of MARGARET SUSAN, the beloved wife of Captain LIONEL HOOK, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who departed this life aged 24 Years. <p>She was a daughter of Captain Meaden, C.R.R., and married Captain Hook at Kandy on January 9, 1857. Captain Hook married (2) at Trincomalee, on July 17, 1860, Anna Campbell Watson.</p>
1003	Dec. 12 1860	George Cochrane	Sacred to the Memory of GEORGE COCHRANE, Esq., late Lt.-Col. C. R. Regiment. He entered into his rest aged 70 Years. <p>He was appointed Commandant of Jaffna in January, 1841. He was with his regiment at Dambulla in August, 1848, engaged in the suppression of the Matale rebellion. He was for some time Commanding Officer of the Rifles, succeeding Colonel Braybrooke, and was succeeded by Colonel William Twisleton Layard, a brother of Sir Charles Peter Layard, senior. (See No. 823.)</p>
1004	July 12 1862	A. McPherson	Sacred to the Memory of Colr. A. MCPHERSON, H. M. 50th Regiment, Knight of the Legion of Honour, who was accidentally shot at this station while performing the duties of assistant Instructor in Musketry, aged 38 Years. This stone was erected by his comrade Soldiers as a token of their regard and esteem. <p>It is presumed that by "Colr." is meant "Colour-Sergeant."</p>
1005	April 30 1863	Sibella Estreaux Ramsay	Sacred to the Memory of Mrs. SIBELLA ESTREAUX RAMSAY, who departed this life at Trincomalee aged 69 Years and 11 Months.
1006	June 14 1864	Selena Hood Symons	SELENA ELIZA, the beloved wife of C. E. HOOD SYMONS, Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, who departed this life at Trincomalee, aged 23 Years. <p>She was a Miss Dane Waller, and married Lieutenant Symons on March 10, 1864, at Kandy. Mr. John Ferguson in one of his "Reminiscences" refers to "the two fair sisters, the Miss Wallers, both</p>

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1006 ..	June 14 1864	Selena Hood Symons— <i>contd.</i>	married in Ceylon." The other sister, Frances Tazeena, married at Colombo, in 1862, George Denis Browne Harrison, who came out to Ceylon about 1856 on the railway survey under Captain Moorsom, and was afterwards partner of William Martin Leake in Ceylon, which he left in 1872. He was at one time the planters' representative in Council, and was known as "King of Kandy." He died in 1909, Mrs. Harrison three years earlier. Lieutenant Symons was sent to Trincomalee to inspect and condemn the old ordnance there. He retired from the Army, and has ever since been a Colombo merchant. He is one of its oldest residents, was first Commanding Officer of the Ceylon Artillery Volunteers, and has obtained the V. D. decoration.
1007 ..	Sept. 22 1865	Reginald Birch	.. REGINALD, the beloved child of J. W. BIRCH, C.C.S., and of EMILY, his wife. Born 3rd September, 1861. James Wheler Woodford Birch (see No. 146) married at Trincomalee, on November 21, 1855, Emily Maria Campbell, daughter of Luke Kelly, M.D. He was assassinated by Malays on November 2, 1875, at Pasir Salak on the Perak river. (See "Malay Sketches," by Sir F. A. Swettenham.) Their son, Sir Ernest Charles Woodford Birch, K.C.M.G., of the Straits Civil Service, retired, was born at Trincomalee, April 22, 1857.
1008 ..	March 31 1866	Gustavus Adolphus Tranchell	To the Memory of Lt.-Col. G. A. TRANCHELL, late Ceylon Rifle Regiment aged 79 Years. He was second son of John Tranchell (see Nos. 317 and 938), and was born at Galle in 1787. He married, while in the 3rd Ceylon Regiment in 1813, Elizabeth, daughter of Captain Selway, 89th Regiment. He had numerous children by this marriage. One daughter, Mary Eliza, married (1) Staff Assistant Surgeon Hall (see No. 984), (2) Lieutenant-Colonel Cochrane (see No. 1003), and (3) Archdeacon Samuel Owen Glenie, Chaplain of Trincomalee. Another daughter, Selina, married the Rev. George Hole of the Wesleyan Mission, himself said to be of Swedish descent. A third married Captain Durnford, Ceylon Rifles. A son was Major Edward Frederick Tranchell, Ceylon Rifles, and later of the Ceylon Police. Another son, Major Gustavus Adolphus Tranchell, Ceylon Rifles, became a planter in the Straits Settlements. He married, on September 1, 1866, at Trincomalee, Amelia Catherine O'Grady. A son of the Rev. G. Hole, George Adolphus Hole, Salt Superintendent of Puttalam, married Catherine Jane, daughter of John Edmund Walbeoff, and grandson of John Walbeoff (see No. 110). Her mother was a sister of A. H. Roosmalecocq, C.C.S.
1009 ..	May 14 1866	Robert Muir Gilchrist	.. Sacred to the Memory of ROBERT MUIR GILCHRIST, M.D., Staff Assistant Surgeon, who died at Trincomalee aged 33 Years. 'In the midst of life we are in death.' This stone is erected by the Medical officers serving in Ceylon during the years 1864-7. He was at Colombo in 1863.
1010 ..	Feb. 9 1867	Arthur Henry Turner	.. Sacred to the memory of ARTHUR HENRY TURNER, of the Ceylon Civil Service, son of EDWARD SHEWELL TURNER of Clapham, Surrey, England aged 21 years. I have heard a story that he died from eating sardines (the Ceylon fish), which at certain times of the year are poisonous. He was appointed a Writer February 10, 1866; attached to the Colombo Kachcheri March 8, 1866; Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, April 16, 1866.
1011 ..	June 24 1867	Elizabeth Tranchell	.. To the Memory of ELIZABETH, beloved wife of Lt.-Col. C. A. TRANCHELL, who died loved and respected by all who knew her. (See No. 317.)

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1012 ..	April 13 1868	.. August Bergen Huin ..	HARUNDER HIVILAR FINSKE GAKAPATENEN AUGUST BERGEN HUIN. 18 13/4 68. He was Captain of the Finnish barque the <i>Victor</i> , and his age was 26 years.
1013 ..	June 4 1869	.. Fredrick Reeve ..	.. FREDRICK REEVE, Major, 73 Regiment. Born 10th March, 1826 Aged 43 Years. Major Reeve fell out of the upper verandah of his house and thence to the ground, sustained mortal injuries, and died in ten minutes after the arrival of the doctor. (See No. 40.)
1014 ..	July 10 1869	.. Bertram Mitford ..	.. Sacred to the Memory of BERTRAM MITFORD, R.N., Paymaster of H.M.S. <i>Cossack</i> , who was drowned at Trincomalie Bertram appears to be a favourite name in the family of Mitfords of Mitford Castle, Northumber- land. He was a member of that family, and therefore a relative of Robert Atherton's. He was drowned in the harbour while trying to swim back to his vessel after dining on shore. He was a cousin of E. L. Mitford, C.C.S., whose fourth son, Bertram Mitford, is a novelist of the present day. His age was 32.
1015 ..	Sept. 5 1875	.. William H. Clark ..	.. Sacred to the Memory of WILLIAM H. CLARK, Esq., Fleet Surgeon, R.N., H.M.S. <i>Undaunted</i> aged 52.
1016 ..	Aug. 1 1877	.. M. H. Scott ..	.. Sacred to the Memory of Gunner M. H. SCOTT, 12th Battery, 7th Brigade, Royal Artillery, who was lost in the jungle, Fort Ostenburgh, August 1st, 1877. His remains were found December 30th, 1878. Aged 21 years 8 months. This stone is erected by his comrades. The following paragraphs appeared in the <i>Ceylon Observer</i> of August 10 and 11, 1877 :— “On Wednesday last three soldiers went out monkey shooting towards Nicholson's cove, about two or three miles from the town. Two men returned, and the other is not to be found. Every day the Comman- dant sends a party of men to explore the jungle, but without success. A dog belonging to the missing soldier returned to town three days after the man was missed, and various are the surmises as to the master's fate.” “The missing soldier, who went out with two or three companions shooting in the jungle near the Ostenberg Fort, has not since been heard of. Efforts have been made to find him, but they have been unavailing. The man left all his money, &c., in the barracks, and therefore could not have contemplated desertion. The jungle is close to the town and of very small area. He could not go very far in any direction without coming to the sea or into the open town. It is possible that he may have fallen from the rocks into the sea, but, though the coast has been carefully searched, no body has been found. A shark, however, may have prevented that. A short while since a soldier was left for dead by some natives (arrack sellers, of course), who had beaten him with a hedgestake. This man now miss- ing, who was, it is feared, rather hasty-tempered, may have been put out of the way under somewhat similar circumstances.” But none of these conjectures proved correct. He was simply lost in a limited area of jungle, and it took one year and five months to find the remains.
1017 ..	April 3 1880	.. Charles Jones ..	.. Sacred to the Memory of Gunner CHARLES JONES, 13th Battery, 7th Brigade, R.A., who was acci- dentally killed by falling from “Fort Ostenburgh” rampart aged 38 years.

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1018 ..	Jan. 29 1884	Robert Shafto Hedley ..	In Memoriam. ROBERT SHAFTO HEDLEY, Lieutenant, Royal Engineers. Drowned in Trincomalee Harbour aged 27 Years. Erected by his friends in the East. He had landed on an island in the harbour, and while there his boat drifted away. He swam out in his clothes to recover it and was drowned.
1019 ..	May 20 1886	Arthur S. Ramsey ..	In Memory of ARTHUR S. RAMSEY, Staff Paymaster, R.N., H.M.S. <i>Turquoise</i> aged 42 years. Erected by his Shipmates.
1020 ..	July 16 1886	W. A. B. Fyers ..	W. A. B. FYERS, Chief Surveyor, Eastern Province. He was the eldest son of Lieutenant-Colonel A. B. Fyers, R.E., late Surveyor-General of Ceylon.
1021 ..	June 18 1888	G. Redstone ..	Gunner G. REDSTONE, 9th Battery, 1st Brigade, 'Southern Division,' R.A., who was killed by the premature explosion of a cartridge whilst firing minute guns at Ft. Ostenburgh aged 26 Years and 9 months.
1022 ..	Sept. 16 1888	Caroline Mary Burmester ..	CAROLINE MARY BURMESTER, Wife of Major-Genl. BURMESTER, C.B., aged 68. Mother of Major Burmester, R.A., who was then stationed at Trincomalee.
1023 ..	1889	Men of the Gordon Highlanders	Erected by the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, & Men of "K" Company, 1st Battln., Gordon Highlanders, to the memory of their Comrades who died at Trincomalee, 1889 :— [A Colour-Sergeant and two Privates.]
1024 ..	Dec. 6 1890	James George Wilkie ..	Sacred to the Memory of JAMES GEORGE WILKIE, of H.M.S. <i>Boadicea</i> , who died at Trincomalee of fever contracted whilst on active service in the Witu Expedition. This stone is erected by Commander MONTGOMERIE, R.N., to whom he was personal servant, as a token of affection and esteem which was shared by all who knew him.
1025 ..	April 13 1892	Douglas Reynolds Lambert ..	In Memory of DOUGLAS REYNOLDS LAMBERT, Lieutenant in the Royal Engineers, son of Major-Genl. WALTER RATHBORNE and ELIZABETH JANE LAMBERT. Born at Kurrachee, on the 1st of October, 1868. Died at this place.
1026 ..	May 17 1892	Charles Sedgfield Donner ..	CHARLES SEDGFIELD DONNER, Flag Captain H.M.S. <i>Boadicea</i> . Born January 27th, 1848 He died while out shooting in the Kottiyar jungle.
1027 ..	June 4 1898	H. G. Leonard ..	In Memory of Major H. G. LEONARD, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, who died at Trincomalee. Erected by his Brother Officers.
1028 ..	May 7 1899	Charles Frank Miller ..	CHARLES FRANK MILLER, of Niton, Isle of Wight, aged 25 years.
1029	March 23 1900	John Henry Edmund Gervan ..	Sacred to the Memory of JOHN HENRY EDMUND GERVAN, Elder son of JOHN SPEAR GERVAN, J.P., of Bally Gawley, County Tyrone, Ireland, aged 25 years.
1030 ..	April 17 1903	William Smith ..	Gunner WILLIAM SMITH, 87th Co., R.G.A. Accidentally killed on duty aged 21 years.
1031 ..	June 7 1903	John Grant ..	JOHN GRANT, Assistant Paymaster, H.M.S. <i>High-flyer</i> , who died at Trincomalee, aged 21 years. Erected by his brother Officers.
1032 ..	Dec 12 1903	Louis M. Jackson ..	LOUIS M. JACKSON, Lieutenant, Royal Engineers, accidentally drowned in Kottiar Bay aged 26 years. Lieutenant Jackson was very fond of boating. He had an open boat, the <i>Seabird</i> , in which he sailed from Trincomalee to Madras in 1903, leaving on July 11 and arriving on July 14, and accompanied only by his dog. He returned the same way, leaving Negapatam on July 19 and arriving at Point Pedro on 22nd, where he anchored for a day or two, as he was suffering from fever.

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1033 ..	1904	Philip Marks	<p>Rev'd. PHILIP MARKS, 1828-1904. Missionary S.P.G. and for 14 years Military Chaplain.</p> <p>Mr. Marks was for years at Buona Vista, Galle. He succeeded the Rev. George Mackenzie as Military Chaplain at Trincomalee, in May, 1891, and was the last of the permanent chaplains.</p>
1034 ..	Dec. 25 1908	Percy Braybrooke Molesworth	<p>In memory of Major PERCY BRAYBROOKE MOLESWORTH, R.E., F.R.A.S., born April 2nd, 1867, died December 25th, 1908.</p> <p>And he looking steadfastly into heaven saw the Glory of the Lord.</p> <p>(The text was no doubt suggested by the date of death—the eve of St. Stephen's day.)</p> <p>"The death of Major P. B. Molesworth, late R.E., took place at the Naval Commissioner's house on Friday morning at 2 A.M." It was therefore really on the 26th.</p> <p>Belonging to a military family, he joined the Royal Engineers as a Lieutenant in February, 1886. He was promoted Captain in 1896, and received his majority in May, 1904, from which rank he retired. While stationed at Trincomalee with the Royal Engineers, Major Molesworth took to the planter's life, and decided to settle down there. He became proprietor, with Mr. G. N. C. Molesworth, his brother, of Killanan estate, Kiniyai, Trincomalee, a valuable and extensive property. Major Molesworth was well known to the scientific world as a keen astronomer (not, we think, astrologer, as our contemporary says), and scientific authorities at home have often been advised by him of phenomena observed in Ceylon. Like most scientific men, Major Molesworth was quiet and retiring; but he counted many friends in Ceylon, some—like Mr. H. O. Barnard—being keen students, too, of his astral hobby.</p> <p>A friend of his wrote the following account of his life in the <i>Times of Ceylon</i> :—</p> <p>"Percy Braybrook Molesworth was born in Colombo in the house that for so many years has been the offices of the General Manager of the Ceylon Government Railway. At the time of his birth, in 1867, his father—Sir Guildford Molesworth—was the Engineer in Chief of the line in course of construction to Kandy, so the late Major may safely be said to have been connected with this Colony in many ways from the date of his birth.</p> <p>"Inheriting a large share of his father's well-known talents, he ever associated himself with matters of scientific bearing.</p> <p>"His astronomical studies in general, and those connected with the planet Jupiter in particular, were far-reaching and important; and Major Molesworth's work in this connection will long command respect with astronomers.</p> <p>"Owing to health considerations, and to his peculiar affection for Trincomalee, he settled down there, or, more correctly speaking, at his estate on the south of Kotiaar bay. He rapidly and energetically threw himself into the work of developing land up the Mahawilliganga valley, and, aided by his devoted brother, he set about the cultivation of various products, that included coconuts, rubber, tobacco, and cotton. One particular feature of his enterprise was that of irrigating land with windmills—a scheme full of promise and worthy of further attention in the dry country of the Eastern Province.</p> <p>"Motor boats, entirely built by the two brothers, used often to ply the waters of the Mahawilliganga; and the writer distinctly remembers a visit made in one of these home-built vessels to Lowlands estate, where he was shown some of the largest Ceara rubber trees in Ceylon.</p> <p>"Retiring, and somewhat shy in his habits, and unassuming to a fault, Major Molesworth yet possessed a charm of manner and personality peculiarly his own. His quickness of brain, added to his naturally scientific bias, made his views not only</p>

Burial Ground, on the Esplanade, Trincomalee—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1034 ..	Dec. 25 1908	Percy Braybrooke Molesworth— <i>contd.</i>	deeply interesting in his exposition of them, but farsighted. * * * * *
1035 ..	1897-1899	Men of H.M.S. Eclipse ..	“.....not only was he one of the best-hearted of men, but his character was that of a true, right-minded, upright, and fearless friend.” Erected by the Officers and Men, H. M. S. <i>Eclipse</i> , in memory of EDWARD L. TAILOR, E.R.A., who died 19th July, 1899. Also GEORGE STEPHEN, Domestic 1st Class. Died 14th June, 1897, & was buried at Sea. Also HENRY CLARK, Stoker, who died 2nd March, 1898, & was buried at Karachi. Also JOHN HOOPER, Stoker, who died 24th September, 1899, and was buried at Sea.
1036 ..	1884-1899	Officers and Men of the Royal Engineers	UBIQUE. UBIQUE QUO—FAS ET—GLORIA DUCUNT Lt. R. S. HEDLEY, R.E. Died 29th Jany., 1884. Lt. D. R. LAMBERT, R.E. Died 13th April, 1892. Lt. L. M. JACKSON, R.E. Died 12th Decr., 1903. Sacred to the Memory of Royal Engineers who have died at Trincomalee. From Jany. A.D. 1884. Erected by the Royal Engineers quartered at Trincomalee, A.D. 1899. [Here follow the names of 3 Sergeants, 11 Corporals, Second Corporals, and Lance-Corporals, and 11 Sappers.]
1037 ..	1899-1901	Men of the Southern Division, Royal Garrison Artillery	Sacred to the memory of the under-mentioned N.C.O.'s and Men of 34th Company, Southern Division, R.G.A. [Names of 2 Bombardiers and 3 Gunners, one of the former EDMUND GERVAN (see No. 1029). Two of the Gunners were drowned in the Harbour on May 23, 1901.] This Monument was erected by their Comrades.
1038 ..	1902-1904	Men of the 87th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery	Sacred to the memory of the under-mentioned N.C.O.'s & Men of No. 87th Company, R. G Artillery, who died at Trincomalee between October, 1902, and January, 1904. [Here follow the names of 8 Gunners and a Bombardier.] Erected by officers and men of the Company as a token of respect to their memory.

Wesleyan Chapel, Trincomalee.

1039 ..	Jan. 21 1831	Elizabeth Kats ..	Sacred to the memory of ELIZABETH, wife of Revd. J. KATS, who departed this life 21st Jany., 1831, aged 31 years and 22 days. Her sun is gone down while it was yet day. Jer. 15, 10. Put not your trust in health or youth But trust in heaven whose gifts they are, And now the solemn voice of truth Hear—and to meet your God prepare. J. CRABB, 1831. (See No. 352.) The Rev. J. C. Kats was afterwards Chaplain of St. Paul's, Colombo.
1040 ..	May 5 1870	Emma Brown ..	In memory of EMMA, the beloved wife of the Revd. J. BROWN, Wesleyan Missionary, who died at Trincomalee, May 5th, 1870, aged 30. Mr. Brown was at Jaffna as acting Chairman of North Ceylon District in place of Rev. Edmund Rigg from 1878 to 1880. He was in Trincomalee as Superintending Missionary from 1866 to 1870. Mr. Brown and his two colleagues, Revs. Edmund Rigg and John Otley Rhodes, were married on the same day at Colombo in 1869. Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Rhodes

Wesleyan Chapel, Trincomalee—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1040 ..	May 5 1870	Emma Brown—contd. ..	died shortly after. Mr. Brown was then transferred to Batticaloa in 1870 as Superintending Missionary. He afterwards took a trip to England in 1872 and married his second wife, the daughter of the late Rev. John Kilner, D.D., and returned to Batticaloa and worked for several years.
1041 ..	April 25 1836	Ann Morris ..	Sacred to the Memory of ANN, wife of H. B. MORRIS, Hospital Sergeant, 61st Regt., and only daughter of THOMAS SPRING, Esq., Ireland, who after a short illness departed this life on the 25th April, Anno Domino 1836, aged 32 years, leaving 3 children to lament her loss. Here rests a woman good without pretence, Blest with plain reason & with sober sense, Devotion undebased by pride or art, With meek simplicity, & joy of heart, So unaffected, so composed a mind, So firm yet soft, so strong yet so refined, Unblamed, unequalled, in each sphere of life. This tomb was erected by her affectionate husband.

Muttur, Kottiyar, Trincomalee District.

1042	This is the White man's Tree under which ROBERT KNOX was captured. A.D. 1659. This stone was placed here in 1893. To the late Mr. Hugh Nevill, C.C.S., is due the credit of the erection of this stone under the celebrated tamarind tree, but, as was pointed out by the late Mr. Donald Ferguson, "1659" should be "1660." Knox was captured in April, but it was 1660, the year 1659 ended in March. The tree measured in 1907, at 4 feet 3 inches from the ground, 33 feet 5 inches in girth.
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KURUNEGALA.

THE old military burial ground, which lies near the junction of Edinburgh street with the Kandy road, occupied a part of or adjoined the compound in which stood the Wesleyan Mission House opened on December 30, 1821. There is, or was to be seen some years ago, on a heap of *débris* in the burial ground a portion of a stone with the letters "SION HOUSE, 1821," evidently the latter portion of the word "MISSION." This is all that remains of the chapel and house, which, after the end of 1829, when the resident missionary was withdrawn, "were disposed of to the Government to be used as a court-house." The site, as it then was, and the buildings are described by Mr. Newstead, the first missionary at Kurunegala, in a letter dated July 21, 1821: "I have had the happiness to see in two months from its commencement the framework of a noble house, and the outline of a sweet garden Without doubt it will be one of the finest buildings in the Kandyan country, which is in a great measure owing to its lovely situation. A road only separates our garden from the great rock behind it, which is a delightful shelter in some seasons and always a beauty. The front of the building is quite open, and commands a view of the whole country cantonnement across a small valley. The two sides of the house command the most enchanting view of near and distant mountains, fields, and woods. From the front of the house the garden lies on a fine slope, and is bounded by another new road. A new barrack and resthouse have been completed." (Quoted in Spence Hardy, pp. 146-7, 153.)

One reason why the mission was abandoned was the unhealthiness of Kurunegala, a reputation which it long retained, but "even Trincomalee and Kurunegala have now ceased to be regarded as necessarily fatal to Europeans, although at the latter, when it was an important military post, one-third of the whole European population succumbed to the fever, which is still so fatal to the natives, in one year." (A. M. F. in *Ceylon Observer*.)

Garrison Burial Ground, Kurunegala.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1043 ..	Feb. 8 1821	Alexander McBean	.. Sacred to the memory of Capt. ALEX. McBEAN, who died Feby. 8th, 1821, aged 40 Years. Requiescat in pace. Captain McBean of the 83rd was commanding the Lower Division of Seven Korales in 1820, and Staff Officer of Kurunegala in 1821. He probably succumbed to the dreaded fever of the district, which was then decidedly more virulent than it is now.
1044 ..	March 4 1824	Margaret Audain	.. Sacred to the memory of MARGARET, wife of Major AUDAIN, H. M. 16th Regt., who died at Kornegalle, March 4th, 1824, in the faith and hope of the Gospel, in the 49th year of her age, leaving her afflicted husband and bereaved family to lament their loss.

Mortalitate relicta vivit immortalitate induta.

"On account of the continuance and increase of the fatal fever in 1824 every European without exception in this and the contiguous districts was under the necessity of abandoning his station, but to many of them change of air afforded no relief, and many became victims to the disorder before their removal could be accomplished. Among the latter was Mrs. Audain, the wife of the Commandant, a woman whose profound piety and amiable disposition rendered her a universal favourite. Throughout her protracted affliction she manifested the utmost submission to the dispensations of Providence Mr. Hardy proceeds to relate examples of her and her daughter's puritanical type of piety. A monument was erected to her memory in the graveyard of the mission." (P. 151.)

The following account of the Audains is by Mr. F. H. Modder of Kurunegala:—

"Major Audain was the Commandant at Kurunegala in 1824. He sent for his daughters, Georgiana and Margaret, who were in England at the time. The daughters arrived at Colombo, and Major and Mrs. Audain went down to escort them to Kurunegala. The trip to the metropolis, in those primitive days of road-making was tedious and weary beyond measure, not to speak of the risk and danger of exposure to the malaria which its undertaking entailed, and it took nearly a week to accomplish the journey. Mrs. Audain, it is thought, contracted the fell malarial fever, for which the unopened district lying between Kurunegala and Colombo was scandalously notorious, in the course of that perilous trip. She died after a short illness, and the dread disease seems to have found additional victims in a Mrs. Cox, a soldier's wife who attended on Mrs. Audain as nurse, and two of her children. They, too, were buried at the Protestant cemetery, but there is nothing to indicate their long-forgotten resting-place. Shortly after the death of his wife, Major Audain returned to Headquarters at Kandy. The Rev. Mr. Browning (who with the Rev. Mr. Lambrick were the Missionaries then stationed at the mountain capital) preached the funeral sermon at the present Kandyan Audience Hall, which on Sundays was used for divine service and during the week days as the Hall of Justice, as at present.

"Mrs. Audain laboured zealously for the religious welfare of her fellow-creatures, devoting as much time as she could spare towards spreading a knowledge of the gospel among them. She, with Mrs. Fraser, the good wife of Dr. Fraser, Medical Officer attached to the 16th Regiment, and Mrs. Holloway, wife of the Drum Major of the same regiment, kept a Sunday school at Kandy, which was attended by the children of the regiment. On Thursdays Mrs. Fraser used to get the children to read a chapter of the Old Testament and explain it to them. The school was held at Mrs. Fraser's. Mrs. Bradley, wife of Lieut. and Adjutant Bradley of the 16th, 44th, and Rifle Regiments, and of whose interesting career in Ceylon a graphic account appeared in the *Observer* some time ago, was a pupil under the ladies in question, and to her I am indebted for much of the information herein contained.

Garrison Burial Ground, Kurunegala—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1044 ..	March 4 .. 1824	Margaret Audain— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>“Major Audain embarked for England a short time after his wife’s death, leaving the two daughters in charge of the deceased’s friend and fellow-worker, Mrs. Fraser, who went down to Colombo and continued her good work in the cause of religion. She kept a Sunday school, in which she was ably assisted by the Misses Audain.</p> <p>“The younger, Margaret Hyndman, married at Colombo, September 22, 1825, Captain Hugh Forbes of the 45th Regiment, who was drafted on to the detachment at Rangoon.</p> <p>“Major Audain’s son, Willet Payne, went out to Bengal as Ensign of the 16th Regiment then stationed there, about the year 1829, was raised to Lieutenant, and married a Miss Hercules, who died about April, 1833, at Chinsura, India. They had a daughter, whom the father took to England, and having placed her under the care of her aunt, Georgiana, rejoined the regiment. Lieut. Audain left with the regiment which returned to England on the 31st December, 1840; and after the 16th had been ordered to Ireland, it is said that he married a Miss Cassidy.”</p> <p>“Mark Ralph Payne Audain, Lieut. in the Royal Dublin Fusiliers in 1883 or 1884, was probably a son of the Lieut.-Col. Possibly Guy Mortimer Audain, Lieut. in the Suffolk Regiment, formerly the 12th East Suffolk Regiment in the same year, was another member of the family.”</p> <p>John W. Audain was gazetted Captain in the 16th Regiment July 24, 1804. He was appointed Commandant of Seven Korales July 9, 1823, and was succeeded as such by Captain Law, 83rd Regiment. on April 7, 1824.</p>

The Cemetery, Kurunegala.

THE General Cemetery was opened in 1868.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1045 ..	July 25 .. 1888	Francis Hunter Vetch ..	<p>FRANCIS HUNTER VETCH, son of Lieut.-Col. VETCH of Capenflat, Haddington, N.B., and Grand-son of Major-General HOGGAN of Waterside, Dumfriesshire, who died at Nella Oola, aged 34.</p> <p>Erected by his sorrowing Aunt, Miss MARY HOGGAN.</p>
1046 ..	Nov. 26 .. 1904	Arthur Godfrey Watson ..	<p>Erected by his fellow Planters to the memory of ARTHUR GODFREY WATSON, aged 28, accidentally drowned at Batalagodawewa near this town.</p>

PUTTALAM.

The Old Burial Ground.

1047 ..	March 4 .. 1880	James Greer Edge ..	<p>In memory of JAMES GREER EDGE, C.C.S., who died in a boat at Kalpitiya Jetty, aged 24.</p> <p>Writer, 1878. He was at the time Police Magistrate of Puttalam and Kalpitiya (Calpentyne), and was on his way from Puttalam to hold court at Kalpitiya. He was of Trinity College, Dublin.</p>
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KALPITIYA.

IN 1832 the Dutch Church at Calpentyne (or Kalpitiya as it is now more correctly, if less poetically, transliterated), “though built of clay and thatched with *olas*, yet boasted of some antiquity, for it had stood for nearly two centuries Under the administration of the Dutch East India Company the expenses for the occasional repairs were defrayed from loans made by the Deaconry’s funds established at Calpentyne., but no thorough repairs having been made of late, the two walls were falling out, and the whole building tottering to its very foundation. There is a spacious churchyard attached to this church, which formerly had only walls on three sides and a stick fence on the other side. The three walls had decayed away but a few years ago. Simon Casie Chitty, Maniagar, very laudably undertook and completed the reconstruction of the three walls at his own expense, and latterly Mr. Templer has caused the fence to be removed and a new wall to be raised at his own expense on that side, so that the churchyard has been placed in as good order as possible.” (“Cephas” * in

* Cephas I take to be Simon Casie Chitty himself. “Cephas” suggests “Peter,” and “Peter” “Simon.” He wrote the “Ceylon Gazetteer.”

KALPITIYA—contd.

Ceylon Government Gazette, quoted in the *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. V., p. 208.) The church was rebuilt and re-opened on June 28, 1840. It stands in a corner of the churchyard, with the front right on the street; in this case an untidy open space of sand and weeds, which looks, however, as if it had at one time formed part of the village square or "place," now diminished before the advance of the ever-increasing and encroaching Moorman, the high walls and gateways of whose compounds surround the churchyard on all sides. The gable of the church is of the debased Dutch type, surmounted by three squat pinnacles with, in front of it, a semicircular open porch, consisting of a flat wooden roof supported by four plastered pillars with Corinthian capitals and approached by steps, no doubt in its day considered very elegant. The churchyard contains some ponderous but crumbling monuments of brick and plaster, devoid of inscription, and shaded by a few trees. In it stands a detached belfry—an adjunct of the church characteristically Dutch. The whole scene has a striking old-world air about it, and as it is probably destined soon to vanish, as the church is almost without a congregation—stranded like a wreck on an island in the midst of a sea of Islam—it has been thought worth while to describe it in some detail. With this exception, and that of the old fort dating from the seventeenth century, no trace of the Dutch Burghers who once formed a numerous and flourishing community at Calpentytyn now remains. On one of the ramparts of the fort there is a very large flat tomb, evidently dating from Dutch or early British times. It has no inscription, and no one can say whose tomb it is. It is probably that of a former Commandant, possibly that of Lieutenant Maurice O'Connell of the 51st, who died in 1803, or of Captain Burleigh of the 83rd, who died in 1845, Commandants of Calpentytyn and Puttalam. In fact, the oldest inhabitant, an aged salt employé, went so far as to say in 1903, when inquiries were made on the subject, that he had always heard that it was the tomb of a personage, and he believed a Commandant; while, on the other hand, a retired storekeeper aged 75 recollected that his father had told him that the person buried there was a Dutch prince. But there were no Dutch princes in Ceylon, and a Commandant, I think, holds the field, or rather the fort.

St. Peter's Church, Kalpitiya.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1048 ..	April 27 1741	Johanna Hester van Minnen	Hier onder legt begraven JOHANNA HESTER MOOYAART huysvrouw van den ondercoopman en Calpettys opperhoofd D. E. RICHART VAN MINNEN. Geboren tot Jaffanapatnam den 29 Maart, Ao. 1726, en in den Heere gerust d. 27 April, Ao. 1741, oud 15 Jaaren en 28 dagen. (<i>Journal</i> , R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 285; vol. XVII., p. 32.) <i>Arms.</i> —Quarterly (1) Mooyaart; (2 and 3) Van Minnen; (4) Woutersz, all already blazoned. She was the eldest child of Anthony Mooyaart, Commandeur of Jaffna 1762–67, by his wife Elizabeth Ursula Woutersz. She married Richard van Minnen of Amersvoort, Chief Administrator, Colombo, on November 29, 1739, so that she was 13 years and 8 months old at the time of her marriage. The Commandeur had 17 other children by the same wife. The sixteenth child was Gualterus, the father of Barbara Bridgetina, who married C. E. Layard. (See No. 377.)
1049 ..	May 28 1686	Benjamina Hannecop	Hier leyt begraven BENJAMINA HANNECOP jonge dochter. Geboren de 3en Octobr, Ao. 1667. Overleden den 28en Mey, Ao. 1686. Benjamina Hannecop and Cornelis Hannecop (who died at Colombo January 14, 1702—see No. 271) were probably the children of Cornelis Hannecop, Chief of Calpentytyn, and Maria Magdalena Cherpentier of Woerden, who married, as widow Hannecop, February 17, 1692, Willem Loquet of Rijnbeck, Administrateur of Galle. (<i>Ibid.</i> , vol. XV., p. 285; vol. XVII., p. 30; vol. XVIII., p. 60.) <i>Arms.</i> —Or, three crescents sable.
1050 ..	March 21 1832	Henry Dawson Skinner Templer	Sacred to the memory of HENRY DAWSON SKINNER, infant son of FRANCIS JAMES TEMPLER, Esqr., Civil Servant, and ELEANOR his wife, aged five years six months and ten days, who departed this life at Kalpentytyn Mutwal on the evening of the 21st March, 1832, after fifteen days severe suffering from an accident by fire which took place on the morning of the 6th of the same month. He was a child who during his short sojourn in this world had endeared himself by his affectionate and playful manners to all who knew him, and in the hearts of his fond parents had excited the brightest hopes of a most gratifying maturity had it pleased the Almighty to have spared him.

St. Peter's Church, Kalpitiya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1050 ..	March 21 1832	Henry Dawson Skinner Templer— <i>contd.</i>	<p>The Lord* gave and the Lord hath taken away. Blessed be the name of the Lord. This Tablet is placed here by his affectionate parents. (A tombstone in the floor of the church.)</p> <p>F. J. Templer was appointed in England to the Ceylon Civil Service on January 17, 1817 (see No. 591). The first substantive appointment he held was that of Provincial Judge at Calpentyne, which he received on October 1, 1818, and held until January 1, 1821, when he went to Ratnapura as Agent of Government. He returned to his first district as Collector and Provincial Judge of Chilaw, including Calpentyne and Puttalam, on August 1, 1827, when this poor little boy was nearly a year old. He was appointed Collector at Colombo April 1, 1833. Possibly, Bennett's story of the Provincial Judge just appointed to Calpentyne, who, "although he was eight years fagging at Latin and French, knew no more of either than when he left school," and who remarked, with regard to the Governor's mention of "<i>lex terræ</i>," that he "did not know Mr. Terry referred to him." [I may, however, be wronging him, and it may have been J. M. Farrell, 1815 and 1825-26; E. W. Mead, 1816-17; T. R. Backhouse, 1822-24; J. G. Forbes, 1826-27; or R. M. Sneyd, 1827.] He retired as Treasurer, and died in October, 1854. A son was Francis Buller Templer, C.C.S., born June 12, 1819, retired 1882. Another son, James Bulkely, died at Colombo on November 30, 1822. A daughter, Alice Trevor, married John Ouchterlony of Madras, April 6, 1844.</p>
1051 ..	April 27 1838	Sophia Mooyaart	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of SOPHIA MOOYAART, born Nov. 7th, 1815, died April 27th, 1838. "Blessed are the meek, for they shall inherit the earth." V. Matthew, 5.</p> <p>She was the eldest child of James Nicholas Mooyaart, who was born at Jaffna, September 3, 1781; the second son of Gualterus Mooyaart, Hoofd Administrateur of Jaffna, was in the Civil Service, 1822-44, retiring as Acting Auditor-General on a pension of £800 a year, and died on February 9, 1866, at Ladywood, near Birmingham. He married, at Tranquebar, February 27, 1815, Johanna Catherina, daughter of Rev. Dr. Christopher Samuel John (Jahn) of the Danish Mission (see page 254). He was Assistant Government Agent of Chilaw 1833-40. His eldest son Edward became Archdeacon of Colombo, and his son Henry, born October 10, 1828, was in the Civil Service, from which he retired in 1865, took orders, and is now Rector of Upplowman, near Tiverton. He is still drawing his pension of £200 annually. Henry Mooyaart's daughter, Anne, married, on June 24, 1908, John Neil Campbell, late Planting Member and General European Member of the Ceylon Legislative Council. A third son of James Nicholas, Richard James, born at Matara on August 6, 1831, also took orders, and held the living of Lambourne, Berks. From which it would appear that the Dutch and the Danish take quite naturally to the English ways and English institutions. (See No. 792.)</p>

CHILAW.

"Cephas," whom we quoted on Kalpitiya, refers to "that elegant church recently erected at Chilaw," and called St. James's Church in compliment to Mr. Francis James Templer. The elegant church was exactly like a bungalow in appearance, with verandahs on three, if not four, sides, and possessed a font, the bowl of which was constructed out of a "globe," which had probably served for the education of Mr. Templer's children, with the continents still depicted on it, although truncated of a portion of their areas. It had a stone let into the wall with the following inscription:—

St. James' Church, built by public subscription under
the auspices of F. J. TEMPLER, Esqr., of H. M. Civil
Service in Ceylon, Collector and Provincial Judge.
Chilaw, A.D. 1831.

This has been built into the east wall of the new church (which is on the same site), with the addition of the words—

REBUILT 1897.

The Cemetery, Chilaw.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1052 ..	Feb. 26 1858	William Edward Lewis ..	To the memory of W. EDW. LEWIS of Exeter. Born 24th Nov., 1818. Died 26th Feb., 1858. Latterly he kept a school at Madampe, I believe. He married Martha Brian Hagans, June 10, 1844, at Kandy. He was Deputy Postmaster-General and Head Clerk, Post Office, Kandy, in 1846; Teacher of the Government Mixed School at Puttalam in 1855-57, on a salary of £36 a year and £9 for rent.
1053 ..	Nov. 21 1877	Eugene McDonell ..	Sacred to the memory of EUGENE McDONELL. Died Nov. 21st, 1877, aged 43 years. He was a Superintending Officer in the Public Works Department, and had been stationed at Vavuniya, where he contracted malarial fever. A daughter married Keith Macleod, C.C.S. A son, John, died in 1903, was the Provincial Engineer of the Northern Province.
1054 ..	Oct. 4 1893	Mrs. Liesching ..	In memory of Mrs. ARTHUR LIESCHING, the beloved daughter of J. GELSON GREGSON, born July 18th, 1865.
1055 ..	Aug. 6 1897	Matilda Liesching ..	MATILDA LIESCHING, daughter of J. BROWNING, went home 6th August, 1897, aged 33. Wife of Arthur Liesching, son of Charles Liesching, C.C.S. Both these Mrs. Lieschings died when on visits to Chilaw.

RATNAPURA.

The Old Cemetery.

1056 ..	April 1 1835	John Baker ..	Sacred to the memory of JOHN BAKER, late of His Majesty's LXI. Regt., aged 33 years.
1057 ..	Oct. 27 1851	Edward Mitford ..	EDWARD MITFORD, born and died 27th October, 1851. A child of Edward Ledwick Mitford, C.C.S., 1844-67, who was Assistant Government Agent, Ratnapura, 1847-52. He published in 1884 an account of his "Land March from England to Ceylon Forty Years Ago." He journeyed overland through Asia Minor. (See No. 30.) "Edward Ledwick Osbaldeston-Mitford, of Mitford Castle, formerly of the Ceylon Civil Service, was born 31st Oct., 1811, and is still alive in his 100th year, with about thirty grandchildren! He also published 'Poems Dramatic and Satirical.' He married, (1) April 11th, 1844, Janet, daughter of the Rev. Benjamin Bailey, Senior Colonial Chaplain, by whom he had five sons and four daughters. She died July 13th, 1896, and he married again, at the age of 85, on October 27th of the same year, (2) Ella, daughter of Cloudesly Shovel Fitzroy Mason, P. W. D., Ceylon, who died, February 16th, 1865, at Mutwal, aged 34. (See Nos. 30 and 228.) "His second son, Robert, Lieutenant, 73rd Perth-shires, was with his regiment in Ceylon in 1870. He was born 25th Nov., 1846, and married, 24th Nov., 1875, at Meerut, Annie, second daughter of Major-General Chas. Stuart Lane, C.B. He is a Magistrate for Northumberland. "His third son, Edward, Vicar of Hunmanby, Yorks, married Annie Maria Lousia, daughter of the Rev. E. H. Price, of Maidenhead, and their son, John Philip Mitford, Captain 98th, now in Colombo, born June 12th, 1880, married, October 17th, 1907, Edith Christina, eldest the daughter of F. W. Tytler, of Belgaum, India. "E. L. Mitford's fourth son, Bertram, F.R.G.S., is a prolific novelist of the present day.

The Old Cemetery, Ratnapura—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1057 ..	Oct. 27 1851	Edward Mitford— <i>contd.</i>	“ His elder brother, John Philip Osbaldeston Mitford, Lieut.-Col., 18th, was with his regiment, the Royal Irish, in Ceylon, as Lieut., in 1840. He was born February 16th, 1809, married, May 30th, 1844, his cousin, Fanny, daughter of Chas. and sister of Wm. Townley Mitford, M.P., and died November 25th, 1895. E. L. Mitford retired on Dec. 1st, 1866, on account of ‘ age ’ ! and has been drawing a pension of over £500 sterling ever since, <i>i.e.</i> , £22,000.”
1058 ..	June 12 1868	Thomas Jefferson Glenny ..	THOMAS JEFFERSON GLENNY, who departed this life on the 12th June, 1868, aged 28 Years.
1059 ..	June 20 1871	Israel Segar ..	In memory of ISRAEL SEGAR, Esq., of Bogawanna Estate in Dickoya. Accidentally drowned in the Wallawe Oya on the 20th day of June, 1871. He owned Bogawanna estate. Israel Segar was a brother of Jonas Segar, who started the Royal Hotel at Colombo on February 5, 1844, and was in 1854–56 managing proprietor of Pooprassie estate, Pussellawa. He was at one time assistant to John Northmore on Whyddon, Pussellawa, and married Miss Sarah ———, who was Mr. Northmore’s governess, at Pussellawa Church, October 9, 1857. He was later on Shrubs Hill, Hantane. He was drowned whilst attempting to cross the Walawe river near Balangoda, when returning to his estate with Mr. T. C. Roberts, who crossed with much difficulty. He left a widow and six children. A younger brother of his, David, was killed by an elephant in Dolosbage in 1856. “ I was much interested in H. B.’s* narrative of the narrow escape of himself and several other Dimbula planters from a flooded river above St. Clair falls in the early days. Their experience could be paralleled in nearly every district in the Island, and in some not a few pioneers lost their lives trying to cross rivers in flood before the days of roads and bridges. There was the case in Dikoya where two planters were drowned on one occasion. . . . There was a case of river drowning recently referred to in Dolosbage. There was Willie Allen’s case in Matale East. There was Palmer in the Black Pool. Young men of the present day, when bridges abound, if they had seen their district streams in flood before these bridges were made, would hold up their hands and bless the often much-abused P. W. D.” (Correspondent of <i>Ceylon Observer</i> , September, 1908.)
1060 ..	Sept. 14 1877	George Albert Twynam ..	GEORGE ALBERT TWYNAM of Allington, Rakwana, aged 35 Years. He was of the same family as Sir William Twynam, K.C.M.G., of the Ceylon Civil Service, retired. The family traces its descent from the first Saxon invaders of Britain, and settled in Hampshire <i>circa</i> 1560. The head of the clan, Thomas Delmege (<i>alias</i> Telmage or Talmadge) Twynam, died in 1898. He was a large landed proprietor in Hampshire. They were chiefly soldiers, sailors, &c. His son, Thomas Telmage Twynam, is or was a solicitor in London. Possibly George was a brother. Sir William Twynam says, “ he was distantly related, probably in the Scotch cousin manner. I never heard from or saw him.” (See Nos. 558, 952.)
1061 ..	Nov. 29 1878	Edward Akers Walker ..	EDWARD AKERS, son of JOSEPH and JANET JANE WALKER of Kersall, Manchester, England, aged 30 Years.
1062 ..	Dec. 29 1885	Samuel James Butcher ..	SAMUEL JAMES BUTCHER, son of the late SAMUEL JAMES BUTCHER, Paymaster, Royal Navy. Born 11th March, 1821.

* Henry Brown, nephew of “ Sandy ” Brown, first Secretary of the Planters’ Association of Ceylon.

The Old Cemetery, Ratnapura—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1063 ..	May 20 1894	John Herbert Fearnly Hamilton	JOHN HERBERT FEARNLY HAMILTON, C.C.S., of Preston, Lancashire, England, aged 36. He entered the Civil Service in 1879, and had been Acting District Judge of Ratnapura for three years at the time of his death. There is also a tablet in St. Luke's Church, "erected by his fellow civilians and friends in this Province."
1064 ..	Sept. 25 1902	Robert Bartrum	.. ROBERT BARTRUM, aged 54. He was proprietor of Stubton estate, Rakwana.

Maha Saman Dewale, Ratnapura.

"Let into a niche in the basement of the raised quadrangle, a little to the north of the flight of steps leading from the outer courtyard, is a mural stone of some historic value, and of singular interest from the strange and unexpected position in which it is found. On it, sculptured in bold relief, are two figures about half the size of life. They represent the closing event of a mortal combat between a Portuguese, armed cap-à-pie, and a Sinhalese warrior. Conquered in the encounter, the latter has been stricken down; his sword and shield are cast despairingly aside; and his antagonist, trampling under foot his prostrate form, is now with one final blow about to deprive him of his life. The inscription below, partly in Roman and partly in Sinhalese characters, is so much effaced as to be only very partially readable; some portions of the figures are also damaged, seemingly from the action of the weather upon the stone. The whole is, however, most spiritedly executed, and enough of the inscription remains to show that the name of the Portuguese soldier was Gomez. The Sinhalese say the prostrate warrior was their champion, one Kuruwita Bandara, a dreaded enemy of the Portuguese, whose soldiers he had repeatedly cut off, and that some fifty had fallen by his hand ere he himself was slain. The sculpture was no doubt executed in Europe by royal or vice-regal command, and sent hither to do honour to the soldier whose valorous deed it commemorated." ("Adam's Peak," chapter V., by William Skeen.)

COM · ESTA* · RENDI · ESTE† · HA · 23‡ · ANNOS · QVE
 ANDO · NA · INDIA · E · HA · 15‡ · QVE · SIRVO · DE
 CA · PITAÕ · E · TAÕQVE§ · OS · REIS ... DE ... E ·
 O · REI · DE · IAFANAPATAÕ · EV · SIMAÕ · PINHAÕ ·
 O VENCI.

* Scil. *espada*. † Scil. *homen*. ‡ Conjectural. § Or *ao que* ?

Transcript.

[Com esta rendi este, ha 23 (?) annos que ando na
 India, e ha 15 (?) que sirvo de capitaõ; e taõque (?)
 os reis...de...(?) e o rei de Jafanapataõ, eu
 Simaõ Pinhaõ o venci.]

Translation.

With this (sword) I overcame this (man), it being 23 (?)
 years that I have been in India, and 15 (?) that I
 have served as Captain; and as soon as (?) the kings
 ... and the kings of Jafanapataõ, I, Simaõ Pinhaõ,
 conquered him.

The above are the late Mr. Donald Ferguson's transcript and translation. (The contractions have been expanded.) With regard to Mr. Skeen's description, he remarks that it "contains several errors. I think it more probable that the sculpture was executed in Ceylon, where there would be no lack of artists in the Portuguese ranks competent for the work. There are no Sinhalese characters in the inscription, which is entirely in Portuguese. Moreover, the name of the Portuguese warrior (who is hardly 'armed cap-à-pie') was not Gomez, though any one ignorant of Portuguese might easily conclude so from deciphering the first few letters."

Mr. Ferguson goes very fully into the question of the identity of the Simaõ Pinhaõ commemorated, and comes to the conclusion that he was the son of Fernaõ Pinhaõ of the village of Punhete in Portugal, who on account of a brawl with another resident of the village, in which he had given his opponent a sword cut in the face, had been sentenced to five years' banishment in Africa, but had been pardoned. In 1590 he went out to India, probably with the Viceroy Mathias de Albuquerque, whose ship did not reach Goa until May, 1591, having been just over a year on the voyage. In 1598 he was at Cochin, where he had again distinguished himself by breaking out of jail, to which he had been committed for non-payment of a fine. He had already been for some time in Ceylon, to which Colony he may have been banished for a term of years as a punishment for the offences of looting and breaking the jail, for which he had been tried.

In Ceylon he distinguished himself as a soldier, and was greatly dreaded by the Sinhalese. In 1597 he had saved, by his prowess, the Portuguese forces from being defeated in a battle which took place six leagues from Matara, and put "the King of Uva" to a total rout, pursuing him for a long distance, slaying many of his men, and capturing many arms and spoils. He then joined the garrison of the fort at Batugedera, near Ratnapura, and set about erecting a fort at Attanagala, whence the Portuguese troops were able to make incursions into the

Maha Saman Dewale, Ratnapura—*contd.*

territories of the King of Kandy. Later he was in command of native troops in the Portuguese service at Alawwa in Seven Korales, where a strong wooden stockade was erected and more incursions made. Next he was despatched with a company of soldiers and 800 lascoreens against the Sinhalese in Saffragam, whom he defeated in the village of that name, and he then paid a visit to the forts at Kuruwita and Batugedera, which he provisioned. Thence he proceeded to the neighbouring territories of Malwana. This was in 1599. Nothing further is known of his doings until September, 1616, when we find him, though over sixty years of age, in command of one of the four companies sent on an expedition against that part of Sabaragamuwa and Two Korales which had risen against the Portuguese. The expedition had a walk over, so the troops burnt the almost deserted villages, and proceeded destroying the land without seeing any signs of an enemy. This, no doubt, was the last of his warlike exploits; it is the last of which there is any record. Of his domestic affairs a little is known. He seems to have married a Dona Maria Pereira, described as the heiress of a certain Raju, of whom nothing is known, except that his daughter inherited some lands and houses from him. He may have been an adherent of the late King, Raja Sinha I., who died in 1592, and have sought an asylum with the Portuguese when Kunnappu Bandara took possession of the throne, and, with his family, have turned Christian. His daughter's hand may in that case have been bestowed on Simão Pinhaõ as a reward for distinguished services. Further, he appears to have given as alms to the convent of St. Antony at Colombo a village situated probably in the neighbourhood of the city. He himself had been granted "for three lives" (the usual term) "the adjacent villages of Opanake and Kuttapitiya on the confines of Sabaragamuwa and the Kandyan kingdom, where some of the fiercest fighting between the Portuguese and Sinhalese had taken place." He had a niece at the Court of Portugal named Joana de Mendoca, and her name "shows that he was connected with one of the noblest families in Portugal." His death must have occurred in 1617 or 1618, when he would be between sixty and seventy years of age." (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XVI.)

With reference to the Sinhalese tradition mentioned by Mr. Skeen, Mr. Ferguson does not think that the Sinhalese warrior can be Kuruwita Bandara or Kuruwiti Ralahami, "which was the title of the renegade Antonio Barreto, the prince or 'king' of Uva, referred to above, as Simão Pinhaõ was certainly dead at the time of the miserable ending of this man at the hands of some Lascarins while lying on a bed sick and wounded in the mountain hamlet, to which he had fled after the defeat of the confederates by Constantino de Sa, and there is no mention of Simão Pinhaõ in Sa e Menezes' account of the affair. Nor were the circumstances attending Barreto's death such as to call for self-glorification on the part of his slayer."

AVISAWELLA.

Compound of the Resthouse.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1065 ..	Dec. 23 .. 1860	James Edward Jevons ..	In memory of JAMES EDWARD JEVONS of Liverpool, born at Liverpool 25th December, 1828, died in Ceylon 23rd December, 1860, and buried beneath this spot. Then shall the dust return to the Earth as it was and the spirit shall return unto God who gave it. Ecclesiastes, chap. 12, ver. 7.

An upright headstone with a plain inscription about 50 yards from the resthouse, down the hill, on the same side and about the same distance from the road as the resthouse, erected to his memory by his old friend Mr. Harvey, who was then in the firm of George Wall & Co., Colombo.

Mr. Jevons had been on Gammaduwa estate, Matale, which he left for Everton estate, Rakwana, of which he was superintendent at the time of his death. Old friends of his supplied the following particulars of his death to the *Monthly Literary Register* in 1895:—"He left Everton estate ill of dysentery, and started for Colombo, driving his own dogcart, to obtain medical advice. When he reached Ratnapura he looked so very unwell that he was advised to go no further; but he was determined to push on, and, alas, the end came before he reached the Avisawella resthouse. The horsekeeper drove the trap the latter part of the way, perhaps the whole way, and was not aware, I believe, that his master had breathed his last till the resthouse was reached. He was buried within a few yards of the bungalow in the garden. He died in the carriage, about half a mile from Avisawella resthouse.

"I knew him well, and first met him in either 1857 or 1858 when I was on 'Inchola-oya,' and a very nice man he was, besides being a fine built and well-made one. He was then on one of the Elkaduwa estates, or one that Peter Moir had—I do not know which, but one or the other." (Edward Hope.)

It happened that the late Mr. W. D. Lee, whilst travelling from Colombo to Balangoda, was at the Avisawella resthouse a day or two after Mr. Jevons' death, and at the request of the resthouse-keeper,

Compound of the Resthouse, Avisawella—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1065 ..	Dec. 23 1860	James Edward Jevons—contd.	<p>he wrote an account in the resthouse book of his death and burial.</p> <p>Mr. Jevons was highly esteemed by all who knew him.</p> <p>Mr. Alfred Payne wrote: "I knew the late Mr. Jevons well. I lived some time with him on the Algoaltenne estate, Hunasgeria. He left the district for Rakwana in the year 1857, or early in 1858. I believe Mr. Harvey and Mr. Jevons were at Natal together before coming to Ceylon."</p> <p>It appears that Rakwana had a rather bad name in those days, at any rate Everton. I have heard Sinclair tell how, when on his way he reached Pelmadulla, he asked the resthouse-keeper, old "Allis Appu," if he knew anything of Everton; the answer was, "I don't know, sir, gentlemen all die there, sir."</p> <p>He was succeeded by Alexander Greig, who was there about two years, and was followed by "Old Colonist" (John Stephens).</p>

ANURADHAPURA.**Near St. Andrew's Church.**

1066 ..	1868	James Gordon	<p>.. This stone has been placed here by certain members of the Public Service in memory of a noble action wrought in the year 1868 by JAMES GORDON of the Public Works Department, who being wounded to the death by the accidental discharge of his gun, thought less of himself and his pain than of the safety of the servants who were with him, and lest suspicion of foul play should attach to them, devoted the remnant of his fast failing strength to the task of recording in his note book the exact nature of his accident.</p> <p>The circumstances are described in the following extract from a letter from Mr. Hardinge Hay Cameron, C.C.S., the Acting Government Agent of the North-Central Province, to the Colonial Secretary, dated June 14, 1895:—</p> <p>"Mr. Gordon was walking behind his cart along the Central road, which was then a mere track through the jungle, and, for the purpose of following some game (jungle fowl or deer), reached out his hand to take his gun from the cart. The hammer caught in the cane work of the cart tent and the whole charge lodged in the young man's side close below the armpit; then, whilst his life's blood was welling from the wound, the thought came to him that his servants might, when he was dead, be suspected of foul play, and he at once took out his pocket book and pencil and wrote down a short account of the occurrence.</p> <p>"Mr. Gordon lived long enough to reach Mihintale and give oral testimony to the facts, so that his heroic effort was practically superfluous."</p> <p>The monument was erected in 1895 over the grave through the exertions of Mr. Cameron by subscription, as Government was of opinion that the cost could not be properly defrayed from public funds, and Governor Sir Arthur Havelock headed the list of contributors to what he described as "a kind and graceful act of respect to the memory of this brave man."</p> <p>James Gordon, son of Mr. Thomas Gordon of Pallai, Jaffna, was temporarily employed in the Public Works Department as (Acting) Superintending Officer from May 11, 1867; age not known.</p> <p>Thomas Gordon, a coconut planter, married Eliza Cecilia, daughter of George Shaw Brook, at the Fort Church, Jaffna, on July 6, 1847; so that James Gordon, who was no doubt his eldest son, cannot have been more than twenty years of age. He was therefore a grandson of Jean David Rabinel (see Nos. 709, 977). Thomas Gordon was, in 1862, in charge of Klaly, Tadduvankatti, and Waverley estates, and proprietor of Nongavil estate, on which he resided.</p>
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BADULLA.

The Old Cemetery.

THE old military cemetery lies behind the Badulla jail. It is now enclosed with a wire fence, but it seems for many years to have been unenclosed, hence many tombstones have disappeared. "Until a comparatively recent period, we believe, the natives were permitted to carry away the tombstones from the British graveyard to be used for building purposes, so that it is possible that memorial slabs of Europeans who died or were killed in Uva may form the door steps of Buddhist temples or the floors of dewales. (One native in 1883 mentioned baser uses still.) While the tombs of Mrs. Wilson and the other young English woman have been happily preserved, and are so conspicuous, the graveyard must have once included many interesting memorials, for which we now look in vain. Mr. Wragg, when District Judge here, did his best to stop long-continued sacrilege by sentencing to three months' hard labour a man who was found grinding curry stuffs on a stolen tombstone." (*Ceylon Observer*.) Miss Gordon Cumming writes in a similar strain: "The natives to whom a neglected cemetery is simply a valuable quarry whence to obtain ready-hewn flat stones just suitable for grinding curry stuffs upon Of course, this sacrilege is punished when detected, but its perpetration is easy and the temptation ever-recurring, so that many and many an old gravestone has vanished in all parts of the Isle." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. II., p. 39.)

It may be added that about a dozen military officers died or were killed in action in Uva during the period 1815-19, not one of whom has any existing memorial. "It would be deeply interesting to trace the previous and subsequent history of the officers and their families who occupied the various military posts in Uva and who survived. But what is chiefly left to us are the records on such tombstones as native cupidity has spared in the old cemetery at Badulla, which has been the scene of neglect and spoliation little creditable to the British Government. There are inscriptions which date back to the period of the rebellion of 1817-18, and the young wife of one officer must simply have come to Badulla to die, for her age at the period of her death was only nineteen. One mortuary record goes back to just before the eve of the outbreak, and we can but feel that it was well that poor Mrs. Wilson, wife of the Agent of Government in Uva, should have been taken away in May, 1817, at the age of twenty-four, so as to be spared the knowledge that her husband shortly afterwards was killed by an arrow sent into his brain, while his head was subsequently exposed on a pole. This was the first act in the rebellion on which such terrible retribution followed. There is something of poetical interest surely in the fact that the poor young lady who died at Badulla owed her birth to the birthplace of Shakespeare, Stratford-on-Avon Badulla, which is now one of the healthiest as it is one of the most beautiful stations in our mountain regions, had an evil reputation for deadly fever in those early days." (*Ceylon Observer*, July 25, 1883.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1067 ..	May 24 1817	Sophia Wilson	.. Sacred to the memory of SOPHIA WILSON, only daughter of the late EDMUND BATTERSBEE, Esqr., of Stratford upon Avon, Warwickshire, wife of SYLVESTER DOUGLAS WILSON, Esqr., Assistant Resident and Agent of the British Government in the Province of Ouwa. She departed this life at Badulla after a few days illness on the morning of the 24th May, 1817, aged 24 years.
			"Mrs. Wilson's tombstone is safe, from a singular cause. The branching roots of a bo-tree, one with a striking resemblance to a human hand, have grasped it, as if they appreciated its sacredness, and the idea of the Buddhist-Kandians is that she whom the tree of Buddha had thus honoured must have been possessed of a good deal of merit." (<i>Ceylon Observer</i> , July 25, 1883.) "Some of the bricks of the tomb have been lifted up into the tree beyond the reach of a walking-stick.* The tablet to the memory of the young Englishwoman, whose birthplace was on the banks of that Avon which was one of the first objects that met the eye and inspired the genius of Shakespeare, while her burial place is within hearing of the murmurs of the Badulla-o-ya and almost under the shadow of the mighty Namunakula-kanda There is poetry as well as pathos in the belief of the natives that the young English lady, who so soon after her arrival, and so early in life, fell a victim to the deadly malarial fever for which the station of Badulla was long so notorious, must have been of a specially sweet disposition to induce their sacred tree so lovingly and tenaciously to clasp her memorial tablet in its vigorous arms; yes, and we can imagine the gentle grace with which, while her young life was spared, she presided over her husband's abode, and the society, not only of the central station where he resided, but that which occasionally assembled from the numerous military outposts then scattered over Uva—all of which we believe could be seen from the lofty fort of Himbiliatawella." (A. M. F., in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. II., pp. 292-94.)

* The tomb is a "table tomb," and the whole of it has been lifted. There are similar instances of "skyed" tombstones in the Batticaloa cemetery and at Madras and Agra (see Cotton, p. 123).

The Old Cemetery, Badulla—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1067 ..	May 24 1817	Sophia Wilson— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>Mrs. Wilson died after an illness of about three weeks' continuance, not however of fever, but of dysentery, and she had been nearly six years in the Island. Mr. A. M. Ferguson's imaginary delineation of her character, however, derives singular corroboration from a letter published in the <i>Gazette</i>, written at Colombo by a friend, under date May 27, 1817: "Our little society here has been plunged into sorrow from the accounts which yesterday reached us of the death of one, who, for a length of time, had formed one of our social circle, and whose amiable manners and kindly disposition had greatly endeared her to many here. She had had an attack of dysentery, but on the 23rd Wilson wrote to say she had been pronounced out of danger, but she died on the morning of the 24th."</p> <p>She was married on March 2, 1811, on which day she had completed her 18th year, and arrived in Ceylon in August the same year.</p> <p>"Chiefly do we miss any monument to the memory of Mrs. Wilson's wounded husband, who was, so soon after her death, murdered in the performance of his duty. Even if his body was never recovered and brought into Badulla for interment a slab ought surely to have been placed beside that which records the death of his wife, showing the time and mode of his death. We have no evidence that the body was ever rescued and decently interred. But some memorial to Wilson, the first victim of a rebellion which it took the British two full years to repress, and which left Uva largely depopulated, ought certainly to have been erected in the centre of his rule at Badulla. We submit that it would be a graceful act on the part of Government to sanction a moderate expenditure of money even now to place such a memorial tablet beside that which perpetuates the memory of the murdered civilian's young wife." (A. M. F., <i>loc. cit.</i>)</p> <p>S. D. Wilson was Second Assistant to the Resident and Magistrate at Kandy in 1816, and succeeded Henry Wright at Badulla as Assistant Resident and Magistrate. He was killed at Hewilwela or Etanawatta, a small village situated in Yalkumbura wasama in Welassa, about 30 miles from Badulla on the Badulla-Batticaloa road. There was an old temple there. It is near Lunugala and Bibile. The tradition there is that he was killed close to the stream and buried where he fell. The people can point out the spot (1906). A detachment of soldiers was shortly afterwards posted at Yatilewela in the immediate neighbourhood.</p>
1068 ..	May 28 1819	Mary Hester Nicholson ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of MARY HESTER NICHOLSON, wife of Staff Surgeon NICHOLSON. Obiit 28th May, A.D. 1819. Ætat 19.</p> <p>He was "Assistant Staff Surgeon, Ouwa," in 1816, and before that had been at Jaffna. We find Staff Assistant Surgeon Brinsley at Colombo, on September 8, 1818, on his way to Badulla from Kandy, which seems a curious march, and arriving at Colombo from Badulla in January, 1819 (here he is styled "Hospital Assistant"). He left again for Badulla on February 10.</p>
1069 ..	Dec. 14 1822	John G. Blankenberg ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of Brevet Major JOHN BLANKENBERG, late Captain in His Majesty's 1st Ceylon Regiment, who died 14th Decr., 1822, aged 38 Years.</p> <p>Ensign J. G. Blankenberg was gazetted from the 3rd Foot to be Lieutenant in the Malay Regiment, May 24, 1804. He became 1st Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment, March 20, 1806, and Captain in January, 1807. He was Deputy Commissary-General at Badulla in 1816, and took part in the operations in Uva in 1817-18. (See <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., pp. 329, 334, 347, &c.; vol. III., pp. 28, 56, 178, 196.) He was acting as Commandant of Badulla at the time of his death, which took place at Alupota. There was a 2nd Lieutenant Charles Blankenberg in the 1st Ceylon Regiment from 1809,</p>

The Old Cemetery, Badulla—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1069 ..	Dec.14 1822	.. John G. Blankenberg— <i>contd.</i>	who was gazetted Lieutenant in the 103rd Foot, January 26, 1813. He was probably a brother. There was a Captain Blankenberg of the cutter <i>Swallow</i> , which was plying between Galle and Tuticorin in 1803.
1070 ..	Nov. 7 1823	.. John Hoatson	.. Sacred to the Memory of JOHN HOATSON, Esq., Assistant Surgeon, 1st Ceylon Regiment, who died 7th Novr., 1823, aged 31 years. Assistant Surgeon John Hoatson joined the 3rd Ceylon Regiment on January 28, 1816, and was gazetted Assistant Surgeon in the 73rd from May 29, 1817, <i>vice</i> Kennedy, killed in the field. (<i>Gazette</i> of December 10, 1817.) He wrote "On the Cingalese Practice of Medicine and Materia Medica" while he was stationed at Alupota in 1822, but the paper was not published. There is a reference to it in Ainslie's "Materia Medica," vol. II., p. 527.
1071 ..	—	.. Anne Byrne	.. Sacred to the Memory of ANNE BYRNE, wife of MAURICE BYRNE, H. M. 83rd Regiment, who departed this life (the rest illegible).

St. Mark's Church, Badulla.

THE Registers date from 1857. In the church is a tablet with the following inscription in English and in Sinhalese:—

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1072 ..	June 7 1845	.. Thomas William Rogers..	A.D. 1845. This Church was erected to the honour of God in memory of THOMAS WILLIAM ROGERS, Major, Ceylon Rifle Regiment; Assistant Government Agent and District Judge of Badulla, by all classes of his people, friends, and admirers. He was killed by Lightning at Haputale June 7th, 1845, aged 41. In the midst of life we are in death. "So truly did they appreciate his justice and ability, and so greatly was he personally loved, that at the suggestion of a Kandyan Buddhist chief these very people (who had attributed his death to an act of retribution for his destruction of elephants) subscribed for, and erected to his memory a pretty little Christian church in the town of Badulla, so Badulla owes her church to this 'the most prominent planting pioneer and the most famous sportsman Ceylon ever saw,' of whom Major Skinner wrote at the time of his death that 'he was performing, to the entire satisfaction of the Government and the public, the offices of Government Agent for the district of Uva, District Judge, Commandant of the district, and Assistant in charge of the roads of the province—duties which after his death required four men to perform, with far less efficiency, promptitude, and punctuality than when they were administered by him alone. He was long Commandant of the little fort at Badulla, in the heart of the country, which in those days was so overrun by all manner of destructive wild animals that the sportsman who could best thin their ranks, and especially those of the crop-devouring and all destroying herd of wild elephants, was the truest benefactor of mankind—a fact which it is essential to bear in mind in view of the amazing number of about 1,600 elephants which fell to Major Rogers' own rifle. He kept count of each up to 1,300, and after that gave up reckoning, but the extra 300 is considered well within the mark. Up to 1840 it was by no means uncommon for a man to have killed a hundred elephants to his own gun." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. I., pp. 218-9, 226.)

Miss Gordon Cumming relates a narrow escape of Major Rogers when an elephant carried him off in its trunk, flourished him about as if he had been an infant, dropped him, and attempted to crush him,

St. Mark's Church, Badulla—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1072 ..	June 7 1845	Thomas William Rogers— <i>contd.</i>	<p>but was frustrated by the sloping nature of the ground and through Rogers gradually slipping away into the bed of a stream (pp. 223-24).</p> <p>As regards his prowess as an elephant killer, Hoffmeister remarks :—" When, six years ago, he had reached his thirteen hundred, he ceased reckoning any longer. His whole house was filled with ivory, for among the hosts of the slain were sixty tusked elephants. At each door of his verandah stood huge tusks, while in his dining room every corner is adorned with similar trophies."</p> <p>" The first estate opened in Badulla District was Ridipane by Major Rogers, and it still goes by the name of ' Major Totum.' It is on the Batticaloa road, and only a couple of miles away from town" (<i>Ceylon Literary Register.</i>)</p> <p>Major Rogers joined the Ceylon Regiment on January 7, 1824, as a 2nd Lieutenant, and was Adjutant in 1826, Captain June 7, 1827. He was Commandant at Alupota from 1828 to 1833, and was appointed Assistant Government Agent at Badulla in 1834.</p> <p>" The record of the career of the indefatigable Rogers at Badulla is, I should imagine, almost unique. For the greater part of the time he was single-handed in Badulla, as Commandant, Assistant Agent, and District Judge. He either traced or constructed nearly all the roads in the Province, and framed the estimates for and supervised most of the public works executed during his time ; he built most of the resthouses, and kept in repair all the civil and military buildings in the district, and single-handed he carried out the no easy task of arranging the commutation of the grain tax. In the course of his lifetime he shot at the lowest 1,400 wild elephants ; he was killed by lightning in the flower of his manhood, and marvellous to relate, his very tomb was also struck by lightning." (" Manual of Uva," by H. White, C.C.S.)</p>
1073 ..	Sept. 17 1870	Sarah Elizabeth O'Grady ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of SARAH E. O'GRADY, born at Alipy, 13 April, 1843. Died at Badulla, 17 September, 1870.</p> <p>(A marble tablet in the church.)</p> <p>She was a daughter of John Morphew, late Resident of Travancore, whose widow came to Ceylon with her children, where her sister, the wife of James Stuart, Master Attendant of Colombo (see Nos. 27 and 37), was living. Her elder brother, John, died as District Judge of Jaffna, and another brother, James Boyd Morphew, opened the branch of the O. B. C. at Jaffna, and was subsequently manager at Colombo. A sister, Annie Stuart Morphew, died at Matale in 1887. Mrs. Morphew died at Batticaloa in 1896, aged 99. Sarah Elizabeth Morphew married, on September 18, 1885, while her brother, John, was Assistant Government Agent of Batticaloa, William Hervey O'Grady, a coconut planter and part owner of coconut properties south of Puliyantivu. Their daughter, Dora, married Henry Luttrell Moysey, C.C.S. A son, Osmund, also a coconut planter of Batticaloa, died in 1909 at Colombo. Mrs. O'Grady died of cholera at Badulla on her way to Batticaloa, and was buried at night. W. H. O'Grady was a son of Dr. Edward O'Grady, who was a physician at Paris, and is said to have been attached as such to the Court of King Louis Philippe. Dr. O'Grady married in 1815, at St. James's, Piccadilly, Laura Amelia Pearce, a niece or grandniece of Dr. Zachary Pearce, Bishop of Rochester. He died in 1869 at Batticaloa, and is probably buried in the Roman Catholic burial ground there. His son, Henry Edward, had been Private Secretary to Sir Edward Bulwer, and came out to Ceylon with General Sir Robert Arbuthnot (1839-41) in a similar capacity. It was intended at first that he should join the Ceylon Bar, and Governor Stewart Mackenzie was in February, 1839, arranging for a course of study for him. It was important, in the Governor's opinion, that he should be conversant with Paley's " Moral Philosophy " and with Cicero's " De</p>

St. Mark's Church, Badulla—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1073 ..	Sept. 17 1870	Sarah Elizabeth O'Grady— <i>contd.</i>	Officiis," "as it is well said a man can never be a good lawyer who is not well grounded in his Ethics." But the prospect of Paley was perhaps not persuasive, and he joined the Civil Service July 31, 1839, having obtained a nomination from the Marquis of Normanby, and remained in it until his death in December, 1867. He died while on leave. (See <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. V., p. 4.) He married at the Fort Church, Jaffna, in 1845, Henrietta Smith. His brother, William Hervey O'Grady, followed him to Ceylon in the forties and got a place in the Public Works Department, which he abandoned for coconut planting. A sister, Amelia, married Captain George Adolphus Tranchell, Ceylon Rifles, son of Lieutenant-Colonel Gustavus Adolphus Tranchell. Another sister, Laura Caroline, married at Trincomalee, February 25, 1865, John Frederick Dalrymple. The O'Gradys are supposed to be of the Kilballyowen, County Limerick, family, and to have settled in France, as many Irish did, in the eighteenth century. A daughter of Dr. Edward O'Grady still survives, aged 85 (1910).

Churchyard of St. Mark's, Badulla.

"A COMPLETE contrast to the old and neglected graveyard behind the Badulla gaol is the new cemetery attached to the church." (*Ceylon Observer*, July 25, 1883.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1074 ..	Nov. 21 1846	John Smyth	.. JOHN SMYTH, died at Badulla, aged 26 Years.
1075 ..	Nov. 26 1858	Children of Frederick Layard	In memory of the infant twin daughters of FREDERICK LAYARD, Esq., Asst. Govt. Agent, Badulla, and of ROSAMOND, his wife. Born November 26th, 1858, and survived but a short time. Frederick Layard, third son of C. E. Layard, born September 25, 1823, was appointed Writer, January 1, 1846; was Police Magistrate, Matara, 1847; Assistant Government Agent, Kandy, 1849; District Judge, Kalutara, 1851; Assistant Government Agent, Kalutara, 1851; Assistant Government Agent, Matale, 1857; and Badulla, 1858. A daughter, Rosa, was born, June 28, 1857, at Matale. He married, August 17, 1854, at Llangattock, Carmarthenshire, Rosamund Elizabeth Lloyd. He retired July 1, 1862, and died on April 27, 1872, at Venice.
1076 ..	May 13 1871	Paul Leon Famin	.. PAUL LEON FAMIN, born 17th January, 1851. Son of Leon Famin, one of the Directors of the Colombo Commercial Company, who was also Director for 30 years of the Ouvah and Spring Valley Coffee Company. "The son was on one of the Ouvah Company's estates, and was killed by a gun accident." (<i>Ceylon Observer</i> , November 14, 1905.) He was out shooting deer with Messrs. Charles Spooner, Henry Martin Berry, and Robert Morrison, when Mr. Berry's gun went off while being loaded with slugs or buckshot, and the charge lodged in the side of Famin, who was instantaneously killed. He was assistant to Spooner on Hindagala estate, and had only been a few weeks in the Island.
1077 ..	Sept. 20 1871	Charles H. Bayley	C. H. BAYLEY, born in Boston, U. S. A., July, 1837, aged 34 Years. Erected by a few friends who esteemed him for his good qualities both of head and heart. "Between the Logal Oya, above Deyanawatta, and Debeddathe" Edmund Woodhouse passed the place "where afterwards poor Yankee Bailey came to so untimely an end, nearly opposite the ravine across the river where Mortimer met a somewhat similar fate." It is inferred from this that they were both drowned crossing streams, but of the manner of their deaths the compiler has no record, and in the case of Mortimer, there is not even a tombstone inscription.

Churchyard of St. Mark's, Badulla—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1077 ..	Sept. 20 1871	Charles H. Bayley—contd.	" I should have said ' Mr. Byers,' for none of his assistants ever got further than that with him, either to him, or when speaking of him to others. It was always ' Mr. Byers,' even with Linton and Pineo and all the others, with one notable exception, Yankee Bayley, so, of course, they did not get on very well together ; and Bayley had not been long on Kalupahane before the Nova Scotian Pineo was sent to relieve him of his charge of that estate." (R. W. J., in <i>Ceylon Observer</i> , May 30, 1907.)
1078 ..	Sept. 5 1879	Thomas Wood	.. THOMAS WOOD who died at Dotlands..... Erected by those whom he loyally and faithfully served. " With Spring Valley the name of Sir William Reid is connected, and afterwards with Mr. Bannatyne, who would not proceed further than Nuwara Eliya when he came to see his property, thereby nearly causing a split between himself and his very independent Manager, the late Mr. Thomas Wood." (" Early Planting Days in Uva," <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. V., p. 8.)
1079 ..	Dec. 20 1880	William Bennison	.. WILLIAM BENNISON, Junr., of Mause Estate, Hewa Ellia aged 23 years. This monument is erected by his brother planters of Madulsima and Hewa Ellia as a token of their respect for his memory. He was shot by his appu during dinner.
1080 ..	Jan. 28 1893	James Derick Hoste	.. JAMES DERICK, son of Major General HOSTE, C.B., of Brighton, England. Born 13th Nov., 1869. The Lord hath need of him (Luke, 19-3).

Haputale Churchyard, Badulla District.

1081 ..	Aug. 20 1872	Maitland Balfour Smith	.. MAITLAND BALFOUR SMITH, Ratnagalla. Fourth son of CHARLES SMITH, Whittinghame, Scotland, aged 36 years. The estate is near Koslanda, but the name is almost illegible, and it is doubtful whether the reading is correct.
1082 ..	Nov. 2 1875	James Andrews	.. Sacred to the Memory of JAMES ANDREWS, Esq., Sherwood Estate, who was accidentally killed at Kalapahane. His horse backed down a steep bank when he was riding from Haputale to the estate.
1083 ..	June 15 1904	W. H. Goldie	.. W. H. GOLDIE, M.D., son of DAVID and M. GOLDIE, of Auckland, New Zealand, aged 32.

DIYATALAWA.**Military Cemetery.**

THERE are 133 Boer prisoners buried in this cemetery, viz., 118 Free Staters, 11 Transvaalers, 3 from the Cape Colony, and 1 German. Ficksburg contributed the largest number of Free Staters, and next come Smithfield, Wepener, and Thabanchu. With the exception of three which have marble tombstones, all the graves are marked by wooden crosses or boards, giving the name, place of birth, and date of death of the deceased, and a reference to a text of Scripture. The prisoners, soon after their arrival in Ceylon, suffered from an epidemic of enteric fever, which accounted for most of the deaths in the earlier period of their stay at Diyatalawa.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1084 ..	1900	Ferrar Reginald Mostin Cleave	Psalm 110, vers. 7. FERRAR REGINALD MOSTIN CLEAVER, van Johannesburg, Zud Afrik. Republiek. Sanft rust seine asche. 1900. Oud 29 Jaare. Evidently of British descent.
1085 ..	Nov. 21 1900	Andrias S. Henning	.. ANDRIAS S. HENNING, geboren den 27 Dec., 1870, over. den 21 Nov., 1900.

Military Cemetery, Diyatalawa—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date	Name.	Inscription.
1086	Nov. 23 1900	Daniel de Villiers	.. DANIEL DE VILLIERS, Ficksburg, O.V.S. Oud 25 Jaar. Over. 23 Nov., 1900. Ps. 146, vers. 3. (A marble tombstone.)
1087	Nov. 28 1900	J. H. Olivier	.. In liefde aandenking van zyn treurende moeder aan J. H. OLIVIER, Lady Brand, O.V.S., Zud Afrika. Geb. 17 April, 1878. Overl. 28 Novr., 1900, in ballingschap voor Vryheid. (A marble tombstone.) He was a son of the Boer General Olivier, who was himself a prisoner in Ceylon.
1088	March 5 1901	P. A. H. Grobler	.. P. A. H. GROBLER, Thabanchu. Geboren 26 Februari, 1850. Overleden 5 Mart, 1901, in ballingschap te Ceylon. Voor Vryheid en Recht. Ter Gedachtenis van echtgenoot en Kinderen. Filipp. I., 21.
1089	July 20 1902	Martha F. F. Riekert	.. MARTHA F. F. RIEKERT, Pretoria, Z.A.R. Oud 27 Jaar. Overl. 20 Juli, 1902. Gez. 20-8. The only Boer woman buried in Ceylon.
1090	Aug. 13 1902	Gidion G. Cronje	.. Commandant GIDION G. CRONJE, Barkly, O O S T K. K. Oud. 53 Jaren. Overl. 13 Aug., 1902. Job. 14. (A marble tombstone.)
1091	Dec. 25 1903	Philip Charles Gubbins	.. Major PHILIP CHARLES GUBBINS, Royal Engineers. Born March 11th, 1859. Died X'Mas Day, 1903. He died of enteric fever.

KANDY.**Old Garrison Cemetery.**

“THERE is above the lake of Kandy a small oblong plot of cleared ground bordered on three sides by rank jungle, and covered with equally rank weeds and trailing grasses. In this plot of ground there are a few tombstones sparsely scattered. There are more black headboards marking the resting places of the departed, and telling the name and date of their death. There are, however, a far larger number of low mounds which tell no tale, beyond a sad one that the remains of some stranger rest beneath. This is the European graveyard of Kandy. A stranger visiting this spot would be charmed at the magnificent scenery which surrounds it. The silvery waters of the lake lap the shore just below, whilst the city itself, with its marrying and giving in marriage, its din and tumult, lies a few hundreds of yards to the west. Across the lake the wooded slopes of the Mahapatana crowded with English bungalows rise some thousands of feet in the skies, whilst the Hantane mountains slope gently down into the Peradeniya plain, and the distant summits of Alagalla, Batalakanda, and Lapulakanda close in the view on the far off horizon. In this lonely spot—for it is lonely, notwithstanding its near proximity to the great city—lie many hundreds of kindly Scots, who, cut off in the very prime and vigour of their manhood, sleep the sleep which knows no waking, under the rank weeds and wiry grasses which cover their neglected graves. Many a sad tale of hardship, agony, and pain could the tenants of these nameless graves tell were they permitted to speak.

“Few of them had any kind friend or neighbour near to comfort them in their last sad agony, to place even a glass of cool water to their parched and burning tongue, or to speak a word of comfort to their often troubled mind. Left to the care of native servants, many of these young men died friendless and neglected in some distant jungle bungalow, from fever, from cholera, diarrhoea, or dysentery.

“The brandy bottle finished many of them, for, as Anthony Trollope justly remarks, there is no other solace at hand to cheer the loneliness of the wild jungle life, and there are but few minds so constituted as to take kindly to the history of England and other equally recondite subjects of improving literature. Many were brought into the Kandy hotels in a dying condition, but their fate was not much improved by the change. Possibly a fellow planter might be at hand and look in to see the dying man, but what could he do for him in his ignorance and helplessness in everything connected with the sick bed?” (“Autobiography of a Periya Durai.”) There is no doubt some exaggeration here both as to numbers and the circumstances attending the deaths of the “kindly Scots.” It can hardly be the case that there are hundreds of them buried here uncommemorated; the registers do not bear this out. The statement would be correct as to numbers if it referred to privates of British regiments and their wives and children. In 1824, for instance, there were 168 of these burials, in 1825 there were 50, in 1826 29, and in 1827 23. There are about a dozen tombs of the “table” tomb pattern, from which the name-plates have disappeared, which probably date from the twenties and thirties. The register goes back to 1822, in which year doubtless the cemetery was opened.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1092 ..	Dec. 2 1817	James Edwin McGlashan ..	Here lies the body of Capt. JAMES MCGGLASHAN of H. M. XIX. Regt., who died on the 2nd of Dec., 1817, aged 26 years.

He distinguished himself in the battles of Busaco and Albuera. He served in Germany, where he was appointed a Companion of the Guelphic Order of Knighthood, and he obtained the Medal bestowed by their grateful country on all who fought at Waterloo. In his last illness he received the Holy Sacrament with exemplary devotion, and under the lingering approach of a painful death he was sustained by manly fortitude and Christian hope.

This tomb is not *in situ*. It was found, some twenty years ago, just above "Lady Longden's Drive," on the cacao estate of Mr. L. Pieris, south-east of One Tree Hill, which was the citadel of Kandy "in the early years of the British occupation." (Bennett, p. 424.) Burials must have taken place here before the opening of the present "Old Garrison Cemetery," to which this tombstone was removed a few years ago. It is a very well-preserved flat stone. There is no trace of other tombs to be found here now. Yet several military officers, Surgeon Reeder of the 51st (see Cordiner, chap. 19), Captain Carrington, Lieutenants Henderson and Bausset of the Malay Regiment, and Blakeney, Byne, and Plenderleath of the 19th, as well as two civilians, Messrs. Joseph Wright and Edward Tolfrey, were buried at Kandy between 1803 and 1821, not to speak of the officers killed in the massacre of 1803. Probably they lie buried under the dense shade of the cacao trees which now cover the site, and their gravestones are several feet deep under accumulations of silt and humus.

Captain McGlashan exchanged, with Captain Charles Driberg, from the 19th Regiment into the 1st Ceylon Regiment on September 16, 1817. At Colombo on October 25, and again on December 31, 1816, he was one of the stewards of a subscription ball held at the mess of the 73rd Regiment. In the *Gazette* of November 29, 1817, there is a paragraph—"Captain McGlashan, we regret to say, has had a severe attack of fever, but is this day rather better." The next issue announces his death. "He was seized with a violent fever on Friday, the 21st of November, and expired at 3 o'clock in the morning of the 2nd instant. He had arrived at Kandy but a few days before from Trincomalie, and although his road lay through some of the most unhealthy places in the Island, that confidence in youth and strength which despises danger led him unfortunately to neglect every precaution of safety. Heated with walking, drenched with rain, and wading, sitting, and even sleeping in wet clothes he must have greatly increased the risk of fever. The progress of his disorder was rapid, and in spite of all the medical skill and unremitting attention of Mr. Marshall,* his recovery soon became more than doubtful. On the morning of Friday, the 28th, he was better, but in the evening his fever returned, and the next day his danger was apparent. He was well aware of it himself, and by his own desire received the Holy Sacrament with great devotion. He never betrayed the least emotion of apprehension at the thought of his approaching death, but expressed his earnest desire to be released from his sufferings with a fervency of manner that was most deeply affecting. He retained his sense till within a few hours of his death, when after a little delirious wandering he sank into a dozing stupor and at last expired without a groan. In Spain and Portugal he had served in the German Legion In Germany he was with the Allied Armies as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General

* Henry Marshall was Staff Surgeon, Kandy, 1816-21. He arrived with the 89th Regiment in 1808 and was subsequently Surgeon of the 1st Ceylon Regiment. He was author, years after he left the Island, of a book called "Ceylon: A General Description of the Island and its Inhabitants," London, 1846, and of various papers on botanical and medical subjects connected with Ceylon.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1092 ..	Dec. 2 1817	James Edwin McGlashan— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Sir James Lyon. Captain McGlashan had been only a short time in this Island, but his prepossessing appearance and polished manners had conciliated general regard. His last illness was soothed by the constant attention of his friend, Captain Kitson,* who scarcely for a moment ever quitted his bedside.</p> <p>“His Excellency the Governor and all the Garrison of Kandy were present when the remains of this gallant soldier and accomplished gentleman were consigned with all military honours to the grave.”</p> <p>On this account of his death, Mr. H. C. P. Bell, C.C.S., remarks : “Captain McGlashan, it will be seen, fell a victim to that reckless disregard of ordinary precautions which has proved fatal to so many Europeans in Ceylon since.” (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 311.)</p>
1093 ..	June 14 1819	William Macarmick Cox ..	<p>WM. MACARMICK COX, Lieut. H. M. 83rd Regiment, died at Kandy aged 26 years.</p> <p>He died of “an epileptic disorder which seized him on the 12th.”</p> <p>He married at the Cape, January 17, 1817, Johanna Magdalena —, evidently a lady of Dutch descent.</p>
1094 ..	Aug. 18 1820	William Thompson ..	<p>WILLIAM, ALEXANDER, and MARY ANNE THOMPSON, children of WM. and MARY THOMPSON of H. M. 83rd Regt., who departed this life, viz., WM. aged 1 year 2 m. 17 days ; ALEX. aged 1 year 5 m. 13 d. ; MARY ANN aged 3 years 8 m. 15 d.</p>
	May 22 1824	Alexander Thompson ..	
	Dec. 25 1824	Mary Ann Thompson ..	
1095 ..	March 2 1821	Archibald Montgomerie ..	<p>To the memory of Ensign ARCHIBALD MONTGOMERIE, 45th Regt., fifth son of ALEXANDER MONTGOMERIE of Annick Lodge, County of Air, North Britain, and of ELIZABETH MONTGOMERIE, his wife, who died the 2nd of March, 1821, of jungle fever, in the 20th year of his age.</p> <p>His afflicted widowed mother erects this inadequate memorial to a most affectionate and dutiful son.</p> <p>Ensign Montgomerie joined September 17, 1817, and arrived at Colombo from Cork on July 26, 1819. Major Skinner was stationed at Kurunegala with him in 1821–22, where there were two flank companies of the 45th under Major Martin, and a company of the Ceylon Light Infantry Regiment (as the 1st Ceylon was then called) under Lieutenant Skinner, also a small detachment of Artillery. He says of Montgomerie: “Amongst the officers of the 45th was an extremely nice fellow of the name of Montgomery (<i>sic</i>), an ensign of about a year’s standing, a good deal my senior in age. He was a keen, active sportsman, and we went out elephant shooting nearly every day. We used to breakfast early and start off to the jungle on the chance of finding the track of an elephant, which we generally did, and often that of a herd, which we followed up till we overtook them. Sometimes we were led on imperceptibly until, late in the evening, we found ourselves many miles away from the post. The country was well marked by high rocky features, so that as long as it was daylight there was little fear of our losing ourselves, but unfortunately we were often in large, deep jungles, far away from home, after dark, when it was quite impossible to return without a guide; many a time we did not get back to our quarters till a very late hour My friend Montgomery and I became desperate sportsmen It was not much wonder that we were both laid up with severe attacks of jungle fever, to which my poor young friend succumbed. He died in Kandy.” (“Fifty Years in Ceylon,” pp. 23–24.)</p>
1096 ..	July 5 1822	James Basset ..	<p>Second Lieut. JAMES BASSET of His Majesty’s First Ceylon Regiment. aged 22 years.</p> <p>“Ensign James Basset from 4th West India Regiment to be 2nd Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment, April 14, 1819.”</p>

* Captain J. Kitson belonged to the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, 1811–21. He went through the Uva Rebellion of 1817. In 1819 he was Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Alex. C. Jackson.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1097	March 29 1823	Neale Swinburne	NEALE and CHARLES SWINBURNE, infant sons of Capt. SWINBURNE, 83rd Regt. The former departed this life..... aged 6 days. The latter.....aged 4 years 8 months and 19 days.
	Jan. 21 1828	Charles Swinburne	Lieutenant Joseph Swinburne was Fort Adjutant, Colombo, 1819-20; at Kandy, 1821-28 (?); and later Fort Adjutant, Trincomalee. Another son, by his wife Alicia, called Alfred, no doubt after Captain Alfred Mylius, whom Captain Swinburne's sister Sarah married in 1827, was born at Kandy, January 21, 1828 (the very day when his son Charles died), and baptized on July 25, 1828. Captain Swinburne died at Brighton on September 18, 1900, in his 81st year. Mrs. Alfred Mylius died at Lichfield, February 7, 1860.
1098	April 25 1824	John Johnson Michel	[JOHN] MICHEL, Lieutenant Corps of Royal Engineers, son of General MICHEL of Dorsetshire, England. He died at Kandy on the [25th] day of April in the year of our Lord 1824 and in the 26th year of his age of a malignant fever caught in the discharge of his duty at the Kospotta-oya, Seven Korles, in this Island. The name is spelt "Mitchell" in the register and Michell in the <i>Gazette</i> . The inscription is becoming illegible, and the words and figures in brackets have been supplied from the register. "The district of the Seven Korles towards Kandy terminates at the Kospeta-oya, which is a furious torrent during the wet seasons. We have there built a good resthouse with convenient offices attached to it for travellers. This post is situated on a rising ground encompassed by lofty wooded mountains, which often reminded me of many parts of the Pyrenees." (Campbell's "Excursions," vol. II., p. 152.) Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell saw it in 1821-22.
1099	May 25 1824	John D'Oyly	In memory of the Hon'ble Sir JOHN DOYLY, Baronet, Resident of the Kandyan Provinces, and one of the members of his Majesty's Council of this Island. Whose Meritorious Services to this Government from the year 1802 and his talents during the Kandyan War stand recorded in the Archives of this Government and in the office of the Secretary of State for the Colonies. Born June 11th, 1774. Died at Kandy, May 25th, 1824. Aged 49 years. He was the second son of the Rev. MATTHIAS DOYLY, late Archdeacon of Lewes in Sussex. And this Memorial is erected by his three surviving brothers. A broken fluted column of masonry with marble tablet. (See also No. 12.) Sir John D'Oyly died of remittent fever contracted while he was on an official tour in the Seven Korales. The funeral took place at 6 A.M. on the 26th. It was headed by the Koralas and Arachchies "of the Udaratte," who were followed by the Band of the Ceylon Regiment. Then came the coffin, the pall being borne by six Field Officers and Captains of the Garrison, then the Chaplain, Rev. N. Garstin, and Medical Attendant, Surgeon Armstrong, then the Commandant, Lieutenant-Colonel Greenwell, Commissioners of the Board, Messrs. Sawers and Wright, as chief mourners, the Officers of the Garrison and gentlemen of Kandy, and the procession ended with the Adigar of the Kandyan Provinces, the Kandyan Chiefs, Mudaliyars, Clerks, &c. John D'Oyly was educated at Westminster School, where he is said to have been a contemporary of Bishop Heber's, and at Cambridge, where he was a Commoner and Fellow of Benet's (Corpus Christi) College, Cambridge. At Westminster, in his time, Dr. Vincent was an undermaster, and was a great friend of his. At Cambridge he took his degree as a Senior Optime in 1796, and was second for the Chancellor's Medal, being beaten by Samuel Butler, afterwards

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1099	May 25 1824	John D'Oyly— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Headmaster of Shrewsbury and Bishop of Lichfield. He went out to Ceylon, September, 1801, having been appointed to a Writership through the interest of the Earl of Liverpool, some time Secretary of State for the Colonies, who was resident in his father's parish of Buxted.</p> <p>From the time of D'Oyly's arrival in Ceylon he devoted himself to acquiring an intimate knowledge of the Sinhalese language, "and made himself a master of it to a degree which, it was stated, had seldom or never been attained by any European It is understood that he acquired extraordinary influence over the natives by the opinion which prevailed of his integrity and upright views in settling and adjusting their disputes, insomuch that there was no person in whose decision they were at all times more ready to acquiesce."</p> <p>On July 6, 1803, he was appointed President of the Provincial Court of Matara; on February 22, 1804, Agent of Revenue and Commerce for the District of Matara; and on May 2, 1804, the District of Galle was united under his charge with that of Matara. There is extant a set of verses addressed to him while holding this office by Gajaman Nona, the Matara poetess.</p> <p>On July 10, 1805, he was appointed Chief Translator to Government; on July 13 "President of the Court of Justices of the Peace to be held twice a month at Negombo"; on February 12, 1806, Agent of Revenue for the District of Colombo, and in addition, on April 2, Fiscal of Colombo; and on August 12, 1814, Civil Auditor-General; and again, on September 1, Chief Translator to Government. To these offices was added, on December 12, 1814, that of Military Auditor-General, and he was to be styled in future Auditor-General.</p> <p>He accompanied the Army to Kandy in February, 1815, in order that he might give its leaders the advantage of his knowledge of the language and of the country.</p> <p>Kandy having been taken, and its king captured, he became, on October 1, 1816, Resident and First Commissioner of the Board of Commissioners appointed to administer the affairs of the Kandyan Provinces, and Member of Council, offices which he held until his death. The birthday of King George IV. was celebrated at the Resident's house, the Old Palace, on August 12, 1820,* by a dinner at 7.30 P.M. "The fine band of the 45th attended," and D'Oyly and Edward Tolfrey proposed the health of the Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor (Sir Edward Barnes), and Colonel Kelly, and the healths of D'Oyly and Tolfrey were also drunk. D'Oyly was created for his distinguished services a baronet of the United Kingdom on August 29, 1821. He never visited England, and died unmarried. It was found on his death that there were 115 indigent natives who were monthly recipients of his bounty, and that his payments to them amounted to 163 rix-dollars a month. Among them was a natural son of Major Davie.</p> <p>The patent of baronetcy apparently was confined to himself and heirs of his body, for it did not pass to his surviving elder brother.</p> <p>His "Sketch of the Constitution of the Kandyan Kingdom" was communicated by Sir Alexander Johnston (Chief Justice, 1811-20) to the Royal Asiatic Society, read at a meeting on May 7, 1831, and published in the "Transactions," vol. III., part II. Another work on the Kandyan constitution and laws, and his diary from 1810 to 1815, exist in manuscript. He sent home some translations of Sinhalese poems, but these with his Cambridge diary (he always kept a diary) are not now forthcoming.</p> <p>His father was Rector of Buxted from 1787 till his death in 1815, and from 1805 Archdeacon of Lewes. He was the second son, and he had four brothers, Thomas, Serjeant at Law and a Fellow of All Souls, died 1855; Sir Francis, K.C.B., of the Guards,</p>

* Possibly the dinner took place on April 23, St. George's Day, which was the day fixed for celebrating George IV.'s birthday. The statement on p. 10 that it was the birthday of George III. that was celebrated is incorrect.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1099 ..	May 25 1824	John D'Oyly— <i>contd.</i>	<p>.. killed at Waterloo ; George, Second Wrangler, 1800, a D.D. and Chaplain to King George III. and to the Archbishop of Canterbury, one of the editors of D'Oyly and Mant's Bible, died 1846 ; and Henry, of the Guards and a Major-General, wounded at Waterloo, died 1855. A son of the Rev. Dr. George D'Oyly, William, was in the Indian Civil Service from 1848 to 1873 and died in 1908. From him these particulars were obtained. Sir Warren Hastings D'Oyly, late of the Bengal Civil Service, belongs to a younger branch of the same family, which is descended from Gilbert D'Oyly, the youngest of three brothers who came over with the Conqueror ; the eldest of whom built Oxford Castle.</p> <p><i>Arms.</i>—Or, two bends azure, or with colours reversed sometimes. Azure : two bends, or.</p> <p>There is an interesting reference to D'Oyly dated "Colombo, March 2nd, 1810," in the "Life of the Right Hon'ble Sir James Mackintosh" (vol. II., p. 6):—</p> <p>"Among the society are three old Westminsters—Twisleton, Coke, and D'Oyly.</p> <p>"D'Oyly, you recollect, was one of the party who rowed us in 1799 from Cambridge to Ely. He is the only Cingalese scholar in the Ceylon Civil Service, and like many Orientalists has almost become a native in his habits of life. He lives on a plantain, invites nobody to his house, and does not dine abroad once a year ; but he is generally esteemed, and seems an amiable and honourable, though uncouth, recluse. When I saw him come in to dinner at Mr. Wood's, I was struck with the change of a Cambridge boy into a Cingalese hermit, looking as old as I do."</p> <p>The successful careers of three contemporaries of D'Oyly's may be here glanced at. The Mr. Wood referred to was the "Hon'ble Alexander Wood, Esquire" (which was the official style of members of Council up to the fifties), who was a member of the Civil Service from 1801 to 1811, when he left with Governor Sir Thomas Maitland. When Sir James Mackintosh dined at his house, he was "Sole Commissioner of Revenue." He retired on April 1, 1811, after nine years' service, on a pension of £700 a year, and was living in 1844 as Sir Alexander Wood. He, Richard Plaskett, the Civil Auditor-General, and Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Hankey, 51st Regiment, who had distinguished himself in the operations against the Kandians, were all high in favour with Sir Thomas Maitland, and all left with him ; Hankey as Military Secretary. Plaskett retired from the Ceylon Civil Service in August, 1814, having completed the twelve years' service entitling him to pension. Both he and Hankey held office under Maitland in Malta. Hankey was sent on a mission to Tunis in 1817, and on April 2, 1835, Plaskett was appointed Civil Commissioner of St. Helena. He finally retired on August 12, 1844, and died in 1847.</p> <p>Wood, Plaskett, and Hankey were all knighted. Plaskett was one of the first Knight Commanders of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.</p>
1100 ..	June 6 1825	Margaret Bradshaw	<p>.. MARGARET BRADSHAW, wife of Sergeant J. BRADSHAW, 83rd Regt., who departed this life aged 37 years, leaving an affectionate husband and 4 children to condole her loss.</p> <p>"When join'd we were in mutual love And so we did remain Till parted by the God above In hopes to meet again."</p>
1101 ..	June 1 1828	R. M. Gunn	<p>.. Qtr. Master Sergeant R. M. GUNN, 78 Highlanders, who died at Kandy, aged 33 years.</p>
1102 ..	April 17 1829	John Manwaring	<p>.. Capt. JOHN MANWARING, of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, Staff Officer of Kandy.....aged 35 years, deeply lamented by his disconsolate widow and brother officers.</p> <p>The name is spelt indifferently "Mainwaring" and "Manwaring." The latter is the signature in the</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1102 ..	April 17 1829	John Manwaring— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>marriage register, and it is the spelling used on the tombstone, but in some of the "Ceylon Calendars" the spelling is "Mainwaring." He joined the first Ceylon Regiment on September 24, 1812, and was with the 8th Division in the Kandyan War of 1815; at Kurunegala on February 3; captured Muttusami near Teldeniya, February 16; was Assistant Commissary at Badulla in 1816, and Deputy Commissioner-General at Kandy in 1816, at Colombo in 1817; held the Adjutancy of the 1st Ceylon Regiment from 1817 until 1824, succeeding Lieutenant R. Pollington, and obtained his company on June 18, 1825. Major Skinner says of Manwaring: "The Adjutant of the regiment was one of the strictest disciplinarians I have ever met with" (p. 8). He was succeeded by Lieutenant T. W. Rogers, "a most efficient officer." (<i>Ibid.</i>, p. 5.)</p> <p>Captain Manwaring married Jane Georgiana <i>alias</i> Johanna Justina Gertruida, born April 1, 1801, the youngest daughter of Diederich Thomas Fretz, late Commandeur of Galle. She married (2) at Colombo, on June 14, 1832, Lieutenant Frederic Augustus Morris, Ceylon Rifles. Her elder sister, Henrietta Thomasina, married at Colombo, in 1818, Lieutenant Charles Button, 2nd Ceylon Regiment. Lieutenant Button appears to have died in 1827. His piano was advertized for sale in the <i>Government Gazette</i> of July 28, 1827. Mrs. Manwaring and Mrs. Button were sisters of Lieutenant Gerrard Fretz of the Ceylon Rifles, and half-sisters of Henrietta Justina, born April 2, 1783, who married (1) Lieutenant-Colonel John Macdonald, and (2) Surgeon Michael Reynolds.</p> <p>"It has been our painful duty to record the loss of many valuable friends lately, but of none could it be said more faithfully that he was deserving of every promise that could be bestowed on him as a zealous officer and an upright man." (<i>Gazette.</i>)</p>
1103 ..	Feb. 12 1830	Mary Ann Proudfoot ..	MARY ANN, daughter of THOMAS and MARY ANN PROUDFOOT, 78th Regiment.....aged 1 year and 20 days.
1104 ..	May 16 1830	John Peter Lardy ..	<p>J. P. LARDY, Captain in H. M. 78 Highlanders. He died of remittent fever.....aged 39 years. Highly esteemed and respected by his brother Officers through life. They raise this humble tribute of their Regard over his Remains.</p> <p>Captain Lardy arrived at Colombo, with the remainder of the 78th, by the ship <i>Melpomene</i> on August 28, 1826. Captain A. O'Keefe of the same regiment, writing to Mr. R. Brook, Master Attendant of Trincomalee, on August 16, from Galle, says: "On the arrival of our regiment in Ceylon.....Sir Edward (Barnes) was very anxious that our senior Captain (Lardy) should undertake the work (<i>i.e.</i>, the exploration of the Mahaweliganga). He agreed to do so, but in consequence of his illness and his subsequent death I volunteered to do so....., but the thing was abandoned." (Letter printed with R. Brook's Report on the Navigation of the Mahaweliganga.)</p> <p>There was a "Lieut.-Colonel P. Lardy" in De Meuron's Regiment, who, with "Mrs. Lardy and two children," embarked with the regiment on March 2, 1806, at Colombo, on its way to Madras in H.E.I.C.'s ship <i>Admiral Gardner</i>. Probably Captain J. P. Lardy was a son—in fact, he may have been one of the two children.</p> <p>"To great zeal and ability in the discharge of His Majesty's duty, Capt. Lardy united a mildness and cheerfulness of disposition which had gained him the esteem of all, and more particularly endeared him to his Brother Officers, by whom his loss is deeply felt and lamented.</p> <p>"The memory of his upright and honourable character and of his many estimable qualities will be impressed on the minds of his surviving friends long after the first bitter regrets for his loss shall have passed away." (<i>Gazette</i>, May 29, 1830.)</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1105 ..	June 29 1830	Margaret Allan	.. MARGARET ALLAN, the wife of ANDREW ALLAN, 78 Regiment aged 37 years.
1106 ..	April 10 1831	Jessy Douglas	.. This stone was raised by the children of the 78th Regimental School to mark their affection for the memory of their companion JESSY DOUGLAS, daughter of Sergt. and Mrs. DOUGLAS aged 7 years and 8 months.
1107 ..	April 21 1831	Charles Boyle De Latre	.. Lieut. CHARLES B. DE LATRE, Ceylon Rifle Regiment aged 25 years 6 months. Lieutenant C. B. De Latre was the eldest son of Major Philip De Latre, who was on June 16, 1803, promoted from Captain-Lieutenant in the 86th Regiment to be a Captain in the Malay Regiment, and was afterwards Quartermaster-General. Major De Latre's daughter, Mary Anne, married at Kandy, on September 23, 1822, Lieutenant Samuel Braybrooke, 1st Ceylon Regiment, afterwards Colonel commanding the Ceylon Rifles, and a general. He lost a son, James, at Trincomalee, on April 23, 1812, aged six years, twelve days after the birth of another son. C. B. De Latre was born on September 14, 1805.
1108 ..	Jan. 20 1832	Thomas Ireland	.. The Revd. THOMAS IRELAND, M.A., Chaplain to the forces. Died at Kandy, January, 1832. Sincerely and universally respected by all his acquaintances. He arrived off Galle on October 6, and at Trincomalee, October 17, 1813, by the <i>Marchioness of Exeter</i> , his fellow passengers being Mr. and Mrs. E. Tolfrey, Captain Benezet, R.A., and Mrs. Benezet, Captain Lenn, Lieutenant Manwaring, and Ensign and Mrs. Preston. He had been appointed "Chaplain to the Forces serving in Ceylon, to do duty at Trincomalee, visiting Jaffna, Mulletivo, and Batticaloa occasionally." He officiated at the funeral of Sir William Coke. He seems to have served at two different periods in Ceylon, for his name disappears from the "Ceylon Calendar" of 1821 and reappears in that of 1829, when he was again a chaplain on the general staff. He was stationed at Kandy from 1828 till his death. He was appointed Colonial Chaplain at Kandy, November 15, 1831.
1109 ..	Feb. 6 1832	Frederick Gorman	.. FREDERICK GORMAN, son of Adjutant GORMAN, H. M. 58th Regiment, who departed this life at Kandy aged 3 years three months and ten days. Deeply and sincerely regretted by his afflicted parents. Quartermaster Owen Gorman, 58th Regiment, was appointed Adjutant with the rank of Ensign on April 28, 1829.
1110 ..	March 19 1833	Mary Gunn	.. Mary, wife of Mr. GUNN, 78th Highlanders, who departed this life on the 19th day of March, 1833, aged 59 years. Much and sincerely regretted. This inscription is rapidly disappearing. William Gunn, who was Quartermaster of the 78th, appears to have married again shortly, for on December 16, 1836, a son, William, by his wife, Amelia Johnston, was born at Kandy. Catherine Gunn married Lieutenant McPherson, 78th Highlanders, at Colombo, on August 30, 1827; Jane Gunn married George James Mee Tomms, late Captain in the 83rd Regiment, at Kandy, on September 15, 1827; and Mary Gunn married J. E. N. Bull, Lieutenant and Adjutant of the 78th, at Kandy, on April 17, 1830. These were no doubt daughters of Mary and William Gunn. In 1835 Lieutenant McPherson was discharging judicial duties at Kurunegala.
1111 ..	May 31 1833	Alice Bill	.. To the memory of ALICE, the affectionate and beloved wife of THOMAS BILL, Sergt. in the Rl. Regiment of Artillery, who departed this life..... aged 29 years, and also to the memory of ALICE, the daughter of the aforesaid THOMAS and ALICE, who was born two months before the death of her mother and survived the event but three months and 28 days.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1111 ..	May 31 1833	Alice Bill — <i>contd.</i>	.. Called by a sainted mother's voice away, Her spirit burst its infant form of clay, Their sorrow-stricken husband, weeping father hears Their accents sweetly blend upon his ears, Unto the narrow, blessed way that leads to life, Sin's fetters break and join thy Saviour, child and wife.
1112 ..	May 21 1834	Robert Brownrigg Fraser ..	ROBERT BROWNRIGG, born 20th October, 1832, CHARLES CAMPBELL, born 11th October, 1834, and another little boy who pre- deceased them, and whose remains are also deposited here; children of Lieut.-Colonel FRASER, D. Qr. Mr. Genl.
	April 4 1835	Charles Campbell Fraser	
1113 ..	June 14 1835	Henry Frith Firebrace ..	HENRY FRITH FIREBRACE, son of Captain FIRE- BRACE, H. M. 58th Regt., who departed this life at Kandy aged XI. months and 2 days. Captain W. Firebrace was Commandant of the District of Seven Korales and Assistant Government Agent for the District. This son was born at Kuru- negala, July 12, 1834. Another son, John Blaine, was born at Kandy, July 11, 1832.
1114 ..	July 31 1837	Caesar Augustus Sillery Heyliger	C. A. S. H., son of Lieut. HEYLIGER, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, died 31st July, 1837, aged 8 months 24 days. There was a Robert Seymour Croxton Sillery, a planter in Dikoya, on Kolapatana, Kotmale, in 1862, and on Menickwatta, Dikoya, in 1866–68.
1115 ..	March 4 1838	Harriet Fraser	.. HARRIET, wife of Lieut.-Col. FRASER, Deputy Quarter Master General to the Forces serving in this Island, & daughter of the late Lieut.-Col. Hook, H. M. 16th Regt. of Foot. Born 6th Janu- ary, 1804, died (with the infant to whom she gave birth) 4th March, 1838; also three of her children, whose remains repose in the adjoining grave. That her daughter may be enabled by divine Providence to follow in the path in which she walked and fondly hoped to lead them is the earnest prayer of their Father by whom this tomb has been erected. She married Major John Fraser, Assistant Quarter- master-General, 1st Ceylon Regiment, at Kandy, October 1, 1823; another daughter of Lieutenant- Colonel Hook, Eliza, married, at St. Peter's, Colombo, on August 8, 1825, Horace Robert Scott, C.C.S., 1824–40; and a third, Charlotte Carpenter, married George Bird, the pioneer coffee planter, at Colombo, December 26, 1828. (See Nos. 91 and 1112.)
1116 ..	Sept. 16 1838	John Heyliger	.. Lieut. JN. HEYLIGER, Ceylon Rifle Regt. aged 32 years. 2nd Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifles, September 30, 1830. He was in command of the 5th Division of Pioneers of the Civil Engineer's Department at Dambulla in 1838 (July).
1117 ..	1829–1838	Men of the Royal Artillery .	This memorial is erected by a detach. of the 2nd Batty., Royal Artillery, to the memory of their comrades, whose remains are interred near this spot: Gunner WRIGHT died 24th April, 1829. J. STUART died 1834. A. BURNS 13th October, 1834. W. PATTERSON 21st November, 1834. G. DREW 11th January, 1837. J. STEPHEN 31st May, 1837. T. HOLDING 18th September, 1837. W. ELIOTT 6th October, 1837. C. MOORE 20th May, 1838.
1118 ..	June 30 1839	Jean Innes	.. JEAN INNES, daughter of ADM. INNES, who died at Kandy aged 3 years 11 months and 16 days. Deeply and sincerely regretted by her affectionate parents. These were Adam and Margaret Innes, his wife. Adam Innes died at Kandy, July 30, 1841, aged 41.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1119 ..	Dec. 25 1841	Mary Anne Feneran ..	Beneath this stone lie the remains of MARY ANNE, aged 5 years and 5 months, and EMILY, aged 19 months, daughters of F. FENERAN, Esq., 58th Regt. Inscription rapidly becoming illegible. "Paymaster Feneran was at Waterloo. In 1841 there were five Waterloo officers at Colombo, viz., the Governor, Sir Colin Campbell, the General (Sir Robert Arbuthnot), Capt. Lillie J. Dalziel, Police Magistrate and Paymaster Feneran." (<i>Colombo Observer</i> , June 17, 1841.)
	Jan. 1 1842	Emily Feneran ..	
1120 ..	May 13 1842	William Nonus Saunders ..	Brevet Major W. N. SAUNDERS, late of H. M.'s 95th Regiment, aged 48 years This tribute of Esteem is erected to his memory for his many amiable qualities by his brother officers. He died of dysentery.
1121 ..	Nov. 13 1842	John Tate ..	Mr. JOHN TATE, who departed this life aged 42 years and two months; also JAMES ROSELL TATE, who departed this life aged seven months and 21 days. Life how short, Eternity how long. John Tate kept the resthouse at Gampola. This James Rosell was probably his grandson, son of James Rosell Tate (see No. 1286). Maria Tate, widow, presumably of John Tate, married James Scarlett, widower, at Kandy, April 2, 1844 (see No. 1385). Serena Tate, probably a daughter, married George Oakley, Superintendent of Karagastota estate, 1843, and of Gonavy, on December 1, 1843, also 'at Kandy. "Mr. Tate of Gampola Rest House, a noted character in his day, took credit for persuading Sir Emerson Tennent not to accept the Governorship of St. Helena." ("Ceylon in 1837-1846," by A. M. Ferguson.)
	July 28 1848	James Rosell Tate ..	
1122 ..	March 10 1843	Fanny Arabella Agar ..	Beneath lies (FANNY) ARABELLA, the beloved child of Lieutenant AGAR, Ceylon Rifles aged 2 years. This sun of comfort for a moment given Just rose on earth then set to rise in heaven. Lieutenant Agar died at Galle in 1845 (see No. 616).
1123 ..	April 20 1843	Elizabeth Segar ..	Mrs. ELIZABETH SEGAR, late of Manchester, England. After having been a member of the Methodist Society upwards of fifty years she departed this life in Kandy, Ceylon, in conscious peace with God, May, 1843. Aged 66 years. Princes shall die and turn to dust. This monument was erected to her memory by her sorrowing son, JONES SEGAR. According to the register she died on April, not May, 20, 1843. She was the widow of Richard Segar. Mr. and Mrs. Segar arrived by the brig <i>Thomas Wood</i> on December 20, 1841. This probably means Mrs. Segar and her son Jones, who, on February 5, 1844, opened the "Royal Hotel," which was apparently the successor of "The Royal Hanoverian Hotel" of 1835, which may also have been his for a time, as he seems to have been a hotel-keeper as early as 1842. Mrs. Elizabeth Segar's youngest daughter, Elizabeth, married, at Kandy, on May 3, 1847, James Stone, a coffee planter, son of "the late Mr. James Stone of Drayton, Long Port, Somerset." She was buried at Kandy on October 29, 1857, aged 32. Jessie Stone, aged 18, had been buried there on the 18th, and William Henry Stone on the 24th of the same month. They all died on an estate in the Dolosbage district. It looks as if there had been a visitation of cholera there. Jones Segar married Anne Hartley on July 23, 1845. She was the "Mrs. Segar of the Royal Hotel" referred to in the newspapers. (See No. 1059.)

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1124 ..	Aug. 15 .. 1843	Felix Edmonstone St. Hill ..	<p>Lieut. F. E. ST. HILL, Ceylon Rifle Regt., one of the many victims to the climate aged 17 years. His days a hand-breadth, his cares and pleasures but a dream.</p> <p>Mrs. A. St. Hill, wife of H. St. Hill, Esq., died at Trincomalee, July 22, 1844.</p> <p>Eliza Antoinette, daughter of Henry St. Hill, Ordnance Storekeeper, Trincomalee, married Lieut. Alfred T. Heyland, 95th Regiment, at that place on August 3, 1842. W. (= H.?) St. Hill was Ordnance Storekeeper in 1815. (See No. 991.)</p>
1125 ..	Dec. 20 .. 1843	William Swan ..	<p>WILLIAM, son of ALEX. M. SWAN of Hythe, Kent, aged 34.</p> <p>He died "at the Bockawella plantation" in Harispattu. "James Swan, Esq., of Bokkawela," was appointed a member of the Legislative Council in September, 1848.</p>
1126 ..	March 19 .. 1844	Henry Ingleby Templer ..	<p>HENRY INGLEBY, the beloved child of FRANCIS BULLER TEMPLER, Esquire, and EMMA, his wife, born at Weraloo, July 29th, 1844, died at Kandy.</p> <p>Their eldest daughter, Jane Ellen Mary, died at Nuwara Eliya, June 21, 1849, and is buried in the old cemetery there. Mr. F. B. Templer was Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate of Nuwara Eliya, October 1, 1849, to January 31, 1852. "Lieut. Templer, then an officer in the Ceylon Rifles, became subsequently captain in a cavalry regiment, sold out and entered the Ceylon Civil Service, of which his father had been a member." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. V., p. 253.) He entered the Civil Service, May 23, 1845, and was appointed Police Magistrate of Avisawella, December 1, 1846. Lieutenant Templer was originally in the 29th Regiment, and he retired as Government Agent of the Central Province in 1882. He married on October 20, 1843, at Calcutta, Emma, daughter of Sir J. E. M. Turton, Bart., Barrister-at-law, Registrar of the Supreme Court, Calcutta.</p>
1127 ..	June 27 .. 1845	Edward Poingdestre ..	<p>EDWARD, eldest son of the late JOHN M. POINGDESTRE, Esqr., of the Island of Jersey, died at Kadoogan-nawa aged 17 years.</p> <p>John Matthews Poingdestre resided on Belungala estate, just above Kadugannawa. His third son, William Wilson, married August 6, 1859, at Galle, Selina Jane Helen, second daughter of Commander John Appleby Pritchard, Master Attendant, Colombo.</p>
1128 ..	Feb. 27 .. 1846	Eliza Ann Phillpotts ..	<p>ELIZA ANN, second daughter of Lieut.-Col. G. PHILLPOTTS, R.E., who died at Kandy aged 27 years.</p> <p>Lieutenant-Colonel Phillpotts was "one of those who prepared and originated the plan of the edifice of St. Paul's, Kandy," but plans and estimate..... were prepared by the Civil Engineer and Surveyor-General in 1842. Lieutenant-Colonel Phillpotts' elder daughter, Sibella, married at Hong Kong, November 10, 1849, Major William Hill of the Madras Fusiliers. Lieutenant-Colonel Phillpotts was at that time C. R. E. there. The death of Miss Eliza Phillpotts was very likely the foundation of the episode of "Miss Helen Leith," in the "Autobiography of a Periya Durai," whom Boyd describes as his second love at Kandy (<i>circa</i> 1843-46). At any rate, no other unmarried daughter of a military officer died and was buried at Kandy in the forties. Boyds' imaginary Helen died shortly after her engagement to him. The name "Helen" he took from the Christian name of the daughter of another military officer, who did not however die, but was married at Kandy. In any case Boyd's description of the burial of Helen Leith would apply equally well to that of Miss Phillpotts, at which he may have been present. "We buried my betrothed that evening in the graveyard overlooking the lake." The rest he probably imagined for the purposes of the "Autobiography."</p> <p>"I almost lived in Kandy. I rode with Helen round the lake, or along the picturesque paths and</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1128 ..	Feb. 27 1846 ..	Eliza Ann Phillpotts— <i>contd.</i>	roads extending from the ancient mountain city. I accompanied her in rambles to places of interest around the town, and stood watching, whilst she with rapid pencil and skilful touch sketched some quaint Hindoo or Buddhist temple or Muhammedan mosque, or dashed in the bold outlines of the magnificent scenery with which Kandy is surrounded." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. III., pp. 219, 288–291.)
1129 ..	July 14 1846 ..	Henry James Albrecht ..	Sacred to the memory of HENRY JAMES ALBRECHT. [This is all there is, there is no date.] "The Society of Ceylon have just sustained a great loss in the death of Mr. H. J. Albrecht of the Firm of Messrs. C. D. Parlett & Co. (see No. 140), who had been suffering from an attack of dysentery for some time. He arrived at Kandy from the Estate of Ingoya in a weak state of health." (<i>Ceylon Times</i> .) Mr. and Mrs. Albrecht came from Bombay by the barque <i>Resolution</i> , which arrived at Colombo on January 29, 1841, returning apparently from a visit to India.
1130 ..	Aug. 29 1846 ..	Abraham Newton Duncan ..	Died at Kandy, Ceylon ABRAHAM NEWTON DUNCAN, aged 21 years. He did not live long enough for his name to get into the directory published in the "Ceylon Almanac."
1131 ..	Oct. 24 1846 ..	Anthony Deane ..	ANTHONY DEANE, Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifle Regt., aged 24 years, died of Cholera at Kandy deeply regretted by his brother officers. "We regret to hear that cholera has re-appeared in Kandy. A correspondent writes: 'Lieut. Bagenall has had a severe attack, but is recovering. A few days after his attack Lieut. Deane's servant died suddenly of the same disease. Mr. Deane, who lived with Bagenall, was himself attacked on Saturday at 10 in the morning and died at 5 p.m. He was buried on Sunday morning. Mr. Deane was generally esteemed.'" (<i>Colombo Observer</i> , October 29, 1846.) Judging from his name, he probably belonged to a family of Deanes descended from Sir Anthony Deane, who was Controller of the Navy in the reign of Charles II., and who is mentioned in "Pepy's Diary." The Rev. Anthony Deane, formerly on the staff of "Punch" and editor of the "Treasury," is of this family. The cholera "commenced with two Malabars." The following is a memo. of deaths from it:—95th Regiment, about 68; Moormen, about 27; Sinhalese, about 20; others, about 20. (<i>Ibid.</i> , October 19, 1846.) There is a story that only one officer of the Rifles at Kandy was nervous about the cholera, and that he was the only one of the officers who died of it. There were 52 burials of men of the 95th Regiment in the month of September, apparently all died from cholera. "This young officer experienced much suffering. His servant died the previous day of the same dreadful disease. We understand that cholera prevails amongst the men of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment at Bambragaha, and that some fresh cases have occurred about 3 or 4 of Lieut. Bagenall's servants have perished by this disease. All the above cases took place in the Commissariat Quarters near the Cutcherry." (<i>Ceylon Times</i> , October 27, 1846.) The Lieutenant Bagenall referred to was Lieutenant William Bagenall (see No. 128). The Commissariat Quarters were in the old Kandyan building, now the Kandy Museum.
1132 ..	March 27 1849 ..	James Smith ..	Rev'd. JAMES SMITH, first Presbyterian Minister at Kandy Though his age was only 47, the <i>Colombo Observer</i> strangely describes him as "an old man of the old school, burning with no indecorous missionary zeal, actuated by no old world scruples against a friendly hand at whist," and, evidently under the same misconception as to his years, which seems to show that the editor had no personal acquaintance

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1132	March 27 1849	James Smith— <i>contd.</i>	.. with the gentleman whom he was attacking, adds that the advanced age of the reverend gentleman "left little room to hope that his constitution would cope with the disease—an acute liver attack complaint terminating in abscess." He had been only six weeks in the Island, but his qualifications for the chaplaincy had given rise to a controversy, in which he was defended from the aspersions of the <i>Observer</i> by the Rev. Dr. MacVicar, Colonial Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Colombo, through whose instrumentality he had been appointed, and by the <i>Ceylon Times</i> . This paper described him as "totally devoid of canting sectarian hypocrisy," and spoke of his having been "taunted in certain quarters with playing a hand at whist occasionally." Its references to him at the time of his death were very eulogistic. "Possessed of the entire confidence and respect of all classes of the community, and withdrawn in the full tide of honour and usefulness, a void is felt, which has caused universal mourning. His more intimate friendships were fervent, enlightened, and unchanging, while his hospitality was unbounded. His moral reputation was unspotted. He was possessed of genuine nobility of mind, with unvarying manifold integrity of sentiment and purpose. Superior to the jealousies which sometimes, alas, prevail, conscious of great and pure principles, and most tender in the choicest sympathies and affections of life, he established himself in universal and high regard, and in this delightful and full possession his career has prematurely closed." (<i>Ceylon Times</i> , April 2, 1849.)
1133	Sept. 27 1849	David Bell	.. DAVID BELL, who died at Kandy aged 32 years. Much respected by all who knew him. He was on Galaha estate, and was the youngest son of Dr. Bell of Dundee. He cannot have been in Ceylon more than two or three years, as he does not appear in the directory of 1847.
1134	April 25 1850	Carey Durand	.. To the memory of CAREY DURAND, Esq., born at Guernsey on the 9th July, 1830, and died at Kandy This Memorial is erected by his affectionate mother. Also a recent arrival.
1135	May 31 1850	Haughton George Rohde	.. HAUGHTON GEORGE, infant son of JOHN ROHDE, Esq., Madras Civil Service aged 11 months. A Royal Commission was issued under which Messrs. Rohde and Morehead, two of the most experienced Judges of the Madras Presidency, proceeded to Ceylon to inquire into the matter of the proclamations issued or alleged to have been issued by Captain Watson during the Kandyan rebellion of 1848. ("History of the Rebellion during Lord Torrington's Government," by Captain J. Macdonald Henderson, late 78th Highlanders, London, 1868, p. 187; "The Memoirs of the Gemini Generals," Generals Osborn and Johnson Wilkinson, London, 1896, p. 171.) The report of the Commissioners is dated June 20, 1850. (Cotton, p. 216.)
1136	Aug. 31 1850	William Tait	.. WILLIAM TAIT. aged 28 years. The register gives "James Tate of Kandy, aged 30," buried on September 1, 1850.
1137	Nov. 12 1850	Maria Anne Bell	.. MARIA ANNE, the beloved wife of J. R. BELL. She died at Kandy. aged 23 years. She was the eldest daughter of Lieutenant Robertson, Gun Lascars, of Galle Face, Colombo, and married J. R. Bell, a merchant of Colombo, at St. Andrew's, Colombo, October 16, 1846.
1138	May 4 1851	George Henry Freckleton	.. GEORGE HENRY FRECKLETON, who died in Kandy in his 26th year. There was a Thomas Freckleton on Great Valley, Deltota, in 1851, probably a brother, who married Cecilia Waring, June 5, 1851, at Kandy. There was a firm, Freckleton, Keir & Co., in Kandy in 1851. (See No. 1223.)

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1139 ..	Sept. 16 1851	Henry William D'Esterre..	HENRY WILLIAM D'ESTERRE of Limerick, who died at Kandy on the 16th September, 1851, aged 20 years. A brother of J. H. D'Esterre, long a resident of Kandy.
1140 ..	March 14 1852	John Henry Cornell ..	JOHN HENRY CORNELL, late of Newera Ellia, eldest son of JOHN and SOPHIA CORNELL of Maldon, Essex, England, who departed this life much lamented in Kandy aged 39 years. Man appoints, but God can disappoint.
1141 ..	Feb. 20 1853	Mary Ann Keir ..	Erected to the memory of MARY ANN THOMPSON, the beloved wife of WM. KEIR, aged 33 years. " I must not dismiss the subject of the stand made at the Messrs. Keirs' bungalow so lightly, nor forget to name the hero of the rebellion, Mr. A. Keir. At this bungalow where so gallant a stand was made against the marauding natives, on thievish thoughts intent, the 'Great Rebellion' may be said to have been put down." (The "Matale Rebellion," by Captain J. M. Henderson.) Presumably, William and John L. Keir were brothers of A. Keir.
1142 ..	April 4 1853	Francis Hubble Douce ..	FRANCIS HUBBLE DOUCE, late Lieutenant in H. M. 37 Regiment, who died at Kandy aged 27 years. This is erected as a token of esteem and regard by his brother officers. The register gives his second name as "Hubbald."
1143 ..	Dec. 12 1853	Joseph O'Brien ..	JOSEPH O'BRIEN, only son of PETER O'BRIEN, Armourer Sergeant, 37th Regt., who was born at King's Court, County of Cavan, Ireland, June, 1833, died at Kandy aged 20 years. Open mine eyes the Lord is King Who bears the general sin away And to my ransomed spirit show The glories of eternal day.
1144 ..	May 19 1854	Mary Ann Stavers ..	MARY ANN STAVERS, aged 22 years. P. W. Stavers was on Gonavy, Hewaheta, in 1844-51, probably later.
1145 ..	Sept. 21 1854	David Meaden ..	Capt. DAVID MEADEN, H. M. Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who after a residence of 36 years in this Island died at Kandy aged 66½ years. Sergeant-Major David Meaden, 83rd Regiment, was gazetted Ensign on November 17, 1818. He was appointed Adjutant of the Armed Lascareens, and on March 25, 1820, Adjutant of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment with the rank of 2nd Lieutenant. He was a fellow passenger of Lieutenant-Colonel James Campbell, 45th Regiment, author of "Excursions, &c., in Ceylon," when he returned to England in the <i>Princess Charlotte</i> , which left Colombo on August 27, 1823, another passenger being the Rev. J. S. Pering, Chaplain at Kandy from December, 1821. Captain Meaden had married at the Cape on January 8, 1815. His wife died at Colombo in 1849 (see No. 175). He was father of Lieutenant-Colonel James Meaden of the Ceylon Rifles (see No. 448). His daughter, Margaret Susan, married at Kandy, on January 9, 1857, Captain Lionel Hook, Ceylon Rifles. She died at Trincomalee, February 2, 1858, aged 24. Another daughter, Alice, married Captain C. T. Clement, C.R., on January 1, 1852 (see No. 132).
1146 ..	April 28 1855	Margaret Cheape ..	MARGARET, infant daughter of Sir JOHN CHEAPE, born the 28th April, 1855, died at Galaha..... Major-General Sir John Cheape, G.C.B., commanded the British forces in the Second Burmese war of 1853. He was the proprietor of several coffee estates in Deltota, including Galaha and Vedaheta. (See Cotton, p. 257.)
1147 ..	Dec. 3 1855	John Macfarlane Plunkett.. James Plunkett	JOHN MACFARLANE PLUNKETT aged 47 years. The remains of his brother JAMES also rest here.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1148 ..	Jan. 26 1856	Margaret Garvock ..	<p>MARGARET, widow of the late Major JOHN GARVOCK, Assistant Adjutant-General at the Horse Guards. She died at Kandy in the 69th year of her age. This stone is placed by her beloved and gratefully affectionate son.</p> <p>A Colonel Garvock was Acting Quartermaster-General. He married at Colombo, on March 2, 1857, Blanche, youngest daughter of Colonel Clayton.</p>
1149 ..	Feb. 28 1856	Edmund Sampson Waring ..	<p>EDMUND SAMPSON WARING, late of H. M.'s Ceylon Civil Service, who died in Kandy aged 60 years.</p> <p>E. S. Waring was a son of Sampson Waring, Ordnance Storekeeper, Trincomalee, who arrived at Trincomalee in 1816, and died there in 1818, as did his wife. The son was appointed Assistant in the Cinnamon Department, December, 1822, under John Walbeoff, who succeeded James Maitland, C.C.S., 1805-22, just retired from the post of Superintendent of the Cinnamon Plantations and Sitting Magistrate of the Mahabadde (Cinnamon Peelers). E. S. Waring was appointed Assistant Government Agent at Galle, on October 1, 1833, and Acting Assistant Agent in charge of the Cinnamon Sorting Store at Colombo, on February 17, 1838; District Judge, Matale, on May 1, 1842; and Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Matale, on January 1, 1845: this office, under the new minute, superseding that of District Judge. In accordance, too, with the new arrangements, he had a kachcheri, and performed certain revenue duties. He left Matale on July 28, 1848, when the kachcheri was looted by the Kandyans. His conduct was called in question by Government, and he retired on October 1, 1848. Captain Henderson, the author of "The Matale Rebellion," however, defends him (pp. 16, 30).</p>
1150 ..	June 12 1856	John Spottiswoode Robert- son	<p>This memorial is erected by his sorrowing parents to the memory of JOHN SPOTTISWOODE ROBERTSON, Esq., of Hillside, Dolosbage, born in Edinburgh, 13 October, 1823. Killed by an elephant Eldest son of WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Esq., late one of the Deputy Keepers of the Records of Scotland.</p> <p>He was on a shooting trip with some friends. The obituary notice in the <i>Colombo Observer</i> of June 24 states that the catastrophe happened in the Penylan jungle, but an old resident of the Dolosbage district informs me that it really took place in the Barnagalla jungle, below the road leading from the main road at the 9th mile to Barnagalla estate and Penylan. This was the seventh and last death of a European in Ceylon caused by an elephant. The first case was that of a Sergeant of the 73rd Regiment, who in 1815, during the march of the British forces on Kandy, attacked, with Lieutenant Lyttleton (the artist), an elephant, which pursued them. The Sergeant was torn piecemeal, and the Lieutenant found safety in a tree, where he was obliged to remain many hours closely watched by the elephant ("Asiatic Journal"). This was followed by the deaths of Major Haddock in 1828; of Private James Buchanan, of the 78th Highlanders, near Nuwara Eliya, on March 28, 1833; of young Wallett in 1838; of John Keane, a planter, near Rahatungoda, in 1846; and of David Segar and Robertson in Dolosbage in 1856. The <i>Observer</i> in its account of the death of Robertson states that "it was not the same tusker that killed Mr. Segar," so that the death of the latter must have taken place not long before that of Robertson, but no account of it can be obtained from contemporary newspapers. The following account is from the recollection of Mr. George Lindsay White of Nuwara Eliya:—"The brothers Jonas and Israel Segar with Mr. White started planting on Puprassie and Torrington estates. There was with them a younger brother, David. The three brothers went after an elephant. David had no rifle, so he made a cross with two sticks, and fixed a shirt on it, intending, if chased by the elephant, to plant the cross in the middle of the path.</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1150 ..	June 12 1856	John Spottiswoode Robert- son— <i>contd.</i>	The elephant did chase him, and David, whether he had time to make use of the cross or not is not known, slipped and fell, and the elephant trampled him to death." Mr. White states that this happened in the same year as Robertson's death. An account of the fatality to Keane is given elsewhere.
1151 ..	Sept. 29 1856	Mary Anne Meaden	.. MARY ANNE MEADEN, who died at Kandy. This must have been a third daughter of Captain Meaden, C.R. (See No. 1145.)
1152 ..	Feb. 5 1857	Oteline Rudd	.. OTELINE, late wife of WILLIAM RUDD, Esq., 5th February, 1857; aged 37 years.

She was a Miss Prins, daughter of Cecil Arnoldus Prins, Acting King's Advocate Fiscal, "who had elected to remain in Ceylon when so many of his relatives left for Batavia. Prins had by studying the English language qualified himself for the post which he occupied". She married William Rudd on December 23, 1839, at St. Peter's, Colombo. He married (2) Harriet, daughter of John Berry, on May 25, 1861, and (3) Adelaide Smith, in June, 1873. W. Rudd was a Norfolkshire man (born June 6, 1822, died March 29, 1877), and was trained at Maudslay's foundry as a fitter, came to Ceylon in 1830 with his uncle Henry, who had been commissioned by Government to bring out the machinery for the Puttur well in the Jaffna peninsula (some of it can still be seen there, lying about). French Gray was a fellow passenger. He was at first in Government employment as an engineer, then in that of Ackland and Boyd, and as a planter under George Bird at Sinnapitiya. He was a planter in Balangoda in 1839, opened Galoya, Hantane, in 1840-41, with Dowdall as his assistant, also Haloya, then called Wattegoda. He was on Handugala during the Matale rebellion and received a bullet wound. He sold Handugala to S. Thwaites. His second wife bought the greater portion of New Galoya and called it Uplands. In 1847 he purchased 300 acres in Kitulgala from J. C. Albrecht. He was for 42 years in active work as a planter. He was "a man of broad mind, somewhat reserved and stern, and of great mental and physical vigour." ("Pioneers of the Planting Enterprise," by J. Ferguson.) His first wife left seven children, two of whom have settled in the Island; one, John Rudd, was for many years Superintendent of Police at Jaffna.

"In the coffee crisis of 1847-48, Billy Rudd, who divided with Mr. Tytler the honour of being the oldest planter in Ceylon, was among the first to be sold up. He had large and extensive estates in Hantane, Ambegomuwa, and other parts of the Island, besides a tract of land about the size of an ordinary Scotch county in the kingdom of Travancore. This last was held by the Rajah of that country, subject to the payment of a peppercorn yearly of feu-duty in the event of its being demanded, and at Rudd's sale in Kandy it was knocked down to the writer for £1. 19s. 6d. He sold it the same afternoon for £5 to Mr. Francis, and it is now covered with plantations, which for some time yielded a handsome return to their owners. Rudd's other estates were sold for sums equally ridiculous, and properties which a couple of years before would have fetched tens of thousands of pounds were disposed of for a few hundred rupees." ("Ceylon and its Pioneers," by W. Boyd, *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 225.)

"Billy Rudd, whose domains, both in India and Ceylon, covered whole mountain ranges and provinces, and who dispensed a princely hospitality, was reduced to utter poverty. I have sat at Billy's board, I have drunk his champagne, and listened to his anecdotes and Latin quotations until my sides ached with laughter, and I have some satisfaction in thinking that I was one of those who sincerely sympathized with him in his misfortunes. I met him in Kandy after the crash, when he told me with a heavy sigh, but with a manly and cheerful countenance, that they—I suppose his creditors—had not left him with a chair to sit on. 'If I had one they

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1152 ..	Feb. 5 1857	Oteline Rudd— <i>contd</i>	<p>would roup it,' he said, 'yes, Sir, they would roup it, but <i>nil desperandum</i> is my motto.'” (W. Boyd in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 282.)</p> <p>“ Recalling old Kandy acquaintances of this time, how well I remember Billy Rudd amongst others, a cheery old boy, and always amusing, with a considerable contempt for the amenities of the English language as spoken. His verbal report on a coffee estate he went to visit was, ‘that it was all white veeds, vips, and valking sticks.’” (John Tindall in <i>Monthly Literary Register</i>, vol. III., p. 64.)</p>
1153 ..	Sept. 2 1857	David Moir	<p>DAVID MOIR, who died at Halgalla, aged 31 years.</p> <p>A planter in the Matale District. There were four Moirs, brothers, belonging to St. Laurencekirk, Kincardineshire; the first, Peter, came out in 1843.</p>
1154 ..	Oct. 1 1857	Martin Fraser	MARTIN, eldest son of JOHN FRASER of Laggan, Invernesshire, who died at Kandy aged 21 years.
1155 ..	Dec. 22 1857	William Elleray	<p>WILLIAM ELLERAY, Surgeon, late of Wiinster, Windermere, England, who died at Mahatenne aged 33 years.</p> <p>He was resident at Hunasgiriya.</p>
1156 ..	Aug. 12 1858	James Macpherson	<p>JAMES MACPHERSON of Kingussie, N.B., who died at Kandy aged — years.</p> <p>This stone is erected by Highlanders who desire thus to record the piety, integrity, and sterling worth of a countryman whose loss they deeply deplore.</p>
1157 ..	Aug. 23 1858	Sarah Bury	<p>SARAH, the dearly beloved wife of C. H. BURY aged 22 years.</p> <p>She is described as of Rambodde.</p> <p>C. H. Bury was on Detallagalla, Matale, in 1851–53, C. G. Bury on Raxawā in 1855.</p> <p>One Mrs. Bury is described by Mr. R. Wade Jenkins as the first lady resident on the Haputale estates, as Mrs. Maingay (see No. 711) was the first on the Badulla estates.</p>
1158 ..	Nov. 27 1858	Louisa Shipton	<p>LOUISA, the beloved wife of JOHN SHIPTON, who died in Kandy aged XXV. years, and of her infant son who died at Sinhapitiya, 25th Nov., 1858, aged 2 months.</p> <p>She was a daughter of Mr. A. Hickey; and married Dr. Shipton, on April 2, 1857, at Coolock. She was his third wife. (See No. 1284.)</p>
1159 ..	Jan. 24 1859	Alice Capel Le Marchand	<p>ALICE, wife of F. W. LE MARCHAND, aged 20 years.</p> <p>She was a daughter of Captain Higgs, R.N., Master Attendant, by his second wife (see No. 211), and was married on August 5, 1858.</p> <p>F. W. Le Marchand was manager of the Mercantile Bank at Kandy, and was known as “The Banker.” He married (2), on September 18, 1861, at Instow, North Devon, Clara Maria, youngest daughter of Rev. Rowland Bradstock. He was a brother of the Misses Le Marchand of Jaffna, who married E. S. Whitehouse (see No. 829) and Thomas Clark. He died at Instow, North Devon, on April 21, 1873.</p> <p>Captain Higgs's second daughter, Sarah Ann, by his first wife, married at Trincomalee, on August 28, 1841, Lieutenant H. G. Remmett, Ceylon Rifles. (See Nos. 149, 329.)</p>
1160 ..	May 24 1859	Alexander Lumsden	ALEX. LUMSDEN, late of the Kadienlena Estate, Kotmalie, died in Kandy aged 22 years. Much and justly respected by all who knew him. This stone is erected by his Aunt S. LUMSDEN SHIRREFS, of Knowsie, Aberdeenshire.
1161 ..	June 9 1859	Farquhar McDonald	<p>FARQUHAR McDONALD, eldest son of Capt. DONALD McDONALD, late 42nd Highlanders, who died at Kotmalie, aged 32 years. This stone was erected by his Ceylon friends in affectionate remembrance of his many amiable qualities.</p> <p>He was in Kotmale in 1853.</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1162 ..	Oct. 8 1859	Lewis Herbert Kilby ..	<p>LEWIS HERBERT KILBY, late of 132, Fenchurch street, London, who died in Kandy of acute diarrhoea, aged 33 years.</p> <p>He arrived in Ceylon on August 23, 1858, with Hugh Blacklaw, went over to Cochin, but afterwards came back to Ceylon.</p>
1163 ..	April 12 1860	Grey Scott Cargill ..	<p>GREY SCOTT CARGILL, who died at Alma Estate aged 27 years. Here also are interred the remains of DORA GREY, niece to the above, and eldest daughter of W. M. and HELEN THOMPSON of Alma Estate, Maturatte aged 17 months. This monument is erected by DAVID S. CARGILL, Esqr., in affectionate remembrance of a beloved sister.</p> <p>W. M. Thompson, of Templestowe estate, Ambergamuwa, married Helen Cargill at Colombo, September 6, 1855. David S. Cargill, of Messrs. Milne, Cargill & Co., of the Fort, Colombo, married Margaret, eldest daughter of John Traill, F.R.C.S., at Arbroath, June 6, 1861.</p>
	March 18 1858	Dora Grey Thompson ..	
1164 ..	May 12 1860	Philip Fincham ..	<p>PHILIP FINCHAM aged 31 years.</p> <p>There was a wooden board with inscription, which in 1903 was detached from the grave and was fast decaying. It has now disappeared. He married Sarah (Marion) Imray, at St. Paul's, Kandy, on September 16, 1850 (?). She was, it is presumed, a daughter of Quartermaster Robert Imray (see No. 29). Another daughter, Mary Anne, married at Kandy, July 17, 1884, S. D. Thwaites, a brother of Dr. G. H. K. Thwaites. There is land still called in the plans "Fincham's Land" in Dumbara.</p>
1165 ..	May 13 1860	Arthur Donald Spottiswood ..	<p>ARTHUR DONALD and WM. DONALD, the twin sons of Col. ARTHUR COLE SPOTTISWOOD and JESSY ELIZA, his wife, born 28th October, 1859.</p> <p>Colonel Spottiswood, who belonged to the Bengal Army, was living at Fairieland. According to the obituary notice in the "Ceylon Almanac," William Donald, the younger twin, died on May 14. Curiously enough it is silent as to the death of the elder.</p>
	May 14 1860	William Donald Spottiswood ..	
1166 ..	Aug. 25 1860	Harriet Scott Mitchell ..	<p>HARRIET SCOTT, the dearly beloved wife of ROBERT MITCHELL aged 28 years.</p> <p>She died at Kandy. He was on Bambragalla estate.</p>
1167 ..	Oct. 31 1860	Mark John Hill Sprott ..	<p>MARK JOHN HILL, infant son of Revd. GEORGE W. SPROTT, Colonial Chaplain, born at the Manse, Kandy, 20th May, 1860.</p> <p>Dr. George Washington Sprott was Chaplain, Scots' Kirk, Kandy, 1859-66, and afterwards Minister of Chapel of Garioch, Aberdeenshire, and of North Berwick (see No. 642). He died on October 27, 1909, in his 81st year. He attained some eminence as a writer on liturgies, and was one of the founders of the Scottish Church Service Society.</p>
1168 ..	Dec. 28 1860	James MacEwen ..	<p>JAMES MACEWEN, Manager of the Oriental Bank Corporation.</p> <p>He was manager of the Kandy branch.</p>
1169 ..	May 9 1861	Elizabeth McKenna ..	<p>ELIZABETH MCKENNA, widow of Gunner JAMES MCKENNA, R.A., aged 36 years.</p>
1170 ..	Aug. 13 1861	David Findlay ..	<p>DAVID FINDLAY, who was killed by the falling of Mullegodde house, Kandy aged 38 years.</p> <p>The house stood on the site of Miller & Co.'s shop. The house was being repaired, when on Tuesday at 5 p.m. it collapsed. Besides Mr. Findlay, a European assistant named Miller and also a Burgher assistant received various injuries. The house had stood for upwards of fifty years, and was the property of Advocate J. A. Dunuwille. It had originally belonged to Moligoda Adigar. In May, 1843, the Governor, Lieutenant-General Sir Colin Campbell, was given by the Adigar "a splendid entertainment at his house at Kandy." Mr. Findlay's first wife, Eleanor Faith, died at Colombo, October 27, 1849, aged 22. He married (2), at Colombo, October 1, 1850, Anne Hicknell.</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1171 ..	Nov. 23 1861	Thomas Reeve Tucker ..	<p>THOMAS REEVE TUCKER of Gona Adika Estate, Kadooganawa, aged 34.</p> <p>He married at Colombo, August 14, 1860, Elizabeth Sarah Bennett.</p> <p>Possibly a relative of the well known coffee planter Herbert Tucker, owner and manager of Waradammana and Lochnagar in the Matale District, and partner of George Wall in dev loping a grant of land at Nalande, in the sixties and early seventies, which did not prove a success and was subsequently abandoned. Herbert Tucker was a great sportsman and very exemplary planter—his estates being a picture of neatness and careful husbandry. (H. B., in <i>Ceylon Observer</i> Christmas Number, 1909.) He died in Ceylon, I believe, from an accident with machinery, but there is apparently no inscription to his memory.</p>
1172 ..	May 29 1862	John Fraser ..	<p>Lieut.-General JOHN FRASER, Colonel of the 37th Regt., and for many years Deputy Quartermaster-General to the Troops serving in Ceylon, who died at Kandy aged 72 years.</p> <p>A brave and accomplished soldier. A devoted and affectionate father.</p> <p>This tomb is erected by his surviving children.</p> <p>General Fraser “was with General Sir Charles Napier at Marlow, and led the forlorn hope at the siege of Burgos.” (“Ceylon in 1837-46,” by A.M. Ferguson.) He was gazetted to the 1st Ceylon Regiment from the 24th Regiment as Captain on January 28, 1813. He took part in the Kandyan war of 1815 and in the suppression of the Uva rebellion. During the latter operations he commanded an expedition into Kotmale in August, 1818, and was in pursuit of Pilame Talawwa (the third chief of notoriety of that name) in the Kurunegala and Nuwarakalawiya Districts. He was at “Dambool Vehary” on the morning, and at Nikawewa, 16 miles distant, on the evening of September 28. Next day he proceeded to Tirippane, 18½ miles, and the same night to “Nogere Tank” (Nuwarawewa) at Anuradhapura, leaving his detachment behind under Lieutenant O’Neill. “In 1822, after the suppression of the rebellion, Government having learned that another Pretender to the Kandyan throne had set himself up (in Neurecalava), Major Fraser of the Quartermaster General’s Department was sent off with a body of troops, with orders to proceed by forced marches, so as to lay hold of him and his abettors.” This was done, and Major Fraser caught the Pretender and some of his ill-advised adherents. (Campbell, vol. II., p. 231.) But, perhaps, General Fraser is best known in connection with the satinwood bridge that for many years spanned the Mahaweli-ganga at Peradeniya, and was one of the sights of Ceylon. It was erected in 1832-33. Work was begun in July, 1832, and the bridge was finished by January, 1833. The span was 205 feet with a single arch. It was designed by and set up under the superintendence of Lieutenant-Colonel Fraser. Major Skinner says in his book: “In 1833, while I was in charge of the work, the Peradenia bridge was completed. This is a very graceful bridge made entirely of satinwood without a nail or bolt in it. A model of this bridge is now in the South Kensington Museum” (p. 168). The bridge lasted until 1905, when it was replaced by an iron one. General Fraser had a great deal to do with court martials and inquiries during the Matale rebellion and afterwards. He engaged in coffee planting, and bought land extensively in the neighbourhood of Kandy, especially on the side of the road to Haragama. “Fraser Lodge” in Kandy was built or occupied by him.</p> <p>In the fifties, “General Fraser (‘Cheetah’ Fraser, as the Kandyans termed him, because of his severity in 1818) who did so much as Deputy Quartermaster-General with his Assistant, then Lieutenant Skinner, to map and road the island, resided in patriarchal fashion with his family at Rangboda. One daughter afterwards married Captain David Stewart of the</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1172 ..	May 29 1862	.. John Fraser— <i>contd.</i>	.. Ceylon Rifles, and a second the Rev. W. F. Kelly, Chaplain." (John Ferguson.) " Married to one of General Fraser's daughters was the late Col. David Stewart, who at one time delighted the readers of the <i>Observer</i> with a series of graphic letters signed 'Ane of Jock Tamson's Bairns.' A heart more genial and a soul more Christian never inhabited a human body than in the case of David Stewart." (A. M. Ferguson, <i>loc. cit.</i>) (See No. 1115.)
1173 ..	July 2 1862	.. Emily Viner	.. EMILY, the wife of LEE VINER, who died 2nd July, 1862, aged 35 years. Lee Viner was brother of Thomas Viner. Wiltshire and Hampshire estates in the Matale District belonged to the latter, and were, "when coffee was king, a veritable gold mine to T. L. V., who spent a fortune in races at home." Both he and his brother were very horsey men. Lee Viner was the father of John William Viner, Ceylon Survey Department, 1877-1910.
1174 ..	Sept. 8 1862	.. Charles Burnett	.. CHARLES BURNETT, born at Fraserburgh on the 3rd day of September, 1833, and died at Kandy. This stone was erected by his sorrowing friends in Ceylon in remembrance of his Amiability and Worth.
1175 ..	Feb. 26 1863	.. Edwin Matthew Kinsey	.. EDWIN MATTHEW KINSEY aged 27 years.
1176 ..	May 21 1863 Oct. 9 1863	.. James Blacklaw .. Francis Blacklaw	.. JAMES BLACKLAW aged 40 years. FRANCIS BLACKLAW died in Colombo aged 31 years.

Hugh Blacklaw, another brother, was long a planter in Ceylon, and left the Island in 1907. He was on Harmony estate in 1864, and married Maria Tate of Dolosbage, February 16, 1864, at Kandy. He writes in 1907, in the *Times of Ceylon*:—"The late Mr. Peter Moir, who came from the same place as I did, had come out to Ceylon in 1843. He was manager of Messrs. Hadden's properties out here, and enticed a lot of young people from our small town to come out here. It was through his influence that my brothers and I came to Ceylon. It is a very small town, ours. It is St. Laurencekirk, Kincardineshire, with a population of about 2,000 souls, yet at one time there were as many as fourteen St. Laurencekirk men in Ceylon. There were my four brothers and I, the four Moirs, James Taylor of Golconda, pioneer of tea and cinchona, Robertson, father of Robertson of the G. P. O., Petrie, the two Bissets, and Stiven of Ancoimbra, Matale West, who afterwards went to Kandenuwara and died at the Galle Face Hotel in 1868. Of my four brothers, James, who was in Kotmalee, died in 1863, Alexander went out coffee planting in Brazil and died at Rio de Janeiro about four years ago. Charles was long in Ceylon, and I don't know where he is now. I arrived in Ceylon on the 23rd August, 1858, in the good ship *Briton*, a sailer which came round the Cape, and did the voyage in three months—just 120 days. She was a little ship of but 350 tons Colombo was just a one-horse-show sort of place. There were none of these big buildings and hotels and shops. There were no rickshaws and trams. You could not get a bandy for hire in the streets unless you made special arrangements with one of the hotels in the Fort. The Fort was up then, with all its walls and fortifications and gates, and you could not get through without being challenged. There was very little of the town outside the Fort. There were two hotels, frightfully dirty and undesirable places to stay in. The Royal Hotel stood where the Post Office is now, and there was a shanty called the Galle Face Hotel, where the modern one of that name stands to-day. They were both paragons of dirt. The Galle Face Hotel was the sort of place you get away from as soon as possible—it was so bad. No privacy, no cleanliness, canvas partitions, and dirt—worse than the fifth-rate places you see in some towns now."

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1177 ..	Nov. 6 1863	Jane Grant	<p>.. JANE FRASER, wife of WILLIAM GRANT, Esq., of the Templestowe Estate, Ambegamoa, where she died suddenly aged 31 years. This stone is placed on her grave by her bereaved husband, who mourns the loss of an affectionate wife and exemplary mother.</p> <p>“My first billet was on Templestowe estate, a coffee plantation of about 400 acres, ten years old at that time. It belonged to Lakeman. The Superintendent was Chevenaux, a Frenchman from Mauritius. From Kandy there was one road to Nawalapitiya. To get to Ambegamuwa you had to hire a horse in Kandy at a shilling a mile. I went to Templestowe riding the 33 miles on horseback from Kandy, starting after breakfast and getting there at 5 o'clock in the evening—a long, trying ride. The Templestowe coffee had to be taken down to Nawalapitiya on coolies' heads and carted down to Colombo from there. There was no Dikoya then. It was Ambegamuwa. There were a few estates around us Agrawatta Galboda, Kurukudiya, adjoining Templestowe.” (Hugh Blacklaw.) There were only three estates in Dikoya: Darrawella, Dikoya and Dunbar, the latter just being opened. “You will understand how isolated and helpless we were when I tell you that there was no doctor nearer than Gampola.” (<i>Ibid.</i>)</p>
1178 .	Nov. 26 1863	Margaret Jolly Bisset	<p>.. MARGARET JOLLY the beloved wife of W. BISSET of Bowhill Estate aged 26 years.</p> <p>W. Bisset and his brother James came from St. Laurencekirk, Kincardineshire.</p>
1179 ..	March 15 1865	George Baxter Wilson	<p>.. GEORGE BAXTER WILSON, a native of Aberdeenshire, Supt., Galaha, who died at Kitoolamoola of remittent fever in the 21st year of his age.</p> <p>Kitoolamulla is the estate just under “the Asses' Ears,” which are a conspicuous object at the 7½ mile (Akurana) as one drives into Kandy along the Matala-Kandy road. Galaha factory is 17 miles from Kandy on the Deltota road.</p>
1180 ..	April 6 1865	Walter Ross Duff	<p>.. WALTER ROSS DUFF, born at Edderton, Rossshire, Scotland, 24 May, 1825, died at Kandy aged 40 years. Much respected by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.</p> <p>He was in charge of several estates in the Kotmale district. Upper Kalugala, Gowraka, Harangolla, Halgoda, Oonoogal-oya, and Tispane.</p>
1181 ..	April 12 1865	Margaret Jessie Northway	<p>.. MARGARET JESSIE, the beloved wife of WILLIAM NORTHWAY, died in Kandy aged 25 years.</p> <p>Mr. Northway was on Bowlana estate, Deltota. She died on Mount Pleasant estate, Kandy. Samuel Northway, father of William (?), was a sugar planter in 1835 on Sir Edward Barnes' estate of Gangoruwa, where sugar planting was first tried. His eldest daughter, Rebecca, married at Gampola, June 3, 1858, Herbert Towgood, a planter and a descendant of one of the “Ejected Ministers of 1662.”* Another daughter, Maria Catherine, married, on April 26, 1849, at Kandy, Lieutenant George Thomson Dawson, Ceylon Rifles. Mary Emily Northway married, on November 1, 1862, at Kandy, E. C. Waring, son of E. S. Waring (No. 1149). Samuel Northway died at Gangaruwa on July 29, 1850, aged 47. (He was buried at Kandy, July 30.) (See No. 1268.)</p>
1182 ..	April 23 1865	William Robert Lyte	<p>.. WILLIAM ROBERT, second son of the late HENRY W. MAXWELL LYTE of Berryhead, Devonshire, England, died in his 19th year.</p> <p>He was in the Gampola district. He was a grandson of the Rev. Henry Francis Lyte, author of the hymn “Abide with me,” who married a Miss Maxwell, daughter of Dr. Maxwell, a friend of Dr. Johnson's, and went to live at Berryhead in the</p>

* More probably the Rev. Richard Towgood, Vicar of St. Nicholas, Bristol, who was ejected by the Commonwealth Government in 1646.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1182 ..	April 23 1865	William Robert Lyte— <i>contd.</i>	neighbourhood of Brixham in 1822. He built a church or Lower Brixham, and resided at Berryhead for 25 years, dying at Nice, November 20, 1847. (He was born at Marazion in 1793.) Berryhead was originally built for a hospital, during the invasion scare occasioned by Napoleon Buonaparte.
1183 .	July 14 1865	John Baker Graves ..	Captain JOHN BAKER GRAVES, late District Judge, Kurnegalle, died at Kandy aged 66 years.
	Feb. 20 1854	Campbell Mackinnon Graves	CAMPBELL MACKINNON, infant son of the above and of LOUISA ROSE, his wife, died at Kandy aged 6 months.
			Captain Graves had been an officer in the 55th and 19th Foot. He was a son of the Rev. John Graves, Rector of Ballingarry, Co. Limerick. He joined the 19th Foot on November 10, 1825, and went on half pay as a captain, December 24, 1825. He was subsequently a Stipendiary Magistrate in Ireland. The story is that having met Mr. Hanna, Police Magistrate of Kandy, while the latter was on leave, they agreed to an exchange of appointments, which was approved by the authorities. Captain Graves was appointed to the Police Magistracy of Kandy, May 7, 1851, and became District Judge of Kurunegala on March 1, 1861. He was generally known as "Paddy Graves," and his character was in accordance with his nickname. The stories about him and his friend Denis Purcell, also of the Ceylon Civil Service, would have suited the pages of Charles Lever. He married (1) Lousia, daughter of Robert Bellew of Balindiniss, Co. Cork; (2) Anne, daughter of James Howlin of Ballycronigan, Co. Wexford; and (3) Louisa Rose, daughter of David Mackinnon, at Galle, November 29, 1852. His daughter, Anna, by his second wife, married Charles Murray, of Kotmale, at Kandy, on February 1, 1853. She is still living. Their son is Major-General Sir Archibald James Murray, K.C.B., C.V.O. S. Hanna was in the Queen's Advocate's Department, and acted as Magistrate at Kandy from May 5, 1847, during the absence of Andrew Walker, C.C.S., being afterwards confirmed in the appointment. During the Matale rebellion Hanna commanded a company of Mounted Volunteers (Europeans) raised at Kandy. (Henderson, pp. 46-7.)
1184 ..	July 18 1865	James Urquhart ..	JAMES URQUHART, born in the Parish of Marytown, Scotland, who died of Cholera in Kandy aged 32 years. Erected by the Proprietors of Hantane Estate in appreciation of the worth of the deceased, and of the zeal displayed by him for their interest, while Manager of that property.
1185 ..	Jan. 20 1866	Josiah Philip Archbald ..	JOSIAH PHILIP ARCHBALD, who departed this life aged 38 years. Requiescat in Pace. Erected by his brother W. A. ARCHBALD, 1868. J. P. Archbald was on Galagedara estate in 1851 and W. Archbald on Ambokke. The latter was in 1848 superintendent of one of Lee Viner's estates in the Matale District. "In 1859 Matale was the worst district in the Island. There was a lot of sickness." (H. Blacklaw.)
1186 ..	Oct. 26 1866	Donald Bain ..	DONALD BAIN, who died at Kandy aged 33 years. The deceased was a native of Kingussie, Invernessshire. He was a true Highlander, a sincere friend, and much and greatly regretted by all who knew him.
1187 ..	Nov. 19 1866	Eliza Doveton Jolly ..	ELIZA DOVETON, widow of JOHN KEITH JOLLY who died at Farieland aged 49 years. Their daughter, Elizabeth Catherine, married at St. Paul's, Kandy, June 8, 1865, Thomas Steele, C.C.S., who retired as Assistant Government Agent of Hambantota. Another daughter, Isobel, married, October 9, 1866, at St. Paul's, William Raymond Kynsey, afterwards Sir William Kynsey and Principal Civil Medical Officer of Ceylon.

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1188 ..	Feb. 20 1867	Charles Henry Newton ..	<p>CHARLES HENRY NEWTON, C.E., of the Government Engineering Staff, Ceylon Railway.</p> <p>He was stationed at Kadugannawa, and died at the age of 43. "Bishop Claughton went to his house yesterday afternoon to rest on his journey downwards, and found Mr. Newton still conscious, but dying of inflammation of the bowels. So Newton has followed Hoine, each a victim to the exposure incident to a great work which they did so much to initiate, but the completion of which neither was destined to see. The names of such men ought to live in the Colony's annals." (<i>Observer</i>, February 21, 1867.)</p>
1189 ..	Oct. 4 1867	Christopher Wren ..	<p>CHRISTOPHER WREN, 4th son of RICHARD WREN, Buntingford, Herts, England. He died aged 27 years.</p> <p>He was a brother of the celebrated coach, Walter Wren.</p>
1190 ..	Nov. 22 1867	William Watson Mackwood ..	<p>WILLIAM WATSON MACKWOOD, of Scarborough, who died at Gampola from injuries received in an accident aged 20 years.</p> <p>He was alighting from his horse on a clearing on Galboda estate, when he was transfixd by a stake placed to mark out the ground. (See No. 159.)</p>
1191 ..	March 4 1868	Camillo Di Montebello Drew ..	<p>Capt. C. M. DREW, late H. M. 24th Foot, Provincial Superintendent of Police, Southern Province, Galle, who died at Kandy aged 42 years.</p> <p>(See No. 634.)</p>
1192 ..	March 5 1868 March 20 1908	James Souter .. Alexander Fyffe Souter	<p>JAMES SOUTER, who died suddenly at Kataboola Estate aged 24 years. Much respected by all who knew him. This tablet is erected by his two brothers, JOSEPH ROBERT and ALEXANDER SOUTER.</p> <p>Also ALEXANDER FYFFE SOUTER of Westhall, Kotmale, and Wiharegalla, Haputale, who died at Agra-oya, Watawala aged 61 years.</p> <p>Kataboola estate is between Nawalapitiya and Kotmale.</p>
1193 ..	May 17 1869	Henry Mackenzie ..	<p>HENRY MACKENZIE, Superintendent of Newton, Dickoya, aged 28 years.</p>
1194 ..	Oct. 27 1869	George Crowe ..	<p>GEORGE, 3rd son of ALEX. CROWE, Esq., of Woodcote Grove, Epsom, Surrey, who died at Kandy aged 25 years.</p> <p>He was a planter in the Matale District.</p>
1195 ..	May 24 1870	Louis Magnus Henry ..	<p>LOUIS MAGNUS HENRY, planter, Dickoya, son of the late JOSEPH HENRY, Solicitor, Dublin, who died at Gampola aged 41 years.</p> <p>L. M. Henry was on Angammana, Gampola, in 1868.</p>
1196 ..	Nov. 26 1871	William Charles Macready ..	<p>WILLIAM CHARLES MACREADY, late of the Ceylon Civil Service, died at Puttalam aged 39 years.</p> <p>The burial did not take place until December 30, the body having been brought up to Kandy from Puttalam.</p> <p>W. C. Macready was a son of the celebrated actor, William Macready, by his first wife Catherine Frances Atkins, an actress, whom he married and who died in 1852. The actor married in 1860 (2) Cecilia Louisa Frederica, fifth daughter of Henry Spencer, whose wife was a daughter of Sir William Beechy, R.A., the portrait painter. He died on April 27, 1873. Charles Dickens was an intimate friend of the family, and the following extract from a letter of his to Clarkson Stanfield, the artist, refers to William Macready's sons by his first and second wives:—"His boy by the second marriage is a jolly little fellow, and leads a far easier life than the boy child you and I remember, who used to come in at dessert and have a biscuit and a glass of water." W. C. Macready was</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1196 ..	Nov. 26 1871	William Charles Macready— <i>contd.</i>	<p>educated at Westminster and Christ Church, Oxford, was appointed to the Ceylon Civil Service on June 12, 1854, and was successively Assistant Government Agent at Kandy, Puttalam, Kurunegala, Colombo, and again at Puttalam. In 1862 he was District Judge of Kurunegala. His Administration Reports are most able and interesting documents, and his literary and administrative capacities were of a high order. He published in 1865 a translation of the Sinhalese poem by Sri Rahula of Totagamuwa, "Sela Lihini Sandese; the Sela's Message, with Notes and a Glossary, for the use of Students."</p> <p>He married, on October 6, 1857, at Kandy, Mary, daughter of E. S. Waring, C.C.S., retired. His son, William Charles Macready, is Assistant Postmaster-General of Ceylon.</p>
1197 ..	Dec. 13 1871	Frederick Wernham ..	<p>This Tomb is erected by JESSIE WERNHAM in affectionate remembrance of her husband FREDERICK WERNHAM, late of Banffshire, Scotland, who died on Troop Estate, Dimbulla aged 38 years.</p> <p>F. Wernham of Kabbaragalla, Yakdessa, married Janet Anne Anderson, of Dalleagles, Dolosbage, at Gampola, November 8, 1864. Witness: G. S. Anderson. He was on Harangolla, Kotmale, in 1868.</p>
1198 ..	Jan. 20 1872	Henrietta Maria Waring ..	<p>HENRIETTA MARIA, widow of the late E. S. WARING, Esq., Ceylon Civil Service, born November 30th, 1805, died at Kandy. aged 66 years.</p> <p>She was a daughter of Jean David Rabinel, and married E. S. Waring, C.C.S., on November 3, 1820, at Galle. Their eldest daughter (?), Eliza Johanna, married Lieutenant J. R. Graham Pattison at Galle on September 21, 1840 (see No. 611). The third daughter, Henrietta Anne, married Major Vanderspar (see Nos. 565 and 566). Another, Maria, married at Kandy, August 12, 1848, John Forbes Moir. A fourth daughter, Cecilia, married at Kandy, on June 5, 1851, Thomas Freckleton. A fifth, Anne, married at Kandy, on December 16, 1851, William Parker Charsley, Principal Civil Medical Officer. The son, Edmund Charles Waring, afterwards superintendent of Horakele estate in the Chilaw District, married at Kandy, on November 1, 1862, Mary Emily Northway. Cecilia Freckleton, widow, married at Kandy, November 29, 1866, Richard Hawksworth Barnes, of Gannoruwa estate, Peradeniya, a son of Sir Edward Barnes, the former Governor of Ceylon. Her daughter by Thomas Freckleton, Alice Mary, married, on October 5, 1876, Lieutenant Bromhead of the 24th Regiment, one of the heroes of Rorke's Drift. (See No. 1149.)</p>
1199 ..	Sept. 10 1872	Thomas Denroche McCall	<p>THOMAS DENROCHE MCCALL, beloved son of THOMAS and ANNA MCCALL of Fairfield, Hamilton, Scotland, who was drowned in the Bogawantalawa-oya aged 24 years.</p> <p>Erected by his fellow planters in Hewahette who had learned to love him well, and by those in Ceylon who had known him at home.</p> <p>Messrs. McCall, Chisholm, Watts, and L. H. Kelly were crossing the Hambantota-oya (as it is called in the <i>Ceylon Observer</i> of the time), which was in flood, in a canoe belonging to the last named, from Castle-reagh in Dikoya to Somerville estate in Maskeliya, and while landing McCall caught hold of a stump and the canoe capsized. McCall and Chisholm were carried over the rapids and drowned. Kelly and Watts managed to swim ashore. Chisholm's body does not appear to have been ever recovered. A similar fate happened to McKenna of Elfindale estate, Maskeliya, in the early eighties. He bathed in the river just above the falls when it was in flood. He was carried over the falls, and his body was never recovered. McCall was on Wanarajah estate (south). There were "terrible floods" on the Mahaweli-ganga and other rivers up-country in 1872.</p>

Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Sérial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1200 ..	Feb. 19 1873	Herbert Edward Compton Gray	HERBERT E. COMPTON GRAY, the only and dearly beloved son of CHARLES EDWARD GRAY, Vicar of Skipwith, Yorkshire, and ADELINE GERALDINE, his wife, and grandson of the late Sir HERBERT COMPTON. He died at Kandy aged 27 years, deeply lamented by family and friends, and irreparably by his sorrowing mother and twin sister. He was on "Calloogallatenne" estate, Rattota, Matale. He had previously been in Kotmale.
1201 ..	March 10 1873	James Gibson	.. JAMES GIBSON, second son of CHARLES GIBSON, merchant, Pitlochry, Perthshire, N. B., who died at Kandy aged 26 years. He was on Meddecumbra and had been on Wariapola.
1202 ..	June 28 1873	Elizateth Gregory	.. ELIZABETH GREGORY died at Kandy She was wife of the Right Hon. William Henry Gregory, who was Governor of Ceylon, 1872-1877. She was a daughter of Sir William Clay, Baronet, born July 13, 1817, and widow of James Temple-Bowdoin, Esq. She married Sir William Gregory on January 11, 1872. She died at the age of 43 after a trip to Anuradhapura. Sir William Gregory says in his "Autobiography" (p. 324): "On my return from my journey I found her suffering from illness brought on by too much exposure to the heat of the sun. After a few days, first of anxious, then of hopeless, watching, she passed away, conscious to the last." She "was a sister of Sir Arthur Clay, whose father had been a great City man. She had a remarkable charm of manner, which was all too soon lost to Ceylon society, through an attack of illness (dysentery) which she herself, I believe, treated improperly, on the way to Anuradhapura." (Rev. R. Abbay in <i>Ceylon Observer</i> Christmas Number, 1908.) Sir William Gregory, after he left Ceylon, married (2) "Miss Persse of Galway, who writes freely on Irish legendary lore."
1203 ..	June 28 1873	Harmood Banner	.. HARMOOD BANNER of Derryclare, Dimboola, eldest son of HARMOOD WALCOT and MARGARET BANNER of Liverpool, England aged 25 years. "Three or four (planters) crossing to get to Maskeliya (all in forest then) had a narrow escape on a raft, and an amusing incident occurred, which gave one of them the name of 'Pedigree Banner' (Harmood Banner from Liverpool)." (Correspondent of the <i>Ceylon Observer</i> , September, 1908.) One of the present M. P.s for Liverpool is Mr. Harmood Banner. In the early seventies there were in Dimbula "a score of men, such as Gow, Stronach, E. L. Thomas, Harmood Banner, Cameron, Grant, Bree, and Martin, that are now but names pretty well forgotten." H. Banner had been on Handurukanda, Kurunegala District.
1204 ..	Nov. 13 1873	A. McGill	.. Erected by a few friends in Kandy in memory of A. MCGILL, who died suddenly from Sunstroke at Rozell Estate, Ambegamoa aged 36 years.
1205 ..	Aug. 14 1874	Sarah Louisa Sackmann	.. SARAH LOUISA, the well beloved wife of FREDERIC SACKMANN at Kaduganawa.
1206 ..	Nov. 14 1874	Russell Drummond	.. RUSSELL DRUMMOND, who died in Kandy aged 33.
1207 ..	Jan. 8 1875	Jane Lewis	.. JANE LEWIS, the beloved wife of FREDERICK LEWIS of Battagalla Estate, Rangalla. [Aged 50.] F. Lewis was on Mahaberitenna estate, near Teldeniya, in 1861.
1208 ..	Feb. 27 1875	Robert Arnott	.. Erected by his sorrowing relations in memory of ROBERT ARNOTT, of Inverness, Scotland, who died at his estate of Midlothian, Maskeliya aged 33 years, and is interred here.
1209 ..	April 15 1875	Amelia Anderson	.. AMELIA, widow of the late Major J. F. ANDERSON, K.H. She departed this life at The Parsonage, Matale aged 65.

St. Paul's Church, Kandy.

A SUBSCRIPTION list for building a church at Kandy was issued in 1841. Plans and estimates, the latter amounting to £2,371, were prepared by the Civil Engineer in 1842, the foundation stone was laid by the Bishop of Madras in 1843, and the church, though unfinished, was opened on Sunday, August 10, 1846. The estimate had been increased to £3,000, but the building, in its uncompleted state, had already cost £5,000. The tower had been only partly built. The *Ceylon Times* of August 21, 1846, describes the church as "an ignoble monument of bad taste and a preposterous example of ignorance of design and of architectural principle," and discusses the question "whether the ugly tower, of a piece with the whole design, should be raised to the intended height." Apparently it was answered in the affirmative. But whatever may be said of the architecture, the church was well built of excellent bricks made at the Government brick works. It was completed and consecrated in 1852. It contains a marble tablet, erected in 1843, on which are recorded the names of the building committee, which included, among others, Captains W. T. Layard, R. Mylius, Lieutenant Henry Bird, Messrs. Louis Bird, S. Butler, C. Delagal, D. B. Lindsay, J. N. Mooyaart, C. Webster, and Josiah Lambert, F.G.S. A new chancel was added by Archdeacon Matthew in 1878, but the bricks used were very inferior to those of 1842-52, and had to be cemented over to preserve them from decay.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1210	April 10 1843	George Turnour	<p>Sacred to the memory of GEORGE TURNOUR, Esq., the eldest son of the Hon'ble GEORGE TURNOUR and EMELIE, his wife. Born March 11th, A.D. 1799, died at Naples, April 10th, A.D. 1843, aged 44 years. Appointed to the Ceylon Civil Service in 1817, he served under Government with distinguished ability for a period of 24 years, and was enabled by his researches in Oriental literature and profound acquaintance with the ancient Pali language to throw an important light upon the early history and chronology of this Island, the scene of his literary labours and valuable public services. In erecting this tablet to the memory of one who united in himself the accomplishments of a gentleman, the erudition of a Scholar, and the piety of a Christian, his family are anxious to record in an especial manner the deep, constant, and mutual affection which in no ordinary degree subsisted between him and his youngest sister, JANE, wife of Capt. H. A. ARCHISON, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died the year before her brother at Plymouth, April 20th, 1842, in the 36th year of her age, leaving behind her a bright example, in which were blended the inestimable qualities of a devout Christian, an affectionate wife, a devoted mother, and a faithful friend.</p>

George Turnour was born at Jaffna. He went to England in the same ship as Governor Maitland, the H. C.'s ship *Thomas Grenville*, which left Colombo on March 15, 1811 (see No. 799). He was gazetted to the Civil Service in 1817, and on his return to the Island in 1820 was appointed Assistant to the Commissioner of Revenue, succeeding Edward Tolfrey, and next year Assistant in the Chief Secretary's Office; Assistant Collector, Colombo, and Collector, Kalutara, January to June, 1822; Agent of Government in Saffragam, 1825-27, and at Tamankaduwa; Revenue Commissioner, Kandy, 1828-32; Government Agent, Central Province, 1833-41; Assistant Colonial Secretary, and finally Treasurer, 1841. He left for Bombay by the *Seaforth* on September 21, 1841. He is buried in the "Old Protestant Cemetery" at Naples.

George Turnour made a name as the first translator of the *Mahawansu* into English. In the *Gazette* of July 20, 1836, he advertised "The First Twenty Chapters of the *Mahawansa*, and a Prefatory Essay on Pali Buddhistical Literature," one volume, price £1. 10s. He published "The *Mahawansa* in Roman characters with the Translation subjoined, and an Introductory Essay on Pali Buddhistical Literature, Part I.," in the following year. He had contributed "An Epitome of the History of Ceylon from Pali and Sinhalese Records with Dates" to the "Ceylon Calendar" for 1833, and "An Epitome of the History of Ceylon to the 'Almanac' for 1834," and the latter paper was separately published with the addition of "Translations of Historical Inscriptions," which had also appeared in the "Ceylon Almanac" at Colombo in 1836. "A Revised Chronological Table of the Sovereigns of Ceylon" had appeared in the "Ceylon Almanac" for 1834, and "An Examination of some points of Buddhist Chronology" in the *Journal of the Bengal Asiatic Society* for 1836.

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1210 ..	April 10 1843	George Turnour— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>"The <i>Mahawansa</i>, or Genealogy of the Great, is a history of the Sinhalese kings. Its first section, which was compiled about the year 470 A.D. from native annals, treats of the Great Dynasty, <i>i.e.</i>, the kings who reigned from 543 B.C. to 301 A.D., after which comes the history of those who are known as the <i>Suluwansa</i>, or lower race, although the list includes the great King Prakrama Bahu, by whose orders the work was completed up to his time, <i>i.e.</i>, 1208–1266 A.D. Finally, it was carried on to the year 1758 A.D. by command of the last King of Kandy, all compiled from authentic native documents. Being written in Pali verse, none but the most learned priests could possibly read it, until in 1826 Mr. Turnour of the Ceylon Civil Service set himself to master this terribly difficult task, and with marvellous patience and ingenuity succeeded in so doing." ("Two Happy Years," vol. I, pp. 400–1.)</p> <p>"As a man of considerable intellect, Mr. Turnour's loss will be felt by the Colony. He was the ornament of the Civil Service, and the only member of the body who devoted his leisure hours to scientific pursuits. Mr. Turnour was in politics a Tory, and the exclusive principles of the party were still more narrowed in him by the circumstance of the greater part of his life having been spent in the Colony. But his bearing towards those from whom he differed was always most courteous, and the delivery of his opinions most inoffensive. If education, limited intercourse with the world, and a conscious superiority of ability to those around him produced aristocratic feelings, gentlemanly manners and easy address concealed them—whilst his failings and foibles excited a smile, his talents commanded respect." So Dr. Elliott in the <i>Colombo Observer</i> of June 12, 1843. This, of course, was from the point of view of a Radical and persistent opponent of the Government and of most Civil Servants, but the Wesleyan Mission approved of him.</p> <p>"Mr. Gisborne was succeeded in the Collectorate (of Kalutara) by Mr. Turnour, the learned translator of the <i>Mahawanso</i>, who took great interest in the work of the (Wesleyan) Mission, and gave it all the assistance in his power, setting a good example by regular attendance at the chapel, and imparting an impulse to educational effort by visiting the school, with the efficiency of which he expressed himself as being highly pleased." (Hardy, p. 200.)</p> <p>Lieutenant Henry Alexander Atchison, Ceylon Rifles, married Jane, youngest daughter of the Hon. George Turnour (senior), at Kandy, on November 10, 1832. He was Staff Officer at Kandy, 1835–40. He left for England on sick leave in January, 1841, with Captain Roddy and Major Wallett, and did not return to the Island. His son, born September 8, 1833, at the Old Palace, Kandy, became Captain George Turnour Horton Atchison, 67th Regiment. He died, July 21, 1861, of smallpox. Captain H. A. Atchison died a Lieutenant-Colonel at Rose Hill, Dorking, September 25, 1869.</p> <p>In January, 1825, Lieutenant Atchison explored "the course of the Walawy river from the mountains to the sea." (R. Brook's Report on the Mahaweli-ganga.)</p> <p>"Lieut. Atchison, under whose superintendence the carriage road from Fort McDowall to Kandelly or Dantalawa has recently been traced and opened." (Report by G. Turnour, 1833.) He had been in charge of the building of the abutments of the satin-wood bridge at Peradeniya in 1832.</p>
1211 ..	June 17 1844	Sophia Lindsay ..	<p>SOPHIA, wife of DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY, Esquire, in the prime of life and dawn of maternal happiness was called hence 17th June, 1844. Let this tablet raised by pious sorrow as a memorial of her many endearing and estimable qualities bear witness to the Christian spirit which influenced her life and to the preciousness of that faith in the Communion of Saints by which the intercourse of dear friends, tried though it be and overcast by the dispensations</p>

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1211 ..	June 17 1844	Sophia Lindsay— <i>contd.</i> ..	of time, is held pure and perpetual in the resurrection to life eternal through Jesus Christ our only Saviour and Redeemer. Aged 22.

She was the youngest daughter of the Rev. Norman Garstin, Colonial Chaplain (No. 108), and married at Galle, August 10, 1843. There is a curious reference to her in the "Autobiography of a Periya Durai": "I was riding out on the Lower Badulla road one evening when, passing a bungalow, I perceived a young English lady plucking flowers in the garden in front of the house. Now, with the exception of the ladies I have already mentioned (Mrs. George Bird and Mrs. Delegal), I had never spoken a word to, nor indeed scarcely seen, a woman of my own race during my long stay in Ceylon On the present occasion the back of the fair one was towards me, but such a beautiful fall of the shoulders and such a magnificent contour of a head I had never before dreamed of, far less gazed upon. The lady was dressed in a low-bodied muslin gown, with short sleeves, which showed her white, swelling shoulders and rounded arms to perfection, whilst her black glossy hair hung in wavy ringlets down her swan-like neck. My heart fairly swelled in my bosom whilst I gazed on this picture of unconscious loveliness. When I had ridden past the house a short distance I turned and rode back, that I might gaze once more on a sight which, I felt, was filling my soul with a delicious intoxication. The lady was still there and apparently speaking to some one within the house, and her position remained unaltered. I passed and re-passed the spot several times until I began to fear that my movements might be observed, and that I would be exposing myself to ridicule."

This was an amplification of a previous description of the same occurrence which he had included in a series of papers called "Days of Old in Ceylon" in the *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. III. In the earlier account he describes the lady as standing not in the garden, but an open window, and he adds "I never saw the lady again She was married shortly after and died within a year of her marriage, but her appearance as she stood at that open window is as fresh in my recollection now as it was when it startled me more than forty years ago" He adds in a note "that this lady was Miss Garstin, afterwards the wife of Mr. David Baird Lindsay, and that her brother was an officer of the 83rd Regiment." (The last sentence refers to Lieutenant William Garstin who joined the 83rd Regiment on May 23, 1829.)

David Baird Lindsay is chiefly remembered owing to his connection with the great Rajawella case—"a cause célèbre in Ceylon. A coffee estate of large extent and great value was the bone of contention between certain executors of the original (then deceased) proprietor. Money for the upkeep of the estate had been advanced by the Oriental Bank Corporation, and eventually, in satisfaction of claims from the Bank, the estate was put up for Fiscal's sale and sold. One of the executors, Mr. Lindsay, on his return from England, where he had made financial arrangements, was startled to find that the estate had been seized. Proceedings for recovery were immediately commenced, and Mr. Morgan, with the Queen's Advocate, was retained for the Bank. Leading on the other side was Mr. Morton, an Advocate from Calcutta Judgment was given ten days after in favour of the Bank, but was appealed against, confirmed in the Supreme Court, yet once more went in appeal to the Privy Council." (Digby, vol. I., pp. 183-4.)

"Rajawella, the very finest estate at that time (1847) in Ceylon, belonged to Lieut.-Colonel Lindsay of the 78th Highlanders. In 1846 he was offered £80,000 for this property, which sum he refused, although he was willing to accept £100,000 for it. The Colonel died in 1847, and his son David Baird Lindsay reigned at Rajawella in his stead. Mr. Lindsay had obtained advances on the security of this property from the Oriental Bank. When the great crash came, he was called on to repay these advances. This he was unable to do at the

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1211 ..	June 17 1844	Sophia Lindsay— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>moment, but he went to Colombo and arranged with the Manager of the Bank that he should have six months' grace allowed him to go home and try to raise the money with which to pay off his debts. Lindsay went home and returned with the cash before the expiry of the allotted six months, but he found that his properties had been sold in the meanwhile, and himself reduced to comparative destitution. Orders had been sent from England to realize the property at once, and the Bank Manager had obeyed their order but too faithfully. The estates, for which £80,000 had been refused, were sold for a few hundreds. Mr. Lindsay raised an action in the District Court of Kandy for the restitution of his property, and he obtained a decree in his favour. The Bank appealed to the Supreme Court against this decision and got it reversed. Mr. Lindsay then appealed to Her Majesty in Council and obtained a decree in his favour, when the Oriental Bank Corporation had to pay him the full value of the estates, with the estimated profits for the years during which this long and expensive litigation was going on." (Boyd, "Ceylon and its Pioneers," in <i>Ceylon Literary Register</i>, vol. II., p. 225.) The editor corrects this account by stating that Mr. D. B. Lindsay did not come back to the Island with cash to pay for the property. "On the contrary, he had to 'zigzag down from Kandy anonymously' to avoid arrest." Further, "the action against the Bank was brought in the name of Colonel Lindsay's widow, and her son was made a co-defendant." Boyd utilizes this story of the Rajawella case in his "Autobiography" as if it had been a personal experience of his own.</p> <p>On July 3, 1911, there occurred the death (place not given) of "Eleanor Elizabeth, widow of the late David Baird Lindsay, and daughter of the late Rev. Anthony Garstin, aged seventy-three." Whether she was the second wife of this David Baird Lindsay or the wife of a son of his bearing the same name, and how the Rev. Anthony Garstin was related to the Rev. Norman Garstin, the compiler is unable to say.</p>
1212 ..	June 7 1845	Thomas William Rogers ..	<p>In memory of Major THOMAS WILLIAM ROGERS of Her Majesty's Ceylon Rifle Regt., and many years Assistant Government Agent of Badulla, this tablet was erected by his brother officers & numerous friends of all ranks, professions, and occupations in, or connected with, the Island of Ceylon in testimony of their respect and regard for his integrity as a man, his ability as a public servant, his gallantry as a soldier, and his amiable, social qualities as a friend. He was stricken to death by lightning at the Happootalle pass Bungalow on Saturday, June 7, 1845. Aged 41 years.</p> <p>A marble tablet.</p> <p>"The sculpture represents a wood or forest in a mist with a lowering sky above. The roof of a cottage on the left appears embowered among lofty trees, and in the foreground just by a palm tree struck by lightning, the trunk, broken in two, falling down. The forked lightning is most vividly portrayed. A tableau quite in keeping with the quotation to signify the cause of death." It may be added that the palm tree is of a species which cannot be identified as that of any found in the Island, and that in the background is Adam's Peak.</p> <p>"Ensign Rogers, Ceylon Regiment," arrived at Trincomalee by the <i>Timendra</i> in January, 1825. "2nd Lieutenant T. W. Rogers" was appointed Adjutant, 1st Ceylon Regiment, <i>vice</i> Manwaring, May 1, 1825. He visited England two years later, for on August 22, 1828, he arrived at Colombo by the transport <i>Stentor</i>, which also brought Major Samuel Bircham of the Ceylon Rifles and Mrs. and Miss Bircham. In 1833 he was commanding at Aliput. For a further account of Major Rogers see No. 1379.</p>

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1213	March 8 1846	Thomas Fletcher	<p>.. To the memory of Lieutenant-Colonel THOMAS FLETCHER, who for 11 years held the command of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment conjoined latterly with that of the troops in these provinces this tablet is erected by his brother officers to commemorate their deep sorrow for his loss and to bear record of the military worth for which he was so highly appreciated as a soldier, the zeal and rectitude that marked his public services, and the amiable, sincere, and social virtues that endeared him to all and adorned his character as a man. Having served in early life in the Peninsula and at Walcheren in the 6th Foot, and being present at Rollia, Vimiera, and Corunna, he was appointed to the Ceylon Regiment in 1810, was actively employed in the Kandian operations in 1815 and 1818, and after thirty-five years of Civil and Military duties in Ceylon he retired and died at Malta on the 8th March, 1846, aged 60 years, when returning to his native land.</p> <p>A marble tablet showing a female figure weeping over an urn under a palm tree. Shako and sword above, with guns and colours. The "Albert hat," a shako for infantry designed by the Prince Consort, first appeared in Ceylon in 1846, but this shako is of the older pattern.</p> <p>Lieutenant Thomas Fletcher was gazetted from the 6th Foot to be Captain, 4th Ceylon Regiment, October 6, 1810, and to command at Caltura, <i>vice</i> De La Harpe, April 8, 1812. He was Captain, 1st Ceylon Regiment, commanding at Bategedera, 1816; ditto at Ratnapura, 1817-18; ditto at Alupota, 1820, and again in 1825-27; Major, 1833. He engaged in coffee planting, and had an estate "near the Peacock Mountain" in 1842. This is the present Peacock estate.</p> <p>Bennett refers to "that excellent and distinguished officer, Colonel Fletcher" (p. 309).</p>
1214	July 20 1846	Charlotte Alexander Kennedy	<p>Sacred to the memory of CHARLOTTE ALEXANDER, the beloved wife of J. KENNEDY, Esqr., who departed this life the 20th July, 1846, and to the above JAMES KENNEDY, who died the 16th November, 1871.</p> <p>She died at Hantane estate bungalow "after a long and painful illness." Curiously enough a Mrs. Kennedy and her daughter died of cholera at Kandy on August 12 and 13, 1846.</p>
1215	Jan. 28 1847	Martin Lindsay	<p>.. Sacred to the memory of Colonel MARTIN LINDSAY, C.B., 78th Highlanders, died here 28th of January, 1847, in his 66th year, esteemed and regretted by all who knew him.</p> <p>He was Commandant of Kandy. He was gazetted Ensign in 1794 (when he was in his thirteenth year); Captain in 1801; Major, 1810; Lieutenant-Colonel, November 25, 1813; Colonel, July 22, 1830. He arrived in Ceylon with the 78th, which regiment he commanded from 1819 to 1837. He was Commandant of Trincomalee in 1833. He married at Aberdeen in 1817, Elspet, second daughter of James Hadden, Provost of Aberdeen "and ancestor of nearly all the Haddens of Ceylon." Their second daughter, Charlotta Anne, married, on June 5, 1845, Alexander Pirie, an uncle of Captain Duncan Vernon Pirie, who was A.D.C., 1890-93, to Sir Arthur Havelock, Governor of Ceylon, 1890-96. On January 27, 1829, a son of Colonel Lindsay, Edward James, by his wife Elspet, born December 7, 1828, was baptized at Kandy, when Sir Edward Barnes and George Turnour, C.C.S., were the godfathers. He had a son, Martin George Thomas, a Captain in the 78th, also stationed at Kandy apparently, for two days before this baptism a daughter of Captain Lindsay, born on January 1, had been baptized at Kandy. Another son of Colonel Lindsay, Alexander Hudson Lowe, born August 10, 1830, was baptized at Kandy, September 2, 1830.</p>

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1215 ..	Jan. 28 1847	Martin Lindsay—contd. ..	Colonel Lindsay had served in the campaign in Java in 1811, including the actions of August 22 and September 16, in which latter he commanded eight companies of the 78th, also in the campaign in Holland in 1814, including the action at Mersem and the bombardment of Antwerp.
1216 ..	May 9 1850	Harriet Margaret Gaskell ..	In memory of HARRIET MARGARET GASKELL, who died in Kandy on 9th May, 1850, aged 33 years. Also of WILLIAM ROTHWELL GASKELL, husband of the above, who only survived her a few weeks and died on the 3rd June in Bombay, aged 31 years and 9 months, at the residence of ALEXANDER HADDEN, Esquire. Lo, these are parts of his ways. But the thunder of his power who can understand ? Job. 26-14. Mrs. Gaskell's tomb with inscription is in the Garrison burial ground. W. R. Gaskell was on Naranhena estate in Hewaheta in 1842-44. In 1842 "the bungalow of Messrs. Pride and Gaskell at Hewaheta, 10 or 12 miles from Kandy," was broken into by thieves. In May, 1848, W. R. Gaskell wrote a letter to the <i>Ceylon Times</i> opposing the policy of the <i>Colombo Observer</i> as regards the Matale rebellion, charging it with "causing the unhappy disturbances and destruction of property we now daily witness."
	June 3 1850	William Rothwell Gaskell	
1217 ..	May 17 1850	Ellenor Ann Simpson ..	Sacred to the memory of ELLENOR ANN, the beloved wife of JAMES SIMPSON, Kandy, who died the 17th of May, 1850, aged 21 years and 2 months. On June 23, 1849, at Kandy, James Simpson, Manager of the Bank of Ceylon at Kandy, married Ellenor Ann, eldest daughter of Charles Morrison of Yagahahena estate, Dumbara. Simpson was afterwards Police Magistrate of Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri. Of Mrs. Simpson Sir William Twynam says, "old Mrs. Fisher told me that she was a very pretty girl." The Mrs. Fisher referred to was the wife of Captain William Fisher, mother of Lord Fisher and of F. C. Fisher, C.C.S. James Simpson died at Point Pedro, May 29, 1871.
1218 ..	June 13 1851	Henry Templer ..	In memory of HENRY TEMPLER, Esquire, son of the late GEORGE TEMPLER, Esq., of Sandford Orleigh, Devon, of Her Majesty's Ceylon Civil Service, Assistant Government Agent and Police Magistrate at Matelle, this tablet was erected by the Rattemahateyas, Koralos, Aratchies, and other influential natives of the district, as a token of the high estimation in which they held his character and their sorrow for his loss. He was endeared to them by his amiable disposition, and by the conscientious discharge of his public duties he commanded their respect; in the midst of a useful and honourable career he was cut off by disease incidental to the climate at the early age of 28 years, 13th June, 1851. Also an inscription to the same effect in Sinhalese. Henry Templer was a son of George Templer of Sandford Orleigh, Devon, a brother of F. J. Templer, C.C.S., and came out to Ceylon by the ship <i>Achilles</i> , arriving September 10, 1839. He was Acting Sub-Collector of Customs at Kalutara from April 6, 1841, and for a short time, in November of the same year, during the absence of J. Lavalliere, acted as District Judge, Kalutara, which occasioned the <i>Colombo Observer</i> to complain of "a lad of about nineteen acting as District Judge." He was appointed to the Civil Service, July 5, 1842; Assistant Government Agent, Galle, February 1, 1843; ditto, Jaffna, March 1, 1845; acting ditto at Kurunegala, May 13, 1848; ditto, Jaffna, August 27, 1848; Assistant Government Agent, Matale, October 1, 1848, succeeding E. S. Waring. He married at Galle, June 5, 1844, Cornelia Theresa, daughter of Captain Bagenall (see No. 128). Their son, George William Templer, C.C.S. (1866-95), was born at Jaffna, January 7, 1847. A sister of Henry's, Caroline Mary, married at Kandy, April, 1845, Lieutenant the Hon. Edward Sydney Plunket, youngest son of Lord Louth.

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1219	June 21 1854	James Armar Butler	In memory of Captain JAMES ARMAR BUTLER, half pay, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died June 21, 1854, aged 27, at Silistria, on the banks of the Danube, from wounds received whilst gallantly aiding the Turkish forces in their heroic defence of that fortress against the Russian Army. By his firmness, skill, unwearied energy, and intrepid daring, this young Volunteer infused into that Garrison the spirit of determined resistance which led to its triumphant defence. His brilliant services obtained the approbation of his Sovereign, the intelligence of which honourable distinction he did not live to receive.

Sept. 22 1854	William Leman Braybrooke	Lt. and Adjt. WILLIAM LEMAN BRAYBROOKE, of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who died September 22nd, 1854, aged 26. He fell mortally wounded on the 20th of the same month whilst serving as a Volunteer in H. M. 95th Regt. and heroically leading a Company of that Corps to the assault of a formidable Russian entrenched position at the battle of the Alma. As adjutant of his Regiment for a period of nearly seven years he was deservedly beloved & respected, and his loss is deeply and universally deplored. This tablet is erected by the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment as a tribute of regard and esteem and as a memorial of the admiration inspired by the distinguished gallantry of their lamented comrades.
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A marble monument consisting of a tablet flanked by figures of a British and a Turkish soldier, rather less than life-size, resting on their arms reversed, with the badge of the Ceylon Rifles.

Of persons commemorated in this church, Captain Butler shares with George Turnour and Sir F. Dickson the honour of a notice in the "Dictionary of National Biography." He was a son of Lieutenant-General the Hon. H. E. Butler, and joined the 90th Regiment as ensign in 1843. He went through the Caffre war, 1846-47, and purchased a captaincy in the Ceylon Rifles in May, 1853. He was on leave when war broke out, and with Lieutenant Charles Nasmyth, of the Bombay Artillery, joined the garrison at Silistria. He and Nasmyth "soon obtained over the garrison the same absolute power that Eldred Pottinger acquired at Herat." He was severely wounded on June 13, and privation and hard work made the wound dangerous. "On June 22nd, two hours before the Russians retired, the hero of Silistria, who deserves the credit, though but a young English Captain of 27, of defeating a whole Russian army, died peacefully without hearing of his triumph."

William Braybrooke was appointed 2nd Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifles, July 11, 1845; Lieutenant, January 10, 1847. He was Adjutant in 1853 with Lieutenant W. J. Gorman.

"When Sir Henry Ward came to Ceylon from the Ionian Islands, the Titanic warfare in the Crimea was fast drawing to its termination, and it fell to me to convey to the Governor intelligence brought from Galle by our carrier-pigeons of the fall of Sebastopol. For the first and only time in history, I suppose, royal salutes were fired to celebrate victory the tidings of which were received by winged messengers. The Crimea claimed many victims from the ranks of those who had been loved and honoured in Ceylon. Young Braybrooke, of the Ceylon Rifles, who had volunteered, was one of the first to fall on the heights of the Alma, and Colonel Champion, an accomplished writer on the botany of Ceylon, was mortally wounded while leading a charge at Inkerman. Sir George Carthcart fell in that terrible battle."

Sir William Twynam describes Lieutenant Braybrooke as a "fine cheery fellow, well liked in the Regiment, generally known in the Regiment as 'Flapper.'" When the Crimean war broke out he got leave and attached himself with one or two other

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1219	June 21 1854, &c.	James Armar Butler, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Rifles officers to the 95th, which had not long before gone home, having been stationed for a time in Ceylon and Hong Kong.</p> <p>He died after the amputation of a leg on board H. M. S. <i>Vulcan</i>, Captain Von Donop, and his father, Colonel Samuel Braybrooke of the Ceylon Rifles, under the erroneous impression that he had not received proper medical treatment on board the ship, wrote a pamphlet criticizing the action of the naval and medical officers. Colonel Braybrooke joined the 1st Ceylon Regiment as a Lieutenant in 1812, arriving at Colombo by the H. I. C. ship <i>William Pitt</i> on October 13, 1813. He married at Kandy, on September 23, 1822, Mary Ann, daughter of Major De Latre. Another son of his was Philip Watson Braybrooke, C.C.S., 1849–69, who retired in the latter year as Government Agent, Central Province, which office he held for nine years, and died, August 3, 1906, aged 82. A third son, Charles, was a coffee planter, and for a time Police Magistrate of Point Pedro. He retired owing to an affection of the eyes. Of the daughters, one, Isabella Boustead, married at Colombo, on January 29, 1848, Lieutenant Edward Henry Powell, 7th Madras Cavalry; another married George Vane, C.C.S.; and a third, W. D. Wright, C.C.S. Colonel Braybrooke had a brother, John Frederick Garth Braybrooke, also a Lieutenant in the Ceylon Rifles.</p>
1220	July 24 1852	Henry Hermann Von Dadelszen	<p>This tablet is erected in memory of the Reverend HENRY HERMANN VON DADELSZEN, Colonial Chaplain of Kandy, by his congregation to record their deep sense of his public usefulness and private worth. He commenced his ministry in India in 1838 as a missionary of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. In 1842 he was removed by the Bishop of Madras to Newera Ellia, Ceylon, where he remained four years; in 1846 he was appointed Chaplain of Kandy, where his earnest labours for six years endeared him to all. The non-commissioned officers and privates of H. M. 15th & 37th Regt., who participated in the benefits of his ministration, have testified their respect to his memory by erecting a monument over his grave. During his last illness he expressed a wish that this record should be placed on his tomb—"The chief of sinners saved by grace alone." Born 7th April, 1816, died at Kandy, 24th July, 1852, aged 36 years.</p> <p>The tombstone alluded to is in the Garrison Cemetery, Kandy. It bears an inscription stating that it was erected by the non-commissioned officers and privates of the 15th and 37th Regiments. His widow, Mary Ann, married at Nuwara Eliya, June 1, 1854, Lieutenant T. Jackson of the 37th Regiment.</p> <p>His son, H. R. Von Dadelszen, a planter of Morahallekele estate, married Miss Mary McClaine at Gampola on June 17, 1861. Their daughter, Amy, married Lionel W. Booth, C.C.S. (Government Agent, Central Province, 1911).</p>
1221	Feb. 27 1865	John Keith Jolly	<p>In loving memory of JOHN KEITH JOLLY, who departed this life at Mount Lavinia on Feb. 27, 1865, in the 50th year of his age, this tablet is affectionately inscribed by his two daughters.</p> <p>(Also an inscription on his tombstone in the Galle Face Cemetery.) He had been a captain in the Indian Marine, and was the owner of Fairieland estate, near Kandy. One daughter married Dr. W. R. Kynsey, the other Thomas Steele, C.C.S. (See No. 768.)</p> <p>His brother, Stewart, a planter, was the author, under the pseudonym of "Aliquis," of a poem on "Coffee," described by Mr. A. M. Ferguson as "spirited." J. K. Jolly was in Ceylon from 1841 until his death.</p>

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1222	July 15 1874	Lawrence St. George Carey	<p>To the glory of God and in loving memory of LAWRENCE ST. GEORGE CAREY of Le-Vallon, Pusilawa, who died at Guernsey, 15th July, 1874, aged 28 years, the east window in this church is given by his widow, 1877.</p> <p>On another brass it is recorded that the organ was given in his memory "by his brother C. E. N. Strachan." He married a daughter of James Strachan, proprietor of the Polwatta Mills. Hence the firm Carey, Strachan & Co. (See No. 331.)</p> <p>"The price of coffee nearly doubled itself in a very short time, and St. George Carey, who bought many estates on the rise in quick succession, was estimated to benefit to the extent of over £1,000 for every shilling in the rise of price. He went home on financial business, in 1873 or 1874, and died suddenly, quite a young man." (Rev. R. Abbay.)</p>
1223	Jan. 4 1878	John Parsons	<p>In loving Memory of JOHN PARSONS, Government Agent, C. P., who entered into his rest January 4th, 1878.</p> <p>This brass is placed in the Church in which they worshipped together by his widow and children.</p> <p>John Parsons entered the Ceylon Civil Service on May 1, 1850. He had held the office of Deputy Fiscal at Kandy from June, 1846, and acted as Assistant Agent, Jaffna, in 1850. He filled appointments at Matara, Matale, Tangalla, Hambantota, and in the Customs, Colombo; was Government Agent, Southern Province, and Government Agent, North-Western Province, 1870-72; Government Agent, Southern Province, 1872; and Government Agent, Central Province, from November 11, 1872, until the time of his death. During the Matale rebellion he rode from Kandy to Matale with a message from the Government Agent (C. R. Buller) to the Assistant Government Agent there. He accompanied Mr. Buller to Matale on the day the troops proceeded there, July 28, 1848. (Henderson, p. 18.)</p> <p>He married, on June 17, 1854, at St. David's, Exeter, Isabel Templer. Their daughter, Mary Isabel Templer, born at Galle, August 11, 1860, married a planter named Fitz Clarence, a descendant of King William IV. A son entered the Royal Artillery and distinguished himself in the Egyptian war of 1882. Mrs. Parsons died at Exmouth, April 12, 1882.</p>
1224	June 30 1881	Henry Thompson	<p>In loving memory of HENRY THOMPSON, for many years a resident in Kandy and a worshipper in this Church, in the improvement of which he took a sincere & active interest; born September 17th, 1825, died June 30, 1881. Death is the entrance into Glory. This tablet is erected by his sorrowing widow.</p> <p>His tomb with inscription is in the Garrison Cemetery, Kandy. He was generally known as "The Count," and noted for his dinners. He was a Freemason, P.M. and P.L.</p>
1225	Aug. 22 1885	John Douglas	<p>To the memory of Sir JOHN DOUGLAS, K.C.M.G., Lieutenant-Governor and Colonial Secretary of Ceylon, born at Limerick, 5th December, 1836, died at Wilford, 22nd August, 1885. This tablet is erected by some of his many friends.</p> <p>He was seventh son of General Sir James Dawes Douglas, G.C.B., Colonel of the 42nd Regiment and Governor of Guernsey.</p> <p>Sir John Douglas was Auditor-General, Ceylon, 1870-76, and Colonial Secretary, 1878-85 (Lieutenant-Governor from 1883). He married, on September 6, 1871, Alice Anne, daughter of Bishop Claughton of Colombo, widow of Christopher Temple. (See No. 683.)</p>

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1226 ..	Feb. 19 1889	Walter Edmund Matthew ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of the Ven. WALTER EDMUND MATTHEW, M.A., formerly Scholar of St. John's College, Oxford; for thirteen years Archdeacon of Colombo and last Colonial Chaplain of Kandy. Here as pastor for ten years and in Colombo for three, but present by love and sympathy in every part of Ceylon, he was a worker together with God. It was his aim by God's grace to help in forming of many races and languages one Church, and by his own zeal and love to kindle in others both Clergy and Laity such zeal and love as to establish the Church only the more firmly when the aid of the State was withdrawn. To his exertions are mainly due both the enlargement and adornment of this House of God and the endowment fund of this Parish. Wise of head, strong of hand, warm of heart. His death was felt as a public loss. But he is blessed, for he died in the Lord and rests from his labours. Born 25th February, 1848, died 19th February, 1889.</p> <p>"The late Venerable Walter Edmund Matthew, M.A. Oxford, Scholar of St. John's College, third son of David Matthew, of Cambridge, was born February 25, 1848, and married, November 18, 1875, at Christ Church, St. Pancras, Ada Mary, daughter of the late Wm. Thomson, C.E., of St. Helen's, Lancashire. He was in Ceylon from 1875 to 1889, in February of which later year he died of fever and blood poisoning."</p> <p>Archdeacon Matthew came out with Bishop Copleston in 1875. He was a very energetic man, and had much influence.</p>
1227 ..	Dec. 21 1891	John Frederick Dickson ..	<p>Erected by his friends in memory of Sir JOHN FREDERICK DICKSON, K.C.M.G., Government Agent of the Central Province, and afterwards Colonial Secretary of the Straits Settlements, a faithful servant of the Crown, and a true friend of the Sinhalese. Born September 17th, 1835, died Decr. 21, 1891.</p> <p>J. F. Dickson was in the Ceylon Civil Service from 1859 to 1888. He was Service Tenures Commissioner, 1870-72, and first Government Agent of the new North-Central Province, the headquarters of which were established at Anuradhapura, where he had served as Assistant Government Agent. He held this appointment from September 6, 1873. He was educated at Westminster and Christ Church, Oxford (Student, 1855; First Class in Classics at Moderations, 1857; B.A., 1859). He wrote the account of Ceylon in the "Encyclopædia Britannica."</p>
1228 ..	Oct. 30 1901	Evelyn Layard Reeves ..	<p>To the glory of God and in loving memory of Lieutenant EVELYN LAYARD REEVES, 4th Somersetshire Lt. Infantry, eldest son of Major E. G. REEVES, Ceylon Mounted Infantry, and ANNIE J. REEVES, who was drowned while serving his Country in S. Africa, 30th October, 1901, aged 19 years.</p> <p>This tablet is erected by his parents, brothers, and sisters.</p>
1229 ..	April 27 1902	Robert Hamilton Tennant ..	<p>In memory of ROBERT HAMILTON TENNANT, of Aldie Estate, Bogawantalawa, second son of Lt.-General J. F. TENNANT, R.E., who died and was buried off Perim, 27th April, 1902, aged 47. This tablet is erected by his brother and a few friends.</p>
1230 ..	June 13 1902	Oliver Collett ..	<p>Sacred to the memory of OLIVER COLLETT, F.R.M.S., M.C.B.R.A.S., Binoya Estate, Ambegamuwa, who departed this life on the 13th of June, 1902, aged 35 years.</p> <p>This tablet was erected by some of his friends in Ceylon as a token of their esteem.</p> <p>He was a diligent student of natural history, and contributed papers on the subject of beetles to the journals of learned societies.</p>

St. Paul's Church, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1231 ..	Sept. 5 1902	.. John Shelton Agar	.. Sacred to the memory of JOHN SHELTON AGAR, who died of Cholera at Wuhu, China, 5th September, 1902. This memorial is erected by his sorrowing children. One of three brothers, all coffee and tea planters, the others being Walter and Charles. (See No. 1334.)
1232 ..	Sept. 18 1903	.. Edward Devereux Harrison	To the memory of EDWARD DEVEREUX HARRISON, born 13 April, 1857, died, Kandy, Sep. 18th, 1903. Planter and Visiting Agent 1876 to 1903. This tablet was erected by his brother planters, who lost in him the best of companions and the truest of friends. The inscription on his tomb in the Mahayaya Cemetery adds that he was visiting agent of the Eastern Produce and Estates Company.
1233 ..	1900-1901	.. A. H. Thomas Walter Max Kelly Alexander Cheyne A. S. Hopper Kenneth Hamilton Charles Cotes Bell	.. The central window in the transept was erected by the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Men of the Ceylon Mounted Infantry in memory of their comrades who fell in the War in South Africa, 1900-01. Killed in action, Lieutenant A. H. THOMAS, Trooper W. MAX KELLY. Died of disease, Qr.-Mr. Sergeant A. CHEYNE, Sergeant A. S. HOPPER, Trooper K. HAMILTON, Trooper C. C. BELL. Lieutenant Thomas was a son of Mr. Matthew Henry Thomas, of Galhiriya estate, Kelebobokka, and grandson of Major Skinner. Quartermaster-Sergeant Cheyne came out to Ceylon with the 1st Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, and was subsequently a Drill Instructor in the Ceylon Volunteer Forces. W. M. Kelly was a son of Lillie Kelly. (See Nos. 146, 1343, 1392.)
1234 ..	May 28 1906	.. Herbert Wace	.. To the glory of God and in memory of HERBERT WACE, C.M.G., Government Agent, C. P., 1900-1906. Born 31 Dec., 1851, died 28 May, 1906. Erected by his Ceylon Friends. Mr. Wace joined the Civil Service in 1874. He was Government Agent successively of the Sabaragamuwa, North-Western, Southern, and Central Provinces, and took much interest in the education of the Sinhalese villager, in Gansabhawas, in irrigation, and in the efficiency of the headmen and police under his charge. He was educated at Westminster, and was a brother of the present Dean of Canterbury. Mr. Wace is commemorated at Ratnapura by the "Wace Memorial Hall," and at Kandy by the "Wace Park."

Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy.

1235 ..	Feb. 18 1857	.. Anne Marie Uranie Chermont	En mémoire d' ANNE MARIE URANIE CHERMONT. Décédé le 18 Février, 1857. CLEMENCE YOUNG la petite fille décédé le 10 Decembre, 1858, âgée de 2½ Ans. Anne Marie Uranie Gottelier (daughter of Jean Marie Gottelier) married Prosper Hyacinthe de Chermont, son of the Chevalier de Chermont, Lieutenant in the Regiment de Royal Contois, by his wife Maria Françoise Fontaine Lossieux (married 1773). Her daughters, Celine and Clementine, married John Dent Young and W. M. Young respectively, and Clemence Young was a daughter of one of them (see No. 728). Her son, Prosper de Chermont, of Orion estate, Campola, died there, August 30, 1900. She had previously married Charles D'Espagnac by whom she had three sons, Léon, Nemour, and Emile, all planters.
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Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1235 ..	Feb. 18 1857	Anne Marie Uranie Chermont—contd.	This grave is in the Roman Catholic part of the cemetery, which apparently was used as a burial ground before the opening of the rest of it. The Chermonts, or more correctly De Chermonts, intermarried also with the Hawkes, Cotteliers, and Northways. The first De Chermont came to Ceylon from Mauritius as a sugar planter in the forties. On the barque <i>Volunteer</i> , which left Colombo on April 9. 1843, among the passengers were "two Messrs. Chermont and three Misses Chermont." (See Cotton, p. 374.)
1236 ..	April 15 1875	Rhoda Boake	RHODA, the beloved wife of W. J. S. BOAKE. William John Slade Boake was appointed to the Civil Service, May 23, 1867. He was Magistrate successively at Kalpitiya, Balapitimodara, Dumbara, Matara, Galagedara, Jaffna, and Colombo; District Judge, Tangalla and Negombo; and Assistant Government Agent, Nuwara Eliya, and finally at Mannar. His Mannar diaries, illustrated by clever pen and ink sketches, are interesting, and he compiled a "Monograph" on the Mannar District, which, though somewhat slight and not always accurate, has the merit of showing an original mind and of being the first of the "District Manuals" to be written. In fact, it was owing to its publication that Governor Sir Arthur Gordon made an order that every Assistant Agent should compile a manual of his district—an order which has been carried out in respect of only four other Provinces and Districts. He was the son of the Rev. Dr. Barcroft Boake, of Trinity College, Dublin, for many years Principal of Queen's College, Colombo, now the Royal College. Dr. Boake married (1), on March 22, 1843, Mary Catherine Slade, and (2), on August 27, 1861, Agnes Jane, daughter of the Rev. J. Marsh. Mr. Marsh died on the voyage to England, February 2, 1839. He was Principal of the Cotta Institution. The inscription refers to the first wife of W. J. S. Boake. He died on June 3, 1889.
1237 ..	June 29 1875	John Glen	.. JOHN GLEN, Linlithgow, Scotland aged 32. He was on Tientsin estate, on the road to Bogawantalawa.
1238 ..	Feb. 19 1876	George Balfe Behring	.. GEORGE BALFE BEHRING of Maskeliya, aged 20. He was killed by a sambur, which was at bay in the river somewhere near Elfindale estate. He went to stick it, holding his knife daggerwise. The stag struck him with his foreleg on the arm, and the blow drove the knife into his heart and he fell dead in the stream. A kangany or cooly only was with him.
1239 ..	July 10 1876	Rose Maxwell Fuller	.. ROSE MAXWELL. The beloved wife of OSWALD W. FULLER. Born 10th March, 1844. Died at Gingeran Oya, Kotmalie. "Maxworth" in register.
1240 ..	Sept. 9 1876	Alexander Brown	.. ALEXANDER BROWN, Planter and Merchant in Ceylon for 31 years. First Secretary of the Planters' Association. Died at Kandy This stone was placed over the grave by old friends and acquaintances, Kandy, May, 1895. He was known as "Sandy" Brown, and was a partner in Gerard, Brown & Co., at Kandy, in 1853. (See No. 214.)
1241 ..	March 5 1877	James Murdoch	.. JAMES MURDOCH of St. Blane Estate aged 33 years.
1242 ..	Dec. 7 1877	Charles Carrier Maturin	.. He sent me from above, He took me, He drew me out of many waters. CHARLES CARRIER MATURIN, Medical Officer, Dolosbagie District, Gampola. Born 9th September, 1852. Drowned in fording the Allagalla River
1243 ..	April 12 1881	William Dickson Skrine	.. WILLIAM DICKSON SKRINE, Engineer, P. W. D., born March 9th, 1857

Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1244 ..	April 16 1883	David Robert Imray	<p>DAVID ROBERT IMRAY, who died in Kandy..... aged 56.</p> <p>He was a well-known coffee planter, and married a sister of Dr. John Shipton. He was, I think, a son of Quartermaster Robert Imray (see No. 29). In 1862 he was on "Nartakanda," and in 1868 on Gonawatta, Gampola.</p>
1245 ..	Dec. 7 1884	Humphrey Grey	<p>HUMPHREY GREY, for many years on Karagastalawa Estate, Ramboda aged 38 years.</p> <p>He was on Maousakele, Madulkele, in 1868.</p>
1246 ..	April 27 1886	Robert Hamilton Sinclair	<p>ROBERT HAMILTON SINCLAIR, Ceylon Civil Service. Born at Kenmore, Perthshire, February, 1853, drowned in the Kandy Lake Erected by friends in Ceylon.</p> <p>He was in the Civil Service 1874-86. He had been for some time Police Magistrate of Kandy, and had just been appointed Second Assistant to the Colonial Secretary. He and Captain Fraser of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders had just returned from a walk on a rainy afternoon, and as they were wet through, one of them suggested that they should swim to the island in the lake just as they stood in their clothes. Sinclair sank when he was halfway across, and Fraser was rescued when in an exhausted state. There is a saying among the people of Kandy that some one is drowned in the lake every year.</p>
1247 ..	April 28 1886	Alfred Mathieson	<p>Drummer ALFRED MATHIESON, 1st Battl. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, who was drowned in the Kandy Lake on the night of the 28th April, 1886, while searching for the body of R. H. SINCLAIR, C.C.S.</p> <p>A party of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders went out in a boat to search for Mr. Sinclair's body. Mathieson, who was one of the party, fell into the lake.</p>
1248 ..	Sept. 10 1886	Frances Isabella Madden	<p>FRANCES ISABELLA MADDEN, daughter of the late Rev. HUGH HAMILTON MADDEN, late Chancellor of Cashel in Ireland. Born June 18th, 1848</p>
1249 ..	Dec. 29 1888	Mary Elizabeth Harper	<p>MARY ELIZABETH HARPER, wife of JOHN S. HARPER, Esqr., died at Rock Villa, Kandy aged 69 years.</p> <p>J. S. Harper was for many years Naval Storekeeper at Trincomalee. A daughter, Cecilia Augusta, married Dr. Hayman Thornhill at Trincomalee on December 7, 1874; another, Florence, G. A. Baumgartner, C.C.S., 1871-1907, on November 16, 1878. The eldest daughter, Letitia Ellen Ninetta, married Cunningham Atchison at Trincomalee on April 11, 1866. (See No. 715.)</p>
1250 ..	Feb. 19 1889	Walter Edmund Matthew	<p>Em Memcrista de WALTER EDMUND MATTHEW, Archideacona de Colombo. Nascido 25th de Feb., 1848. Morto 19th de Feb., 1889.</p> <p>Ellotros te descanca de seus trabelhos c' suas obras te per ellotros secui.</p> <p>The inscription is in English, Sinhalese, Tamil, and Portuguese, the four languages in which the services at St. Paul's, Kandy, of which Archdeacon Matthew was Chaplain from 1876-86, were held. (See No. 1226.)</p>
1251 ..	Aug. 18 1889	James Elphinston Maitland Howden	<p>JAMES ELPHINSTON MAITLAND HOWDEN. Born in Edinburgh, 14th December, 1867, died at West Hall, Kotmalie</p>
1252 ..	April 2 1890	Edward John Perry	<p>EDWARD JOHN PERRY, M.A., Principal of Trinity College. Died near Alutnuwara aged 34 years.</p> <p>Erected by the Students of Trinity College.</p> <p>The Rev. Mr. Perry had been a master at Merchant Taylors School. He was of Worcester College, Oxford, and Pusey and Ellerton Scholar. A boy shot at a buffalo and hit Mr. Perry in the breast. The accident occurred 3 miles from the Alutnuwara hospital on the Badulla road.</p>

Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1253 ..	Feb. 16 1891	Henry James Warren Walker	HENRY JAMES WARREN WALKER aged 40. Also of his mother, CHARLOTTE FULLARTON WALKER aged 73.
	Oct. 22 1893	Charlotte Fullarton Walker	H. J. W. Walker was killed by a fall from his horse. He was a nephew of Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Torrens Walker, commanding the 2nd 25th Regiment at Colombo, 1868, and a grandson of Lieutenant- Colonel George Warren Walker, the botanist. (See No. 1328).
1254 ..	June 4 1891	Robert Scott	.. Private ROBERT SCOTT, "G" Company, 1st Batt. Gordon Highlanders, who was drowned in the Mahaweli-ganga aged 27 years.
1255 ..	Oct. 23 1891	William Forest Mill	.. WILLIAM FOREST MILL, second son of C. J. MILL, Surgeon, Kirrie Muir, N. B., who died at Kandy on his way to Australia.
1256 ..	May 2 1892	James Taylor	.. JAMES TAYLOR of Loolecondera Estate, Ceylon, the pioneer of the Tea and Cinchona enterprises in this Island aged 57 years. This stone was erected by his sister and many friends in Ceylon. James Taylor planted 19 acres of Loolecondera estate with tea in 1868. These form the oldest tea field in Ceylon, which was still flourishing in 1908. The estate belonged to Messrs. Harrison and Leake. He was of St. Laurencekirk in Kincardineshire. (See No. 1176.)
1257 ..	Sept. 30 1892	Jane Amelia Byrde	.. JANE AMELIA, wife of HENRY BYRDE, late Captain, 57 Regt., Lieut.-Col., C. L. I. aged 53 years ; and HENRY BYRDE, Captain, 57th Regt., Colonel, C. L. I. Born 3 Dec., 1837
	July 10 1907	Henry Byrde	Henry Byrde was eldest son of Lieutenant Henry Charles Bird, afterwards Lieutenant-Colonel Byrde (he changed the spelling), Ceylon Rifles, by his wife Rebecca (Mais), whom he married at Colombo, January 5, 1837. With the 57th Regiment he saw active service in the Crimean war, was present at the battle of the Alma and at Inkerman, and was promoted at the age of 19 to Captain after his last engagement, the assault on the Redan, where so many of his senior officers fell, that it was said at the time that he was the youngest Captain in the British Army. This was very nearly true ; as a matter of fact, so Colonel Byrde informed the compiler, there was an officer of the 77th who obtained his company on the same occasion, who was still younger. Captain Byrde sold out of the army and joined his father in business at Kandy, a step that he often regretted. On the creation of the Municipal Council in 1866 he joined it as an elected member, and in 1873 was appointed Secretary and Superintendent of Works, offices which he held until his death. The construction of the Kandy waterworks with the massive masonry dam which these works involved was carried out under his immediate supervision. On the formation of the Ceylon Light Infantry Volunteer Corps in 1881 he joined the force as a Captain, and held the rank of Major when he assisted Colonel Clarke in the arrange- ments connected with the first Volunteer Camp of Exercise at Urugasmanhandiya in 1890. On the death of Colonel Clarke in 1891 he succeeded him as Commandant, which office he held until the appoint- ment of Colonel Vincent, C.M.G., in 1896. Colonel Byrde was a man of many parts. He was a good amateur actor, had a great knowledge of trees and tree-planting, and was a walking dictionary of infor- mation about Kandy, of which he was the oldest European resident, and about times past. He married at Aden, on January 15, 1859, a Miss Waller, daughter of Major Waller.
1258 ..	Aug. 21 1895	George Kydd	.. GEORGE KYDD, who died at Windsor Forest Estate, Dolosbagie, Ceylon aged 51 years.
1259 ..	Oct. 14 1896	Charles Donovan Cave	.. CHARLES DONOVAN CAVE, Major 12 Suffolk Regt. Born 29th March, 1857 This tablet was erected by his brother Officers.

Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1260 ..	Oct. 16 1896	Henry Trimen	<p>.. HENRY TRIMEN, M.B., F.R.S., aged 53 years Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya.</p> <p>Henry Trimen was born at Paddington, October 26, 1843, and graduated M.B. with honours at London University in 1865. But his inclinations were towards botany rather than medicine, and after assisting Sir William Thisleton Dyer in the preparation of "The Flora of Middlesex," he became an assistant in the Botanical Department of the British Museum, and was also lecturer in botany at St. Thomas's Hospital. He was for a time editor of the "Journal of Botany," and from 1875 to 1880 issued, in conjunction with Professor Robert Bentley, "Medicinal Plants" in 42 parts. He became Director of the Peradeniya Gardens in 1879. "The zeal with which on his appointment he took up Thwaites' work was seen in the thorough re-arrangement of the plants in the Gardens in scientific order, in much work at economic botany, especially recorded in his annual official reports, and in a diligent exploration of the Island for materials for his work on its flora." He published "Hortus Zeylanicus" in 1889, and a "Hand Guide" to the Gardens in 1890. He began the "Handbook of the Flora of Ceylon" in 1893, but the last volume did not appear until after his death. (From the biography given in vol. V. of the work last named.) There is a brass to his memory in the Museum in the Peradeniya Gardens, placed there by the Planters' Association of Ceylon "in recognition of Dr. Trimen's services to the Planting Community." He has obtained a place in the "Dictionary of National Biography."</p>
1261 ..	Nov. 12 1896	Albert Watson	<p>.. Lieut.-Col. ALBERT WATSON, late of the 58th and 83rd and Ceylon Rifle Regiments, born 9th June, 1803.....</p> <p>When he was reviled, he reviled not again.....</p> <p>He was eldest son of Lieutenant-General Alexander Watson, R.A., and was gazetted to an ensigncy in the 83rd Regiment, August 25, 1820. From the 58th Regiment, to which he had been transferred, he was gazetted Captain in the Ceylon Rifles. He took a prominent part in the suppression of the Matale rebellion in command of a company of the Rifles; and his conduct with regard to certain proclamations issued, it was alleged by his orders, formed the subject of a Royal Commission of Inquiry held by two Indian civilians, Messrs. Morehead and Rohde, whose report was unfavourable to him, of a court martial, which acquitted him, and of questions and debates and special committees in Parliament. It was also the occasion of Captain Hendersen's book, "A History of the Rebellion in Ceylon during Lord Torrington's Government," published in 1868, which is a fierce indictment of Colonel Watson, the Colonial Secretary Sir James Emerson Tennent, and the Governor.</p> <p>The text on the tombstone is an allusion to these controversies. Colonel Watson obtained his majority in 1851, and was appointed Staff Officer of Colombo in July, 1854. He was subsequently Superintendent of Police at Galle. He married (2), Emily, youngest daughter of J. J. Staples, in 1848 (see No. 184). On March 28, 1834, whilst elk hunting, he and Captain William Fisher "discovered" the Horton Plains.</p>
1262 ..	May 4 1897	Robert Nethercote Anley	<p>.. ROBERT NETHERCOTE ANLEY. Born 3rd October, 1869.....</p> <p>A planter.</p>
1263 ..	March 3 1898	Sarah Ellen Hay	<p>.. SARAH ELLEN, wife of MALCOLM HAY of Bents Green Lodge, Sheffield aged 47 years.</p>
1264 ..	June 10 1898	Frank Coventry	<p>.. FRANK COVENTRY. Born September 30th, 1854.</p> <p>Well known as a planter and gentleman rider. He married a daughter of Sir J. J. Grinlinton, a Member of the Legislative Council.</p>
1265 ..	June 27 1898	Dorothy Hutton	<p>.. DOROTHY, beloved wife of CHARLES EUSTACE HUTTON of Gateburton Hall, Lincoln. Died at Galgawatte, Elkaduwa aged 22 years.</p>

Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1266 ..	Dec. 17 1898	John Stephens	.. JOHN STEPHENS. Born 26th August, 1816 Of the Diggings, Gampola. He was a pioneer planter, and was superintendent of Kadirane cinnamon estate in the forties. William Boyd, in his "Autobiography," chapter XXXVIII., describes a visit to him which he made at the time of the death of F. L. Dick, which took place in 1847. But the estate records show that John Stephens was in temporary charge of Kadirane estate from August, 1849, until September 29 the same year, during the absence of Mr. David Smith, when the latter resumed charge. Possibly he had been in charge before, but it is likely that, as usual, Boyd is playing fast and loose with dates, for he himself left for England in 1849. He says: "I had been invited to spend a few days with Mr. Stephens, a brother of my old friend Stephens of Pallakele. He lived in a long, rambling, old bungalow, which had been the residence of the Principal Superintendent of the Cinnamon Plantations during the time that the Island was under the dominion of the Dutch Government, but now the gardens, which extended all along the coast, were broken up into estates of a few hundred acres, and owned principally by commercial agents in Colombo or their constituents at home" (see No. 110). Kadirane at this time belonged to Messrs. Ackland, Boyd & Co., but judgment having been given against Messrs. Boyd and Thomas, it became the property of Mr. Alexander Smith, the mortgagee, on May 1, 1850, and Mr. David Smith left for England, and was succeeded by Mr. Charles Reid. John Capper, afterwards editor of the <i>Ceylon Times</i> , was one of David Smith's predecessors as superintendent. Arthur Stephens, to whom Boyd so frequently refers in his book, after he left Pallakele, owned a coconut estate at Miriswatta, on the 5th mile on the road from Negombo to Dunugaha, called Arthur estate or Horagasmullehena. "Mr. Stephens, familiarly known as 'Stumps,' found a wife, of all places in the world, at Pondicherry." (Editor, "Autobiography," p. 194, note.) His wife died on June 2, 1853, at "Ootacamund," Kandy, and he himself on December 29 the same year at Panangalla estate. John Stephens was a frequent correspondent of the <i>Ceylon Observer</i> under the <i>nom-de-plume</i> of "Old Planter." His son, Arthur J. Stephens, is a well-known Dolosbage planter, who spent some years as a planter in Fiji.
1267 ..	April 6 1899	Charles Tottenham	.. CHARLES TOTTENHAM, Esqr., born 13th September, 1837..... He was an estate proprietor.
1268 ..	Feb. 14 1901	Frederick Thomas Hawke..	En Mémoire de FREDERIQUE THOMAS HAWKE. Décédé à Kandy le 14 Février, 1901, âgé de 66 ans. He was a son of James Hawke, who was a sugar planter at Peradeniya in the early fifties, and had been coconut planting with Alfred Gottelier at "Neywelle," Siyane Korale. A. Gottelier's father, Jean Marie Gottelier, married Marie Prospere de Chermont, and he himself married Uranie de Chermont, daughter of Prosper Hyacinthe de Chermont who had married Uranie Gottelier. Her sisters, Celine, Aurelie, and Clementine married John Dent Young, James Hawke, and W. M. Young respectively. James Hawke was born at Newport, Isle of Wight, in 1802. One of his daughters, Marie Aurelie, married S. J. Northway. F. T. Hawke was on Old Godapola, Matale, in 1862, and on Bellwood, Deltota, in 1868. (See Nos. 728, 1235.)
1269 ..	March 18 1903	Frederick William Burleigh Campbell	F. W. B. CAMPBELL, Supdt. of Surveys, C.P. aged 49. Erected by his friends. He was eldest son, born on January 1, 1854, of Frederick Hugh Pearson Campbell, of the Ceylon Civil Service, by Mary Spencer, eldest daughter of Joseph Price, C.C.S., District Judge of Jaffna, whom he married on April 18, 1848, at "the Cathedral, Jaffna." ("The Cathedral," as shown by the register, means the Dutch Church, any large church being in the eyes of many people a cathedral.) She died July

Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1269	.. March 18 1903	.. Frederick William Burleigh Campbell—contd.	17, 1880. F. H. P. Campbell was fourth son of Sir Alexander Campbell, Bart., of Aberuchill and Kilbryde Castle, County Perth, and he was brother of Sir James Campbell, Bart., Ranger of Forest of Dean. (See No. 810.)
1270	.. April 13 1904	.. John Sealy	.. JOHN SEALY, Junior, of Shortalstown, Co. Wexford, Ireland, 3rd Son of JOHN SEALY, Dundrum, Dublin, who died at Arratenne, Madulkelle..... aged 31 years.
1271	.. June 17 1904	.. Cecil Harry Twig Wilkinson	C. H. T. WILKINSON aged 48 years. He was for seventeen years superintendent of Kundesale estate, of which he was in charge at the time of his death. He was born in 1856, son of Captain James Allix Wilkinson, late of the 15th Regiment, which he joined on August 4, 1840. Captain J. A. Wilkinson came out to Ceylon with the regiment in 1845, and his younger brother, Lieutenant Johnson Wilkinson, of the same regiment, subsequently joined him there. He was temporarily employed under the Commissioner of Lands, 1848-49, and was an Assistant in the Civil Engineer and Superintendent of Roads' Department, 1860-61, on £300 a year, having sold out of the regiment. He was in Ireland in 1864-66, and at Peradeniya as a planter 1866-68. He bought Stellenberg and Newmarket, and for some years lived on Newmarket. He married at Pussellawa on March 7, 1854, Elizabeth, daughter of W. H. Whiting, C.C.S. (see No. 106), and died at Peradeniya on March 22, 1868, and is buried in the Garrison Cemetery there (grave not known). While in the 15th Regiment he was known as "Jilks," and his brother Johnson as "Twig." The latter, who became a Major-General, published with his twin brother, Major-General Osborn Wilkinson, C.B., Bengal Army, "The Memoirs of the Gemini Generals" in 1896, which contains a chapter on his Ceylon experiences, by Major-General Johnson Wilkinson, who was in Ceylon, 1848-51, with the 15th Regiment. C. H. T. Wilkinson married, April 13, 1882, at St. Mary's, Bogawantalawa, Agnes Clara, second daughter of the Rev. Wadham Huntley Skrine, and a cousin of Sholto and Harcourt Skrine, Ceylon planters. (See No. 29.)
1272	.. Nov. 19 1904	.. Alexander Philip	.. ALEXANDER PHILIP, born at Stonehaven, 4th December, 1850, died at the Uplands, Kandy after a brief illness. For 29 years Secretary of the Planters' Association of Ceylon. To his conscientious untiring devotion to the Planters' work is attributed his early death. A lover of truth and righteousness in all the transactions of daily life, he leaves in Kandy, where he was so well known, a shining record, which will be in estimation as long as time endures. This Monument is erected by his devoted sorrowing wife.
1273	.. March 24 1905	.. Arnoldina Duleima Wilmot	ARNOLDINA DULCIMA, Relict of the late EDWARD PARR WILMOT, Advocate of Ceylon, and of Co. Derby, England, who fell asleep in Kandy, aged 97 years This monument is erected by her daughters. She was a daughter of William Abram Kriekenbeek and his wife Françoise Ursula Frederika Even du Hil (see No. 815), and married, on September 2, 1835, E. P. Wilmot. He was eldest son of Edward Coke Wilmot, who belonged to the family of that name of Chaddesden, Derbyshire, baronets. Edward Coke Wilmot's father, the Rev. Richard Wilmot, was son of Richard Wilmot, whose cousin was mother of Sir William Coke, and daughter of William Coke of Trasley. Sir Robert Wilmot Horton belonged to another branch of the Wilmots, the Wilmots of Barksell, Co. Warwick, branches of which obtained baronetcies, one in 1772 and one in 1821. These branches were descended from two sons of Robert Wilmot of Chaddesden, Edward and Nicholas. The Chaddesden baronetcy dates from 1759. Sir Robert Wilmot Horton was third Baronet in the branch descended from Nicholas, which obtained the baronetcy of 1821. Edward Parr Wilmot was

Mahayaya Cemetery, Kandy—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1273 ..	March 24 .. 1905	Arnoldina Dulcima Wilmot —contd.	Proctor for Prisoners, and was admitted Advocate, July 15, 1845. He died on board the <i>Medway</i> , July 1, 1851, on the voyage to England. He is described in the "Autobiography of a Periya Durai." "Mr. Wilmot was a stout, burly-looking man, with a humorous twinkle in his eye, but that eye could be fierce and stern enough when bullying a native witness undergoing a cross-examination by him." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. III., page 343.) Of E. P. Wilmot's four daughters, the eldest married Dr. John F. Morgan, son of William Morgan, a brother of Sir Richard; the second married John Henry Fretz, Public Works Department, who died at Kandy in 1909; the third John Coleman Hollinshed, an engineer employed on the construction of the Colombo to Kandy Railway; and the fourth Owen Morgan of the Attorney-General's Department, District Judge for a time of Kandy. Mrs. Hollinshed married, on September 26, 1866, at the Scot's Kirk, Kandy, and was killed by lightning at Ambepussa on May 1, 1867, aged 29. Her husband was afterwards Manager of the Oriental Hotel, Kandy.

Holy Trinity Church, Kandy.

1274 ..	July 14 .. 1866	Frances Mary Oakley ..	To the memory of FRANCES MARY, the beloved wife of the Rev. WILLIAM OAKLEY, Church Missionary, who entered into rest July 14th, 1866, aged 51 years. This tablet was erected by the members of this Congregation as a tribute of respect and affection for the memory of one who for a period of 26 years identified herself with their highest interest, and in token of deep sympathy with their faithful Pastor and friend. Also an inscription on tombstone in graveyard adjoining. The Rev. William and Mrs. Oakley arrived at Galle by the barque <i>Dorothy Gales</i> from Tuticorin on September 21, 1839. (See No. 1415.)
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Churchyard of Holy Trinity, Kandy.

1275 ..	June 9 .. 1854	Amelia Higgins ..	AMELIA, the beloved wife of the Rev. E. T. HIGGENS, aged 27 years
	Oct. 6 .. 1854	Edward Albert Higgins ..	EDWARD ALBERT, son of the above-mentioned, aged 2 years and 8 months. The Rev. E. T. Higgins of the Church Missionary Society was for many years a missionary in Ceylon and local Secretary of the Society.

Esplanade, Kandy.

1276.—August 2, 1860.—Henry George Ward.

This Statue has been erected from funds subscribed by inhabitants of Ceylon to commemorate their appreciation of the energetic administration of the affairs of this Colony by Sir HENRY GEORGE WARD, G.C.M.G., Governor from May, 1855, to June, 1860.

"In semi-civilized countries it is with material improvements that all other improvement begins. My conscience tells me that to the best of my judgment and abilities I have tried to do my duty by you, and it is my hope that you will think of me hereafter as a man whose whole heart was in his work."

Passage from Sir H. G. WARD's speeches.

Sir Henry Ward was a son of Robert Ward, M.P. and novelist. He was born in 1797, and served as Lord High Commissioner of the Ionian Islands. In June, 1860, he succeeded Sir Charles Trevelyan as Governor of Madras,

Esplanade, Kandy—*contd.*1276.—August 2, 1860.—Henry George Ward—*contd.*

but was struck down by cholera within a few weeks. His widow, a daughter of Sir John Swinburne, whom he married in 1824, survived him till 1882. One of his daughters married John Bailey, C.C.S., 1847–67; another, A. Young Adams, C.C.S., 1853–78. The statue was unveiled on August 5, 1868. In 1910 it was enclosed by the Municipal Council with a low wall and railing.

“The 11th of May, 1855, will ever be memorable in the annals of Ceylon, as the date on which the Government of the Island was assumed by Sir Henry Ward, a man, perhaps, the equal of Sir Edward Barnes in energy, his superior, certainly, in the qualities which go to make up a great statesman, and beyond all precedent fortunate, as he cordially admitted, in the circumstances under which he found the Colony whose destinies he was called to guide. Sir Henry Ward’s career could be quoted as strongly favourable to their views by those who believe that genius is hereditary. His father was well known in literary circles as the author of ‘Tremaine,’ while as a politician he was highly estimated by those who knew him intimately. Pitt mentioned his name in his dying delirium, the impression created being that the expiring Minister regretted not having sufficiently appreciated Ward’s claims on him. Henry Ward made himself a name as a liberal politician when liberalism was rather at a discount, and as a journalist (editor of the *Weekly Chronicle*) when journalism in Britain was subjected to much discouragement. He had gone through great and varied experiences in statesmanship before he was called on to exchange his troubled rule of the Septinsular Ionian Republic, now a portion of the Kingdom of Greece, for the more peaceful government of this ‘Utmost Indian Isle.’ Canning had chosen him as the first British Ambassador to the newly-constituted Central American Republic of Mexico, and his book on that country (illustrated by Lady Ward, a Swinburne, and the aunt of the erratic poet) may still be read with profit. He also represented British Majesty at Madrid in a style of regal splendour more honourable to his country than profitable to his family, who ultimately inherited little from him beyond the reflected benefits of his fame as a successful ruler. In Parliamentary history Sir Henry Ward’s name is associated with the ‘appropriation clause,’ by which a portion of the revenues of the Irish Church Establishment was devoted to purposes of education. Sir Henry Ward served for some time as an Under Secretary of State, and he probably would have risen to a post in the Cabinet had his pecuniary position been such as to render him independent of the emoluments attached to Colonial posts. In the Ionian Islands Sir Henry Ward exercised a *very* stringent rule over the Greeks, whom Britain at great cost ‘protected,’ but never succeeded in conciliating, and, in consequence of a proclamation which he issued regarding the leaders of a political rising, obtained the *sobriquet* of ‘Dead or Alive Ward.’ He relieved the cares of protective Government, however, by varying them with a good deal of devotion to out-of-door exercise in the pursuit of sport. The result was that he brought to Ceylon a physical frame, the very type of that we are accustomed to associate with the British farmer. Undeterred by the greater fervour of a tropical climate, or the malaria which haunts such scenes of ancient but abandoned industry as Tissamaharama, the Giant’s Tank, and other great works, Sir Henry Ward continued his outdoor active habits in Ceylon, fulfilling in the first year of his rule his promise, that whereas when he first met those associated with him in the Government and Legislature he knew less than any of them by personal inspection of Ceylon, the case would be reversed when he next formally met them And well did he fulfil his pledge. The collected volumes of Sir Henry Ward’s Minutes are a monument of industrious, persevering research, such as not one of his predecessors left behind. Those Minutes would be valuable if but for the stores of topographical knowledge they embody He did not confine his tours to the beaten tracks of the high roads or rest in the centres of civilization. He bivouacked on the grassy glades and amidst the jungle bushes, which distinguish the once teeming but now desolate region of the north and east of the Island, braving in his explorations the attacks of the fever-demon who haunts those scenes of silent beauty—scenes once of rich fertility; and it was but a natural and a noble wish to be the means of restoring to them fruitfulness and population. But Sir Henry Ward’s mind was too practical to allow of his being seduced into attempting impossibilities. He gave up the idea of crowding the work of generations into a few brief years—devoting himself instead to the really useful tasks within his reach, of restoring or creating irrigation works where population was ready to enter on possession of the gifts of soil and water—and giving a legislative sanction to such local regulations as the people themselves might propose as necessary in their various localities for the protection and encouragement of the culture of the great native staple—rice. In this direction Sir Henry Ward did much for native interests, and when every allowance is made for difference of opinion, as to the cost and ultimate benefit of some of the works projected and in progress, we feel that on the gratitude of the natives Sir Henry Ward has a strong claim Who shall say that Sir Henry Ward has not well earned the gratitude of the European community ?

“Sir Henry Ward, by judicious and conciliatory measures, has been very successful in procuring the settlement of questions such as that of the ‘military reserves,’ which had embarrassed his predecessors and hindered Municipal and other improvements. Nor can we characterize otherwise than as a ‘wise liberality’ the large increase which Sir Henry Ward was instrumental in procuring to the allowances of those to whom the civil administration of the Island is committed. While working hard himself, Sir Henry Ward showed a true appreciation of the merits of hard workers, whom he has generally encouraged and advanced. He proposed and carried through Council a graduated scale of remuneration, which leaves no room for the old apologies for inertness or incapacity. While noticing the improvements in the means of communication which Sir Henry Ward had originated, we ought not to have forgotten that he restored to usefulness the fine canal system which came down to us from our aquatic predecessors the Dutch. In the electric telegraph he gave us means and facilities of communication of which our Dutch predecessors never dreamed, any more than they imagined the possibility of letters being transmitted from Galle to Jaffna, from Colombo to Trincomalee for a penny; while the teeming issues of a free Press are carried from the capital to the extremities of the Island at half that cost. Nor do we know why we should omit to mention the steamer ‘Pearl.’ She has cost some money; but she has tended to make the western and southern portions of the Island acquainted with the previously mythical regions of the north and east. And then we must not forget the ‘Pearl’s’ services at the pearl fisheries; nor the Governor’s visits to and description of them with the efforts to obtain all possible information tending to convert a capricious into a certain source of revenue. It cannot be said that Sir Henry Ward created the revenue from the pearl fishery, any more than he created the surplus saved for him by Sir George Anderson, or the constantly increasing revenue which distinguished his term of Government. Sir Henry Ward was ‘a lucky Governor.’ Just so, but he had the merit of making the best possible use of his luck; and whether he had to deal with the withheld a pearl fishery, he left no measure of improvement untried, and most of his experiments have been wonderfully successful.

“Passing from the material improvements which the Colony either owes to Sir H. Ward or has experienced during his rule, we turn with unmingled satisfaction to the great moral reform, which he was the happy instrument of sanctioning by legislative enactment. We allude to the change in the Kandyan marriage laws, a wish for which was expressed by the people themselves. When the storm of mutiny—mutiny most causeless and ungrateful—swept over India and seemed for a time to have destroyed the fabric of Empire, which the genius of Hastings and Clive and Wellesley and Dalhousie had built up the resources at the command of Sir Henry Ward were small, while for obvious reasons the Ceylon Rifles, then about 1,600 strong, the men being Malay by race and Muhammadans by religious profession, could not well be sent to repress mutineers who had, though themselves mainly Hindus,

Esplanade, Kandy—contd.1276.—August 2, 1860.—**Henry George Ward—contd.**

adopted the representative at Delhi of the Moslem Mogul emperors as their leader. Sir Hénry Ward did not hesitate for a moment. He sent away the bulk of our European force and kept in the Island only a few British soldiers. To produce confidence he ordered doubled guards of Malay soldiers at Queen's House.

"All the details of the work he did in Ceylon cannot be particularized, but I may mention, in addition to what has been stated, that from long imprisonment in the cellars of the Commissariat godowns he released the clock which now measures time just below the flashing light which issues from the top of the Campanile in the Fort of Colombo, built after a design by Lady Ward. From the same obscurity of the Commissariat Store he rescued the fine suspension bridge which now spans the Mahaweli-ganga near Gampola. It was erected by the late Capt. Donald Graham, who also repaired, or rather renewed without hindering the traffic, the celebrated satinwood bridge at Peradeniya erected originally by General Fraser. The splendid bridges at Katugastota and so many others by which the crossing of our rivers is rendered easy and safe stand as monuments of Sir Henry Ward's well-directed energy, while it ought to be added that he left quite a number of iron lattice bridges in store at the disposal of his successor. One more detail may be mentioned, it was Henry Ward who had the Galle Face Walk constructed for the sake of the ladies and children of Colombo, in whose interests he recommended it to the care of his successors. Before its construction a walk on the seaside of our beautiful and healthy esplanade was next to impossible for ladies in consequence of the effects of the red cabook or laterite dust on boots and clothing.

"In June, 1860, Sir Henry Ward bade farewell to the scene of his administrative triumphs in Ceylon, a memorial for his retention at an enhanced salary being met with the intimation that the man who had so successfully ruled Ceylon had been transferred to a more important sphere at Madras. At the farewell banquet in Queen's House testimony to the merits of the departing statesman was eloquently borne by the recently appointed Chief Justice, Sir Edward Shepherd Creasy, the author of 'The Decisive Battles of the World,' 'A Handbook of the British Constitution,' 'The History of the Ottoman Turks,' and other well-known works. Sir Henry Ward, alas, had scarcely assumed the reins of Government in Madras when he fell a victim to cholera, to an attack of which his exposure to malarial influences in Ceylon had predisposed him." (Mr. A. M. Ferguson in "Ceylon in 1847-1860.") He left Ceylon on June 30, 1860, and died on August 2, the same year.

Ceylon Contingent Memorial, Esplanade, Kandy.1277.—**The Ceylon Contingents in South Africa.**

"THIS Memorial was erected in commemoration of the services of the Ceylon Contingents in South Africa, 1900-1902, and unveiled by Field-Marshal H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, K.G., G.C.M.G., March 18, 1907."

IN MEMORIAM.

Lieut. ARTHUR H. THOMAS.

W. MAX KELLY.

C. CAMPION.

Q. M. Sergt. CHEYNE.

A. S. HOPPER.

K. HAMILTON.

CLAUDE C. BELL.

N. W. SMELLIE.

This memorial was designed by Mrs. Thomas, *née* Geraldine Blake, wife of Edward Hector Le Marchant Thomas, a brother of Lieutenant Thomas. It represents a trooper of the Ceylon Mounted Infantry giving the signal "enemy in sight." The names of C. Campion and N. W. Smellie are additional to those given in the memorial in St. Paul's, Kandy. (See Nos. 1233 and 1392.)

Kadugannawa, Kandy District.

"At the summit of the steep Kadugannawa Pass there is a monument to Captain Dawson, R.E., who had charge of the construction of the original road up the Pass, which for 40 years before the railway was completed was the only means of access to the mountain district from the north and west. The road was constructed in 1822. Prior to that time there were only two roads even in the Maritime Provinces, and those so bad as scarcely to be worthy of the name. Along these travellers were carried in palanquins with a retinue of deeply laden baggage coolies. As to the Central Province, it was altogether inaccessible to any but hill climbers." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. I., p. 171.) The monument consists of an obelisk 125 ft. in height, and cost the sum of £342. 7s. 11d.

1278.—March 28, 1829.—**William Francis Dawson.**

Captain W. F. DAWSON, during the Government of General Sir E. BARNES, G.C.B., Commanding Royal Engineer, Ceylon, whose Science and Skill planned and executed this Road and Other Works of public utility. Died at Colombo, 28th March, 1829. By a subscription among his friends and admirers in Ceylon this monument was raised to his memory. 1832.

Captain Dawson was stationed at Colombo in 1819 as "Second Captain," R.E. He was a great friend of Sir Edward Barnes, and acted as his Private Secretary.

"Captain Dawson, while employed in surveying the Paumben and Mannar channels, was seized with an attack of dysentery, but his well-known zeal prompted him, notwithstanding, to continue his exertions until the object he was engaged in was completed, thus enabling the disease to gain such an ascendancy as to baffle every effort of professional skill, though aided by the strongest constitution.

"In Captain Dawson H. M. Service and his Country have been deprived of a highly talented and most truly valuable Officer, and its Corps of one of its brightest ornaments. As a Member of Society it is hardly possible to do justice to his Character. His cheerful good nature, benevolence of disposition, and many amiable qualities rendered

Kadugannawa, Kandy District—*contd.*

1278.—March 28, 1829.—William Francis Dawson—*contd.*

him an universal favourite. His loss will be deplored by all, and most particularly by those who were so fortunate as to be on terms of intimacy with him, by them his memory will ever be held dear." (*Gazette*, April 4, 1829.)

He also made the road from Kospetta-oya, on the boundary between the Seven Korales and the Central Province, over the Galagedera Pass. Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell says, "the making of such a noble highway must, I conceive, be readily acknowledged by those who have travelled along it to have been an undertaking worthy of the enterprising and lofty genius of a Napoleon, and will, I trust, endure for ages as the best and most appropriate monument which could possibly have been erected to the memory of Sir Edward Barnes and Captain Dawson of the Engineers, whose daring and energetic minds, robust frames, and manly habits were so admirably calculated for carrying on amidst innumerable difficulties such a gigantic undertaking." ("Excursions," vol. II., p. 154.)

He states that in 1822 "my friend Captain Dawson of the Engineers was brought in to Kurunagalla, having been seized with an exceedingly painful and dangerous ailment which he bore with his usual fortitude. Our surgeon having been sent off to Kandy, I had to do the best I could for him, but I shall never forget the scene, nor what—assisted by two other officers—I had to perform, and he most reluctantly had to submit to. The remedy, however, had the desired effect, and he was enabled in a few days to return to his herculean labours in the mountains." (Campbell, vol. II., p. 314.) This was after he had constructed the Galagedera Pass-Girihagama road. He proceeded to England in 1822 for the benefit of his health, with Lieutenant Yule, R.E.

"I lost a very dear friend, and the service a most invaluable officer, in Captain W. Dawson, Commanding Royal Engineers. The poor fellow died in my arms. The whole Island mourned him. Wherever he was known he was dearly loved. Sir Edward Barnes had, notwithstanding Dawson's junior rank, selected him for the position of C.R.E., which was a Colonel's command, for Sir Edward knew from his Peninsular experience of him the great merit Dawson possessed as an officer.* A singular coincidence occurred in reference to the monument erected to his memory on the top of the Kadugannawa Pass, which was one of the triumphs of his skill. The foundation of this column was laid at the same time as that to the memory of the Duke of York, late Commander-in-Chief, at the entrance of the Park at the end of Waterloo Place. The dimensions of these two memorials are identical, the only difference in them being that Dawson's monument is built of brick, whereas that to the Commander-in-Chief is of granite, surmounted by a statue. Dawson's remains were interred in a vault in St. Peter's Church, Colombo." (Skinner, p. 93.)

Whether the coincidence was in the selection of the same date for the laying of the foundation of the two columns, or whether in the identity of their dimensions, or whether, in fact, these identities were accidental or purposely intended, does not appear.

Bennett states that while Captain Dawson was on a tour of inspection in the Hambantota District in 1826 he gave him "a History of Mahagam in Pali on talipot," which had been presented to him by a Buddhist priest (p. 301).

He was the second son of Francis Dawson of Fordham Abbey near Newmarket, where Captain Dawson was born. Francis Dawson was born in Yorkshire, 1760. Captain Dawson was an uncle of Augustine Rawlins Dawson, C.C.S. (1867-97), and like him was powerfully built and 6 ft. in height.

Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, Kandy District.

In the Gardens are pavilions or summer houses as memorials of Drs. Gardner and Thwaites. The memorial to the former takes the shape of a circular-domed temple of classical design, that to the latter is of Kandyan style. The memorial to Dr. Gardner remained for over thirty years without an inscription, but the omission was supplied from the pen of Dr. R. S. Copleston, formerly Bishop of Colombo, now Bishop of Calcutta.

1279.—March 10, 1849.—George Gardner.

GEORGIUS GARDNER
SOC. LINN. SOC.
HORUM HORTORUM
AB ANNO 1843, AD 1849
CUSTOS
REI HERBARIÆ PERITUS
VIARUM STRENUUS
FLORES HERBAS ARBORES
UTRIUSQUE ORBIS DILIGENTISSIME SERVATUS EST
QUI UT IN MEMORIAM HABEATUR
HOC CENOTAPHIUM POSUERUNT
AMICI TAPROBANENSES, A.D. 1855.
OBIIT IN URBE NUWARA ELIYA.
VI ID. MART, ANNO 1849,
ÆTAT 37.

He "was appointed Superintendent on the recommendation of Sir William Hooker in 1843. He graduated M.D. at Glasgow in 1835. He travelled in Brazil 1840-41, and made a large collection of plants there, publishing a journal of his tour with descriptions of plants and genera in the botanical journals; also in 1846 a book, 'Travels in the Interior of Brazil,' which he compiled on the voyage out to Ceylon. In 1845 he visited Madras and botanized in the Neilgherry Hills. He became one of the editors of the 'Calcutta Journal of Natural History,' and his 'Contributions towards a Flora of Ceylon' were appearing in that journal at the time of his death. He also wrote 'Some Remarks on the Flora of Ceylon' as an Appendix to Lee's translation of Ribeyro. His premature death from apoplexy destroyed the hopes that had been built upon his great capacity." (G. S. Bulger in Trimen, vol. V., pp. 375-76.) (See No. 1384.)

*"Governor Barnes, with a true instinct, chose Dawson, when a subaltern, to perform a field officer's functions." ("Ceylon in 1837-46.")

Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, Kandy District—contd.

1280.—September 11, 1882.—George Henry Kendrick Thwaites.

In Memory of GEORGE HENRY KENDRICK THWAITES,
F.R.S., C.M.G., PH.D., &c., Superintendent and
Director of these Gardens, 1849–1880. Nat. 9 July,
1812. Ob. 11 Sept., 1882.

See a biography of him by G. S. Bulger in Trimen's "Handbook of the Flora of Ceylon," vol. V., pp. 376–79. He was born at Bristol, and began life as an accountant. "He has probably done more for our scientific and practical knowledge of the vegetable products of Ceylon than any one man." He never left Ceylon after he first set foot in it in 1849. He published his "Enumeratio Plantarum Zeylanica" in 1859–64, and was made an F.R.S. on its completion and a C.M.G. in 1878. He retired in 1880, and purchased Fairieland, near Kandy, and died at Kandy while on his way to the seaside. He is buried in the Kandy Cemetery, but his grave is not indicated by monument or inscription. There are notices of both Gardner and Thwaites in the "Dictionary of National Biography."

Eladetta in Udu Nuwara, Kandy District.

THERE is a garden at Eladetta, now planted with cacao trees, which is traditionally alleged to have been occupied by a European, who must have been Robert Knox, but it does not exactly agree with Knox's description. There is, however, another garden near it which answers to it more or less, and may have formed part of the first garden, and a stone has been erected on the Gansabhawa path opposite it to mark Knox's connection with the place. Knox's description of Eladetta and the place of his abode for nine years is as follows:—"It lies ten miles to the southward of Cande, in the County of Oudaneur in the Town of Elledat a point of land standing into a Corn Field, so that Corn Fields were on three sides of it, and just before my door a little Corn ground belonging thereto and very well watered." (Knox, p. 144.) He states that he was assisted in building his house by "three of my Countrymen that dwelt near by, Roger Gold, Ralph Knight, and Stephen Rutland." The stone stands at the foot of the garden, and below the path the ground drops into a range of paddy fields. It was the most likely site that the compiler could find at Eladetta.

In 1670 Knox and his three companions at Legundeniya left that place, and Knox bought this piece of land at Eladetta, where he built a house, and settled down with the three men named above. In 1672 two of the four married and settled elsewhere. From 1672 to 1679 Knox and Rutland travelled about the Kandyan kingdom peddling. On September 22, 1679, they started from Eladetta on their journey northwards, arriving at the Dutch Fort at Arippe on October 18, 1679 (p. 26). The inscription runs:—

HEREABOUTS
DWELT
ROBERT KNOX
STEPHEN RUTLAND
1670–1679
AND WITH THEM
UNTIL 1674
ROGER GOULD
RALPH KNIGHT.
Erected, 1908.
J. P. L.

Legundeniya in Uda Palata, Kandy District.

IN a letter addressed to the English authorities at Madras by the Dutch Governor, Rykloff van Goens, dated Colombo, October 22, 1669, it is stated that Robert Knox and the three men named below were "in a village beyond Candy named Legondeny." "We learn from Knox's narrative that after having endured their enforced residence at Legundeniya for three years (1667–1670 probably), he and his three companions took 'French leave' and went off whither they pleased. Knox and Rutland settled at Eladetta, where they were joined by Gold and Knight." ("Robert Knox," by D. W. Ferguson, p. 22 note.) "Day had a half-caste son, Peter, who was 16 years of age in 1683. He was probably therefore born at Legundeniya." (*Ibid.*, p. 36.) There is said to be a family called De Appu in the village of Pupuressa near Legundeniya descended from William Day, but the compiler has not succeeded in coming across a member of it. Legundeniya is in the Kandukara Pahala kerala of the Uda palata division of the Kandy District, about 5 miles from Gampola. The site of the compound in which, according to tradition, Knox lived is now called Nittamaluwa. It is on the road from Pupuressa to Pussetenna estate, near the summit of a conical patana-covered mountain, from which are visible, on the west Adam's Peak, Raksawa, and Ambuluwawa; on the east Hantane and the road from Peradeniya to Deltota; on the south Pussellawa. The place is approached on all four sides by "passes," which seems to have been the reason why it was selected for the residence of Knox and his companions. The tradition as to the site came from the late Arachchi of the village, who belongs to the Hunkiripatiyage family, which supplied milk to the king. There are said to be descendants of Knox's companions living in the neighbourhood. Their family name is "Nasindeniyegedera." The inscription is as follows:—

HERE LIVED
A.D. 1667–1670
ROBERT KNOX
JOHN LOVELAND
JOHN BERRY
WILLIAM DAY.
Erected 1908.
J. P. L.

Bomure, Urugala, in Uda Dumbara, Medasiya Pattu, Kandy District.

THE garden where the last King of Kandy was captured is approached by a path from the bend in the road just above Urugala, down hill and through paddy fields and a piece of jungle. The house and *atuwa* which occupied the compound have disappeared. The present Korala's father's mother was daughter of the man who lived here at the time and sheltered the king. His name was Udupitiye Appurala, and the land still belongs to his family. There are a tamarind tree and two coconut trees still standing which were there at the time of the capture. There is nothing astonishing in this, tamarind trees are very long-lived, and the two coconut trees looked quite 100 years old. An old man named Higgahapitiyegedera Appuwa, who lives in the next compound, informed the compiler in 1907 that he remembered the house; it was square and thatched with straw, but "like a *walawwa*." He pointed out where it had stood, also the site of the *atuwa* and outbuildings. He said he was 80, and ceased to pay road tax 20 years ago, which would make him then 75 at least. He also pointed out Gallehewatta on the other side of the fields, which was the king's coconut garden. This place, "Gallehewatta," is mentioned in the account of the Kandyan war of 1803, written "By an Officer employed in the expedition," as the place where the king was captured. (See Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, Ceylon Branch, vol. X., p. 324, "The Antiquities of Medamahanuwara," by J. H. F. Hamilton, C.C.S.)

"On the following morning the gratifying intelligence was received at Headquarters that the King had been surrounded on the morning of the preceding day (*i.e.*, on February 18, 1815)* by some Kandyans of the Province of Dumbara, assisted by the army followers of Eheylepola Adigar, at a place called Gallehewatta, within the Province of Dumbara, very near to Meydemahanoowera; two of his queens and some followers had been taken with him after a short conflict between a few Malay soldiers, who were with him, and the Singhalese." ("Journal and Narrative of the Military operations carried on by the British Troops in the interior of the Island of Ceylon in the beginning of the year 1815," "Ceylon Miscellany," vol. I., 1842, p. 145.)

There is no doubt from tradition that the actual spot was the garden I visited. The old man told the compiler that the king came from Urugala, along the Udupitiye-ela, and the Malay soldiers through the fields (there was a detachment of the 1st Ceylon Regiment under Captain Mylius in pursuit of the king). The Udupitiye-ela comes from Medamahanuwara, and the Meda-ela, a branch of it, goes to Bomure. He also stated that "15 years ago" there were arecanut trees standing on the boundary of this garden, on which the marks of the bullets fired by the Malays could be seen. The name of the garden is Udupitiyegedera. It has since been acquired by the Crown.

Marshall describes the capture :—"On the 18th (Feb.) the King was taken prisoner with one of his wives in the house of a subordinate headman, about a mile beyond Medda Maha Nuwera (*i.e.*, the palace, *not* the mountain).^{*} His two remaining wives and his mother were at Hangwella (about 3 or 4 miles from Madugoda),^{*} a short distance off, and, being sent for with conveyances and an escort, were brought to Teldenia to join the King. It appears that the few Malabar attendants remaining with the King made some resistance, and wounded one of the assailants under the command of Eheylapola, on which the party fired upon the house. The King then appeared and delivered himself up. His pursuers forthwith bound and plundered him of whatever articles of value he had on his person." ("Ceylon," by Henry Marshall, p. 157.) The King died a pensioner at Vellore in 1830.

The stone bears the following inscription in English and Sinhalese :—

SRI WIKRAMA RAJASINHA
CAPTURED HERE
18 FEBRUARY, 1815.

The pillar was erected in December, 1908. It had to be carried across the paddy fields by a tusker elephant (only a tusker could carry it safely) to the site. It stands on a step, and is 9½ ft. in height, including the step. It is of Kandyan shape, but quite plain. It is visible from within 100 yards of the 20th milestone on the high road across the valley, on the top of a conical hill rising out of the paddy fields. It will have to be painted white to make it more conspicuous from the road. Near it is a tamarind tree, which from its appearance, no doubt, stood there when the king was captured. This site is accessible by descending the hill below the road at the 20th mile, crossing the paddy fields, and ascending the opposite hill, or by the path first mentioned.

Hingulwala in Galasiya Pattu of Harispattu, Kandy District.

A STONE has recently (1907) been erected under an old jak (*Indocarpus integrifolia*) tree in this village, with an inscription in Sinhalese, to commemorate one of the battles successfully fought by Rajasinha I. with the Portuguese.

ශ්‍රී පලමුවෙනි රජු. දෙවියෝ මාදුරේ කෝරළේ සිටිවෙන
සටන බලාගෙන මෙම රැජිණේ කොස්සගල ප්‍රදේශයෙහි
සිටිවීම පිණිස ගත වූ එකාදහස් අටසිය විසිනමයක්
මෙම වසරෙහි මේ ශිලාලේඛනය පිහිටුවන්ට ගම්සභාවෙන්
සහ නූතනවල රචිතත්වයා විසින් නියමකලාය.
සිව්වරසා.

Translation.—"This stone inscription has been set up this year of Saka 1829 on the orders of the Gansabhawa and of Nugawela Ratemahatmaya, in commemoration of King Rajasinha I.'s witnessing, under the shade of this jak tree, the battle that was waging in Madure korale."

* The notes in parenthesis are the compiler's.

St. Mary's Church, Kelebokka, Kandy District.

THIS church is picturesquely situated below the 20th mile, on the road from Panwila to Kelebokka, which was opened *circa* 1859. An inscription on the east wall records that it was built in 1873 in memory of "M. M. L." (Mrs. Forbes Laurie), and the east window bears an inscription to her memory.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1281 ..	Dec. 31 1806	Maria Maxwell Laurie	.. To the glory of God and in memory of MARIA MAXWELL LAURIE, the beloved wife of WILLIAM FORBES LAURIE. Given by her mother. W. F. Laurie was on Tunisgalla, Madulkele, in 1868. He died on January 8, 1909, at Palace Gardens. He was the son of W. F. Laurie, M.D., of Dunstable. He was Visiting Agent of the Ceylon Land and Produce Company, and at one time Chairman of the Dikoya Planters' Association. He had two brothers, also Ceylon planters, Buxton Laurie of Leangegolla and Frank Maxwell Laurie of Detenagala.
1282 ..	July 3 1807	F. C. Woods	.. F. C. Woods of Kandikekettia aged 73. A well known planter. The compiler voyaged with him to Ceylon in September to October, 1877, but, strange to say, never met him afterwards in the Island. He had then been many years in Ceylon.
1283 ..	Aug. 5 1808	Annie Augusta Rudd	.. In loving memory of our dear sister ANNIE AUGUSTA RUDD, born 17th May, 1862..... (See No. 898.)

St. Andrew's Church, Gampola, Kandy District.

1284 ..	Sept. 27 1852	Mary Shipton	.. In memory of MARY, the beloved wife of JOHN SHIPTON, died at Sinnapitiya aged 22 years; and of MARY, her infant daughter, born September 20
			This was his second wife. He had married, April 9, 1840, Maria, third daughter of Joseph Metcalf. (See No. 1158.)
			Dr. Shipton was a well known coffee planter. He ended his days as Police Magistrate of Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri in the eighties.
1285 ..	Oct. 31 1852	Sarina Sophia Tate	.. Sacred to the memory of SARINA SOPHIA ELIZABETH, the beloved child of JAMES ROSELL TATE of Gampola.....aged 2 years 10 months & 24 days.
1286 ..	Feb. 24 1854	James Rosell Tate	.. Sacred to the memory of JAMES ROSELL TATE..... " In the midst of life we are in death." He was, I think, a son of John Tate (see No. 1121). J. R. Tate was on Harmony estate, Gampola, 1842-48. He married, on August 1, 1842, at Kandy, Miss Sophia Bailey of Kandy. Reference is made in the newspapers of 1849 to Mr. J. R. Tate's "Store and Hotel" at Gampola, so that he must have succeeded his father as proprietor of the resthouse or hotel there.

Old Burial Ground, Gampola, Kandy District.

1287 ..	May 28 1870	James Sinnot	.. JAMES SINNOT, of Belfast, Ireland, who died at Gampola aged 57.
1288 ..	June 1 1883	William Cameron	.. Erected in memory of WILLIAM CAMERON, Inspector of Tea Estates, who died at Gampola by a few of his friends and pupils in grateful remembrance of his valuable services in the promotion of the Tea Enterprise in Ceylon. He came over from India, and there were reasons for believing that Cameron was not his real name. He belonged to the Isle of Mull.
1289 ..	Aug. 30 1896	William Hunter Reid	.. WILLIAM HUNTER REID, eldest son of DAVID & JESSIE A. REID, Shootfield, Sevenoaks, Kent, who was drowned near Gampola aged 27.

Old Burial Ground, Gampola, Kandy District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1290 ..	May 6 1898	.. Thomas B. Miller	.. T. B. MILLER aged 56 years. He was a son of Quartermaster Thomas Miller, Ceylon Rifles, a daughter of whom married David S. Mantell, Surveyor-General. Another daughter, Emma Frances Harriet, died at Trincomalee, May 11, 1852, aged 2 months 12 days. “ It would not be right to leave these reminiscences of friends in old Ceylon without mentioning T. B. Miller, of South Delta. I see his name has disappeared from the Directory, like too many others. I should like to say that I received as much real, unsophisticated kindness from him as from any one in the Island. He had been born in Ceylon and had never been out of it, and, as a consequence, he had not the manners of an English public school boy, but, when I knew him, he was thoroughly straight in his conduct, fair to both master and coolie, and, so far as his means allowed, would do a kind act to a neighbour. I thoroughly respected him, though he had not the garb which education and social advantage put on many of us, and I can only hope that his end was good.” (Rev. R. Abbay.)
1291 ..	June 4 1898	.. Charlotte Gertrude Snowden	CHARLOTTE GERTRUDE, the devoted wife of SOMERSET SNOWDEN, Survey Department, born 6th June, 1864 A daughter of J. Daveran Erskine, Survey Department.
1292 ..	May 22 1899	.. John Henry Guyon	.. Born 23 Dec., 1844 Mr. Guyon was originally a planter, but settled down in Gampola. For many years he was lay reader at St. Andrew's Church. The upper part of the memorial cross is missing.

Cemetery, Gampola, Kandy District.

THE first two burials in the Gampola Cemetery were those of Europeans, and took place on April 1, 1901. Mrs. Elizabeth Louisa Capp, aged 44, widow of Mr. John Capp, Head Guard of the Ceylon Government Railway, and her son, George, aged 16, were killed by lightning on March 29, at Gangwarily bungalow, Dolosbage. She was standing in the front verandah, and the three sons were in the back yard watching the fowls being fed, her daughter was in the bedroom sewing near a table on which stood a sewing machine, the Tamil servant was in the front verandah attending to the bird cages, and the appu was in the kitchen. It was about 5 P.M. There had been a thunderstorm lasting from 2 to 4 o'clock, but the rain had ceased, and the setting sun was beginning to shine through the heavy thunder clouds. The thunder was still rumbling. Suddenly there was a vivid flash of lightning, accompanied by a terrific peal of thunder, and the bungalow seemed to be shaken to its foundations. There was complete silence for some seconds, and then the appu, who was in the kitchen half dazed, recovered himself, and went to look after his mistress. He found her lying dead, the three boys lying motionless on the ground, and the Tamil servant in a similar condition in the verandah. The girl in the bedroom had also come out, dazed for the time, and half blinded by the play of the lightning on the sewing machine. Two of the sons after a time recovered and sat up, and so did the Tamil servant. The others were not touched. The lightning struck a large rock and a papaw tree close to the bungalow. The rock was split, and pieces weighing 2 or 3 cwt. were thrown some distance. The bungalow had a galvanized iron roof, which had no doubt attracted the lightning. On the edge of the roof a bamboo sieve with three or four measures of coffee had been out to dry and forgotten. The coffee was burnt to charcoal, but the sieve was not touched. The lightning had passed through all the rooms of the bungalow, as well as the kitchen, cook's room, fowl house, and pigsty, and its passage could easily be marked by the splinters knocked off the woodwork and the boards displaced. Not a bird, dog, fowl, or pig was killed. The vegetable garden, a short distance from the rock that was struck, was completely destroyed. Everything in it withered and died. (Account by J. Gidlow, brother of Mrs. Capp, who arrived on the scene at 6 P.M. from Oonankande estate.) This part of the Dolosbage district is very liable to violent thunderstorms. Exactly six months later, on October 28 or 29, Henry Percy Marshall, the Superintendent of Dedugalla and St. Blane estates, Dolosbage, was killed by lightning while seated in the afternoon at his piano. This makes the fifth death in Ceylon of a European from lightning of which there is any record, the others being those of Major Rogers, Mrs. Hollinsworth at Ambepussa in 1867, and the Capps. The circumstances in the latter case were very similar to those in the case of Major Rogers. The storm was supposed to be over, and the fatal flash was an isolated one, which occurred some time after its apparent cessation. John Shipton, aged 52, a planter, son of Dr. John Shipton, was buried in the cemetery, July 2, 1902.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1293 ..	Jan. 28 1907	.. Francis William Wintle	.. FRANCIS WILLIAM WINTLE, of Ascot aged 38, mourned by his loving widow and two sons.

Holy Trinity Church, Pussellawa, Kandy District.

THE registers date from 1864, but the earliest appear to have been lost. Chaplains of Pussellawa and Gampola from that date were the Revs. Duncan C. Mackenzie, 1864-70; R. Abbay, 1871-74; C. Swinnerton, 1875-76; Forbes Auchmuty, 1876-77; M. Odell, 1883-85.

“In the early ‘Fifties’ the Pussellawa and Ramboda districts were not fully opened, but presented a magnificent show of vigorous coffee fields framed by the everlasting forest. A more delightful climate, or more romantic scenery, did not, at the time, exist in Ceylon; while the facilities for sport—that is hunting elk with dogs, the popular form of sport at the time—were unequalled, with the far-extending forests of the Pedro and False Pedro, and Great Western ranges, and the interminable Wilderness forest of the Peak, available on the other side. Pussellawa and Ramboda were very favourite residential districts.” (J. Ferguson.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1294 ..	Jan. 4 1865	Mary Sophia Sabonadiere..	MARY, the beloved wife of F.R. SABONADIÈRE, Esqr., who departed this life at Delta, Pussellawa aged 34 years. This tablet is erected by a few friends as a small tribute of affectionate regard and esteem. She was a daughter of Charles Edward Layard, C.C.S., born May 31, 1832, and second wife of F. R. Sabonadiere, whom she married on August 19, 1854. (See No. 1296.) “We halted at Pussilawa, and ere night reached ‘The Delta,’ a charming house with a lovely garden, which in that month of March was fragrant with the mingled perfume of roses and jasmines, gardenias, honeysuckle, heliotropes, salvias, mignonette, violets, lilies and pinks, myrtles, magnolias, oleanders, and loquat; and gay, moreover, with luxuriant convolvuli, fuchsias, and bignonias, brilliantly variegated caladium leaves, fantastic crotons, and beautiful climbing passion flowers and tacsonias, covered with large crimson stars. Add to these many vividly green parakeets and other birds of bright plumage, and gay butterflies, and you can realize something of the charm of that garden.” (“Two Happy Years,” vol. I., p. 181.) This refers to 1873.
1295 ..	Feb. 12 1885	Herbert Henderson Corfe ..	In memory of HERBERT HENDERSON CORFE, for many years resident in Ceylon and for some time of Helbodde in the District of Pusilawa. He was born in the Island of Guernsey, June 24, 1847, and died at Tunstall in the County of Kent, England His kindness and integrity made him dear to his friends and respected by all who knew him. A man greatly beloved.
1296 ..	July 18 1891	Francis Richard Sabonadiere	FRANCIS RICHARD SABONADIÈRE, who departed this life in Colombo aged 68. This tablet is erected by a few sincere friends. His first wife died at Jaffna, April 27, 1850 (see No. 826). The firm of Sabonadiere & Co. was at one time a leading firm at Colombo. (See No. 50.) “Frank Sabonadiere was head and shoulders above the others as regards both influence in the City and in the Coffee Industry; and it was currently reported that the firm was making £50,000 a year as agents and exporters. This may have been so for two or three years. Money was in a very fluid condition in these years in the Island, and a good deal of what would have been justifiable speculation, if Leaf Disease had not appeared, was prevalent. Frank Sabonadiere was recognised as a fine financier, far seeing and calculating, but perfectly straight, and able to deal with large interests and big sums of money as easily as a champion chess player with his pawns. He was reticent with strangers, might have been called a stiff man; but few could more surely get at the main points in a question as distinguished from the less important, or meet difficulties with a stronger determination to overcome them. His influence with planters was enormous, and his opinions were quoted by them as something not to be questioned. This was due to his straightforward character, his knowledge of the Coffee Industry, and his influence in the City as a financier. Apart from business, his interests were chiefly in French literature, the lighter side of it, and, I believe, he always chose a Messageries steamer for his journeys to and from Ceylon.” (Rev. R. Abbay.)

Holy Trinity Church, Pussellawa, Kandy District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1297 ..	July 11 1896	.. Henry Alexander Duncan Macleod	<p>In memory of HENRY ALEXANDER DUNCAN MACLEOD, for 19 years (1877-1896) Superintendent of Naya-pane Estate in this district, who died at Nayapane,</p> <p>This tablet is erected by his personal friends.</p> <p>A brass. There is also an inscription in the church-yard.</p>
1298 ..	July 20 1897	.. John Tyndall	<p>In memory of JOHN TYNDALL, of Glenloch, for many years resident in this district, who was held in affectionate regard by a wide circle of friends in all parts of Ceylon for his generous and kindly disposition and for the possession in an eminent degree of those qualities which form the good neighbour, the sincere friend, the true sportsman. Born 13th Feby., 1822</p> <p>John Tyndall was celebrated as a coffee planter, sportsman, and wag. Many are the stories of his practical jokes and witticisms.</p> <p>"When we dispersed some would go down to Glenloch to see Jack Tyndall and try his famous rifles on bottles and other targets. And here I may tell a story of Tyndall, which may or may not be true, for he was the greatest practical joker in the Island. A visitor had come up with introductions from Colombo, and Tyndall had put him up. He soon shewed himself to be somewhat of a bounder, self-asserting and supercilious. Before dinner they went out to try a rifle, and in looking round for something to fire at, the visitor suggested one of the doors of the bungalow. Tyndall professed to go in to see that there was no danger, and then let the visitor fire to his heart's content, himself taking no part in the shooting. When they went in to examine the door, the visitor found that his travelling boxes were piled up behind it; and he left early next day. Tyndall had been a great hunter both on the slopes of the Nilgiris and in the low-country of Ceylon; and once in company with Sir (then Mr.) Samuel Baker they had shot fifteen elephants in two days. This was before the days of the express rifle and expanding or explosive bullets, and when there was some real chance of a bullet not doing its work. He was very hospitable and hearty, and the most forceful man I met in Ceylon. Love of sport alone prevented him becoming one of the chiefs of the coffee enterprise in its best days." (Rev. R. Abbay.)</p> <p>John Tyndall, in the <i>Monthly Literary Register</i>, vol. III., p. 64, describes one of his own sporting adventures:—</p> <p>"I had some extraordinary escapes myself both from elephant and buffalo, but I was never nearer meeting a dreadful death than I was from a wild boar. This was at Nilgalla too. Fred. Kelson was with me at the time. It was only a day or two after I had been charged and caught by the rogue elephant which 'Banda' (since Ratemahatmaya of Bintenna) rescued me from, our coolies were nearly out of rice, and none obtainable, so I went out for two consecutive mornings to try and shoot a deer, but could not get a shot. I saw lots of wild pigs, but it is generally acknowledged that they are objectionable as food on a sporting trip, as coolies are apt to gorge themselves on the meat, and get ill, and are unable to carry their loads, and are knocked up for the remainder of the journey. On the second morning being unsuccessful to bag a deer, and as there was actual famine in the camp, there was no alternative left me but to slay a porker, and it was not very long before we sighted close at hand some pigs grubbing in some long grass. By an extraordinary interposition of Providence, instead of taking the single-barrelled rifle I usually preferred for small game, I took a heavy double No. 10 smooth-bore (why, I don't know), and getting close up in a short stalk, I selected a fine little fat swine for a pot shot. I was kneeling on both knees at the time, and fired. Hardly had I pulled the trigger when an enormous boar I had not seen, charged right into me, and I fired the second barrel in his face</p>

Holy Trinity Church, Pussellawa, Kandy District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1298 ..	July 20 1897	John Tyndall— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>at the point of the muzzle, and blew his snout away. Off he scampered, and I after him. The animal looked exactly like a man's head on a pig's body; the cooly could not hand me the rifle in time, so the poor brute escaped and a dreadful death he must have died. Had it not been for the double gun, I should have been ripped up in another second. I often think this was a wonderful deliverance."</p> <p>Fred. Kelson was Dr. Kelson, a son (?) of Captain Kelson, who was Commandant of Kotmale in the thirties and forties.</p>

Churchyard of Holy Trinity, Pussellawa, Kandy District.

1299 ..	Nov. 16 1859	Helen Susan Cornelia Schrader	<p>HELEN SUSAN CORNELIA, the beloved wife of Rev. G. J. SCHRADER, aged 23 years.</p> <p>She was a Miss Arndt, and married her cousin, Archdeacon Schrader, April 19, 1855, at Jaffna. He was Chaplain at Pussellawa. (See No. 698.)</p>
1300 ..	Sept. 8 1861	Henry Western Simpson ..	<p>HENRY WESTERN SIMPSON, only surviving son of DAVID and LYDIA SIMPSON, of Bayham Terrace, Camden Town, N.W., who was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun in this district aged 23 years.</p> <p>He was getting his gun to shoot a jackal, when the trigger went off. He had been only eight days on the estate.</p>
1301 ..	March 25 1862	Anne Richmond ..	<p>ANNE, wife of SYLVESTER TRANT RICHMOND, Esq., of Colombo. She departed this life at the age of 32.</p> <p>She was the widow of E. L. Spyer, and married S. T. Richmond at Colombo on January 18, 1855.</p>
1302 ..	April 29 1862	Anne Jane Richmond ..	<p>ANNE JANE RICHMOND, fourth daughter of SYLVESTER RICHMOND, Esqr., late of the 49th Regiment. She departed this life at the age of 27.</p> <p>His third daughter, Ellen Sarah, married at Colombo, September 8, 1859, Rev. Richard Phillips, acting Colonial Chaplain, Galle.</p>
1303 ..	June 1 1863	John Enoch Armitage ..	JOHN ENOCH ARMITAGE, who died at Delta.
1304 ..	Sept. 14 1866	Alice Emma Daniell ..	<p>Id memory of ALICE EMMA, who died at Hellebodde aged 4 years.</p>
	Sept. 14 1866	Georgiana Margaret Daniell	GEORGIANA MARGARET, who died at Hellebodde, aged 1 year and 9 months.
	Sept. 15 1866	Lindsay Murray Daniell	<p>LINDSAY MURRAY, who died at Delta aged 2 years and 8 months.</p> <p>The loving and beloved children of LINDSAY HARRISON DANIELL and ALICE CAROLINE, his wife.</p> <p>Lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in their deaths they were not divided. 2 Sam. 1-23 or 28.</p> <p>"The family was residing at Mr. Sheriff's, Helbobde, and it was at first supposed that the seeds of a plant called 'Viper's grass' might have got into a rhubarb tart, of which the children partook. But later accounts point to true Asiatic cholera as the cause. Two of the children died at Mr. Sheriff's house, the third at Mr. Sabonadiere's, to which the family had removed." (<i>Colombo Observer</i>, September 17, 1866.)</p> <p>The eldest of the three children died at 9.30 A.M.; the youngest at noon on the 14th; the boy at 9 A.M. on the 15th.</p> <p>Mrs. Daniell was eldest daughter of Captain William Fisher (see No. 1387), and married L. H. Daniell at Kandy, on December 4, 1860.</p> <p>Lindsay Harrison Daniell, of Harrow and Merton College, Oxford, born 1834, son of Captain Edward Maxwell Daniell of Chelsea, was in Kotmale, and under</p>

Churchyard of Holy Trinity, Pussellawa, Kandy District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1304 ..	Sept. 14 1866, &c.	Alice Emma Daniell, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	M. H. Thomas, Kandy. He left Ceylon, and took orders. He died on December 13, 1872. His fifth daughter, Alice Helen, married, December 12, 1898, Charles Fry, of Sunny Bank, York. Mrs. Daniell married (2) Commander Frederick Anthony Sargeant, R.N., on February 4, 1875.
1305 ..	Jan. 17 1872	William Green	.. WILLIAM GREEN, late of Guernsey, who died at East Delta aged 39 years. This stone was erected by his fellow Superintendents He was on Delmar, Fort Macdonald, in 1868.
1306 ..	May 30 1874	Mary Ann Grant	.. MARY ANN GRANT, the beloved wife of WM. GRANT of Rotherhithe, London, who departed this life at Le Vallon, Pussellawa aged 35 years.
1307 ..	March 7 1876	Alice Maud Massy Swinnerton	ALICE MAUD MASSY, daughter of Rev. CHARLES SWINNERTON, Chaplain of this place, and MAUD, his wife, whom God called home "Fear no more the heat o' the sun." The Rev. C. Swynnerton (as the name is now spelt) was Chaplain, 1875-77. He married, September 2, 1875, Maud Massy, a sister of Lieutenant-General William Godfrey Dunham Massy, C.B., who commanded the troops in Ceylon, 1888-93, known as "Redan Massy." Mrs. Swynnerton died, November 8, 1882. Mr. Swynnerton was afterwards a chaplain in the Punjab, and author of books on folklore and historical subjects: "Raja Rasalu," "The Afghan War," &c. It is inferred from the quotation that the child died of sunstroke.
1308 ..	Nov. 1 1877	Olivia Tyndall	.. OLIVIA, the beloved daughter of JOHN TYNDALL, Esqr., of Glenloch in this Parish aged twenty-one years. This memorial is erected by her numerous sincere friends as a mark of regard for one who had endeared herself in life to all who knew her. Her eldest sister, Emily Stuart, married (1) James C. Reibey, and (2), on June 20, 1872, the Rev. Herbert George Nind. She was drowned in the Thames, near Cleeve, on October 16, 1902, through the capsizing of a sailing boat.
1309 ..	May 28 1882	E. C. Sweeting	.. E. C. SWEETING, youngest son of the late J. H. SWEETING, of Kilve Court, Somersetshire, who died at Rothschild He married a Miss Hammond, daughter of Captain John Hammond, R.N. Her sister, Emily, married, on April 10, 1882, James Whitaker Gibson, C.C.S.
1310 ..	Aug. 1 1885	Horatio Wilton	.. HORATIO WILTON, who died at Nayapane, Pussellawa, aged 38 years.
1311 ..	March 24 1888	Annie Mackintosh Smith	.. ANNIE MACKINTOSH, the beloved wife of WILLIAM SMITH, who died at New Peacock Estate, Pussellawa aged 30 years.
1312 ..	Sept. 9 1893.	Emily Lucy Gosset	.. EMILY LUCY, wife of J. W. GOSSET, who died at Hellbodde.
1313 ..	May 22 1895	George Henry Thomas White	GEORGE HENRY THOMAS WHITE, only son of Admiral G. H. P. WHITE, of Newton Abbot, Devon..... aged 39. He died at Stellenberg estate, where he was Superintendent. There is a brass in St. Paul's, Kandy, erected by his friends in Ceylon.
1314 ..	Feb. 29 1896	Henry Ludovic Drummond	In memory of HENRY LUDOVIC DRUMMOND, fourth son of EDGAR ATHELING and Hon'ble Mrs. DRUMMOND of Cadland, Hants, born 16th October, 1874, died at Kanapediwatte This stone is erected by his brothers and sisters.

Churchyard of Holy Trinity, Pussellawa, Kandy District—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1315 ..	Feb. 19 1897	.. Edward J. M. Sheppard ..	EDWARD J. M. SHEPPARD, son of the late PHILIP SHEPPARD, Bath. Born Jan. 11, 1874
1316 ..	May 4 1897	.. Walter Lawrence Ingles ..	WALTER LAWRENCE INGLES, Major, late 32nd and 2nd 16th Reg., who died at Melfort, Pussellawa, aged 81 years. Major Ingles was A.D.C. to the General Commanding the Forces in Ceylon in 1859. He came out again in 1897 to stay with his son, H. L. S. Ingles of Melfort estate, and died four days after his arrival. He has other sons in Ceylon, Walter Culpepper Stanser Ingles of the Survey Department and Robert Stanser Ingles. A daughter, now wife of Mr. R. A. Powell, Public Works Department, was with him at the time of his death.

Churchyard of Christ Church, Warleigh, Dikoya, Kandy District.

1317 ..	July 9 1880	.. Daniel Stanley Bailey ..	DANIEL STANLEY, son of the late DANIEL BAILEY, of Moorock, King's County, Ireland aged 26 years.
1318 ..	Feb. 17 1884	.. Cecil Howard Stuart ..	Here sleeps in the hope of a joyful resurrection CECIL HOWARD STUART, who died in the 18th year of his age.
1319 ..	April 4 1884	.. Thomas Jefferson Brabazon	Erected by his sorrowing wife in loving memory of THOMAS JEFFERSON BRABAZON, born April 12th, 1844 In 1870-71 he was a coffee planter on Rahanwatta estate, Dimbula. He was a brother-in-law of Daniel Bailey (see No. 1342), having married his sister, and came from Ballycumber, King's County, where his father was rector. A. L. H. says of him: "Of those who are gone Tom Brabazon was perhaps the most interesting. He was the finest wrestler for his size I have ever seen. He stood only 5 feet 6 inches and weighed 10 stones, and he could take hold of the biggest of men with one hand and put them on their backs in a few seconds." (<i>Times of Ceylon</i> Christmas Number, 1908.) His widow married William Baillie Seton of Ekolsund, Ceylon.
1320 ..	Nov. 10 1884	.. James Arnold Wycliffe Madden	JAMES ARNOLD WYCLIFFE MADDEN, M.A., St. John's College, Oxford, youngest son of the late Sir FREDERIC MADDEN, K.H., F.R.S., born 20th September, 1850 This stone is erected by his affectionate brother and sister.
1321 ..	Nov. 29 1887	.. Catherine Murray ..	CATHERINE, widow of ALEXANDER MURRAY Alexander Murray died as District Judge of Jaffna. (See No. 831.)
1322 ..	May 25 1888	.. Felix James Taylor Brown	FELIX JAMES TAYLOR BROWN, of Abercairney, Ceylon, late 1st Highland Light Infantry, son of the late Brigadier JAMES BROWN aged 43 years.
1323 ..	June 2 1888 May 1884 • April 3 1897	.. William Brown .. Edward Gray Brown .. James Brown	WILLIAM BROWN, son of JAMES BROWN, of Netherton, Sutherlandshire, Scotland, and brother of JAMES BROWN of Hatton, who was drowned while crossing a stream in Maskeliya aged 29 years. Beloved by all who knew him. Also EDWARD GRAY, beloved child of JAMES and ANNIE BROWN, who died at Norwood, Dikoya, aged 18 months. JAMES BROWN, who died at Hatton aged 43 years.
1324 ..	Feb. 7 1890	.. George Kydd ..	GEORGE KYDD, of Panmure Estate, Ceylon. He was on Queensberry, Kotmale, in 1868.
1325 ..	April 22 1890	.. Daniel Collyer Wood ..	DANIEL COLLYER WOOD, Obiit aged 39 years. He died of cholera. He began his career as a planter on Wewelhena, Badulla District, under C. F. C. Maingay. (See No. 711.)

Churchyard of Christ Church, Warleigh, Dikoya, Kandy District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1326 ..	Feb. 14 1892	Raymond Edward Waller ..	RAYMOND EDWARD WALLER, youngest son of the late Rev. ROBERT WALLER, Rector of Bourton on the Water, Gloucestershire, born June 28th, 1846, accidentally killed at Darrawela Also a brass in St. Paul's, Kandy, "erected by his many friends." He was on Udawela estate, near Kandy, and was a famous gentleman rider. He was killed just after winning a race.
1327 ..	July 23 1893	John Brown ..	JOHN BROWN, of Glencairn, Dickoya aged 43 years. Erected by a few friends.
1328 ..	Oct. 17 1894	Emma M. Armitage ..	EMMA M. ARMITAGE, wife of HENRY T. ARMITAGE, died at Dunbar Mrs. Armitage was a daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Torrens Walker of the Ceylon Rifles and 3rd Buffs, who, in 1868, became Commanding Officer of the 2nd Battalion of the 25th Regiment, then in Ceylon. He was a brother of Charles Patton Walker, C.C.S., who was appointed District Judge and Assistant Agent of Anuradhapura in February, 1835. Lieutenant-Colonel Walker was baptized, September 13, 1818, and died on November 4, 1881. His father, Lieutenant-General George Warren Walker, was, in 1818, in command of the troops sent to Ceylon to assist in the suppression of the Uva rebellion. He became celebrated as a Ceylon botanist, and his wife, who was Anna Maria, daughter of General Parlton, Governor of St. Helena, painted many pictures of Ceylon scenery, and assisted her husband in his botanizing. Lieutenant-Colonel George Walker belonged to the 21st North British Fusiliers, and married Miss Parlton at Captangunga in 1809. He died at St. Thomas's Mount on December 4, 1841, and Mrs. Walker at Mangalore, September 8, 1842, aged 74. (See Cotton, p. 178.) "Colonel and Mrs. Walker famous in the annals of Ceylon botany." ("Ceylon in 1837-46.") Henry Turnour Armitage is a son of John Armitage, who founded the Colombo firm of Armitage, Scott & Co. John Armitage came out to Ceylon in 1837 or 1838. He had been in Brazil from 1808 to 1831, and wrote a continuation of Southey's "History of Brazil," and a poem "O Fluminense." He was a member of the Legislative Council, 1847-54. The Armitages are descended from Godfrey Armitage, a friend of Oliver Heywood, one of the ejected ministers of 1662. H. T. Armitage, born in 1841, married Miss Walker at Colombo, July 23, 1864. After twenty years' absence in England he returned to Ceylon in the nineties as a tea planter. A daughter married Walsh Wrightson, C.M.G., late of the Ceylon Public Works Department and Director of Public Works in Trinidad. The eldest daughter, Julia Mabel, married, on November 9, 1898, George Henry Fitzjames Lushington, a cousin once removed of William John Lushington, C.C.S.
1329 ..	July 1896	J. D. Macdonald ..	This stone is erected in affectionate memory of J. D. MACDONALD, M.D., Assistant to the Principal Civil Medical Officer, by his brother officers of the Civil Medical Dept. and friends. He died at Hatton aged 56 years. Regretted by all who knew him. Also buried on the 27th May, 1904, the cremated ashes of JANE C. MACDONALD, his wife, who died in Scotland
	April 20 1904	Jane C. Maedonald ..	
1330 ..	Oct. 15 1897	Arthur William Harris ..	The Hon. ARTHUR WILLIAM HARRIS, born 20th Jan., 1876 He was third son of the fourth Earl of Malmesbury and brother of the present Earl. He was a planter.
1331 ..	Nov. 20 1899	Charles Menzies McCausland ..	CHARLES MENZIES MCCAUSLAND, for many years Supdt. of Templestowe, Ambegomuwa, born 21st Feby., 1855 For Templestowe estate see No. 1177

Churchyard of Christ Church, Warleigh, Dikoya, Kandy District—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1332 ..	Feb. 9 1900	T. C. Anderson	T. C. ANDERSON, of Gartmore, Maskeliya, who died at Glen Morgan, Ootacamund, 9th Febr., 1900, aged 54. Borne the burden and heat of the day. (Stone on grave of infant son, Harry Glegg, died April 21, 1888.) He was on Kitulkele, Haputale, in 1868.
1333 ..	Aug. 17 1904	William Reeve Tatham	WILLIAM REEVE TATHAM, of South Wanarajah, Dikoya, 2nd son of the late RALPH TATHAM, P.W.D., Ceylon. Born 25th March, 1861 aged 43 years. Ralph Tatham came out to Messrs. Armitage Brothers, and later joined the Public Works Department. W. R. Tatham married a daughter of the late Surgeon-Major Lancelot Andrewes White, Ceylon Rifles.

All Saints' Church, Maskeliya, Kandy District.

1334 ..	Jan. 28 1897	Charles Shelton Agar	CHARLES SHELTON AGAR, who died at Sydney..... This tablet is erected by his sorrowing wife and children. A brass. A brother of Walter and of S. Shelton Agar (see Nos. 616 and 1231). He was on Kandekettia, Madulkele, in 1862, and on Batgoda, Haldummulla.
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Churchyard of All Saints' Church, Maskeliya, Kandy District.

1335 ..	Jan. 21 1877	James B. Cruickshank	JAMES B. CRUICKSHANK, son of Revd. J. Cruickshank of Stevenston, Scotland aged 31 years.
1336 ..	Feb. 29 1884	Thomas Nattle Gregg	The Revd. THOMAS NATTLE GREGG, B.A., Cantab., late Rector of Lambley, Notts. Died at Theberton, Maskeliya, on the eve of his departure for home aged 73.
1337 ..	May 10 1890	Malcolm H. Clerk	MALCOLM H. CLERK, born 14th May, 1853.....3rd son of JOHN CLERK, Esqr., Q.C.
1338 ..	June 18 1895	Hugh Montel Toller	HUGH MONTEL TOLLER, late Captain, Devonshire Regiment, who died Having found what earth can never give, Death's Treasure-Rest.
1339 ..	Aug. 30 1895	Henry Thomas Martin	HENRY THOMAS MARTIN, of Luccombe in the 37th year of his age.
1340 ..	Oct. 15 1898	Edward Mortimer	EDWARD MORTIMER, who was born at Picton, Nova Scotia, 21st May, 1823. Died at Cleveland; Maskeliya..... This stone was erected by a few of his relatives and friends in Ceylon. In 1864 he was on Rajawela No. 2, Dumbara, "when bearing 15 cwt. of coffee an acre all round," (John Ferguson). He was on Balakaduwa, Matale, for many years, and left for Maskeliya at the time that "the forests of the wilderness of the Peak were being opened up for coffee, now all tea."
1341 ..	Oct. 18 1900	Alexander Edwards Wright	ALEXANDER EDWARDS WRIGHT, seventh son of the late WILLIAM WRIGHT, Advocate General of the Province of New Brunswick. Born March 26th, 1847, passed away October 18th, 1900.
1342 ..	Dec. 17 1900	Mary Augusta Wells	MARY AUGUSTA WELLS, widow of the late Lt.-Col. WILLIAM HENRY WELLS, Royal Marine Light Infantry, who died at Luccombe aged 54.

Churchyard of All Saints' Church, Maskeliya, Kandy District—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1343 ..	May 22 1901	Claude Cotes Bell	.. CLAUDE COTES BELL, a member of the first Ceylon South African Contingent during the whole term of their service. He died on May 22, 1901, soon after his return, of fever contracted while serving his country. This tablet is erected by his Ceylon friends and comrades in arms. A brass inside the church. His tombstone in the churchyard records that his age was 32.
1344 ..	Aug. 16 1901	Agnes Mary Bent	.. AGNES MARY, wife of EUSTACE H. BENT aged 32.
1345 ..	Nov. 28 1901	Albert Alexander Pillans	.. ALBERT ALEXANDER PILLANS. Born February 25th, 1869 Also a brass in the church "erected by his Ceylon friends." He was on Brunswick, Maskeliya.
1346 ..	June 15 1902	Thomas James Gregg	.. THOMAS JAMES GREGG, eldest son of the late Revd. T. N. GREGG, B.A. Camb., late Rector of Lambley, Notts, born September 1st, 1835
1347 ..	Aug. 25 1904	Louisa Greig	.. LOUISA, beloved wife of GEORGE GREIG of Laxapana estate aged 61 years. In 1868 George Greig was on Rajawella, Dumbara.

St. Mary's Church, Bogawantalawa, Kandy District.

1348 ..	April 9 1877	Charles Henry Richard Vanderspar	CHARLES HENRY RICHARD VANDERSPAR, born 13 Sept., 1852 This window is erected as a tribute of esteem and affection by his many sorrowing relatives and friends. A son of Major Vanderspar (No. 565).
1349 ..	May 2 1877	Adolphus Meyer	.. ADOLPHUS MEYER, of Tientsin Estate, who died at Colombo Erected by a few Ceylon friends. (A window.)
1350 ..	Aug. 5 1898	Adrian Herbert Pargiter	.. ADRIAN HERBERT PARGITER, late of Bogawantalawa, who died in Colombo This tablet is erected by a few friends as a memorial of their regard and esteem. (A brass.) A son of the Rev. R. Pargiter, born in 1856, and brother of the late R. H. Pargiter, C.C.S. (See No. 828.)

Churchyard of St. Mary's, Bogawantalawa, Kandy District.

1351 ..	Dec. 19 1879	William Burges Norcott	.. WILLIAM BURGESS, third son of Gen. Sir WILLIAM NORCOTT, K.C.B., and MARIANNE, his wife, who died suddenly on the Lynford Estate, aged 26 years. This tablet is erected by his sorrowing parents. There is a brass also in the church, in which the name of Lady Norcott is given as "Frances," which supplies the date of death omitted on the tombstone.
1352 ..	Jan. 11 1880	Ada Louisa Cooke	.. ADA LOUISA, wife of E. ANNESLY COOKE, who died at Lynstead, Bogawantalawa, aged 28 years. She was youngest daughter of John Jones, of Houston, Demerara, and married E. A. Cooke on February 7, 1878. He was on Berar in 1881, and afterwards with Mr. T. L. Villiers on Tillyrie. He married (2) Miss Hussey, a sister of Mrs. T. G. Hayes. His son is Mr. W. H. Cooke, of Mayfield, Hatton. E. A. Cooke died in England at the end of June, 1910.

Churchyard of St. Mary's, Bogawantalawa, Kandy District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1353 ..	May 8 1881	.. Charles Hay Cameron ..	CHARLES CAMERON, born 1795, died 1880.
	Jan. 26 1879	.. Julia Margaret Cameron ..	JULIA MARGARET CAMERON, born 1815, died 1879. Married 1838.

(The date 1880 appears to be a mistake.)

C. H. Cameron, who was a son of Charles Cameron, Governor of the Bahamas, by his wife Lady Mary (Hay), daughter of the fourteenth Earl of Erroll, was born February 11, 1795.

C. H. Cameron's connection with Ceylon dates from 1830, when he and Colonel, afterwards Sir, William Colebrooke were appointed Commissioners to report on the judicial establishments and procedure of Ceylon. They landed at Colombo (or at least Mr. Cameron did) from the *Sesostris* on March 26, 1830, and left for England by the ship *Atherton* on February 21, 1831. Their report was published on January 31, 1832. On the recommendations contained in it the present system of courts in Ceylon was established, as also the Legislative Council.

He was an accomplished classical scholar and a disciple of Jeremy Bentham, in fact, his last disciple. ("Dictionary of Natural Biography.") He was called to the Bar in 1820 at Lincoln's Inn.

"We learn from the *Bengal Herald* of the 14th ult. that Mr. Cameron succeeds Mr. Macaulay as 4th member of the Supreme Council of Bengal. The departure of Mr. Macaulay does not seem to cause any regret among the good people of the City of Palaces." (*Ceylon Chronicle*, February 5, 1838.) The unpopular member of Council referred to was, of course, Lord Macaulay, as he subsequently became. Mr. Cameron assisted him in the preparation of the Penal Code for India.

Mr. Cameron's next connection with Ceylon was as a coffee planter. He had purchased land in Ceylon for this purpose. "Cameron's Land" in Dimbula, near the Kotagala Railway Station, and Rahatungoda in Hewaheta formed portions of it. He retired from India in 1848, and he and Mrs. Cameron resided for years after his retirement at Freshwater in the Isle of Wight, next to Tennyson, where Mrs. Cameron took photographs of the poet and others that were used to illustrate an edition of his works, also of Browning and Sir John Barrington Simeon. They migrated to Ceylon in their old age in 1875. They paid a visit to England in 1878. Mrs. Cameron died at Glencairn, Dikoya, and her husband at Nuwara Eliya.

Mrs. Cameron was "one of the beautiful Misses Pattles who took the City of Palaces by storm 60 or 70 years ago." The eldest, Virginia, married General Colin Mackenzie; the second, Henry Thoby Prinsep; the third was Mrs. Cameron; the fourth married Dr. John Jackson, Professor of Medicine at Calcutta; the fifth, Henry Vincent Bayley, a Puisne Judge of the Calcutta High Court; the sixth, Earl Somers; and the seventh, John Warrender Dalrymple, B.C.S. They were daughters of "old Blazer Pattle," the Nestor of the East India Company's Covenanted Service.

The Camerons' eldest son, Ewen, lived and died on Rahatungoda estate. The third son, Hardinge Hay, was in the Ceylon Civil Service, 1870-1904, retiring as Treasurer of the Colony, and died September 16, 1911.

1354 ..	April 10 1882	.. Cecil North ..	Hon. CECIL NORTH aged 28 years.
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He was born April 25, 1855, third son of Dudley, Lord North, eldest son of the sixth Earl of Guilford. Lord North married Charlotte Maria, daughter of the Rev. the Hon. William Eden, Rector of Bishopsbourne, Kent, who died in 1860.

1355 ..	June 13 1885	.. Elizabeth Elinor Bessie Farr	ELIZABETH ELINOR BESSIE, the beloved wife of THOMAS FARR, of North Cove, Bogawantalawa, aged 35 years. Erected by her many friends.
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Thomas Farr is well known as a planter and sportsman. He is a brother of Mrs. F. Penny, the novelist and author of books about the Madras Presidency.

Churchyard of St. Mary's, Bogawantalawa, Kandy District—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1356 ..	Sept. 24 1885	.. Evelyn Gertrude Fetherston- haugh	EVELYN GERTRUDE, the beloved wife of ALBANY FETHERSTONHAUGH, Bridwell. Albany Fetherstonhaugh was on Hayes estate, Morowaka, in 1868, and on Kirkoswald, Bogawantalawa, about 1880, and going on leave in 1881 did not return until 1882 or 1883, when he took charge of Bridwell, Bogawantalawa, where he remained until 1891. He died in September, 1909. He and his brother Charles owned Bridwell and Kirkoswald, now absorbed by the Bogawantalawa District Tea Company, Limited. They came out in 1863.
1357 ..	Nov. 10 1892	.. John Sangster Thomson ..	JOHN SANGSTER THOMSON died at Bogawana. aged 44. Erected by a few friends.
1358 ..	Nov. 29 1894	.. Henry Sidney Cowper Mee ..	HENRY SIDNEY COWPER MEE, third son of JOHN COWPER MEE, of East Retford, Notts. aged 28. A brother of the late Colin Cowper Mee of Neuchatel estate, Kalutara, and of Charles John Cowper Mee, late Superintendent of the Government Experiment Station at Gannoruwa, Peradeniya.
1359 ..	Dec. 26 1898	.. Lillie Henry Richard Kelly	LILLIE HENRY RICHARD KELLY, youngest son of the late Surgeon Major KELLY, born Oct. 15th, 1842. He married Louisa Maria, second daughter of Major Vanderspaar, C.R.R. (see No. 565), July 23, 1868, at Kandy. He was so prosperous as a coffee planter that he left Ceylon in the seventies, intending to spend the remainder of his days in England, but the failure of coffee through leaf disease in the early eighties brought him back to the Island, where he was a successful tea planter on Castlereagh estate, Dikoya, and Killarney estate, Bogawantalawa. He became Chairman of the Planters' Association and representative of the planters in the Legislative Council. He was known among his friends as "The Duke"; his Christian name he owed to his godfather Captain Lillie. His younger sister, Henrietta Marion, married W. W. Hume, C.C.S., who died at Farnham, May 6, 1897, and the other, James Wheeler Woodford Birch, C.C.S., afterwards Colonial Secretary of the Straits Settlements. His eldest son entered the Malay States Civil Service, the second was killed at Nooitgedacht. (See Nos. 146 and 1392.)
1360 ..	June 9 1903	.. Hugh Borrer Roberts ..	HUGH BORRER ROBERTS, son of the Revd. JOHN LINSFIELD ROBERTS, M.A., of Hurstpierpoint and Shoreham, Sussex. Born March 25th, 1858. Erected by his wife and two little ones. He married Evelina, eldest daughter of Lillie Kelly.
1361 ..	Aug. 4 1903	.. Caroline Elizabeth Waring	CAROLINE ELIZABETH, second daughter of the late E. S. WARING, C.C.S. (See No. 1149.) She lived with her niece, Mrs. Kelly, on Castlereagh and Killarney estates.

Christ Church, Matale.

CHRIST CHURCH, Matale, consecrated December 29, 1860, stands on a hill above the town, which was the site of Fort Macdowal, abandoned in 1836. The foundations of the fort are still to be seen. Ensign J. Dupont Moses, the first European whose death at Matale in 1803 is recorded, no doubt is buried somewhere close by—where, no one knows.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1362 ..	May 5 1887	.. Arthur George Robson ..	In memoriam. This tablet was erected in loving remembrance of ARTHUR GEORGE ROBSON of Matale, Ceylon, who died deeply regretted May 5th, 1887, at Adelaide, Australia, aged 28.
1363 ..	June 26 1890	.. James Fenton Wingate ..	In memory of our brother JAMES FENTON WINGATE, formerly of Nicholaoya, Oodolamana and Hattanelle, who died at sea off Aden 26th June, 1890, while on the passage home after a residence of 35 years in Ceylon. A brother of the Sirdar, Lord Wingate. As far back as 1862 he was on "Oedelmana," Rattota; also in 1868.

Churchyard, Matale.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1364 ..	Jan. 17 1869	Henry Alexander Graham ..	HENRY ALEXANDER GRAHAM, of Vicarton Estate, a native of Edinburgh, who died at Matale aged 26 years.
1365 ..	Jan. 4 1875	Willie Allen ..	WILLIE, son of J. N. ALLEN, 37, Strand, London, who was accidentally drowned crossing the Ratotta ferry, and was buried here, aged 26. Fondly loved and deeply lamented. “ We met the Superintendent of Maousa but once after that; he was soon after swept off his horse and drowned while crossing the Ratota ferry.” (“ Notes by the Way,” by Edmund Woodhouse, p. 57.) In 1868 he was on Dotel-oya, Aranayaka.
1366 ..	Dec. 15 1876	Alexander Macdonald ..	ALEXANDER MACDONALD, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, who died at the Border Estate, Ceylon aged 20 years.
1367 ..	Oct. 3 1877	Edmund William Bray ..	The Rev. EDMUND WILLIAM BRAY, Chaplain of this place aged 28.
1368 ..	Aug. 1 1882	William Henderson ..	WILLIAM HENDERSON, Burshill, Aberdeenshire, late of the Hunasgeriya and Hylton Estates, arrived in Ceylon in the year 1848, and died at Matale. His age was 56.
1369 ..	Feb. 26 1887	Annie Steuart Morphew ..	ANNIE STEUART MORPHEW, who died at Matale, aged 57 years. She was a daughter of John Morphew, late Resident of Travancore, and sister of John Morphew, C.C.S., of James Boyd Morphew, and of Mrs. Sarah O’Grady. She died at the Residency, then occupied by Mr. H. L. Moysey, C.C.S., Assistant Government Agent, son-in-law of Mrs. O’Grady. Her mother, Mrs. Morphew, died at Batticaloa in 1896, aged 99. Mrs. Morphew was a sister of Mrs. James Steuart (see No. 27), Master Attendant, Colombo.
1370 ..	May 25 1890	George Grant ..	GEORGE GRANT, of Elgin, Scotland, died at Vicarton Estate aged 47. In 1868 he was on Bogahawatta, Dimbula.
1371 ..	May 16 1892	Archibald Glen Kidston Borron	ARCHIBALD GLEN KIDSTON BORRON, of Crystal Hill, Matale, fourth son of WILLIAM GEDDES BORRON, J.P., of Seafield Tower, Ardrossan, Scotland aged 47 years.

Erected by his sorrowing relatives.

There is also an inscription at the “Borron Memorial Hall,” Matale: “This hall was erected in the year 1895 by the Local Board of Matale, with the help of friends of the late Mr. A. G. K. Borron, of Crystal Hill, who died on the 16th May, 1892, to commemorate the universal respect with which he was regarded.”

“Borron and Bisset managed the Crystal Hill and Suduganga properties in those days,* where some fine fields of coffee existed and many experiments with new products were carried on cacao, vanilla, &c., &c. The coffee was subject to occasional drought, the same as all lower Matale places; and, although they had the finest soil in the country, never yielded very large crops. Bisset married Miss Borron, and both brothers went to Natal to their father’s (General Bisset’s) estate, and, I think, were the pioneers of the tea industry there.” (*Observer* Christmas Number, 1908.)

Mr. Borron took a prominent part in the discussion of matters interesting to the planting community, and was an impetuous controversialist. On one occasion he wrote to the papers regretting that his holding the office of Justice of the Peace connected him in a manner with “such a Government,” and in spite of his explanation that there was nothing necessarily derogatory to the character of the Government in the use of this expression, was in consequence removed from that office.

* 1875 to 1886.

Churchyard, Matale—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1372 ..	May 22 1893	Josephine Mary Price ..	JOSEPHINE MARY, the beloved wife of WALTER C. PRICE. Born Oct. 13, 1862
			Mr. Price is in the Public Works Department.
1373	Dec. 15 1893	Frank Covey ..	FRANK, youngest son of CHARLES EDWARD and HARRIET COVEY of Alredford, Hants, Eng., aged 18 years.
			He was on Dambulugala estate.
1374 ..	May 4 1901	Oliver Bartholomeusz .. Ellen Bartholomeusz	OLIVER BARTHOLOMEUSZ and his wife, ELLEN, drowned in the Tissawewa Tank, Anuradhapura, May 4th, 1901.
			They were lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in their deaths they were not divided.
			He wrote a pamphlet on the "Island of Minicoy," where he was stationed for a time as Medical Officer, during the building of the lighthouse, 1882-84. (See No. 438.)

Wariyapola, Matale District.

A STONE was erected here in 1909 by Mr. THOMAS MACLACHLAN, acting Superintendent of Wariyapola Estate, to mark the spot where the Matale rebels were dispersed in 1848.

WARIYAPOLA
REBELS DISPERSED HERE
BY TROOPS UNDER
CAPTAIN LILLIE, C.R.R.,
29 July, 1848.

On the night of July 28 of that year the troops, consisting of one company of the 15th Regiment and one of the Ceylon Rifles, marched from Kandy and encountered the rebels at Wariyapola. After some scores of the unfortunate people had been killed by the Malays, at a spot not far from the cart road, the braver portion of the remainder, along with their king, defended themselves in the coffee store. To quote from Captain Henderson's book on "The History of the Rebellion in Ceylon" :—

"Arrived in front of a store-house, which had an upper room approached by a flight of outside steps, we found the rebels in possession of the building and the jungle around Here firing immediately commenced on both sides There was no mistake about the rebels firing on us here. Their bullets hit the trees over our heads, passing too close to us to be pleasant The Kandyans made no sort of stand deserving the name I rushed up the flight of steps and, simultaneously with several of the Malay soldiers, burst in the door and entered the room Shots were fired and bayonets thrust into a palanquin which stood in the centre of the room, and on going to the spot I found a man who had hid himself in it and was killed.

"The Malays, I believe, thought it was the pretender they had killed, but they had only got his palanquin, which they immediately broke into 100 pieces. We found and released a European (a discharged soldier, and then an estate overseer), who had been captured by the rioters and rather roughly treated" (p. 25).

The Pretender escaped from Wariyapola store-house and was subsequently captured at Elkaduwa, some miles away. He was sentenced to death in Kandy, but this was commuted to transportation for life and 100 lashes.

Old Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya.

"THERE is one spot at Nuwara Eliya which to me has a very pathetic interest, namely, the neglected old burial ground, where sleep so many of the early pioneers. Bracken and other ferns, tall spikes of lobelia, and trails of bramble veil many a nameless grave and long-neglected monument, overshadowed by kindly trees. It is a sweet sunny spot, with the grand blue of Kiklomani as a background, and to the right the dark wooded range at the base of Pidurutalagalla. The monuments are in the solid brick and mortar and stone style, which certainly lacks beauty till the softening touch of time has clouded them with mosses and lichens." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. 1., p. 218.)

The burial ground has now been thickly planted with trees of the *cupressus* family, and has ceased to be "sunny," neither is it entirely neglected. The date of the earliest inscription is 1838. Nearly all the memorials are of the thirties and forties, and these all consist of flat table tombs, while the two of the fifties are headstones. This illustrates a change of taste. There are three monuments—all table tombs without inscription. One of these is probably the tomb of Staff Assistant Surgeon H. J. Hunt, who died on May 16, 1834, at Nuwara Eliya, and another that of Murdoch Robertson, who died there on June 15, 1837, aged 25. Nuwara Eliya was made a military convalescent station in January, 1828. It was the headquarters of the Kotmale military district.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1375 ..	May 19 1838	William Rough ..	In Memory of Sir WILLIAM ROUGH, Kt., Sergeant-at Law. Late Chief Justice of the Island, who died at Newera Eliya, 19th May, 1838. Aged 64 years. This Monument was erected by his sorrowing children.

Old Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1375 ..	May 19 1838	William Rough— <i>contd.</i> ..	(See No. 21.) Sir William Rough had a house at Nuwara Eliya, which since 1833 had become a chief station. In addition to the Chief Justice, "the Senior Puisne Justice (W. O. Carr), the Hon. F. J. Templer, George Ackland, Esq., Lieut.-Genl. Sir R. Arbuthnot, Mr. Stewart Mackenzie, and others had cottages in the place in 1842." (<i>Colombo Observer</i> , October 24, 1842.) Sir William Rough was only son of Mr. William Rough "of the parish of St. James, Middlesex," and was educated at Westminster School and Trinity College, Cambridge; B.A., 1796; M.A., 1799; having, therefore, been a contemporary of Sir John D'Oyly's at the university, and probably at the school. He was a member of the Literary Society of Cambridge, with Coleridge and Wordsworth, in 1793. He was one of the props of the University Magazine, 1795; was a member of Gray's Inn and of the Inner Temple. He was called to the Bar in 1801. He was President of the Court of Justice, Demerara, before coming to Ceylon. He wrote "Lorenzo di Medici," a drama, in 1797; "The Conspiracy of Gowrie," 1800; "Lines on the Death of Sir Ralph Abercromby," 1800; edited the "Letters of John Wilkes addressed to his Daughter, the late Miss Wilkes, 1774-76," in the "Mirror of Life," 1804. He married Harriet, a natural daughter of John Wilkes. Crabb Robinson describes her as "a woman of some talents and taste, who could make herself attractive."
1376 ..	May 23 1840	John Peddie ..	To the Memory of Lieut.-Colonel JOHN PEDDIE, K.H., Comm. the 90th Light Infantry, who died at Newera Ellia aged 51 years. This Monument was erected by his Brother Officers as a mark of their respect and esteem.
	Aug. 15 1840	Louisa Peddie ..	ALSO To the Memory of Mrs. LOUISA PEDDIE, Relict of Lieut.-Colonel JOHN PEDDIE, K.H., who died at Kandy aged 44 years. This Monument unites their remains. The "Ceylon Calendar" for 1841 gives the date of Mrs. Peddie's death as September 15. A Miss Peddie left Colombo for England by the ship <i>Isabella</i> on January 16, 1840. Their second daughter, Eleonora Matilda, married Lieutenant Digby Francis Mackworth, 90th Light Infantry, eldest son of Sir Digby Mackworth, Bart., August 6, 1840, at Kandy. Another daughter married Captain Rattray of the 80th. He died on the voyage from Bombay to Mauritius, November 27, 1843. James Peddie married Miss Georgina Hamilton at Kandy, August 15, 1864. There was an Ensign, afterwards Lieutenant, J. W. B. Peddie in the 90th in 1838-45, while it was stationed in Ceylon, a son of the Colonel.
1377 ..	Jan. 24 1841	Ebenezer Gordon Munro ..	In Memory of EBENEZER GORDON MUNRO, eldest son of the late Lieut.-Colonel JOHN MUNRO, of the Bengal Arty. He was born on the 10th of November, 1814. He was accidentally shot by a native attendant when in pursuit of a wild Buffalo at the Elephant Plains near Newera Ellia in the 27th year of his age.
1378 ..	Dec. 25 1844	Edward Septimus Hodges ..	Sacred to the Memory of EDWARD SEPTIMUS HODGES, Esq., son of W. P. HODGES, of Dorchester, Dorset, Esq., who died at Newera Ellia aged 39 years. The Spirit of the Lord caused him to rest. Isaiah 63, v. 14.
1379 ..	June 7 1845	Thomas William Rogers ..	In Memory of Major THOMAS WILLIAM ROGERS, of Her Majesty's Ceylon Rifle Regiment, many years Commandant at Badulla. Stricken to death by Lightning at the Happootalle Pass on the 7th of June, 1845, aged 41 years. (See Nos. 1072 and 1212.) Just below the inscription is a crack extending diagonally across the stone, leaving a gap, which has been filled in with cement.

Old Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1379 ..	June 7 .. 1845	Thomas William Rogers— <i>contd.</i>	<p>The existence of this crack has given rise to a legend, firmly believed by writers on Ceylon, that the tombstone, like the distinguished man whose remains it covers, was struck by lightning, not only once, but frequently. So Miss Gordon Cumming—</p> <p>“One tombstone has a very peculiar interest, having been riven asunder by lightning, which, strange to say, was also the cause of the death of him whose body rests here The people believed that these fiery flashes were in very deed the ministers of Heaven’s righteous retribution on one who had dealt such destruction to the brute creation.” (“Two Happy Years in Ceylon, vol. I., pp. 221, 318.) The story was exploded in the <i>Monthly Literary Register</i>, 1895, thus :—</p>

Truth of May 30 takes up the absurd story about Major Rogers :—

“The other day my notice was directed to an ignominious exposure of a remarkably fine sample of mendacity which lately rejoiced the hearts of students of ‘the occult.’ The story was told by one ‘Heinrich Hensoldt, Ph.D.,’ in the *Arena* for last December, under the title of ‘A Buddhist Mystery of Ceylon,’ and was reproduced by the respectable Dr. Lunn in his *Review of the Churches*, and summarized by the equally respectable Mr. Stead in his *Borderland* for January last. The sum and substance of it was that a Major Rogers had in the year 1845 incurred the ‘abhorrence’ of the Sinhalese by his ruthless slaughter of elephants, regarded by them as sacred animals; that while out on a hunting expedition he was met by a Buddhist priest, who denounced him, and predicted his impending destruction by ‘the lightning of heaven’; that Major Rogers was struck by lightning while shooting elephants a few months later; and, finally—this is the cream of the story for occultists—that after his death lightning struck his tombstone ‘at least a hundred times within the next thirty years.’

“The editor of the *Ceylon Observer* has proved this story to be, like all others of the same stamp, a tissue of impudent lies woven round a microscopical nucleus of fact. The only points that are true about it are that Major Rogers was an indefatigable elephant hunter, that he was killed by lightning, and that after his death his tombstone was *once* struck by lightning. He was not killed while hunting elephants, but on the verandah of his quarters while employed on military duty; and so far from his prowess as an elephant hunter bringing him into odium, it earned him the warmest gratitude of the Sinhalese in his district (all Buddhists), who actually testified their affection by erecting a Christian church to his memory. The fact is that the elephants were at this time, and for fifteen years afterwards, a terrible scourge to the natives, who themselves killed them by hundreds, and were paid the reward offered by the Government.”

The *Observer* adds :—

“We have now quite reliable evidence that the story of the gravestone being struck with lightning even once is apocryphal. The stone got broken at the wharf in Colombo, and the pieces being clamped together over the grave gave rise to the tale about lightning having struck Major Rogers’ grave as well as himself. Our latest witness to the fact of lightning not having struck the grave is Colonel Byrde of Goytre, Monmouthshire, who knew Major Rogers well, and whose residence at Nuwara Eliya for many years was not far from the graveyard.”

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry C. Byrde, formerly of the Ceylon Rifles, had written as follows :—

“My family resided part of each year at Nuwara Eliya, and I never heard that Rogers’ tomb was struck with lightning, and the back of my house was not far from the church, to which we had a pathway; but I never heard that the gravestone was damaged in transit or in landing. This is, of course, *hearsay*; but if the stone had been struck with lightning, I think I should have heard of it when at Nuwara Eliya.”

Old Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1379 ..	June 7 1845	.. Thomas William Rogers— <i>contd.</i>	<p>Lieutenant-Colonel A. Watson, also formerly of the Ceylon Rifles, wrote to the <i>Times of Ceylon</i> in 1895 :—</p> <p>“When Major Rogers was having a bridle path traced from Badulla to Haputale a bo-tree was in the way, which he ordered to be rooted up. Some of the headmen begged him to spare it, saying to him that such sacrilege would be visited by punishment from heaven (afterwards said to be by ‘fire from heaven’). This act produced a great sensation among the Buddhists, who after his death got up a subscription to build an amblam on the spot where the bo-tree had stood, as atonement for the sacrilege committed, and which resulted in the building of the Badulla Church.</p> <p>“Colonel, then Major, Kelson received Major Rogers’ body and attended to his burial, and told me that his body was not disfigured, only a slight stroke down the body to the heel of one foot, the lightning being attracted by his regimental steel spur, which was twisted, and the foot discoloured. That his tombstone was struck by lightning is simply imagination, the fractures of the stone showing the cause to have been the partial sinking of the foundation of a badly built tomb.</p> <p>“A stroke of lightning would have caused a sprinkling, instead of cracks here and there.</p> <p>“The last words of the sufferer were sadly appropriate. Throwing his arm round the wooden verandah post, and stretching his body, lifting his eyes inquiringly to heaven, he called to Mrs. Reginald Buller, ‘It’s all over now’ (meaning the storm). The flash came, and he fell dead at her feet.”</p> <p>The forest in which the resthouse stood is now the Sherwood estate. The resthouse was accidentally burnt. The present Post Office occupies the site.</p> <p>There is a contemporary reference to the death of Major Rogers, “no less excellent as a civil administrator than unrivalled as an elephant shot,” in the Travels of Dr. W. Hoffmeister, Travelling Physician to Prince Waldemar of Prussia during his tour in India and Ceylon in 1845. In a footnote to page 152 of this work, the translator from the German narrates the circumstances of Rogers’s death.</p> <p>Hoffmeister himself was killed at the battle of Ferozeshah, December 21, 1845.</p> <p>The following account gives further details :—</p> <p>“He and the Government Agent of Kandy, Mr. Buller, and others having sought shelter from a thunderstorm at Haputale, Rogers stepped into the porch to see if there were any signs of abatement, when he was killed by the fatal flash.” (“Manual of Uva.”)</p>
1380 ..	April 23 1846	.. Henry Peel	<p>.. Beneath this stone are deposited the remains of HENRY PEEL aged 23 years.</p> <p>He was the son of the Rev. F. P., Rector of Willingham, Lincolnshire, England. He was most deeply mourned for by a numerous family, to whom his amiable and affectionate disposition had greatly endeared him.</p> <p>The initials only are given of the Rev. F. Peel, as there was not room enough on the stone for the full name.</p>
1381 ..	Sept. 6 1848	.. Lydia Bayly	<p>.. Sacred to the Memory of Mrs. LYDIA BAYLY, widow of the late Major THOMAS BAYLY, who departed this life at Newera Ellia.....</p> <p>She was a daughter of Colonel Hammond, who fell at the siege of Seringapatam, and was born in January, 1783. She became engaged to Ensign Bayly (see No. 95) on the voyage out to Calcutta, where she learnt the news of her father’s death, and married him there on January 9, 1801. There were seven sons and two daughters of the marriage : (1) Thomas Burt, born October 8, 1801, of 19th and 20th Regiments successively, died at the Cape, leaving two sons and four daughters. Two of the latter allied themselves to colonists bearing names distinguished in the late war, viz., Botha and Brand ; (2) Francis Brownrigg, born 1807 (see No. 624) ; (3) James Twisleton, born July 19,</p>

Old Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1381 ..	Sept. 6 1848	Lydia Bayly— <i>contd.</i> ..	1809, died at Glasgow, a Captain in the 54th Regiment, 1847; (4) Charles Bisset, born March 7, 1811, died a Commander, R.N., 1873; (5) Henry Hardy Sawers, born April 6, 1816, at Amunapura, and baptized there May 21, 1816; (6) Robert Lionel, born June 10, 1818 (see No. 997); (7) Edward Turnour, born May 13, 1820; (8) Emily Shipton, born August 28, 1803; (9) Lydia Eleanor, born February 1, 1822, married at Galle, September, 1839, Lieutenant Henry Robert Du Vernet, Ceylon Rifles, who returned to England in 1843 to find that he had inherited from his father the ancient historical property of Bredisholm in Lanarkshire, and took the name of Muirhead. He died May, 1849, and his widow married (2) James Wiseman of London.
1382 ..	May 8 1849	Sarah Fowler ..	Sacred to the Memory of SARAH FOWLER, who departed this life..... aged — years. This Monument is erected as a tribute of affection by her only daughter, FANNY O'CONNOR, in 1857. Next to Mr. John Cotton, the oldest European resident in Nuwara Eliya in 1907-8, was "Mrs. Fred. White, wife of the retired driver of the C. G. R., presently of Mahagastota." Mrs. Fred. White, <i>née</i> Miss O'Connor, lived with her parents in a cottage on the Ramboda road on a site between Queen's Cottage and Daisy Bank. The site used to be somewhere on the golf links, but it is difficult to locate the spot to-day. Mrs. White's father, Mr. Cotton believes, was a Labour Recruiting Agent, for his recollections of the late Mr. O'Connor are associated with "that gentleman, who is always going backward and forward from India," as he was spoken of at school. Mr. Cotton was at school at Nuwara Eliya with, among others, two O'Connors. "Mr. O'Connor" was at the resthouse at Nuwara Eliya in 1849 when Dr. Gardner died. He may have then been the Resthouse-keeper. In 1863 "there was no lake, and nobody at that end of the plain but old Fowler, who held out at Baker's Farm, then, and for many years afterwards, deserted by the owners. Fowler used to assert that he had always been a teetotaler, but somehow or other had managed to break nearly every bone in his body, for which he could not very clearly account. One could not help connecting the fact somehow with the liquor bottle, though he professed to be a disciple of Father Mathew....." ("Notes by the Way," by Edmund Woodhouse, p. 16.) J. Fowler is described in "Ferguson's Directory" for 1869 as "Farmer of Marragastotta, Nuware Ellia," by which is meant Mahagastota.
1383 ..	June 14 1853	William Alexander Filder ..	Sacred to the Memory of WILLIAM ALEXANDER FILDER, late Captain in H. M. 37 Regt., who died at Newera Ellia....., aged 28 years. This is erected as a token of esteem and regard by his brother Officers. The church and churchyard attached to it were opened in 1853, and burials in this old burial ground must have ceased with this one.

Holy Trinity Church, Nuwara Eliya.

"THE pretty little cruciform church and the peaceful churchyard lie in a pleasant sheltered corner surrounded by rhododendrons, daturas, and other flowering shrubs, and overshadowed by one grand old tree with a gnarled twisted stem, such as one sometimes sees in miniature on very rank heather. At a little distance it is hard to believe this is not a veritable stone pine. I was told, however, that it is a *Eugenia* of the myrtle family." ("Two Happy Years in Ceylon," vol. I., p. 201.)

A committee meeting for building a church was held at Nuwara Eliya on May 5, 1843. It recommended the employment of Mr. Nelson, an engineer (belonging, it is supposed, to the Royal Engineers), as architect. The cost was estimated at £900. The meeting was attended by the Rev. H. von Dadelszen, Colonel Campbell, K.H., Colonel Slade, R.E., Captain Nelson, Lieutenant Watson, C.R.R., and Messrs. E. R. Power, C.C.S., H. C. Selby, C. Temple, and E. F. Gepp.

Holy Trinity Church, Nuwara Eliya—contd.

The church was, however, not completed until 1853. It has since been twice enlarged. The tree referred to is a *Kina* (*Calophyllum walkeri*). In a water colour sketch of the church by Mr. James Steuart, late Master Attendant of Colombo, dated 1853, it is conspicuous in the foreground. It is still in existence.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1384 ..	March 10 1849	George Gardner	.. In memory of GEORGE GARDNER, late Superintendent of the Botanic Garden at Peradeniya, born at Glasgow, May 10th, 1812, died at Newera Ellia, March 10th, 1849. Deeply beloved and regretted. “ Dr. Gardner had taken tiffin with Lord Torrington and left H. E. in apparent good health about half past three, and soon after, on retiring to his quarters, he was seized with the attack supposed to be a disease of the heart. We hear that he had only time to exclaim to Mr. O'Connor at the Rest House that he was dying, ere vitality ceased.” (<i>Ceylon Times</i> , March 13, 1849.) (See No. 1279.)
1385 ..	Aug. 29 1861	Maria Scarlett	.. In Memoriam, MARIA SCARLETT, died 29th August, 1861, aged 61 years. Thy Mercy O Lord reacheth unto the Heavens. Psa. xxv., 5. This monument is erected by her daughters, SARAH BULLOCK and SOPHIA BAKER, who lament the loss of a kind and affectionate parent. There is an inscription also on her tomb in the churchyard. She was widow of John Tate (No. 1121) when she married James Scarlett. “ On the site near the Silverdale Bakery, on the Badulla Road, Ivy Cottage stood. Here Mr. A. Bullock had a general store, from which residents got their groceries. In the fifties “ Mr. Bullock's first shop was located on the spot where acacias now grow adjacent to the bridge on the golf links near Queen's Cottage. Mr. Bullock was a coffee planter, and did a good business.” (Mr. John Cotton in <i>Times of Ceylon</i> .) “ The Government rest-house and Mrs. Bullock's boarding establishment were then the only provision for way-farers. Mr. Bullock died about eight years ago, in Kandy.” (<i>Times of Ceylon</i> , 1907.)
1386 ..	Jan. 29 1864	Lydia Morice	.. In memory of LYDIA, wife of ARTHUR MORICE, Central Province, who died at Edinburgh, 29th January, 1864, aged 26. She was the youngest daughter of A. Mackenzie, and married Arthur Morice of Muloya estate, Hewaheta, on December 23, 1861. Arthur Morice wrote a “ Report on Tea Cultivation in the Districts of India with reference to the suitability of Ceylon for Tea,” which was published by the Ceylon Government in 1867.
1387 ..	May 5 1866	William Fisher	.. Sacred to the memory of WILLIAM FISHER, Ceylon Civil Service, late a Captain in the 78th, 58th, and 95th Regiments, who was killed on the spot by a fall from his horse at Ettampittia, near Badulla, May 5th, 1866, aged 52 years, and was buried in this Churchyard.
		Frederick William Fisher ..	Also to the memory of FREDERIC WILLIAM FISHER
		Wilmot Fisher	and WILMOT FISHER, who died at Wavendon Estate, Rambodde, and are buried in the old churchyard of this place. And of CATHERINE
		Catherine Emily Fisher	EMILY FISHER and KATE FISHER, who died and were buried at Doombegastalave Estate, all infant
		Kate Fisher	children of the above and his wife, SOPHY FISHER. There is an inscription also on Captain Fisher's tomb in the churchyard. “ He was thrown off his horse some five miles from Ampitia (Etampitiya) on his way from Badulla and killed. His poor wife was waiting at Ampitia for him ; she had to go to fetch his corpse home Fisher's case is an instructive one After years of toil he had at last received, or rather was about to receive, a fair increase to his salary ; some of his children had just come out, and just as he might have begun to expect enjoyment he is cut down.” (“ Diary of Sir R. Morgan,” Digby, vol. I., pp. 314-15.)

Holy Trinity Church, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1387 ..	May 5 1866	William Fisher, &c.— <i>contd.</i>	<p>He came out as an Ensign in the 78th on board the <i>Morley</i>, in command of the Governor's Guard (Sir Robert Horton), in 1831. In 1835 he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Nuwara Eliya Hunt. On June 7, 1835, there was a "Wilson Bungalow Meeting." He was Staff Officer, Kandy, 1841-42, and at Colombo until 1847, when he left the Army.</p> <p>"He was a great favourite with Sir Robert Horton and his family, and a very active, energetic hunter and sportsman in his early days." (<i>Colombo Observer</i>, May 7, 1866.)</p> <p>"When coffee planting became the rage, Capt. Fisher sold out of the Army (1847) and became a proprietary coffee planter, and was well known in connection with Wavendon estate at Ramboda, Dambagastalawa in Kotmale, and Raglan in Kurunegala His residence of over 35 years was uninterrupted by any visit to England or by any serious illness."</p> <p>He married in 1839 or 1840, Sophia, daughter of A. Lambe, of New Bond street, and granddaughter of Alderman Boydell. She was keeping house for her brother, F. Lambe, of the firm of Lambe, Reynals & Co., and was "an acknowledged belle in the limited society of Colombo at the time." (<i>Ceylon Observer</i>, January 19, 1907.)</p> <p>When coffee ceased to be profitable, Captain Fisher became a Superintendent of Police. He lived on Wavendon estate, where, on January 25, 1841, his son, John Arbuthnot, now Lord Fisher of Kilverstone, was born, and later on Dombagastalawa. Lord Fisher left Ceylon at the age of six, and did not revisit it until the middle of the sixties. On September 8, 1845, Captain Fisher had another son born to him at "Wavendon House," viz., Robert Wilmot, one of the subjects of this inscription, who died on November 25 in the same year. At Nuwara Eliya, on December 1, 1847, a daughter was born, also named in the inscription. In 1848 his son Arthur (No. 910) was born; on May 10, Francis Conrad (No. 1437), in Dimbula; and on October 5, 1851, another son. A daughter was born at Dombagastalawa estate on November 28, 1854, and a son at Kandy, July 13, 1858. Three sons, including John Arbuthnot, entered the Navy; the youngest was lost in the <i>Eurydice</i>.</p>
1388 ..	June 3 1887	John Macdougall Gallwey..	<p>In memory of JOHN MACDOUGALL GALLWEY, of Concordia, Uda Passellawa, eldest son of Lieut.-General T. L. J. GALLWEY, R.E., who died at Mount Lavinia aged 31 years.</p> <p>This tablet has been erected by his friends in Ceylon in token of their regard and esteem.</p>
1389 ..	Dec. 5 1888	Reginald Beauchamp Downall	<p>Vigilans non cadit. Coat of Arms.</p> <p>In memory of REGINALD BEAUCHAMP DOWNALL, for many years a member of the Legislative Council of Ceylon, who during a long residence in the Colony devoted his abilities to the good not only of the Planting but to that of the general Community of the Island.</p> <p>This tablet is erected as a tribute to his many Virtues, with a portion of the Memorial Fund subscribed to shortly after his death.</p> <p>Born 26th July, 1843, died 5th December, 1888. Aged 45 years.</p> <p>He was Member of Council representing the Planters. "The present Grand Hotel grew out of what once was known as Barnes Hall, a bungalow put up by Lieut.-General Sir Edward Barnes It was he who selected Mount Lavinia for residence and put up the building, which is now the hotel there. But the Imperial Government was at him for heavy expenditure over bricks and mortar, and his energies were severely handicapped. In course of time 'Barnes Hall' changed hands and went to Mr. R. B. Downall a wealthy man, who was, in the palmy days of coffee, visiting agent of Mr. George Wall's estates. He had several places in Badulla,</p>

Holy Trinity Church, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1389 ..	Dec. 5 1888	Reginald Beauchamp Downall— <i>contd.</i>	among them the group of Dambattenna estates now owned by Lipton, Limited, I think." (Mr. J. Cotton in <i>Times of Ceylon</i> .) Major-General Johnson Wilkinson says in "The Gemini Generals," referring to a fight between a leopard and a pack of dogs, "Whilst this savage fight was going on, my only companion, a Mr. Downall, ran up and sent his spur into the brute, but this proved ineffectual." This was about 1851.
1390 ..	March 25 1894	Emily Grinlinton	..... EMILY, wife of J. J. GRINLINTON, who died suddenly on Easter Sunday She was a daughter of Isaac Booth. Sir J. J. Grinlinton for some years represented the General European Community in the Legislative Council. He had been in the Royal Engineers, and obtained a commission in the 65th Regiment, and during the Crimean war in the 4th Regiment. He died on May 12, 1912, at Middle Wallop, Hants, in his 85th year.
1391 ..	Jan. 12 1895	Harry Payne Gallwey	Malo mori quam federi. In memory of HARRY PAYNE GALLWEY, son of Captain PHILIP PAYNE GALLWEY, late 90th Light Infantry Regiment, of Kataboola, Kotmalie, Ceylon, and of Pilmoor, Yorkshire, born 8th June, 1856, died 12 January, 1895, at Calcutta, of abscess of the liver contracted in Ceylon. This tablet is erected by his Ceylon friends in loving memory of a most popular man, a thorough sportsman, and a genial warm-hearted friend. Captain Gallwey was stationed with his regiment in Ceylon in 1838-46. He was associated for some time with Major Skinner and General Fraser. "I remember Captain Payne-Gallwey visiting Nilambe in 1846. He had but lately returned from a shooting trip in the Park country, where he had a wonderful escape from a wounded elephant at the expense of a broken arm and other injuries. It was Captain Gallwey and Lieut. Scroggs of the 18th Royal Irish who shot the rogue elephant that killed Mr. Wallington (was that his name?). They both had a most narrow shave being killed themselves, as it was only after miraculous escapes and undaunted pluck on their part that they slew him." (John Tindall.) (See No. 22.)
1392 ..	Dec. 13 1900	William Maxwell Kelly	This tablet is erected by some of his friends in affectionate memory of WILLIAM MAXWELL KELLY, 2nd son of the late L. H. KELLY, of Killarney, Bogawantalawa, who was killed in action at Nooitgedacht, South Africa, on 13th December, 1900. Aged 26 years. He was a member of the Contingent of Ceylon Mounted Infantry which was sent to South Africa during the Boer war.
1393 ..	June 16 1907	Lina Ridgeway	To the gentle memory of LINA, Lady RIDGEWAY, wife of the Right Hon. Sir WEST RIDGEWAY, G.C.B., Governor of Ceylon, 1896-1903, who passed away at Brackwell, Berks, 16th June, 1907, this tablet is erected by her devoted husband and daughter in Nuwara Eliya, which she loved so well.

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya.

1394 ..	Jan. 30 1857	Isabel Susan Temple	ISABEL SUSAN, the beloved wife of R. TEMPLE, Esq., died January 30th, 1857. Robert Temple began his career in Ceylon as a planter on Galboda estate, where he remained for two or three years, and in 1847 became Private Secretary to his brother, who was acting as a Junior Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court. He acted in 1847-50 as Police Magistrate at Avisawella, Colombo, and Madawalattenna, now known as Galagedera, with Kurunegala. On June 1, 1850, he was appointed to the Civil Service, and was confirmed in the latter appointment. He was subsequently Magistrate at Nuwara Eliya, Galle, Matale, and finally at Gampola, where he remained from 1875 until his retirement on January 1, 1880. Mr. Temple distinguished himself
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Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1394 ..	Jan. 30 1857	.. Isabel Susan Temple— <i>contd.</i>	by refusing to go up for the second examination, to which members of the Civil Service have had for many years to submit, on the ground that it was not part of the original contract when he joined. It is said that a number of civilians bound themselves to resist this order, but that they all, one by one, gave in and presented themselves at the examination, and that Temple was the only one who held out. The result was that he was ineligible for promotion beyond the Fourth Class, and remained Magistrate for the rest of his official life. He died on his estate, Diyanilakele, in the Dimbula district, on January 23, 1907, aged 90. R. Temple's brother, Christopher, was Junior Puisne Justice of the Ceylon Supreme Court, 1856-63; Senior Puisne Justice, 1863-73. (See No. 683.)
1395 ..	Sept. 9 1859	.. Eleanor Chisholm	.. ELEANOR CHISHOLM, obiit <i>Ætat</i> 72. For 30 years the faithful and much valued servant of Sir HENRY and Lady WARD. This is the second instance of a memorial erected by a Ceylon Governor to one of his servants, the other being that of Jonathan Mudge at Batticaloa.
1396 ..	Feb. 1 1862	.. Hendricks Anderson	.. HENDRICKS ANDERSON, Esquire, son of JAMES ANDERSON, Esquire, of Highholme, Renfrewshire, Scotland. Born 19th October, 1827. Died at Wiharegalla Estate, Happootelle
1397 ..	July 13 1864	.. John Spurl	.. JOHN SPURL, of Crockhorn, Somersetshire, who departed this life..... aged 47 years. A wooden "headstone." He was one of the labourers brought out by Sir Samuel Baker for work on his farm. There were seven of them at Nuwara Eliya in 1861, of whom J. Spurl was one.
1398 ..	June 24 1866 Nov. 26 1866	.. Matilda Wedderburn Helsham William Helsham	MATILDA and WILLIAM FROBISHER, wife and son of Capt. H. HELSHAM, 2nd 25th Regt., the daughter and grandson of Paymaster FORLONG of the same Regiment. The mother died 24th June, 1866, aged 21 years. The infant, 26th November, 1866, aged 9 months. Matilda Forlong married Captain Henry Helsham on February 16, 1864. He was Commandant at Nuwara Eliya, and had acted as Chief Superintendent of Police in 1863. There is a tablet in the church also to Mrs. Helsham.
1399 ..	Oct. 12 1866	.. Frances Cavendish Reyne..	FRANCES CAVENDISH, beloved child of HENRY and CATHERINE REYNE, who was born on 23rd July, 1860, and died on the 28th Oct., 1863, aged 3 years 3 months and 4 days. Henry Edward Reyne, of the Public Works Department, was son of Captain Pierre Benoit Reyne by his marriage with Miss Frances Myers, daughter of Governor Smyth of the Scilly Isles. He married at Kandy on June 25, 1859, Catherine, daughter of Vassall Burleigh, Public Works Department, by his marriage with Catherine Cavendish, widow of Captain Richard Gray, C.R.R. They had two other children, Spencer Burleigh, born in 1865, and Catherine, who died at Nuwara Eliya in 1862. H. E. Reyne was in charge of the construction of the Panwila-Kelebokke road. He died at Gampola, July 7, 1872, aged 40. Captain Reyne was in the Ceylon Rifles, and was at one time Judicial Agent of the Seven Korales, and afterwards Commandant of Madawalatenna (1835), of Galle, and of Trincomalee. He was a son of Benedict Edward Reyne, "Ancien Chirurgem" of the Regiment De Meuron, whose daughter, Antoniette Elizabeth, married, as his third wife, the Hon. John Rodney. Mrs. Rodney died November 26, 1868. (see No. 3). Captain and Mrs. P. B. Reyne had three other children besides Henry Edward, viz., Charlton Montresor, born at Galle, March 22, 1837; an infant who died on September 6, 1840, aged 4 weeks; and Robert Robertson, born at Galle, September 22, 1842.
1400 ..	Nov. 12 1871	.. David Lindsay Soutter	.. DAVID LINDSAY SOUTTER, late of Rajawella Estate, who died at Lindula aged 44 years. Erected by a few friends and admirers in Ceylon.

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1401 ..	Dec. 4 1874	.. Edward Sikes	.. EDWARD SIKES, son of EDWARD and SUSANNA SIKES of Muriston, Glanmere, Cork aged 34 years. There was a John T. Sikes on Batagodde estate, Haputale, in 1868, and an infant son, Frank Hay, by his wife Alison, died May 10, 1869. John Sikes was on Dombagastalawa, Dimbula, in 1869.
1402 ..	Dec. 15 1876	.. Matthew Reymundo Fortescue	MATTHEW REYMUNDO, son of HENRY and ELLEE FORTESCUE of East Allington Rectory, County of Devon aged 22 years. The "cherry loft" at Middleton estate, Dimbula, collapsed and fell on him, killing him instantaneously. He had only been on the estate a day or two, but in the district some time.
1403 ..	April 20 1878	.. James Dodwell Palmer	.. JAMES DODWELL PALMER, who died in his 33rd year. Erected by his friends in Ireland. He was on Shannon estate, Ambegamuwa, and had been attending a <i>Gymkhana</i> at Nuwara Eliya. He was riding back to the estate, with three friends, on the Dimbula bridle path, when his horse slipped and fell into Blackpool with him.
1404 ..	Nov. 7 1879	.. William McFerran	.. WILLIAM, younger son of WILLIAM MCFERRAN of Grotburn, Kersal, Lancashire, born August 9, 1848
1405 ..	Dec. 27 1880	.. Katherine Cameron	.. KATHERINE, daughter of NORMAN MACLEOD, the beloved wife of HARDINGE HAY CAMERON aged 21. Her father, the Rev. Norman Macleod, D.D., Chaplain in Ordinary to the Queen, was the founder of "Good Words." H. H. Cameron married (2), on December 2, 1884, Adeline Annie, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel George Pilkington Blake, whose sister, Geraldine, married, February 5, 1907, E. H. L. M. Thomas. (See Nos. 1277 and 1353.)
1406 ..	April 17 1882	.. Henrietta Macartney	.. HENRIETTA, widow of the late WILLIAM ISAAC MACARTNEY, Chief Superintendent of Police for the Island of Ceylon, who died at Newera Eliya..... W. I. Macartney was appointed Superintendent of Police for Colombo, Negombo, and Galle in May, 1848. His son, A. H. Macartney, a planter of Waloya, Deltota, and of Kobonilla, Nugetenna, married a daughter of George Wall.
1407 ..	Feb. 23 1883	.. John Garland Baker	.. JOHN GARLAND BAKER, Esq., born 29th November, 1822. Died at Mahagastotte. "I went to stay with a friend, John Baker, brother of the great traveller, Sir Samuel Baker, also an old friend of mine." (Major-General Johnson Wilkinson in "The Gemini Generals.") This was in 1851 or thereabouts. John Baker was Sir Samuel Baker's elder brother, and had been in Mauritius managing his father's estate there, with Samuel assisting him. In 1846 Samuel paid a visit to Ceylon, and he returned in 1848 with John and his other brother, Valentine, to start agricultural operations. Samuel returned to England in 1855 owing to continued fever, but John remained. Valentine joined the Ceylon Rifles and transferred to the 12th Lancers in 1852, was in the Caffre and the Crimean wars, became a great cavalry leader and Baker Pasha in the Turkish Service, was head of the Egyptian Police, and died at Tel-el-Kebir, November 17, 1887. Sir Samuel died December 30, 1893, at Sandford Orleigh, Devon. They were sons of Samuel Baker of Lypiatt Park, Gloucestershire, a West India merchant, by his wife Mary, daughter of Thomas Dobson of Enfield, and grandsons of Captain Valentine Baker of Bristol, who "won fame by nearly capturing with his privateer sloop, the <i>Cæsar</i> , a French frigate of 32 guns, on June 27th, 1782." ("Dictionary of National Biography.")
1408 ..	Sept. 3 1883	.. Philip A. Gerard	.. PHILIP A. GERARD aged 65 years. Erected by his Ceylon friends.

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1409 ..	January 1884	William Kellow Ellen Mary Kellow	<p>.. WILLIAM and ELLEN MARY KELLOW, who died January, 1884, aged 63 and 66 years.</p> <p>“The biggest landowners” in Nuwara Eliya in the fifties, says Mr. John Cotton, “were the late Messrs. William and Mark Kellow; the former owned ‘Norman Cottage,’ ‘The Cot,’ ‘Salisbury Villa,’ and ‘Cambridge Villa.’ Mr. Mark Kellow owned nearly every cottage in Lawson Street. The cottages there were very pretty ones; the roofs were overgrown with roses always in bloom; the street (at one time a fashionable one) is to-day occupied with model dwellings (nearly 10), homes for appus, cooks, and markets Besides these properties in town, the Kellows had property Hakgala way. Mr. Mark Kellow had all the stretch of land from Yalta up to Morireby, where he carried on his farm. Mr. William Kellow owned a good bit of Scrubbs Estate, and carried on his farm there.</p> <p>“The old resthouse having fallen into a dilapidated, ramshackled condition, William Kellow, taking compassion on worn and weary travellers, had established a comfortable little hostelry in what was known as the ‘Tin Bungalow,’ which served as his residence for many years after, and stands just where Longden road leaves the plains.</p> <p>“Barring an unhappy propensity of the roof to take leave of the disconsolate building and sportively wander away towards Baker’s Farm whenever an extra blast of wind playfully gave it a lift <i>en passant</i>, it was at that time considered a pretty substantial erection.” (“Notes by the Way,” by Edmund Woodhouse.) The time was 1863.</p>
1410 ..	May 3 1885 Jan. 3 1889	Hannah Cotton George Cotton	<p>.. HANNAH, wife of GEORGE COTTON aged 74 years.</p> <p>.. GEORGE COTTON aged 77 years.</p> <p>George Cotton came out to Ceylon in 1845, and settled in Nuwara Eliya in a cottage on Churchill road. He then purchased what was then known as the Lawford Cottages, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, with some 20 odd acres of land attached. These are now known as Lawford House, Lake View, and The Carlton. Later, part of Unique View came into the family possession. At the death of Mr. George Cotton these cottages were sold and purchased by his three sons, Mr. J. B. Cotton, Superintendent of Dammeria Group, Passara, purchasing The Carlton, which he still owns; Mr. W. Ingram Cotton (the Immigration Agent, who died in 1897 at Cuddappah, South India, when in charge of Paumben) purchasing Unique View; and Mr. John Cotton, Lawford House and Lake View. The latter started experiments at Lake View with English and Australian fruits (plums, pears, oranges, strawberries, apples, and grapes), with which he was fairly successful. His residence at Nuwara Eliya was unbroken for over 50 years. He left in 1908 for Batticaloa.</p>
1411 ..	May 11 1885	Francis Henry Hamilton Gordon	<p>FRANCIS HENRY HAMILTON GORDON, born 19th March, 1861</p> <p>A nephew of Lord Stanmore, who, as Sir Arthur Gordon, was Governor of Ceylon 1883–90.</p> <p>He was appointed by the latter to act as a Cadet of the Civil Service, and died while attached to the Badulla Kachcheri.</p>
1412 ..	June 28 1885	Halliburton J. Macvicar	<p>HALLIBURTON J. MACVICAR, aged 33, third son of the Rev. J. G. MACVICAR, D.D., LL.D., the first Minister of St. Andrew’s Church, Colombo.</p> <p>He was Meteorological Assistant in the Survey Department. The Rev. Dr. Macvicar held office as Chaplain of St. Andrew’s Church 1846–52, but he had been Colonial Chaplain from 1839. He was a man of very considerable literary and scientific attainments, and was one of the founders of the Ceylon Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society in 1846, and its first Vice-President. He became Minister of Moffat after leaving Ceylon. He had published, in 1837, a book on “The Philosophy of the Beautiful,” and is one of</p>

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1412 ..	June 28 1885	Halliburton J. Macvicar— <i>contd.</i>	the few Ceylon men who have obtained a place in the "Dictionary of National Biography," due to his eminence in moral and physical science. He married Miss J. R. Macdonald of Kinlochmoidart, Inverness-shire, a granddaughter of Dr. William Robertson, the historian. He died on February 12, 1884.
1413 ..	Nov. 23 1885	Charles Harley Lowe	.. CHARLES HARLEY LOWE aged 37 years. Erected to his memory by his loving wife. He started the Bank of Uva at Badulla. His widow married J. H. Cockburn, who has since carried on the business of the bank.
1414 ..	Dec. 2 1885	John Murray	.. JOHN, dearly loved son of Lt.-Col. JAMES FLORENCE and MARIANNE MURRAY, born at Kurrachee, Sind, 2nd January, 1853. Died at Maha Uva, Ceylon. He was crushed by a stone falling on him. Maha Uva is rather an isolated estate in Walapane, between Ragala and the Kurundaoya road, near Nildanduhinna.
1415 ..	July 18 1886	William Oakley	.. WILLIAM OAKLEY, 51 years a faithful Missionary of the C. M. S. in Ceylon. Died in his 79th year. "Oakley Cottage," Nuwara Eliya, where he resided during the latter part of his life, is called after him. In 1837 the Rev. William Oakley was "a youth of a ruddy countenance and curly locks of raven hue." ("Ceylon in 1837-46," by A. M. Ferguson.) In March, 1841, he had a controversy in the newspapers with the Rev. Joseph Harris of the Baptist Mission, because, as Mr. Oakley put it, "I refused to publish in my congregation the banns of one Simon Appu, an Anabaptist." He was accordingly denounced for bigotry by the <i>Colombo Observer</i> . His only daughter, Mary, married at Kandy, on May 10, 1867, Priestly Jacob, Head Master of the High School, Poona, third son of the Rev. G. A. Jacob, D.D., Christ's Hospital. (See No. 1274.)
1416 ..	Nov. 3 1887	Hugh Leonard Hubbard	.. HUGH LEONARD HUBBARD aged 35. A planter.
1417 ..	Oct. 26 1888	Rennie Kingdon Fulton	.. RENNIE KINGDON FULTON, aged 24, youngest son of HAMILTON HENRY FULTON, of Bedford House, Chiswick. Accidentally drowned in Punduloya
1418 ..	April 8 1890	Agnes Crawley Boevey	.. AGNES, wife of ANTONY CRAWLEY BOEVEY, 3rd daughter of the late Sir SAMUEL BAKER
	April 11 1890	Ethel Lindsay Crawley Boevey	.. Also ETHEL LINDSAY, their child
1419 ..	Aug. 30 1890	John Whitefoord	.. Erected by his friends in affectionate memory of JOHN WHITEFOORD, who died at Maha Uva Estate, aged 42 years. He had been on Wiltshire, Matale, before going to Maha Uva. He died after riding to the estate from Kandy, a distance of over 40 miles, on a very hot day. "John Whitefoord, always so militant for the poor villager." (<i>Ceylon Literary Register</i> , vol. V., p. 267.) Maha Uva resembled Hantane at one time in the ill-fate of its Superintendents. Two met with premature or violent deaths, one became insane, &c.
1420 ..	Feb. 10 1891	John Sinclair	.. JOHN SINCLAIR, of Glendevon Estate, Udapusilawa aged 44 years.
1421 ..	March 31 1891	Arthur Sidney Reeves	.. ARTHUR SIDNEY REEVES, fourth son of Rev. F. J. H. REEVES, of East Sheen, Surrey. Born 6 May, 1848, died at Sheen Cut down, but not destroyed. He was murdered, while at dinner, by his appu. There is a tablet also in the church.
1422 ..	May 31 1891	William Ellis	.. Erected by Members of his Congregation to the memory of the Rev. WILLIAM ELLIS, 18 years Chaplain of Holy Trinity, Nuwara Eliya Chaplains at Nuwara Eliya were, since 1847, the Rev. Messrs. Pargiter, Wise, Von Dadelszen, Lovekin, Kelly, Ellis, La Brooy, and Brine.
	May 26 1903	Hannah Ellis	.. Here also rests HANNAH ELLIS his wife She was widow of J. W. Little, C.C.S., and youngest daughter of R. C. Roosmalecocq.

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1423 ..	Feb. 20 1892	Margaret Brine	<p>.. MARGARET, the loving and beloved wife of the Rev. JAMES E. B. BRINE, Vicar of this parish, aged 29.</p> <p>The Rev. James Edward Bouverie Brine, with the approval of the Bishop, adopted the title "Vicar," in substitution for that of "Chaplain," which had become meaningless since disestablishment. This is the first instance, I believe, of the use of the title in Ceylon. He is son of the late Rev. James Gram Brine, formerly Rector of Lower Hardness, Kent, by his marriage with Mary Amelia, daughter of the Rev. E. B. Pusey, D.D. He married (2), on January 18, 1896, at Kandy, Louisa Florence, daughter of Colonel George, late of the 21st Hussars.</p>
1424 ..	April 4 1892	Frances Ellen McLaren	<p>.. FRANCES ELLEN, the dearly beloved wife of JAMES McLAREN, aged 43 years.</p> <p>She was Miss Fanny Kellow, a daughter of Mark Kellow (see No. 1409). "James McLaren originally came to Ceylon in 1862 as assistant to his cousin, Herbert, a brother of W. H. Herbert, the Government Printer. The brother had a photographer's studio in Kandy. McLaren had been to Australia before then—those were the days of the gold fever—and had passed some time at Ballarat. From there he went to Penang, ran a shop there for some time, and came on to Ceylon. He decided to settle in the Island, and opened a small shop at Badulla, which was successful, and McLaren, now a man of considerable means, sold his Badulla business to Lucius M. Glenney, and opened a shop, first at Bridge Cottage, and then on the site of Cargill's present establishment. He bought land in Kandapola and planted the two estates known as Tommagong (called after a petty Malay Rajah with whom he had been in high favour when in the Straits) and the Park, the former with tea and the latter with coffee. The tea was very successful, and eventually McLaren sold his shop, which he had called "The Emporium"—with the accent on the i—to Cargills, and the hotel, which is now St. Edward's School, and to which, opened in 1884 or 1885, he had given the name of "The Criterion"—also with the accent on the i—and his estates, and left Ceylon in 1902. He married again in that year. He died in 1910 at Bournemouth. He was the pioneer of the modern hotel and the modern shop at Nuwara Eliya. (Correspondents of <i>Times of Ceylon</i>.)</p>
1425 ..	April 5 1892	Cecilia Maude Gordon	<p>.. CECILIA MAUDE, dearly beloved wife of Capt. HAMILTON GORDON</p> <p>Captain Gordon belonged to the 1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders, and was A.D.C. to Major-General Dunham Massy, C.B., Commanding the Troops in Ceylon, 1888-93, and leaving the Army became proprietor of El Teb estate, Passara.</p>
1426 ..	May 28 1892	William White	<p>.. Erected by his children in loving memory of WILLIAM WHITE, born at Bath, 15th May, 1819, died at Newera Eliya</p>
	Aug. 16 1897	Eliza White	<p>.. And of our beloved Mother, ELIZA WHITE, born in Hants, 8th April, 1822, died at Newera Eliya</p>
1427 ..	June 19 1892	Alexander Burnett Oliver	<p>.. ALEXANDER BURNETT OLIVER, Tea and Coffee Planter, Gowerakellie Estate, Badulla</p>
1428 ..	Dec. 12 1894	John Arbuthnot Smith	<p>.. JOHN ARBUTHNOT SMITH, of Rothies, Hatton, who was born at Edinburgh, 9th May, 1851, and died at N'Elliya</p>
1429 ..	Dec. 18 1894	George Wall	<p>.. Erected by his sorrowing mother.</p> <p>.. JOHN ARBUTHNOT SMITH, of Rothies, Hatton, who was born at Edinburgh, 9th May, 1851, and died at N'Elliya</p> <p>.. Erected by his dearly loved wife.</p> <p>.. GEORGE WALL, who died, aged 73 years. Having served his generation he fell on sleep.</p> <p>Inscription on tomb of his infant son, Percivale Gregory, who died <i>Ms.</i> 2, 1876. George Wall himself died at St. Thomas's Home, London, a few days after his arrival in England from Ceylon. He was prominent as a merchant, coffee planter, politician, astronomer, and botanist, as also from making a fortune in Ceylon and losing it with the failure of coffee. In his latter days he was editor of the <i>Ceylon Independent</i>. He was foremost in the agitation for the reform of the Legislative Council, of which he</p>

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1429 ..	Dec. 18 1894	George Wall— <i>contd.</i> ..	<p>was himself for some time a member, and latterly for the abolition of the paddy tax. He wrote a book on the "Origin of Evil" and many pamphlets and letters on coffee and other tropical culture, and was one of the most prominent members of the Planters' Association. He was also famous for his knowledge of ferns. He published two pamphlets on the ferns of Ceylon in 1873 and 1879, and was a fellow of the Linnean Society (1872). (See Trimen, vol. V., pp. 379-80.)</p> <p>At Nuwara Eliya "he built Keena House, and to prosecute his pet hobby he built an observatory there and fitted it most elaborately. One single special lens for the telescope cost him £300—it was an American make, I remember. When the crash came Keena House and the observatory went under the hammer. The whole observatory went for £50, the fortunate purchaser being Staniforth Green, brother and partner of J. P. Green." ("Anchises" in <i>Times of Ceylon</i>.)</p>
1430 ..	April 28 1895	Thomas Frederick Tothill. .	<p>THOMAS HENRY FREDERICK TOTHILL, M.D. aged 47 years. This stone was erected by his friends in Ceylon.</p> <p>He had been one of the District Medical Officers under the Estates Medical Aid Ordinance. Latterly he practised in Colombo.</p>
1431 ..	May 16 1896	Louisa Sophia Liesching ..	<p>LOUISA SOPHIA LIESCHING aged 64.</p> <p>She was eldest daughter of Sir C. P. Layard, C.C.S., born March 6, 1835, and married C. Liesching, C.C.S., September 7, 1858. Her mother was Louisa, daughter of General Clement Martin Edwards by his marriage with Louisa Layard, a sister of H. P. J. and C. E. Layard, which took place at Mount Lavinia on March 11, 1806. Captain Edwards came out to Ceylon by the <i>Windham</i>, which arrived on July 13, 1805, having been appointed to Ramsay's Regiment (2nd Ceylon Regiment). He at once became A.D.C. and Military Secretary to the Governor Sir Thomas Maitland, and on August 8 Town Major of Colombo. He was again appointed A.D.C. (<i>vice</i> Major Beaver) on June 14, 1809. He became D.Q.M.G. on February 1, 1811, and was promoted to the Lieutenant-Colonelcy of the 1st Ceylon Regiment on July 10, 1816. Sir Thomas Maitland took a great fancy to him, and gave an entertainment on the birth of his first child, ten days after its birth, at which the mother had to appear. He left £2,000 to each of Captain Edwards' children. Of the two sons who went into the Army, one died at Hong Kong and the other became a General. Captain Edwards seems to have left Ceylon with Sir Thomas Maitland and to have accompanied him to Malta, where he died a General, and there is a very large monument to him there. "Mrs. Liesching was the first to take up Sunday schools here." (Mr. Cotton in <i>Times of Ceylon</i>.) That was when her husband was Assistant Government Agent. On his retirement he took up his residence in Nuwara Eliya, at Woodlands.</p>
1432 ..	July 23 1896	Richard Charles Viscount Boyle	<p>RICHARD CHARLES VISCOUNT BOYLE, born July 10th, and died July 23rd, 1896.</p> <p>The late Earl of Shannon (6th Earl) resided for some years at Nuwara Eliya, where his principal recreation was sailing on the lake. He gave a decided impetus to the Nuwara Eliya Boating Club, but since he left this pastime has rather gone out of favour. He married in 1895 Nellie, daughter of Charles Thompson, Esq., of Bookham, Surrey, and died December 11, 1906. The present Earl is a younger brother, born in 1897, of the infant buried here. The Countess died on the R. M. S. <i>Nile</i>, off Oporto, April 10, 1910.</p>
1433 ..	Nov. 1 1896	Eliza Heberden Baker ..	<p>ELIZA HEBERDEN BAKER, the loving wife of JOHN GARLAND BAKER for nearly 40 years. Born August 28th, 1821, died on All Saints' day</p> <p>She founded the Baker Ward of the Nuwara Eliya Hospital. There is a stained glass window in the church to her memory. "It was after Mrs. John Baker came up to reside here that Holy Trinity Church was founded. Mrs. Baker took great interest</p>

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1433 ..	Nov. 1 1896	Eliza Heberden Baker— <i>contd.</i>	in it, and was chief collector, among many, of funds to build the church. On the site of the graves of Mr. and Mrs. Baker stood the Military Library. When it was abolished, the pretty mantelpiece carved by the soldiers was purchased by the late Mr. James Bartholomeusz, Proctor, and can be seen at the Tin Bungalow now." (Mr. J. Cotton, <i>loc. cit.</i>)
1434 ..	May 18 1900	Charles Liesching	.. CHARLES LIESCHING, C.C.S., aged 67..... Charles and his elder brother, Louis Liesching, were sons of a medical man at Cape Town, and grandsons of an officer who went out to the Cape with a German or other mercenary regiment—perhaps the Luxembourg Regiment—whose officers, or some of them, were Knights of the Holy Roman Empire. Sir Anthony Oliphant, the Chief Justice (1840–54), and Lady Oliphant were great friends of the Liesching family, and it was through their influence that Louis Liesching came to Ceylon, and later Charles, who, then a youth of 18, received a free passage in a ship belonging to the Royal Navy. Both brothers eventually obtained appointments in the Civil Service. Charles was appointed Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Balapitimodera, April 18, 1859; and held that post off and on (acting at times as Assistant Government Agent, Galle) until 1863. He was Assistant Government Agent, Nuwara Eliya, 1867–70; and later District Judge of Batticaloa, Negombo, and Kalutara; Fiscal, Kandy; and Registrar-General. "Mr. Liesching's name will always be associated with the Lovers' Walk he opened under the rhododendron trees along the winding streams of our park." (Mr. J. Cotton.) Before the opening of the overland route, many Indian civilians and military officers used to spend their furlough at the Cape, and in this way Major C. D. Mylne of the Bombay Army married there the eldest sister of L. and C. Liesching, and became the father of Bishop Mylne, late of Bombay, who, no doubt, was called after his uncle Louis. Louis Liesching wrote a good deal in religious publications of "The Christian" type, but at the same time was a friend of the celebrated Laurence Oliphant, son of his patron, the Chief Justice. He also preached a good deal, a practice to which he owed a nickname by which he was generally known in the Civil Service, as one connected with the tending of flocks.
1435 ..	Nov. 16 1900	Humphrey John Hare	.. HUMPHREY JOHN HARE, Captain, Royal Engineers.
1436 ..	Jan. 9 1901	Villiers Henry Margary	.. VILLIERS HENRY MARGARY, of Eskdale Estate, Kandapolla, eldest son of the late HENRY VILLIERS MARGARY, of Haputale, who died at Nuwara Eliya, aged 24. Henry Villiers Margary was eldest son of General Henry Joshua Margary, R.E., and Louisa Jane Layard, his wife, daughter of the Rev. Brownlow Villiers Layard, who married (2) Sarah Jane Margary, February 1, 1821, at Wembley. H. V. Margary's brother, the third son of the General, was Augustus Raymond Margary, the explorer, who was murdered at Manwyne in Burma, February 22, 1875.
1437 ..	April 2 1901	Francis Conrad Fisher	.. FRANCIS CONRAD FISHER, C.C.S., Government Agent, North-Western Province, second son of Captain WILLIAM FISHER of the 78th Highlanders, who is also buried in this Churchyard. Born 10th May, 1850, at Dimbulla, died at the Maligawa, Kurunegalle. MIZPAH, F. C. F. & F. L. F. F. C. Fisher was an energetic and able civilian and an enthusiastic sportsman. He was younger brother of Lord Fisher. (See No. 1387).
1438 ..	April 11 1901	Emily Stewart Clark	.. EMILY STEWART CLARK, beloved wife of ALFRED CLARK, Forest Department A Clark was in the Forest Department, 1876–1906. He is a writer of fiction: "A Dark Place of the Earth," a romance of Ceylon, "Woe to the Conquered," &c. He is a son of the late Rev. William Clark, C.M.S.

Holy Trinity Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1439 ..	April 30 1902	.. Arthur Ashfield Pilson ..	ARTHUR ASHFIELD PILSON, Vice-Principal of Trinity College, Kandy aged 29.
1440 ..	Feb. 7 1906	.. William Clarence Watson..	WILLIAM CLARENCE WATSON, J.P. and D.L., of Colworth House, Bedfordshire aged 60 years.
1441 ..	Dec. 29 or 30.. 1908	James Parsons ..	JAMES PARSONS, born 1876, died 1908. The souls of the righteous are in the hands of God.

The chancel screen in the church was also erected to his memory by his widow.

James Parsons was Government Mineralogist from 1907. On the morning of December 29, about 10.30, he went off for a walk through the forest which on some sides surrounds Nuwara Eliya, bent, among other things, on geologizing. He was seen, about 11 o'clock, walking along the road which passes near Oliphant estate factory reading a book. The afternoon set in very wet and cold, and Mr. Parsons did not return. The forests round about Nuwara Eliya were searched the whole of that night by gangs of coolies from the neighbouring estates, and the search went on next day and for days until every square yard of ground in the neighbourhood of Nuwara Eliya and Pundaloya had seemingly been explored, but no trace of him could be found. At last on Easter Day, April 11, 3½ months after his disappearance, his remains were found in some thick scrub about two chains distance from the south-west corner of Oliphant estate, between the upper division of the estate and Pundaloya, about 3¼ miles from the Oliphant bungalow. The forest round the spot was very thick, and though it was only two chains distance from the nearest planted portion of the estate, it took the Superintendent 20 minutes to get back from the spot to the planted portion. The discovery was made by a Tamil tracker, who had made many previous searches. Everything was intact, clothes, gold spectacles, watch and chain, compass, purse, only his walking cane and a leather case were missing. Mr. Parsons had evidently lost his way, been benighted, and died of exhaustion. His fate recalls that of Gunner Scott at Trincomalee in 1877 (see No. 1016). There was another case of Europeans going out for a walk and being lost in the forest at Nuwara Eliya in 1885. It happened to the Rev. J. Ilsley, C.M.S., Mrs. Ilsley, C.M.S., the Rev. J. W. Balding, C.M.S., on August 26. They were lost in the forest, and without food for 27 hours, and only found their way on to the railway line near Nanu-oya through hearing the whistle of the engine. A similar experience befell Mr. E. Anderson, of Aning-kanda estate in Morawa korale, January 9, 1905. He was lost for a day and a night in the neighbourhood of Abbey Rock in that district. He left Beverley estate bungalow at 5 a.m. on the 18th to climb Hinpitigala peak, which rises to a height of about 3,500 feet, or 1,500 feet above Beverley, and did not find his way out of the forest until 2.30 p.m. the next day. He was without food for 31½ hours.

Old Roman Catholic Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya.

1442 ..	Sept. 11 1860	.. William Daly Pray for the soul of WILLIAM DALY, late Sergeant, 18th Royal Irish Regt. aged 89 years.
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His eldest daughter, Ellen, married Sergeant John Thornhill, 95th Regiment, at Trincomalee, August 8, 1843. The 18th left for China in 1840.

“Living just at the gate of the Hakgala Gardens, on the other side of the road, in a little shanty, was an old retired sergeant, Daly by name, whose house was a favourite resort of picnic parties from Nuwara Eliya. They took their tiffin or breakfast in the house, and wandered about the neighbouring patanas, enjoying the wondrous views of Uva, with the far-famed Namunakulakanda and Haputale ranges in the distance.” (“Notes by the Way,” p. 16.)

Old Roman Catholic Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1443 ..	May 17 1877	William Hackett	.. Sacred to the memory of Sir WILLIAM HACKETT, Chief Justice of Ceylon

Sir William Hackett was educated at Trinity College, Dublin; called at Lincoln's Inn, 1851; appointed Queen's Advocate, Gold Coast, 1861; Chief Justice, 1863; Lieutenant-Governor, 1864; Recorder, Prince of Wales Island, 1866; after the transfer of the Straits Settlements from the Indian Government to the Secretary of State for the Colonies was styled Judge of Penang; knighted, 1866; Acting Chief Justice, Straits, 1871; Chief Justice, Fiji, 1876; Chief Justice, Ceylon, 1877. He arrived in Ceylon on January 30, 1877. He succeeded Sir George Anderson, and was succeeded by Sir John Budd Phear. He married, on December 5, 1866, at the chapel of the Bavarian Embassy, Frances Elizabeth Maria, daughter of the late William Bryant, Bombay Civil Service. She died on December 24, 1910, at Nice.

He was appointed Chief Justice on February 3, 1877. "It was at the resthouse at the Police barracks that Sir William Hackett, C.J. of Ceylon, took cholera and died. It was then said that it was due to his having drunk poisoned water from a well then on the land." (Mr. John Cotton in *Times of Ceylon*.)

Ramboda Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya District.

THE little church, dedicated to St. John the Evangelist, was consecrated by Bishop Chapman on St. Mark's Day, April 25, 1850, the first English church completed and consecrated in the Central Province. Its situation, below the road and among the waterfalls for which Ramboda is celebrated, is very picturesque. "The spot is indeed most lovely. The broad deep mountain shadows and gorgeous brightness of a tropical sun give a vividness and contrast to the greens of our most exuberant verdure, which defy the artist's skill. The little building of solid granite, simple but not rude, is quite in keeping with the lovely scene around." (Bishop Chapman.) There are two or three tombstones in the churchyard, of which the oldest, without inscription, may be that of Robert Jeffery, a Colombo merchant, who died at Ramboda on July 18, 1844, on his way from Colombo to Nuwara Eliya, and is either buried here or in the Old Cemetery, Nuwara Eliya. Bishop Chapman, in a letter dated May 6, 1850, describing the consecration, talks of "the burial ground in which have already been deposited the earthly remains of several Europeans."

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1444 ..	May 23 1878	Thomas Arthur Hall	.. THOMAS ARTHUR HALL, born Aug. 18th, 1859, died May 23rd, 1878.

The burial is entered in the register of St. Peter's Church, Colombo.

1445 ..	Nov. 26 1887	Annie Kate Grimston	.. Sacred to the memory of ANNIE KATE, youngest daughter of the late Sir ARTHUR BULLER, Kt., wife of EDWARD GRIMSTON of Rambodde aged 35.
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Sir Arthur Buller, "facetious Arthur Buller, who, with his more notable brother Charles, had at one time Carlyle for tutor" ("Ceylon in 1837-46," p. 9), was Queen's Advocate of Ceylon, 1840-48; Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of Ceylon, 1848-58; M. P. for Devonport, 1869. He was a son of Charles Buller, of the family of Buller of Morval, Cornwall, and a brother of Charles Reginald Buller, C.C.S., formerly Government Agent, Central Province. He married Annie, daughter of F. J. Templer, C.C.S., and sister of F. B. Templer, C.C.S., also a former Government Agent of the Central Province; she died July 23, 1907, at Surbiton, aged 83. William Boyd in his "Autobiography" mentions an "Ensign Buller" as a fellow passenger of his to Ceylon in 1837 on board the *Mersey*, but as a matter of fact Boyd did not come out to Ceylon until 1841, and there was no "Ensign Buller" on board. His "Bullers of Buchan" story (p. 41) was probably suggested by the name of the Queen's Advocate and the Government Agent in 1848.

1446 ..	April 10 1897	Mary Dobbs	.. MARY DOBBS
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Dimbula, Nuwara Eliya District.

"IN 1869 all the Railway Gorge was Crown forest, not surveyed, and the whole of the Agras was one large expanse of forest, with the lovely patanas lying in the valley." Louisa (now part of Great Western), Nanu-oya, and Old Radella are the oldest planted Dimbula estates. Radella was opened from Nuwara Eliya.

Lindula Church.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1447 ..	Dec. 1 1886	.. Arthur Heelis	.. ARTHUR HEELIS, of Carlabeck, also EDWARD HEELIS, of Langdale, who died at Malta.
	Feb. 15 1882	.. Edward Heelis	A window. E Heelis was in 1868 on Langdale, which he opened. He died of phthisis. He wrote a paper, "On the Climate of Dimbula," in the Journal of the R.A.S., C.B., for 1879. They were sons of Stephen Heelis of Manchester. Arthur is buried in the churchyard (inscription). "My next door neighbour on Langdale was dear little Edward Heelis, the "E. H." of the local press of the time. Frail of build, delicate in constitution, and painfully deaf, yet Heelis held his own. He opened land, planted it, and made a fine property. His house contained a magnificent library of books, while out of doors in the garden he had a powerful astronomical telescope that once was the property of George Wall. Heelis was always the referee of his time, and "to decide a bet" he was oft times requisitioned over most impossible questions." ("I," in <i>Times of Ceylon</i> Christmas Number, 1909.)
1448 ..	March 20 1892	.. Agnes Kennedy Bovill	.. AGNES KENNEDY, the beloved wife of ROBERT STEPHENSON BOVILL, of Coombewood, Talawakele, who died at Sydney, Australia
			Coombewood was opened by Lambert Sim, and was afterwards taken over by Malcolm Sim, who sold it to his brother-in-law, R. S. Bovill, the latter a son of the late Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, who presided at the first Tichborn trial.
1449 ..	Feb. 25 1901	.. Walter Sandys Thomas	.. WALTER SANDYS THOMAS, of Lindoola
			This window is erected by his many friends in Ceylon. In 1869 W. S. Thomas was on Lindoola estate, on which he died. He was an energetic planter and public man, organized clubs, games, &c., and took an active part in the local Planters' Association and in church matters, &c. He married Violet, daughter of Walter Buchanan. He was a brother of Edward Lechmere Thomas, who died at Colombo, September 2, 1878, also a planter.
1450 ..	May 22 1900	.. Græme Elphinstone	.. In affectionate remembrance of Sir GRÆME DALRYMPLE-HORN ELPHINSTONE, Bart., formerly of Logie Estate, Lindula. Fourth son of the late Sir JAMES DALRYMPLE-HORN ELPHINSTONE, Bart., of Horn and Logie Elphinstone, in the County Aberdeen. He died at Taiping, Straits Settlements in his 59th year. This memorial is erected by his brother planters and many other friends in token of the high esteem in which they held him for his genuine Christian character and for the kindness of heart, unselfishness, and generosity which were so conspicuous in his daily life and in all his dealings with his fellow men. A brass. A most popular man, generally spoken of as "Logie." "Logie Elphinstone was opening land in both Logie and Belgravia, for, in the days I speak of, he was all-powerful, and had interests in a huge extent of property in the coffee districts. No name was more popular in Ceylon than Elphinstone's, and no man of that time could lower 'Logie's' records in work or in athletics." ("I," in <i>Times of Ceylon</i> Christmas Number, 1909.)

Lindula Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya District.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1451 ..	Sept. 18 1879	.. Beatrice Lutyens	.. BEATRICE LUTYENS in the 21st year of her age. Wife of C. B. Lutyens, a planter, and brother of the artist. He owned half share of Mornington estate. He was a half-mile runner in his day.
1452 ..	June 9 1878	.. Richard Heelis	.. RICHARD HEELIS, son of ROBERT HEELIS, M.R.C.S., of Brighton, formerly of London. A cousin of Arthur and Edward Heelis.
1453 ..	Oct. 17 1879	.. Minnie Charlotte Sheffield Buchanan	MINNIE CHARLOTTE SHEFFIELD, eldest daughter of Lt.-Col. J. S. G. RYLEY, and beloved wife of JOHN BUCHANAN. She died at Harrington Estate aged 28 years.
1454 ..	July 9 1883	.. Mary Anne Clark	.. Here rest the remains of MARY ANNE WINK, the beloved wife of JOHN CLARK, of Wattagoda, and daughter of the Revd. JOHN WINK, Minister of Knockards. Born July 28th, 1849 Wife of "Poother Clark." This may be Knockard, a village in "Barvas Parish Hebrides (Outer), Lewis, in County Ross and Cromarty, one mile south of the Butt of Lewis, 26 miles north-east of Stornoway"; or a place in Sutherlandshire of the same name.
1455 ..	Sept. 23 1887 Feb. 13 1900	.. Margaret Dyce Dunsmure .. Anita Edith Dunsmure	MARGARET DYCE, wife of ALEXANDER HENDERSON DUNSMURE, who died at Braemore aged 27 years; and their infant son, ALEXANDER; also their daughter, ANITA EDITH, born April 12th, 1882. A. H. Dunsmure came out to Dimbula about 1869 and retired in 1908. He was, therefore, associated with the district from its early days.
1456 ..	April 15 1888	.. Annie Macleod Laurance	.. ANNIE MACLEOD, the beloved wife of ROBERT BISSET LAURANCE, who died at Balmoral Estate, Agra-patna, aged 49 years. In the early seventies, "further down the valley, R. B. Laurance was developing Balmoral." (See No. 1471.)
1457 ..	Dec. 3 1889	.. John Forbes Macleod	.. JOHN FORBES MACLEOD, who died at Belgravia Estate aged 68 years. Macleod was a planter in Kotmale as early as 1853. In 1862-68 he was on Kadienlena estate. Belgravia was originally one estate with Logie. It was bought by Rossiter, who opened a few acres only, and sold to Sir Græme Elphinstone and Macleod, the latter opening it. They eventually "parted" the place, Elphinstone taking Logie and Macleod Belgravia. "I can recall the Macleod's breakfast ball at the Middleton store and levée on the Craigie Lea patanas when Sir William Gregory visited the district in 1873." (H. B., in Dimbula Desk Book, 1909)..... "Coffee was then boomed, every tree reckoned worth a rupee, and the "130/- per cwt." in big letters in the supper room in Middleton store is still fresh in my memory. What happy and prosperous days those were in Dimbula, when leaf disease (although present) was considered of no consequence and laughed at, until the day arrived when coffee trees lost their vitality and gradually pegged out."
1458 ..	May 11 1891	.. Charlotte Elizabeth Laurie	CHARLOTTE ELIZABETH, the beloved wife of BUXTON LAURIE, who died at Holmwood Estate aged 36 years. Buxton Laurie was a brother of W. Forbes Laurie (No. 1281). He was on Moncrieff estate, Rattota, in 1868. Holmwood was bought in 1874 by C. S. Armstrong and R. W. Wickham, opened in the same year by "Shivering Bill" Northway, from Walaha, in coffee and cinchona In 1877 Wickham bought out Armstrong and went to reside on the estate. In 1893, the conversion into tea being completed, Wickham retired, leaving W. D. Bosanquet as manager.

Lindula Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya District—contd.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1459 ..	Oct. 27 1892	Alice Marion Maclean	<p>.. ALICE MARION, the beloved wife of A. D. MACLEAN, Esq.</p> <p>A. D. Maclean, a planter, now retired, is a nephew of the late Rev. Norman Macleod, D.D.</p> <p>He married a cousin, a sister of H. A. D. Macleod (see No. 1306). With his brother he owned property in Maskeliya, but lost money in coffee. He was for a long time at Kandenuwara, Matale, and later succeeded William Smith on Mattakele, where he remained for about twenty years. His father was a Surgeon-General of some note, who wrote a privately printed autobiography of interest. His brother was for many years a planter in Maturata, and died there <i>circa</i> 1905.</p>
1460 ..	Dec. 27 1892	Joseph Burnet	<p>.. The Revd. JOSEPH BURNET, Colonial Chaplain, who died at Belgravia aged 63 years. This memorial is erected by members of St. Andrew's, Colombo, and by friends.</p> <p>"From 1873 to 1875 the acting appointment was held by the Rev. J. R. Brodie, one of the chaplains of the planting districts, and on his departure the Rev. Joseph Burnet was appointed chaplain. Mr. Burnet's incumbency lasted for 17 years, and his genial and kindly disposition greatly endeared him to those who came in contact with him." (<i>Observer</i>.)</p>
1461 ..	Nov. 24 1893	John Lewis Hampton	<p>.. JOHN LEWIS HAMPTON, born March 27th.</p> <p>He was son of Colonel Joseph Hampton Hampton, 50th Regiment, of Bodoir, Anglesey, and married at Colombo, May 16, 1854, Charlotte Josephine, daughter of Jacob Piachaud, Actuary of the Savings Bank, by his wife Agneta Margarita, daughter of Olke van Andringa, Harbour Master of Colombo, who came from Enkhuizen. Laura Rose, a daughter of J. L. Hampton, married James Cantlay of Mount Vernon estate. His son Joseph Lewis, born May 7, 1855, was in the Survey Department. (See No. 916.)</p>
1462 ..	Sept. 12 1895	William Scott	<p>.. WILLIAM SCOTT, born February 27th, 1836.</p> <p>A planter, who was, I think, drowned.</p>
1463 ..	Sept. 13 1895	Annie Palliser	<p>.. Here rests ANNIE, the beloved wife of CECIL PALLISER, born at Drontheim, Norway, April 23rd, 1685</p>
1464	Oct. 7 1896	William Smith	<p>.. Erected by his friends in memory of WILLIAM SMITH, late of Mattukelley. One of the founders of Dimboola aged 69 years.</p> <p>A better friend never man had.</p> <p>He was a Dimbula pioneer. "Poor old William Smith. Kindness of heart (his was too big for his body), hospitality, and charity were his; losing all in the end, his heart was broken and he died. 'God rest his soul' I say; it was one of the saddest endings to a joyous life." (E. R. Wiggins, in <i>Dimbula Desk Book</i>, 1909.) He was known as "Smith of Mattukelley, or 'The Patriarch.'"</p> <p>"In 1869 William Smith was living at Craigie Lea, opening Drayton. He had 32 of the best hunting dogs that ever came to Ceylon." (A. and H. T.) He opened Mattukelley estate in 1865.</p> <p>Smith's house was a resthouse, and to him it was a personal insult of the most unforgivable character did you not partake of his splendid hospitality. Though he was a prince of hosts, yet Smith was a fearful man to argue. He would lay down the law with a fearful voice, and even though in his heart he knew he was getting the worst of the argument, he would clinch matters by saying in broad Scotch, "Young man! you will allow me to know best!" Poor old Smith! The failure of coffee and the fall in cinchona broke him, but not his spirit. A more hospitable, kind-hearted, good, generous fellow never lived than he, and it is pathetic to think that the evening of his days did not see the reward of his toil." ("I," in <i>Times of Ceylon</i> Christmas Number, 1909.)</p>

Lindula Churchyard, Nuwara Eliya District—*contd.*

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1465 ..	Jan. 8 1898	George Gordon Fairgrieve .	<p>GEORGE GORDON FAIRGRIEVE, youngest son of Rev. GEORGE FAIRGRIEVE of Saltcoats, Scotland, born 15th October, 1875. Drowned at Middleton, Talawakelle</p> <p>An Israelite indeed in whom there is no guile. Erected by a few friends and fellow planters as a mark of their love and esteem.</p> <p>He was drowned while boating on the river.</p>
1466 ..	May 17 1898	Charles William Tytler	CHARLES WILLIAM TYTLER, who fell asleep at Cranleigh, Lindula aged 45 years.
1467 ..	Aug. 1 1898	Mary Falton Kerr	MARY FALTON KERR, wife of DAVID KERR, Aberdeen Estate, Watawala, and daughter of W. H. EDWARDS, Esq., Winscomb, Somerset. Born Sept. 21st, 1874
1468 ..	Feb. 10 1900	Helen Rose Clarke	<p>HELEN ROSE, dearly loved wife of CHARLES HARWARD CLARKE, born June 15th, 1865.</p> <p>She was killed in a trolley accident on the railway, of which her husband was an official.</p>
1469 ..	May 2 1900	George Sloan Paxton	<p>GEORGE SLOAN PAXTON, only son of JOHN PAXTON, M.D., Kilmarnock, Ayrshire, Scotland.</p> <p>He was for some years under the Leechmans at Kadugannawa, and then on Hunukotuwa, Kotmale, which he left in 1887 for Brazil, his health having become affected mentally. In 1895 he returned to Ceylon, but broke down in health again while in charge of Tientsin. Latterly he was on Waltrim and Kowlahena.</p>
1470 ..	Nov. 15 1903	Arthur R. Wiggin	<p>ARTHUR R. WIGGIN, who died at Oddington aged 63 years.</p> <p>“When I came up here (Dimbula) and ‘bought in’ with my brother, it was a rough life we led in all its forms—food, work, hours, &c. Some of us lived in thatched wigwams—‘conical buildings’—some in apologies for bungalows—and O! the discomfort of it all; imagine the cigarette youth of to-day eating and drinking a 6 o’clock meal composed of bitter beer, beefsteak (O! so tough), spring onions—and we could grow these—and ‘rice rotis’ when the bread ran out For all this we lived a life of enjoyment and good fellowship unknown in these days Whisky we knew not, brandy was a medicine, and tea and coffee a treat Hunts on the Bo-pats were one of our chief relaxations. I had at one time 15 couple of hounds in my godowns, belonging partly to myself and partly to the district pack, which was maintained by subscription.” (E. R. Wiggin, in the Dimbula Desk Book, 1909.) “I remember ‘Bob’ Wiggin (A. R. Wiggin) when just out (in 1870)—a splendid specimen of a young man.” (A. L. H., in ditto.)</p> <p>A. R. Wiggin was superintendent of Fairfield estate, Dimbula, 1893–1900.</p> <p>Oddington was opened in 1868. It was originally part of Eildon Hall, and known as Melrose. The owner was A. Forrest-Harper, a Roxburgh man. It was sold about 1873 to G. W. Goodeve and his brother-in-law, A. R. Wiggin, and sold on the death of the latter to T. Fairhurst and W. C. Oswald in 1906. It is called after the village of Oddington in Gloucestershire.</p>
1471 ..	May 15 1904	Annie Isabel Bowden Smith	<p>Sacred to the memory of ANNIE ISABEL, wife of JAMES R. BOWDEN SMITH, younger daughter of the late R. B. LAURANCE of Balmoral, Agrapatna, born October 3rd, 1883</p> <p>(See No. 1456.)</p>
1472 ..	Jan. 6 1905	Robert Edward Temple	<p>In memory of ROBERT EDWARD, eldest son of ROBERT TEMPLE, late C.C.S.</p> <p>The estate was the scene of a tragedy on February 27, 1875, when Robert Temple’s youngest son, Henry, was accidentally shot and killed by his brother. Henry Temple was born January 27, 1854, and was educated at Cheltenham College. The inquest was held by Humphrey Humphreys, a well-known Dimbula planter. (See Nos. 683 and 1394.)</p>

St. Patrick's Church, Talawakele, Dimbula.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1473 ..	Sept. 16 1872	.. Patrick Ryan	.. Pray for the soul of PATRICK RYAN, who died in the Red Sea
			A granite cross outside the church. James and Patrick Ryan were brothers. James came out in 1848, Patrick, who was the youngest, some two years later. A third brother, William, came out later. He died very young, of consumption, at Gampola. Patrick died on board the <i>Peshawur</i> in the Red Sea. He had married, before he came out, Emily Sinclair, a widow. She died at Kandy, August 8, 1860. James Ryan opened and owned Lower Maddegama, Deltota (in 1857), Orwell (1857), and Rukatenna, now Sandhurst, Gampola (1861), St. Clair (1863), Stirling, St. Andrews, and Glenomera (1870), Dimbula. He married in 1857 (1) Margaret Skelton, daughter of Captain John Skelton of Orwell, Kinross, N.B., by his second wife Anne McPherson. He was induced to come out by Kennedy of Udawella, a Kew man, who had married his aunt, and was at first under Captain Holworthy. He died in 1877 at Edinburgh. His sons, James and Charles Ryan, keep up the connection with the Island and the Ryan estates. Mrs. James Ryan had two brothers in Ceylon, George Skelton of Matale, who came out with her in the <i>Albemarle</i> in 1857, and Cumming Skelton, who was at one time in the New South Wales Survey Department. George died about 1882 at Edinburgh. The brothers married sisters named Geddes, of the Jaffna family.
1474 .	Nov. 6 1887	.. Anne Marie Louise Celine Young	A la mémoire vénérée de ANNE MARIE LOUISE CÉLINE YOUNG, née DE CHERMONT épouse bien aimée de JOHN DENT YOUNG
1475 ..	May 15 1882	.. William Dent Young	. Et de leur neveu WILLIAM DENT YOUNG, S. J. Beati Mortui Qui in Domino Moriuntur. Apoc. xiv., 13. They are both buried inside the church, the graves marked by stones. This inscription is on a marble tablet. John Dent Young was in the Public Works Department, and retired as Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province. He was a son of Surgeon W. H. Young. (See No. 336.) Mrs. John Dent Young was a daughter of Prosper de Chermont, of Orion estate, Gampola, by his marriage with Amelia, daughter of Jean Marie Gottelier, who married Marie Prospère Amelie de Chermont. Prosper de Chermont was a nephew of General Prosper de Chermont, Commandant of Pondicherry. The De Chermonts belong to the Le Mercier family. John Dent's brother, William Mandilhon, married Anne Marie Clementine, another daughter of Prosper de Chermont. (See No. 728.)
1476 ..	Oct. 13 1895	.. Cecil Hamilton Heathcote..	CECIL HAMILTON HEATHCOTE, who died at Maddecoombra, Wattagoda, on the 13th October, 1895, aged 38 years. A marble tablet. He is buried in the church, and his grave is marked by a flat marble stone, which has an inscription giving the year of his birth as 1856.
1477 ..	Dec. 6 1900	.. Andrea Matteucci	.. Heic In pace Christi requiescunt Ossa et cineres D. ANDREÆ MATTEUCCI, O.S.B., Congregationis Silvestrinæ Qui Nonis Julii A.D. MDCCCLXVIII. Ficani in Italia Natus Relicta domo rebusque patris In insula Taprobana Missionis Dimbulæ curam agens VIII. Idus Decembris, A.D. MCMV. Diem Vidit Supremum Et Exultabunt Domino Ossa humiliata. Ps. 50, v. 9.

St. Patrick's Church, Talawakele, Dimbula—contd.

Serial No.	Date	Name.	Inscription.
1477 ..	Dec. 6 1900	.. Andrea Matteucci—contd. ..	<p>A marble slab in the floor.</p> <p>"Here rest in the peace of Christ the bones and ashes of Dom Andr� Matteucci, O.S.B., of the Silvestrine Congregation, who, born at Pisano in Italy, on July 7, A.D. 1868, left his country and patrimony and took charge of the Dimbula Mission. He saw the Great Day on Dec. 6th, A.D. 1900, and his bones, though humbled, will rejoice in the Lord." Ps. 50, v. 9.</p> <p>The inscription is felicitously worded, as he was drowned while bathing in the river below the church. The corresponding reference to the Authorized and Prayer Book versions would be Psalm 51, verse 8.</p> <p>Pisano is a town in the Italian Marshes, about 25 miles from Ancona.</p>

Lower Abbotsford Estate, Dimbula.

THERE is a stone monument with a marble tablet in a grove near a watercourse, a short distance from the dispenser's bungalow, on Lower Abbotsford estate, which belonged to the late Mr. A. M. Ferguson, C.M.G., with the following inscription :—

1478 ..	Sept. 21 1879	.. Margaret Christina de St. Dalmas	<p>MAGGIE'S GROVE. Our darling departed peacefully at Ulwar, Rajputana, September 21st, 1879.</p> <p>This refers to Margaret Christina, daughter of Mr. A. M. Ferguson, C.M.G., born April 8, 1852, who married on December 10, 1874, Henry Gersham Emeric de St. Dalmas, a missionary of Guernsey and Wellington, Somerset. He married (2) Susan Montague, daughter of James Fogo Bernard, M.D., and sister of Sir Charles Edward Bernard, K.C.S.I., Chief Commissioner of Burma.</p> <p>The grove was the favourite haunt of Mrs. St. Dalmas while she was a girl on Abbotsford, and she spent a great deal of her time there reading books. Abbotsford was purchased by Mr. Ferguson in 1871, when it was in forest, and managed by his son A. M. Ferguson, junior, who in 1892 became the proprietor, and gave over charge to Mr. John Fraser, the present superintendent.</p>
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St. Margaret's Church, Forest Creek, Dimbula.

"THE traveller who now enjoys the luxury of a comfortable sleep in the well-fitted sleeping carriage on our railway little thinks as he wakes up for his morning's tea in the refreshment car what a change has come over the land he is blinking at as he possibly tries to realize where his next station is. He is in a modern railway train surrounded by all that is reminiscent of 'present day' comfort, even though tinged with oriental colour. The Dimbula he is travelling through is as old as the frowning pile of hills above him, yet how changed ! The great silent forest of half a hundred years ago is now a smiling land, dotted freely with the pretty homes of the white man. The rolling hills bathed in their billows of tea, the white-roofed factories with their panting and throbbing machinery, the ever-occurring crusts and clumps of gums or grevillea, all these objects of to-day crowd on a land that might truly be called a battlefield, for here was fought the strenuous fight of subduing an untamed wilderness of woodland to this now valuable sheet of magnificent property. The traveller I spoke of at my start little knows how keen that battle was. Probably he never heard of the brave men who led the charge, the charge of the axe industry, that fought with the silent forest, that overthrew the raging streams with bridge-ways, that battled and beat misfortune. It was in the early seventies, when the fight was at its height to-day we see this splendid monument of early industry and sustained effort as we look on the beautiful vale of Dimbula as it spreads away from lofty Kirigalpotta to the Kotmalie valley: beautiful in its streams and falls, beautiful in its happy homes to-day, and peaceful as the homeland that bred the men who made it what it is at this moment—delightful Dimbula." ("I," in *Times of Ceylon* Christmas Number, 1908.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1479 ..	Dec. 4 1905	.. Thomas Earle Weekes	<p>In memoriam. This tablet is erected by a few of his many friends to the memory of THOMAS EARLE WEEKES, of Hoonocotua Estate, Kotmalie, who died at Bentota aged 32.</p> <p>He was drowned while bathing in the sea.</p>
1480 ..	Aug. 3 1905	.. Godfrey Brooks	<p>GODFREY BROOKS, born June 27, 1869 Erected by his friends.</p> <p>(A brass in the church. Inscription also on tombstone in the churchyard.) He was on Stonycliff estate, Dimbula.</p>

Churchyard of St. Margaret's, Forest Creek, Dimbula.

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1481 ..	Aug. 1 1893	.. Ernest Francis Messervy ..	ERNEST FRANCIS MESSERVY, born May 11, 1859. died at Talawakelle, Ceylon; also.....
	March 26 1894	.. Margaret Dyce Messervy	MARGARET DYCE, wife of ERNEST FRANCIS MESSERVY and daughter of ANDREW NICOL, Dimbulla, Ceylon, born July 7, 1861, died at 22, Gt. Cumberland Place, London
	Nov. 25 1893	.. Paul Messervy	Also PAUL, second son of ERNEST FRANCIS and MARGARET DYCE MESSERVY, born July 1st, 1892, died at 22, Gt. Cumberland Place, London. Alexander Nicol opened Niagara and Union, afterwards called Dimbula estates. E. Messervy died of enteric. "His sister married in 1874, as her first husband, A. Hood, who with Hunter purchased Nanu-oya estate in 1858, to which they added Talawakele estate. She married (2) Colonel Huntley Gordon, and (3), in 1887 or 1888, A. P. Hoskyns, proprietor of Katukele estate. He came out to Ceylon in 1885 owing to losses, and lived at Talawakele old bungalow. They left Ceylon in 1890. She died in April, 1907, at Lindholme, Surrey." (Dimbula Desk Book.)
1482 ..	May 5 1897	.. William Fraser	.. WILLIAM FRASER, who died at Chrystler's Farm, aged 48 years.
1483 ..	Dec. 18 1905	.. John Alexander Maitland ..	JOHN ALEXANDER MAITLAND, born Jan. 17th, 1860 The beloved Husband of JEANNIE TURNBULL STUART MAITLAND. Also a brass in the church, erected by his friends.

All Saints' Church, Agras.

THIS church was built in 1893. In the early seventies, "When I went to Diagama nothing was opened beyond that estate in the Agras, and I might add that on my first journey to the 'shanty' I had to live in, I had to cross a blackened mass of new clearings extending from what is now Hauteville Estate, right up within a short distance of where 'The Grange' bungalow to-day stands. Glasgow, Mornington, Moreville, Nithsdale, Waverly, all these were a sea of logs, charcoal, and ashes." (*Times of Ceylon* Christmas Number, 1909.)

Serial No.	Date.	Name.	Inscription.
1484 ..	July 11 1901	.. John M. Smith	.. In loving memory of JOHN M. SMITH, of Albion and Caledonia, Lindula. Born December 18th, 1836.
1485 ..	May 1 1904	.. Frances Georgiana Farquharson	In memory of my beloved wife, FRANCES GEORGIANA FARQUHARSON, suddenly called away aged 42. For 17 years a resident at Agras Estate, leaving a bright example of faith, zeal, and love. Her body rests in Lindula Churchyard. This memorial, together with the bells in the Tower of this Church, was erected by her devoted husband who mourns her loss. There is also an inscription on the tombstone in the churchyard at Lindula, which states that Mrs. Farquharson was a daughter of Richard Reade of H. M. Consular Service, and was born December 27, 1861. Her husband, Captain A. J. Farquharson, had been in the Navy, and was known as "The Admiral." He was for some years Lieutenant-Colonel commanding the Ceylon Planters' Rifle Corps.

OBITUARY OF THE UNCOMMEMORATED.

Colombo.

1486.—July 19, 1790—**François Raymond.**

He was Grand Juge of the Regiment de Meuron. There were two Grand Juges on the staff of the regiment. There is in the Archivist's office an account of a court martial held by Raymond as Grand Juge.

1487.—February 16, 1796—**Jean François Marie de Raymond.**

The Chevalier DE RAYMOND, Lieut.-Colonel in the Regiment of Luxemburg.

"Whilst our troops lay here (Grand Pass), the Dutch sent from Colombo a large party of Malays under the command of Colonel Raymond, a Frenchman, to attack us, which they did rather unexpectedly in the morning about daybreak. Our troops, however, particularly our flank companies under Col. Barbut, gave them such a warm reception that they soon retired very precipitately and with great loss; their brave commander was mortally wounded, and died a few days after." (Percival's "Ceylon," p. 92.)

This attack was made on the morning of the 12th. Colonel Raymond had his right thigh broken. He died on the 16th, and was buried on the 17th with all military honours. The garrison had surrendered on the 16th. (See De La Thombe's Account of the taking of Colombo, in Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. X., pp. 332, 336.)

The French Luxemburg Regiment formed part of the Dutch Garrison of Colombo.

A son of Lieutenant-Colonel De Raymond, Charles Alexander, married at Colombo, May 17, 1813, Lucilla Henrietta, daughter of the late Major Francis Piachaud of the Regiment de Meuron. Another son, François Marie Regnier, died at Colombo, July 2, 1810, aged 22. Lieutenant-Colonel De Raymond was born at Lacourt in the diocese (*stricht*) of Ague, district (*landschap*) of Aquennois, Province of Guienne.

There was a De Raymond at Colombo in 1818. The *Gazette* announces the death "at the Grand Pass, 18th May, Juliet Adelaide, daughter of C. H. de Raymond, Esq., aged 10 months 11 days."

1488.—June, 1797—**Welbore Ellis Doyle.**

Major-General WELBORE ELLIS DOYLE.

He had only been six months in the Island, for he relieved Major-General Steuart of the command on January 1, 1797, having arrived in December, 1796, with half of the 19th Foot. The War Office records in the Public Record Office give the date of his death as January 2, 1798, but it was evidently post-dated for pay and pension purposes, as Percival distinctly states that it occurred in June, 1797 (p. 114), and his successor, Colonel Bonnevaux, is gazetted in the India Office as having died on July 12, 1797. He was the sixth and youngest son of Charles Doyle of Bramblestown, County Kilkenny, and his next eldest brother, John, was also a General in the Army, and was created a Baronet in 1805, which perhaps is the cause of the confusion between "General Sir John Doyle" and "Sir John D'Oyly" of the Ceylon Civil Service, who, curiously enough, is usually given in Sinhalese writings the title of "General" too, probably because he accompanied the British Army to Kandy in 1815 in an official capacity, viz., that of Interpreter. General Sir John Doyle was never in Ceylon.

Major-General Welbore Doyle's grandson, Sir Francis Hastings Doyle, the third Baronet, was Professor of Poetry at Oxford, 1867-77, and author of the fine ballad "The Private of the Buffs." He died June 8, 1888. Major-General Welbore Doyle was Colonel of the 53rd Foot.

1489.—July 12, 1797—**Peter Bonnevaux.**

Lt.-Col. BONNEVAUX, in command of the Forces at Colombo.

He was a Madras officer. As the next senior officer in the Island he succeeded General Doyle in the command of the Forces, but was "killed by the upsetting of his curriole as he drove through one of the gates of the Fort, and was buried within a week of his predecessor." (Percival, p. 114.)

He was succeeded by Colonel Pierre Frederic de Meuron, of De Meuron's Regiment, as Brigadier-General in command and Chief of the Island. The Hon. Frederic North arrived by H. M. S. *Intrepid* from Bombay on April 23, 1799, and took over the Civil Government, Lieutenant-Colonel Josiah Champagné, of the 80th Regiment, being his Lieutenant-Governor, and having the command of the troops until relieved of the latter by General Hay Macdowal.

[The date of his death was ascertained from the India Office. There is no record of it in the Island.]

Lieutenant-Colonel Bonnevaux entered the Company's service as Ensign on January 15, 1768; became Lieutenant, August 3, 1770; Captain, July 9, 1779; Major, February 6, 1788; and Lieutenant-Colonel, March 18, 1794. In 1790 he was Commandant of Condapilly, a fortress and cantonment in Kistna District. He belonged to the 10th Madras Native Infantry. See Dodwell and Mills' "Alphabetical List of the Officers of the Indian Army from the year 1760, corrected to September 30, 1837." (London, 1838.)

1490.—September 2, 1799—**John Gerrard van Angelbeek.**

The last Dutch Governor of Ceylon. A description of his funeral next day is given by Cordiner, vol. I., p. 36. He was Governor from February 7, 1785, to February 16, 1796.

1491.—April 15, 1800—**Thomas Alexander Kennedy.**

Capt. KENNEDY of the 19th Foot.

"He commanded the detachment of the 19th, consisting of the light company and four battalion companies, which formed part of the escort of General MacDowal's embassy to Kandy in March-May, 1800, and having been very ill from the day of its arrival (March 24) at the 'King's Garden,' which Capt. Percival of the 19th, who was also with the Detachment, calls 'Resue Ortie Palagomby Watty,' situated on the bank of the Kelaniya river, within a mile of Ruwanwella, 'was sent by water to Colombo, where he died a fortnight after.'" (Percival's "Ceylon," p. 393.)

Half of the 19th Foot, the North Riding Regiment, arrived in Ceylon with General Doyle in December, 1796. Five companies had been at the capture of Seringapatam, and came to Ceylon from Trichinopoly. They appear to have landed at Trincomalee, but this may have been the other half of the regiment.

I have only come across one other reference to the death of Captain Kennedy, and that is in the following *Gazette* notice:—"Lieutenant Alexander Lawrence from the 77th Foot to be Captain-Lieutenant (19th Foot), vice Thos. A. Kennedy, deceased, 17th April, 1800." He was gazetted Lieutenant (19th Foot), July 31, 1793; Captain-Lieutenant, September 1, 1795. He served in the campaign in Germany, 1794-95.

Colombo—contd.

1492.—June, 1800—Charles Moreau.

The Chevalier CHARLES MOREAU of the Regiment de Meuron, A.D.C. to General CHARLES DE MEURON.

He entered the regiment August 25, 1796, "et suivant l'état nominatif déposé à la bibliothèque de Neuchâtel il a fait naufrage et péri (sic) à Colombo, Juin, 1800." (*Musée Neuchâtelois*, Jan.-Fev., 1907.) He is mentioned by Cordiner (vol. II., p. 291) as having made a drawing of the ford between Sitawaka and Avisawella, which shows that he accompanied General Macdowal's embassy to Kandy in March-May, 1800, doubtless as a guest of the General's, and so got back to Colombo on May 7, only a month or so before he was drowned.

The Swiss Regiment de Meuron for a long time had composed part of the Dutch Garrison of Colombo, but, "upon the term of its agreement having expired a few months before General Stuart was sent against Ceylon, had transferred its services to our Government." (Percival, p. 92.) It was formed May 28, 1781. During the investment of Colombo by the British news was received that it had been ceded to the East India Company, but this was not believed for some time by its officers. It took part in the siege of Seringapatam, and left India in 1806. (See "List of Madras Inscriptions," by J. J. Cotton, M.C.S., pp. 383-85.)

1493.—January 17, 1803—John Kerr.

Lieut. JOHN KERR, 19th Regiment.

He joined the 77th Foot as Ensign, February 9, 1792; Lieutenant, 19th Foot, November 18, 1795; Adjutant, January 18, 1800.

1494.—February, 1803—Gavin Hamilton.

GAVIN HAMILTON, Esqr., Agent of Revenue & Commerce for the District of Colombo, & Civil & Military Paymaster-General.

There is no announcement of his death in the *Gazette*, but Alexander Wood was appointed to succeed him on February 23. In January he had volunteered to accompany the troops in the field, and his services were accepted by the Governor, and he was thanked for "the zeal and activity which he had already shown upon this occasion." He was appointed to pay the public coolies and bullock drivers attached to the army (*Gazette* of January 31, 1803), which left Colombo for Kandy on that day. His death must have occurred before February 11, on which day the army reached Dambadeniya, where it had to halt four days "owing to the deficiency of supplies, chiefly attributed to the death of Mr. Hamilton, Collector of the Province of Colombo." (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 175.) We learn from the *Gazette* that his house was situated "near the sea, above the Mutwal Road, and adjoining to the Government Gardens of Tankey Salgado." It was formerly occupied by Mr. Joseph Greenhill, a Madras civilian, who was acting Superintendent of Revenue at Colombo in succession to Mr. Robert Andrews in 1798 and Collector in 1799. It was used by Hamilton as a cutcheri as well as a dwelling-house, and had "a large Mandoe used as stables" on the premises. He had an office in "Beer street" (Beira street) as well. (*Gazette* of April 27, 1803.)

Hamilton had accompanied Governor North to the Island, and on arrival became Private Secretary to Hugh Cleghorn, Chief Secretary. He was borne on the establishment as Principal Clerk of the Military Department with a salary of £250 a year. He was Private Secretary to Governor North at Arrippu in September, 1799, was appointed Acting Civil Paymaster, April 25, 1799. He seems to have been an officer of more experience than the rest of the civilians who arrived with, or shortly after Governor North's arrival. He had been appointed by the Paymaster-General their deputy in Ceylon with a salary of £1,000, which was "not to preclude him from some small situation in the Civil Service, by which his income may be made up to £1,500." (Despatch of Hon. H. Dundas, Secretary of State, to Governor North.) The "situation" that he first received was that of Head Assistant to the Commercial Resident (Joseph Greenhill), and he succeeded him as Agent of Revenue and Commerce for the District of Colombo, hence it would be his business to see to the supplies of the troops.

In 1800 he accompanied Governor North as far as Morotto (Moratuwa) on his tour round the Island. The Rev. James Cordiner was of the party. (See Cordiner, vol. I., pp. 167-69.) He was a subscriber of £20 to the fund for the benefit of the families of the soldiers and sailors fallen in Egypt, June 9, 1802. David Blair, C.C.S., was his sole executor (heritor); James Sutherland, C.C.S., was executor of Blair, and John Rose, agent of Sutherland in 1826.

1495.—March 20, 1803—Patrick Campbell.

Lieut. PATRICK CAMPBELL of the 51st Regt.

He was appointed Assistant Commissary of Grain and Provisions on January 6, 1803, "to do duty as such in Kandi, Lieut. Ormsby, 51st Regt., to act till he joins," but he never got to Kandy, and Lieut. Ormsby who took his place fell in the massacre at Watapoluwa. On the outbreak of the war he was stationed with Ensign Parker at Katadeniya (Kotadeniyawa, on the bank of the Maha-oya in Hapitigam korale).

"On February 6 the army arrived here and remained four days, during which time they built 'a neat redoubt.' The command of it was given to Lieut. Patrick Campbell, and it was named Fort Frederic in honor of Governor North. Lieut. Campbell remained behind to superintend the forwarding of stores to the next dépôt. He had a garrison of 100 Sepoys and twelve Europeans, with an assistant surgeon in charge of the hospital. The place was very unhealthy, it 'gave proofs soon afterwards of a most pestilential air which seemed to increase with the advance of the season,' and among many others Lieut. Campbell fell a victim.

"On March 11th he arrived at Colombo sick, and on 20th he died." (Cordiner, vol. II., pp. 170, 192.) His estate, value 200 rix-dollars, was being administered in 1806.

1496.—April 7, 1803—Sylvester Gordon.

"SYLVESTER GORDON, Esqre., First Assistant to the Agent of Revenue and Commerce of Colombo."

He died at Colombo. His estate, value 280 rix-dollars, was being administered in 1806. He came out with Governor North, one of "the three boys of thirteen," as a "copyist," on £100 a year. He was appointed Assistant in the Chief Secretary's Office in June, 1800, and he was one of the "party of gentlemen" who attended the Governor on that tour round the Island which began on June 21, 1800. (Cordiner, vol. I., p. 167.) He was subscriber of £5 to the Egyptian fund.

Colombo—contd.1497.—April 27, 1803—**Abbon de Valliere.**

“Lieut. DE VALLIERE, of H. M. Regiment of Ceylon Native Infantry.” (*Gazette*, April 27, 1803.)

In the expedition against Kandy in 1803 Lieutenant de Valliere was left on February 10 in charge of the post near Malgamuwa, in the Seven Korales, with 100 Sepoys. “A breastwork was raised and a plan laid down for his defence. He received a supply of entrenching tools and other necessities, so that he could make a firm stand in case of being attacked, and if a retreat should be necessary he could accomplish it with little loss and cross the river in a few minutes.” (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 173.)

In April, after the return of the troops from Kandy, “the deaths of both officers and men occurred so frequently that Colombo wore an aspect of great gloom and melancholy, every street contained some persons sick of the jungle fever; and the funeral processions marched through the fort in silence, to conceal from those in confinement the mournful fate of their companions.” (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 199.) An Abbon de Valliere was married at Jafna in 1844 to a Miss Kreltzhaim. Probate of Lieutenant De Valliere's estate was issued to Dr. Joseph Sansoni in June, 1803.

1498.—May 7, 1803—**Alexander Moore.**

“Lieut. ALEXANDER MOORE of His Majesty's 51st Regt.” (*Gazette*, May 11, 1803.)

His estate, value 293 rix-dollars, was being administered.

1499.—May 15, 1803—**Richard Bourne.**

“At Colombo on Sunday morning last RICHARD BOURNE, Esqr., 1st Assistant to the Agent of Revenue and Commerce at Colombo.” (*Gazette*, May 18, 1803.)

His estate, value 1,731 rix-dollars, was being administered in 1806 and still in 1813. He subscribes £5 to the Egyptian fund. Moneys belonging to his estate were still in deposit at the Treasury in 1826.

1500.—June 14, 1803—**Beauvoir Dobree.**

“On Tuesday night, the 14th inst., BEAUVOIR DOBREE, Esqr., Secretary to the Commissioner Extraordinary of the Province of the Seven Korles.” (*Gazette*, June 15, 1803.)

“Joseph Jonville, Esqr., was appointed Commissioner Extraordinary and Mr. Beauvoir Dobree was named his Secretary on the 18th of May. They immediately repaired to their stations. The latter died of the endemial fever on the 14th of the following month, and the former menaced by hostile assemblies of the Candians, made good his retreat to Colombo.” (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 203.)

It would appear likely, therefore, that Dobree is buried at Dambadeniya. He was a Lieutenant in the Colombo Militia, which was embodied on March 8, 1803, owing to the absence of the troops, which were taking part in the operations against Kandy. Jonville, “a very learned naturalist,” went out with North to Ceylon, as “cultivation of plants is a source of revenue.” (Wellesley MS., North to Dundas, January 16, 1798, *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 223.) He was “Clerk for Natural History and Agriculture.” The Governor had a small private garden at Peliyagoda, near Colombo, which was in Jonville's charge (Jonville calls it “Ortafoula,” a name I cannot explain), but he disapproved of the site, and he was appointed Surveyor-General, and then, in addition, Superintendent of the Cinnamon Plantations in May, 1801. He had accompanied Macdowal's embassy to Kandy in 1800, which was perhaps the reason why he was appointed on May 1, 1803, “Commissioner Extraordinary of Government in the Province of Seven Korles.” After this appointment proved abortive, he resumed his work as at the Cinnamon Plantations, but he cannot have continued at it for long, as the records have nothing more to say of him. We know that he had a house in the Pettah, and that his English was imperfect, for in a letter written as Surveyor-General on November 18, 1800, he remarks: “Mr. Hassing being not come in Jaffnapatnam on account of sickness or business.” (See “Ceylon Manual,” 1909, and Cordiner.) Dobree was a subscriber of £5 to the Egyptian fund.

1501.—July 31, 1803—**Johan Baptist Houlin.**

“De Lieutenant van de Artillerie HOULINE.” (Wol-vendaal Register.)

His name appears in De La Thombé's Account of the Attack and Defence of Colombo, Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. X., p. 381, where it is stated that he was put into the main guard by the Dutch Governor with two other artillery officers for having fired without the Governor's orders on an English frigate which had approached the Dutch vessels in harbour on February 11, 1796. He married in 1790 Johanna Elizabeth Oppenheimer daughter of Johannes Casperus Oppenheimer of Groswinterheim. Her sister, Anna Elizabeth, married in 1798 David Keith, Sergeant-Major, who in 1812 was a Conductor of Pioneers, and was on September 1, 1812, appointed “Ensign with Colonial rank.” Houlin's estate was being administered in 1824.

1502.—October 10, 1803—**Maria Elizabeth de Neep.**

De Huus vrouw van de Heer Kaptain DOBBERICH Dolberg.

She married Captain Solomon Dobberich of Marienburg, March 13, 1798, and had a daughter (Maria Charlotta), October 4, 1803. Evidently her death was due to childbirth. At the beginning of the investment of Colombo by the British forces in 1796, two battalions of Malays were formed for its defence, and the command of one of them was given to “Captain d'Obrick.” (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. X., p. 375.)

This officer's name is spelt elsewhere “Dobrig” (*loc. cit.*, p. 389).

1503.—November 11, 1803—**Richard King.**

“At Colombo RICHARD KING, Esq., Registrar of the Vice-Admiralty Court on the Island of Ceylon.” (*Gazette*, November 16, 1803.)

Colombo—contd.**1504.—1803—John Winn.****Lieut. WINN.**

What his regiment was I have not been able to ascertain. His name does not occur in lists of the officers of the 19th and 51st Regiments in 1803.

1505.—April 30, 1804—Dominick O'Donnell.**Lieutenant O'DONNELL, 51st Regt.**

"Lieut. O'Donnell had accompanied Capt'n. Buchan's detachment to the relief of Chilaw *via* Hanwella and Attanagala, at the end of August, 1803." (Cordiner, vol. II., pp. 230, 237.) It passed through the Alutkuru, Hapitigam, and Hina Korales.

1506.—May 23, 1804—Wilhelmina Johanna van Vlissingen.**Widow of the Dutch Governor of Coromandel.**

She was a daughter of Joan Schreuder, Governor of Ceylon. She was second wife of Regnier van Vlissingen, and was widow of Dirk van der Sluys when she married him on April 29, 1769. He had previously married, on July 7, 1761, Johanna Catherina Polsdorp of Batavia, widow of Jen van Onkelar. He was a native of Leeuwarden. Haafner, commenting on the practice of the Dutch Company of promoting persons of obscure origin to positions of authority in its service, relates a story of "Mr. Van Vlissingen, Governor of Nagapatnam, who one day made his coachman descend from the seat of his carriage in front of the Council Chamber and presented him, still dressed in his livery, to the officers of the garrison as a lieutenant." ("Account of Ceylon," quoted in *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. V., p. 108.)

1507.—October 3, 1804—Thomas Rawleigh J'ans.**At Colombo Captain J'ANS, Royal Engineers.**

He came out in the H. E. I. C. ship *Windham*, arriving at Galle, June 5, 1803. She was driven out to sea on the 6th, after fruitlessly endeavouring to regain the roads, and was forced to anchor at Tangalle, where part of the troops were landed, but "on account of the difficulty and inconvenience of transporting troops to Colombo at this Season of the year when the Roads are covered with water and many of the Bridges carried away," they were re-embarked on the 11th, and the *Windham* proceeded to Trincomalee. The *Windham* on this occasion brought the first drafts of the R.E. and R.A. to Ceylon. She had left Portland Roads on February 20. He was appointed to the charge of the Royal Engineers at Colombo, June 25, 1803, taking over from Captain Cotgrave, and a member of the Military Board, July 5, 1803.

Urquhart's "Obituary" contains a notice of the death of this officer (vol. I., p. 97), and he was probably buried in the new Galle Face Cemetery, as there is no burial entry in the Wolvendaal Register. His estate, value 1,027 rix-dollars, was being administered by the Registrar of the Supreme Court at Colombo in 1806-13.

1508.—October 17, 1804—Thomas Robert Supple.

He was a schoolmaster. His estate was being administered 1813-26.

1509.—January 8, 1805—François Louis Anselmn.**Lieut. ANSELMN, of the Wurtemberg Regt.**

Lost in the Government brig *Alexander* off Colombo; body washed ashore at Colpetty. His estate, value 960 rix-dollars, was being administered in 1806.

1510.—March 29, 1805—William E. White.

"At Colombo Lieut. WHITE of the 51st Foot, from a fall from his horse."

Ensign, 1802. Lieutenant White marched from Colombo to the relief of Chilaw with 20 men on the night of August 21, 1803, and helped in succouring the garrison on 30th and 31st, and "in dispersing the Candians and in destroying their batteries." (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 230.)

1511.—May 20, 1805—Thomas Farrell.

"On Monday, the 20th instant, a most horrible murder was committed on the Person of Thomas Farrell, Esq., of the Civil Service and Sitting Magistrate of Colombo. That gentleman was sitting in the upper Verandah of his house in the Pettah which overlooks the Churchyard at about ten O'clock in the evening, when a gun fired from the Churchyard lodged two Slugs in his Body, of which he almost instantly expired. There was no person in the Street, and the night was extremely dark, but there was a light in the Verandah which enabled the assassin to take his aim. A Dutch gentleman who was sitting in the Verandah of his House near Mr. Farrell's saw the flash and heard the Report of the Gun, and thought that he heard an Exclamation in Mr. Farrell's Voice. He immediately ran to Mr. Farrell's, and found him stretched on the Floor near a Doorway leading from the Verandah into his Room, and totally senseless. Mr. Reynolds, Surgeon of His Majesty's Ceylon Native Infantry, who had left Mr. Farrell's house not many minutes before, was immediately called back, but found him without Life. On examining the Body, he discovered two wounds, one under his left Scapula, the other on the left side of the Abdomen, from the former a large slug was extracted, but that which caused the other could not be found. The Governor and several Magistrates repaired to the House of the deceased to take the necessary informations; no traces of the murderer have yet been found, but a Reward of Five Thousand Rix-dollars was published yesterday by Government to be paid on conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of this atrocious deed, which it is hoped will lead to a discovery." (*Gazette*, May 22, 1805.)

The assassin was never brought to justice, but there is no doubt, from certain entries in D'Oyly's diary, that he was a Dutchman, and that he escaped to Kandy, where, in the beginning of 1812, he was engaged in helping to transmit a letter from Major Davie to Colombo. D'Oyly, in his diary of February 12, refers to "the Dutchman who shot the Fiscal at Colombo" as having been detected twelve days before in such an attempt, with the result that by February 7 this Dutchman had been executed at Ampitiya, so that the death of Farrell did not go unavenged. It should be noted that under the Dutch régime the Magistrate was called the "Fiscal," as he is to the present day by the people of the Matara District, where I have often heard the District Judge spoken of as the "Maha Fiscal" and the Magistrate as the "Fiscal." The Wolvendaal Register shows that "de Engelsch Fiscaal Farrell" was buried in the Pettah burial ground.

Colombo—contd.**1511.—May 20, 1805—Thomas Farrell—contd.**

From Cordiner it appears that Thomas Farrell was "one of the Magistrates or Judges of the Fiscal's Court, Colombo," in 1800, when he accompanied Governor North on his tour round the Island. (Vol. I., p. 167.) He was Sitting Magistrate and Junior Judge of the Provincial Court, Jaffna and Mannar, as well as Registrar of Lands in 1803-5. and afterwards Sitting Magistrate and President of the Court of Justices of the Peace, Colombo (appointed to the latter office February 27, 1805). A "Lieut. Thomas Farrell," of the 2nd Battalion 6th Regiment of Native Infantry, applied for "leave from Civil duties to be along with his Corps" in April, 1801.

Whether the Magistrate was related to James Agnew Farrell, who was in the Ceylon Civil Service from 1809 to 1820, I have not discovered. His estate, value 24,742 rix-dollars, was being administered by the Colombo Courts from 1806 to 1826, when the balance left was paid to his representatives in England. All that was then left of it was £11. 5s. 5d. That no memorial was apparently erected to his memory would seem to indicate that he left no relatives in the Island. He was a subscriber of £5. 6s. 8d. to the Egyptian fund.

The house where he was shot is numbered 115, Main street, Pettah. The Surgeon Reynolds referred to was Michael Nugent Reynolds, Assistant Surgeon, 51st Regiment, appointed Surgeon, Malay Regiment, March 17, 1804. He married Henrietta Justina, eldest daughter of Diederich Thomas Fretz, Commandeur of Galle, whose first husband was Lieutenant-Colonel John MacDonald.

1512.—June 13, 1805—Reynaldus Hendriksz.

"At Colombo on Thursday, 13th inst., Mr. REYNALDUS HENDRIKSZ, late Titular Captain and Old Engineer in the Dutch East India Company's Service. Aged 73 Years." (*Gazette*, June 26, 1805.)

1513.—August 23, 1805—George Baynham.

Capt. BAYNHAM, Ceylon Regt., "de Engelsch Captain Baynham." (Wolvendaal register.)

Date of burial, August 25. "Captain-Lieutenant G. Baynham from half pay 4th Foot to be Captain in the Ceylon Regiment (Ramsay's)," April 26, 1803. (General Order, March 16, 1804.)

1514.—November 14, 1805—Cooper.

At Colombo, Lieutenant COOPER, R.N.

1515.—February 9, 1806—Edward Crofton.

Captain CROFTON, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted from the 73rd Regiment a Captain in Champagne's Regiment, *vice* Morris, August 24, 1804. His estate was being administered at Colombo, 1813-32. Moneys belonging to it were in the Treasury in 1831.

1516.—March, 1806—De Mackena.

BARON DE MACKENA, Captain in the Dutch Service.

1517.—May 5, 1806—Charles Antoine Douglas.

Capt. DOUGLAS, 51st Regt., "den Engelsch Officer DOEGLAS." (Wolvendaal register.)

"Lieut. Douglas was gazetted from the 10th Foot into Ramsay's Regiment as from 3rd December, 1803 (G. O., July 30, 1804), and from this Regiment as Captain into the 51st. Captain, 25th April, 1806, exchanging with Captain Forbes J. McDonnell." (*Gazette*, May 7, 1806.)

He was Fort Adjutant of Jaffna when an Ensign till May, 1804, when he proceeded to Europe on sick leave, and was succeeded by Lieutenant F. Gordon, R.A., June 1, 1804. His estate, value 95 rix-dollars, was being administered in May, 1806.

The 51st Regiment, then the 2nd Yorkshire (West Riding) Regiment, was in Ceylon from 1801 to 1807. It arrived from Madras in February-March, 1801, 500 strong, and marched to Galle, February 5, 1807, to embark for England. It lost in Ceylon the following officers: Captains Napper and Douglas; Lieutenants Ormsby, Patrick Campbell, Peter Campbell, Stainer, A. Moore, O'Donnell, White, Chamley, Kirby; Surgeon Reeder; Assistant Surgeon Moffat.

1518.—September 2, 1806—William Kirby.

Lieut. KIRBY, Ceylon Regiment "De Engelsch Luytenant Kirbie." (Wolvendaal, September 2, 1806.)

W. Kirby from 51st Foot was Ensign, Ceylon Native Infantry, in August, 1803; Acting Ensign in the Colombo Pioneer Corps, January 20, 1804; and Lieutenant, Ceylon Regiment, March 3, 1804.

1519.—November 19, 1806—Gerrit Mess.

Den Lieutenant GERRIT MESS. (Wolvendaal register.)

1520.—November 24, 1806—Octavius Reynolds.

At Colombo, Captain REYNOLDS, 3rd Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted Captain in Baillie's Regiment from the 52nd Foot, September 5, 1805. The burial is entered in the Wolvendaal register "den Engelsch Captain Renols."

1521.—March 13, 1807—Christoph August Nett.

"den Capitaine Militaire NETT."

He belonged to Querford, and was an Ensign in 1769 and a Sergeant-Major in 1772. He was Captain in charge of the Armoury at the time of the surrender of Colombo on February 16, 1796. (*Journal*, R.A.S., C.B., vol. X., p. 391.)

Colombo—*contd.*

1522.—June 16, 1807—Laughton.

Lieut. LAUGHTON “den Engelsch Captain LOTTEN.”

Lieut. Laughton, Ceylon Regt.

See Cordiner, vol. II., p. 260, where “Lieut. Laughton” is included in a list of officers deceased. But if this refers exclusively to the period during which Cordiner was in Ceylon, it must be another Lieutenant Laughton.

1523.—October 16, 1807—W. Conradi.

“At Colombo, after a very Painful sickness during 2 Months which he very patiently referred (*sic*) Mr. W. CONRADI, the second son of Mr. J. F. Conradi, with the age 32 years.” (*Gazette*.)

The Dutch origin of this notice is manifest, *fero* = to bear, hence referred = bore.

1524.—December 2, 1807—Remmell.

Den Engelsch Cadet genaamt REMMELL.

No other references.

1525.—March 8, 1808—George Nicholas Hardinge.

Captain HARDINGE, R.N.

He was killed in action while in command of the *San Fiorenzo*, which was engaged with the French frigate *La Piedmontaise* in the Gulf of Mannar on March 6 to 8. He was buried at Colombo with full military honours, and we learn from Captain Anderson (“The Wanderer in Ceylon”) that he was buried in the Pettah Cemetery, but there is nothing to mark his grave, though there are monuments to him in St. Paul’s Cathedral and in St. Thomas’s Cathedral, Bombay. The epitaph on the latter monument is as follows :—

In youth mature, in valour tried,
But modest though a Nation’s pride ;
At Glory’s call to danger led,
The hero fought, the victor bled ;
Fame weeping heard the gallant prayer,
A patriot’s death in arms to share,
Her fond regret is cherished here,
And virtue consecrates the tear.
Postera laude recens.

“This monument is erected here by the public spirit of Bombay to consecrate the memory of Captain George Nicholas Hardinge, R.N. Animated by the example of his great master Nelson, he acquired an early fame and died a hero’s death. Commanding the *San Fiorenzo* of 36 guns and 186 men, he chased and brought into action upon three successive days the enemy’s Frigate *La Piedmontaise*, who had 50 guns and 566 men, bore a high character, and was the terror of the Indian Seas. Nobly supported by his First Lieutenant, William Dawson, by his other officers, and by his crew, he achieved a most brilliant conquest, but fell with glory in the last and critical portion of his heroic enterprise, upon the 8th March, 1808, and in the 28th year of his age. His ardent perseverance and skill in these actions were so extraordinary, that by unanimous vote of the House of Commons there was raised a monument in St. Paul’s Cathedral for a perpetual record of honour to his name and character. Thus it is that Great Britain by herself and by her colonies marks her tribute of national recompense, gratitude, and affection to heroes who devote and sacrifice life itself upon the altar of Patriotic Valour. These are tributes that will animate the courage and zeal of her champions to the latest posterity.”

He was killed by a grape-shot on the third day of the fight, after the action had lasted one hour and twenty minutes and just before *La Piedmontaise* hauled down her colours. The *San Fiorenzo* had 13 killed, and Lieut. Moysey and 25 men wounded, while the Frenchman had 48 killed and 112 wounded. “The frigate was towed a perfect wreck into Colombo on March 13th.” (*Gazette*, March 16.) She was afterwards in the British service. The French Commander was Captain Eperon.

Captain Hardinge was the second son of the Rev. Henry Hardinge, Rector of Stanhope, Durham, and he was a younger brother of Henry, 1st Viscount Hardinge, Governor-General of India. He had distinguished himself in many naval actions, and is described as “a brave and chivalric young officer.”

1526.—May 6, 1808—Charles Reilly.

“Den Engelisch Capt’n. RIELLE.”

His estate was being administered in 1813–15, but I have been unable to find any other references to him or even to what regiment he belonged. Possibly Captain Reilly was the Captain C. O’Reilly who was Commandant at Matara in 1796 and at Jaffna from January to June, 1797, who signs himself “Captain-Lieutenant” in February, 1797. (See Cotton, p. 221.) He commanded the Malay Corps on its march from Mannar to Jaffna in November, 1796.

1527.—August 6, 1808—Charles Pearce (or Pierce).

“Captain PEARCE of the 19th Regiment and Brigade
Major to ye troops.” (St. Peter’s.)

The name is spelt Pierce in the *Gazette*. He was appointed Brigade Major, *vice* Captain Hankey, August 19, 1807.

He was at Kandy with the 19th in the war of 1803, and left Kandy for Fort Macdowal at Matale on April 15 with 55 rank and file of the 19th under the command of Captain Madge, but returned to Kandy, as he was there on May 31, ill, and also on June 10, still ill and “in great danger,” but he recovered and returned to Fort Macdowal. (See letters from Quartermaster Brown and Lieut. Ormsby in Captain Anderson’s “Poems Chiefly Written in India.”) Fort Macdowal had been in a state of siege from June 25 to June 27, when Corporal Barnsley arrived, and before the officers of the garrison made a formal deposition of the surrender of Kandy. Captain Pearce was in the retreat from Fort Macdowal to Trincomalee, which was begun on June 27. Of the 55 men who garrisoned Fort Macdowal from Kandy, 19 were left behind sick and were massacred there, 13 reached Trincomalee on July 3, the remainder must have died of disease. (See Marshall, pp. 104–6, 110; Captain Johnston’s Narrative, p. 31.) He joined the 35th Foot as Ensign, April 14, 1795; Captain 85th Foot, May 22, 1800; 19th Foot, April 24, 1801.

Colombo—*contd.*

1528.—September 13, 1808—James Hollowell.

Lieut. JAMES HOLLOWELL, 2nd Ceylon Regt., 2nd
Lieut. Baillie's Regt. (3rd Ceylon), 13th Augt., 1805.

Lieutenant Hollowell belonged to Wexford. He had a son, James Hollowell, who was also in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, 2nd Lieutenant 1811–17, and Commandant at Chilaw in 1818, and a brother (?) Lieutenant William Hollowell, 3rd Ceylon Regiment. Lieutenant James Hollowell, junior, married at Galle, in 1811, Catherina Adriana Fybrandsz, who was born in 1787 and died December 13, 1858, at Jaffna. Their daughter, Amelia, married James Thomas Anderson, junior, son of James Thomas Anderson of Jaffna.

1529.—October 16, 1808—James Dunkin.

JAMES DUNKIN, Esqre., Advocate Fiscal. (St. Peter's register.)

Also in Wolvendaal register, "den Engelsch Advocate Fiskaal den Heer Donkien in het binne kerkhof."

In September, 1799, Mr. James Dunkin, who had "practised for a considerable time at the bar at Dublin and at Calcutta," and whom Governor North describes as "well versed both in the Civil and Criminal Law," was appointed to "act as a Judge of the Court of Criminal Law," with a salary of 400 pagodas per mensem. He is referred to by Cordiner (vol. I., p. 187) as being "one of the Judges of the Supreme Court" in 1800, in which capacity he accompanied Governor North in his tour round the Island in that year. In the same year, however, we find him Provincial Judge of Galle, and on February 19, 1801, he was appointed Advocate Fiscal of Ceylon. In July, 1802, he was at Jaffna acting as Advocate Fiscal, possibly on circuit with the Supreme Court. But on March 24, 1803, he was again at Jaffna, and wanted "to lease the ground in Wannarponne, formerly the dwelling place of the Dutch Company's slaves." ("Jaffna Diary.") On June 29, 1803, he was appointed "Sitting Magistrate for the Town, Fort, and District of Jaffnapatam"; in 1806 he was Provincial Judge at Jaffna; on April 2, 1806, he was appointed Advocate Fiscal again. He submitted to Government, on February 19, 1801, a "Criminal Code for the Island of Ceylon." Governor North says of him (July 30, 1800): "Old Judge Dunkin is 70 years of age, equitable, indefatigable, humane, and learned." He was 78, therefore, at the time of his death. There was a Major Dunkin of the 51st Regiment at Sitawaka in March, 1805. He was commanding the regiment in March, 1806. James Dunkin subscribed £25 to the Egyptian fund.

1530.—December 17, 1808—Johan Frederic Conradi.

"Den Weledele Heer JOHAN FREDERIC CONRADI." (Wolvendaal register.)

"He had been in the Dutch East India Company's Service, and set up as an Auctioneer in Colombo during the first years of the British Rule. He died at the age of 59, and left a widow and eleven children." (*Gazette*.)

His eldest daughter, Carolina Dorothea, born 1779, married, 1794, George Louis Bernhard of Montebeliard, Colonel in Regiment Meuron. (Their daughter, Juliana, married at Galle Captain John Pike of the 73rd in 1820.) The third daughter, Theodora Wilhelmina, born 1788, married in 1804 Lieutenant Peter Smellie, 51st Regiment. Another, Carolina Augusta, married, July 22, 1808, Francis Dickson, commanding the brig *Ariel*, afterwards Master Attendant of Colombo. A fourth daughter, Eliza, married Lieutenant Thomas Henry Green of the 1st Ceylon, January 24, 1816; the second daughter, Everardina Petronella, born 1786, married Captain Parker, 2nd Ceylon, 1820, at Galle; the sixth and youngest, Johanna, married at St. Peter's, Colombo, August 30, 1828, Lieutenant Charles Hamilton Roddy, Ceylon Regiment.

Johan Frederic came from Kirckheim, and was probably a son of Carl Christian Conradi, Secretary of the Prince of Nassau in 1779, by Anna Margaretha Dorrhee. (See Nos. 101, 130, 163, 379, 573.)

1531.—April 19, 1809—Herbert Beaver.

Major HERBERT BEAVER, 19th Regt.

Major Beaver received a public funeral. A general order was issued by the Commander-in-Chief directing minute guns to be fired at the time of his funeral equal to the number of his years, "this last though unusual testimony to his merits," and his death was referred to "as severe a loss as the society of this small settlement has perhaps ever sustained." "He had embarked with his Regiment from Travancore at the commencement of the late Disturbances in that quarter, and returned a few days since in the *Piedmontaise* with a complaint that left no hopes of his recovery, and which terminated his existence this morning at 2 o'clock." (G. O. of April 4, 1809.) He left a widow and three children in England.

The funeral was attended by the Governor, the Military and Civil Services, the Drum and Fife of the 89th (recently arrived), and the band of the 3rd Ceylon. The Military were under the command of Major McBean, the senior Major in the garrison (see No. 590). The firing party consisted of the European Grenadiers and Light Infantry in garrison. H. M. S. *Piedmontaise* had arrived at Colombo on April 14, bringing Major Beaver and Captain Bates, R.A. For an account of the doings of Major Beaver in Ceylon see Cordiner, vol. II., pp. 194–95. One of these was the capture of the Kandyan redoubt at Mugurugampola, close to where the Mirigama railway station now stands, on March 19 in that year. He transferred from the 51st to the 19th Regiment in 1802, and in November was Commandant at Negombo. He was Commandant at Matara from August 19, 1803. He had been commanding a detachment of the 65th Regiment at Attagala in April, 1803. In September he was at "Catoone" (Katuna) in the Matara District, and marched from there to Hambantota, arriving at the latter place on October 6. So far we are taken by Cordiner. The *Gazettes* show that in 1804 disturbances broke out again, and on September 28 Major Beaver captured Batugedera "by discharge of eight Cohorns and a general charge of the troops led by Captain Pollock," and then took his forces by two different routes to Denewaka after a most difficult march over high hills, and reached Denewaka at 1 P.M. on September 29 with only one casualty, a man of the R.A. badly wounded, the First Adigar with his men fleeing before him. One chief and seven other prisoners were taken and Denewaka destroyed. Major Beaver "proceeded southwards and laid waste that fertile tract of country, abounding in villages and granaries, and extending from Batagedera to Catoone, which he reached on Oct. 15th." The troops were 13 hours coming 6 miles one day. They joined the party under Lieutenant-Colonel Maddison, of the 65th, Commandant of Galle, a short distance from Catoone. In 1805 he was Acting A.D.C. to Governor Sir Thomas Maitland.*

1532.—April 29, 1809—William Hilliard.

Major HILLIARD, 89th Regt. (St. Peter's register.)

Also in Wolvendaal register, "den E. Majoor William Hillieaar" (April 30 in both). The 89th arrived at Colombo, April 14, 1809, by H. M. S. *La Piedmontaise*, under the command of Major Hilliard. He died little more than a fortnight after landing. His widow, Eliza Harding, married Mr. George Laughton, Master Attendant, Colombo, May 28, 1810. (See Nos. 303, 579.)

* Major Beaver was born February 24, 1764, son of Rev. James Beaver of Lewknor, Oxfordshire, and was gazetted to the 48th Foot, March 31, 1783; Lieutenant, October 13, 1790; 19th Foot, January 16, 1792; Captain, December 2, 1794; Major, September 3, 1803. He served in the campaign in Holland, 1794–95, as A.D.C. to Brigadier-General Coates. There is a memorial tablet to him in Childry Church, Berks.

Colombo—contd.1533.—August 21, 1809—**John Wilson.**

Major JOHN WILSON, H. M. 12th Regt.

Also in Wolvendaal register, "Deputy Barrack Master-General on Ceylon" (name as often as not spelt "Willson," as it is in this *Gazette*). The offices of Deputy Quartermaster-General and Deputy Barrackmaster-General were amalgamated on his death. This officer is not to be confounded with Lieutenant-Colonel John Wilson, who arrived with Sir Thomas Maitland. Each of them was Deputy Quartermaster-General. Major John Wilson belonged to the 12th Foot, and was Town Major of Colombo (or Brigade Major) in 1802. When the troops set out from Colombo on the expedition to Kandy in 1803, they encamped the first two nights on the bank of the Kelani at Pass Betal, and on February 12 were inspected by the Governor. That evening the Governor, General Macdowal, and the greater part of the officers dined "in the cocoa-nut club bungalow, situate on an eminence on the banks of the river about three furlongs from the encampment. The entertainment was given by the Town Major, John Wilson, who on this occasion gave a pleasing specimen of his wonted hospitality." (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 169.) He lived in a house belonging to Mr. Hugonis's widow in "Baan Street" in the Fort.

He was a member of the Military Board at Colombo, appointed to act during the continuance of this expedition, January 29, 1803. He had charge of the Caffre Corps from the day of their landing in November, 1802, until he handed over to Colonel Baillie, and was in charge of the Corps of Free Malays during the absence of Captain Arthur Johnston, who had proceeded to sea for four months on his return from the first expedition to Kandy, April 23, 1803. He was recruiting officer for the Colombo Militia on the embodiment of that Corps in March, 1803. On June 6, 1803, he was appointed Acting Commissary of Grain and Provisions during the indisposition of Captain Macpherson. He was appointed "Barrackmaster-General on Ceylon" May, 1805, which office he held till his death. His estate was still being administered by the court in 1813-17; its value was 48,596 rix-dollars.

1534.—September 19, 1809—**Hamilton Magrath.**

Captain MAGRATH, 89th Regt. (St. Peter's register.)

Also in Wolvendaal register, "den E. Capt. Magrast." There is a reference in *Gazette* of April, 1813, to "Mrs. Macgrath, late of Galle, Deceased," possibly his widow.

1535.—February 27, 1810—**Johan Wilhelmus Uhlenbeck.**

"den Weledeln Manhaften Heer JOHAN WILHELM UHLENBECK," late Captain in the Dutch East India Co.'s Service. Aged 66 years 27 days. (Wolvendaal register and *Gazette*.)

He was son of Christiaan Uhlenbeck and Anna Catherina Brembeek, was born at Velbert, 1744, served under Frederick the Great, fled the country in consequence of a duel, entered the service of the Dutch East India Company as a soldier in 1768, and rose to the rank of Commandant of Galle. He married at Kalutara in 1775 Maria Wilhelmina Gildemeester. A son of his (probably) was a cadet in the Engineer Corps in the service of the Dutch Company at the surrender of Colombo. (Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. X., p. 391.) "The family of Uhlenbeck lived for many years on the former *vrygoed* of the same name, which is in the immediate neighbourhood of the little town Velbert in the dukedom of Berg." (Translation from "Genealogy," by Professor Uhlenbeck of Leyden.) "*Vrygoed*" = free property.

1536.—March 15, 1810—**William Hollowell.**

"Lieut. HOLLOWELL, 3rd Ceylon. (St. Peter's and Wolvendaal registers.) Aged 45, surviving his wife only a few months and leaving a numerous family." (*Gazette*.)

"Ensign W. Hollowell from the Mannar Independent Company to be Ensign Caffre Corps," January 1, 1805. The date given is date of death. One of the sons was probably Samuel Hollowell, who married Henrietta Frederica Mortier, and had three children, John Arnold, Sarah Amelia, and William Junius. Daughters of William were probably Amelia and Sarah Hollowell, who with Lieutenant-Colonel Cosby Warburton and Mrs. Jane Warburton were sponsors to the children of Samuel in 1829 and 1831. Mrs. William Hollowell died at Colombo on September 24, 1809.

1537.—May 22, 1810—**John Lyster.**

Lieutenant LYSTER, 66th Regt., "den Lieutenant Mr. LYSTER." (Wolvendaal register.)

Lieutenant, May 29, 1809.

1538.—June 11, 1810—**Richard Phepoe Nixon.**

Lieut. R. P. NIXON, 2nd Ceylon Regt.

"Lieut. Nicksen" in Wolvendaal register; "Nixon" in St. Peter's register. "2nd Lieutenant R. P. Nixon from 19th Foot to be 1st Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, *vice* Seguin, resigned, August 19, 1807." Lieutenant Nixon made a will at Galle on May 22, 1810, leaving his property of Kilmore, County Cavan, to his cousin James Swanzy. His estate was being administered in 1816-17. He was elder son of Adam Nixon of Creeny, Co. Down, by his wife Rose, daughter of Richard Phepoe, and had been a Cornet in the 13th Light Dragoons. He was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, August 6, 1807, and Lieutenant 19th Foot, August 7, 1807, and also Adjutant.

1539.—January 17, 1810—**Arthur Saunders.**

Lieut. SAUNDERS, 19th Regt. (St. Peter's.)

He appears to have been attached to the 3rd Ceylon Regiment. His estate was being administered in 1813-26.

1540.—January 18, 1811—**John Thompson.**

Lieutenant THOMPSON, 89th Regt. (St. Peter's.)

His rank in the regiment dates from September 4, 1806.

Colombo—contd.1541.—June 17, 1811—**Robert Ball.**At Colombo, Capt. BALL, 19th Regt. (*Gazette* and St. Peter's register.)

He was attached to the 3rd Ceylon. (Captain, April 8, 1804.) His estate was being administered in 1813. He had been an Ensign in the 1st West India Regiment and joined the 19th Foot on October 3, 1799; became Lieutenant, June 9, 1803; and rejoined the 19th, October 25, 1809.

1542.—September, 1811—**Thoms J. Hardyman.**

Lieut.-Col. T. J. HARDYMAN, 2nd Ceylon Regt.

He was gazetted from half-pay of the 46th Regiment to the 2nd Ceylon Regiment on September 1, 1808. He became Lieutenant-Colonel on September 25, 1803. There is no obituary notice in the *Gazette*, and the only reference to the date of his death is in the list of deceased persons whose estates were being administered in 1826, where the date of his death is given as "September, 1811."

1543.—October 14, 1811—**Johan Franken.**

"Late Junior Merchant in the Dutch East India Company."

1544.—December 16, 1811—**Samuel Daniell.**

SAMUEL DANIELL, Esq.

He was a protégé of Sir Thomas Maitland, Governor (1805–11), who appointed him Assistant to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue and Commerce, March 19, 1806. He had arrived by H. M. S. *Greyhound* at Galle on August 14, 1805. He had lived for four years in the interior of Africa, making drawings, &c., having gone out early in life to the Cape of Good Hope. He was nephew of one R.A. of that name and brother of another. He died at the age of 36. (See *European Magazine* of September, 1812.) He published a work called "African Scenery." His copperplates, prints, water colours, brushes, &c., were advertised for sale at Loughlin's Auction Rooms on May 9, 1812. Coloured prints of Ceylon drawn by him and his brother William were for sale at Colombo in November, 1812. He is described as being "Superintendent of the Forests" at the time of his death.

"The then eccentric Samuel Daniell, Esq., Ranger of the Woods and Forests, celebrated for his beautiful drawings of the animals of Ceylon, was known throughout the Island by the soubriquet of 'Sam.'" (Bennett, pp. 386, 260.) Bennett tells two stories of Daniell, illustrating "the known eccentricity of that facetious gentleman." One relates to the manner in which he induced Sir Thomas Maitland to appoint him Ranger of Woods and Forests, an appointment made specially for the occasion, and which was not filled up after his death; and the other, an anecdote at one time very current in Ceylon, of his having suggested the sending of "elephants' petit toes" pickled in strong toddy vinegar and cayenne pepper to Earl Bathurst, Secretary of State, as a delicacy.

The two R.A.'s referred to were his uncle Thomas Daniell (1749–1840), and his brother William, who died in 1837, aged 68. Thomas was the son of an innkeeper at Chertsey. He went with his nephew William, aged 14, to India in 1784, and they were there ten years, travelling over a large part of it, "gathering stores in a region then unvisited by artists," of which they made good use after their return to England. They published "Oriental Scenery" in six volumes in 1808. Thomas was elected a R.A. in 1799 and William in 1822. The following remarks by Mr. Martin Hardie apply as regards Africa and Ceylon to Samuel Daniell, as they do as regards India to Thomas and William:—"Towards the beginning of the nineteenth century there seems to have risen a love of travel, coupled with a keen interest in foreign countries and the manners and customs of their inhabitants. . . . But this interest was not confined to the Continent, for Englishmen were beginning to give their attention to India and its Government, its sport and its possibilities. The principal promoters, by means of book and picture, of this interest in India were Edward Orme and Thomas and William Daniell." ("Bengal Past and Present," vol. III., pp. 308–10.) Samuel Daniell published "A Picturesque Illustration of the Scenery, Animals, and Native Inhabitants of the Island of Ceylon, in Twelve Plates Engraved after Drawings from Nature," in London, 1808. The Edward Orme referred to published a book of "Ceylon Views" by Lieutenant Lyttleton in 1819. There is a biography of Samuel Daniell in the "Dictionary of National Biography."

1545.—February 19, 1812—**Noah Perks.**

Capt. PERKS, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

"Ensign Noah Perks from the 30th Foot to be Lieutenant, Champagne's Regiment," June 6, 1805.

1546.—March 19, 1812—**Edward Clarke.**

Capt. CLARKE, 1st Ceylon Regt., Commandant, Negombo.

Commandant, Caltura, October 1, 1811; ditto Negombo, November, 1811, when he belonged to the 4th Ceylon Regiment. His widow married M. J. Smyth, C.C.S. His eldest daughter, Jemima, married W. Huxham, and his youngest, Sophia, Charles Brownrigg, C.C.S., at Colombo, on the same day, February 2, 1824. (See No. 1565.)

1547.—July 31, 1812—**Oeke Andringa.**

Captain of the Navy and Master Attendant of Colombo in Dutch East India Co.'s Service. Aged 72.

1548.—August 24, 1812—**P. W. O'Brien.**

Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

1549.—November 29, 1812—**Charles von Oldenkop.**

Second Lieut. VAN OLDENKOP, 2nd Ceylon Regt.

His estate was being administered in 1817. He joined March 29, 1810.

1550.—December 3, 1812—**William R. Henderson.**

Lieutenant HENDERSON, 1st Ceylon Regt.

Estate being administered in 1819.

Colombo—*contd.*

1551.—December 10, 1812—James Macdonnell.

Lieut. JAMES MACDONALD, 2nd Ceylon Regt.

The name is spelt "Macdonald" in both St. Peter's and Wolvendaal registers, but "Macdonnell" in *Gazette* (a very common practice with regard to this name is to spell it either way). "2nd Lieut. J. Macdonnell to be 1st Lieut., 2nd Ceylon, 1st Augt., 1811." The Army List gives the date of his death as December 10.

1552.—January 8, 1813—John English.

Captain JOHN ENGLISH, 66th Regiment.

He was tried by court martial in 1811 for "having used insulting language to John Downing, Esq., Customs Master of Trincomalee," and was sentenced to six months suspension and loss of seniority. The 66th (Berkshire) Regiment, now the 2nd Berkshire Regiment, arrived in 1804, and left finally in 1814. "After the peace of 1815 it was disbanded, and the officers who sold out got the offer of free grants of land in Canada." (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. V., p. 419.) It lost in Ceylon Captains English and Gordon; Lieutenants Urquhart, Lyster, Hand, N. J. Smith, John Elsey (Adjutant); Assistant Surgeons Campbell and Morse.

1553.—January 13, 1813—Alexander Johnston.

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, Esqr., Sitting Magistrate of Biagam.

He was "son of the late David Johnston, Esq., Advocate of Lathrisk in the County of Fife"; arrived at Colombo, September, 1801, and was appointed Assistant in the Accountant-General's Office; succeeded A. Cadwell as Deputy Paymaster of the Eastern Division, April 15, 1803; Agent of Revenue, Magam Pattu, 1805; do. Trincomalee, April, 1805; handed over to J. Kerby, June 20, 1805.

1554.—January 26, 1813—Patrick Campbell.

Assistant Surgeon of the 66th Regt.

1555.—February 26, 1813—Philip Fanning.

Lieutenant PHILIP FANNING of the 19th Regiment.

There was an Ensign Frederick A. Fanning in the 66th, who arrived by the *Windham* on July 13, 1805, and was gazetted 1st Lieutenant, Baillie's Regiment, on October 1, 1805. He was Captain, 4th Ceylon Regiment, 1811, and exchanged into the 22nd Foot, May 1, 1811. There is no record of Philip Fanning in the Army Lists or elsewhere.

1556.—April 23, 1813—Marie Joseph Benjamin de Breard.

"Late Lieut. in the Regt. of Meuron." (Wolvendaal register.)

He was son of Nicholas Marcetten de Breard and Marie de Gourville, and was born at Rochefort. His daughter Dorothea married (1) Lieutenant Giesler, (2) Johan Joachim van der Spar. (See No. 559.)

1557.—September 13, 1813—Pieter Sluysken.

"On Monday evening, the 13th instant, in the 74th year of his age, the Hon. Peter Sluysken, Esq., late of the Dutch East India Company's Civil Service, and formerly of their Factory at Surat. His remains were accompanied to the grave by the whole of His Majesty's Civil and Military Servants—a token of respect which he amply deserved, not only from the General Integrity of his character, but from his unbounded hospitality to the British Officers at the period of the capture of this Colony in 1796, which is still remembered with a melancholy pleasure by a few of the elder residents in this Island." (*Gazette*.)

He had come to Colombo for the benefit of his health, and on February 13, 1796, when the Fort of Colombo was invested, wrote to Colonel Stuart for permission to leave the Fort with his family. This was granted, and he "withdrew to a country house on the Grandpass road." (*Journal, R.A.S., C.B.*, vol. X., p. 383.) In the *Gazette* of May 13, 1813, "the house and garden of the late Mr. Sluysken, situated in the 'Groene Weg,' are referred to.

He belonged to Amsterdam, and was Commandeur of Galle in 1788, and thereafter Gezaghhebber of Surat. (See Nos. 285 and 533.)

1558.—December 20, 1813—James Anderson.

Dr. JAMES ANDERSON, Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals and Head of the Medical Department in the Island of Ceylon. (Also in Wolvendaal register.)

He arrived and was appointed Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, July, 1811. The following notice appears in the *Gazette*:—"By the death of this Gentleman his friends have lost a sincerely respected member of their Society, who will long and deservedly be regretted by them, and his King and Country have been deprived of a zealous and honourable officer, who served during the last 19 years of his life with more than common Reputation in Great Britain, in Egypt, at the Cape of Good Hope, in Spain and Portugal, and latterly in this Island. The whole of Dr. Anderson's conduct has been marked with the approbation, favour, and friendship of his immediate Superiors, particularly of Major-General Lloyd, long his commanding officer in the 17th Dragoons, and of those distinguished Generals, Sir Thomas Graham and Sir Rowland Hill. His remains were attended to the Grave yesterday morning by the whole of His Majesty's Civil and Military Servants at this Station." (*Gazette*, December 22, 1813.)

Dr. Anderson accompanied Governor Brownrigg on his visit to Galle, August 31, 1812.

Colombo—contd.1559.—October 14, 1814—**Thomas Blake.**

Quartermaster BLAKE, 19th Foot.

He was born in 1775. He was appointed Quartermaster from Sergeant-Major, in succession to Quartermaster Brown, who fell at Watapulawa, April 12, 1804. He served in the Travancore campaign. His daughter, Ann, who married a Weinman, died July 31, 1824, aged 25.

1560.—November 25, 1814—**William Kerr.**

Mr. WILLIAM KERR, Superintendent of the Royal Botanic Gardens.

“ In 1813 William Kerr, a Kew gardener and collector, who had previously been in Java, Canton, and the Philippines, was appointed by Sir Joseph Banks, Superintendent of the Botanical Garden at Slave Island, Colombo.” (*History of Ceylon Botany*, by G. S. Boulger in Trimen’s “ *Handbook of Ceylon Botany*,” vol. V., p. 373.) The gardens occupied 7 acres of land in part of Slave Island, described by Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell as being “ all but an island in the lake,” but as this site was liable to flooding, the establishment was, in 1813, moved to Kalutara, at a place called Uggalboda, on the left bank of the river. The site in Slave Island was called Kew, and is still known by that name.

1561.—March 19, 1815—**Philip de Buillon D’Auvergne.**

PHILIP, son of the Prince de Buillon D’Auvergne.*

Date is of burial. (St. Peter’s register.)

1562.—March 27, 1815—**Diederich Thomas Fretz.**

DIEDERICH THOMAS FRETZ, Esq., late Commandeur of Galle, in the Dutch Service, aged 71 years 5 months and 25 days.

“ The remains of this very respectable gentleman were followed to the grave by the principal Civil and Military Servants of the Government, and by an intimate concourse of the Dutch and other inhabitants.” (*Gazette*.) (See Nos. 573 and 581.)

1563.—April 18, 1815—**Thomas (or William) Blevin.**

Ensign of the Malay Invalids.

There was a William Blevin, of the Ceylon Pioneer Lascars, appointed Ensign (Colonial rank) of Malay Invalids at Calpentyne, *vice* Keith, deceased, March 1, 1813.

1564.—July 21, 1815—**Thomas Gerrardus Hofland.**

“ At Colombo, THOMAS GERRARDUS HOFLAND, Esqr., Merchant in the late Dutch E. I. Company’s Service, Principal of the Commercial Office and Member of the Dutch Council. Aged 60 years.

“ This Gentleman in his Domestic and Social life greatly endeared himself to a wide circle of Friends, who join with an afflicted and disconsolate Family in lamenting the loss of a most upright Gentleman and valuable Member of their Society.” (*Gazette*, July 26, 1815; also in *Asiatic Journal*.)

1565.—January 9, 1816—**Simon Pearce Davies.**

“ At Colombo, Lieut. DAVIES, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, after a most painful and lingering illness which he bore with the true patience of a Christian.” (*Gazette*, January 10, 1816.)

In General Order of January 11, 1816, “ The Lieutenant-General takes this opportunity of paying a tribute of justice to the memory of Lieutenant S. P. Davis (*sic*) by a Public acknowledgment of His zealous Service and of the sincere concern he feels at the loss of so meritorious an Officer.” He joined the regiment on July 25th, 1810.

1566.—February 7, 1816—**Augustus Chambers.**

Lieut. CHAMBERS, 12th Regt., Native Infantry.

He was a passenger by the Honourable Company’s ship *Wellington* from Madras to England. He was appointed Cadet on January 3, 1806. He died “ of a liver complaint.” His estate was being administered in 1817.

1567.—March 3, 1816—**Jacob Burnand.**

“ At Colombo, aged 64 years, JACOB BURNAND, Esq., late a Senior Merchant in the Dutch East India Company’s Service, universally regretted.”

“ This gentleman arrived in Ceylon in 1778 as Junior Merchant, and was shortly appointed as Chief of the Batticaloa District, and then subsequently, on account of his superior local knowledge, to the high office of Dessauva of Jaffnapatnam.” (*Gazette*, May 27, 1816, and *Asiatic Journal*, October, 1816.)

“ The late Jacobus Burnand, Esq., a Dutch gentleman, whose name is deservedly remembered at Ceylon with respect and regard, for he was distinguished both by his zeal for the welfare of the Island through the introduction of the culture of valuable exotics from the Malay Peninsula and the Dutch Islands of Java, Banda, and Amboyna, and by his botanical acquirements.” (Bennett, p. 218.)

In 1809 Jacob Burnand appears to have purchased a house within the Fort of Colombo from the Government for 9,000 rix-dollars, money of Ceylon. “ The house was situated in the street leading to the Main Gate, bounded on the north by Coernede Street, east by houses of Mr. Max, and so on. The names of Mr. Smith and Mr. Mack and Uhlenbeek appear on the deed.” (*Monthly Literary Register*, vol. I., p. 264.)

“ When the Governor and Council of Ceylon requested Sir Alexander Johnston to go to England officially in 1809 for the purpose of explaining to the late Lord Londonderry, the then Secretary of State for the Colonies, the real state of Ceylon, and the nature of the different alterations and improvements which were deemed necessary by General Maitland (the then Governor) and himself (he being one of the Members of Council) in every Department of Government, Sir Alexander, after making them acquainted with the objects for which he was going to England, requested all the Dutch

* Philip D’Auvergne, Prince de Buillon D’Auvergne, was an officer in the British Navy. His ship must have been calling at Colombo when his son, probably a midshipman, died there.

Colombo—contd.1567.—March 3, 1816—**Jacob Burnand—contd.**

and native inhabitants of the Island candidly to give him their detailed opinions upon those subjects with which they were respectively the most conversant. In consequence of this request, Monsr. Burnand, a Swiss by birth, but one of the oldest and most distinguished of the Dutch Civil Servants, who had been constantly employed in the most confidential situations by the Dutch Governor Vandergraf, particularly in that of Chief of Batticaloa, and who by his great ability and knowledge of the people had improved that Province in a very remarkable manner, gave this memoir to Sir Alexander, in which he, Monsr. Burnand, takes a general view of the different systems of Government introduced to Ceylon by the Portuguese, the Dutch, and the English, and enters very much into detail."

Sir Alexander Johnston, at the request of Lord Londonderry, made a translation into English of this memoir. He considered it one of the most useful documents Lord Londonderry could read upon the subject of Ceylon. The translation is published in the *Monthly Literary Register*, vols. III. and IV. (1895-96). It is entitled, "Fragments of the Ancient and Modern State of the Island of Ceylon, and its Agriculture; on the Liabilities to Service of its Inhabitants; its Revenue in General; and some Considerations on the Establishment of the Permanent System of Taxation, and Administration, for the Interior of the Island," A.D. 1809.

1568.—May 11, 1817—**William Turville May.**

Of the Ordnance Civil Department.

He "bathed in the Sea 2 miles south of the Fort on the evening of the 11th May with several others, including Lieut. Gray, who called to him not to go in far on account of sharks.

"Mr. May was an excellent swimmer, and plunging into the nearest Surf he did not rise till he was some way beyond it. After playing about a short time he struck out into deeper water, when Lieut. Gray, who was within the Surf and aware of the danger from sharks, called out to him not to go any further; at that moment the swell of the Surf hid him from Mr. Gray, but some of the party who were standing higher on the shore saw him on a sudden struggle, and sink. He rose again directly and cried out 'A shark, a shark, no joke, no joke, upon my honour I am bit,' but he did not seem to be much hurt, for he swam with great strength towards the shore. Lieut. Gray rushed forward to his assistance, and just as they were near meeting the shark seized him again, but he was not pulled under water, and only cried out, 'I am bit, I am bit.' Mr. Gray then got hold of him, and at that moment he saw the shark make a third attack. They were now very near the shore, and Mr. Gray, with the assistance of another young man, succeeded in getting him on dry land. He had sunk upon his knees as they were supporting him, and was endeavouring to speak, but could only utter convulsive inarticulate sounds. They thought he was fainting, and got him some water, which they pressed him to drink; he moved his head, opened his eyes, and attempted to swallow, but immediately sank down again and expired without a groan. The whole of his flesh with all the blood vessels was torn away from the back of his left thigh for a considerable space above the knee. The laceration was so dreadful that Mr. Martin, the Surgeon, who hastened to see him on hearing of the accident, declared 'It would have been impossible to save him had he been on the spot.' The great effusion of blood must have produced immediate death. He did not, in fact, survive above 2 minutes. It is possible the fatal wound was given in the second and third attacks, when Lieut. Gray saw the ravenous monster in the act of seizing his unhappy victim. The shark appeared to be rather small, with a large head, but the water was so discoloured with blood that it could not be distinctly seen.

"William Turville May was only 22 years of age. He came to Trincomalee in the *Chapman* on the 7th of October, 1815, and arrived at Colombo on the 29th of November following. He was an amiable young man, much liked by his companions, who observed that he had been that evening remarkably cheerful and in higher spirits than usual, just before the accident happened." (*Gazette*, May 17, 1817.)

The surgeon referred to was Assistant Surgeon George Martin of the 73rd Regiment, who succeeded John Cassidy as Surgeon of the 1st Ceylon Regiment on May 29, 1817.

1569.—July 26, 1817—**Johan Pieter Vogel.**

"Late Lieutenant in the Dutch East India Company's Service at Colombo."

He belonged to Bremen, and married, as a Corporal, at Colombo, July 19, 1789, Anna Catherina Philipina Rumph of Colombo.

1570.—August 12, 1817—**Benedict Edward Reyne.**

"Ancien Chirurgien-Major du Regiment de Meuron, at Vancouleur near Colombo, aged 67."

He married at Colombo, March 11, 1798, Hilligonda Carolina Rosetta von Rossum, widow of Johan Hendrik Schroter. She came to Ceylon with an *attestatie* of membership of the Dutch Reformed Church from Cochin in 1794. Her daughter by B. E. Reyne, Antoinette Elizabeth, born 1799, married the Hon. John Rodney when she was in her 16th year in 1815. (See Nos. 3 and 1399.)

She had eight children by him. Her son, George Bridges, probably called after Lieutenant-Colonel George Bridges, R.E., who was in Ceylon 1803-11, and left with Sir Thomas Maitland, became Lieutenant-General. She was born in 1799, and died November 26, 1868. Her brother was Captain Pierre Benoit Reyne, Ceylon Rifles, at one time Commandant of Galle and afterwards of Trincomalee. The family is said to have come from Vancouleurs in France. There was another member of it at Colombo in 1817, "Anthoine Pierre Louis Reyne, Esq.," possibly a brother of Benedict's. Benedict left 40 rix-dollars each to "all godsons of his who should appear within three months and prove by extract from church register that they were his godsons, or their mothers might do it for them. One of those absent, he knew, was the son of Captain Dan Perron."

1571.—April 23, 1818—**John Badger.**

JOHN BADGER, Esq., of the Civil Service.

"Died on the evening of the 23rd inst. at the Rest House of Pantura on his way from Caltura to Colombo for the purpose of obtaining Medical assistance, John Badger, Esq., Collector of Caltura. In him Society has lost a truly valuable and honest member, and those with whom he was on terms of intimacy a sincere and faithful friend.

'The silent dead Honours nor Title seek,

But what truth dictates Gratitude may speak.'

"Mr. Badger was buried at Colombo on the 24th inst. Every Officer of His Majesty's and the Honourable East India Company's Services attended his remains to the grave. The funeral service was performed by the Rev. George Bisset, A.M., Senior Colonial Chaplain, in the most solemn and impressive manner." (*Gazette*, April 25, 1818.)

Appointed Second Assistant to the Cutcherry of Colombo and Custom Master, Negombo, November 13, 1805; Collector, Chilaw, June 14, 1809; Custom Master, Colombo, February 1, 1814; Collector, Caltura, October 1, 1816. He was succeeded at Chilaw by John Walheoff.

Colombo—contd.

1572.—May 14, 1818—**Richard Hooper.**

Assistant Surgeon HOOPER, 19th Regiment.

“ At Colombo on the 14th instant, Assistant Surgeon Hooper of H. M. 19th Regt., universally respected by his Brother Officers and the Community in general—ever liberal and generous to all whom in his professional duties he assisted, his loss will be long sincerely regretted.” (*Gazette.*) He was born in 1781, and joined the 19th Foot on September 28, 1810.

1573.—October 30, 1818—**John Kane.**

Lieutenant KANE, R.A.

1574.—November 15, 1818—**Edward Smith.**

Captain EDWARD SMITH, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted while Ensign, 19th Regiment, to 1st Lieutenant, Baillie's Regiment, June 1, 1805. He arrived by the *Windham* with Mrs. Smith, July 11, 1805. He was Commandant at Chilaw in 1817.

1575.—December 13, 1818—**D. Host.**

Lieutenant Host, Half Pay 53rd Foot.

He came from Trichinopoly.

1576.—1818—**Kenneth Cockerell McKenzie.**

Ensign MCKENZIE, 16th Regt.

1577.—January 18, 1819—**John West Wilkins.**

Capt. WILKINS, 1st Ceylon Regt.

He was appointed Ensign in the Caffre Corps, January 17, 1805; Lieutenant Malay Corps, *vice* Rossi, June 2, 1805; and was Commandant at Mullaattivu, 1811–14. He proceeded to England by the H. C. ship *Minerva* from Galle, March 24, 1816. Whether he died in England or on his return to Ceylon is not clear.

1578.—March 7, 1819—**Thomas Wilkinson.**

Lieutenant WILKINSON, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

“ He had been engaged in the operations of 1817–18. He was in command of a detachment at Rallewawella in Uva, and retired from this place to Kiriwanagama on 16 Jan., 1818, having been attacked by the rebels in all directions, and considering the fort not tenable, Major Macdonald took measures for establishing him in a good position at Kiriwanagama. In June he was at Passara, and on the 16th he sent a small party into Badulla to announce the arrival at Passara of a detachment of the 18th Native Infantry on their route to Badulla. The party was ambushed near Badulla, and two privates of the 73rd, James Sutherland and William Chandler, killed, and Lance-Corporal McLaughlan of the 73rd distinguished himself. Lieut. Wilkinson made a most favourable report of the improved state of affairs at Passara.” (“The Uva Rebellion,” pp. 18, 35, 36.)

He arrived at headquarters from the interior, November 25, 1818.

1579.—July 27, 1819—**Richard Thin.**

RICHARD THIN, Esq., M.D., Surgeon, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

1580.—December 27, 1819—**Charles Hay.**

Sitting Magistrate of Calpentyn and lately Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regt.”

He was appointed, when a Lieutenant in the 19th Regiment, to similar rank in the 3rd Ceylon Regiment on January 16, 1810; Fort Adjutant, Jaffna, February 1, 1811; Assistant Deputy Commissary-General at Jaffna, *vice* Taree, January 1, 1814; to the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, April 25, 1815; to the 1st Ceylon Regiment, April 25, 1817; and “Assistant Custom Master and Sitting Magistrate, Calpentyn,” August 1, 1818. He married a Miss Petronella de Silva.

1581.—June 14, 1820—**Charlotta Lambertina Henrietta Reynoldius von Bergheim.**

At Colombo, on the 14th instant, CHARLOTTA LAMBERTINA HENRIETTA REYNOLDIUS, eldest daughter of BARON VON BERGHEIM, aged four years.

1582.—July 9, 1820—**R. V. Bates.**

Captain BATES, 16th Regt.
(Date of burial.)

1583.—January 11, 1821—**Samuel Poyntz.**

Lieut. POYNTZ, 2nd Ceylon Regt.

1584.—October 18, 1821—**George May Pollington.**

Lieutenant G. M. Pollington, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the 1st Ceylon Regiment from July 18, 1814; 1st Lieutenant March 8, 1819. He was probably a son of Richard Pollington. (See No. 1927.)

1585.—May 5, 1822—**John Whitehead.**

Lieut. WHITEHEAD, 2nd Ceylon Regt.

He was Commandant at Mullaattivu, 1818–19.

Colombo—contd.

1586.—August 22, 1822—**Eliza Catherina Bulkley.**

“At the house of her father, VINCENT WILLIAM VANDERSTRAATEN, Registrar of the Supreme Court of Judicature, the wife of JOHN COMINS BULKLEY, Assistant Surgeon, H. M. 16th Regt., aged 22. Her remains were interred in the Church of St. Lucia.”

She was second daughter of V. W. Vanderstraaten, and married January 7, 1821. “Comins” should be “Comyns.” (See Nos. 723 and 1938.)

1587.—January 31, 1823—**Lawrence Walsh.**

“At Colombo Quartermaster WALSH, 45th Regt., much respected.”

1588.—December 11, 1823—**John Sprawle.**

“At Colombo Sergeant Major JOHN SPRAWLE, 45th Regt.”

“He had served in the Corps upwards of twenty years, a faithful good Soldier. He was present with his Regiment the whole of the European Peninsula War, and was conspicuously present with it in every action with the enemy in Portugal, Spain, and France in which the 45th was engaged from the battle of Vimiera in 1808 to the action of Toulouse in 1814, never having been in hospital during the period of that arduous service, except from wounds.”

1589.—December 15, 1823—**Hendrik Schneider.**

Lieutenant in the Dutch Service.

1590.—January 8, 1824—**Thomas James Wharrie.**

Asst. Staff Surgeon WARRIE, M.D.

The name should be “Wharrie.” He was gazetted Assistant Surgeon in the 86th Regiment February 21, 1811, and was Assistant Surgeon in the 4th Ceylon Regiment in 1816. In February, 1816, he left for England in the *Chapman*, but returned to Ceylon.

1591.—March 21, 1824—**T. B. Hayter.**

Lieutenant, R.E.

1592.—April 13, 1824—**Henry Brouneker.**

Of the Ceylon Civil Service.

He arrived by the ship *Orpheus* at Colombo from Portsmouth, February 21, 1823, and was appointed Extra Assistant in the Pay Office the same day; Assistant to the Collector, Tangalla, March 1, 1823, but to continue to act in the Pay Office.

Mrs. H. W. Smyth and her two daughters returned by the same vessel. (See No. 1595.)

1593.—May 27, 1824—**Carolina Wilhelmina Ludekens.**

“Wife of Mr. FERDINANDOO LUDEKENS and daughter of the late FERDINAND CASPER HEUPNER, Major and Commandant of the Dutch Artillery, in the 33rd year of her age.”

Carolus Ferdinandus Ludekens was son of Jeronymus Balthazar Ludekens and his wife Anna Elizabeth Loth, and was born July 6th, 1781. Carolina Wilhelmina Heupner, whom he married, appears to be the same as Helena Wilhelmina Heupner, daughter of Ferdinand Casper Heupner and his wife Wilhelmina Francken. She was baptized at Colombo, March 13, 1785, which would make her in her 40th year at least.

1594.—August 4, 1824—**Florence O'Brien.**

Lieutenant O'BRIEN, 83rd Regiment, Assistant Engineer.

He was in the Pioneer Corps in 1822–23. “There was stationed at Allawwa in 1823 a large force under Colonel Brown, R.E. There were a physician to the forces, Doctor Dwyer, and six or seven subalterns, some commanding divisions of Pioneers, others superintending working parties of Kandians. We had not been there more than two weeks when jungle fever broke out amongst us, and three or four subalterns were removed to Colombo. Then Colonel Brown was attacked and hurried off. Doctor Dwyer followed him, and I found myself alone at the station one morning at breakfast I was seized in my turn and I became very ill. In a day or two I was taken away to Colombo. At Mahara, about 8 miles from that place, I met O'B. of the 83rd Regiment, who, full of sympathy, tried to save me the trouble of travelling further. He urged me to take up my quarters with him, pointing out, with Irish hospitality, the uselessness of my going into Colombo, and telling me sad tales from Allow, how one had died that morning, another was buried yesterday, and a third, as I knew, had been carried off a week before. I did not, however, concur in his reasoning, and I thought I might as well take advantage of any chance of recovery there might be for me, so with his good wishes I started for my destination in a Dhooly” (pp. 36–8). “O'B.” was Lieutenant O'Brien, who next year himself fell a victim to the fever.

Whether he was the “Ensign O'Brien” who commanded a detachment of forty men stationed at Pاسبage in 1818, and who defeated a body of about 3,000 Kandians two miles from that place on the road to Ambegamuwa on July 16, or whether it was Ensign P. O'Brien of the 73rd Regiment, does not appear from the *Gazette* (July 25 and September 5, 1818).

1595.—August 20, 1824—**Matthew Johnson Smyth.**

“M. J. SMYTH, Esq., of the Civil Service. Aged 34.”

He was Assistant to the Collector of Colombo and Sitting Magistrate, Negombo, July 10, 1811; ditto at Trincomalee, December 25, 1811; Agent for Salt, July 15, 1812; Collector, Magampattoo, 1814–15, where he succeeded James Agnew Farrell; Collector, Galle, January 1, 1816–17; on leave 1820–21. He died at Colombo.

He married, March 1, 1813, Mrs. Sophia Clarke, widow of Captain Edward Clarke, 1st Ceylon Regiment. (See No. 1546.)

Colombo—contd.

1596.—February 22, 1825—**Richard Kelly.**

Lieut. R. KELLY, 45th Regt.

1597.—March 6, 1825—**James Urquhart.**

Lieut., 45th Regt.

Moneys belonging to his estate were in deposit at the Treasury, Colombo, in 1831.

This was the Second Lieutenant James Urquhart who died in Ceylon within twenty years, the other, who died at Trincomalee in 1805, belonging to the 66th Regiment.

1598.—1825—**James Sloper.**

Lieut. SLOPER, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

He was Acting Paymaster and Adjutant, Pioneer Corps.

1599.—April 9, 1826—**Richard Fisher Fellowes.**

“ At Colombo, after a protracted illness, Lieut. RICHARD FISHER FELLOWS, Half Pay, H. M. late 4th Ceylon Regt. and Staff Officer of Koorunagalle.”

He was appointed Adjutant of the 4th Ceylon, March 25, 1811. On its disbandment he joined the 2nd Ceylon, and was Staff Officer at Galle, 1821–25. He returned from leave in England, with Mrs. Fellowes, by the *Mary*, October 18, 1817 (see “ Letters from Ceylon,” by Captain De Bussche). The name is sometimes spelt “ Fellows.”

Lieutenant Fellowes, at the outbreak of the Uva rebellion, was in command of a detachment which marched from Kandy into Walapane on January 13, 1818.

1600.—April 15, 1826—**John Eagan.**

“ At Colombo, on Saturday morning, Mr. JOHN EAGAN, Bandmaster, 97th Regt., leaving a wife and five children to lament his loss.”

1601.—August 22, 1826—**Edward Sanderson.**

Capt. SANDERSON, 83rd Regt.

He commanded the Pioneer Corps from February 1, 1820, until his death.

1602.—December 4, 1828—**John Brahan.**

“ At Colombo, on the 4th instant, Captain JOHN BRAHAN, of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, aged 29 years, leaving a disconsolate widow and two infant Children, Friends, and Relatives to lament his loss.”
(*Gazette*, December 20.)

He was killed in a duel with Lieutenant Samuel Keogh of the same corps. (The name of the latter officer disappears from the list of officers of the Ceylon Rifles in the “ Ceylon Almanac ” of 1829.) There is no reference to the duel in the *Gazette*. Lieutenant Brahan was gazetted from half pay of the 83rd Regiment then in Ceylon to a supernumerary lieutenancy in the 1st Ceylon Regiment, February 18, 1818. He was in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment and Acting Staff Officer, Seven Corles, in 1821–25, and married at Kurunegala, May 31, 1822, Ellen, daughter of Lieutenant Hope, Gun Lascars. He was Assistant Engineer, Pioneer Corps, in 1825, and Lieutenant, Ceylon Regiment, 1826. His widow married Captain G. Ingham at Trincomalee, February 4, 1830. A daughter, Sophia Mary Anne, married at Colombo, July 6, 1840, Lieutenant John Urban Vigers, C.R.R. She died in 1852, aged 26. Lieutenant Keogh was put on half pay as a Captain of Infantry on August 11, 1829.

It may have been a sister of his, Mary Anne Brahan, who married, January 13, 1818, at Colombo, Lieutenant Henry Hough, R.A., and another sister, Elizabeth, who married, at St. John's Church, Jaffna, March 13, 1829, Dr. George Rumley. (See Nos. 84 and 978.)

1603.—April 3, 1829—**Henry Bird.**

Lieut.-Colonel, 16th Regt., and Deputy Commissary-General in Ceylon.

“ Colonel Bird had seen more hard service than usually falls to the lot of the Military profession, having been present with Sir J. Moore's Army in Spain, at Walcheren, South America, and through the Peninsula Campaign. He was considered a most excellent and gallant officer, and highly esteemed and respected by a very extensive circle of friends and acquaintances. A most amiable widow with four children are left to deplore the loss of an excellent Husband and the most affectionate of parents.” (*Gazette*, April 18.)

Lieutenant-Colonel Bird died of cholera. He had joined his brother George in opening the first coffee plantation in the Island, at Sinhapitiya, and his death led to the abandonment of the estate there. (See No. 1895.)

One son was Henry, Lieutenant, C.R.R., another Louis, a planter. A daughter married Llewellyn Thomas, eldest brother of Mr. A. H. Thomas. Llewellyn Thomas left for Sydney in 1879. Lieutenant-Colonel Bird joined the 16th as a Major from the half pay of the 87th Regiment, February 7, 1822.

The 16th (Bedfordshire) Regiment was in Ceylon 1819–28. During this period it lost by death Lieutenant-Colonel Bird; Captains Bates, Rigney; Lieutenants K. Mackenzie, William Orr, O'Hara, Wall; Ensign Sidney Smith; Assistant Surgeon Bulkley.

1604.—November 25, 1829—**Hugh van Kempen.**

2nd Lieutenant, 26 March, 1823; 1st Lieutenant, 2 Feb., 1826.

“ On the Evening of the 25th Instant on Slave Island after a Short but Severe illness, in the 23rd year of his age, Captain Hugh Vanhempen of His Majesty's Ceylon Rifle Regiment, deeply and most deservedly lamented by Colonel Muller, his brother officers, and all those to whom he was known.” (*Gazette*, November 28, 1829.)

Colombo—contd.

1605.—November 25, 1829—**William Moore.**

Lieut. **WILLIAM MOORE** of the Royal Staff Corps and Deputy Quartermaster-General, aged 33 years, at Colombo.

“Of distinguished professional abilities, his death cannot but be felt as a loss to the Service. His upright and Manly Virtues will long hold a place in the memories of those who knew him.” (*Gazette*, November 28, 1829.)

“On the 25th of November we lost another good officer, Lieut. W. Moore of the Royal Staff Corps. He was Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General. Being very ill, a medical board decided that he was immediately to be sent to England. I had therefore embarked him on board a ship which was to sail for England the following day. In the morning the Captain wrote to me suggesting the expediency of my landing the poor fellow again, as he had become much worse during the night, and the Captain thought he could not long survive. I went off at once and brought him on shore, and was glad I did so, for he died during the night and was buried the next day.” (Skinner, p. 94.)

1606.—March 22, 1830—**Lachlan Maclean.**

At Colombo, **LACHLAN MACLEAN**, 2nd Lieut., Ceylon Rifle Regiment, aged 23 years and 7 months.

1607.—May 9, 1830—**William Rainey.**

At Colombo, Sunday last, the 9th instant (May), in the 47th year of his age, Mr. **WILLIAM RAINEY**, Bandmaster, H. M. 61st Regt.

1608.—February 20, 1831—**Charles Newport Tinley.**

Lieut. **TINLEY**, Ceylon Rifles, aged 22 years 3 months, at Slave Island.

Ensign by purchase, September 9, 1828.

1609.—July 13, 1831—**James Chrisp.**

“At his residence at Mutwal near Colombo on the morning of the 13th instant, **JAMES CHRISP**, Esq., aged 65 years.”

“A gentleman well known and well beloved in this community, Mr. Chrisp had formerly held the office of Master Attendant of the Port of Colombo, and for many years executed the duties of that department with singular ability and professional skill. The infirmities of age pressing upon a long life of laborious Sea service compelled him some years ago to seek retirement, in which he continued to enjoy till his death a liberal pension from the gracious bounty of His Majesty. His disposition was benevolent in the highest degree to all, his manners polite and gentlemanly, and the whole tenor of his life kind and inoffensive. His latest hours were distinguished by unruffled calmness, undisturbed peace of mind, and sincere piety.” (*Gazette*, July 30.)

“One of the most intelligent Master Attendants in the Ceylon service the late Captain James Chrisp, formerly of the Honourable the East India Company’s marine The late intelligent Capt. James Chrisp informed me that the grand obstacle to ship building here (Trincomalee) for naval purposes was the limited rise of the tides, which seldom exceeded 38 inches.” (Bennett, pp. 206, 240.)

A ketch called the *Nelson* and three boats belonging to Chrisp were advertised for sale on August 12, 1831.

1610.—August 9, 1831—**John Henry Reckerman.**

Fiscal of Colombo, aged 63 years and 8 months.

He was succeeded by Andrew Walker.

“The late Mr. Reckerman, Fiscal of Colombo, informed me that coal had been discovered in the Island by the Dutch.” (Bennett, p. 331.)

1611.—July 8, 1833—**Adriana Carolina de Moor.**

“At Colombo, Mrs. **ADRIANA CAROLINA VAN BUUREN**, widow of **DIRK JACOB DE MOOR**, late Secretary of Council at Jaffnapatam under the Dutch Government.”

They were married at Colombo, March 10, 1776. She was probably a great-granddaughter of Lambert van Buuren, Chief of Mannar, and sister of Jan van Lambert van Buuren, from whom the present Ceylon van Buurens descend.

1612.—May 28, 1835—**Catherina Durand.**

At her son-in-law’s, **STEPHANUS JOHNSON DE WITT**, **CATHERINE DURAND**, aged 87 years, widow of the late **PIERRE DURAND** of the Dutch Honourable Company’s Service.

Pierre Durand was an Ensign at Trincomalee in 1775.

1613.—February 5, 1839—**George Shaw Brook.**

A brother of Richard Brook.

(See No. 977.) Storekeeper, Civil Branch of the Ordnance, 1818–24; Assistant Collector of Customs, Jaffna, in the thirties; obtained leave to proceed to England in 1838, but whether he availed himself of it or not is uncertain. He left Colombo for Trincomalee by the *Africa* on July 14, 1838. (See No. 1621.) In January, 1835, with Colonel Clement, Captain Parke, and F. J. Templer, C.C.S., he was a member of the Managing Committee of the Colombo race meeting.

Colombo—*contd.*1614.—September 10, 1839—**John Dinwoodie.**

Acting District Judge, Colombo No. 1 South.

He was appointed to the Civil Service June 2, 1829; Extra Assistant, Secretariat, 1829–33; Assistant Government Agent, Caltura, October 1, 1833; District Judge, Colombo No. 4 (Caltura), 1833; Fiscal, Western Province, and Superintendent of Police, March 1, 1838; District Judge, Matara, May 31, 1838; Acting District Judge, Colombo No. 1 South.

1615.—May 1, 1840—**Henry Bristowe Onion.**

“Mr. H. B. ONION of the Ordnance Department,
aged 37, leaving a wife and four infant children.”

He was “Established Clerk, Civil Branch of the Ordnance,” 1838. He wrote a poem called “The Minstrel Wanderer,” which he published at Colombo in 1838, where it was sold at 2s. 6d. stitched.

Mr. and Mrs. Onion and two children arrived at Colombo on April 17, 1838, by the *Morning Star*, Captain Linton. The same ship brought Lieutenant Underwood, C.R.R. (see No. 128). Mrs. Onion and four children left for London by the barque *Faery Queen*, May 29, 1840.

1616.—January 11, 1841—**G. W. A. Wallace.**

“At Colombo, G. W. A. WALLACE of the late ship
Lady Wallace, and brother of Sir J. WALLACE of
Craigie.”

Why “the late ship” I do not know, unless she was wrecked. She arrived at Colombo on December 10, 1839, from Singapore, and went on to Bombay on December 12. That was her last appearance at Colombo. On October 28, 1840, “Capt. W. Wallace and child” arrived at Colombo as passengers by the barque *Indian Queen*.

1617.—October 13, 1841—**Andrew Hope.**

Lieut. HOPE, R.A., aged 60.

He was a bombardier, R.A., in 1810, when he was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the Ceylon Gun Lascars; 1st Lieutenant January 19, 1813. His daughter, Ellen, married (1) Lieutenant Brahan, (2) Captain Ingham. His wife, Sarah, died July 24, 1841, at Colombo, aged 75. Lieutenant Hope assisted Captain Truter in the defence of Hanwella. (See Nos. 1602 and 1655.)

1618.—January 14, 1842—**Alexander M. Duncan.**

“Of the Surveyor-General’s Department, and Cap-
tain in the late British Legion that served in
Spain.” Died at Colombo, aged about 47.

The register of St. Peter’s gives his age as 31, which would have made it impossible for him to have served in the British Legion in Spain.

1619.—January 27, 1842—**Martinus Leonardus Conrady.**

Capt. M. CONRADY, Ceylon Rifles, aged 45.

He was a son of John Frederic (see Nos. 101, 130, 163) by his wife Eva Mekern, and was baptized at Galle, March 6, 1796. He was gazetted 1st Lieutenant in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment September 28, 1818, and Captain April 1, 1829. He was at Hanguanketa with a detachment of his corps in February, 1818, operating against the rebels.

1620.—September 10, 1842—**Johan David Palm.**

Rev. J. D. PALM, Minister of Wolvendaal Church.

He was born at Colberg, a seaport town in Prussia, in 1775, studied theology at Berlin, joined the London Missionary Society, and was at the Scotch Church, Swallow street, in 1804. The Hon. F. North applied to the London Missionary Society for missionaries, and four members of the Society, including Palm, were sent out. Palm arrived in Ceylon in 1805, and found that the others, Messrs. Eyhardt, Vos, and Read, had already arrived. He was first stationed at Tillepalli, in the Northern Province, where he built a chapel, school, and house. He was there for three years, and when the L. M. S. withdrew from the Island he removed to Kalutara, where he established a school. He was chosen to succeed the Rev. Mr. Giffening as pastor of Wolvendaal on August 27, 1812, and he exercised that office for thirty years. Mrs. Palm died at Colombo, December 17, 1822. (See No. 398.)

1621.—December 25, 1843—**George Ingham.**

Major G. INGHAM, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.

Ensign, 19th Regiment, April 22, 1804; Lieutenant June 6, 1805; married Miss Margaret Delvin, at Colombo, May 16, 1809; Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon, to be Captain, 1st Ceylon Regiment, *vice* Clarke, March 23, 1812; Captain, 4th Ceylon Regiment, in 1814; to do duty with 1st Ceylon Regiment attached to 4th Division of the Army sent against Kandy, January 20, 1815. (See No. 127.)

He married (2), at Trincomalee, February 4, 1830, Ellen, widow of Captain Brahan (son, born November 14). She died May 1, 1837. His daughter, Jane, born October 27, 1811, married Lieutenant John Frederick Garth Braybrook, C.R.R., at Trincomalee, April 9, 1828. She died at Kandy, November 5, 1833.

A son of Major Ingham, by his first wife, fell from the jib boom of the ship *Africa*, and was drowned just as she was clearing the English Channel on the voyage to Colombo, where she arrived at the end of May, 1837. The *Africa* was lost in Venloos Bay, between Batticaloa and Trincomalee, on July 18, 1838. She was a ship of 400 tons, Commander John Skelton. (See No. 1613.)

1622.—March 27, 1844—**August Carel Frederic von Ranzow.**

“At Colombo, AUGUST CAREL FREDERICK COUNT
RANZOW, aged 84.

“Deceased was born at Holzminden, in the Dukedom of Brunswick, and early in youth entered the Military Service of Frederick the Great, King of Prussia, as an officer under the Command of Prince Henry, and acted in the war of 1778 against the Emperor Josephus in Bohemia. In 1781 he transferred his service to the Republic in Holland, where he continued until 1787, when he was appointed a Lieutenant in the Netherlands Navy, and joined a Dutch

Colombo—contd.

1622.—March 27, 1844—**August Carel Frederic von Ranzow—contd.**

man-of-war then under orders to the East Indies, and arrived at Batavia in the same year. Owing to severe indisposition the deceased was obliged to retire from the service. He subsequently visited Ceylon, and was a resident in this Island for a period of 57 years." (*Colombo Observer*, May 9, 1844.)

He was son of Ferdinand Anthon, Count von Ranzow, who was born at Wolfenbittel, and is said to have been banished for some offence. He came out to Ceylon under the name of Ferdinand Anthon Schultz, and was given high office under the Dutch Company. He resumed his name and title after some years. He married in Ceylon, Josina, and had by her a son, Daniel Ditloff. He returned home, and married in Europe, Louisa Henrietta, Baroness Breckenburg, the daughter by a morganatic marriage of Prince Wilhelm Ludwig von Schwarzburg Rudolphstadt, first cousin of Augusta, Princess of Wales, mother of George II. By her he had two sons, August Carl Frederick and August Christian Anthon. All three sons came out to Ceylon in the service of the Dutch Company. Eventually Daniel Ditloff and the youngest left for Batavia. There was litigation between Daniel Ditloff and August Carl in July, 1803. In April, 1800, Daniel Ditloff von Ranzow, "commonly called Count Ranzow," was appointed "Commissioner of Government to the Assembly of Deacons of Colombo," and President Director of the Orphan House. It was probably August Christian Count Ranzow who was "baker to the troops" at Galle on January 30, 1801. He and Daniel Ditloff eventually left for Batavia.

"The Countess Ranzow, senior," wife of August Carl, had a son at Colombo, May 30, 1803. She was a daughter of Jacobus Harmanis Engelbrecht and his wife Sara Cornelia Anthoniz. The *Gazette* in 1829 announces the death at Colombo on March 5 of "The Countess Elizabeth Cornelia of Ranzow, consort of August Carel Frederic, Count of Ranzow, aged 56." Their second daughter, Johanna Catherina Dorothea, died at Colombo, October 27, 1817, aged 23 years. Their third daughter, Anna Louisa Elizabeth, married P. I. J. Brohier, son of the late Captain Brohier, at Colombo, October 23, 1816. The youngest daughter, Antoinetta Frederica, married William Cornelius de Run at Colombo, July 20, 1818.

The only daughter of August Christian, Henrietta Charlotta, married Peter Carolus Roosmalecocoq at Galle on March 25, 1818. He was Sitting Magistrate at the time of Gangaboda and Talpe pattus. Ferdinand Anthon's father was Alexander Leopold von Ranzow, whose wife was Catherine Sopina, in her own right Baroness van Hoyer.

1623.—August 5, 1845—**A. D. Procter.**

At Colombo, A. D. PROCTER, Esq., Sugar Planter.

He must have arrived only in 1845, for his name is not given in the directory of the "Ceylon Almanac" of that year.

1624.—January 3, 1846—**Cosby Warburton.**

Capt. C. WARBURTON, aged 44, late Ceylon Rifles.

"Cosby Warburton, from the Royal Military College, to be 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, July 22nd, 1819." He married at Trincomalee (1), on April 4, 1824, Jane, widow of William Hall, Quartermaster of the 83rd Regiment. She died at Jaffna, July 26, 1840. He married (2), at St. John's, Chundikuli, Jaffna, on May 20, 1841, Arabella Cope Burleigh, daughter of Dr. George Burleigh (see No. 800). She died at Jaffna, March 31, 1848, aged 36 years. He was gazetted 1st Lieutenant, *vice* Manwaring, May 1, 1825.

His daughter, Susan Jane, married French Gray (see No. 907). "Warburton's road," in the Jaffna Peninsula, is called after him. He appears to have been employed in the Surveyor-General and Commissioner of Roads' Department.

1625.—February 15, 1846—**Matthew Wylie Isacke.**

Lieutenant ISACKE, 7th Madras Light Cavalry. Aged 28.

He died on board the *Monarch* and was buried at Colombo. His regiment was stationed at Kamptee. He joined in 1839.

"A Major William Isacke of the 2nd Battalion, Madras Artillery, died at Madras, June 7th, 1801." (Cotton, p. 32.) He must have been an ancestor or relative.

1626.—September 25, 1846—**Charles Macdonald.**

Quartermaster MACDONALD, Ceylon Rifles, aged 39.

1627.—November 19, 1848—**H. F. Dakers.**

Assistant Surgeon DAKERS, Ceylon Rifles, aged 26, of dysentery.

1628.—January 1, 1849—**H. A. Raitt.**

Captain RAITT, Ceylon Rifles, aged 32.

Captain Raitt took a prominent part in Ceylon racing.

2nd Lieutenant H. A. Raitt rejoined from leave in January, 1841. He had been on a voyage to China, and had sent in his papers for retirement.

1629.—July 22, 1849—**D. A. Watt.**

At Colombo, of dysentery, D. A. Watt, "one of our earliest planters."

He came out by the *Symmetry*, July 18, 1841, with W. Gaskell, the Langslows, Mr. and Mrs. W. Mackwood. He was a planter on Allegolletenna, East Matala, in 1842.

1630.—November 10, 1850—**G. W. Bingham.**

Capt. BINGHAM, R.A.

1631.—September 27, 1852—**W. F. S. Niell.**

At Colombo, Capt. Niell, R.A., aged 28 years 4 months.

He was A.D.C. to Sir Emerson Tennent.

1632.—August 23, 1858—**Thomas Turner Murphy.**

Lieut. MURPHY, 50th Regt., aged 21.

(Date of burial.)

Panadure.

1633.—April 8, 1830—Stephen van Lynden.

Baron STEPHEN VAN LYNDEN VON BLITTERSWYK, Sitting
Magistrate of Panadure.

He had been a Captain of Artillery in the Dutch Company's Service. He was born February 23, 1766, and married, on January 6, 1793, Henrietta Magdalena Leembruggen. His daughters married J. G. Du Bois De Lassosay, Mattheus Petrus Raket, and John Walbeoff, C.C.S. He was appointed Customs Master at Jaffna, *vice* L. Sansoni, October 1, 1816, and he was Sitting Magistrate at Mullaittivu from March 1, 1819, to some date in 1820, when he was relieved by J. M. Lavalliere. His dwelling house at Colombo was "in the road to the Grand Pass." He was about to leave the Island in December, 1808, and all claims were to be sent to him there before January 31, 1809. But he did not leave, and died in the Island, at Panadure, it is presumed. He was son of Johan Nickolaas van Lynden, who married Anna Schryver.

Negombo.

1634.—November 1, 1876—Robert Stott Pargiter.

Assistant Government Agent, Negombo.

He was a son of the Rev. R. Pargiter, and was Deputy Fiscal, Jaffna, in 1863; Police Magistrate, Mullaittivu, 1865; appointed Writer, September 1, 1867; Police Magistrate, Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri, 1868-70; Acting Office Assistant, Colombo Kacheheri, May 16, 1870; Acting Landing Surveyor, Customs, Colombo, May 1, 1872-75; Assistant Government Agent, Negombo, June 1, 1875. He was on the commission appointed to inquire into charges made against Luke Kelly, Police Magistrate of Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri. Mrs. Pargiter, who was a daughter of A. H. Roosmalecoq, C.C.S., shortly after her husband's death married a Dr. Lawrence of Burma. R. S. Pargiter was the first Assistant Government Agent of Negombo, as the compiler was the last. The agency was abolished in 1896, having just attained its majority. But in the period 1833-45, when judicial officers performed revenue in addition to their other duties, the District Judge of "Colombo No. 2 (North)" seems to have acted as Assistant Agent for Negombo, and the District Judges of Anuradhapura and Mullaittivu did the same at those stations.

Galle.

1635.—April 14, 1803—Peter Campbell.

Lieutenant PETER CAMPBELL of the 51st Foot.

He was appointed Brigade Major to Colonel Baillie on the outbreak of the Kandyan war, January 30, 1803, and accompanied him to Kandy, returning with him to Colombo, which Colonel Baillie's division reached on April 11. He had evidently contracted the fever which wrought so much havoc among the troops in this expedition, for on April 12, having obtained with Lieutenants Arthur Johnston of the 19th and Hutchins of the 65th permission to proceed to sea for four months for the benefit of his health, he left by the ship *Diana*, but died at sea on April 14. The *Diana* touched at Galle the next day, and he was no doubt buried there in the Dutch Cemetery.

1636.—October, 1803—John Grant.

Ensign JOHN GRANT of H. M.⁵ Malay Regiment.

He was appointed Ensign on December 25, 1801.

An incident in his military career throws some light on the ways of the officers of the Malay Regiment a few months after its embodiment. He was tried by court martial, 6th May, 1802, on charges (1) of having allowed himself to be told by Captain Paul Carrington that he had ceased to consider him a gentleman, and that in future he would not treat him as such, without having made an appeal to proper authority to clear his character; (2) for having denied to Lieut. Virgo of the Malay Regiment that Captain Carrington had so addressed him; and (3) for having challenged Capt. Carrington to fight a duel. He was acquitted on the second and third charges, but found guilty of the first. The Court, however, found that though he had submitted as above from the 15th to the 23rd April, he had only deferred and not given up the intention of clearing his character, as appeared from a letter addressed by him to his Commanding Officer, Major Adam Davie, dated 28th April, 1802. The sentence was that he be publicly reprimanded; and Major-General Hay Macdowal in confirming the sentence took the opportunity of lecturing the officers of the Malay Regiment on the evils of duelling and the estimation in which they held it—their idea that a personal conflict was the only mode of soothing the stings of wounded sensibility, when a moment's reflection ought to point out to them the enormity and criminality of the practice, and he avowed his detestation and abhorrence at whatever may tend to promote that barbarous, unmilitary, and immoral offence of duelling, and he pledged himself most solemnly to bring to trial any officer who may be led away by passion to commit so atrocious an act.

He desired it to be imprinted in every officer's breast that there is no disgrace in inviting reconciliation by an apology, or in demanding a remedy through the proper channel for an injury inflicted. It would seem from this that General Macdowal held ideas on this subject in advance of those generally held in the Army at this period. He went on to comment on the symptoms of insubordination and want of discipline in the Malay Regiment which the trial had brought to light. "Ensign Robert Barry, as the leader of a faction among the officers, deserved particular reprehension, his conduct being extremely unbecoming his rank and years. Officers of more mature age and seniority had been incited to adopt his erroneous judgment; and a considerable time must elapse, accompanied by a decided change of manners," before these symptoms referred to could be effaced from his mind. Major Davie was to read these words to the officers of his Corps. (*Gazette*, May 31, 1802.)

Colonel Charles Baillie of the 51st was President of the court martial, and Captain T. W. Kerr, who later was in command of the Ceylon Regiment, Judge Advocate-General.

Ensign Grant distinguished himself a year later by his spirited and successful defence of Dambadeniya "under circumstances of extraordinary distress," for which he received the thanks of Governor North, June 11, 1803. He was rewarded with the command of the Pioneers at Galle, August 20, 1803, but the effects of the pestilential climate of Dambadeniya, no doubt, were the cause of his death a month or two later. Captain Paul Carrington died at Kandy in May, 1803, and Ensign Barry perished in the massacre at Watapuluwa. (See Cordiner, vol. II, p. 218, for an account of the siege.) Ensign Grant's estate, value 554 rix-dollars, was being administered at Colombo in 1806, and still in 1813.

Galle—contd.1637.—January, 1804—**Henry Stamer.**

“Lately at Point de Galle, Lieutenant HENRY STAMER, of H. M. 51st Regiment.” (*Gazette*, January 25, 1804.)

Lieutenant Stamer no doubt was with his regiment in the expedition to Kandy, and probably died from the effects of fever contracted in it. He is mentioned by Cordiner as having been sent, about July 30, 1803, with a party of 25 European and 50 native troops to strengthen the garrison of Matara against a possible attack by the King of Kandy's supporters, “the menaces of the enemy having made their first appearance in that district” (vol. II., p. 222). Lieutenant Stamer's estate, value 415 rix-dollars, was being administered at Colombo in 1806–13.

The Stamers are an Irish family with a baronetcy originally bestowed on William Stamer, who served the office of Lord Mayor of Dublin in a way which showed strong public spirit, and who also commanded a regiment of Yeomanry during the rebellion in Ireland of 1798 and upwards till 1831.

1638.—May 31, 1807—**William Davidson.**

“In een Kelder binnen de ring muur van de Kerk, het lyk van de Engelsch Commissaris van de Artillery Mr. DAVIDSON.”

“In a vault within the circular wall of the church” (register of Dutch Church). The fee paid for this interment was 140 rix-dollars, with 6 rix-dollars for the use of the pall (bhaar-kleed).

Davidson was appointed Deputy Commissioner of Ordnance and Stores at Galle, *vice* Mann, October 12, 1803.

1639.—November 17, 1810—**James Brown.**

Capt. BROWN, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

Killed by Captain Parker of the same regiment in a duel. (See No. 96.)

“The duel took place in the Fort of Galle on the mound behind the late Gun Lascar lines, just opposite the present residence of the Master Attendant” (now the District Judge's house). “The combatants appear to have fought at dusk, favoured by the circumstance that few residents would venture on the Galle ramparts at that period after sunset. The place had the unenviable notoriety of being haunted. It was overrun with jungle and infested with snakes and jackals, the latter making night hideous with their howling. In some lonely spots double sentries had to be frequently placed at night.” (B. A. in *Monthly Literary Register*, vol. I., p. 95.)

Captain Brown married a daughter of Archdeacon Twistleton. (See No. 13.)

1640.—June 27, 1812—**Joseph Smitz.**

“J. SMITZ, Agent for Salt.”

“This gentleman had been in the employ of the Dutch and afterwards of the English Government on this Island for upwards of 25 years.” (*Gazette*.) “He was agent of Revenue and Commerce at Galle in 1801, acting ditto at Batticaloa in 1803. While he was holding the latter post the Kandians invaded the province and succeeded in raising an almost general insurrection amongst its inhabitants. He conducted a successful expedition against them on the 3rd September (1803), killed eight of the rebels, and dispersed the others with a small part of the garrison of the Fort of Manmoene, but was delayed in returning to the Fort, having expended all his ammunition.” (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 243, and *Gazette*.)

His second wife died at Galle, August 19, 1806. (See No. 577.)

1641.—February 2, 1814—**Theodore Cooke.**

Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment; 2nd Lieutenant, 27th March, 1806; 1st Lieutenant, 1st July, 1808.

1642.—September 22, 1814—**William Henry Conyngham Benezet.**

Capt. BENEZET, R.A.

He arrived off Galle with Mrs. Benezet on the H. M. ship *Marchioness of Exeter*, October 6, 1813. The vessel, however, was not able to enter the port, but was driven to the southward on the 11th by strong currents. After anchoring at Weligama she parted her anchors on the 12th, and finally reached Trincomalee on the 17th, and landed her passengers, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. Edward Tolfrey; the Rev. Thomas Ireland, Chaplain to the Forces; Captain Lenn of the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, Commandant of Mullaittivu; and Lieutenant Mainwaring of the 1st Ceylon Regiment. He was buried in the Dutch Cemetery on September 23.

1643.—November 9, 1814—**Thomas Yvon.**

Lieutenant YVON, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He became Lieutenant, September 1, 1807.

1644.—January 11, 1815—**John Gordon.**

Captain JOHN GORDON.

Buried in the Dutch Church. (Date is date of burial given in register.) He was probably a sea captain, as there does not appear to have been a military officer of this name in Ceylon in 1815.

1645.—February 9, 1815—**A. Brown.**

Lieutenant and Adjutant, Ceylon Regiment.

The entry shows that he was buried in the Dutch Cemetery (date is that of burial).

1646.—November 21, 1815—**Jean Jacques Daniel D'Estandau.**

At Galle, aged 35 years 9 months and 15 days.

He was Fiscal, Galle, under the Dutch; Notary Public and Land Registrar, Galle, under the English Government. Administered the estate of Matthew Vanderspaar; married Johanna Arnoldina Elizabeth Bordes, stepdaughter of M. Vanderspaar, and daughter of Jacobus Bordes. (See Journal, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 270.) (See No. 561.)

Galle—contd.

1647.—June 11, 1816—Jacobus Cornelis Gilbert.

He was son of John Jacob Gilbert of Gertruidenberg, Boekhouder, and Bernarda Susanna Kriekenbeek; baptized Colombo, August 17, 1777, married Charlotta Thomasia Nagel.

Their son, Thomas Bernard Gilbert, married Bridgetina (*nee* Prior), widow of Lieutenant Burke, C.R.R. Thomas Gilbert's eldest daughter, Victoria McNaghten, married Ebenezer Gracie, eldest son of the Rev. Robert Gracie, M.A., of Hastings, Sussex, at Galle, on December 28, 1848.

Entry in Church of England register; date of burial in Dutch Cemetery.

1648.—August 20, 1816—Charles Henry Steele.

Captain, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted from the 6th Foot into Ramsay's Regiment, November 20, 1806.

He was ordered into arrest by Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas William Kerr and tried by court martial in 1808 for having used indecent and improper language to Lieutenant T. J. Rodney (see No. 2), but was acquitted, and Lieutenant-Colonel Kerr and other officers censured, December 20, 1808. But he appears to have been cashiered in 1812.

1649.—January 25, 1817—George L. Hallilay.

"At Galle, Lieut. GEORGE HALLILAY, 19th Regiment."

He was succeeded by Ensign George Dennison, January 29.

1650.—June 20, 1817—Oliver Brush.

Lieutenant, 89th Regiment, aged 30.

Date is of burial in Dutch Cemetery (Church of England register). He arrived with Mrs. Brush on May 21, 1817, by the ship *Carron*.

The 89th (Princess Victoria's), now the 2nd Battalion, Royal Irish Fusiliers, arrived by the H. C. ships *Lord Castlereagh* and *Lord Keith* at Trincomalee, December 10, 1808. The battalion was 1,130 strong. They lost in Ceylon Major Hilliard, Captain Magrath, Lieutenants Brush, Reynolds, and Thompson, and Lieutenant-Colonel Macbean transferred to the 19th Regiment). Only the latter officer is commemorated.

1651.—May 31, 1818—Mary Ann Parker.

Mrs. PARKER, wife of J. C. PARKER, Indian Civil Service, aged 45.

Date of burial in Dutch Cemetery (Church of England register).

Mr. and Mrs. Parker and child arrived at Colombo from Calcutta by the ship *Alexander*, December 26, 1817.

1652.—June 21, 1818—Thomas Henry Green.

Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He was enrolled 2nd Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon, March 4, 1815, aged 22. Buried in Dutch Cemetery, June 22 (Church of England register). He married Eliza, daughter of J. F. Conrady, January 24, 1816. He died at Galle of a fever. "Lieut. Green was an active, zealous, young officer, and frequently distinguished himself in the interior under the command of Captain Blankenberg. He has left a young widow to deplore his early death." (*Gazette*, July 18, 1818.) "Lieut. Green on his way from Nindagama to Badulla with a party was attacked in Weyaloova and had one man slightly wounded. They however succeeded in killing the only two insurgents they saw." (The "Uva Rebellion," p. 16.) This was in January, 1818. His widow married Lieutenant William Richardson four years after the death of her first husband, and was again left a widow nine months later (see No. 77). Besides those already mentioned, another daughter of J. F. Conrady married a British officer, viz., Theodora Wilhelmina, who became the wife of Lieutenant Peter Smellie, 51st Regiment, who was thanked for his conduct in the defence of Dambadeniya with Ensign James Grant. Ensign Smellie became Lieutenant March 7, 1803. He was in command of the Ceylon Regiment at Colombo in 1803, and handed over to Captain Thomas W. Kerr on April 11 of that year. Jane Eliza, second daughter of Captain Smellie, married, at Galle, on February 5, 1833, Lieutenant Francis Smith, 2nd Queen's Own Regiment. Captain Smellie was then dead. Whether he died in Ceylon or in England does not appear.

1653.—April 5, 1819—Pieter Arendt de Moor.

"At Point de Galle on the Morning of the 5th instant, P. A. DE MOOR, Esq., aged 75 years."

He was a boekhouder in the Dutch Company, and son of Arendt de Moor, Fiscal of Galle, and of Agnete Marie Piereus, married, at Galle, August 16, 1767, Christina Gertruida van Coeverden. He was grandson of Lieutenant Pieter de Moor of The Hague and Johanna Obrain. His daughter, Justina Maria, married (1) Frederick Willem Henrich Gossewyn Baron von Marken; (2) Captain Lucas Aems, who died at Galle, and is buried in the Dutch Cemetery; (3) Johan Godlieb Büttenmuller of Ludwigsburg, Lieutenant in the Wurtemberg Regiment. Another daughter married Captain Edward Graham of St. Andrews and of the Bengal Artillery, who distinguished himself in the Kandyan war of 1803. (See Nos. 552 and 575.)

1654.—April 12, 1819—Charles H. Farren.

Lieut. FARREN, 73rd Regiment.

"At Point de Galle on the 12th April Lieut. Farren of H. M. 73rd Regt., after suffering for fourteen months from Liver Complaint and Dysentery. While waiting for an opportunity of proceeding to Europe for his Health, he was suddenly carried off by the Spasmodic Cholera, leaving a Widow and Infant Son to deplore his loss." (*Gazette*.) His age was 31.

1655.—April 9, 1821—James Truter.

Major TRUTER, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

"At Galle, to which place he had removed for change of air, while suffering under severe attacks of fever and hepatic affections on a constitution naturally delicate and debilitated by long residence in a tropical climate, Major James Truter of His Majesty's 2nd Ceylon Regiment, a gentleman of whom it is but justice to observe that he bears with him the sincere regret of all who knew him—mild and unassuming in his manners, benevolent in his nature, and upright in his principles, a tender parent, an affectionate husband, and a sincere friend. Major Truter has left a wife and five infant children to lament their loss, to them irreparable." (*Gazette*, April 7, 1821.)

Galle—contd.

1655.—April 9, 1821—James Truter—contd.

There is an entry in the register of the Dutch Church, Galle: "Received for the pall of Major Truter 6 rix-dollars, 9th April, 1821."

Lieutenant Truter from the 91st Regiment was gazetted Captain in Ramsay's Regiment April 3, 1806. He was commanding a detachment of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment at Jaffna in 1808, and succeeded Captain Antill in the command of Mannar December 19, 1812. He married Ann Brunette, widow of Lieutenant Brunette, at Jaffna, on September 3, 1808, "G. Jenneret, widow," being a witness. Mrs. Truter had a son at Mannar in 1814 and a daughter at Jaffna in 1817. Captain Truter was Commandant at Negombo in 1816 and at Jaffna in 1817-18, of Harispattu and Tumpane in 1819, with headquarters at Gonagoda. Mrs. Truter died at Colombo, December 11, 1842, aged 55. Their eldest daughter, Charlotte Maria, married, at St. Paul's, Colombo, January, 1843, George Carming Holden, Ordnance Department, son of Captain and Paymaster Holden, 1st Rifle Brigade.

On February 15, 1818, the post at Hanwella (in Uda Dumbara) "was ably defended by Captain Truter, who had come on the night before from Bintenne on his return to Kandy on sick certificate. He was accompanied by no force but two Caffres of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, everything seeming then quiet between Hanwella and Bintenne. The rebels commenced their attack about half-past 1 P.M. and were seen advancing in a great force with banners flying. Captain Truter detached Lieutenant Hope (Gun Lascars) with a small party who, on meeting the insurgents three-quarters of a mile distant from the post, received their fire and in returning it killed 3 men and wounded several, after which the insurgents retreated to the hills, and Lieutenant Hope returned to join Captain Truter, who had advanced out of the post. The rebels recommenced their attack at half-past two and continued till 6, surrounding the post on all sides about 5. Captain Truter again detached Lieutenant Hope with 9 men to dislodge a strong party from a neighbouring wood, which he effected completely, killing six of them, and Captain Truter considers the total number of insurgents killed as at least 20, with several more wounded. Of his detachment 2 men of the 73rd Regiment and 1 of the 1st Ceylon Regiment were wounded. The rebels on retiring threatened a repetition of attack the next morning, but though they appeared in great force on every side, and dispositions were made for receiving them, they forbore making any attack and tried to persuade Capt. Truter to abandon his post which, on a parley demanded by them, they represented was untenable, all other British posts having been taken. The insurgents, on this attempt proving, as was to be expected, unsuccessful, thought fit to abandon further enterprise for that day also, and in the course of the night the post was re-inforced by a detachment from Bintenne ordered by Lt.-Col. Kelly, whom Captain Truter had found means of apprising of his critical situation, owing to the smallness of his party and the immense force opposed to it, by two Pioneers who conveyed the letter to Bintenne in the course of the night of the 18th, on a promise of reward (well earned) considering the risk they ran." ("The Uva Rebellion," p. 20.)

"We are sorry to have to communicate an unfortunate accident which happened on the 11th instant. Captain Truter was going into Dombera, and about 3 P.M. he embarked in the Lewelle ferry boat, himself, 10 soldiers, 2 servants, and the boatmen, in all 14. The river being swelled by the late rains, and the current rapid, Captain Truter took the precaution of making all the men sit down. When they were about the middle of the river, the boatman, whose hands were sore, accidentally suffered the rattan by which he was pulling over to slip from his hold; the boat was immediately carried down the stream, and about 150 yards from the place of crossing filled and upset, one private of the 83rd and three of the H. C. 15th N.I. were unfortunately drowned, and 10 stand of arms lost. The rest saved themselves by getting upon the boat, which luckily struck and remained fast upon a rock about 400 yards lower down. From the perilous situation in the middle of a rapid river with a flood rising, they were got safe to the bank, chiefly by the exertions of Privates Butler and Beven of the 19th Regiment and a cooly." (*Gazette*, June 20, 1818.)

1656.—September 1, 1821—Wilhelm Hendrik Andree.

"At Point Galle (*sic*) W. H. ANDREE, Esq., late Sitting Magistrate of Gangabodde and Talpe pattus, after a lingering illness of nearly three years, leaving a wife and 12 children and 6 grandchildren."

He was Sitting Magistrate at Caltura in 1815, and at Barbery in 1818.

1657.—December 9, 1823—Henry van Hek.

"After a severe illness of 10 days died of a fever at Galle, whither he had gone to bring his children."

"In him were good nature and Christian meekness personified. He was beloved by all who knew him." (*Gazette*, December 20, 1823.)

He was Sitting Magistrate, Barbery, 1815, and at Calpentyn, 1821.

1658.—September 6, 1825—Francis Dickson.

Master Attendant, Galle.

He was Commander of the Government brig *Ariel* in 1813, Acting Master Attendant at Colombo from January 19, 1814, Commander of the Government brig of war *Kandyan* in 1816, and of the hired transport *Regalia* in 1818, Assistant Inspector of Pearl Banks and Master Attendant, Galle, succeeding W. C. Gibson, 1815. He married at Galle on July 22, 1808, Carolina Augusta, daughter of J. F. Conrady. He left a widow and five children (see Nos. 145 and 163). His eldest daughter, Caroline, married Lieutenant Nagel, 97th Regiment, on March 23, 1831, at Galle. A son, Francis Dickson, was appointed to the Customs, June, 1845, and was Assistant Collector at Trincomalee in 1861. He retired July 1, 1876, and died in England in 1887.

1659.—November 1, 1828—Pieter Cornelis Johannes Tranchell.

Sitting Magistrate of Belligam (Weligama).

Date of burial in Dutch Cemetery (Church of England register).

He was eldest son of Johannes Tranchell of Romelanda, Sweden, and Maria Magdalena Sievertsz, and was born August 30, 1785. He married in 1814 Mary, daughter of Captain H. Selway, 89th Regiment. His father, who died in 1807 at Jaffna, was Swedish Consul; his grandfather, P. Tranchell, married Brita Maria Ring. His mother is buried at Trincomalee.

Curing cases of snake bite appears to have been a hobby of Mr. Tranchell's. "The late Mr. John Tranchell of Belligam cured two Singhalese natives of that hamlet after having been for some time in strong convulsions, by dropping and rubbing into the punctures made by the snakes' fangs a mixture of nitric and muriatic acid, and giving them each fifty drops of Eau de Luce in a little water. They recovered in a few hours, but as the snakes were not

Galle—contd.1659.—November 1, 1828—**Pieter Cornelis Johannes Tranchell—contd.**

caught or killed and were only seen by the parties, who declared the animals to be *Nayas*, Mr. Tranchell did not feel that he could so positively vouch for the truth of their report as to make the circumstances the subject of a communication to the Literary Society of Colombo, as he had at first intended ; but that he did not do so arose from no doubt in his own mind, or that the preparation he had employed, conjointly with Eau de Luce, would ever be an inefficacious remedy." (Bennett, p. 116.) On another occasion, accompanied by Mr. Bennett, he went to try his nostrum, as the latter calls it, on a Sinhalese woman bitten by a tie-polonga at a village 2 miles from Weligama, but arrived too late ; the patient was already dead. Bennett also relates "a curious incident which happened on the 12th of June, 1827, whilst we were at dinner with Mr. Tranchell and his family, from which it appears that Mr. Tranchell believed that he could cure any one bitten by a mad dog." Bennett goes on to say, "whether he relied on the same nostrum in hydrophobia, with which I had seen him perform most extraordinary cures of snake bites, or not, it is to be hoped that the papers left behind him will explain. For the latter he employed, in addition to Eau de Luce, given internally, a mixture of nitric and muriatic acid, which was labelled upon a bottle always at hand in his dressing-room, but I am ignorant of their relative proportions."

Mr. Tranchell seems to have had a fertile brain. "A proposal was made to Governor Sir Robert Brownrigg in 1817 by a gentleman named Fawkenor, an extensive indigo planter in Bengal, to establish an indigo farm and manufactory in the Island. During the Dutch administration vast quantities of indigo had been manufactured for the European market and exported from Trincomalee, and it was therefore supposed that the experiment would prove successful. Nothing, however, came of the proposal. The next in the field was Mr. John Tranchell, a Swedish gentleman of great ability, skill, and enterprise, but unfortunately without capital. Mr. Tranchell had long previously ascertained that an abundance of indigo grew spontaneously in the Tangalle district, and at length, failing in private channels, he proposed to the then Governor Sir Edward Barnes to patronise the formation of an indigo factory by a joint stock company in fifty shares of five hundred rix-dollars, or 37 pounds ten in each share. The Governor approved of the plan, and cheerfully consented to become the patron. It was then proposed that, as original mover of the scheme, Mr. Tranchell should be appointed the company's resident superintendent of such factory. But this scheme was rendered abortive owing to the death of Mr. Tranchell." (Bennett, p. 72.)

1660.—May 13, 1840—**John Wallace.**

Merchant of Baddegama, aged 23 years.

He was a Forfarshire man.

1661.—March 7, 1842—**Francis Frome.**

Captain, 66th Regt. (retired), aged 67.

(Date of burial in Church of England register.)

"Lieutenant Francis Frome from Half Pay of Murray's late Recruiting Corps to be 1st Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment, Feb. 10th, 1810"; Captain, 3rd Ceylon Regiment, February 17, 1814; Captain, 66th Regiment, *vice* Gordon, deceased, October 18, 1813 (from 1st Ceylon Regiment). He was a Captain in the 59th Regiment in 1818. On November 17, 1835, he advertises as an "Agent for the purchase of Cinnamon, having become a Settler at Negombo." His wife, Frances Catherine, died at Kandy, May 21, 1830, aged 50. Captain Frome was then Staff Officer at Badulla.

Eyre Massey Frome, Ensign, 47th Regiment, son of Captain Frome, married at Colombo, August 15, 1822, Harriet, only daughter of Charles Mackenfield, Esq., R.N.

. 1662.—January 15, 1843—**John Dennis Browne.**

Assistant Government Agent of Matara.

He died at Galle suddenly. He entered the Civil Service October 12, 1832, acted as Assistant Agent, Trincomalee, in 1833, and was appointed Assistant Government Agent at Matara on June 20, 1837. "Browne's Hill," on the sea coast, a mile east of Matara, is called after him. On February 1, 1841, he was appointed Assistant Government Agent, Chilaw, but probably remained at Matara. In 1841 there was a "false report" that he was going to marry a daughter of the Rev. J. Wenham, Colonial Chaplain at Galle, which was contradicted by the latter in the papers.

1663.—September 20, 1846—**Edmund Buckle.**

Captain, Bengal Artillery, aged 40.

(Date of burial.)

1664.—December 13, 1849—**Henry James Hewetson.**Surgeon of the *Precursor*, aged 31.

(Date of burial.)

1665.—May 20, 1850—**Edmund James Wood.**

Police Magistrate of Galle, aged 46.

Date of burial in Dutch Cemetery (Church of England register), also date of death.

E. J. Wood was appointed Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate of Mullaittivu (1833-40); ditto of Chavakachcheri, January 1, 1845; of Jaffna, October 1, 1846; of Galle, July 7, 1848.

He married (1), on October 5, 1833, Eliza Petronella, daughter of Diederich Cornelis Fretz, son of the late Commandeur of Galle, and (2), on December 28, 1835, Sarah Anne, eldest daughter of Lieutenant Burke, C.R.R. His first wife died at Mullaittivu, November 25, 1834, aged 17; his second at Galle, April 10, 1850, aged 35. By her he had five children, one of whom, Amelia Georgiana Bridgetina, married at Kandy, September 14, 1861, Edmund Jackson, son of Thomas Jackson of Manchester. Two other daughters married Austins of Galle.

1666.—May 22, 1854—**Samuel Wood Hemmon.**

Lieutenant, R.N.

Date of burial from Church of England register.

1667.—January 30, 1859—**Norcliff Bendyke Walton.**Captain, 17th Regt., died on board the *Victoria*, aged 34.

Galle—contd.

1668.—January, 1869—**F. W. Lloyd.**

A planter, drowned in the Balapitiya lake. He was, in 1862, on an estate near Balapitiya called “Kohila Wagura.”

1669.—April 30, 1869—**Wharton Martham Le Marchand.**

Of Aningkande estate, Morowa korale. (Church of England register.)

He was eldest son of J. L. Le Marchand, and died at Aningkande. T. O. Le Marchand was also on Aningkande in 1868.

1670.—February 7, 1876—**Frank Colebrooke Willisford.**

Collector of Customs, Galle, died at Galle.

He was appointed Writer, January 20, 1862, and acted as Police Magistrate, &c., of Dumbara, August 15, 1862, to May 31, 1863; ditto of Avisawella, June 1, 1863, to April 30, 1864; as Landing Surveyor, Customs, at Galle from May 1, 1864, to June 15, 1866, and acted in a similar capacity at Colombo from June 16, 1866, to July 15, 1867, when he went to Negombo to act as District Judge, which he did until February 14, 1869. He was Police Magistrate of Colombo from February 15 to March 24 of that year, and then acted again at Negombo as District Judge until he went on leave, January 30, 1870. On his return, after six weeks in the Colombo Police Court, he was appointed Acting Collector of Customs, Galle, July 9, and confirmed in that appointment on December 1, 1871. He was a son of Dr. Willisford (see No. 38). He married, at Kandy, on August 4, 1863, Sarah Enright of Kandy.

Baddegama.

1671.—January 20, 1845—**John George Brinkley.**

“Son of MATHEW BRINKLEY, Esq., and HARRIET his wife, of the County of Meath. (Register.)

He had recently arrived at Galle by the steamer *Precursor*, had come to Baddegama, and with two friends bathed in the river. He was “an athletic young man in robust health and an excellent swimmer, but when returning after having swum across the river, either got into an eddy or was seized with cramp. Apparently sensible of his danger, he suddenly called to one of his companions, but before help could be afforded he sank and never rose again. One of his friends escaped the same fate by means of a coconut leaf, which was held out to him by some friends on the bank. A number of persons endeavoured to find the body, but more than an hour had elapsed before they succeeded and when removed from the water life was perfectly extinct. He was interred next day in the verandah of the Mission Chapel.” (*Colombo Observer*, January 27, 1845.) “The Mission Chapel” is Christ Church. There is nothing now even to mark the site of the grave.

Matara.

1672.—June 12, 1814—**Blaunt; Pitt; Alexander Robertson.**

Sergeant Blaunt (query “Blount”) and Privates Robertson and Pitt of the 19th Regiment were drowned while bathing in the sea. Blaunt and Pitt were endeavouring to save Robertson.

1673.—May 4, 1815—**George Steuart.**

Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

(It is not certain that he died at Matara, the locality is not stated.)

1674.—July 21, 1815—**W. D. Robertson.**

Lieutenant ROBERTSON, 19th Regiment.

“Lieut. Robertson was a young man of excellent abilities, which he had cultivated by extensive reading; his amiable temper and obliging disposition endeared him to his brother officers. His natural talents and acquired information combined to make him an ornament to his profession, in which he gave early promise of greatly distinguishing himself. He was Senior Lieutenant, and the army was unfortunately deprived of his services at a time when the vacancy of a Company in his Regiment had occurred, to which his professional merit and high character would have given him the fairest claim.” (*Gazette*, July 26, 1815.)

Hambantota.

1675.—September 12, 1818—**Robert Layton.**

Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

1676.—October 6, 1818—**Hugh Holmes.**

“At Hambantota Lieut. HUGH HOLMES, 73rd Regt.”

In November, 1817, Lieutenant Holmes was at Hansenwela near Etinawatta, Uva, with Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly. On January 3, 1818, he marched from Bintenna to Badulla with 34 men of the Light Company of the 73rd—“most of them lately from England, and many had shared in the glorious triumph of Waterloo.” (“Uva Rebellion,” pp. 5, 12.)

1677.—October 30, 1818—**James Mulquinny.**

“At Hambantott Hospital Asst. JAMES MULQUINNY.”

The rank of Hospital Assistant, formerly “Hospital Mate,” was immediately below that of Assistant Surgeon.

Hambantota—contd.**1678.—October 8, 1826—Charles Driberg ; Gertruida Elizabeth Driberg.**

“ At Hangbantotte of fever, Captain CHARLES DRIBERG, Commandant of the District, aged 39 years, and on the same day GERTRUIDA ELIZABETH, his wife. By sudden removal of the heads of the family within four hours of each other, no less than seven children have been left totally unprovided for. To Captain DRIBERG’s memory the Corps to which he belonged has borne honourable testimony, and the universally respected character of the parents has given rise to a great feeling of sympathy towards their offspring.” (*Gazette*, November 4, 1826.)

Captain Driberg was a son, probably the eldest son, of Captain F. W. von Driberg, who had other children baptized in 1790, 1794, 1796, and 1800. He was born in 1788. Captain Charles Driberg joined the 19th Regiment as Ensign on May 15, 1806, became Captain, July 3, 1808, and was gazetted to the 1st Ceylon Regiment on March 19, 1818. The regiment was styled in the twenties the “ 1st Ceylon Light Infantry.” He served in the Travancore campaign of 1809 with the 19th, and became Commandant of Hambantota in 1820. He married, on November 1, 1810, at St. Peter’s Church, Colombo, Gertruida Johanna Elizabeth, daughter of Friedrich Christiaan von Mullertsz and his wife Anna Catherina Elizabeth Medelar. A sister of hers, Petronella Charlotta, married Hendrik Ebell as his second wife on July 22, 1804. She was called after her aunt, Susanna Petronella Charlotta Medelar, wife of Pieter Sluysken. (See *Journal*, R.A.S., C.B., vol. XV., p. 269.) Mrs. Driberg had a son born at Batticaloa, March 26, 1816, while her husband was stationed there with the 19th Regiment. He was baptized “ John Gordon,” evidently after the officer of that name who died at Galle in 1815. Hambantota was fatal to this family. On February 18, 1820, Margaret Cecilia, the second daughter, who was baptized at Galle, August 27, 1818, died at Hambantota, aged 1 year 10 months and 14 days, and on March 2 the same year another daughter aged 5 months and 16 days died at the same place. A third daughter, Martha Julia Bennett, called after J. W. Bennett, C.C.S., who was stationed at Hambantota at the time, was born there on May 10, 1826 and baptized there on December 17 in that year.

Mrs. Driberg was baptized at Galle on February 27, 1791, so she was probably about 35 years of age. Two other sons of Captain F. W. von Driberg entered the British Army: Frederic, who joined the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, and died at Trincomalee in 1814, and William, who was also a 2nd Lieutenant in the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, was put on half pay when that regiment was disbanded, and joined the 83rd Regiment as an Ensign on January 14, 1819, and afterwards the Ceylon Rifles. He was commanding the Rifles at Hambantota in 1833, at Trincomalee in 1842, and was Commandant at Nuwara Eliya early in 1846; went on leave to England in 1849, and appears to have retired in that year, as his name is not included in the list of officers of the Rifles in the “ Ceylon Almanac ” of 1850, and with him this Driberg family disappears from Ceylon annals. He died at Boulogne on April 30, 1860. He had married at Kalutara, on August 28, 1835, Anna Henrietta Zelig, relict of Captain Edward Chauval, H.E.I.C.’s Madras Army. Their son, William Charles Driberg, Lieutenant in the 84th Regiment, born March 27, and baptized at Galle, July 7, 1839, married at Penally, Pembrokeshire, on November 14, 1861, Selina Sophia, daughter of Captain Wells.

With regard to the spelling of the name, Captain Charles Driberg signed the register of his marriage “ Driberg,” but later, at the Kelly wedding, signs it “ Driberg.” The “ von ” was dropped early. The family is in no way connected with the present Ceylon family of Driebergs, descended from Johannes Gerardus Driberg, who in 1878 married Johanna Horn. (See Nos. 118, 803, 1707.)

“ The superstitious inhabitants confidently attributed the death of Captain Driberg to his having shot a peacock in the preceding August during the period of the Kattregam festival, and that of his excellent wife to her having partaken of it ; but how to account for my having survived a like visitation after having repeatedly incurred a similar penalty with a view of exposing the absurdity of their notions, for the recovery of Captain Driberg’s children who, including an infant only six weeks old, had been removed to my house immediately after the deaths of their parents from the same fever, and in the natives’ opinion from the same cause, was indeed a puzzler ! Hambantotte was considered such a post of danger after the lamented deaths of the Commandant and his wife that the Governor determined ‘ not to send any officer to command the garrison (at that time consisting of 130 men) until more favourable accounts of the healthy state of the district should have been received,’ and for six months it remained in that anomalous and neglected state.”

During the mortality in 1826–27 “ there was scarcely a house without some one or other of its inmates dead or dying ” Dr. Julius Casement was the Assistant Surgeon in charge of the hospital. (Bennett, pp. 290–91.)

1679.—September, 1814—François Louis Senn.

“ At Palitoopane Capt. SENN, Commandant of the Sepoy Invalids, stationed at that station.”

According to Mr. J. J. Cotton in his account of the Regiment de Meuron (p. 34), Captains Senn and De la Harpe transferred from that regiment to the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, which Captain Senn joined on September 25, 1798. On May 20, 1812, he was appointed “ Captain with colonial rank and to command the two companies of invalids to be formed from the 2nd Ceylon and to assemble at Palitoopane.” A settlement at this place was established by Major Willerman, and Governor Brownrigg laid the foundation of the new fort, which was to protect the camp, on September 2, 1813, when Captain Senn, the Commandant, was present. One bastion was “ ready to receive two guns,” and the Commandant’s house was also ready. Captain Senn was succeeded as commandant by Lieutenant Venekam of the Sepoy Invalids on November 16, 1814.

The *Ceylon Independent* of August 11, 1909, records the death of “ Ignatius Basil Senn, son of Mr. William Senn and grandson of Captain François Louis Senn.” Captain Senn’s youngest daughter, Mary Sophia, married, on November 22, 1824, “ Andreas Fernando, Clerk of Tangalle Cutcherry.” Captain Senn, who was a Swiss, had probably, like other officers of the mercenary regiments of good birth, married a native.

“ At Paltoopane there is a small but well-built and modern fort garrisoned by a non-commissioned officer’s detachment of the invalid company of the Ceylon Rifle Corps, which affords an agreeable change to the traveller as something approaching civilization, for he will find very comfortable quarters during his stay.” (Bennett.)

Palatupana is 25 miles east of Hambantota. There are considerable remains of the fort left, much overgrown with jungle.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

Jaffna and neighbourhood.

1680.—May 9, 1780—Jeremias Rudolphus Stoll.

He was a native of Louisbourg, Kingdom of Wurtemberg, and had been residing at Jaffna as "Schoolmaster and Sexton of the Orphan House," having left at Louisbourg property to the amount of 8,400 florins Rhenish currency. Heirs were advertised for in the *Government Gazette* of July 23, 1831, and in succeeding issues, but whether any were discovered is not known.

Jaffna.

1681.—December 24, 1797—John Jervis.

"Mr. JOHN JERVIS, the Assistant Collector, died this day, and by order of Major B. G. BARBUT, the Commanding Officer, a Committee of Officers was assembled, and Major JEANNERET and Lieuts. COGHLAN and JEWELL having taken an Account of all the Papers, &c., and the Cutchery being then sealed in the presence of those Gentlemen, the keys were delivered to Major B. G. BARBUT." (Jaffna Kachcheri Diary.)

John Jervis was born, January 24, 1768, son of Benjamin Jervis (1733-74), Chief of Surat, and his wife Rebecca Robinson, daughter of John Robinson of Calcutta. Benjamin Jervis was a first cousin of Admiral John Jervis, created Earl St. Vincent. John Jervis joined the Madras Civil Service as a Writer in 1789. He married at Fort St. George, Eliza, daughter of George Ritso. She had two brothers in the 76th Regiment and two sisters, one of whom appears to have taken up her abode with the Jervises at Jaffna early in 1797.* Jervis arrived at Jaffna on December 3, 1795, having been appointed by the Government of Madras "Assistant to Mr. Robert Andrews for the purpose of investigating and collecting the revenues of Jaffnapatnam and Manar and their Dependencies." He met Captain Barbut, the Commandant, the next day, and immediately opened his Kachcheri, and reported his arrival and assumption of duties to Lord Hobart, the Governor at Fort St. George. Thus, the British civil administration was established in the Island before Colombo and Galle had been taken by the British forces.

Jervis's full style as given in official documents was "John Jervis, Senior Merchant in the Service of the Hon'ble the United English East India Company under the Presidency of Fort St. George on the Coast of Corromandel, and Senior Assistant to the Resident and Superintendent of Revenue of the Island of Ceylon." For short he signed himself "Assistant Superintendent of Revenue" or "Assistant Resident."

The first duty to which he addressed himself was the taking of measures for the protection of the pearl banks from being plundered, and for calling for "proposals respecting the renting of the privilege of fishing them." Tenders were advertised for by the Madras Government—120 boats with 15 divers to each boat were required for a fishery to last from March 11 to April 10—but eventually the rent was purchased by Jervis himself for the sum of 150,000 Porto Novo pagodas,† Messrs. Tulloh and Brodie, his agents, giving security for him at Madras. He assumed that he could be Superintendent of the Fishery (as he would have been in the ordinary course) as well as renter, but his chief, Robert Andrews, took a different view, and appointed Robert Alexander of the Madras Civil Service to this post. The result was a rather animated correspondence between Jervis and Andrews. Jervis threw up the rent, on the ground that, owing to the operations then proceeding against Colombo, which took the boats away, he could not get enough boats to work the fishery successfully, and that it was the duty of the Government to see that he had the necessary boats. Lord Hobart allowed him to withdraw from his engagements as renter, but at the same time expressed "his sense of the Impropriety of that Gentleman's conduct both as it respects his engagements as renter of the fishery and his duty to the Company as Collector of their Revenue." But Jervis himself was satisfied that he had acquitted himself "in every manner in a light which I flatter myself will reflect credit on my Character both in a private and Public capacity my private interest has not in any Degree stood in Opposition to my Zeal for that of the Hon'ble Company." He explains how it was he came to tender for the rent. "Having been assiduously employed in collecting and transmitting to Government every previous information regarding the Value of the Fishery, I did not hesitate to make a Tender of Proposals to Rent it at which was considered a large sum, relying implicitly on the effective aid that Public Authority could alone give me in providing boats, &c., and" But Jervis's relinquishing the rent was an unfortunate move as regards his own interests, for the fishery of 1796 yielded £60,000.‡ Jervis arrived at Jaffna, on his return from the Fishery, on April 8. He was troubled by various questions of administration on which he wrote to Andrews for instructions. Captain Ferguson, the Acting Commandant, had been issuing orders, "without any Solicitation on my part," interfering with the Department of Boats and Vessels. Some "servants of the Rajah of Candia" had recently come to Jaffna, and Captain Ferguson had issued a Garrison Order that "All persons who shall entertain strangers that may arrive hereafter are hereby required to inform them that it is their Business to wait on the Commanding Officer." But Jervis objected to this order, and pointed out that he had "no concern with the servants of His Excellency the Rajah of Candia." He wished Andrews to communicate with the Officer Commanding the British Forces in the Island or immediately with Government, "so as to prevent any interference on the part of the Military Authorities with the Department which Government have immediately intrusted and committed to the charge of their Revenue Servants in this Island." He founded his objection mainly on an order published at Fort St. George on December 10, 1794, "Defining the Separate Powers and Authorities of the Civil and Military Servants holding appointments in the Northern Circars, and directing the same to take effect also on the said Island as far as circumstance will admit thereof." His contention seems to have been upheld. Another matter that troubled him was "the existence of so large a band of Robbers in this District." He suggested to Captain Barbut in December, 1795, that they should be tried by court martial, "as the only Tryal which appears calculated to alarm the guilty, who are as yet at large, and effectually to deter them from the Commission of future crimes." Some of these "Colleries," as they are called, had been caught, and were then confined in Jaffna Fort on charges of burglary.

* "The situation in which my sister Miss Ritso was coming to the Island on the death of her sister and Guardian at Bengal to my wife's protection led me to propose this visit" (i.e., to Colombo), "as the only means which appeared feasible of bringing her to her intended Home at Jaffna Major and Mrs. Barbut at length sailing for Colombo, an opportunity occurs of her coming hither under their kind care." (Letter to Andrews dated January 30, 1797.)

† 150,000 P. N. Pagodas = 306,000 Rix-dollars = £22,950, if the Rix-dollar is taken as equal to 1s. 6d.

‡ His grandson, W. B. Jervis, in his biography of his father writes, under a complete misapprehension of the position, that John Jervis died "a short time after having unadvisably sold the pearl fisheries of Ceylon which had become his property."

Jaffna—contd.1681.—December 24, 1797—**John Jervis—contd.**

Colonel Stuart did not approve of this recommendation; it was not expedient that they should be kept in confinement until a general court martial could be assembled or until orders could be received from Madras, and Andrews tells Jervis with reference to "Your Letter applying for a Court Martial to try Certain People who have been apprehended by you for Theft, in all cases unconnected with the Military, your Public Cutchery is the place for investigating the Subject, and your Authority during my absence Sufficient for the Trial and Punishment of all Misdemeanours which are not of a heinous Nature without the addition of any Power which Captain Ferguson conceived he could delegate." (Letter dated February 20, 1796.) The Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George also writes (March 6, 1796):—"Every Collector is vested with the power of confining such delinquents." Jervis found some difficulty in the collection of the taxes, and on April 27, 1796, applied to Captain Ferguson for 40 Sepoys "to assist my public servants in collecting the Head Money and Body Tax," and ten days later he asked for a "Naique" and 4 Sepoys to accompany the "Aumildar" he was sending to the several Districts under Jaffna-patnam to collect these taxes. In 1797 it was decided to impose a tax on coconut trees, and a census of the trees in the Jaffna District was started. This was completed by the end of March. There were found to be 113,588 trees in the Jaffna District. The tax was to be one fanam per tree a year, but trees which did not yield toddy or produce fruit were exempted, and these amounted to about half the number. Jervis seems to have been opposed to the tax. He estimated that it would only raise 5,500 Rix-dollars in "the Jaffna Districts," and this estimate was not very much exceeded, for after the census the yield was put at 2,524 "Star Pagodas," or about 6,451 Rix-dollars. He reported that "all the inhabitants were very averse to the payment of this tax." He had already reported, at the time of the numbering of the trees, "the particular opposition which has been given to my people who were employed to number the coconut trees, as well as the disposition of the Inhabitants in general, manifest to oppose my collection of the tax." He wished to know whether it was to be exacted, as he apprehended "an alarming opposition." The collection of the tax was in consequence suspended by General Welbore Doyle, who was then in charge of the Company's possessions in Ceylon, "until further orders from Government" (March 25). But on May 17 an order was issued by Robert Andrews for the levying of the tax. How Jervis further fared in its collection does not appear. Jervis, however, had a tax of his own. As it was represented to him that "the sum of four or five thousand rupees might be realized without oppression to the lower orders of men by the receipt of fees for Passports at Point Pedro," he ordered these fees to be recovered. He procured by his representations to Captain Barbut the cutting of a channel from the Fort moat to the Lake to prevent the flooding of the low grounds in the neighbourhood and the destruction of the paddy. This was carried out in December, 1796. On June 21, 1796, Jervis left for Trincomalee, where he arranged for the collection of the sea customs by the Master Attendant and of the revenue by the Aumildar, relieving the Commandant, who had for some time collected them. He then proceeded to Mullaivivu, where he remained some days, meeting Lieutenant A. Fair, the Commandant, and Lieutenant Theile, a retired officer of the Dutch Company. Two Aumildars had been sent to the Vanni by Andrews "to investigate the revenues" and Jervis wished to observe and report on their conduct. The seven Dutch "Adigars" of Mullaivivu had been recently recalled by Jervis, and replaced by "Manigars and Conicoplies conformable to the system observed on the Coast." Andrews highly approved of this step. "Their being stationed about the country only impressed the Natives with an idea of our restoring the Island, and gave the Dutch a more general opportunity of instilling such notions prejudicial to the public interest." (July 6, 1796.) By July 21 Jervis had returned to Jaffna, on which day he sent to Lord Hobart, "by express cattemaran," the following information, which he deemed of the greatest importance:—"A Dutch Sergeant has just declared to me that on the Evening of the 21st he saw two Squadrons, each of 4 sail, engaged near to Chundekoloni, about 55 English miles to the Southward of this place. The English ships being nearest to the shore, he plainly distinguished their Colours, the Enemy's Colours he called White, but from the Distance he could not so clearly distinguish them. The Sergeant has related the whole of the particulars to Major Barbut, which circumstantial detail accompanys this Letter." Those were stirring times even in Mullaivivu. Exactly a month later he reports to Major Barbut his "having this Instant received a letter from my Aumildar at Moelletivoe acquainting me that on the morning of the 19th instant six large Vessels of three Masts passed that Port, bending their course towards the Coast of Corromandel." The "cattemaran people" sent to the Coast with the Express to the Hon. Major Monson delayed on the way there, and were in consequence imprisoned on their return.

Jervis appears to have been in bad health during most of his time in Ceylon. "A severe indisposition" prevented him from "applying to business" on his return to Jaffna from the Pearl Fishery on April 8, 1796; on May 28 the same year he refers to "my present bad state of health," and informs Andrews that "the Garrison Surgeon, Mr. Hawkes, has given it as his opinion that I cannot with any propriety immediately undertake" a journey to Trincomalee. Three weeks later (June 17) he writes to Andrews, "in consequence of my complaints having taken a very serious turn I have been unavoidably detained here to this date," and he could not start for Trincomalee until the 21st. He attributes his breakdown in health to the arduous nature of his duties. Writing to Andrews on January 30, 1797, he says, "Your presence at Jaffna will, by enabling you to take a general view of my official arrangements and conduct, afford you proof of my alacrity, indefatigable attention, and correctness in an office of the utmost importance, under the business of which my health has suffered the deepest injury. Whilst I have drawn a small allowance, with which with difficulty I have barely supported my familie, and whilst I have in fact hitherto derived only one distant view of advantage, in the pleasing hope and assurance of my conduct recommending me in the end to the beneficial patronage and public approbation of Government." His pay, it may be mentioned, was 100 Star Pagodas a month, equal to 375 Rix-dollars, and 1 per cent. on the collections, and he rented a house at 50 Rix-dollars a month from Mr. C. F. Schreuder. The Kachcheri was held at his house. He had three sons, George Ritso, who entered the Bombay Engineers, and died at Boulogne in 1852; John James Sibbald of the Artillery, who died of cholera in India; and Thomas Best, who was born at Jaffna on May 2, 1796. The last named became a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Bombay Engineers, also F.R.S. and Director of the Topographical and Statistical Departments, now the Intelligence Division of War Department in India. He died April 3, 1857. He is described by his son, William Best Jervis, formerly Director of the Conservator of the Royal Italian Industrial Museum at Turin, who wrote a biography of him, as "Christian Soldier, Geographer, and Friend of India." John Jervis had some trouble over the baptism of this son, as Mr. Philippus Kroon, who had been Accountant-General under the Dutch Company in Ceylon, and Mr. Juriaan Kats, both "Leeden van de Kerken Raad" at Jaffna, objected to the child being baptized by the Rev. Mr. Cadenski, who himself, however, had no objection to performing the ceremony, and forbade him to administer the rite. Jervis complained of their conduct to Andrews, and asked him to represent it to General Stuart (September 28). Mrs Jervis seems to have had another child at Jaffna shortly before her husband's death. He refers in a letter to Captain Barbut to "Mrs. Jervis' approaching confinement," and to "the good assistance of Doctor Carnie, who has lately joined your Garrison." This was Assistant Surgeon John Carnie, who had succeeded Dr. Hayes, and who held as well the offices of Registrar of Lands and President of the Land Raad at Jaffna. Dr. Carnie left for Europe in the *Bengal* in December, 1802, the same ship which took home Mrs. Barbut. Mrs. Jervis, shortly after the death of her husband, married Captain Whitley of the Madras Army, by whom she had a son, William, who became a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Bombay Artillery, and died in the Indian Ocean on the passage home to England in 1857. This Captain Whitley was no doubt the "Lieutenant Thomas Whitley," who was Adjutant and in command of a detachment of the Malay Corps at Jaffna in 1797; who left that station for Trincomalee on the

Jaffna—contd.

1681.—December 24, 1797—John Jervis—*contd.*

morning of July 13 with the Second Division of that Corps; and who was wounded at Pangalumcoorchy on May 23, 1801, having arrived there the previous day with 150 men of the Corps. A Captain William Whitley of the 12th Regiment died at Pondicherry on October 14, 1800. (Cotton, p. 367.) The last document in the Jaffna records bearing Jervis's signature is a receipt for nails for the sloop, "Ceylon, No. 4," dated December 11, 1797. The "Cutchery" continued to be held at his dwelling house until January 31, 1798. It was probably then removed to the Fort. Jervis is no doubt buried in the old Dutch burial ground. This notice and the Jaffna diary form his only memorial.

1682.—December 31, 1804—John H. Evans.

"At Jaffnapatnam, Brevet-Major EVANS, 19th Regt."

He was junior Major, and in April, 1802, was appointed Commandant at Calpenty in succession to Captain Von Driberg, in accordance with the new arrangements made by Governor North, under which field officers were appointed to the command of such outstations as had Land Raads, the Commandant acting as President of the Land Raad as well. He joined the army proceeding to Kandy in January, 1803, and was in command of the picket that first entered the town on February 21 (see Captain Anderson's "Journal"). He resumed command at Calpenty on April 11, on the return of General Macdowal's forces. He was appointed Commandant of Mannar on October 8, 1803, succeeding Major Vincent, 19th Regiment. He commanded at Arippe during the absence of Major Beaver in March, 1804, proceeded to the Coast for three months in October of that year, and probably died on his way back from it at Jaffna. He was succeeded at Mannar by Lieutenant William Thwaites, 51st Regiment. In August, 1804, at Mannar Major Evans arrested two men on suspicion of their being Kandyan spies returning to Kandy. It turned out that they were servants of "the king, who was murdered by the present King of Candia." (This was Rajadi Rajasinha.) They were sent to him by Captain Jewell with two other men, who asserted that they were spies.

1683.—July 6, 1807—Friedrich Wilhelm von Driberg.

"At Jaffnapatam Capt. DRIBERG."

He was Commandant of Mullaitivu at the time of his death. He was probably a son, by his first wife, of Diederich Carolus von Driberg, who was a Captain-Lieutenant in the Dutch Company's service at Chilaw in 1766; was Commandant at Galle in 1782; Major 1783; Lieutenant-Colonel 1791, and was Commandant of the Garrison of Colombo when it was taken by the British. Colonel Von Driberg died on June 22, 1804, at Negapatam, when he must have been about 60, and Friedrich Wilhelm was baptized in 1768, so that if he was born in the latter year, he was about 39 when he died. As there was thus a difference of about 24 years between them, it is probable that they were father and son, and very likely came out together from Europe. According to Governor North, they were Hanoverians (letter to Lord Mornington of July 15, 1800, Wellesley MS., reprinted in *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 299), and, judging from their arms, the family held baronial rank. Captain Friedrich Wilhelm was, at the time of the attack on Colombo by the British, "Captain-Major of the Fortress." Notwithstanding, after Colombo was taken, he entered the British service, and was Commandant of Calpenty from November, 1799, to April, 1802. He received the appointment from Governor North. The place was garrisoned by a company or two of Malay Invalids. North refers to him as "a Hanoverian, late in the Dutch service, appointed to the command of the company of Malays which were on revenue duty, one of eight companies which were in the Dutch service." It appears that the Dutch had 3,000 Malays in 1791-92. Cordiner met Captain Von Driberg and his wife at Calpenty on January 16, 1801, and writes of them: "Captain and Mrs. Driberg received us with great hospitality. The former is an indefatigable sportsman, famed for his success in shooting elephants, which he kills for the sake of their tusks. The latter is an accomplished woman, surrounded by a large family of delightful children." (Vol. II., p. 334.) In April, 1802, he was appointed Commandant of Mullaitivu and President of the Land Raad there. While there, in May, 1803, he proposed to the Board of Revenue the establishment of a cotton plantation. This was approved with certain modifications, but the matter was postponed. At the same time he made an application for a lease of land for the cultivation of paddy in the Vanni, and an agreement was, in July, 1803, entered into between him and Government for the lease for seven years of the tank "Allegalloepadeteocolam" (Alaikallupoddakulam) in Melpattu East, which is now abandoned, but is probably in the neighbourhood of Annatevanmadu, on the old road from Mannar to Mullaitivu. But his agricultural pursuits were soon interrupted. There was restlessness in the Vanni fomented by the King of Kandy, and on June 17, 1802, Captain Von Driberg had written to Lusignan, the Collector of Jaffna, "I have great attention to the proceedings of the Candians, and will not fail to communicate them to Barbut." He refers in 1803 to the orders he had received from Colonel Barbut, who was at Minneri, commanding the force proceeding to Kandy from Trincomalee to take charge of the Kandyan prince "Moetoesami," who was on his way from Jaffna to "Candely Lake," and subsequently to Trincomalee. Muttusami was to go first to Mullaitivu, and then to Kantalai in Captain Von Driberg's charge. He also refers to "the third person I sent to the frontier of Candi to know exactly what was going on—there was nothing extraordinary." Notwithstanding these precautions, his garrison of Malay Invalids was on August 25, 1803, surprised by "Pandara Wannian" and his followers, who captured the Fort of Mullaitivu. The garrison was withdrawn in good order by Captain Von Driberg in boats to Jaffna. He also succeeded in bringing off the books and papers and the cash. News of this disaster arrived at Jaffna the next day. On October 25 the Collector (Lusignan) went to Mannar "to settle matters for an expedition into the Wanny under Captain Driberg," and on the 31st the latter defeated Pandara Wannian at Kachchilaimadu and re-captured Mullaitivu. (See "Vanni Manual," p. 19, Cordiner, vol II., p. 245.) As a reward for his services Captain Von Driberg received the tank of Pandarakulam, and it remained in the possession of some of his descendants until 1865 or 1866. (Sessional Papers, 1866, p. 244.) Mrs. Von Driberg died at Jaffna in 1843 (see No. 803). Three of their sons entered the British Army: Charles, who died at Hambantota in 1826; Frederick, of the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, who died at Trincomalee in 1814; and William, who retired as a Major of the Ceylon Rifles. A daughter married William Ridsdale of the C.M.S. in 1832 (see No. 118). Another daughter, Charlotte Caroline, married Lieutenant C. C. Torriano in 1805.

1684.—July 7, 1807—Johannes Tranchell.

Provincial Judge of Jaffna.

He was son of Per Tranchell, and was born at Romelanda, Sweden, in 1754. He was for some time in the service of the Dutch Company, but remained in Ceylon after its capture by the British, and took service under the new Government. He was gazetted Vice-President of the Land Raad at Galle, April 25, 1799, and with this office he held, as he had done under the Dutch, that of Swedish Consul. He was appointed Provincial Judge, Trincomalee, February 22, 1804, and ditto at Jaffna, February 26, 1806. He married in 1784 Maria Magdalena, daughter of Pieter Swartz Siebertz, of Danish extraction, born in 1769. (See No. 938.)

Jaffna—contd.

1685.—February 10, 1808—**George Brunette.**

“ At Jaffna, Lieut. BRUNETTE, 2nd Ceylon.”

He was in Jaffna in 1806. Captain Truter, also of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, married his widow at Jaffna on September 3, 1808, after settling the debts of the Lieutenant. The name is spelt both “Brunette” and “Brunet” in the *Gazette*. Lieutenant Brunette died insolvent, but his estate was being administered as long after his death as 1814.

1686.—June 14, 1808—**Charles C. Torriano.**

“ At Jaffnapatnam, Lieutenant and Fort Adjutant
C. C. TORRIANO, aged 28 years.”

“ Charles C. Torriano, Gent., to be 2nd Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment, *vice* Bausset, 15th April, 1804.” He was gazetted 1st Lieutenant, October 21, 1807. He was Fort Adjutant, Jaffna, from May 9, 1806. He married Charlotte Caroline von Driberg in March, 1805. The only other episode in the life of Lieutenant Torriano which I am able to record is that in September, 1805, while he was at Mullaittivu, staying, it is presumed, with his father-in-law, Captain Von Driberg, he was reported by Sergeant Wirgman as having shot a cow, which was supposed to be the property of Government, though claimed by Lieutenant Torriano. On inquiry it was found to be the property of Government.

The Torrianos settled in the Madras Presidency in the seventeenth century, and intermarried with English and Dutch families there. Their earliest known representative, Nathaniel Torriano, married Elizabeth Renouf, and had a son, George, born in 1700, who on April 4, 1725, married Susanna Catherina de Dorpere. Dorothy Torriano, probably a sister of Nathaniel's, married (1) Charles Proby, (2) Thomas Lucas. Richard Torriano was one of the Black Hole victims. Charles Torriano was in the Madras Artillery in 1756. Captain John Samuel Torriano defended Onore in 1783 against Tipu. William Harcourt Torriano was in the Madras Civil Service 1766–1807, and was Resident at Nagore in 1796. His wife, Eliza, died at Negapatam, October 17, 1795. This Lieutenant Torriano was very likely a son of theirs. There was another Lieutenant Charles Torriano in the 1st Battalion of the 9th Regiment of Native Infantry, who was at Jaffna with his corps, 1799–1800. The detachment passed through Puttalam and Calpentyn in July, 1800, *en route* to the Coast under Captain Hazard. Captain Hazard and Lieutenant Torriano were both wounded, the latter mortally, at the attack on “Pangalumcoorchy” on March 9, 1801. This Lieutenant Torriano married at Galle, on June 22, 1800, Johanna Petronella van Geyzel, and she married, as her second husband, at Galle, on March 21, 1805, the Rev. Michael Christiaan Vos of the Cape of Good Hope, who was born at the Cape on January 6, 1760, and died there on February 20, 1825. He was the son of Jan Hendrik Vos of Batavia and Johanna Bok, and was not related to Ceylon De Vos families. He left several children, and one of the Boer prisoners in Ceylon, the Rev. Mr. Postma, remembered seeing an old lady, one of the daughters of Predikant Vos.

1687.—May 26, 1811—**William Greenslade.**

“ At Jaffna WILLIAM GREENSLADE, of H. M.
Civil Service and Custom Master, Jaffna.” (*Gazette*,
June 5, 1811.)

He arrived in the Island on August 26, 1808, with Charles Scott, C.C.S., and R. M. Sneyd, C.C.S., and was appointed Extra Assistant at the Secretariat, June 14, 1809; 2nd Assistant, January 31, 1810; Custom Master, Jaffna, January 2, 1811. He died insolvent. His estate was being administered 1813–26.

1688.—October 23, 1811—**Erick Matfield.**

Ceylon Civil Service, Sitting Magistrate of Point
Pedro.

He first appears as Secretary to a Sub-Committee, of which Alexander Wood, C.C.S., was Chairman, appointed to inquire into the case of the poor, October 20, 1801. He was Secretary to the Provincial Court of Colombo from April 15, 1803; Sitting Magistrate and Custom Master, Kaits, November 5, 1806; ditto at Point Pedro, 1808. There were moneys belonging to his estate at the Treasury in 1831.

1689.—May 12, 1812—**George Hayter.**

Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding Royal Engineers in
the Island.

He was Acting Surveyor-General and in charge of the Civil Engineers in the Island, and was succeeded by Captain Schneider. His estate was being administered 1813–20; value 55,464 rix-dollars.

1690.—May 3, 1813—**John Steddy.**

Captain STEDDY, Commander of the Government
cutter *Wilhelmina*.

He was succeeded by Matthew Frewyer. (See No. 341.)

1691.—May 6, 1813—**Mattheus Petrus Raket.**

Formerly Commandeur of Jaffna.

He was probably a son of Jan Helfrig Raket, Opperhoofd of Mannar, and Magdalena Swinnas (see No. 886). He was Commandeur, 1792–95. He married (1) Maria Elizabeth Kramer. His elder brother (?), Bartholomeus Jacobus Raket, was Commandeur, 1777–92. He married, January 28, 1785, Susanna Elizabeth Mooyaart.

On February 17, 1796, John Jervis, the Assistant Resident, wrote to M. P. Raket for “the public books and accounts which were stipulated to be delivered over to the English on the capitulation of this place.” Towards the end of 1796 he, Major Frankena, and six other Dutchmen sent in a petition to Government in which they objected to a proclamation issued by Major Barbut, the Commandant of Jaffna, which ordered that all Coast slaves must be considered in Ceylon free people. Their objection was that this would have the effect of liberating Nalavas and Palla caste slaves, which was contrary to the 4th Article of the Capitulation. Jervis pointed out that Major Barbut only ordered the liberation of a few slaves who had proved themselves subjects of the Nabob of the Carnatic and of the “United English East India Company.” The Rakets and Major Frankena, in fact, never reconciled themselves to English rule. On September 27, 1803, the Collector, Lusignan, found it necessary to issue an order to the headmen that “no Headman or

Jaffna—contd.

1691—May 6, 1813—**Mattheus Petrus Raket—contd.**

person of Distinction shall attend at the house or converse with the two Commandeurs named Raket or Major Frankena on pain of dismissal and further punishment, the said Persons being enemies of the British." M. P. Raket married (2) Ottilia Wilhelmina Henrietta, fourth daughter of Baron Stephen van Lynden van Blitterswyk. On May 17, 1805, the Collector (Lusignan) wrote to M. P. Raket, "late Commandeur," enclosing an extract showing "outstanding balances due to the late Dutch Government," and requesting information on the subject.

1692.—November 11, 1813—**Albert Henry Giesler.**

"At Jaffnapatnam, aged 61 years, ALBERT HENRY GIESLER, Esq., Advocate-Fiscal for the Second Division of the Supreme Court of Judicature in this Island."

He was of Lisbon and a "boekhouder," and was, under the British Government, Secretary to the "General Committee of Superintendence" until February, 1803. He was appointed Keeper of the Dutch Records on February 9, 1803, and Advocate-Fiscal on January 12, 1812. He married (1) Susanna Gertruida Staats, and by her was father of Lieutenant G. G. Giesler; and (2) Gertruida Antonia, eldest daughter of the late Major Fredrik van dem Busch, on November 18, 1810. Major van dem Busch was Commandant of the garrison at Cochín under the Dutch. P. Sluysken and Lieutenant C. Driberg were witnesses to this marriage, and Giesler and P. Sluysken were witnesses to the marriage of Lieutenant Driberg on November 1. R. A. van dem Busch was a witness to both. Giesler's daughter, by his first wife, Margaretta Adriana, married at Colombo, on July 9, 1810, Lieutenant Henry Augustus F. Hervey, of the 2nd Battalion, 7th Native Infantry, Sir William Coke and the bride's brother, Lieutenant Giesler, being witnesses to the marriage. She had a son at Malwan, near Goa, June 9, 1816.

1693.—January 17, 1816—**Gerard Godfried Archibald Giesler.**

"At Jaffna, on the 17th instant, in the prime of his life, Lieut. G. GIESLER, of H. M. 2nd Ceylon Regiment, of a violent Fever which he got at Moletivoe while commanding the Garrison of that place. The few days he lingered with it he bore out the Severity of his Decease (*sic*) as a true Christian, with meekness and fortitude. He was much beloved and esteemed by His Friends and Relations. He left a Wife, an Infant Child, and numerous Relations to mourn His loss." (*Gazette*, January 24, 1816.)

He was baptized at Colombo, November 25, 1792, and was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, on July 1, 1809, *vice* Brunette, and 1st Lieutenant, January 15, 1810. He married, on March 27, 1814, Dorothea Sophia de Breard, who, after his death, married John Joachim Vanderspar (see Nos. 561 and 606). The infant child referred to was Susan Margaret, who, on July 10, 1835, at Galle, married W. H. Trant.

1694.—July, 1821—**John Arnold Stutzer.**

"At Jaffnapatam, in the 59th year of his age, JOHN ARNOLD STUTZER, M.D. and Assistant Surgeon in the Colonial Establishment.

"Dr. Stutzer was a native of Sweden, left his country in the service of the Dutch East India Company in 1783, was employed as Physician to two several embassies to Japan, from whence he brought many specimens of the art of that wonderful people, had married and settled at Jaffnapatam, &c., on the capitulation of Ceylon, accepted employ under His Majesty's Government—first in superintending the smallpox establishment, and afterwards in introducing the Vaccine, which he did so successfully that in this populous district no ravages of the dreadful malady it supplanted have even been known for these 18 years.

"In 1811 the Doctor, being then 48 years of age, volunteered to accompany the expedition against Batavia, and being appointed by General Sir Thomas Maitland to do duty with the Corps of the Royal Artillery as Surgeon, he happily, in the execution of this trust and of duties more important from his knowledge of the languages, manners, and people of that country, both European and Malay, succeeded in obtaining the approbation of the Commander-in-Chief and those under whom he served.

"He has left a widow and three daughters, who can never forget the loss of so indulgent, affectionate, and tender a friend. All classes of the inhabitants of this place will long remember his kindness and assiduous attention as a professional man, for he never considered that time misspent which was given to the calls of the poor or the distressed.

"Endowed with an enlightened mind, of a mild and conciliatory temper, and much kindness of manner, the Doctor was the life of all Society, and his firmness in sickness and affliction thro' which he laboured 10 long months without ever being heard to complain—expressing no feeling for his own agonizing sufferings, but pity only for the distresses of his afflicted and amiable family, has left us to experience what a blank the loss of a single individual may occasion amongst a circle of friends." (*Gazette*, July 21, 1821.)

J. A. Stutzer was renter of the "Joy Tax" (a tax on jewellery) at Jaffna for the year 1800. He was nominated the same year by Dr. John Carnie, the Garrison Surgeon, who in April had been appointed Superintendent of Smallpox Hospitals, one of which was to be built at Jaffna, as an "overseer" for smallpox duties. He was Acting Garrison Surgeon of Jaffna (Dr. Carnie having left for Europe in 1802), and took medical charge of the detachment of the 34th Regiment, doing duty in the Jaffna Garrison from September 1, 1803. He was appointed Superintendent of Vaccination at Jaffna, May 18, 1804; Assistant Surgeon September 5, 1804; ditto, "with Island rank and to be attached to the Garrison of Jaffna," from February 15, 1807. (*Gazette*, June 10.) His house was "at the corner of Main street," facing the esplanade. Mrs. Stutzer died at Jaffna, April 30, 1831. Their son, Lieutenant Charles Stutzer, of the 1st Ceylon Regiment, was killed during the Uva Rebellion on February 18, 1818. There used to be a tradition in Jaffna in connection with his death. There was a stone in the floor of one of the rooms of the house within the Fort, which is now the jailer's quarters, about 2 feet square, and on this stone was engraved the sentence "Hoe lang is de eeuw-igheid," supposed, to have been cut on it by Dr. Stutzer on hearing of the death of his son. But against this there are the facts that the stone did not seem to be *in situ*, it was most awkwardly placed in a corner of the room in such a position that it was difficult to read it; and secondly, Dr. Stutzer's house was situated in the Pettah, though, of course, he may at one time have occupied the quarters in the Fort. The stone has been placed in the floor of the Dutch Church, where it can be more easily seen. It is of exactly the same dimensions as the stones which form the flooring both of the church and of the jailer's house. (See No. 822.)

Jaffna—contd.

1695.—June 13, 1822—**John^r Godfried Koch.**

“ At Jaffna, J. G. KOCH, Esq., a Lieutenant in the Dutch E. I. Company's Service, aged 54 years, leaving behind him Nine children to lament his loss.”

He was the son of Godfried Koch of Alt-Ruppin, Neywork, Brandenburg, who was born in 1734, went out to Ceylon in the Ship *Rosenberg* in 1755, and married, November 9, 1760, Wilhelmina Magdalena Rovert. Lieutenant I. G. Koch married Susanna Elizabeth Brohier. Their son, Cyrus Godfried, married Jacomina Bernardina Toussaint. Their son was the late Rev. Charles Alexander Koch, Colonial Chaplain of Holy Trinity Church, Colombo.

1696.—November 16, 1833—**Samuel Bircham.**

“ Brevet Lieut.-Colonel SAMUEL BIRCHAM, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, in the 63rd year of his age, upwards of 50 of which he had spent in the active service of his country.”

Major, Mrs., and Miss Bircham arrived by the transport *Stentor* (a “ bark ”) on August 22, 1828. His niece, Amy Bircham, married, as his second wife, Captain Burleigh, C.R.R. Lieutenant-Colonel Bircham's widow, Dorothea, was buried at Jaffna, July 27, 1846, aged 75. He must have entered the army at the age of twelve.

1697.—June 17, 1836—**Mary Ann Koch.**

“ At Jaffna, MARY ANN, wife of Mr. LOUIS HENRY KOCH, only daughter of the late Lieut. JOHN KENNEDY, C.R.R., aged 20 years 32 days, leaving an infant child.”

1698.—January 14, 1840—**H. G. Speldewinde.**

“ District Judge of Tenmaratche and Patchepalle.”

The headquarters of the District Judge were at Chavakacheheri. H. G. Speldewinde was Sitting Magistrate of Mallagam from 1823 to 1833, when he was appointed District Judge of Tenmaratche. He was probably a son of Hendrik Speldewinde who married Maria Dorothea Elizabeth Koch, sister of Lieutenant J. G. Koch. She married (2) on December 31, 1786, Frederick Gerard de Niesse.

1699.—March 15, 1840—**Haddon Smith.**

“ Brevet Major HADDON SMITH, late of the Ceylon Rifles.”

Captain Haddon Smith, 73rd Regiment, was in command at Paramatta until January 17, 1814, when the regiment left for Ceylon. He arrived in March of that year. He was Commandant at Jaffna from 1833 to 1840. He had married Sarah—at Calcutta, September 15, 1803. His widow died at Colpetty, Colombo, December 3, 1840, aged fifty, from which it would appear that she was married at the age of thirteen. One son was John Hastings Smith (see No. 120). Another son, Robert Exshaw Smith, who had been in the Ceylon Rifles, married Miss C. M. L. Vanderstraaten, sixth daughter of V. W. Vanderstraaten, July 27, 1835. He died at Colombo, July 31, 1840. A third son I take to have been Henry Smith. A fourth son, Haddon, was engaged in coconut planting, and in 1868 was in charge of Hendella and Mattacooly Farms, and of Mutturajawella, which belonged then to Anthony Gibbs & Co. Major Haddon Smith took part in the operations in Uva, 1817–18. He was succeeded as Commandant of Jaffna by Major Walleth. It was for striking Captain Haddon Smith that Private John Jenny of the 73rd was shot on Galle Face on October 27, 1817.

1700.—June 8, 1840—**Henry Smith.**

“ Late C.R.R.”

He married Caroline Gray, daughter of Captain French Gray, on January 10, 1833, at the Fort Church, Jaffna. The witnesses were Captain John Antill and the bride's brother, French Gray. A son, Henry Basil, was born September 2, 1835.

1701.—May 27, 1844—**F. Colley.**

“ 2nd Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifle Regiment, aged about 20 years.”

1702.—June 8, 1848—**Spencer Thomas Vassal Burleigh.**

Aged 32 years 11 months.

He was fourth son of Dr. George Burleigh, and was born on July 10, 1815 (see No. 800). He was probably called after Captain S. L. H. Vassal of H.M.S. *Harrier*. He was in the Civil Engineer's Department, and married Anne Catherine Gray, *née* Cavendish, widow of Captain Richard Gray, C.R.R., at St. John's, Chundikuli, on June 3, 1839. His daughter, Catherine, born August 27, 1841, married Henry Edward Reyne, June 28, 1859, at Kandy. His second daughter, Ellen Eliza, married Matthew Henry Towgood, a mining surveyor in Perak, who died at Krian, Perak, April 23, 1885.

1703.—March 6, 1869—**Elizabeth Constance Morrison.**

Wife of CHARLES MORRISON, Agent of the Oriental Bank Corporation at Jaffna, aged 45 years.

Mrs. Morrison is buried in the churchyard of St. John's, Chundikuli, Jaffna.

Jaffna—contd.1704.—June 11, 1869—**John Morphew.**

District Judge of Jaffna, aged 46 years.

He died of dysentery. He was eldest son of John Morphew, late Resident of Travancore, and brother of Mrs. O'Grady and of James Boyd Morphew (see No. 1073). He married on November 9, 1859, at Galle, Anna Matilda Mann, daughter of John Olding, Esq. His widow married Charles Morrison. One of her daughters by Mr. Morphew married George Shadwell Saxton, C.C.S. John Morphew served in the Civil Engineer's Department from 1841, and was appointed Assistant Civil Engineer, February 1, 1843; Civil Engineer, November 30, 1844; Acting Assistant Government Agent, Kandy, September 25, 1846; ditto Hambantota, July 1, 1849; confirmed as such, April 1, 1850; ditto Batticaloa, September 1, 1854; confirmed as such, July 1, 1855; on leave, August 16, 1858; District Judge, Trincomalee, 1860.

1705.—October 29, 1900—**Lawrence Fletcher White.**

Chief Engineer in charge of the Northern Railway Extension. Aged 36 years.

He was son of Mary Emery White, and died of snake-bite—the only case recorded in which an Englishman in Ceylon has lost his life in this way. On returning home in the evening he washed his hands at a basin in the verandah, and was bitten by a snake coiled round or behind it. He thought nothing of the matter, had dinner, and went to bed. In the small hours he was taken ill, and died before daylight. The snake was not identified. Although there is no other recorded case of the death of an Englishman in Ceylon from snake-bite, there was a case of death from this cause at Melbourne, Australia, in April or May, 1867, where the snake came from Ceylon. A Mr. Burnstall took a cobra with him from Ceylon to Melbourne, where he stopped at Tankard's Hotel. He went down into the smoking room with the snake round his neck, having, as he supposed, extracted the fangs. It bit him after he had taken it off, and he died from the bite. (See *Colombo Observer* of May 20, 1867.)

Point Pedro.1706.—May 29, 1871—**James Simpson.**

Police Magistrate of Point Pedro.

He died of consumption, from which disease he had suffered for many years. He had originally been employed in one of the Ceylon banks, and had obtained the appointment at Point Pedro for the sake of the climate, which undoubtedly had the effect of prolonging his life. He married Ellenor Anne Morrison, of Yagahahena, near Kandy, at St. Paul's, Kandy, on June 23, 1849. He is buried in the old burial ground, Point Pedro. The railings which used to enclose the grave have disappeared.

Mannar.1707.—January 26, 1804—**John Hatch.**

“At Mannar, Ensign HATCH of the Manaar Independent Company.”

He succeeded Major Ford, 19th Regiment, as Commandant at Mannar in December, 1800, and in October, 1801, was succeeded by Major Vincent of the same Regiment. While at Mannar he issued “an olah for cutting wood,” for which action he apologizes to the Collector at Jaffna, who happened to be Colonel Barbut, and explains that he “did not mean to interfere with the power of the Collector.” (April 21, 1801.)

1708.—February 5, 1818—**Johannes Christopher van Braunhoff.**

“At Manar on the 5th inst., Mr. J. C. Van Braunhoff, son of the late Lieut. Baron Van Braunhoff of the Dutch East India Company's Service in Ceylon, and Head Clerk of the Cutchery of that Station. Aged 30 years, after a lingering illness, whose premature loss will be long lamented by his affectionate Widow and children.” (*Gazette*, February 14, 1818.) His father, Christopher Sigismond van Braunhoff of Mittau, Koerland, was a Vaandrig (Ensign) at Colombo, when on July 4, 1787, he married Carolina Catherina Jacobez of Colombo. Their son, Johannes Christopher, was baptized there March 18, 1787. He married Anna Catherina Werkmeister.

1709.—October 25, 1843—**Colin Reid.**

At Mannar.

He had been a sugar planter in Jamaica for twelve or fourteen years, and was in the employ of Mr. Lock of Galle, and came to Jaffna to trade and secure business for that gentleman. “From Jaffna he went to Mannar, where, on the 21st, he was seized with a species of cholera unaccompanied by pain. In walking a few days before from Mannar to Talaimanaar, it was observed that Mr. Reid drank immoderately of the nasty brackish water found in the Island. This, combined with coco-nuts, of which he drank also to excess, was, no doubt in some degree, the cause of the complaint, which so suddenly terminated his existence.” (*Colombo Observer*.) He was Superintendent of Magalegama state, Southern Province, in 1843.

Mullaittivu.1710.—November 25, 1834—**Elizabeth Petronella Wood.**

“Wife of EDMUND J. WOOD, District Judge, and
second daughter of D. C. FRETZ, Esq., aged 17.”

She married E. J. Wood on October 5, 1833. She was a daughter of Diederich Cornelis Fretz, youngest son of the Commandeur of Galle of the same name, by his first wife, Cornelia Reyniera van Sanden. Her mother, Johanna Gertruida Wilhelmina Mottau, was the third wife of D. C. Fretz, junior, his second wife having been a daughter of Pieter Willem Ferdinand Adriaan van Schuler, the Disawa of Matara, who, with his wife, was murdered by a Malay at Galle. E. J. Wood married again thirteen months after his first wife's death. The first Mrs. Wood is buried in a sandy and desolate enclosure in front of the Assistant Government Agent's house, halfway between it and the sea. Over it a few melancholy and untidy palmyras rustle, and around it the prickly pear struggles to gain an entrance and overrun the place.

EASTERN PROVINCE.**Batticaloa.**1711.—July 22, 1806—**William Erskine Campbell.**

Of H. M. C. C. S.

The *Gazette* of July 30, 1806, which contains the announcement of his death, omits to state where it occurred, but it is presumed it was at Batticaloa, where he was Agent of Revenue at the time, as no burial entry is to be found in the Colombo Registers. He was one of the batch of Writers of September, 1801, was appointed Assistant to Agent of Revenue, Chilaw and Puttalam, in November, 1802, and Agent, June 15, 1803; Sitting Magistrate, ditto, June 25, 1803; Agent, Trincomalee, May 1, 1804, and ditto Batticaloa, April 3, 1805. On August 17, 1803, while Agent of Revenue at Chilaw, he marched from that place in the morning “with twelve Malay invalids and eight old Dutch Sepoys to Palanne, one league within the Candian territories, where he arrived at 10 o'clock A.M., drove away the Candians collected there, burned their newly erected barracks and five store rooms containing fifteen hundred parrahs of rice and paddee, and took the person next in rank to the corle, prisoner. (*Gazette*, August 24, 1803, and *Cordiner*, vol. II., pp. 229–230.)

The Governor notified that he “highly appreciated the Vigour, Activity, and Spirit shown by Mr. Campbell on this occasion.” Ten days later “the feeble and almost untenable fortress of Chilaaw was completely beset by an immense multitude of Candians. They erected batteries in all directions round it, and many of their shot fell amongst the garrison, which at this time consisted only of twenty-five sepoy and two young Civil Servants, W. E. Campbell and John Deane, who acted as volunteers. Their ammunition was completely exhausted, and they had for twenty-four hours kept the enemy at bay by firing copper coins instead of grape shot.” For these services Messrs. Campbell and Deane were given the rank of Ensign until further orders. (*Gazette*, September 7, 1803.)

Deane was Provincial Judge of Puttalam at the time. Campbell seems to have been of a military turn. Later in the year he, with Ensign Purdon, Commandant at Puttalam, “made small incursions into the Seven Corles, which have occasioned great detriment to the Enemy and been accompanied with no loss to ourselves.” (*Gazette*, January 20, 1804.)

1712.—December 6, 1806—**Johanna C. McNab.**

“At Batticaloa, Mrs. JOHANNA C. McNAB, wife of Major ROBERT McNAB, commanding that station, after sustaining for nearly five years with extraordinary fortitude and resignation a painful illness under circumstances the most melancholy and trying.” (*Gazette*.)

“Brevet Major McNab, Captain, 91st Regt., was appointed Deputy Inspector-General of Colonial Troops in the Island of Ceylon by General Order of 25th July, 1805, and to command at Jaffna, 8th August, 1805. He was appointed Agent of Revenue and Commerce for the District of Batticaloa, 19th March, 1806.” (*Gazette*.)

According to Mr. Walter Frewen Lord (“Sir Thomas Maitland”) this was in accordance with Maitland's policy of replacing in revenue appointments youthful civilians by experienced military men. “Following this line of reasoning he appointed a military man of the rank of Major to Batticaloa, a district that formerly paid its way, but recently under the rule of a succession of boys had turned into a desert. In spite of a direct command he flatly refused to appoint boys to any such district in future The Secretary disapproved Maitland's appointments, the military man was withdrawn, and the district ceased once more to yield revenue.” Unfortunately for Mr. Frewen Lord's reasoning, his facts are not correct. Major McNab's immediate predecessor, W. E. Campbell, though comparatively youthful, had had five years' service as Collector at Chilaw and Puttalam, and had distinguished himself by his vigour and activity (curiously enough more especially in a military capacity), and he had succeeded an elderly Dutchman in the British service, Joseph Smitz, who had also distinguished himself in a similar way. There is this much truth in Mr. Lord's rhetoric, that Simon Sawers, who had only joined the Civil Service in 1805, had acted as Collector for five months between Smitz and Campbell. Major McNab, it should be noted, was a friend of the Governor's. He arrived with him in the *Windham* on July 13, 1805, and he left with him by the H. C. ship *Thomas Grenville* on March 14, 1811. May we not suppose that the desire to provide his military friend with a lucrative revenue appointment also counted for something with the General-Governor?

1713.—May 31, 1814—**Henry de La Harpe.**

“At Batticaloa, Major DE LA HARPE, 3rd Ceylon, a gentleman universally respected and esteemed. (*Gazette*, June 9, 1804.)

He became a Lieutenant in De Meuron's Regiment, March 30, 1795, and was gazetted, with Captain Senn, a Captain in Baillie's Regiment (3rd Ceylon Regiment), November 22, 1806, and to command at Negombo, October 5, 1810; ditto at Caltura, November 11, 1811; ditto at Negombo, April 8, 1812.

Batticaloa—contd.1714.—January 4, 1818—**James McNab.**

Lieutenant-Colonel, 19th Regiment.

The 19th or 1st Yorkshire (North Riding) Regiment arrived in Ceylon in the middle of 1796, and did not leave until 1820, having thus spent a longer period in the Island than any other British regiment. The regiment lost in Ceylon three Lieutenant-Colonels: Hunter, McBean, and McNab; two Majors: Evans and Beaver; eleven Captains: Kennedy, Pearce, Ball, Parson, Fitzgerald, Robertson, Duke, McGlashan, E. Smith, Jones, and Langton; fourteen Lieutenants: Byne, Plenderleath, Blakeney, MacLaine, Vincent, Kerr, Rodney, Jasper Nixon, R. P. Nixon, Fanning, Gardner, Robertson, Edenson, and Hay; seven Ensigns: Nairn, Kearns, H. L. Smith, Robert Smith, Meares, and Thornton; besides Lieutenants Callender and Goodall, lost in the *Arniston* transport on May 30, 1815, and Hugo Wemyss, who died on board a month before; two Assistant Surgeons: Hope and Hooper; two Paymasters, La Hey and Nicholls; and two Quartermasters: Brown and Blake. Of these, the first four Lieutenants, the two Ensign Smiths, Assistant Surgeon Hope, and Quartermaster Brown were killed in action or massacred. Lieutenants Bagnett and Turnour and Major Ingham and, perhaps, Major Ottly died in Ceylon after they had left the regiment.

1715.—January 23, 1818—**John R. McConnell.**

“It is with sincere Concern that we report the death of Lieut. McCONNELL of H. M. 73rd Regt.

“This gallant young officer died at Batticaloa on the 23rd Ult., he had suffered from severe illness in the month or October, and it is to be feared his zeal to enter upon the active duties of his profession induced him to take the Field before his strength was sufficiently restored; he left Kandy on the 27th of October, and in three days he marched to Oosanwelly, a distance of nearly 60 miles over a most rugged and mountainous country, he was after some time again taken ill, and forced to retire to Badulla, from whence, having remained several days without any improvement in his health, he was moved for the benefit of a change of air to the Sea Coast, his disorder, a Dysentery, was unfortunately too far advanced, and on the evening of the 23rd of January he expired without a struggle. Lieut. McConnell was a young man of a most prepossessing appearance, and had distinguished himself in some of the memorable actions in which his Regiment had been engaged on the Continent of Europe, he was severely wounded both at the Siege of Bergen op Zoom and in the Glorious Battle of Waterloo.” (*Gazette*, February 7, 1818.)

1716.—September 17, 1818—**Samuel William Tranchell.**

Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He was third son of Johannes Tranchell, and joined the 2nd Ceylon Regiment as 2nd Lieutenant, May 5, 1807, and the 1st Ceylon as Lieutenant in 1818. He took part in the operations in Uva in 1817-18, and died apparently from the effects of the exposure they entailed.

1717.—September 30, 1818—**Mark Lidwell.**

“At Batticaloa, Lieutenant MARK LIDWELL, 73rd Regt.”

He came out as an Ensign in the packet *Wellington* (Captain Lyons), which left England on October 8, 1816, and arrived at Colombo, February 17, 1817. He reinforced Captain Glenholme at Hanguranketa, February 17, 1818.

1718.—August 8, 1819—**James Vallance.** August 7, 1819—**Vallance.**

“At Batticaloa on the 7th inst. Mrs. VALLANCE, and on the 8th inst. Major VALLANCE of H. M. 73 Regt., Commandant of that station. The truly distressing circumstance of the deaths of a husband and wife followed by each other so rapidly is rendered doubly lamentable in this case from their leaving behind them a young and numerous family totally unprovided for.” (*Gazette*, August 21, 1819.)

Major and Mrs. Vallance came out in the *Wellington* in February, 1817.1719.—September 26, 1821—**James Bagnett.**

“At Batticaloa, in the 37th year of his age, James Bagnett, Esq., Sitting Magistrate of that place, and formerly a Lieutenant in H. M. 19th Regt. of Foot, whose death was occasioned by a decay in the liver after a severe illness of twenty-two days. Mr. Bagnett's mental powers arose far above mediocrity; keen in his discrimination, correct in his judgment, lively in his imagination, and original in his wit, which qualities were rendered more alluring by the unbounded generosity and fine sensibilities of a benevolent heart. His house has long been the asylum of the stranger and the afflicted. His memory will be cherished with melancholy pleasure in the recollection of his friends who were best qualified to appreciate his numerous excellencies. Nor will the Native population of this place suffer his integrity and kindness to be effaced from their memories, except by the same stern foe which has numbered him among those who are alike insensible to pleasure or to pain.” (*Gazette*.)

He came from the old North York Rifles and joined the 19th Foot as Ensign, August 26, 1807; became 1st Lieutenant, 4th Ceylon Regiment, October 11, 1809, and went on half pay, May 16, 1816. He was probably a Yorkshireman.

Trincomalee and Neighbourhood.1720.—April 20, 1801—**George Kearns.**

Ensign, 19th Regiment.

1721.—September 21, 1801—**Richard Harden.**

Major commanding Colonial Battalion, 7th Native Infantry.

He was promoted Major in 1800. This battalion seems to have relieved the 2nd Battalion 6th Native Infantry, which on April 11, 1801, was crossing from Mannar to Kilakarai. The battalion was 800 strong, and the Collector of Revenue at Jaffna was inquiring for boats to take them across. The 7th Regiment Native Infantry embarked at Talaimannar for the Coast in July, 1802 (*Jaffna Diaries*), so that it was about 15 months in the Island.

Trincomalee and Neighbourhood—contd.1722.—August 28, 1802—**Thomas Pelham.**Commander of H. M. S. Sloop *Trincomalie*.1723.—December 20, 1802—**Anthony Mellroy.**

Quartermaster of the Malay Regiment.

Major Davie took over his effects. He was a Sergeant in the 51st Regiment, and was gazetted Quartermaster of the Malay Regiment from June 1, 1802. The 51st also provided the Malay Regiment with an Adjutant, who died at Kandy.

1724.—April 20, 1803—**Charles Manage.**

CHARLES MANAGE, Esq., of the Ceylon Civil Service.

He was one of the youths from 16 to 20 who were sent out for the Civil Service in September, 1801. He was appointed Assistant to the Superintendent of the Cinnamon Plantations, April 15, 1803. There is a notice of his death in Urquhart's *Oriental Obituary*, vol. I., p. 125.

"His zeal prompted him to volunteer his services to conduct a number of coolies to the British camp before Candy, he caught an epidemical disorder called the jungle fever, which, after apparently yielding to the power of medicine, carried him off in the 21st year of his age. His remains are deposited in the garrison Churchyard of Trincomalie." The *Gazette* shows that on April 12, 1803, having obtained leave to proceed to sea for the benefit of his health, he left for Trincomalee in the ship *Diana* with Alexander Johnstone, who was appointed Deputy Paymaster of the Eastern Division on April 13, and Lieutenants Peter Campbell of the 51st, Arthur Johnston of the 19th, and Hutchins of the 65th, the three latter, like Manage, for the benefit of their health, and the former no doubt to take up his duties. Lieutenant Campbell died on the 14th and Manage on the 20th, both at sea. The *Diana* arrived at Trincomalee on the 20th. Captain and Mrs. Lawrence and Lieutenant Leride, Ceylon Regiment, were passengers from Galle in the same ship. Urquhart contains an elegy of seven verses on his death, beginning—

"The flower in whose delicate leaves,
The most exquisite tints are displayed,
Oft the hope of the florist deceives,
And blooms alas but to fade."

His estate, value but 57 rix-dollars, was being administered in 1806, and the administration continued until 1832, when there were still moneys belonging to it at the Treasury.

1725.—May, 1803—**Joseph Howe.**

Lieutenant, Malay Regiment.

He was gazetted from Ensign to Lieutenant, January 23, 1800, and Acting Paymaster, April, 1802.

1726.—July 4, 1803—**Johan Carl Christian von Driberg.**

"At Trincomalie Lieut. C. VON DRIBERG, of the Malay Regiment."

He with 22 men of his regiment formed part of the garrison of Fort Macdowal (Matale), which was under the command of Captain Edward Madge of the 19th Regiment. Captain Madge on hearing on June 27 of the fate of the garrison of Kandy the previous day from Corporal Barnsley, the survivor, determined to retreat to Trincomalee, and abandoned Fort Macdowal on the night of the 27th. His force reached Trincomalee on July 3, and Lieutenant Driberg died the day after he arrived at that garrison. (Marshall's *Ceylon*, pp. 105-6.)

North writes of him to Lord Clive, July 15, 1800, "My young Driberg will immediately set out for Madras. Pack him off to the eastward as soon as opportunity offers. He understands the Malay language, and will prove a good crimp (*i.e.*, in recruiting for the Malay Regiment). I gave him a Lieutenancy in my Corps at its formation, and hope to give by his means another battalion to it." (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 299.) He was gazetted Lieutenant in the Malay Regiment, January 23, 1800. Possibly he was the "Lieutenant Driberg" who was in command of the 1st company of the 1st battalion of the Malay Regiment organized for the defence of Colombo against the British in 1796 (*Journal R.A.S., C.B.*, vol. X., pp. 375, 389), and who was posted with his company at Bentota to defend the entrance of the river (*loc. cit.*, p. 373). He was, however, young for this position.

His experience of Malay troops was no doubt a reason for Governor North's selecting him, and as the Von Dribergs were Germans, they had not the scruples about transferring their services from Dutch to English that Dutchmen would have had.

He was a son of Colonel Diederich Carl von Driberg by his wife Johanna Martina Aubert, and was baptized at Chilaw, September 15, 1780, so that he was probably about 23 at the time of his death.

1727.—September 4, 1803—**James Dunbar Hunter.**

"At Trincomalee Lt.-Col. JAMES DUNBAR HUNTER, Major, 19th Regt., and Commander of Fort Osnaburgh," to which he was appointed on 28th July, 1803.

He went from Batticaloa to Trincomalee by H. M. S. *Terpsichore*, and had only arrived there on August 30. He had been Commandant of Galle in 1798-1800, and also of Trincomalee (1802). He was gazetted Lieutenant-Colonel "by purchase," February 9, 1804, after his death. The step went to Major Vincent. It appears that he is buried in the Pettah Burial Ground at Colombo, so Captain T. A. Anderson states. ("The Wanderer in Ceylon.") Captain Anderson wrote an epitaph on him. (See No. 988.)

1728.—April 7, 1804—**E. Marshall.**

At Trincomalee Mrs. E. MARSHALL, wife of PETER MARSHALL, Acting Agent of Revenue for the District of Trincomalee.

Peter Marshall was Master Attendant, Trincomalee, in September, 1798, and held the office until September 3 1804, when he was appointed Customs Master of Point Pedro, Jaffna, and "Caits." He went on two months' leave on November 19, 1804.

Trincomalee and Neighbourhood—contd.

1729.—May 16, 1805—James Urquhart.

“ At Trincomalee Lieut. URQUHART, 66th Regt., in the 27th year of his age.”

1730.—November, 1806—Thomas Keppel Chamley.

“ At Trincomalee Lieut. THOMAS CHAMLEY, 51st Regt., attached to the Ceylon Cavalry.”

Ensign in 1803 ; Lieutenant, June 29, 1803 ; married at Colombo, March 28, 1805, Miss Elizabeth Paul.

1731.—November 4, 1809—John George Kerby.

“ Principal Civil Servant at Trincomalie.”

The first mention of J. G. Kerby is an order in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* directing him “ to join the army to assist in the payment of the Troops.” The date is January 31, 1803, and the army referred was the force proceeding to Kandy. He belonged to the Pay Office, having been appointed by the Paymaster-General his deputy “ on the Island,” or, as he was styled, “ Deputy Paymaster-General, Eastern Division,” with a salary of £1,000 a year. He acted as Master Attendant, Colombo, during the absence of George Laughton, from March 13, 1803. He became Storekeeper, as well as Deputy Paymaster, Trincomalee, April 3, 1803, and was appointed to act as Secretary to the “ General Committee of Superintendence ” at Colombo from April 27 the same year, probably in addition to his own duties as Deputy Paymaster, for he seems to have wanted increased emoluments, and shortly afterwards it was decided that he should be given a civil appointment making his salary up to £1,500 a year. On December 28, accordingly, he received the appointment of “ Collector of Sea Customs, Colombo,” and on October 23, 1805, he became “ Agent of Revenue and Custom Master, Trincomalee,” or “ Head Civil Servant,” and Alexander Johnstone handed over to him on June 25. The decision to give him civil employment, as it turned out, was a disastrous one for the local Government. “ He committed suicide rather than survive to see his accounts inspected. The loss to Government was not much under £20,000, but with time the greater part of this sum was recovered.” (“ Sir Thomas Maitland,” by Walter Frewen Lord, pp. 112–13.) His estate was being administered in 1817. The assets amounted to 2,705 rix-dollars, which were to be paid to Government “ in part payment of its claim as per judgment.” Trincomalee was from 1795 to 1805 subordinate to the Collector at Jaffna in revenue matters, and from 1803 at least was placed immediately in charge of officers of the Pay Office. Thus, Alexander Johnstone, Kerby's predecessor, who arrived in Ceylon with the other Civil Servants in September, 1801, was also Deputy Paymaster of the Eastern Division, having succeeded Alexander Cadell in that appointment on April 13, 1803.

1732.—January 2, 1813—Nicholas John Smith.

Lieutenant 66th Regt. ; Ensign, Sept., 1805.

1733.—September, 1813—Francis Hand.

“ At Trincomalee, of a liver complaint, Lieut. HAND, 66th Regt.

This gallant young Officer was at the battle of Albuera with the 2nd Battn. of that regiment, where he had the misfortune to lose his left arm.” (*Gazette*.)

1734.—February 6, 1814—William Atkinson.

Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regt., aged 25.

His estate was being administered in 1816–17.

1735.—April 20, 1814—Thomas Taylor.

Quartermaster, Caffre Corps, aged 49.

He was appointed Quartermaster, November 15, 1804 ; married at Colombo, March 30, 1805, Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson, widow of Adjutant Robinson (see No. 292). (Date of burial.)

1736.—April 27, 1814—Isaac Ligor.

Lieut. and Adjutant LIGOR, 3rd Ceylon Regiment, aged 40.

1737.—May 9, 1814—Matthew Wake.

Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regiment ; Sergeant-Major, 51st Regiment ; appointed Ensign in the Caffre Corps, November, 16, 1804 ; 2nd Lieutenant, Baillie's Regiment, August 14, 1805.

Mrs. Wake was buried at Colombo, September 2, 1807.

1738.—May 13, 1814—Pierre Frederic Henry von Driberg.

“ Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regiment, aged 19.”

He was a son of Captain F. W. von Driberg. He was born at Colombo, April 19, 1794, and baptized at Calpentyn, where his father was Commandant, on January 24, 1800.

1739.—May 24, 1814—John May.

JOHN MAY, Esq., Asst. Ordn. Storekeeper, aged 30.

(Date of burial.)

Trincomalee and Neighbourhood—contd.

1740.—May 27, 1814—**Hugh Rose.**

Asst. Surgeon, 3rd Ceylon Regt., aged 24.

He married at Galle, November 30, 1812, D. Carolina, eldest daughter of Joseph Smitz. (Date of burial.)

1741.—May 31, 1814—**George Pearson.**

GEORGE PEARSON, Esq., Surgeon, H.M.S. *Leda*, aged 30.

(Date of burial.)

1742.—July 5, 1814—**Thomas Morse.**

Asst. Surgeon MORSE, 66th Regiment.

1743.—July 14, 1814—**James Titus Murphy.**

Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regt., aged 26.

These last ten officers probably died during a fever epidemic—ten deaths in six months. (See Campbell, vol. I., p. 317.)

1744.—March 2, 1815—**William Tranchell.**

Lieutenant, 4th Ceylon Regiment.

A son of John Tranchell (see No. 1684), 1st Lieutenant, September 26, 1811.

1745.—April 13, 1815—**Philip Peckham.**

Captain, 3rd Ceylon Regt., aged 39.

Lieutenant Philip Peckham was appointed Fort Adjutant, Galle, December 1, 1805; Captain, to command at Tangalla, *vice* Fowler, April 13, 1810. He made the eighth officer of the 3rd Ceylon Regiment who died between February, 1814, and April, 1815. This is evidently the period alluded to by Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell in his "Excursions," &c., vol. II., p. 317. "Some years ago when Trincomalie was awfully visited (as it too often is) by fever, many of the European officers and non-commissioned officers belonging to the 3rd Ceylon Regiment died of it." The date of his death was obtained from the Army List.

1746.—September 6, 1816—**William Thornton.**

Ensign, 19th Foot, aged 23.

(Date of burial.)

1747.—December 9, 1816—**Robert Blackston Sanderson.**

Surgeon, H. M. S. *Orlando*, aged 32.

(Date of burial.)

1748.—January 13, 1817—**John Kelly.**

Master's Mate, H. M. S. *Volage*, aged 25.

(Date of burial.)

1749.—May 2, 1818—**Sampson Waring.**

"At Trincomalie, on the 2nd instant, S. WARING, Esq.,
Ordnance Store Keeper."

He arrived, with Mrs. Waring, at Trincomalee, by the *Prince Regent* transport, in May, 1816. He was father of Edward Sampson Waring, C.C.S. His daughter, Frances Letitia, married at Trincomalee, on December 28, 1817, Ensign Henry Wood Rideout of the 19th Regiment.

1750.—May 18, 1818— — **Waring.**

"On her passage from Trincomalie to Batticaloa on
the 18th instant, Mrs. WARING, Widow of S.
WARING, Esq."

"It has been a singular and awful visitation upon this family that Mr. Waring died at Trincomalie on the 2nd instant after a few days' illness. Mrs. Waring embarked on the 17th to go to Calcutta on board the *Perseverance*, which was first to land some troops at Batticaloa, when on the following day she was seized by a violent nervous attack, which carried her off in a few hours; her body was landed and interred on the 19th in the Church of Batticaloa." (*Gazette*, May 23, 1818.)

1751.—November 12, 1818—**John Fleck.**

Commander of the Ship *Cyrus*, aged 32.

(Date of burial.)

1752.—July 7, 1818—**Alexander Buchanan.**

Assistant Surgeon, H. M. S. *Eden*, aged 25.

(Date of burial.)

1753.—January 14, 1820—**James Roserow.**

Lieutenant, 73rd Regt., aged 19.

The name is spelt "Roskrow" in the Register. (Date of death and burial.)

Trincomalee and Neighbourhood—contd.1754.—August 14, 1820—**Thomas Rodgers.**

“At Trincomalee of Cholera THOMAS RODGERS, Esq.,
Naval Surgeon of that Station.

“In him the Public Service has lost an active, zealous, and indefatigable servant, and the Community a highly esteemed and most worthy member of Society. To his friends he was warm-hearted, affectionate, and sincere, to all kind, conciliating, and benevolent, and his loss will be deeply felt and lamented by all who knew his worth.” (*Gazette*, August 26, 1820.) His age was 37.

The funeral was attended by H. E. Rear-Admiral the Hon. Sir Henry Blackwood, and all officers, naval, military, and civil. I am inclined to think from the following story that there was at one time an inscription to the memory of Surgeon Rodgers, which has disappeared. The late Lieutenant-Colonel Watson of the Ceylon Rifles, in a communication to the *Literary Register*, stated that he and Major Thomas Rodgers came out to Ceylon together and landed at Trincomalee. Captain James Anderson, C.R.R., who was Staff Officer there, lent Rodgers his charger to ride. “The horse was very fresh, and ran away with him towards the burial ground, stopped at the fence, and shot poor Tom over into the graveyard, where he lay stunned and stupefied, and, on coming to himself, read on a tombstone close by “Here lies the body of Thomas Rogers,” his own name being Thomas William Rogers. I observed him thoughtful and absent, so much so that I questioned him, when he told me in confidence what had happened.” (*Monthly Literary Register*, vol. III., p. 124.)

Mr. Rodgers, the Admiral's Surgeon, was one of the medical men who attended Sir William Coke during the illness on the *Minden* at Trincomalee, which ended in his death, two years before this.

1755.—September 6, 1820—**George Thomson.**

“At Trincomalee GEORGE THOMSON, Clerk of the
Cheque (*sic*), in the Civil Branch of the Ordnance,
after 17 years' residence in the Island.”

“His superiors will bear testimony to his official duties, but his afflicted widow, on the part of herself and numerous family, is anxious to record his amiable tenderness and affection in the united characters of Husband and Father.

“He was in the 62nd year of his age.” (*Gazette*, but according to the Register he was 53.)

1756.—September 28, 1820—**Duncan Campbell.**

Lieutenant, 73rd Regt., aged 27.

(Date of burial.)

1757.—April 11, 1822—**John Burke.**

Lieutenant, Half Pay, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

“John Burke, Gent., to be 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, 2nd July, 1813.” He was appointed to the command at Chilaw, March 1, 1814. In the operations in Uva he was severely wounded near Godiyagama on April 2, 1818. He married Bridgetina Prior, spinster, at Colombo, May 26, 1813. His daughter, Sarah, married Edmund James Wood, District Judge of Mullaittivu, on December 28, 1835. Another daughter married Robert Farrance (see No. 466). Lieutenant Burke's widow married Thomas Bernard Gilbert. (See No. 547.)

1758.—June 10, 1822—**Edward Killwick.**

Master Attendant, Trincomalee.

Eliza Killwick.

Wife of EDWARD KILLWICK.

(Date of burial.) They apparently died the same day, probably of cholera.

Edward Killwick succeeded Francis Dickson as Master of the *Kandyan* in 1816. The *Kandyan*, “a beautiful brig of war for the service of the Ceylon Government,” was launched at Calcutta on December 11, 1806. On June 21, 1816, she left Trincomalee for Colombo with, as passengers, Assistant Surgeons McNulty and Cassidy, who had arrived there by the *Prince Regent* transport a month before with Samson and Mrs. Waring. All four of them were ill-fated; they were dead within two years. In March, 1817, on another voyage from Trincomalee to Colombo, she had another ill-fated passenger—Alexander Moon, the Superintendent of the Royal Botanic Gardens at Peradeniya, and Lieutenant Killwick, R.N., probably a brother of the commander. Edward Killwick was Sitting Magistrate at Mullaittivu in 1818–19, and succeeded Lurcheon as Master Attendant, Trincomalee, on December 4, 1821. He, too, was ill-fated, for he only held the post for six months.

1759.—September 18, 1823—**William Hall.**

“At Trincomalie, Quartermaster HALL, 83rd
Regiment, leaving a wife and two children.”

He was Quartermaster Sergeant of the 83rd Regiment, when that regiment arrived in Ceylon in 1817. He married at Colombo, January 4, 1818. His widow, Jane, married at Trincomalee, April 4, 1824, Lieutenant Cosby Warburton. There is an account of Quartermaster Hall's last illness in the *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 327, contributed by Mr. John Dent Young, son of Surgeon W. H. Young, one of the doctors who attended him. (See Nos. 250, 325, 336.)

1760.—November 26, 1823—**Robert Francis Roper Lisle.**

Ensign, 83rd Regt.

(Date of burial.)

1761.—October 9, 1824—**John Cooke.**

Captain COOKE, A.D.C. to H. E. Lord AMHERST,
Governor-General of India.

(Date of burial.) Possibly a brother of Anthony Henry Cooke. (See No. 956.)

Trincomalee and Neighbourhood—*contd.*

1762.—December 24, 1826—**A. P. Dent.**

Assistant Secretary to Admiral GAGE.

(Date of burial.)

1763.—February 1, 1827—**Stephen Spurling.**

Purser, H. M. S. *Hind*.

1764.—September 7, 1827—**Edward Muskett.**

Merchant, Trincomalee.

He was head of the firm of Muskett and Young, Colombo, in 1823, and afterwards joined George Winter & Co. (1828). A consignment of "cashew gum" was sent to the firm of Muskett and Young at Colombo in 1826. (Bennett.)

1765.—January 15, 1828—**Thomas Curran McQuestion.**

Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.

He joined June 14, 1815, and was gazetted Lieutenant, September 8, 1825. (Date of burial.)

1766.—September 28, 1829—**William Ashe.**

"At Trincomalee, on board H. C.'s Steamship *Enterprise*, Mr. WILLIAM ASHE, Chief Engineer, aged 28 years."

1767.—April 15, 1830—**John Younger.**

"At Trincomalee, Mr. JOHN YOUNGER, Master of the Barque *John Craig*, Free Trader."

1768.—March 26, 1831—**Edward Tindal.**

Lieutenant, R. A., joined 6th Nov., 1827.

(Date of burial.)

1769.—March 1, 1832—**John Campbell.**

Assistant Custom Master.

(Date of burial.) The Collector of Revenue was also Collector of Customs. Campbell can only have just been appointed his Assistant. Mr. G. R. Corteling was Assistant Custom Master in 1831.

1770.—July 5, 1832—**David Robertson.**

At Trincomalee, Lieut. ROBERTSON, 58th Regiment.

1771.—July 15, 1835—**F. A. Morriss.**

Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.

He joined July 20, 1827. (Date of burial.)

1772.—September 7, 1835—**S. Reynolds.**

Madras Civil Service.

His name is not given in Prinsep's "Record of Services" of Madras Civil Servants. (Date of burial.)

1773.—May 22, 1837—**James Agnew Shaw ; George Harkness ; T. W. Walker.**

"Lieutenant Shaw and Ensigns Harkness and Walker of the 61st left Back Bay on the morning of the 22nd, with intention of going to Cottiar in a sailing boat on a shooting excursion, and had got as far as Nonvoy Island and Cottiar when a dreadful squall came on and upset the boat. All aboard perished, with the exception of a Malay boy. Lieut. Shaw and Ensign Harkness each left a wife and children."

Apparently their bodies were never recovered.

Lieutenant Shaw married, January 31, 1834, while a Sergeant, Mary Harriet, daughter of John Tranchell. (See No. 1659.)

Ensign Harkness arrived at Colombo by the ship *Valley field*, which also brought the Sucklings (see No. 9) and detachments of the 90th, 61st, and 78th on March 7, 1836.

Ensign Walker arrived at Colombo by the ship *Cambridge* on February 6, 1837, with Lieutenant Fenwick also of the 61st.

1774.—May 8, 1838—**William Percy.**

At Trincomalee, Lieut. WM. PERCY, Ceylon Rifles, aged 46, of apoplexy, after his return from escorting treasure from Trincomalee to Kandy.

(Date of burial.)

1775.—April 2, 1839—**F. S. Saner.**

Assistant Surgeon, 61st Regiment.

1776.—May 12, 1839—**Rudolphina Vandembusch.**

"Daughter of the late Major VANDEMBUSCH."

(See No. 1692.)

Trincomalee and Neighbourhood—*contd.*

1777.—1839—Johanna Magdalena Weithing.

“ At Trincomalee, relict of the late Lieutenant JACOB WEITHING, of the Wurtemberg Regiment.

She was a Miss Meynders.

1778.—September 28, 1841—Mortimer Jones.

Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifles.

He was Deputy Assistant Commissary at Trincomalee, 1837–41. He joined the Rifles, August 3, 1813, and became Lieutenant, July 23, 1829. (Date of burial.)

1779.—June 25, 1842—Margaret Smith.

Wife of Lieut. SMITH, Ceylon Rifles.

(Date of burial.) She was a Miss Margaret Black, and married Lieutenant C. T. Smith at Colombo on December 4, 1838.

1780.—November 19, 1844—Charles Thomas Smith.

Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifles, aged 28.

He joined the Rifles November 17, 1837, and became Lieutenant May 9, 1840. He married (2) Catherine Thomson, spinster, on November 15, 1843.

1781.—February 6, 1849—Louisa Magdalena Fulton.

Daughter of Capt. FULTON, H. M. S. *Hercules*, aged 15.

(Date of burial.)

1782.—May 26, 1849—Florentina Georgiana Theresa Symonds Underwood.

Wife of Capt. W. H. UNDERWOOD, C.R.R., aged 26.

Captain Underwood joined the Rifles March 13, 1840, and as Lieutenant was Commandant at Puttalam, 1845–47. (Date of burial.) (See No. 128.)

1783.—May 30, 1860—James Gorman.

Staff Assistant Surgeon.

1784.—May 9, 1861—R. E. Ellis.

Captain, 50th Queen's Own Regiment.

He had recently joined the regiment and was Junior Captain.

1785.—September 26, 1867—Russell P. W. Hill.

Lieut., 107th Regt.

He was accidentally shot while out shooting in the neighbourhood of Foul Point on September 13 with Lieutenant Willis, R.N., Assistant Paymaster of H. M. S. *Jumna*, and Lieutenant McCall of the Rifle Brigade. Lieutenant Willis after midnight fired a shot at wild pig, and subsequently Lieutenant Hill was found wounded under a bush and taken to the bungalow at Foul Point. He was shot in the left hip while crawling on all fours. He was attended by Dr. W. A. Thompson of the *Jumna*, but died on the 26th.

1786.—December 31, 1867—Christopher Atchison.

Surgeon, R.N., aged 34.

(Date of burial.)

1787.—February 27, 1869—Orby Montgomery Hunter.

Lieutenant, C.R.R., aged 35.

He joined the Rifles as Ensign, August 17, 1855, and became Lieutenant July 23, 1858.

1788.—September 29, 1882—Henry William Varian.

Superintending Officer, P. W. D., aged 34. Afterwards Forester in the North-Central Province.

He was son of Captain Henry Hudson Varian, Harbour Master, Trincomalee, and Master of the *Serendib*, who retired in 1878. He was celebrated as a sportsman, and for his amusing stories of his experiences. Mrs. H. H. Varian died at Trincomalee, January 5, 1869. He married Alice Elizabeth Dance on August 27, 1874. His sister, Eliza Louisa Varian, married George Frederick Henry Rule at Trincomalee on December 2, 1868.

1789.—December 19, 1884—Clement Henry Brereton.

Deputy Assistant Commissary-General.

(Date of burial.)

1790.—November 2, 1897—John Armitage.

Lieutenant, R.N., H. M. S. *Cossack*, aged 26.

(Date of burial.)

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE.

Kurunegala and Neighbourhood.

At one time Kurunegala and its neighbourhood were very unhealthy. Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell says :—" Formerly it was thought by many to be almost certain death for any one to pass a single night upon the splendidly wooded banks of the Maha Oya, especially about 15 miles lower down than Allow, where the old road or rather path crosses it, so prevalent was jungle fever said to be there Some years ago a company of light infantry upon its march to Colombo from a post in the interior halted for the night on the bank of this river at the place to which the old road leads ; but almost every one of them who slept there was immediately taken ill, and with the exception of a few who partially recovered, but had to be sent to England, the rest fell a sacrifice to the fearful effects of jungle fever Allow is looked upon as yet to be a perfectly healthy station." He adds :—" Allow, admitted to be one of the most charming beautiful stations in this charming island A house of a superior description has lately been built there, commanding extensive and delightful views over a truly enchanting and fertile country. It is intended that the Governor shall reside occasionally there." But later he writes :—" That beautiful and much-admired station, Allow, became so sickly that it is no longer safe for any one to remain there for even a single night." (Vol. I., p. 160 ; vol. III., p. 317.)

1791.—October 13, 1818—**Thomas McNab.**

" At Kornegalla Ensign McNAB, 83rd Regt."

He took part with his regiment in the operations against the rebels of 1888. On May 3 he marched from Parape to Hatarliyadda in Tumpane.

1792.—June 7, 1819—**Martin Murphy.**

" At Kornegalle on the 7th inst. of Fever and Dysentery, Lieut. MARTIN MURPHY of H. M. 73rd Regt."

" The death of this gallant officer is to be lamented as a serious loss to his Regiment and the Service in Ceylon. When he commanded at Nellandy in Matale, he so conciliated the Kandyans by the mildness of his manners and the firmness of his conduct that before the Rebellion his Post was well supplied with all that the country afforded, and the utmost cordiality prevailed between the Natives and the Garrison. During the Insurrection Lieut. Murphy's behaviour was always so distinguished by great spirit and judgment that he never failed to retain the confidence and esteem of his Commanding Officer.

" When the news of his illness reached Colombo, Lieut.-Col. Hook hastened (directly) to resume his command at Kornegalle, in the hope of being in time to remove Lieut. Murphy to the Coast and save a life that he knew to be valuable. But this fine young soldier had already breathed his last to the disappointment of all who witnessed his early promise of Military reputation, and the sincere regret of those who were enough acquainted with his character to esteem his real worth." (*Gazette*, May 13, 1819.) He was Commandant at Atgala in 1818.

Lieutenant Murphy writes to Lieutenant-Colonel Hook from Kurunegala on April 21, 1819 :—" On the 6th of April, $\frac{1}{2}$ past 5 in the evening, we had a good deal of Thunder, which was succeeded by as heavy a shower of Hail for about Half an hour as I can remember. I picked up several pieces of the Ice, which were very near an Inch in Diameter, thick in the centre, and tapering off to the edge. This astonished the Natives, who ran out of their houses in numbers to collect it, as I fancy it was the first they had ever seen." There was a fall of hailstones at Alipoot on July 27 the same year.

During the Uva rebellion Lieutenant Murphy was at Nalande in November, 1817, and on June 15, 1818, captured Mahawattagama Nilame at Wanduragale Temple in the Kurunegala District.

Puttalam.

1793.—December 28, 1803—**Maurice J. O'Connell.**

Lieutenant, 51st Regiment ; Commandant at Puttalam.

He was Commandant, also "Adjunct Fiscal," at Puttalam, July, 1801, to June, 1802, and at Hambantota, July, 1802, when he handed over to Ensign Pendergast, 2nd Ceylon. On November 30, 1803, he had "made an incursion into the Candian Territory in the neighbourhood of Puttalam, at the head of 60 Sepoys and invalid Malays, and laid waste to a considerable extent of country, burned and brought away a great quantity of grain and arcke nuts, which the inhabitants had been for some time collecting there for the use of the Candian government, and destroyed a provision of salt which they had laid in sufficient for the consumption of 2 years." (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 256.) He seems to have been at Kalutara before he went to Puttalam in 1801.

His death was probably due to fever contracted or exposure endured during this raid. He was succeeded as Commandant by Ensign J. Purdon of the Ceylon Regiment, who continued the raids in conjunction with W. E. Campbell, the Collector.

1794.—November 22, 1824—**Henrietta Gray.**

" Mrs. GRAY, wife of Lieut. RICHARD GRAY, Ceylon Regt. She was a kind and affectionate Wife and a tender Mother."

She was a Miss Henrietta Cripps, daughter of Mr. James Cripps of Richmond, Surrey, and married Lieutenant Gray on June 3, 1818. She had a son at Padeniya in the Kurunegala District on September 21, 1821.

Puttalam.

1795.—May 17, 1820—Jean Guillaume Du Bois de Lassosay.

“Late Sitting Magistrate, Calpentyn, leaving a disconsolate widow with seven children.”

He was son of Guillaume Joachim, Comte Du Bois de Lassosay, who came out to Ceylon as a Lieutenant in the Luxembourg Regiment. The latter “was the eldest son of Claude Guillaume, Marquis Du Bois de Lassosay, and Antoinette Butel St. Ville. His grandfather, Guillaume Du Bois, who had married a Mme. Genevieve Gestat, was a cavalry officer under *l'ancien régime*. The Marquis de Lassosay held a military command in the island of Guadaloupe, where he was an extensive landed proprietor, and where, on the breaking out of the great Revolution, his family appears to have finally settled down. By his wife he had four sons, viz., 1, Guillaume Joachim, who came out to Ceylon; 2, Etienne Guillaume; 3, François Sigismund; and 4, Nicholas Cyrille. The last of these died without issue; the third had only three daughters; and the second had a son, Jean Pancour Du Bois de Lassosay of Pointe à Pitre (who married his cousin Aline Du Bois de Lassosay), and three daughters. The eldest son, the Comte de Lassosay, first entered the military service in June, 1774, as a sub-lieutenant in a battalion stationed at St. Anne, Guadaloupe. He exchanged from this into the regiment de Luxembourg and came out to Ceylon in 1782. Arrived here, he, like many Europeans who came out to Ceylon in his day, lost no time in forming associations and family ties; so that eventually, on the departure of the Dutch, instead of going back to the land of his birth, he elected to remain in Ceylon and serve the British. He married in 1785, at Wolvendaal Church, Colombo, a Dutch lady of good family, Elizabeth Adriana Weller. Of several children of the marriage, the only survivors appear to have been a son and a daughter. The daughter, Maria Elizabeth Adelaide, married Caspar Henricus Leembruggen, and was thus ancestress of the Leembruggens of Ceylon. The son, Jean Guillaume, married, on November 24, 1811, Johanna Anna Susanna, daughter of Stephen Baron van Lynden. In 1788 the Comte de Lassosay retired from the Luxembourg Regiment, in which he then held the rank of Captain Commandant. He appears to have been a favourite with his brother officers, who, on the occasion, presented him with a written testimonial, signed by them all, in which they complimented him on the ‘honour, zeal, and distinction’ with which he had served in the army. By the British Government he was appointed Sitting Magistrate of Ambalangoda, where he died, and was buried in the long building (then a church, but now used as a barn or stable) which runs at right angles to the resthouse. His tombstone, which I understand was to be seen many years ago, has now disappeared underground, in consequence of the floor of the building having been raised.

“Jean Guillaume Du Bois de Lassosay, the son, served as Sitting Magistrate of Puttalam, where he met with a sudden and untimely death from an accidental fall in July, 1820. He had the following children, viz., 1, Maria Henrietta, who married Johan Wilhelm Rudolph Kriekenbeek; 2, John William; 3, Otho Peter Charles; 4, Charlotte Adelaide (Mrs. Velsink); 5, Stephanie Henrietta (Mrs. Raket); 6, Henrietta Magadlena (Mrs. Mayor); 7, Jane Otteline (Mrs. Mayes). The eldest son, John William Du Bois de Lassosay, served as an officer on board the ship *Mercator*, and died at sea, off the coast of Java, about the year 1833. The representation of the family therefore descended to his only brother, Otho Peter Charles Du Bois de Lassosay.

“There are no doubt a great many people, beside those of his own family, who still remember the late Mr. Otho de Lassosay. Left an orphan at five years of age, most of his early years were spent in the house of his stepfather, the Reverend Daniel Gogerly, whom his mother, the widowed Mrs. de Lassosay, had married for her second husband. Here he grew up to manhood, but whatever were the opportunities thrown in his way, it is clear he made little use of them, for we find him struggling to get on in the world. Of free and easy disposition, sociable and unostentatious, he made friends wherever he went; but he was placed in awkward straits for a living. At one time he was schoolmaster and postholder of Tangalla, offices from which he could hardly have derived an income suitable to his station in life. In 1864 he secured the appointment of Registrar of Lands of Tangalla on a salary of £100 a year, but he lived scarcely more than a twelvemonth to enjoy his promotion, because his health, which had been much undermined by a life of freedom as well as of hardship, had been giving way for some time, and he died in the year 1866. With him ended the male line of the de Lassosay family here in Ceylon; but he had married in 1859, at Hambantota, Georgiana Adelaide Booy, daughter of Mr. Frederick William Booy of the Kacheheri, and had a daughter, Anne Maria Adelaide Du Bois de Lassosay, who is now living, and is married, and has a family.

“In a country like France, with its revolutions, its rival dynasties, and its old and its new *noblesse*, it seems to me that it would be a difficult matter to decide as to the actual rank and title which should be given to a remote representative of an old titled family; but it would be interesting to know what status this young lady, the last of the de Lassosays, ought to occupy in the land of her forefathers. Her father's lineage, as the direct male heir of the Marquis Claude Guillaume Du Bois de Lassosay, is one of the clearest records that could be produced; and if we are to settle this question from analogy by the rules observed in other countries for the descent of titles, the late Registrar of Lands of Tangalla should have borne the dignity of Marquis Du Bois de Lassosay. Instead of doing so, however, he lived and died, in comparative obscurity. Fully aware of his high lineage, and with a certain notion of honours awaiting him, he appears to have frequently made application to Europe for information; but in all instances he was either baffled or disappointed. This may have been due to his not having communicated with the proper parties; but yet it is surprising that with such a clear case as his he should not have been more successful.

“Meantime, the family of the Marquis continued to flourish for some time in France and in Guadaloupe. The second son, Etienne Guillaume left a son, Jean Pancour Du Bois de Lassosay, who was engaged in trade at Pointe à Pitre. The third son, Francis Sigismund, was Conte d'Estrelan, Chevalier de St. Louis and of the Legion of Honour, who, dying in 1846, left three daughters. By one of those curious coincidences which frequently occur in the history of families, the year 1866 saw the extinction of the male line of the de Lassosay family both in Ceylon and in France. Otho Peter Charles died in that year at Tangalla in Ceylon, while on the 13th May of the same year died in France Jean Pancour, his father's cousin. One of the daughters of Etienne Guillaume, the second son of the Marquis, had married Jean François Paul Demeuille, and her issue, it is stated, obtained permission, upon the extinction of the male heirs, to adopt the name of de Lassosay in addition to their own patronymic Paul.” (R. G. Anthonisz, in *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. IV., p. 93.)

Arms.—Party per fess, azure and gules, in chief a lion or. *Supporters*.—Two satyrs.

In 1801 the Comte was a member of the Land Raad at Kalutara, and figured in a curious episode, which did not do him much credit.

Jean Guillaume, who was born in 1791, was appointed Sitting Magistrate of Mullaïttivu—the first Sitting Magistrate of that place—in June, 1813, but “he showed himself in no hurry to take up his duties, and remained there only a few months (see “*Vanni Manual*,” pp. 37, 239), proceeding to Kayts in a similar capacity, and finally to Puttalam on December 1, 1812.

Chilaw.

1796.—September 3, 1804—**Baptist John Young.**

Lieut. YOUNG of the Malay Regiment, drowned while attempting to reach the shore at Chilaw from the wreck of the brig *Echo*.

“The *Echo*, Captain John Arthur, left Colombo, Sunday, 2nd Sept., bound for Telicherry and Bombay. She sprang a leak, and the captain ran her ashore on Monday evening about 2 miles to the South of Chilaw. Seas broke over her, and Lieutenants Young and Tolfrey of the East India Company’s Service attempted to reach the shore, but the violence of the surf drove them back. Lieut. Tolfrey caught hold of the stern and regained the ship, but Lieut. Young was drawn out to sea and was not seen again. The 1st Officer of the vessel, Mr. Fry, was also drowned. The Captain and Lieut. Tolfrey afterwards reached the shore by means of a rope and with the crew proceeded to Chillaw.” (*Gazette*, September 3 and 12, 1804.)

1797.—September 1, 1805—**Wm. Nesbitt.**

Lieutenant, Malay Regiment.

“He was drowned with 3 Sepoys and 7 coolies while crossing the ‘Chilaw River’ on a raft. He was at the time en route from Trincomalee to Colombo. He was interred (presumably at Chilaw) with Military honours.” (*Gazette*, September 11, 1805.) The notice in the *Gazette* refers to him as belonging to the 2nd Ceylon Regiment. “Lieut. Wm. Nisbet” of Champagne’s Regiment (the 1st Ceylon) arrived by the *Windham*, which brought Governor Maitland, on July 13, 1805, and on October 1, 1805, William Husband was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in Champagne’s Regiment, “vice Nesbitt, deceased,” and it seems likely that all three references, in each of which the name is spelt differently, refer to the same officer. The estate of Lieutenant Nesbitt, 1st Ceylon, was being administered in 1813. “Lieutenant William Nesbitt,” who was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the Malay Regiment, January 24, 1805. He was still, according to the Army List, in the Regiment in 1809, but as the names of the officers who perished in the Kandy massacre of 1803 appear in the Army List up to 1808 inclusive, this must not be taken as proof that Lieutenant Nesbitt was living in 1809.

1798.—January 13, 1846—**Henry Caulfield.**

Late Captain, 58th Regiment.

He was an elder brother of James Caulfield (see No. 32). He is buried inside the area of the present St. James’s Church, which occupies the site of the former church. Sir William Twynam says of him (July 31, 1909):—“He was a fine specimen of a man. After he retired he came to live with his brother, when James was appointed Government Agent of the North-Western Province. He was then in very bad health. James Caulfield and his family were, at the end of 1845, when I was appointed Writer to the Puttalam Kachcheri, living in the Rest House, Chilaw, for change of air. Henry took up his residence with William Gordon Forbes, then Assistant Agent and District Judge of Chilaw. James Caulfield got sick leave early in 1846 and went to Nuwara Eliya, Forbes acting for him. Henry came to Puttalam for a short time and died there. The funeral took place by torchlight at night. It was rather a weird sight, crossing the ferry and going through the coconut topes. There happened to be in Chilaw at the time a detachment of a sergeant and four men of the Rifles, of the Caffre Company stationed in Puttalam. They carried the coffin.” Sir William was present at the funeral.

Captain Caulfield arrived at Trincomalee by the *Iris* in February, 1835, and seems to have been stationed at Nuwara Eliya in that year. He was Acting Secretary of “the Nuwara Ellia Hunt,” at a meeting held there on September 21, 1836. In December, 1835, he took the hounds down to Colombo, in order that a meet might be held there twice a week.

PROVINCE OF UVA.

Badulla and Neighbourhood.

1799.—November 25, 1815—**Sackville Sackville.**

Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regt.

He joined the regiment on November 6, 1813.

1800.—November 5, 1818—**Thomas Wyllie.**

Surgeon, 18th Madras Native Infantry.

Assistant Surgeon, July 5, 1807; Surgeon, February 15, 1815. The 18th Native Infantry came over to assist in the suppression of the Rebellion.

1801.—1816—**William Malcolm.**

“At Topetty, WILLIAM, younger son of Lieut. WILLIAM MALCOLM, 1st Ceylon Regiment.”

Lieutenant Henry George William and Mrs. Malcolm arrived by the *Monarch* transport on December 19, 1813. He was, I believe, the first Englishman to ascend Adam’s Peak. His account of the ascent was published in the *Government Gazette* of May 10, 1815, the ascent was made on April 26, 1815, from the Ratnapura side. Lieutenant Malcolm was Commandant of Kotmale, 1821–22. His son, by Margaret, his wife, born July 3, was baptized on July 31, 1822. Another son was born at Ratnapura, June 5, 1817.

Topetty (Tuppitiya) is in Udukinda, 9 miles from Badulla, and the same distance from St. Margaret’s. It is half a mile from Halabe bridge.

Badulla and Neighbourhood—contd.**1802.—September 16, 1817—Sylvester Douglas Wilson.**

Ceylon Civil Service.

He began his career in Ceylon as an Extra Assistant in the Secretariat, from which he was promoted to be Third Assistant to the Resident and Judicial Agent at Kandy and Magistrate of Kandy on June 12, 1816; Second Assistant to the Resident, Secretary to the Residency, and Sitting Magistrate of Kandy on October 1, 1816; and finally, First Assistant to the Resident and Magistrate at Badulla. He was on the Grand Jury at Colombo in May, 1813. "On the 10th September, 1817, Mr. Wilson, who was Assistant Resident at Badulla, hearing of the arrival in Welassa of a suspicious stranger, sent Hadji Mohandiram, the chief of the Moors in Welassa, to apprehend him, but Hadji was himself taken prisoner by Butawe Raterala and taken before the stranger, who, it was rumoured, had declared himself king, and was subsequently murdered. When the intelligence reached Badulla, Mr. Wilson set out with a small detachment of troops to ascertain the real circumstances. At Etanawatta he met with an armed party, who demanded a conference. As Wilson advanced to meet them, he was treacherously shot dead with a volley of arrows in cold blood." ("Manual of Uva," *Gazette*, November 4 and 11, 1817.) (See No 1067.)

1803.—November 20, 1817—Manus McNulty.

Assistant Staff Surgeon. "Killed in the field near Taldena."

The tradition is that he was killed at Ambalampitiya in Palawatta village, near Kehelwatta, and that the body was removed by the troops who accompanied him. This is in all probability correct. The detachment was under the command of Captain Joseph Reed, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, and left Badulla the day before. "On the morning of the 20th, as the troops marched through a thick jungle, Assistant Surgeon McNulty was 12 or 15 yards in advance of the party, when, in the act of putting his arm into the sleeve of his great coat, he was struck by an arrow just below his right breast, which penetrated into the backbone, and he fell almost instantly dead in the arms of his servant." Kehelwatta is about 6 miles from Taldena, on the road to Pahalagodegedera. There was a camp there, evidences of which are still to be seen. "The premature fate of this excellent young man must be deeply lamented by all who knew him. He possessed a heart fraught with genuine Philanthropy, and as a Medical Officer was distinguished by a kindly and unremitting attention to all who came under his professional treatment." (*Gazette*, December 6, 1817.)

Assistant Surgeon McNulty of the 4th Ceylon Regiment arrived in Ceylon in 1816 with Assistant Surgeon John Cassidy of the same corps. They came out by the transport *Prince Regent*, which arrived at Trincomalee in May, and went on in the Government cutter *Kandyan* to Colombo with Barry St. Leger of the Civil Service. Cassidy died at Galle six months before the death of McNulty. Major Forbes says:—"McNulty is greatly regretted. He was skilful and attentive in his profession, and there was a kindness and frank simplicity that greatly endeared him to all who knew him his character." (Vol. II., p. 356.) He was stationed at Kandy in 1816-17.

1804.—December 9, 1817—James Kennedy.

"Killed in the field near Tibbotugoda, Assistant Surgeon JAMES KENNEDY, 1st Ceylon Regiment."

He joined the army on March 4, 1813, and the regiment on January 25, 1815. There are accounts of his death in the *Gazette* of December 20, 1817, reprinted in the "*Ceylon Literary Register*," vol. II., p. 380, and in Major Forbes' "Eleven Years in Ceylon," p. 122. From the latter we quote: "Before reaching Madoola, the spot was pointed to me, near a large bo-tree, where Mr. Kennedy was murdered by a party of Kandians in the rebellion of 1817. This officer, who belonged to the medical staff, and the small military party (Caffres I believe) that accompanied him found themselves beset at this place by a host of rebels, who kept up a fire of matchlocks from behind trees and stone walls. While their enemies were still at a distance and concealed, the military party were lavish of their ammunition, without producing any effect; but as their fire slackened, the Kandians gradually approached, and when the last of the cartridges of the unfortunate party was expended and several lay dead or disabled, the rebels closed upon the remainder and completed their destruction. To one of the leaders, Kewlygeddra Mohattal, Mr. Kennedy surrendered his sword, and the savage seizing it by the handle stabbed him to the heart. Kewlygeddra was an inferior headman, lame, and of a ferocious disposition, who had escaped from the gaol of Kandy, in which he was confined, charged with the murder of a native; he was one of the first who rushed into open acts of treason When he was at last secured and placed upon his trial, he pleaded in mitigation of the crimes charged against him that he had complied with the British office; Mr. Kennedy's last request (which he seemed to think somewhat capricious and inexplicable), viz., that of being put to death by his own sword. Kewlygeddra said he discovered the wish of the officer by his delivering the handle of the sword, while he held the point towards himself. This defence did not avail, for sentence of death and immediate execution were the reward of crimes, which had rendered this miscreant equally obnoxious to the British Government and to his own fellow-countrymen." He was on his way from Panala to Badulla, and had just crossed the Kirinda-o-ya.

1805.—December 29, 1817—James Taylor.

Lieutenant, 73rd Regiment.

1806.—January 13, 1818—John Maclaine.

Lieutenant, 73rd Regiment.

He was "killed in the field," Lieutenant Charles Minter being gazetted in his place on January 15, 1818. He had arrived by the packet *Wellington* on February 17, 1817. "He was proceeding to Bootale from Alipoot with a reinforcement of 30 men, when he was fired upon from the jungle. Lieutenant Maclaine was on horseback; a shot struck him upon the lower lip, and taking a rising direction into his head he fell dead upon the spot without speaking a word, one private was also killed and two wounded. We cannot better express the sentiments of those who are fully qualified to appreciate the merits of this gallant young man than in the words of Lt.-Col. Kelly, who thus announces his death:—"It is with infinite concern I have to report the lamented occurrence of the death of Lieut. Maclaine, 73rd Regt. The indefatigable zeal and enterprise at all times evinced by this promising young officer, and reported upon by Major Coxon, make his loss at the present juncture peculiarly distressing." (*Gazette*.)

1807.—February 18, 1818—Charles Stutzer.

"It is with regret we have to record the death of a promising young Officer, 2nd Lieut. Stutzer, of the 1st Ceylon Regt., who fell by a Musket Shot on his march from Raloowalwelle to Wellawaye on 18th inst. Lieut. Stutzer, although a very short time in the Service, had by his attention to his duty and general good conduct conciliated the esteem of Lieut.-Colonel Moffatt Commanding and his Brother Officers. We do not profess to offer any ill-timed Arguments for consolation to his Parents and Relatives who are resident in Ceylon, and shall therefore add no more." (*Gazette* February 28, 1818.)

He was a son of Dr. Stutzer. (See No 1694.)

Badulla and Neighbourhood—*contd.***1808.—April 28, 1818—William O'Neill.**

Ensign, 83rd Regiment.

He died while his regiment was engaged in the Uva operations, probably in the Province. John Burleigh (see No. 804) was gazetted Ensign in his stead, April 29, 1818, subsequently altered to May 22, 1818.

1809.—May 6, 1818—John Gore Langton.

At Katabowa.

"We are again obliged to perform the sad duty of announcing the death of an Officer of H. M. 19th Regt., Captain Langton. He had been ill for some time at Ahapola and was too weak to be removed. In our last *Gazette* we stated from a private letter that he had been considered out of danger and was to be removed to Katabowa on the 3rd inst. He did accordingly proceed there, but the symptoms of his recovery were fallacious, his disorder increased, his strength failed, and on the 6th early in the morning he expired; in him the Service has lost an active and gallant Officer, Society an amiable and accomplished gentleman." (*Gazette*, May 23, 1818.)

Captain Langton was a passenger to Batticaloa in the brig *Hebe* in May, 1816. He was third son of William Gore Langton of Newton Park, Somerset, Colonel of the Oxford Militia. He joined the 19th Foot, May 26, 1808; Lieutenant, January 15, 1810; Captain, April 27, 1815.

1810.—June 16, 1818—James Sutherland; William Chandler.

Privates of the 73rd Regt.

"On the 16th instant, while the H. C. 18th N. I. were halting at Passara for refreshment, Lieut. Wilkinson sent into Badulla a small party to announce their arrival. This party consisted of 6 Europeans, 6 Malays, and 6 Caffres. They had not been used to go quite to Badulla, but to meet the escorts half way, and so were not aware of there being within two miles of Badulla a patch of jungle which was a favourite lurking place of the Rebels. When they approached this spot a heavy fire was opened upon them by the Kandians from their ambuscade close by, and two fine soldiers of the 73rd Regiment, James Sutherland and William Chandler, were unfortunately killed upon the spot. The gallant conduct of the rest of the party well deserves public notice and approbation. They were resolved not to abandon their comrades even in death, nor to suffer their bodies to be insulted by a barbarous enemy. Lance-Corporal McLaughlan with another European and 4 natives formed themselves into a circle round the dead bodies which they had previously removed to a spot of open ground, while the corporal and his companies made their way good to Badulla, followed and constantly fired at by numerous Rebels; the determined band posted round the bodies was assailed for upwards of two hours by strong parties of Kandians, who urged on by their Chiefs from the hills, for they always keep at a distance themselves, advanced within 150 or 200 yards and poured in volleys of musketry. The cool intrepidity of the soldiers was shown in the judicious reserve of their fire, for they never returned more than two shots at a time, which were sufficient to keep off the dastardly enemy until Lieut. Burns with a detachment from Badulla drove them all into the jungle and the bodies were brought off and interred in Badulla." ("The Uva Rebellion," despatches from the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, republished in *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. III.)

1811.—July 20, 1818—William Fortescue Hatherley.

"Lieut. HATHERLEY of the Light Infantry Company, 19th Regiment, at Katabowa in the Province of Welasay.

"This worthy young man endeared himself to his acquaintance and friends by his many excellent and amiable qualities. The zeal and correctness with which he performed his military duties gained him the respect and esteem of his superiors, while his obliging disposition made him universally beloved by his Brother Officers. He had been employed in the Kandyan Provinces from the commencement of the present Rebellion, during which time he on many occasions displayed an ardour and ability in the execution of his duty that will ever reflect the highest credit on his Memory." (*Gazette*, August 1, 1818.)

He was a Lieutenant in the North Devon Militia, and joined the 19th as Ensign, February 20, 1812; Lieutenant, August 24, 1815. Katabowa is about 47 miles south-east of Badulla. He was a son of W. H. Hatherley of Phillippstown, near Bideford.

1812.—September 2, 1818—Samuel Roberts.

"2nd Lieutenant, Sepoy Invalids, aged 21 years."

He died of fever caught at Kataragam, where he had commanded, and was in charge of the Commissariat Department.

1813.—October 20, 1818—Alexander McLean.

Captain, 86th Regiment.

He became Lieutenant, October 23, 1817.

The death of "a gallant officer, Capt. A. McLean, and many brave soldiers" is referred to in a general order dated December 22, 1818. There was a detachment of the 86th in Ceylon in 1818 taking part in the operations against the rebels. The regiment also lost by death in Ceylon Lieutenant Hume in 1818.

1814.—October 28, 1818—Samuel Newnan.

At Badulla, Lieut. NEWNAN, 1st Ceylon Regt.

He joined the 3rd Ceylon Regiment on March 13, 1815.

"2nd Lieut. James Newnan from 3rd Ceylon Regt. to be 2nd Lieut., 1st Ceylon Regt., 25th June, 1817."

I have an idea that he was killed in an ambuscade or died of his wounds, but can find no particulars. The name is spelt "Newnan" in the Army Lists. Probably his full name was Samuel James Newnan.

1815.—November 8, 1818—S. H. Trydell.

Ensign, 73rd Regiment.

He arrived by the *Surat Castle* at Trincomalee on May 18, 1818. He joined the regiment on October 5, 1815. He was probably related to Major Botell Trydell, 83rd Regiment, who subsequently joined the 2nd Ceylon Regiment and was Commandant successively of Bintenna (1821), Four Korles at Fort King (1823), and Matale (1826-29). There was a Captain J. F. Trydell in the Ceylon Rifles in the sixties.

Badulla and Neighbourhood—contd.1817.—January 6, 1819—**William McBean.**

Lieutenant, 73rd Regiment.

Moneys belonging to his estate were at the Treasury in 1831.

1818.—May 25, 1819—**Norman Macleod.**“ At Badulla, on the 25th Ultimo, Hospital Assistant
NORMAN MACLEOD.”1819.—December 30, 1822—**William Orr.**

Lieutenant, 16th Foot.

He joined, November 18, 1807; Lieutenant, July 10, 1817.

1820.—July 15, 1869—**Hans Caulfield.**

Captain, late 101st Regiment.

He was probably a son of the Rev. Charles Caulfield, who was a brother of James Caulfield, C.C.S., and became a Bishop in the West Indies. Captain Caulfield was in the Public Works Department at the time of his death. In 1843 he was in the Survey Department at Kandy, and he was later an officer of the Public Works Department in command of pioneers.

Alupota.

Alupota was at one time in the Southern Province. Bennett says of it: “ Alipoot is the residence of an Assistant Government Agent for the Southern Province, who has charge of the Revenue of the district, and is also a District Judge of the Southern Circuit of the Supreme Court. It is not now as formerly a Military Command but a dependency of Badulla ” (p. 402).

Former Assistant Agents were Major Rogers (1833) and Charles Peter Layard (May 1, 1835, to January 31, 1836). Two military officers died here, viz., Major Coxon on September 27, 1818, and 2nd Lieutenant Barbier four days later, but there are no traces of any tombs or tombstones—“ whatever graves there were must be now concealed in the jungle,” so the late Mr. James Parsons, who visited the place on September 26, 1907, reported. He states further: “ Only the foundation stones are to be seen on the sites of the old Kachcheri and a bungalow near by—presumably that of the A. G. A.—a more complete obliteration than one would have thought likely even after 60 years.”

1821.—September 29, 1818—**Charles Barbier.**

Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

He is referred to in the list published by the Registrar of estates being administered as “ Lieut. John Barbier.”

Kandy and Neighbourhood.1822.—February 21, 1803—**Thomas Anthony Reeder.**Surgeon, 51st Regt., and Actg. Inspector of Hospitals,
“ at the Camp near Kandy.”

He died on the day General Macdowal's and Colonel Barbut's forces joined at Katugastota, which Macdowal had reached on February 20.

He had taken part, two days before, in the storming of the fort of Giriagama, situated on the steep hill which rises opposite the 10th mile on the road from Kandy to Galagedera, i.e., a little more than a mile from the latter place. Cordiner says of it: “ The appearance of the huge mountain on which it is raised strikes the beholder with astonishment and awe Although only two men fell by the fire of the enemy, many soon became victims to the labours of this day. It hastened the death of the surgeon of the 51st regiment, and the greater part of the officers and private soldiers felt its effects long after the campaign was over ” (vol. II., p. 178). The surgeon referred to was Dr. Reeder. Galagedera fort had been taken just before Giriagama. A garrison of one sergeant and twelve privates was stationed in each fort, but on June 23 they were re-captured by the Kandyans. On February 3, 1815, they were captured by the “ 1st Division ” of the British army sent against Kandy, under Major Lionel C. Hook of the 2nd Ceylon Regiment. The compiler has visited the ruins of both forts. The Galagedera fort consisted of “ a square redoubt built of hewn stones, with two large gateways, situate on the summit of a lofty mountain.” (Cordiner.) It lies above the present high road, west of the resthouse. Giriagama fort was “ of a similar construction and a position of remarkable strength.”

Surgeon Reeder's effects, including a “ Bandy horse and a Bengal Bandy,” were advertised for sale at Colombo in the *Gazette* of May 18. His widow married William Montgomery, of the Ceylon Civil Service, at Madras, in January, 1805, and had a son born at Colombo, November 21, 1806 (see No. 1890). Chapter XIX. of Cordiner's “ Ceylon,” vol. II., consists of an “ Extract from a Journal of a Tour round Ceylon,” by Surgeon Reeder. The tour was from Batticaloa to Tangalla, and lasted from July 10 to 19, 1801. The only European he met during the course of it was “ Mr. William Orr, the resident of the Magampattoe,” whom he found “ encamped on the banks of a very beautiful river ” (the Walawe). He “ informed me that he had been obliged to change the air of Hambangtotte on account of an intermittent fever with which he had been seized.” It was a case of “ out of the frying-pan into the fire,” but evidently Mr. Orr did not realize this.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.

1823.—March 22, 1803—Joseph Wright.

Second Assistant to the Agent of Revenue and Commerce for the District of Colombo.

He came out in September, 1801, one of the "young men from 15 to 20 years, of competent talents, who in general have been educated with a view of going out as writers to India." (Despatch from Right Hon'ble Henry Dundas to Governor North.) He was appointed Assistant in the Chief Secretary's Office, September 22, 1801, and Second Assistant to the Agent of Revenue, Colombo, in June, 1802. He was a subscriber of £5 to the Egyptian Fund (June 9, 1802). He probably fell a victim to the "Endemial Fever" which was prevailing in the interior of the Island.

1824.—April 20, 1803—Lieut. James Gellie.

Of the Madras Artillery.

He was appointed Commissary of Ordnance and Military Stores at Trincomalee on March 8, 1803, but he was then at Kandy. In *Gazette* of March 30, 1803, Captain Vilant (of the 19th) is "appointed to do duty as acting Engineer at Kandi," and Lieutenant Gellie is to act for him during his absence. Lieutenant Gellie was succeeded as Deputy Commissary of Ordnance Stores by Captain Richard Humphreys of the Bengal Artillery, from which it would appear that Gellie, though Deputy Commissary of Stores at Trincomalee, was, as was Humphreys, on duty at Kandy. He was in command of the party of Madras Artillery which accompanied Lieutenant Colonel Barbut's force, which left Trincomalee on February 4 and reached Kandy on February 21, 1803. Surgeon Colin Rogers was also with the detachment of Madras Artillery, but returned to Trincomalee.

It seems likely that Lieutenant Gellie died of fever or beri-beri; both diseases were prevailing at Kandy at this time. An officer of the 19th Regiment, writing a week before the death of Lieutenant Gellie to Lieutenant T. J. Anderson of the same regiment, who had been at Kandy, but had returned to Trincomalee towards the end of March, says: "The men, I am sorry to say, are getting very unhealthy, principally of fevers and that damned disease, the berry-berry; we have forty-eight now in hospital, and have lost four men since you left us. I am convinced that nothing is so apt to bring on that plague, the berry-berry (for so it has literally proved to the 51st Regiment), as low living and exposure to heavy dews and the night air, to which our men of late have been much subject. Tobacco, an article so absolutely essential to them, they cannot get here; but as it is a thing so easily transported, it ought certainly to be sent them. The beef has now become wretched, and at present no better can be obtained; the want of wine, too, now begins to be severely felt." He writes again on May 1: "Our days in this place pass in a most gloomy manner, and I am sorry to say that if they keep us much longer in this hole you will see very few of those fine fellows you left behind return. I have a long list of casualties this month, twenty-six or twenty-eight men, since your departure, and more than half our number sick, and indeed in a very bad way."* Notwithstanding, statements were published in the *Government Gazette* of April 27, as follows: "The Garrison left at Kandi, consisting principally of detachment of H. M.'s 19th and Malay Regiments and of the Bengal and Coast Artillery, continues to enjoy perfect health The Detachment of Troops which marched from Trincomalee to Kandi has been remarkably healthy during the whole Campaign, which is attributed to the similarity of the Climate to that of Trincomalee." On the other hand, it is said of the 51st Regiment: "This fine Corps has suffered considerably from Sickness, and many of the men are still confined with the Jungle Fever." The 51st was then at Colombo, having returned with General Macdowall early in April.

1825.—April 25, 1803—John Dupont Moses.

"At Fort MacDowall, on the 25th ultimo, Ensign
JOHN D. MOSES of His Majesty's Malay Regiment."
(*Gazette*, May 11, 1803.)

In the *Gazette* of April 11, 1804, among certain "promotions made by His Majesty," J. Dupont Moses was appointed a Lieutenant in one of "the two Regiments raised for service in Ceylon," with effect from December 28, 1801, but this list of promotions, as was sometimes the case, was not published in Ceylon until after the death of some of the recipients, in this instance a year after.† The Army List dates the appointment October 28, 1801.

When Lieutenant T. A. Anderson, with the 19th Regiment, which formed part of Colonel Barbut's force from Trincomalee, passed Matala on February 18, 1803, he describes it as "a group of villages close to the road," the inhabitants of which "were not Candians but all Moormen." Fort Macdowall had not yet been constructed, but he adds in a footnote to his diary that "here Fort MacDowall was afterwards thrown up for the protection of these villages." A detachment of the Malay Regiment was posted there under Lieutenant Driberg and Ensign Moses, and the fort having no doubt meanwhile been constructed, Captains Madge and Pearce, with 55 rank and file of the 19th Regiment marched from Kandy on April 15 to garrison it. By May 23, as we learn from the letter of that date from the "officer of the 19th Regiment" at Kandy to Lieutenant Anderson, the detachment at Fort Macdowall had only eight men out of fifty fit for duty. Captain Pearce, it seems, had by May 31 returned to Kandy, for a letter from Quartermaster Brown written on that day mentions that he was ill, and Lieutenant Ormsby of the 51st, writing to Lieutenant Anderson on June 10, says: "Pearce is in great danger Madge at Fort Macdowall, I believe, is in as bad, if not worse, predicament than we are, as he has not a person in his garrison in health." But Pearce recovered and returned to Fort Macdowall, for he was one of the officers before whom Corporal Barnsley made, on June 27, his deposition as to the massacre of the Kandy garrison, the others being Captain Madge and Assistant Surgeon Gillespie. On hearing of the fate of the garrison at Kandy, Captain Madge evacuated the Fort there, which had been besieged for three days, and succeeded in bringing off the other officers named, and Lieutenant Driberg, 13 men of the 19th Regiment, and 22 men of the Malay Regiment. "Nineteen sick Europeans he was obliged to leave behind him, having no means of transporting them." (Cordiner, vol. II., p. 215; Marshall, pp. 91, 105.)

Ensign Moses appears to be the only officer buried at Fort Macdowall. Lieutenant Anderson owed his escape, as we owe his "Poems" and his "Journal," to the fact that he left Kandy on March 20 in command of a detachment consisting of 12 convalescent Europeans and a guard of 30 Malays, for Trincomalee, which he reached on the 28th.

* Extracts from these and other letters are appended, with Lieutenant Anderson's "Journal of the Proceedings of the Trincomalee Detachment, commanded by Lieut.-Col. Barbut of His Majesty's 73rd Regiment, from their leaving Trincomalee, until their arrival at Kandy," to some of the copies of Lieutenant Anderson's "Poems Written Chiefly in India," published in 1809, but copies of this book containing these appendices are very rare—in fact, I only know of one, now in the Colombo Museum. The British Museum copy lacks them.

† Promotions, though gazetted, had to await confirmation by the King.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—*contd.*

1826.—May 12, 1803—Paul Carrington.

Capt. PAUL CARRINGTON of H. M.'s Malay Regt.

The Malay Regiment, "A Corps of Foot to serve in the Island of Ceylon," was formally embodied by a general order of February 25, 1802, published in *Gazette* of April 26, 1802. It had been raised a year before at Trincomalee. Lieutenant-Colonel Josiah Champag  was the first Colonel Commandant, from whom it got the name of "Champagn 's Regiment." At the same time Captain Adam Davie was gazetted Major, and Lieutenant Paul Carrington from the 74th Foot, Captain.

In the court-martial on Ensign John Grant of the Malay Regiment in May, 1802, Captain Carrington's name figured in the first charge. In June-July of that year the Malay Regiment marched from Colombo to Trincomalee *via* Puttalam, Arippe, and Mantai, and Captain Carrington was in command of the 1st detachment. He was at Pomparippu on June 22 and at "Annativoo Madoo" (Annatevanmadu in the Mullaitivu District) on July 4. A copy of a letter from him of that date addressed to the Commissioner Extraordinary of Revenue at Jaffna, Lieutenant-Colonel Barbut, is extant in the Jaffna Kachcheri, and it is interesting as showing that the same peculiarities which are found in the headmen of the Vanni of the present day were then also characteristic of them. "On my arrival here this morning I found that the headman of the place had left it yesterday. As we were directed to halt here to-morrow, I imagine he must have been apprised of our coming, and therefore that he went away merely to avoid being put to the trouble of doing his duty in providing our people with what his village affords. The headman of the Tapall has likewise behaved equally ill in not providing for us a single thing of any kind, though I know that he was apprised of our coming by Lieut. Thwaites, as I believe the headman of the village was at the same time. In consequence of this neglect, Sir, I am obliged to march to-morrow, which, though of no consequence in itself, is yet of some consequence as owing to such a cause."

Captain Carrington was a brother of Sir Codrington Edmund Carrington, who was Chief Justice in Ceylon, 1799–1805. There is a story of his ghost having appeared at the moment of his death to his sister Catherine (who accompanied the Chief Justice to Ceylon, married Captain Charles Fredrick Napier, R.A., at Colombo, on December 21, 1803, and became the mother of Lord Napier of Magdala and Caryington). The story is still remembered in the Carrington and Napier families. Miss Carrington was an exceptionally intellectual and strong-minded woman.

Sir Codrington Carrington married on August 3, 1801, at All Saints' Church, Northampton, Paulina, youngest daughter of John Belli of the East India Company's Service, Secretary to Warren Hastings. She was a beautiful woman, and her picture by Lawrence is in the South Kensington Museum, also one of the Chief Justice by the same painter.

The Chief Justice's son became Dean of Bocking, and published a translation of the poems of Victor Hugo, and his granddaughter, the Countess Martinengo Cesaresco, is a writer on Folklore and modern Italian history. Captain Carrington's estate was being administered up to 1813. He died of fever probably, or beri-beri.

The officer of the 19th already quoted, writing his last letter to Lieutenant Anderson on May 23, eleven days after Carrington's death, says: "I have not much news to give you, except that our mortality and sickness is every day increasing; such is the melancholy state of our detachment, that out of two hundred and thirty-four men remaining out of those you left behind, there are not above five fit for duty, and even their services are required to attend those who are in the hospital. The number at present in the hospital is one hundred and twelve, mostly fevers, and fifty-six in barracks."

1827.—June 11, 1803—James Henderson.

“ At Kandy, Lieut. and Adjutant HENDERSON of the Malay Regt.”

"Sergt. Major James Henderson, from 51st Foot to be Adjutant, Ceylon Regiment of Malays," June 1, 1802.

1828.—June 17, 1803—Alexander Baussett.

“ At Kandy, Lieut. BAUSSETT of H. M. Malay Regiment.”

He was senior Lieutenant. He probably belonged to the family of De Baussett of Pondicherry and Sadris (see Cotton, pp. 375, 369). The Hon. George Turnour married a De Baussett. There was a Lieutenant Louis de Baussett in the De Meuron Regiment when it left India in 1806.

Quartermaster Brown, writing on May 31, says: "Poor Lieutenant Bausset was brought to my house a few days ago extremely ill with the fever." And on June 6: "I am truly sorry to inform you that poor Bausset is very ill indeed, and I think he cannot survive; Goupil has the fever also, but I have some hopes he will recover; altogether it is the most gloomy scene I have ever beheld; the Malays are even obliged to carry the Europeans to their graves." On May 28 he had written: "Sickness prevails here to an alarming degree, not one man of our regiment able to mount guard, yet provisions are by no means scarce; ghee, biscuits, and pepper is issued to them every day, exclusive of the regular allowance, but all will not do, they fall off very fast, and the climate seems as unfavourable to the natives themselves. I had thirty-three artificers sent from Colombo some days ago to coin the copper, brass, &c., found here; in visiting them yesterday morning I found every one had the fever, so that my coining business will go on but slowly." Ensign Goupil did recover, to perish in the Watapuluwa massacre of twenty days later. In a similar strain Lieutenant Ormsby wrote on June 10: "Most dreary place, and our communication has lately been cut off owing to the heavy rains. There is not a man in the 19th Regiment able to do duty, and they are now losing them fast—very fast God only knows what will become of us here, for if we were ordered to evacuate the place there is scarcely a single European that could walk a mile, and there are neither coolies or doolies. If we were to be attacked we have only three artillery men fit for duty." Major Davie writing from Kandy to Lieutenant T. J. Anderson on June 17, a letter which is described by the latter officer as "probably the last letter ever written from Candy, as the fatal catastrophe took place on that day week," says: "Henderson died on the 11th, and Bausset this morning. Rumley and Goupil are also ill." He adds: "Excuse this scrawl, it being the 19th letter I have written this day, and I am far from well."

1829.—June 24, 1803—William Blakeney.

Lieut. BLAKENEY of the 19th Regt.

The circumstances attending his death are described by Jan Egbertus Thoen, the Dutch sergeant belonging to the 5th Company of the 1st Battalion of the Bengal Artillery, who alone survived the massacre at the hospital on the 24th. He had heard the details from soldiers who came into the hospital after the fight. "There was a Malay Chief called Sangalen in the King's service, he was called a Captain; this man advanced to a gun in the rear of the palace, this gun of ours had been playing grape on the road in the direction of the great tank. This Malay Chief (who had a brother named Nouradeen in our service), attended by one armed follower, jumped upon this gun. Lieutenant Blakeny advanced towards him, having only his shirt and trowsers on, with his sword in his hand. Sangalen jumped upon him, and stabbed him with his creese, after which Lieut. Blakeny cut at him with his sword, they then grappled and fell together, and, as I understand, both died upon the spot. Sangalen's follower was also killed by a shot, and the

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.1829.—June 24, 1803—**William Blakeney—contd.**

death of these two persons prevented any more from attempting to force their way into the palace by the rear." (" Narrative " appended to in " The Wanderer in Ceylon.") Cordiner's account is as follows :—

" About 5 o'clock A.M., a strong party of Candian Malays, headed by Sanguylo their chief, attempted to force the palace at the eastern barrier. They were opposed by Lieutenant Blakeney and a few men of the 19th Regt. Sanguylo crossed the stockade and was immediately seized by the Lieutenant; they struggled and both fell together, and while lying on the ground, Sanguylo gave a mortal stab to his opponent with his creese" (vol. II., p. 208). In November, 1800, Lieutenant Blakeney was at Mannar with a Company of the 19th Regiment, about to march to Trincomalee (Jaffna Diary). He paid a visit to India later, and on October 19, 1802, arrived from Madras by H.M.S. *Eurydice*. He did not proceed to Kandy with Colonel Barbut's force in February, but had only arrived there on June 4, from Trincomalee, "after a very unpleasant march. It rained from the time I left Minery, the roads were bad, and the rivers deep and rapid." So he writes to Lieutenant Anderson on June 14, from Kandy, where he found things in a very bad way. "General MacDowal had left on the 11th with his A.D.C., Captain MacDowal, both ill. I need not attempt to picture to you the dreadful state of affairs here. Sickness and starvation, together with the treachery of the Adigaar, and the desertion of the Malays and Lascars, combine these with the General's sickness and departure, and I fear not any man now here will ever leave it. I still keep my usual spirits, and have plenty of employment. I hope, however, to see you again if the Malays stand by us, and I believe the flank companies from Trincomalee must be ordered up to save our throats." But within ten days the Lieutenant gallantly fell as related, having been less than three weeks in Kandy.

1830.—June 24, 1803—**Peter Plenderleath.**

Lieut. and Adjutant PLENDERLEATH, 19th Regt.,
appointed "Adjutant and Quartermaster to the
detachment of 19th at Kandi," 31st March, 1803.

On Lieutenant Blakeney being stabbed by the Malay Chief, "Lt. Plenderleath and a private of the 19th ran two bayonets through the body of the Malay. Capt. Humphreys of the Bengal Artillery coming up, loaded the field-piece with grape shot, which, being fired, brought down twenty-four of the enemy. The Candian troops being intimidated by this loss, withdrew to a greater distance and manned all the rising grounds from which they galled the garrison by the fire of their grasshopper guns."*

On this occasion Lieutenant Plenderleath was severely wounded and "died of his wounds in Candy." (Cordiner, vol. II., pp. 208-9, 216). From Marshall we learn that he died the same day (p. 119). He joined the 19th Foot as Ensign, September 20, 1799, and became Lieutenant, November 18, 1801.

The date of the attack on the palace was, according to Cordiner, June 24th, and this appears to be correct, but according to Thoen's "Narrative" it was the 23rd.

1831.—June 24, 1803—**Martin Harland Byne.**

Lieut. BYNE of the 19th Foot.

The *Gazette* of April 25, 1804, shows that he died on June 24, for his successor Ensign T. A. Jones is appointed from June 25, "Lieutenant without purchase, *vice* Byne, deceased."

Whether Lieutenant Byne died of disease or fell in action is, strange to say, nowhere recorded, neither in the *Gazette*, the Army List, nor by the various historians of the Kandy disaster. He was stationed at Trincomalee in 1802. His name appears in the *Gazette* of November 10, 1802, with those of Ensigns Maclaine and Smith, who perished two days later in the Watapuluwa massacre, as a subscriber to the Egyptian Fund. He was a son of Charles Byne, Esq., of Alphington, Devon, and matriculated at Oxford in February, 1795, at the age of eighteen. He became Lieutenant November 1, 1800.

It was probably Lieutenant Byne who wrote the letters to Lieutenant Anderson "from an officer of the 19th Regiment" already quoted dated April 12, May 1, and May 23. His name is not given by the latter, though he names Major Davie, Lieutenant Blakeney, Lieutenant Ormsby, and Quartermaster Brown as the writers of the other letters which he prints at the end of his "Poems." I arrive at this conclusion from the following circumstance. It is clear that the writer was the officer in command of the detachment of the 19th left in Kandy, for he says: "I have a long list of casualties this month." Lieutenant Byne was the senior officer of the 19th at the time in Kandy, for Major Evans, Captain Vilant, and Lieutenants Jewell (who was Major of Brigade to Colonel Barbut), Roberston, and Robson had returned to Trincomalee or proceeded to Colombo, and Captains Madge and Pearce were on duty at Fort Macdowal.

1832.—June 26, 1803—**Thomas Ormsby; Robert Stuart; Hector Maclaine; Robert Smith; William Brown; William Hope; William Mercer; Robert Barry; J. Fanthome; Louis Goupil; Henry Holloway.**

1803

Sunday, June 26th,

DAVIE'S TREE.

Stood on the summit of this Hill.

This stone was placed here by the Municipal Council,
Kandy, June 26, 1907, close to the scene of the
massacre of his troops, which the tree survived
exactly 100 years.

Eleven officers appear to have fallen in the massacre at Watapuluwa, and a list of them is given in Cordiner, vol. II., pp. 215-16, and Marshall, p. 119. The latter omits Stuart. Besides these officers, 19 non-commissioned officers and men of the 19th also perished at Watapuluwa and 120 had been massacred in the hospital at Kandy. "The Major's party at Watapolog (sic) consisted of 14 officers, 20 European soldiers, 250 Malays." (Marshall, p. 119.) Of these, Major Davie and Captains Rumley and Humphreys were spared, and Corporal Barnley, 19th Regiment, and Sergeant Thoen escaped. Lieutenant Thomas Ormsby belonged to the 51st, to which he was gazetted as Ensign on October 28, 1795. He was acting Commissary of Grain and Provisions. Lieutenant Anderson writes in his "Journal," under date Thursday, February 24: "Last night the Candians attacked an advance post of ours beyond Candy, commanded by Lieut. Ormsby, 51st Regiment; a smart fire was kept up for about twenty minutes, but not a man of ours hurt."

* "Gingalls, commonly called grasshoppers; these are small iron guns, carrying a ball from six to ten ounces, and mounted on three wooden legs, exactly like a common stool; these they carry from one bush to another, with great celerity, as occasion requires." (Lieutenant Anderson's "Journal," February 22.) "Grasshopper" (*Springkhaan-looper*) is the Dutch name for them.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—*contd.*

1832.—June 26, 1803—Thomas Ormsby, &c.—*contd.*

One of the letters received by Lieutenant Anderson from Kandy was from Lieutenant Ormsby. It is dated "June 10," it was his intention to have written before, but he had "always postponed it, in hopes of communicating occurrences of a more favourable nature than those that have happened to our miserable regiment" He had heard of the death of Colonel Barbut, which had taken place at Colombo on May 21. "Poor Col. Barbut, how severe his loss has been felt here. It was a most unexpected blow to us, as we understood he was getting better."

Sergeant Stuart of the 51st was acting Provost Marshall with the rank of Ensign; he was "to remain in Kandy under the orders of Lieut.-Col. Barbut" (March 31, 1803). Lieutenant Maclaine and Ensign Smith belonged to the 19th Regiment, and so did Quartermaster Brown. Lieutenant Maclaine joined the 19th on May 13, 1799, and Ensign Smith on February 5, 1801; he was to have retired from March 9, 1803, and his successor was actually gazetted nearly a year later. "Ensign C. Douglas from 37th Foot to be Ensign without purchase, *vice* Smith, who retires."†

Quartermaster Brown had been stationed at Matara. He was appointed "Assistant Drill" there; (*Gazette*, November 10, 1802.) Quartermaster, *vice* La Hey, deceased, from April 3, 1802; (this appeared in the belated list of promotions in the *Gazette* of April 11, 1804); Paymaster to the Garrison of Kandi, from March 29, 1803; (*Gazette* of April 20, 1803.) There are three letters from Quartermaster Brown appended to Lieutenant Anderson's "Poems."

"Assistant Surgeon W. Hope, Gent., to be Assistant Surgeon, *vice* Andrews promoted, June 12th, 1802." (*Gazette* of April 11, 1804.) Dr. Hope was dangerously ill on May 28 (letter from Quartermaster Brown), "very ill" on June 10 (letter from Lieutenant Ormsby). These three officers were with the 19th Regiment at Trincomalee in 1802. Sergeant-Major Watson ("Waston" in *Gazette*) of the same regiment was gazetted "Sergeant-Major of Kandy from the day he was appointed by Lieut.-Col. Barbut." (*Gazette* of April 27, 1803.) He was probably one of those who perished in the Kandy massacres.

Lieutenant Mercer was appointed to the Malay Regiment, October 1, 1799.

Ensign Robert Barry, Adjutant of the Malay Regiment, commanded the escort that accompanied Governor North on his tour round the Island in June, 1800; he was gazetted Lieutenant, July 17, 1800, but apparently the promotion was temporary, or was not confirmed. He was appointed Fort Adjutant of Kandy on March 31, 1803. In March, 1802, he had figured in the proceedings of the court martial on Ensign Grant, and was reprimanded by General Macdowal as "the leader of a faction among the officers of the Malay Corps," and as having "exhibited conduct extremely unbecoming his rank and years." The General further observed that "officers of more mature age and seniority had been incited to adopt his erroneous judgment."

Ensigns Fanthome and Goupil were also of the Malay Regiment. Ensign Fanthome was gazetted Lieutenant from December 27, 1801, and Ensign Goupil from December 26, 1801 (antedated), but the promotions were, at their death, awaiting confirmation. Goupil's history is given by Lieutenant-Colonel Welsh in his "Military Reminiscences" (vol. I., pp. 95-6). He was a Frenchman, a Royalist, and consequently an "emigrant." "An accomplished gentleman and a truly brave soldier, he had formerly served as a captain of cavalry in the unfortunate campaign under the Duke of Brunswick. Being on a visit to an Officer, Resident to the Rajah of Travancore, who was in command of the forces engaged in the Poligar war in the Madras Presidency in 1801, he volunteered his services and took part in the operations in the Sherewell jungle." Having been totally unprepared for taking the field, he shared the tent of Colonel Welsh, who was then a captain in the 3rd Battalion of the Native Infantry, during the campaign. Lieutenant-Colonel Welsh describes him as "of a slender and delicate frame," and remarks that "his chivalrous spirit frequently led him into dangers, apparently beyond his strength; he was endowed with romantic notions of honour." In illustration of this he relates an incident which occurred during a fight on August 2, 1801, when his party, though they behaved most gallantly, was driven back, and he himself was attacked by two pike-men at once, but defended himself so well that, though his clothes were pierced through in several places, he came off unhurt, and being joined by a Malay Captain and five or six others made good his retreat though surrounded by the enemy.

When Captain Welsh congratulated him on his escape he burst into tears and exclaimed, "O mon ami! J'ai perdu mon honneur," and while his conduct had been viewed with one general sentiment of admiration by all who witnessed it, I had the utmost difficulty to persuade him that he had well performed his duty; and that no disgrace could attach to the soldier who, successfully defending himself against such odds, had effected his retreat. After the fall of Punjalumcoorchy he obtained "an ensigney in the Malay Corps belonging to Ceylon, and perished some years afterwards in the disastrous expedition to Kandy." He was gazetted Lieutenant from December 26, 1801 (antedated). On June 6, 1803, he had fever, but Quartermaster Brown had some hopes he would recover.

Henry Holloway was a surgeon on the East India Company's Madras establishment, and in 1802 was stationed at Galle. He was gazetted, on January 28, 1803, to the medical charge of the Artillery, Lascareens, and Pioneers of the force proceeding to Kandy, and on March 29 was appointed surgeon to the garrison of Kandy. In the report of the Inspector-General of Hospitals, Dr. Thomas Christie, on the health of the troops in Ceylon in 1803, which is published in Cordiner, he is eulogized for his great attention to duty and the care with which he kept his medical diary while in charge of the detachments of the Bengal and Madras Artillery stationed in Kandy, to which Cordiner appends the note: "This young man, so highly spoken of, fell in the massacre at Candy" (vol. II., pp. 274-5). The Dutch Artillery Sergeant, Thoen, says of him: "The surgeon, Mr. Holloway, was very kind and tender to the sick, and very anxious to cure them: he remained with them day and night and tried a great deal of medicine." ("The Wanderer in Ceylon," p. 183.) Owing to the illness of Dr. Hope, "the whole business falls on Dr. Holloway, who has not a moment to himself," writes Quartermaster Browne on May 31 and June 10. Of the other medical officer, Dr. Christie, remarks that "Mr. Hope, the assistant surgeon of the 19th, has been very attentive in sending me a regular account of his practice in each case." The estates of Lieutenant Ormsby, Mercer, and Maclaine, Ensigns Goupil and Fanthome, and Surgeon Holloway were being administered by the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Colombo in May, 1806, and the following moneys were to their credit in the Treasury: Maclaine, 1,608 rix-dollars, Goupil, 1,286, Mercer, 399, Ormsby, 149, Holloway and Fanthome, 4. The estate of Maclaine was still being administered in 1813, of Holloway in 1817, and there were moneys to the credit of Goupil's estate at the Treasury in 1831. Captain De Bussche in his "Letters on Ceylon," published in 1817, states that the building used as a hospital in which the invalid troops were massacred was situated in the palace and was visited by him in February, 1815, but shortly afterwards "was razed to the ground by order of General Brownrigg, and it is intended that a pillar shall be erected on the spot where it stood" (pp. 61-2). That intention was never apparently carried out. All that has been done in connection with the Kandy tragedies is the recent erection of the stone with the inscription given above on "Davie's Road," just below the old "Davie's Tree." It died off in 1903, but the trunk is still standing, and it has lately thrown out a new shoot. The site of the tree is really in the village of Malimada adjoining Watapuluwa, but the massacre is always associated with the latter village. Close by is the abandoned ferry of Paranagantota, "the old village ferry," which in 1860 was superseded by the bridge at Katugastota. Paranagantota was on the old Matala road, the continuation of which may be seen just opposite it on the other side of the river near the 4½ milestone on the Kandy-Teldeniya road.

* This probably refers to the great mortality in the 51st, after it arrived in Colombo from Kandy.
† The belated *Gazette* appointment was due to the necessity for its being approved by the King.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—*contd.*

1832.—June 26, 1823—Thomas Ormsby, &c.—*contd.*

The 19th Regiment, 13 officers and 432 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, the Malay Regiment with 11 European officers and 600 non-commissioned, rank and file, 42 Madras Artillery and 150 Artillery Lascaers, and 90 Pioneers formed the column which, under Lieutenant-Colonel Barbut, left Trincomalee on February 4, and marched into Kandy with General Macdowal's army on February 21, 1803. Of the officers of the 19th, Major Evans, who came with General Macdowal's army, Captain Vilant, Lieutenants Jewell (Brigade Major), Robertson, Robson, and Anderson, Adjutant Crooks, and Surgeon William Andrews returned to Colombo or to Trincomalee. Captain Pearce, Lieutenants Driberg and Moses of the Malay Regiment proceeded to Fort Macdowal, and Lieutenant Huskisson went to Trincomalee and was returning with a detachment of the Malay Regiment escorting 100 doolies to Kandy, when, on June 30, he fell in with Captain Madge and the Fort Macdowal garrison retreating to Trincomalee. Captain Napper, 51st, who had accompanied the column as Baggage Master, Lieutenant Thwaites, 51st, who with Lieutenant Blakeney had been in command of the Pioneers of the column, Surgeon Gilbert Hall of the Malay Regiment, and Surgeon Colin Rogers of the Madras Artillery had also left Kandy. Captain Napper died at Trincomalee eighteen months after the massacre (see No. 927). Lieutenant Thwaites became a Captain in Baillie's Regiment (the Caffre Corps or 3rd Ceylon Regiment), August 20, 1804, and succeeded Major Evans as Commandant of Mannar, January 1, 1805. The other officer of the Malay Regiment who came from Trincomalee was Captain Carrington.

There is something of pathetic interest in the fact that among the ill-fated Kandy officers the following were subscribers in this same year to the "Poems" of Mrs. Grant Laggan, the author of the ballad "Where, and oh where, is my Hieland Laddie gone?": Major Davie, Captain Humphreys, Peter Campbell, 51st Regiment, Lieutenants Plenderleath, 19th Regiment, and Gellie (two copies), Ensigns Barry and Driberg, Surgeon Reeder, and Quartermaster Brown.

Lieutenant Anderson wrote a poem in seven stanzas "To the Memory of the British Officers Massacred at Kandy," which is published in his "Poems written chiefly in India." The last verse but one runs:—

"When parting at that fatal stream,
Discolor'd now with gore,
Ah little, little did I dream,
That we should meet no more!"

1833.—July, 1803—Richard Humphreys; Edward Rumley.

These officers were with Davie's troops at the massacre of June 26, 1803, but were not killed. According to Marshall they were imprisoned with Davie at Kandy, but died shortly afterwards.

Captain Humphreys belonged to the Bengal Artillery, in which he was gazetted a Captain-Lieutenant, February 17, 1802, and became Adjutant of the Corps. He was appointed Deputy Commissioner of Ordnance Stores, *vice* Gellie, May 30, 1803.

In the attack on the palace at Kandy on June 24, "Captain Humphreys, by loading a field piece with grape shot, did great execution among the enemy." (Marshall, p. 96.) At Watapuluwa he "succeeded in getting a warp across the river, but the Kandyans on the opposite side soon after cut the rope." (p. 99).

How he escaped is related by Cordiner. In the confusion of the massacre, Captain Humphreys, "laying hold of the arm of a sub-assistant surgeon of the Malay Regiment,* found means to roll down with him from the height where they were standing to the hollow where the dead bodies were thrown" (vol. II., p. 214).

Captain Rumley was gazetted from the 73rd into the Malay Regiment as Captain, October 26, 1802. Major Davie's letter of June 17 to Lieutenant Anderson states that Rumley was then ill. Neither he nor Captain Humphreys was seen by Thoen, the Sergeant of Captain Humphreys' Corps, after the massacre, though he saw Major Davie once.

1834.—March, 1813—Adam Davie.

Major DAVIE of His Majesty's Malay Regiment.

He was the son of John Davie, well known in Edinburgh by the cognomen of "Sooty Davie," from the circumstance that he was the proprietor of a manufactory in that city for making sal ammoniac from coal soot. He received a commission in the 75th, formerly the Stirlingshire Regiment, and now the 1st Battalion of the Gordon Highlanders, which was stationed in Ceylon with a company at Kandy, a hundred years after Davie joined it in 1787. He obtained his company in 1793, and went out to the Regiment while it was stationed in the Madras Presidency. He was gazetted major in the Malay or "Champagne's" Regiment, which had just been raised in Ceylon, on April 25, 1801. He was acting Commanding Officer at Colombo during the absence of Colonel Josiah Champagne in 1801-2, and was appointed Commandant of Fort Ostenburg, Trincomalee, on October 19, 1802, and of the garrison of Kandy on May 6, 1803, on the departure of Colonel Barbut to meet the Governor at Dambadeniya. Davie did not at all appreciate his position at Kandy, as appears from his letter to Lieutenant Anderson, written from Kandy on June 17, six days after the final departure of General Macdowal. "A hopeful situation truly, and a pretty time to succeed to such a command." He was then too "far from well." The position of the garrison was truly well-nigh desperate, as appears from the letters received by Lieutenant Anderson from some of the officers which have been already quoted, and on June 24 Davie surrendered. Different views have been taken of his conduct. Marshall endeavours to defend him, whereas Knighton, in his "History of Ceylon," accuses him of misconduct. He is described by those who knew him as "a well disposed inoffensive man without any practical experience of hostile military operations." He had never seen any active service in India or elsewhere. Judging from his conduct in captivity, when he made no attempt to escape, for the trivial reason that he could not escape without shoes, he was of an undecided character, without any element of heroism about him. It would seem that at first he was anxious to escape, but that later he did not want to leave the King's dominions. According to Captain de Bussche, who took part in the expedition against Kandy in 1815, and wrote an account of it in "Letters from Ceylon," "He was well supplied with such necessaries of life as Kandy afforded, and I should almost think that he had become reconciled to his fate, as after the most minute inquiry I cannot find that he ever made any serious attempt to regain his liberty, the effecting of which, difficult as it might be, was certainly not impracticable." The British authorities do not seem to have had any communication with him for two years after his capture, and, in fact, probably thought him dead, for in May, 1805, steps were taken to administer his estate, the value of which was returned at 5,200 rix-dollars. But with the advent of Sir John D'Oyly to Colombo in 1806 as Collector, a regular system of communication with him was established. This was carried on by D'Oyly by means of spies, Kandyans, Low-country Sinhalese, Moormen, and Dutchmen; letters were conveyed between him and the Collector hidden in lumps of jaggery or in quills, and he was furnished with supplies and money. The King, it appears, did not object to his receiving

*The name of this sub-assistant surgeon, we learn from the "Illustrated London News," of August 17, 1853, was Greeving. He was probably of Dutch descent. He hid himself in a dry well at the time of the massacre. He escaped to Colombo in the following September.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.

1834.—March, 1813—Adam Davie—contd.

provisions or money, but objected to his writing or receiving letters, and on one occasion he got into trouble and narrowly escaped death through a letter of his being discovered. It seems that the king's idea was to exchange him for Puttalam, and that, therefore, he wished to keep him alive. Suggestions were made for his escape, but he did not fall in with them. He lived at Kandy in the Migonarambe, which is now the site of Harambe House, also near the bo-tree in the grounds of the Military Hospital, also at times at the Malwatta Vihare. He also lived at different villages in Dumbara, Gomagoda, Hurikaduwa, Napane, and there seems reason to suppose that he was for a time at Badulla. He was engaged in making gunpowder for the king, and was appointed by him Madige Disawa or chief of the bullock-carriage department. He was wearing an old red tunic and white trousers and had a long beard. He was often ill, suffering from a disease which was probably dropsy. This correspondence was kept up till the time of his death. As to when this actually occurred there is considerable uncertainty. Captain De Bussche says that he died a natural death in 1812, but there are good reasons for supposing that it actually occurred in 1813. There is a record in the Secretariat which approximately fixes the date of Davie's death. Inquiries were instituted soon after the capture of Kandy as to the date and recorded as follows:—“On inquiry being made from some of the Nayakars, it was stated that he died in the Cingalese month Mandig of the Gentoo year Angura, about 35 months previous to the inquiry, being the 23rd of January, 1816.” The Sinhalese year Angura (Angirasa) is 1812–3, the year beginning in April. The Sinhalese month Mandig (Medindina) is the period from the middle of February to the middle of March. The date of Davie's death would therefore be February to March, 1813, and 35 months before January 23, 1816, would make it the first week in March.

Captain de Bussche states that he died of dropsy, and that the house in which he died was pointed out to him, also that “his remains were deposited at a short distance from the town of Kandy on the south of the upper lake in an isolated valley and a monument is to be erected to his memory.” This intention has never been carried out, neither has the pillar, which the same writer informs us was to be erected to mark the site of the building which the British had appropriated to the purpose of a hospital, which was the scene on June 24 of the massacre of 120 British troops, ever been set up. But there is no doubt that the remains of the ill-fated Davie lie in the Migon-Arambe or somewhere close to it on the south side of the present Kandy lake. When Sir John D'Oyly died in 1824, among other recipients of his bounty the natural son of Major Davie is mentioned. Davie had been allotted by the king a woman of low caste, and by her he had a son, who in April, 1816, when Sir Robert Brownrigg visited Kandy, was brought before the Governor by his mother. The Governor ordered that he should be sent to the Colombo Seminary, and when he had finished his education there he was given employment under Government, but ran away. He was re-employed, but at Colombo, as the Kandyan Chiefs objected to stand while he was seated on a office stool. Major Davie left a mother and three unmarried sisters at Edinburgh, badly off—also three married sisters.

1835.—November 2, 1818—Henry Glenholme.

“At Kandy, of fever, Capt. HENRY GLENHOLME, 73rd Regt.” (*Gazette*.)

“He was constantly employed in the most active and anxious services, and although his health had suffered repeatedly and greatly from fatigue and from the diseases incident to the unwholesome Provinces which he traversed, he could not be induced to quit the Field. To this Military feeling—to this Strong Sense of Duty—to this Soldier-like determination, he fell a sacrifice, and so closed a short but memorable Career, not having yet completed his 35th year. He was beloved by all those with whom he served. His zeal was ardent, yet never obtrusive, his humanity to his men always appeared most conspicuous—the whole tenor of his life was most meritorious—his character discreet, sincere, and manly—his heart grateful and affectionate. An excellent Brother, an attentive Son, and faithful Friend. In all these relations his loss is deeply felt by those who could appreciate his worth, and it may without exaggeration be said that in his premature death his country too has something to regret.” (*Gazette* of November 7, 1818.)

The Army List gives the date of his death as November 1.

He was in command of a force, which was sent on February 13, 1818, to Hanguranketa. “The first night he established himself there (he) was attacked by a large rabble and fired on from all sides, but succeeded in driving them off with the loss of a man killed and three wounded on the side of the rebels, and no casualty on ours” * Capt. Glenholme was not molested the next night, and moved on the 15th to open a communication with Gonnegamme he returned to Hangurankette without meeting any opposition on his road, but on the 18th he was attacked there. He had been reinforced the previous day by a detachment from Wallapana, under Ensign Lidwell, of 30 men, but had detached Lieut. Conradi and 25 of his former party on the morning of the 18th to accompany Lieut. Hingstone and a party which had been sent from Gonagamme to communicate with Capt. Glenholme, and who were returning to that post, and to bring supplies from Gonagamme. Lieut. Hingstone, after dispersing a party of 300 rebels, proceeded to Capt. Glenholme's position, who immediately quitted it, and with Lieut. Hingstone charged the rabble attacking the post and pursued them in every direction for five miles, killing and wounding about 60. In May he was assailed at Godamoonna on the lucky morning of the 17th, by a great crowd of natives, of whom about 1,000 were armed and led by 20 well-dressed headmen. The attack continued until evening and was repeated the next day until 5 in the afternoon, when the Kandyans were repulsed with considerable loss. Captain Glenholme's only casualty was a Grenadier of the N. I. killed. In October he was at Pallegama in the Lagalla korale of the Matala District, where he had arrived with a strong party on the 6th, and was waiting in order to intercept the flight of Madugalla, the rebel chief. “He had met with no opposition, but received everywhere on his march the most cordial assistance from the people, who delivered up to him 50 stand of arms. He had secured 19 different stores of paddy and describes the country as plentiful, and his men, 100 rank and file, in want of nothing but a little rest, after a fatiguing march over very difficult roads. On the 13th he had arrived at Hanwella in Uda Dumbara, which is 16 miles S.E. from Pallegama. He had proceeded from Pallegama 24 miles east to Bintenna (Alut Nuwara), and then in a three-days' march, another sixteen miles to Hanwella. He had captured 5 elephants and a considerable quantity of grain. This is the last we hear of him, and he must have died in a week or two, where, it is not known. In General Orders of November 10, issued at Kandy by the Commander of the Forces, “the late lamented Captain Glenholme” is referred to, and his services as well as those of Lieut.-Col. Hardy, the Deputy Quartermaster-General, who had “recently returned to Kandy from a series of continual and fatiguing exertions in the Province of Doombara, Lagalle, and part of Bintenne, pursued with the most praiseworthy ardour, under exposure to every inclemency.” (“The Uva Rebellion,” pp. 20, 29, 52, 54, 60.)

1836.—January 5, 1819—Anthony Coane.

Major COANE, 73rd Regiment.

On the outbreak of the Uva Rebellion, Captain Coane was sent to Bintenna with a detachment on November 30 to co-operate with Lieutenant-Colonel Hook. On December 29 “he and Lieut. Lloyd were sent by Lieut.-Col. Hook with a party to burn the houses of six rebel headmen in the neighbourhood of Madulla. This service they performed without any loss and returned the same day into camp with one prisoner taken after killing 4 or 5 of a party of rebels

* See No. 1838 for locality of Gonagama.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.1836.—January 5, 1819—**Anthony Coane—contd.**

whom they had surprised. The prisoner gave information of a number of rebels that were concealed in a cave upon a mountain about 5 miles from Madulla. A Detachment under the command of Captain Coane was sent off the very same night lest the rebels should be alarmed and change their quarters. Captain Coane and Lieut. Lloyd, with a detachment of 50 men, reached the cave near the summit of a mountain, after a laborious march over rugged hills through thick jungle, about three in the morning. In their approach to the cave they were favoured by the noise of a fall of water down the rocks as well as by the darkness. Captain Coane disposed his men in so judicious a manner that few of those who rushed out from the cave upon the first alarm made their escape. But when the party entered the cave they found there were several women and children in it, and the men were so anxious to avoid hurting them in the dark, that several of the rebels took advantage of their caution and effected a retreat. Not less, however, than 20 were killed, and among these, two Headmen who were active (as was learnt from a prisoner) in the murder of Mr. Kennedy. Captain Coane remained at the cave till day-break when he found a pair of pantaloons that the unfortunate Mr. Kennedy had on when he was killed, with some arms and provisions, a part of which he brought away and destroyed the rest. He afterwards burnt the houses of some Headmen and returned to camp the same day." On January 22, 1818, he marched with a detachment from Madulla to Udumadu, and on the 27th took a detachment from Madulla to Kurupanarala, where he surprised a party of rebels in a house, killed 3, and took 2 prisoners. He attempted unsuccessfully to surprise another party in a cave and then joined Lieut.-Col. Hook again. On May 26 he succeeded in capturing the rebel leader Rahupala Pihanarala, head of one of the most powerful families in Uva, a capture which Major Coane (he had meanwhile received his step) reported 'had much damped the spirits of the rebels in Udakinda.' Next month he was at 'Topetty' (Tuppitiya), and 'had armed several Kandyans in his service with bows and arrows, and they had done good service upon several occasions.'"

In August he was at Gampaha, whence he had led an expedition to surprise Andiya Mohottale. He had, after a laborious march, found his house deserted, but he destroyed a great many houses before he returned to Gampaha. Next month he advanced to Maturata, and by October 1 had arrived at Teldeniya, where he was to remain, while a party of Malays proceeded by night by Medamahanuwara to Gampaha to try and catch the rebel chief Madugalla. He was then himself to move by Medamahanuwara into Gampaha. "On October 7 he was at "Bambouna" (Bambiya?). It is stated in the official account dated October 31, 1818, that "Major Coane is nearly quite recovered from the effects of an injury which he suffered by the blowing up of some gunpowder, and he will probably soon go to Laggala to relieve Lieut.-Col. Hardy," and, with the exception of the commendatory mention of his name in General Orders of November 10, this is the last reference to him in the record of the operations. Whether he died at Kandy or Lagalla is not known. (See "The Uva Rebellion," pp. 9, 17, 18, 31, 35, 47-8, 52.)

He was a brother of Captain Henry Coane, also of the 73rd Regiment, who was severely wounded at Waterloo, of Lieutenant Montgomery Coane of the 19th Regiment, who died at Ganjam on June 12, 1806, "of fatigue, in a campaign against the Mahrattās," of Lieutenant Alexander Coane of the 95th, who was killed "on the frontiers of Portugal in a battle upon the Coa," and of Ensign William Conyngham Coane of the 73rd, who was drowned in Colombo harbour. (See No. 62.)

1837.—June 24, 1819—**Roderick Mackenzie.**

Lieutenant MACKENZIE, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He died "of a fever." He was gazetted from the Javanese Corps, in which he held the rank of 2nd Lieutenant, to be supernumerary 2nd Lieutenant in the 1st Ceylon Regiment, August 7, 1816. During the Uva Rebellion, Lieutenant Mackenzie "succeeded, under the direction of the Hon. J. D'Oyly, in taking the principal leader of hostilities in the Dolosbaugy country." ("The Uva Rebellion," p. 27.) This was in May, 1818. He was Fort Adjutant and Sitting Magistrate, Kandy, from May 18 to June 5, 1819.

1838.—June 23, 1823—**Brooke Young.**

Lieutenant BROOKE YOUNG, of the 83rd Regiment.

He was probably a son of Lieutenant-Colonel Brooke Young, R.A., commanding the garrison at Colombo. He joined the 83rd on April 4, 1819. He died from fever and dysentery contracted at Gonagama, on the lower Badulla road and the right bank of the Mahaweli-ganga and about 15 miles from Kandy. He was on duty here at the time as Assistant Engineer in the Pioneer Corps.

1839.—December 30, 1823—**John Clancy.**

Lieutenant CLANCY of the 16th Regiment.

He was an Assistant Engineer in the Pioneer Corps from April 15, 1820. There is appended to the entry of burial a memorandum by the Rev. N. Garstin, chaplain, as follows:—"This commenced the fever of 1824 by which the officers and men of the 16th and 45th Regts. were carried off in great numbers." From the register of burials it appears that in 1824 there were at Kandy 168 burials, the larger number being in May and June, when fever was most fatal. Of the 45th Regiment, in May 27 men, 3 women, and 10 children died, in June 24 men, 1 woman, and 6 children, and during the rest of the year 34 men, 11 women, and 11 children, that is, 127 persons." A note at the end of the year states that these burials took place "besides burials in the Roman Catholic Chapel."

It is no doubt Lieutenant Clancy who is referred to in Major Skinner's book in connection with an incident which occurred in 1823, while he was stationed at "Allow" (Alawwa), which he relates as "illustrative of the life of danger which our reckless fellow-workers ran. C. of the 16th Regiment rode over from Warracopoly (Warakapola) one evening to dine with us, and late in the evening ordered his horse to return home. We all tried to dissuade him from doing so; but it was the habit for everyone to return to their respective bungalows, if possible, after dinner, so as to be ready to muster their men and set them to work at daybreak. C. thought he was quite equal to the ride, but exposure to the air must have had a bad effect on him, for he had not ridden a mile before he fell off his horse. At about 4 o'clock A.M. his old Welsh servant, finding he had not returned, started off in search of him, and found him sound asleep on the road, surrounded by a herd of elephants, his horse standing by his side, and the bridle-rein in his hand. The elephant and the horse have a great aversion to each other, to which our friend owed his safety. Old Thomas managed to get his master home, and in a short time he was sent down to Colombo with fever. He recovered from that attack, but shortly afterwards died from a relapse." (Skinner, pp. 37-8.)

1840.—May 4, 1824—**Thomas Donnelan Dunne.**

Captain, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

(Date of Burial.)

"Ensign T. D. Dunne from the 66th Foot to be acting Lieutenant, Ceylon Cavalry, 15th May, 1805."

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.1841.—June 17, 1824—**Charles Mitford Watson.**

“At Kandy, Lieut. CHARLES WATSON, 1st Ceylon Regiment, Staff Officer of Kandy.”

It is curious that there is no entry at Kandy of his burial, or at the Military Headquarters, Colombo, of his death. Inquiries were made on both points in “Notes and Queries” in 1903 by a relative (IX. Series, vol. XI., p. 372), but all that could be found was the above notice of his death in the “Ceylon Calendar.”

He came out with the 83rd Regiment, which he had joined on August 15, 1809, and was Staff Officer of Kandy from 1818. He had taken part in the suppression of the Uva Rebellion, and was at Teldeniya early in March, 1818, where, during the absence of Major Hext, who had gone to Haliela to bring in a convoy of sick ordered to Kandy, he “sustained the attack of numerous hordes of insurgents and with the very small force left with him drove them off.” He had brought in a convoy of sick from Haliela to Teldeniya, “though the rebels infested the road,” and, reinforced by Captain Raper, from Teldeniya to Kandy on March 14th.” (“Uva Rebellion,” p. 22.) At the time of his death he was Staff Officer to Lieutenant-Colonel Greenwell of the 45th Regiment, who had been appointed to the command of the Kandyan Provinces about April, 1824. Colonel Greenwell says of him in a letter: “To expatiate on his worth and merit is quite unnecessary. It will, however, be some consolation to his friends and relations to know that no Officer in Ceylon was more esteemed and respected than he was, nor has anyone died more regretted, as well by His Excellency the Governor, for his merits as an Officer, as by his Brother Officers for his honourable and high principles in every transaction in life; and perhaps no one has greater cause to lament his loss than I have, both as a private Friend and as a confidential Officer of the Staff of this Garrison and the Kandyan Provinces under my command; and as his strong and well-regulated mind retained its faculties till within a short period of dissolution, his calmness, patience, and resignation to the will of the Almighty, awaiting the awful summons, was a moral and religious lesson to those about him.” Administration of his estate was granted on October 15, 1824, to Lieutenant-Colonel Greenwell and Paymaster J. Boustead of the 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He was second son of Ralph Watson of H. M. Customs, of Percy street, Barrasbridge, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and grandson of William Watson of Percy street, Sheriff of the Corporation of Newcastle, 1747, who was son of Stephen Watson of North Seaton Hall, Northumberland, by his wife Diana, daughter and at length co-heir of Robert Mitford of Seghill Towers by his wife Christian, second daughter of Sir William Blackett, Bart., M.P., of Grey Friars, Newcastle, and of Woodcroft, County Durham. His elder brother, Lieutenant John Blackett Watson, Royal Marines, was at the storming of the Diamond Rock in 1806, and died at Bishopwearmouth, County Durham, in 1808.

1842.—May 1, 1825—**Alexander Moon.**

Superintendent of the Royal Botanic Garden at Peradeniya.

He compiled a “Catalogue of Ceylon Plants,” the first of its kind, and it was published at Colombo in 1824. “The Botanical Gardens have been lately much improved by Mr. Moon, the Superintendent, under the Auspices of Lady Brownrigg.” (Campbell, vol. I., p. 51.) They had been transferred from Kalutara to Peradeniya in 1821. He was appointed in 1817 by Sir Joseph Banks. “He collected at Gibraltar and on the Barbary Coast on the way out, and formed an extensive herbarium at Peradeniya There are plants collected by him in the Kew herbarium, and some of his drawings are in the Botanical Department of the British Museum.” (“History of Ceylon Botany,” by G. S. Boulger, in Trimen’s “Handbook,” vol. V., pp. 373-4.)

1843.—June 17, 1825—**Robert Preston Campbell.**

Captain, Ceylon Regiment.

(Date of Burial.)

1844.—February 8, 1826—**William Sidney Smith.**

Ensign, 16th Regiment.

(Date of Burial.)

1845.—June 2, 1830—**James McRae.**

Superintendent of the Royal Botanic Garden, aged 38.

“James Macrae, who had been employed in the garden at St. Vincent in 1823 and had subsequently collected for the Horticultural Society in the Pacific, in Chili, and Bengal, was appointed Superintendent in 1827, but his death in 1830 had not apparently much advanced the cause of botany in Ceylon, nor, in fact, was much likely to be done until a more educated type of man was appointed to the post.” (G. S. Boulger, *loc. cit.*, p. 374.)

1846.—July 6, 1832—**William Toulmin.**

Assistant Surgeon in H. M.’s 58th Regiment.

(Date of Burial.)

Appointed from Hospital Assistant, June 12, 1828.

1847.—November 6, 1833—**Jane Braybrooke.**

Wife of Lieutenant JOHN FREDERICK GARTH BRAYBROOKE, Ceylon Rifles, aged 21 years.

Lieutenant Braybrooke married (2), on April 4, 1835, Maria Burton. He was a brother of Lieutenant Samuel Braybrooke who joined the 1st Ceylon Regiment in 1816, and was in command of the Ceylon Rifles in the fifties, and died a Major-General. Lieutenant J. F. G. Braybrooke joined the Survey Department, and surveyed the land which William Boyd opened, “Moorootie,” in the Four korales. Boyd describes him in the “Autobiography”: “Mr. Braybrooke was an extraordinary figure of a man. He was exactly, when he had a low-crowned pith hat on his head, the shape of a boy’s humming top. I think I have seen such a figure among the caricatures in ‘Hood’s Own,’ but the surveyor was the only living man whom I saw having this resemblance. Mr. Braybrooke was a very tall and corpulent man, yet at his widest girth, which was somewhere about the neighbourhood of his shoulders, he was almost as broad as he was long. He had a jolly, rubicund, good-natured expression of countenance, which did not belie his character, for a better boon companion I never met. His stock of songs, anecdotes, and funny quotations from plays seemed perfectly inexhaustible, and no *contretemps* could upset the equanimity of his temper. His activity was even more marvellous than any other quality. The speed with which he moved along jungle tracks, leaped from rock to rock over foaming torrents, clambered up precipices, and, in fact, underwent all the personal details of his profession, was something miraculous, considering the huge body he had to drag along upon two by no means stout-looking legs.” (Chap. X.)

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.**1848.—February 21, 1834—Richard Gray.**

Captain, Ceylon Rifles, aged 43.

(Date of Burial.)

“Richard Gray, Gent., to be 2nd Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment, *vice* Crofton, 18 Oct., 1813.”

He arrived by the *Prince Regent* transport, at Trincomalee, May, 1816. He became Captain, *vice* Manwaring, April 18, 1829. During the Uva Rebellion he was with the 1st Ceylon Regiment and was wounded in the face in a skirmish which took place between Haliela and Hanwella in Uda Dumbara, on April 12, 1818. He married Henrietta, daughter of Mr. James Cripps of Richmond, on June 3, 1818, at Colombo. She had a son at Padeniya, September 18, 1821, and died at Puttalam, November 22, 1824. He married (2) Catherine Cavendish, spinster, at Kandy, October 6, 1830, who had a daughter, Emily, born at Kandy, October 4, 1832. He was with William Turberville May when the latter was attacked by a shark. (See No. 1568.)

1849.—April 1, 1836—Diederich Gerrard Fretz.

Captain, Ceylon Rifles, aged 40.

He served in the operations against the Kandyans in 1818–9, chiefly in Uva. “He was subaltern to Major Macdonald when that officer with 80 men at Paranagamme* made the gallant stand against 8,000 rebels, many of whom were armed with firelocks. The little band was hemmed in for 10 days when repeated attacks were made on them We are informed inflammation of the brain brought on by indulgence at a convivial party of his regimental mess was the disease of which he died and to which, as might be expected, he was peculiarly liable in consequence of the injury to the adjacent parts.” (*Colombo Observer*.) It is said that he was trying to out-shout a brother officer. The reference is to the singular wound in his head, which was caused by the bursting of his gun when elephant shooting in the neighbourhood of Fort Macdonald on January 22, 1828. Part of the breech and about 2 inches of the barrel remained embedded behind the bones of his palate, but caused no serious inconvenience during the remaining eight years of his life, and Tennent, in contradiction to the *Observer* theory, states that he died, “not from any consequences of this fearful wound, but from fever and inflammation brought on by other causes” (vol. II., p. 333). His services in the Uva Rebellion are described in detail in the *Gazette*. On January 19, 1818, he arrived at Henapatuwa, “having on his march down the Bamberagama Pass met with much opposition.” On June 21 he was sent by Colonel Kelly with a light party of 45 rank and file of the 2nd Ceylon at 10 o’clock at night to surprise a considerable force of Kandyans which had occupied the Donattokappola Pass, and “to possess himself of the Cadavetty. Lieut. Fretz found the Pass with some newly-constructed batteries abandoned.” But on July 23, when he was returning with a party from Baddegama to Badulla, he was smartly attacked by a number of rebels supposed to be commanded by Kuloogalapitiya Mohandiram, when a private of the 19th was unfortunately killed, and a Malay severely wounded. The *Observer* adds to its account of his death that “Captain Fretz was greatly instrumental, by one good shot, in intimidating the Kandyans. He shot one of their leaders. He was an excellent marksman.” He was fifth son and twelfth child of the Commandeur of Galle, D. T. Fretz. His mother was Gertruida Henrietta Dartels of Tuticorin, second wife of the Commandeur, and he was a full brother of Mrs. Manwaring (see No. 1102), and a half-brother of Mrs. Reynolds, wife of Surgeon-Major Reynolds, 51st Regiment, and of Mrs. Conradi, wife of Carel August Conradi of Kirchheim. He was baptized at Galle on October 16, 1796. All the Commandeur’s sons, with the exception of the eldest, were christened “Diederich” as one of their names, but Captain Fretz did not use this name. He joined the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, and was, as 2nd Lieutenant, Commandant at Kurunegala in 1816, when he was only 20. He became Lieutenant, April 8, 1821, Captain *vice* VanKempen, November 26, 1829, and was Commandant at Fort Macdonald, the scene of his former exploits, in 1833.

1850.—January 22, 1839—George Butler Sutherland Watson.

Superintendent of Palakele Estate.

There is an account of the death of Watson from “intermittent or jungle fever,” which was prevalent on Pallakele at the time, in the “Autobiography of a Peria Durai.” (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. III., p. 34.) He is referred to as “Hudson,” and it is stated that it was due to R. B. Tytler that he was buried on the estate and not in the garrison burial ground at Kandy, following what Tytler had been accustomed to in the West Indies. He was buried under an old ebony tree in accordance with his own wish, and on the tree William Boyd carved his name in the bark. The tree was shown to Mr. A. M. Ferguson by Messrs. W. D. Gibbon and H. J. Vollar in 1889. But it has since been cut down and there is nothing to mark the site of the grave.

Watson is described as seeming “a mere boy in years” and, correctly, as “The first European planter who died and lies buried in the jungles of Ceylon.” According to Boyd he had “some black blood in his veins.” He probably came from the West Indies with R. B. Tytler.

1851.—April 17, 1840—William Spencer.Overseer of Sir JOHN WILSON’S estate at Nillembé,
aged 33 years.

He died in the morning and was buried in the evening.

1852.—April 18, 1840—Jane Spencer.

Wife of WILLIAM SPENCER.

She died on the 18th and was buried on the 19th. These deaths were no doubt due to cholera. Major-General Sir John Wilson, K.C.B., was in command of the forces in Ceylon, 1831–9, and administered the Government from October 12 to 22. He is not to be confounded with Major-General John Wilson, who administered the Government from March 19, 1811, to March 10, 1812, or with Major John Wilson (No. 1533). It was Sir John Wilson who fought the duel with Sir Charles Marshall, the Chief Justice (1833–6), of which there is an account in Digby’s book on Sir Richard Morgan. Sir John Wilson died on June 22, 1856, leaving property in Ceylon consisting of the estates of Nilambe, Peacock, and Kalugamuwa in the Kandy District.

* Subsequently called Fort Macdonald.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.

1853.—July 27, 1840—Mina Riega Jeffery.

“Aged about 18 years.”

“Accidentally drowned in the river at Gampola, on the morning of July 27, and buried at Kandy at 11 P.M. on Friday, July 31st.” (Register of St. Paul’s.) He was a son of R. Jeffery, merchant of Colombo (see No. 1856), though the name looks like a feminine name. “Young Jeffery, son of a Colombo merchant, lost his life in trying to swim the Mahaweliganga at Gampola. He fell off his pony, which in its struggles kicked him in the head.” (Editor, *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. III., p. 195, in a note to Boyd’s “Autobiography,” end of chapter XXVI.)

1854.—January 7, 1843—Henry T. Normansell.

Superintendent of the Royal Botanic Garden at Peradeniya, aged about 32.

He arrived at Colombo by the barque *Iris*, December 21, 1839. “A gentleman of scientific attainments, who took charge of the Royal Botanic Garden in 1840. He made extensive alterations, newly laid out the Gardens, and classified the various tribes of plants—an improvement disliked by many, who rather preferred the variety and profuseness of the vegetation to the formality and stiffness of the scientific arrangement. Our first acquaintance with them was in 1840 or 1839. The gardens were then under the superintendence of Mr. McLearn. They were then laid out in spacious and broad walks and rides crowded with luxuriant fruit-bearing trees, flowers, and vegetables, and formed a well-proportioned promenade for the inhabitants of Kandy, who resorted thither for picnics and fêtes champêtres.” (*Ceylon Times*, January 8, 1849.) Boyd says of him: “Clever fellow, Normansell. He says he knows every plant in creation.” (“Autobiography of a Periya Durai,” p. 154.) The date is that of burial. It would seem that Normansell has hardly had justice done him in recent accounts of the Gardens.

1855.—May 20, 1843—John Christian, Theodore Mylius.

“Late Captain, Ceylon Rifles, and District Judge of Anarajahpoora, aged 45 years.”

He was also Assistant Government Agent under the system which prevailed in 1833–45. He was at Anuradhapura as Assistant Engineer in the Roads Department and Agent of Government as early as 1828, but he may in the latter capacity have been acting for the Agent for Seven Korales, under whose jurisdiction this part of Nuwarakalawiya then was. He was fourth son of Baron F. Mylius (No. 754), and was at one time a 2nd Lieutenant in the Bourbon Regiment, which he joined on December 13, 1813, at the age of fifteen. He was gazetted from the half-pay of that regiment, which had been disbanded, to the 1st Ceylon Regiment, as 2nd Lieutenant, on December 26, 1819. In the Residency compound at Anuradhapura is a rectangular stone trough 32½ in. by 24½, and some 6 or 8 in. deep, that was probably at one time used at some Buddhist monastery for the monks to wash their feet in on returning from a journey, and on one of its outer side is cut the name “T. Mylius” in letters 2 in. high. There is one other reference to this earliest Assistant Agent of Nuwarakalawiya to be met with. In 1836 the road from Kandy to Matale by the Balakaduwa Pass was being improved, and it is related that on July 7 a party of Caffres and coolies were working on it, between Balakaduwa and Matale, under J. Coulan, Sergeant-Major, 14th Caffre Company of Pioneers, when they were attacked by bees in tens of thousands, which “also covered two bullocks which were bringing Mr. Theodore Mylius’s baggage from Anuradhapura to his bungalow at Balacadua.” He had a coffee estate at Arambepola near Balakaduwa to which he probably was accustomed to retire to recruit his health when suffering from the fever of Nuwarakalawiya. He had another estate at Mahayaya, Kandy. His only son, Henry Theodore Mylius, died at the bungalow at Arambepola on May 15, 1852, aged 28. He had married Eliza, daughter of Captain John Morris (No. 341). His widow married W. Herft, Secretary of the District Court, Kegalla, and his daughter, Harriet, married Thomas Herft. The estate at Arambepola, now in native hands, is still known as “Mylius Mahatmayagewatta.” Captain T. Mylius’s only daughter married at Kandy, February 15, 1847, Charles de Waas, who was a son of W. S. de Waas, who succeeded Captain J. W. Higgs in the command of the *Seaforth* between 1847 and 1850, and who is described by Sir William Twynam as one of the best skippers that Government ever had in its employment. He was, I think, the last of the *Seaforth*’s Ceylon masters, as she was sold soon after 1850. W. S. de Waas by 1853 was Assistant Master Attendant at Colombo. Mrs. C. de Waas died at Matale, October 22, 1866.

The Rev. C. Greenwood (No. 757) officiated at the burial of Captain Mylius.

1856.—July 18, 1844—Robert Jeffery.

A merchant, who died at Ramboda on his way from Colombo to Nuwara Eliya.

In the *Government Gazette* of November, 1829, appears a notice signed by “Groves and Co.”: “Mr. Robert Jeffery will have the direction of our affairs from 20th instant.” He was a member of the first Legislative Council in 1833, and an original member of the Ceylon Agricultural Society. Possibly he was buried at Ramboda. Several Europeans had already been buried there when the church was consecrated in 1850. (See page 372.)

1857.—October 7, 1844—James Shand.

A planter, aged 25.

“He was drowned near Gampola while riding, with Messrs. Ackland and Blackmore, across a submerged paddy field near the river over which a road had recently been made. The field was near the river, and both field and road were under water. Mr. Shand was in advance, when his horse suddenly sank where (it is supposed), the road had been washed away, and threw him off, when he disappeared and was not afterwards seen. Mr. Blackmore following, was also precipitated into the water, but escaped by swimming, while Mr. Ackland was enabled to turn back in safety. Mr. Shand’s body was found about four hours afterwards, and was conveyed into Kandy, where it was interred.” (*Colombo Observer*.) He must have arrived in Ceylon in 1844, as his name is not given in the Directory of that year. He was in charge of “Moorootie Estate, the first and largest estate in the Four Korales,” and was succeeded by William Boyd of the “Autobiography of a Periya Durai,” who gives an account of the accident both in that book and in his “Ceylon and its Pioneers” in the *Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 219.

Boyd professes to have met the party just before between Gampola and Peradeniya, when he himself was riding with Mr. Lambe and Mr. Geddes from Dolosbage to Kandy. “It had been very wet, the rain was still pouring down in drenching showers, and the river was very much swollen, and, overflowing its banks, had covered large portions of the road and the adjoining paddy fields to a considerable depth with water. In one place, about half way between Gampola and Peradeniya, the road was covered for more than a mile, and the whole country between us and the foot of the Hantane hills looked like a large lake of water in the midst of which the native houses with their clumps of coconut and jak trees stood out like islands around the general inundation.” (“Autobiography,” chapter XXVI.) There was

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.1857.—October 7, 1844—**James Shand—contd.**

a similar flood at Gampola on October 27, 1906. According to Boyd, Shand was from Boyndlie. He was on his way back to the estate from Kandy, where he had been to see his employer, Mr. Ackland, who proposed that he should return to Kandy and wait until the water had gone down, "but Shand was confident of his ability to guide his party through the flood and spurred ahead to lead the way. His horse stumbled and fell and his rider disappeared beneath the muddy waters. Both Blackmore and Ackland did all that men could do to rescue their friend, but he never appeared above the surface, and hours elapsed before his body was found covered with only a few inches of water. It was supposed that he had been struck by his horse in falling, and being thus rendered insensible was unable to do anything to help himself, and the opaque muddy condition of the water prevented his friends from being able to render him any assistance. (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., p. 219.)

Captain Blackmore was one of the proprietors of Kondesale. The name Moorootie is not now to be found in the Directory. The estate must, as a rubber or tea estate, have changed its name.

1858.—November 20, 1844—**Clarissa Sophia Urquhart Stuart.**

Wife of CHARLES URQUHART STUART, aged 36.

She was third daughter of Mr. James Harding of Grove Hill Terrace, Camberwell, and was married at Kandy on December 23, 1843, to Charles Urquhart, eldest son of Dr. Robert Stuart of Grantown, N.B. He was a "planter, member of the Legislative Council, and an able and humorous writer for the press." (A. M. Ferguson, *loc. cit.*)

1859.—March 5, 1845—**John Armour.**

He was District Judge of Seven Korales at the time of his death, but is not classed as belonging to the Civil Service. He died at Kurunegala, but was buried at Kandy the next day. He was son of the Rev. Andrew Armour (No. 340), probably by his first wife. In 1815 he was "Assistant English Teacher, School Establishment." He was a good Sinhalese scholar, and was for many years Interpreter and Secretary of the Judicial Commissioner at Kandy, and afterwards of the District Court there. He was appointed District Judge, Tangalla, December 4, 1845, and ditto Matara, September 1, 1837, eventually becoming District Judge of Seven Korales. He is referred to in the *Colombo Observer* of March 10, 1845, as "confessedly the best authority in the Island on the complicated system of unwritten Kandyan law." He contributed papers on "The Grammar of, and Notes on, Kandyan Law" to "The Ceylon Miscellany," edited by Edward Rawdon Power, C.C.S., in 1842-3, which were afterwards separately published. He also wrote an "Essay on Buddhism" in the "Ceylon Almanac" for 1835. He is said to have been taught Sinhalese by the same tutor that Sir John D'Oyly had at Matara, Karatota Nayaka Terunnanse of Weragampitiya temple. He owned some of the best sites in Kandy round the lake, including those of the present "Government House" and Lake House, now the Florence Hotel. "Mrs. Armour, a Kandyan lady, is said to be buried in the grounds attached to Lake House. These grounds, as well as the adjoining gardens, were known as Mi-gon Arambe (Buffalo Grove), the place where the King's cattle were tended and fed. Hence the house adjoining Lake House is called Harambe House." (Correspondent of *Ceylon Observer*, May, 1902.) He is said to have been turned out of the house, when a youth, by his father for circulating anti-Christian literature among the boys of the Colombo Seminary, and to have found his way to Kandy and to employment under the Judicial Commissioner. His only daughter, Sarah Margaret, married at St. Paul's, Colombo, on May 18, 1843, Christopher Christoffel Henricus de Saram, District Judge of Galle, eldest son of the Rev. J. H. de Saram, Sinhalese Colonial Chaplain, by whom she had four children, one named Armour de Saram.

1860.—April 24, 1846—**Charles Delegal.**

He was for some years agent of Messrs. Ackland, Boyd & Co., at Kandy, and had his office at a house which occupied the site of the Queen's Hotel; and was later in business there at the same place on his own account. It is described in the *Colombo Observer* of August 5, 1841, as "the large house near the square formerly occupied by Messrs. Ackland, Boyd & Co.'s establishment, and now by Mr. Delegal's establishment." At the time of his death he was "Secretary and Treasurer to the Ceylon Agricultural Society." His name appears in the list of members of the Committee for the erection of a Church at Kandy, inscribed on the marble tablet, dated 1843, in St. Paul's Church, Kandy. It was at his office that William Boyd presented himself on his arrival at Kandy in 1841, and he describes him, no doubt with some truth, but probably also with some exaggeration, as "a little man, not more than four and a half feet high, and very irascible," and he proceeds to give instances of his irascibility. That he was irascible seems likely enough, for in 1842 Francis Price, C.C.S., District Judge of Kandy South, resigned his membership of the Committee for the erection of the Kandy Church, because he "could not sit in company with Mr. Delegal." But F. Price himself suffered from the same complaint, for the *Observer*, in August, 1841, comments on "his overbearing conduct towards Mr. Wilnot, Proctor, who was condemned in an irregularly constituted court, and in a mode that our readers cannot have forgotten, to fine and imprisonment and suspension from practice. Every part of the sentence was entirely set aside by an order of the Supreme Court." Boyd was still more struck with Mrs. Delegal, judging from the frequency with which he brings her into the "Autobiography." "She was neither young, handsome, nor witty, and yet, I believe, there was not in Ceylon, at that time, a better informed nor a more intellectually clever woman than she was." According to Boyd, she was his guide, philosopher, and friend in his matrimonial projects, real or imaginary. ("Autobiography," pp. 81, 429, 432, 443-6, 450, &c.) Mr. and Mrs. Delegal arrived at Colombo from London in the *Africa*, Captain Skelton, on June 23, 1838. Fellow passengers were Dr. G. Rumley and Miss Sophia Lambe, afterwards Mrs. William Fisher. (See Nos. 978 and 1387.)

1861.—September 9, 1846—**James Laing.**

"Died from spasmodic cholera at Parkside, sometime editor of the *Ceylon Herald*, a universally esteemed member of Society." (*Ceylon Times*.)

Where "Parkside" was I do not know; it was probably some estate, or some house, at Kandy.

1862.—October 14, 1846—**John Keane.**

Superintendent of Rahatungoda Estate, Hewaheta.

He was killed by an elephant. One of the planter friends who was with him when the fatality occurred sent the following account of it to the *Ceylon Times*, dated October 19, 1846:—"On Tuesday last I went over in the afternoon to Rathoongodde, and on my way saw that an elephant had crossed G's ford. He had gone down from the Hope, and after crossing the ford proceeded up the road towards Rathoongodde, entering the jungle near G's gate at the Patna. Of this I told Keane, and he requested me to send him word if I saw him on my way back. It was late when I returned, and I stopped all night with G. On leaving his bungalow next morning before six, some of his coolies came running to say that an elephant was at the gate and I went up with G to see him. G had no balls, and I sent down to Keane for some. . In the meantime the elephant attempted to cross the Patna under the gate and go to Rathoongodde Forest. I drove him back by running before him with the white bitch Fanny, and soon after Keane came up

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.

1862.—October 14, 1846—John Keane—contd.

with two old guns and two or three beaten-out villagers' bullets. I told him that they were good for nothing, but he had no others, and I took G's. double-barrelled gun, G. took Keane's flint lock, and Keane a single-barrelled percussion. G and I then went down the row of coffee that took us to the spot where he was standing in the belt. We both took him at his forehead which was towards us about five yards off. I fired and he plunged forward, then turned frightened by the smoke and ran down the belt. G. lost his aim by the plunge and the smoke, and reserved his fire. Keane was on the Patna side of the belt with a lot of villagers who had come up with guns. He ran down after him, and we attempted to get through the belt to him, but it was so thick set with thorns that we were obliged to go round by the gate. On going low down the Patna, calling out for Keane, we heard him in the jungle. I entered the belt and got into the track ahead of him. We followed it downwards till we came to the river, when I told Keane that I was sure we were close upon him, as the precipitous nature of the ground could not have allowed of his advancing further. Keane took up his station on a large rock by the side of the river, where he was perfectly safe, and close to which the elephant must pass in returning. I clambered up a ridge projecting from the steep face of the bank, and found the elephant at bay, at the very muzzle of the gun, in the act of turning, two shots having been that instant fired down upon him by the villagers above. I fired in his face, and was in the act of turning round to retreat, when he laid hold of me by the trousers and pulled me back on to the top of the ridge, where he stood over me after having pulled off part of my trousers and pulled out my shirt, which he covered with the blood from his nostrils. Crack, crack, came two more shots from above, and he looked up, when I slid from under him and involuntarily directed my course towards the river, fell upon a large slanting rock down which I was sliding, when by a little exertion I guided myself into a hole which I saw close to me on the right, and which proved to be the mouth of a large cavern. Down he came furiously after me trumpeting with fury, and was in the act of looking into my den when Keane fired. Up he got again, and ran up the old track down which he came. Keane then came over to me and said, 'You had a narrow escape, and I could not fire at him for fear of shooting you.' The villagers continued popping at him from above as he went up the hollow. We reloaded, but I could only muster one hammered ball and some blasting powder from a villager. I was a good deal bruised in the legs and hip and managed with difficulty to get up the steep track in the belt: to go through the jungle was impossible. On getting up, we found him in the little piece of old coffee under the road at the Muloya gate standing at the edge of the jungle on the west side. G. and I went down a line to a tree in the middle of the coffee, under the protection of which we both had a steady aim and fired at his forehead at once, about six yards off. He bolted at us, but seeing that we had a tree to dance round he passed close by to his old quarters in the belt at the gate. The ammunition was all expended, and we went up and stood on the road beside more on-lookers. A villager went close up to him and aiming at him for something like five minutes, fired and cut a deep raking wound in the crown of his forehead. He was at this time engaged in throwing earth over his head with his trunk, and continued this work for some time after the villager's fire, as though he had become accustomed to their shots. Keane was at this time standing on the Patna side of the belt close to where the elephant was, and I expected to see the latter drop down from exhaustion, when he commenced moving round towards Keane. I called out to him to move aside a piece of jungle that was before him, and he would see the elephant. This he did, and I heard the click of the gun, the cap not having exploded. A second time I heard it, and then saw the elephant pass out. A little after G. went up to the gate and told me that something was the matter with Keane. We ran to where he was and found my horsekeeper and some villagers beside him. I at once saw that he had been much hurt, and questioned him regarding it, for he was quite sensible. He said that he ran up the Patna towards the gate, that he fell, and that the elephant kicked him round and round with his feet, though my horsekeeper said that he saw the elephant turn him about his trunk. I immediately went down to Mrs. Keane to prevent her from being alarmed by false reports, whilst G. was making arrangements to have him conveyed home on the Dobeas' door. We put him to bed, put leeches on his temples which were bruised, and consoled him as much as possible, but he gradually became cold, and felt that he was going, and he died about three hours after the accident. A postmortem examination was made by Dr. Owen of the 95th, when six ribs were found broken on the right side, and the lungs injured by the contusion." The elephant escaped into the jungle, having been wounded in many places.

The only other reference to the death of Keane is in a paper contributed by Mr. John Tyndall to the "*Monthly Literary Register*" (vol. III., p. 63), but he wrote from memory, and makes it occur on "Christmas Day, 1846," and adds the information, which is not correct, that "his friend bolted and was climbing up a tree when the elephant made for him and seized him with his trunk by the foot, but luckily for him his boot and leech-gaiter came off, and he was *quitte pour le peur*."

"Mr. J. Keane and son" arrived from Bombay at Colombo by the barque *Edina* on January 20, 1844. On March 24, 1845, John Keane of Rahatungoda married at the "Catholic Church, Colombo," Jane, daughter of J. Whittaker, Esq., of Rathkeale, County Limerick. They left for Kandy by the coach on March 25. A daughter was born, March 13, 1846, and baptized at Kandy, on March 30, the god-parents being John Whittaker, Daniel Ocknelham, and Mary Brown. There is no record in the registers of the Roman Catholic Church of the burial at Kandy or elsewhere of John Keane. He was probably buried on the estate.

1863.—October 26, 1846—Charles H. M. Kelson.

He died at Bambaragaha, aged 29, "after an illness of 14 hours, of cholera." He was the eldest son of Captain Charles Kelson. In the Directory of 1847 his station is given as Badulla, and as he was not in the army or the public service, he was probably a planter. There was a Lieutenant W. H. Kelson, who joined the Ceylon Rifles in 1844, whom I take to have been another son of Captain Kelson, and who in 1846-7 was employed in the Civil Engineer's Department. There was also Dr. F. Kelson, possibly a third son, at Badulla in 1846 and at Ramboda in 1850-4, a sportsman friend of Jack Tyndall's. Captain C. Kelson came out to Ceylon as a Lieutenant in the 97th Regiment (1825-36), and in 1833 was Commandant at Maturata, and later at Nuwara Eliya.* Here he was resident for many years, and here Hoffmeister was entertained by him in 1845, and talks of his "pleasant, although lowly dwelling." He also held the office of "District Judge of Kotmale." In 1850 he was Commandant of Galle, and left the Island between 1850 and 1853. I have not been able to ascertain the locality of Bambaragaha. The Ceylon Rifles were encamped there in 1846, and suffered much from cholera; though the object of removing the regiment there was apparently to get away from the cholera which had been so bad at Kandy. (See No. 1298.)

1864.—August 3, 1847—Lettie Campbell East.

Wife of Lieut. CHARLES WILLIAM CLAYTON EAST,
15th Regiment, aged 21.

She was the youngest daughter of Captain McLachlan, 57th Regiment, and had been married at Kandy on the previous June 15. Her sister, Helen Lisle McLachlan, had married Lieutenant John Colin Campbell McDougall, C.R.R., on July 26, 1847, when Lieutenant East and Lieutenant Horace George Hayes, C.R.R.,

*He was there in 1836. A daughter, Ann Elizabeth, by Ann his wife, was born on September 8, and baptized on November 12, 1836, at Nuwara Eliya.

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.1864.—August 3, 1847—**Lettie Campbell East—contd.**

signed the Register as witnesses. These two sisters, or one or both of them, must have furnished William Boyd with the material for his feigned first love, the "Miss Innes" of his "Autobiography of a Periya Durai." Boyd had, some two or three years before this, been in charge of Pallakele estate near Kandy; and as was his wont to do romances on a substratum of fact, his heroine becomes the wife of an officer of the Ceylon Rifles, and died shortly after her marriage. She is described as the niece of the wife of a Captain Lucas, then stationed in Kandy "and she now lies buried in the Kandy graveyard, in the easternmost corner, near where the jungle encroaches on the tombs." Now the only wife of a military officer who died and was buried at Kandy in Boyd's time was this wife of Lieutenant East. She was twenty-one at the time of her death in 1847; Boyd, writing of the "Miss Innes" of his fiction in 1844, the last year of his residence in Dumbura, says: "She did not appear to have then seen more than eighteen summers," but her resemblance ceases and her sister's personality intrudes. The sister married a Ceylon Rifleman, but did not die at Kandy. Mrs. East married a linesman and died. Boyd invents for himself a second lady-love, whom he calls "Helen Leith," which remarkably like Helen Lisle (McLachlan). In justice to Lieutenants East and McDougall, it should be stated that there is not the slightest evidence that Boyd's description of the officer who married "Miss Innes" had the least application to either of them, but we cannot help the fancy that Boyd's picture of the lady was drawn from life—Lettie or Helen McLachlan. ("Autobiography," chapter XXVII.)

1865.—August 24, 1847—**James Moncrieff Sutherland Glenie.**

Archdeacon of Colombo, aged 64.

He was Colonial Chaplain, Jaffna, 1815, having also to officiate at Trincomalee, Batticaloa, and other stations. He succeeded Twisleton as Archdeacon, but was not appointed to this office until February 23, 1828, though his predecessor died in 1824. He preached the sermon at the consecration of St. Paul's Church, Colombo, on Tuesday, May 25,* 1821. The *Gazette* remarks that he "happily introduced much matter applicable to that church and the inhabitants of the Pettah, and the other parts of his Sermon were of the best description." The pay of the Archdeacon was then £2,000 a year. Archdeacon Glenie was busily engaged in coffee planting at Pussellawa in 1841, and for this he was reprimanded by the Secretary of State, and ordered not to leave his station. He retired in 1843. The editor of the *Colombo Observer* (Dr. Elliott) wrote of him on his retirement: "He continues to carry on his operations of Coffee Planting personally at his well-known Estate at Pusilawa. In the Newra Ellia District alone the Venerable Archdeacon possesses land to the extent of 1,976 acres," and he adds in his usual caustic style, "We would suggest that such of his friends as believe that the venerable gentleman has perpetrated by design a single good or praiseworthy act, do immediately subscribe for a piece of Plate to be presented to him, but whether they decide that the said piece of plate shall be a copper plate, a German silver plate, or a common crockery dinner plate, will be to us neither here nor there." (May 9, 1843.)

His son, the Rev. Samuel Owen Glenie, was Colonial Chaplain, at St. Paul's, 1834, and at Trincomalee, 1851, for about 30 years. He too became Archdeacon. He was editor of the *Ceylon Chronicle*, 1837-8. He married (2) Mary Elizabeth, widow of Colonel Cochrane. (See Nos. 823 and 1003.)

1866.—May 11, 1848—**John Mackenzie Ross.**

He was editor of the *Ceylon Herald* in 1841, sold it to Dr. Mackinty. On the death of the latter it was sold to Mr. James Laing (No. 1861). Mr. Ross's burial is entered in the Jaffna Register as having taken place on May 11, 1848, though he died "aged 44, in the Coffee districts near Kandy." The explanation is that the register were personal to the chaplains, and when the Jaffna chaplain officiated at Kandy he had his register with him. Where Dr. Mackinty died is not known.

1867.—May 23, 1848—**William Adolphus Staples.**

Aged 34.

(Date of burial.)

He was a son of Quartermaster John Staples (No. 347), and a leading and popular advocate at Kandy in the forties. His name appears in the list of members of the committee for the erection of a church at Kandy, on the tablet in St. Paul's.

1868.—September 21, 1848—**Henry Gray.**

"Captain H. GRAY, Ceylon Rifles, age unknown."

(Date of burial.)

He was a lieutenant in the 29th Regiment in 1840, from which he was transferred to the Ceylon Rifles, but he must have retired some time before his death, as his name does not appear in the list of officers of the regiment in the "Ceylon Almanac" of 1846 and 1847.

1869.—February 14, 1850—**Robert Elliott.**

"ROBERT ELLIOTT, M.D., of Kandy, aged 34."

(Date of burial.)

He cannot have been out long, as his name does not appear in the Directory of the "Ceylon Almanac" of 1846 and 1847.

1870.—October 11, 1851—**E. A. Morgan.**

Superintendent of Galantenna Estate.

He was shot by Sinhalese villagers when riding back along a jungle path to the estate from Kandy with money to pay coolies. He managed, after he was shot, to ride into the Kitulamulla patana, where he fell and was found mortally wounded. His assassins were disappointed of plunder. He was buried in the Old Garrison Cemetery, Kandy, on October 13. Boyd has an account of the murder, but he states that he does not give it from his own knowledge [he could not, for he had left the Island in 1849], and he is wrong about the date and the name of the estate.

"The most lamentable and tragic of all these attacks occurred two or three years after I left the Colony, I think in 1859 or 1860. The victim was a young Welshman, of the name of Morgan Mr. Morgan was an assistant to Mr. Bird of Neelambe. He had been sent in to Kandy for money, and he was riding out to the estate unattended, carrying the money over his saddle-bow. The road, like every other mountain path in Ceylon, had some zig-zags in it. On approaching one of these a native started from the jungle and fired first one barrel and then another of a double-

* The date, September 25, on page 96 is a *lapsus calami*. According to a writer in the "Ceylon Churchman" for February, 1890, reprinted in the *Monthly Literary Register*, vol. IV., p. 76, St. Paul's was consecrated the day before St. Peter's viz., on May 21, but this is incorrect. (*Government Gazette*, May 26, 1821.)

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.1870.—October 11, 1851—**E. A. Morgan—contd.**

barrelled fowling-piece at him. Both shots took effect. Nevertheless Morgan was not dismounted, neither did he lose his presence of mind. He tried to ride down the fellow who shot him, and if there were more than one implicated in the affair, he was able to get past them and make his escape with the money. He managed to get home to Neelambe, but all hope of saving his life was gone: his wounds were of too serious a nature, and he died that evening as many another brave and Christian youth has since died in British India—victims to the ferocity of, or the misplaced confidence in the good feeling of, a seemingly quiet and inoffensive people." ("Autobiography," chapter XXII.)

E. Woodhouse also has an account of it: "Young Morgan shot by the Sinhalese as he came up the zig-zags with the notes in his breast-pocket the coolies with the rupees had gone up the short-cuts, whilst Morgan rode round, and as he turned the zig they must have fired at him from behind the big stump that stands there—it was a tree then. He stuck on his pony, and only fell off when he got to the Bowalane patana, so saving the money. We got him on a couch, but he died immediately." (Notes, p. 47.) Here his Periya Durai is said to have been "Billy S.," who tells the tale, whereas Boyd makes him George Bird and the estate Nilambe. Probably both writers are wrong. In the Directory of Estates in the "Ceylon Almanac" of 1851, Morgan is given as Superintendent of Charlemont estate, Hewaheta, which belonged to James Caulfield, C.C.S., and B. Dodsworth. Galantenna is the name of the estate given in the register. Galantenna belonged to Colonel Braybrooke.

1871.—March 1, 1857—**George Samuel Bird.**

Aged 67.

He opened "the new coffee plantation at Gampola," otherwise Sinhapitiya estate, on the left bank of the Mahaweli-ganga, and about 15 miles from Kandy, in 1824.

Mr. A. M. Ferguson says of him: "Mr. George Bird, the real pioneer of coffee-planting on a large scale, was still engaged in the long but futile struggle to achieve success in 1837-46. The first coffee estate in Ceylon was opened in the Gampola District so far back as 1824 by Mr. George Bird, who accompanied his brother (Colonel Bird of the 16th Regiment) to Ceylon in 1823 for the purpose of engaging in such agricultural undertakings as inducements in the Island should appear to offer; and the attention of the brothers (Colonel Bird being at that time Commandant of Kandy) was directed to the cultivation of coffee, and the valley of Gampola was selected as an eligible locality wherein to carry out their intended speculations. Sir James Campbell, then Lieutenant-Governor, gave encouragement to the proposed undertaking by promising a grant of land for the purpose, which was afterwards confirmed by Sir E. Barnes, and thus commenced that cultivation on the site of two ancient Kandyan palaces, Royal lands (Singapitiya and Weyanwatta), which has been of such importance to the subsequent history of our Island. The mode of cultivation adopted and the enormous protective duties then in favour of the British West India colonies rendered this and two other estates at Ganga Orowa and Matalle, that soon followed the one at Gampola, equally unprofitable; and Colonel Bird's death from cholera in 1829 so paralysed the operations at Gampola that Mr. George Bird was induced to abandon the property in 1833 and remove to Kondesally; and subsequently to Imbulpitiya in Oudabulatgama. After having been engaged in the production of coffee for 33 years, with singular want of success, he died in Kandy having been the means of conferring signal advantages on others, by the energy of his character, while to himself, the pioneer of coffee cultivation, his best efforts served only to prolong his disappointment. Although a good practical man and possessed of great experience, accumulated through many years of toil, his experience did not avail him, until failing health had destroyed that energy which repeated disappointments could not impair." ("Ceylon in 1837-46.")

William Boyd, serving his apprenticeship under A. Stephens on Pallekele, the estate adjoining Kundesale, met him at Kandy in 1841, and describes him as "a tall farmer-looking man, a Welshman, a man of few words." His bungalow at Kundesale, which had been erected by Messrs. Ackland and Boyd, was set fire to by some person unknown and entirely destroyed on May 2, 1835, though Boyd makes it out to be in his time, at least six years later, for Boyd did not arrive in Ceylon until August, 1841. He describes the Kundesale bungalow of his day thus: "Mr. Bird's bungalow stood on a rising knoll, commanding an extensive view over the wide plains of Dumbura and its magnificent amphitheatre of surrounding mountains. There was a lawn in front of the house edged by a flower border and shaded by a fringe of Persian lilac trees. On one side was a coconut tope, and a short distance in front was a large substantial coffee store, looking like a miniature fortress, surrounded with barbecues and enclosed within a high rampart of tramped clay. The bungalow itself was a long one-storey high building, with a thatched roof, having two verandahs about ten feet wide and seventy or eighty feet long, off which the sitting rooms and bedrooms of the family opened The store, from the upper storey of which we had an extensive and uninterrupted view of the surrounding country, with the Hunasgiriya, Knuckles, and Hantane ranges of mountains, where there are now numerous clearings, where the dark verdure of the coffee contrasts pleasantly with the sombre hues of the forest, there was, at that time, not a single opening to be seen above the belt of *patana* and native *henas*. It was all an uninterrupted stretch of heavy forest, from Hunasgiriya to Maha Patana, the mountain that towers immediately above the town of Kandy." ("Autobiography," pp. 81, 88, 93.)

"George Bird had been an officer in a cavalry regiment and was a sportsman." He had "a perfect armoury of guns," including an elephant rifle "like a small cannon, that would have almost required a carriage to transport on. It carried a four-ounce brass ball. Many years after, when the household of Kondesale was broken up and poor Bird removed, a lonely, a widowed, and a careworn man, to another and a more rugged part of the Island, I happened to be at his bungalow on a passing visit. His great gun was still there." ("Autobiography," p. 127.)

It is recorded in the *Government Gazette* that a rogue elephant appeared on Sinhapitiya estate in December, 1825, and within three months killed four men. Bird, in February, 1825, put seven bullets into the head of one elephant and four into that of another. Whether these "four-ounce brass balls" ended the career of either beast, and whether either was the dreaded rogue, does not appear.

Charlotte Carpenter, wife of George Bird, died at Kundesale on June 26, 1842, "aged 35." She was a daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Lionel Hook, Ceylon Rifles, and was born at Colombo on March 22, 1806, and was a younger sister of Mrs. Fraser, wife of General Fraser (see No. 1115). She married George Bird at Colombo on December 26, 1828. Lieutenant-Colonel Hook distinguished himself in the Kandyan War of 1815 and in the operations in Uva. George Bird lost two children five months after his wife's death, who were buried at Kandy on December 1 and 6. He himself, a Welshman, died on St. David's Day, probably at Imbulpitiya near Nawalapitiya, as he was not buried until March 3. His eldest son, George, died at Melbourne, Victoria, on August 2, 1867, in his 35th year.

Henry (No. 1627) and George Bird were respectively the eldest and youngest sons of Captain Henry Bird, of the 50th Foot, who served in the American war of 1775-83. The story of his marriage to Elizabeth Hicks, the daughter of a farmer who had settled at Pedlar, near Jamestown, on the river James in Virginia, is quite romantic. Her father had refused to bear arms against the British, and in consequence his estate was confiscated and he had to retire to the "Back Settlements," and begin farming again. He and his son were murdered by the Indians, and Elizabeth and her sisters carried into captivity, from which Elizabeth, when a girl of sixteen, was rescued by Captain Bird who, in 1779, married her at Detroit. She was then a very beautiful girl, but unable to read or write. These accomplishments she quickly learnt, and at eighteen wrote an account of her adventures among the Indians, and a

Kandy and Neighbourhood—contd.1871.—March 1, 1857—**George Samuel Bird—contd.**

longer account later, which she completed in 1814. Captain Bird returned to England with his wife and three children in 1785, and purchased a small estate in Monmouthshire, between Pontypool and Abergavenny, called Goytre, which became his home. Captain Bird was engaged, with the 54th Regiment, in the war with France, and in April, 1800, left England to join the expedition to Egypt, but died of fever two days after leaving Spithead, August 15, 1800. His eldest son, Henry, the future Lieutenant-Colonel of the 16th Regiment, was born at Detroit on April 24, 1780. His father describes him, when a year old, as of "extraordinary size, though not fat," and of a "fine and florid" complexion with dark eyes. He served in the Peninsular war and the Walcheren expedition. His youngest son, George, the future coffee planter, was born at Goytre. The statements of William Boyd ("Autobiography," p. 81) that he was a Welshman, and had been a cavalry officer are both incorrect. The Bird family belonged to Penrith, Cumberland, at one time owning Brougham Hall. Mrs. Bird died at Goytre on June 4, 1842, aged 80. All her surviving children were present except one: "The only absent one was her youngest son George, who had been for many years in Ceylon." The story of her adventures, abridged from her own manuscript by her daughter, Fanny Bird, was published in 1902 under the title of "Elizabeth Hicks, a True Romance of the American War of Independence, 1775 to 1783," edited by her granddaughter Louisa J. Marriott. Colonel Henry Charles Byrde, late Major, Ceylon Rifles, lived at Goytre until his death in 1895.

1872.—October 15, 1862—**A. M. Thompson.**

"At Gonawatta ferry, drowned by the upsetting of a boat, A. M. Thompson of Rajawella."

"Messrs. Thompson and Ingleton wanted to cross the river, but found that the canoe had not been brought to the usual point. Mr. Thompson went to fetch it, and while floating down stream the boat was struck by a tree and upset. Mr. Thompson was probably stunned by a stroke from the floating tree, or got entangled in its branches." The body was recovered, but there is no entry of burial, either in the registers of St. Paul's or of the Scot's Kirk, Kandy. Mr. Ingleton, well known subsequently as a planter, particularly in connection with tobacco growing and curing in Dumbara and Kandy, died in February, 1910, aged 75. He came out in 1855.

1873.—September 11, 1866—**John G. Falconer.**

Superintendent of Hantane Estate, aged 50.

He was shot "on the Hantane road about a mile from Kandy, and just a little way beyond the store near the hospital, where the road makes a sharp turn resembling the letter V, by Kalayan Kangani, about 5 p.m." He had been for many years a planter in the Knuckles, and had only returned to the Island a few months before. "It is a curious fact that within one year two superintendents of Hantane should have died of cholera and that the third should have been murdered." (*Colombo Observer*, September 17, 1866.) Of these, one was James Urquhart (see No. 1184). Of the other there is no record, unless it be "A. Segar of Hantane Estate," who died in November, 1866.

Falconer's widow, Annie, died at Gingranella estate, Pussellawa, October 29, 1867, aged 37 years 9 months. "Old John (or Johnny) Falconer—afterwards shot by a thieving kangany at Hantane—preceded Mr. (John Lewis) Gordon as Manager on Waverdon, and from March, 1853, had as his Sinne Durai Mr. Walter Agar General Fraser, by the way, took John Falconer as his Superintendent when the latter left Waverdon on 1st July, 1853." (J. Ferguson.) He was on Batagala in Madulkele in 1862.

1874.—July 22, 1867—**Amelia Kershaw.**

Wife of DURAND KERSHAW, died at Paradise Estate, Gampola, in her 34th year.

D. Kershaw was appointed Assistant Civil Engineer, October 1, 1846, and Assistant Civil Engineer and Commissioner of Roads, January 1, 1851. He was at Atgalle in 1861. "Kershaw's Bridge," $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kandy on the Haragama road, was built under his superintendence, and bears the date "1847," probably the oldest stone bridge in the Kandy District. He married in 1855 in Jersey, to which island he belonged. He was proprietor of Dunally estate, Lower Hewaheta, in 1853.

Nuwara Eliya.1875.—May 16, 1834—**H. J. Hunt.**

Staff Assistant Surgeon HUNT, M.D.

Nuwara Eliya was constituted a military convalescent station in 1828. This is the first death there of a European recorded. It was the headquarters of the Kotmale military district, and, from 1833, of a District Court, the Commandant being the Judge. From 1833 to 1840 or later this was Captain Kelson.

Staff Assistant Surgeon Hunt was at Mannar as "Hospital Assistant," 1830-1. He arrived at Colombo from Chilaw on August 16, and left Colombo for "Ootooankandy" on August 23, 1831.

1876.—July 12, 1853—**George Watt.**

A planter, who was Superintendent of St. Margaret's, Uda Pussellawa, in 1850.

He married at Pussellawa on June 19, 1852, "Louisa, daughter of D. Macdonald, Esq."

Miscellaneous.

THIS section contains notices of persons more or less intimately connected with the Island, who died on the voyage home or elsewhere out of it, or the place of whose death is unknown to the compiler, or who have been omitted from the previous lists in this book.

1877.—September 5, 1799—**Pierre Dormieux.**

Lieutenant, 1st Battalion, 7th Native Infantry.

He was stationed at Jaffna, with a detachment of his regiment, 1796-97, and was killed in action at Panjalamkurichchi, Madras Presidency, in the second Poligar war, the result of which was that "the district came permanently into the hands of the British." Lieutenant Charles Torriano, of the 1st Battalion, 9th Regiment Native Infantry, who was stationed at Jaffna in January, 1799, fell in action at Panjalamkurichchi on March 31 or May 24, 1801. (Cotton, p. 335.) Lieutenant Dormieux was a relative, possibly the son, of the Dormieux referred to by Captain Percival as having been of assistance to him in his researches, "a Dutch gentleman in the English service, who had resided upwards

Miscellaneous—contd.1877.—September 5, 1799—**Pierre Dormieux—contd.**

of twenty years in Ceylon, and had during that period acquired a complete knowledge both of the manners and language of its several inhabitants" (p. 3). Whether this was the "John Anthony Dormieux," who in 1796–7 was an "Assistant" or Writer in the Jaffna Kachcheri, in 1802 was exporting "palmeiras and repas" from the Jaffna Peninsula, and in September, 1805, was licensed by the Collector as the petition-drawer for Jaffna, I am unable to say. Rates of payment for writing petitions were fixed, and petitions written by any other person were not received. The rate was six fanams for every 120 words, and every petition not exceeding two pages in length had to bear a stamp of six stuiver; over two pages 12 stuivers. These were the stamps that petitions had to bear under the Dutch Company. Abraham Dormieux was Dissave of Matara, 1733–5.

1878.—March, 1803—**James Scott Hay.**

Ceylon Civil Service.

He arrived in September, 1801, with Samuel Tolfrey, both of them being "qualified for higher appointments," and on February 11, 1802, received that of "Civil and Judicial Auditor," in addition to his appointment of Member of the Board of Revenue to which, with S. Tolfrey, he had been gazetted on his arrival. He left for Europe in the H. C. ship *Bengal*, "for the benefit of his health," on November 27, 1802, and seems to have died on the voyage home. His estate was being administered in 1813–4.

1879.—September 9, 1803—**Julius St. Leger.**

Writer, Ceylon Civil Service.

He died at Bombay. There was a Barry St. Leger appointed Writer on September 14, 1815 (see *Gazette* of August 28, 1816); Assistant to the Collector, Jaffna, January 1, 1817; First Assistant, Secretariat, August 1, 1819. He was on leave in 1820 and 1821. His name then disappears from the Ceylon records, so that he must have retired or died. He may have been a younger brother. Barry St. Leger arrived by the *Hesper* at Trincomalee on May 31, 1816. On October 25 the same year he was acting as one of the stewards at a ball at Colombo.

1880.—October 14, 1804—**Berkeley Vincent; Henry Littleton Smith.**

Lieutenant Berkeley Vincent and Ensign Smith of the 19th Regiment were two of the Officers of Captain Johnston's expedition to Kandy in 1804. On the return march, about three days after leaving Kandy, somewhere in the jungle between Matale and Minneri, "Lieutenant Vincent of the grenadier company received a shot in the groin; it had been rather spent. He marched on with the others until the blood was coming out over the top of his boot at the knee; at length he became quite faint, and was put into a doolie; and also Ensign Smith, who was struck on the breast with a spent ball which knocked him down. They were sent off by a bye-road, under the care of the guides, with instructions to join again upon the route. When poor Vincent was struck he exclaimed 'I have caught—I have caught it, men.' All were grieved for him. He begged and implored some of his men to remain beside him, and he would reward them handsomely, as he was well able to do it. His appeals were vain. The danger was so manifest, none would comply. At length he addressed himself to one of his own grenadiers offering him a recompense of £500 and his discharge, or whatever he wished he would do for him. To these tempting offers the poor fellow turned a deaf ear. At length he said, 'I will go with you—stand by you—live or die with you; but it is not your reward that makes me do so—it is the pity for you and the love I bear you; all the world could not otherwise induce me to do so. I will share your fate, come what will, but it is for love alone.' They moved off; Lieut. Vincent held a penknife open in his hand, resolved not to fall alive into the hands of the enemy." (From Bombardier Alexander's account of the expedition, quoted by Marshall, p. 256.)

The main body reached Minneri lake on the 16th to find Lieutenant Virgo and the advanced guard, but without Lieutenant Vincent and Ensign Smith and two wounded soldiers of the 19th whom they had had to abandon. "The guard alleged that they had lost their way in the woods and were nearly starved; that the coolies had deserted them; that they were themselves so exhausted as to be scarcely able to walk, and had no means of carrying the sick whom they were under the necessity of abandoning; that they were without guides and found their way to the village where they were by mere chance." (Marshall, p. 125–6.)

Whether the plucky private of the 19th, who was prepared to sacrifice his life for his officer, was among the survivors is not recorded, but Lieutenant Vincent and Ensign Smith were never seen again.

Lieutenant Vincent was Fort Adjutant of Galle from May 1, 1804, and must have later in that year been stationed at Batticaloa, from which place the expedition started on September 20. He was 6th son of John Vincent, Esq., of Limerick. Lieutenant Henry Littleton Smith was the third son of Fernando Smith, Esq., of Halesowen, Grange, County Worcester, and was born in 1787. He joined the 19th Foot as Ensign, February 3, 1803, and was gazetted Lieutenant, August 15, 1803.

There was considerable feeling on the part of the officers of the 19th Regiment, according to Dr. Marshall, against Lieutenant Virgo of the Malay Regiment, who was in command of the escort which was bringing the unfortunate wounded officers to Trincomalee, on account of their abandonment, and he was tried by court martial and sentenced to go on half pay and lose seniority for six months. Dr. Marshall is inclined to think that he could not help himself, and that he was badly treated. He had been a private in the band of the 80th Regiment. "He lived in a very retired manner, read much, and was considered well-informed on general subjects. He was supposed to indulge in the use of opium. As an officer he was not considered very efficient. He was repeatedly superseded in the Malay Regiment by the promotion of junior officers of the same Corps. In 1818 he exchanged on half pay as lieutenant, the rank he had attained in 1809, and died in 1837" (p. 130). He himself was wounded in the retreat and lost an eye. The statement that he attained the rank of lieutenant in 1809 is difficult to reconcile with the fact that he was gazetted lieutenant from March 28, 1803—a rank which he never passed. He left for England on leave by the *City of London* on March 13, 1813. He was Commandant of Tangalla in 1816–7, and was transferred to the 3rd Ceylon Regiment, June 25, 1817. It is a pity that the proceedings of the court-martial are not available.

Lieutenant T. J. Anderson evidently shared the feelings of the other officers of his regiment on this subject, for he says in "Stanzas to the Memory of Lieutenants Vincent and Smith of the 19th Regiment, who, being wounded in their retreat from Candy, were abandoned to their fate in the jungle":—

"But now in dark and gloomy wilds,
Your bones, alas, decay!
To howling savages expos'd,
An unresisting prey!
Forsaken ere the vital spark
Had left your fainting frame,
Oh stain to manhood! and to arms!
An everlasting shame."
(*"Poems Written Chiefly in India."*)

Miscellaneous—contd.

1881.—April, 1804—**James Allardyce Barclay.**

Ceylon Civil Service.

He was appointed Writer and attached as Assistant to the Chief Secretary's Office, September 22, 1801; Assistant to Agent, Batticaloa, 1802; 1st Assistant to Agent of Revenue, Colombo, May 25, 1803; Agent of Revenue, Trincomalee, October 5, 1803. He died at Madras. His estate, value 2,509 rix-dollars, was being administered in 1806.

1882.—March 10, 1805—**Samuel Jeanneret.**

Lieutenant-Colonel, Invalid Corps.

He was Major of the 73rd Regiment, commanding at Jaffna, August-October, 1797-8, and took an inventory of the Jaffna Kachecheri consequent on the death of the Assistant Resident, Mr. John Jervis, in February, 1798. Whether he died at Jaffna, Trincomalee, or Madras, I have not been able to discover, but it was probably at Jaffna, as Mrs. Jeanneret was a witness there to the marriage of Captain Truter to Mrs. Brunette, on September 3, 1808.

1883.—March 6, 1809—**William Hamlyn Heywood.**

Chaplain of Brigade to the Forces serving in Ceylon.

Appointed March 3, 1804. Hewent on leave, February 14, 1809, and took passage by the East India Company's ship, the *Jane Duchess of Gordon*, which, with the *Lady Jane Dundas* and the *William Pitt*, was convoyed by H.M.S. *Belliqueux*. The *Jane Duchess of Gordon* was lost "in a gale which destroyed nearly a whole squadron off the Cape" (see Cotton, pp. 42, 43). With this fleet there also left Lieutenant-General Hay Macdowal, who had been succeeded in the command of the forces in Ceylon by Major-General David Douglas Wemyss on March 1, 1804; had since been on the staff of the army in Madras, and had arrived at Colombo on a visit to Major-General Charles Baillie; the Honourable Alexander Johnston, Mrs. Johnston and family, Kenelm Chandler, Assistant Commissary-General of Trincomalee, and Miss Mary Twistleton, who became Mrs. Gisborne. With Mr. Heywood was lost the register of marriages of the Fort Church (see page 1). The *William Pitt* was also wrecked, but whether in this storm or later I cannot say.

1884.—December 8, 1810—**John Beaver Nares.**

Ceylon Civil Service.

He arrived as a Writer in the ship *Walhamstow*, October 2, 1804, and was appointed 2nd Assistant in the Cinnamon Department on the 31st. He proceeded to Europe on leave in March, 1805, by the same ship as the Chief Justice, Mr. Edmund Henry Lushington. He returned to the Island, for on March 15, 1809, he was appointed to act as Sitting Magistrate for the Port of Colombo, and on January 31, 1810, 1st Assistant at the Secretariat. Where he died is not known. Moneys belonging to his estate were lying at the General Treasury in 1831.

1885.—May 16, 1811—**Thomas Castle.**

Lieut. CASTLE, 4th Ceylon Regiment.

He was killed in action in Travancore. The 3rd and 4th Ceylon Regiments were sent to the assistance of the Madras troops in the war against Travancore in 1809-11. On February 28, 1809, the men of the 3rd Ceylon were ordered an extra allowance of arrack "for having, in an attack, the first in which they were ever engaged, conducted themselves in the usual manner in which all His Majesty's Regiments have ever done when called upon to serve their King and Country." The Regiment was formed in 1805 by Governor Maitland from a number of Caffres, and was at first known as the "Caffre Corps." It received its colours on November 29, 1805, when its first commanding officer, Colonel Charles Baillie, gave a ball and supper. It was reduced in 1816. The 4th Ceylon was raised early in 1809 and 1811, and on February 24, 1811, was given its colours on the Galle Face. The regiment was reduced about 1815. It comprised Malays and Sepoys. The four Ceylon regiments wore scarlet; the 1st had light buff facings, the 2nd bright yellow, the 3rd dark green, and the 4th white. Lieutenant Castle became Lieutenant, December 4, 1806.

1886.—August 27, 1812—**William Husband.**

Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Nesbit, deceased, October 1, 1805; 1st Lieutenant, March 15, 1808.

1887.—April 8, 1813—**George Gillespie.**

Assistant Surgeon, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He joined August 1, 1802. He was at Fort Macdowal on the night of June 26, 1803, when Corporal Barnsley arrived with the news of the massacre of the Kandy garrison and, with Captains Madge and Pearce, signed his deposition. He escaped with Madge to Trincomalee. He was appointed to the charge of the Bengal and Madras Volunteers at Trincomalee, January 25, 1804. He accompanied Captain Johnston's expedition to Kandy in that year, so that he had a double experience of retreats made under the greatest difficulties and privations.

1888.—June 22, 1813—**J. Elsey.**

Lieutenant and Adjutant, 66th Regiment.

1889.—July 4, 1813—**John Curtis.**

Assistant Surgeon, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He joined August 30, 1810.

1890.—January 25, 1814—**William Richard Montgomery.**

"At Sea on the 25th Ultimo, on his return from Calcutta, to which place he had repaired for the benefit of his health, William Richard Montgomery of the Civil Service of this Island. Our annals here seldom had to record an event so deeply and generally deplored as the untimely death of this excellent young man. He had just completed the twelfth year of his service in Ceylon, and had thereby become entitled to a moderate competence in his native country for the residue of his life. High-minded, liberal, and sincere, he was an honour to the Establishment of which he was a member, and the delight and love of the society he adorned. His memory will long survive in the regrets of his afflicted family, and in the fond affections of a numerous circle of friends, whom his many virtues and amiable qualities had bound to him by no common tie. He died at the early age of 32, and has left a widow and four children." (*Gazette* of February 2, 1814.)

Miscellaneous—contd.

1890.—January 25, 1814—**William Richard Montgomery—contd.**

He married at Madras in January, 1822, the widow of Surgeon T. A. Reeder (see No. 1822), and had a son by her born at Colombo, November 21, 1806. He was appointed Writer in 1801, arrived January, 1802, and was attached to the Secretariat and Paymaster-General's offices; appointed Assistant to Agent of Revenue, Galle, November 3, 1802; Agent and Sitting Magistrate, Galle, June, 1803; ditto at Puttalam and Calpenty, May 1, 1804; Agent, Galle and Matara, June, 1805; Collector, Jaffna and Wanny, November, 1806; Superintendent of Cinnamon Plantations, June, 1808; Acting Garrison Storekeeper, November, 1811.

1891.—March 27, 1814—**Henry Stewart.**

Captain, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He arrived July 13, 1805, by the *Windham* and joined the Ceylon Regiment (2nd Ceylon Regiment). He married at Colombo in December, 1807, Miss Louisa Colebrooke. He was Fort Adjutant, Colombo, at the time, and was Fort Adjutant at Trincomalee from February 1, 1808.

1892.—October 26, 1814—**Cham Reynolds.**

Captain, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted Captain from October 8, 1812. His Christian name is here given as in the Army List.

1893.—1814—**Meagan.**

Quartermaster, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

1894.—February 8, 1815—**Martin Browne.**

Ensign, 4th Ceylon Regiment.

He joined July 5, 1810.

1895.—March 10, 1815—**George Stavert.**

Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment; 2nd Lieutenant, March 2, 1810.

1896.—May 30, 1815—**William John Molesworth.**

6th Viscount MOLESWORTH, Lieut.-Colonel, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

He joined the 1st Ceylon Regiment, July 9, 1803, from the Newfoundland Fencibles, and was gazetted Lieutenant-Colonel from March 28, 1805; ditto, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, September 5, 1805. He was Commandant of Jaffna, 1805-7. He went to the Cape on leave in September, 1807. He married a daughter of Johan Dirk van Clotwyk, Governor of Malacca, 1751-6, and sister of John Dirk van Clotwyk, formerly Lieutenant-Governor of the Dutch East Indies. The younger Johan Dirk van Clotwyk died at an advanced age at Clapton in 1804. Lord Molesworth was appointed Commandant of Galle, November 1, 1811, where he remained until early in 1815, when, with Lady Molesworth, he embarked on the transport *Arniston*, which was in Colombo in January-February. (Two men belonging to her, Samuel Hay and James Black, were buried there on February 9 and 11.) She was lost near the Cape of Good Hope, May 30, and Lord and Lady Molesworth were among the drowned, with many of the passengers and crew. "In the awful hour that preceded the breaking up of the vessel, he was calm and resigned, and exhorted those who were around him to prepare to meet their God. Had he remained in Ceylon a few weeks longer he would have received the appointment, to solicit which was the object of his visit to England." ("Jubilee Memorials," by Spence Hardy.) The same writer says that Viscount Molesworth "named the rocks which rise from the translucent bosom of the Koggala lake, Brama, Vishnu, and Siva" (p. 341).

1897.—May 30, 1815—**Adam Callender.**

Ensign CALLENDER, 19th Regiment.

He was lost in the *Arniston*. He joined the Regiment, April 15, 1813. Captain P. W. Harkness of the 80th, a regiment which in March, 1797, had "lately arrived" at Trincomalee, but left in a year or two, was also drowned.

1898.—May 30, 1815—**Thomas Addison.**

Second Lieutenant ADDISON, 3rd Ceylon Regiment.

Lost in the *Arniston*. He joined April 9, 1812.

1899.—March 30, 1816—**John Wilkins.**

Captain WILKINS, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He died on board the Company's ship *Minerva*, which left Galle on the voyage home on March 24. He was appointed Ensign in the Caffre Corps, January 17, 1805; Lieutenant, Malay Corps, *vice* Rossi, June 2, 1805; and was Commandant at Mullaivivu, 1811-14; Galle, March 24, 1816.

1900.—October 10, 1817—**E. S. Erskine.**

Lieut.-Colonel ERSKINE, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, Deputy Adjutant-General, Ceylon.

1901.—December 15, 1817—**James Chalmers.**

Lieutenant, 37th Regiment.

He probably died on the voyage home or in India, as the 37th was not at this time stationed in Ceylon.

1902.—March 5, 1818—**Andrew High.**

He succeeded Dr. James Anderson as Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals in Ceylon in 1813, and accompanied Governor Brownrigg on his tours to the Pearl Fishery of 1814 (Feb. 28—May 20), and "through Saffragam and Ouwa Provinces to Kandy" in 1816 (March 28—April 17). He had been in Sweden and St. Petersburg, and came to Madras with Lord William Bentinck. He died "near Edinburgh."

Miscellaneous—contd.**1903.—April 12, 1818—Richard Pollington.**

2nd Lieutenant and Adjutant, 3rd Ceylon Regiment.

He died on board the *Adamant* off Negombo. He was gazetted from Sergeant, 66th Regiment, to be Adjutant, 1st Ceylon Regiment, with rank of 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Eaton, deceased, July 20, 1811; to be 1st Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regiment, *vice* G. A. Tranchell, May, 1815.

1904.—November 29, 1818—John Gill.

Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regiment.

He was gazetted Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regiment, March 12, 1810. He was Fort Adjutant, Kandy, 1816–8. He died at Calcutta, probably on sick leave, just after the close of the Uva Campaign.

1905.—April 20, 1819—Edward Caddell.

Lieutenant, 86th Foot.

He was engaged with a detachment in the operations in Uva in 1818. He was with Major Macdonald at Wiyaluwa in October, and was sent by him with a party to meet Captain Cleather who was in Walapane. "Lieut. Caddell crossed his detachment over the Ouma Oya upon an elephant, and accompanied Captain Cleather to Wattemoolle. Captain Cleather had marched from Panella on the morning of the 20th, and in six hours he reached Tiripaha, where he met Lieut. Caddell. The distance is about 14 miles, the road good, except over the steep and rugged pass of Ewuregodde, which is about 5 miles in length, on the east side of which Tiripaha is situated." At the conclusion of the operations in November he must have returned to Calcutta with the detachment, for he died on board the *Golconda* transport on the voyage home.

1906.—May 19, 1819—John Tulloh.

1st Lieutenant, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He died at Madras.

1907.—July 8, 1819—John White.

Captain WHITE, late half pay, 3rd Ceylon Regiment.

He had been in the 2nd Ceylon Regiment, was cashiered, but re-instated in 1817. He joined the 2nd Ceylon Regiment as 2nd Lieutenant, August 15, 1805, and became Adjutant, *vice* Collier, November 20, 1805, and 1st Lieutenant, September 2, 1807.

1908.—August 22, 1819—Joseph Reed.

"Capt. JOSEPH REED of H. M. Ceylon Regt., who died on his passage to England, whither he was proceeding for the recovery of his health. He was a steady, brave, and excellent Officer, and a worthy and amiable man." (*Gazette*, January 8, 1820.)

Captain, 2nd Ceylon Regiment.

He died on the passage from Ceylon on board "the *Richmond* free trader." He was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in Ramsay's Regiment (2nd Ceylon Regiment) in September, 1805; 1st Lieutenant, May 14, 1806. He was with the 2nd Ceylon Regiment in the 1st Division in the Kandyan War of 1815, and surprised a Kandyan post on January 31, 1815. He was in command of the detachment, with which was Assistant Surgeon McNulty, when the latter officer was killed on November 20, 1817, during the Uva rebellion.

1909.—May 21, 1820—John Ritchie.

Captain RITCHIE (73rd Regiment).

He died on board the *Alexander*, on the passage from Ceylon. He had taken a prominent part in the operations in Uva. (See No. 40.)

1910.—August 11, 1820—George Stace.

Captain STACE, 1st Ceylon Regiment.

He was also engaged in the operations in Uva. On January 3, 1818, he marched with 60 grenadiers of the 73rd Regiment from Kandy for Bintenna (Alutnuwara), where he was to leave them and return to Kandy immediately. In the middle of February he was sent with reinforcements from Kandy to Hanwella in Uda Dumbara, where an attack was expected. He left on February 18, when immediately afterwards it was attacked by the Kandyans and ably defended by Captain Truter, as already related (p. 401). In August he was with a detachment in Kotmale, and joined Captain Fraser on September 1 at Nawangama, a village about 15 miles from Pasbage, while that officer was engaged in chastising a party of rebels. He must have gone to England on leave on the conclusion of the war, for he died "in Essex."

1911.—March 21, 1821—Frans Philip Fretz.

Sitting Magistrate, Calpentyn.

He died at Colombo, aged 50. He came out as a boekhouder from Kirchheim by the *Leviathan* in 1787. He was appointed Assistant to the Agent of Revenue for Chilaw and Puttalam, March 11, 1807; Sitting Magistrate of the Port of Colombo in 1814. His first wife, whom he married at Colombo, September 30, 1792, was Catharina Sophia Clara, daughter of Mr. Johan Willem Schorer of Middleburg, Opperhoofd of Trincomalee, and of his wife Juliana Cornelia Lebeck (widow Visboom). She was born at Trincomalee, February 12, 1776, and died at Calpentyn, December 17, 1812. Her sister married Dr. Joseph Sansoni (see No. 600). His second wife was Sara Johanna Sophia, daughter of the Rev. Bernard Abraham Giffening, Predicant of Wolvendaal Church, by his wife Maria Sophia Francius (widow Hickler). She was baptized on May 9, 1790, and married at Colombo on December 2, 1814. The Rev. B. A. Giffening was the last Predicant of Wolvendaal Church under the Dutch, and was succeeded by the Rev. J. D. Palm on August 27, 1812. He himself was married by the Rev. Mr. Twisleton at St. Peter's, Fort, Colombo, on December 17, 1807, to Wilhelmina Petronella Potger of Colombo, spinster. Her brother, Cornelis Everardus Potger, and Jacoba Eliza Sohsten signed as witnesses.

F. P. Fretz's son, Daniel Jacques Fretz, was employed in the Commissariat. His eldest son married Dorothea Thomasia, daughter of Johannes Arnoldus Kriekenbeek and Sara Jacomina Louisa Carolina Zezilles. His eldest son, Frans Philip, was a Sub-Collector in the Customs Department at Weligama, Balapitmodera, and Kalutara. His second son, James Henry, and his sixth son, Edward Richard, were District Engineers in the Public Works Department, the former, who died at Kandy in 1809, married (2) Arnoldina, daughter of E. P. Wilmot. (See No. 1273.)

Miscellaneous—contd.1912.—February 1, 1824—**Samuel P. Johnston.**

Ceylon Civil Service.

He was appointed 2nd Assistant at the Chief Secretary's Office, May 1, 1822, and to act as Assistant to the Collector, Tangalla, March 1, 1823. He died at Bombay.

1913.—June 2, 1825—**Charles Auber.**

Lieutenant AUBER, 83rd Regiment, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.

"He proceeded in February with the 45th Regiment to Rangoon and was destined to remain with the principal Force serving at Promé, and had arrived with the Headquarters of the Army at Promé" (*Gazette*), where he died of cholera. Some of the sketches of the scenery of Uva in Davy's "Account of the Interior of Ceylon" are from the pencil of Lieutenant Auber. (Preface, p. vii.)

1914.—July 14, 1826—**John Comyns Bulkley.**

"At Sea, on board the ship *Alexander*, near St. Helena."

"Mr. Bulkley having been attacked with an inveterate fever at Kornegalle, and having experienced severe relapses, was recommended by his Medical adviser to proceed to England. He quitted the Island on 15th May, arrived at the Isle of France in the beginning of June, and left it again a few days after. His disease daily increased; all the efforts of Drs. Haine and Tighe were baffled. He lingered till the 14th July, on the noon of which day he breathed his last. The amiable qualities and disposition of Mr. Bulkley endeared him to all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance—all of whom will deeply deplore his premature death." (*Gazette*, December 17, 1826.)

He belonged to the 16th Regiment, and was later Assistant Surgeon, 45th Regiment. (See Nos. 723 and 1610.)

1915.—April 30, 1827—**Ambrose Hardinge Giffard.**

Chief Justice of Ceylon, 1820–7.

He died on the homeward voyage on board the *Lady Kennaway*, East Indiaman.

Sir Hardinge Giffard was the eldest son of John Giffard, High Sheriff of Dublin in 1794, Accountant-General of Customs in Dublin, and was born in 1771. His mother was Sarah, daughter of William Norton, Esq., of Ballynaclash, County Wexford. The Giffards were an ancient Devonshire family, but the grandfather of the Chief Justice, who was the disinherited son of John Giffard of Brightleigh, settled in Ireland. Hardinge Giffard was called to the bar at the Inner Temple, arrived in Ceylon in October, 1810, and was appointed His Majesty's Advocate Fiscal, February 26, 1811, and Chief Justice, 1819. Professor R. W. Lee says of him: "One is struck by the astonishing ability with which he handled the intricate questions which came before him at a time when the fortunes of the Island were hanging in the balance, and when it was open to the occupant of the Bench to determine the course which the Island was to follow. It was a time when the old members of the Dutch Bar had many of them left the country, when the traditions of the eighteenth century were obscured and half forgotten. Sir Hardinge Giffard recalled to mind the traditions of the past. He laid the firm foundations of the system of law which every Chief Justice after him has developed." He had a difference of opinion with the Governor as to the application of the Habeas Corpus Act to Ceylon, the Chief Justice maintaining the affirmative. "His leisure was devoted to literature, and a selection of poems was published at Ceylon about 1822. A specimen is reproduced in 'Traditions and Recollections' of the Rev. R. Polwhele." It is chiefly on this account, apparently, that he has found a place in the "Dictionary of National Biography," for nothing is said therein as to his legal attainments, and Sir Charles Marshall of the "Judgments," whose distinction as a lawyer is even greater but who was not literary, is omitted. "Sir Hardinge Giffard's health failed, and he proceeded to England on leave, but died on the voyage. He married in 1808 Harriet, daughter of Lovell Pennell, Esq., of Lyme Regis, and left five sons and five daughters (see No. 342). His eldest son, John Hardinge William, died on July 31, 1833, at Upper Phillimore Place, Kensington, aged 22. His son Edward married Rosamund Catherine, daughter of William Pennell, Esq., of Portsmouth, in 1844. His third son was Admiral Sir George Giffard (1815–88). His nephew is the Earl of Halsbury, late Lord Chancellor.

1916.—January 2, 1829—**James Chater.**

"At sea, on board the *Seppings*, in the 50th year of his age, the Rev. James Chater, Baptist Missionary, who was proceeding to England for the benefit of his health, which, with his general constitution, had been greatly impaired by a residence in India of 23 years. In the death of this excellent man the cause of Christian Missions has sustained a heavy loss—his acquaintance with the languages and habits of the natives of this country and the confidence he had gained amongst them by his mild and judicious proceedings rendered him invaluable in such a work. Mr. Chater was almost the first English Missionary that settled in Ceylon, and by the liberal assistance of His Majesty's Government published the first Grammar of the Singhalese language, to which he afterwards added several elementary works. Since the death of W. Tolfrey, Esq., he had assisted with others in the translation and revision of the Scriptures in Singhalese, but in his general Missionary pursuits it may be said of him, he was 'in labours more abundant,' and on leaving Ceylon he had the satisfaction to know that his efforts had been successful. As a Christian Minister he was greatly respected by the people and esteemed by all his fellow labourers. Mr. Chater has left a widow in Ceylon and eight orphan children in England, who by this painful event have to mourn the loss of one of the kindest of husbands and most affectionate of parents. (*Gazette*, April 25, 1829.) His widow was Mrs. Anna Deborah Chater.

"Mr. Chater had been for some time a Missionary in Burmah. He was deliberate in speech and of grave demeanour, but a useful minister and a man of great worth." (Hardy, p. 67.) His "Grammar of the Cingalese Language" was published in 1815 at Colombo.

1917.—May 10, 1831—**Jean Martin Lavalliere.**

Assistant Collector of Customs, Galle.

He was Sitting Magistrate and Customs Master, Negombo, 1815; ditto Hambantota, October 17, 1818; ditto Mullaittivu, 1820–21; Assistant Collector, Galle, 1826. He died, I think, at Galle. He married Lucretia Adriana Charlotta Sluysken (No. 1580), and was the father of Jean Louis Theodore Lavalliere, C.C.S. (See No. 329.)

1918.—November 5, 1831—**Petrus Flanderka.**

Captain FLANDERKA of the Dutch East India Company's service.

"He was in Ceylon for a long period in the Company's service, and was sent to Batavia in 1796, after the surrender, where he served until it was taken by the British. He then returned to Holland leaving his family behind, and was stationed at Grave." (*Gazette*.)

Miscellaneous—*contd.*

1919.—1836—John Foulstone.

He was Ensign in the Caffre Corps in 1805; Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, January 16, 1805; to command at Hambantota, December 23, 1805; and was afterwards in the 1st Ceylon Regiment and Ceylon Rifles. He was gazetted from the half-pay of the Ceylon Rifles to the 63rd Regiment, and left Ceylon to join that regiment in Bengal in 1832. In 1846 he "had not been heard of for ten years."* He married at Colombo on September 1, 1814, Helena Herfts. His wife had a son at Madawalattenna, May 4, 1816.

1920.—1838—Joseph Wynne.

Captain WYNNE, 58th Regiment.

He was Sitting Magistrate, Kandy, 1831–33; Police Magistrate, 1833–38. He died at Malacca. He was gazetted from the 83rd Regiment to be Captain, 58th Regiment, January 14, 1829.

1921.—August 30, 1860—Henry Frederick Lockyer.

Major-General LOCKYER, C.B., K.H., late Commander-in-Chief in Ceylon.

He was in Ceylon, 1856–60, and died on the voyage home on board the *Ripon*.

1922.—August 31, 1860—Edward Frederick Kelaart, M.D., Staff Surgeon.

He died on board the *Ripon*, the day after General Lockyer. "Dr. Kelaart, one of our medicos at Trincomalee, was not only a clever surgeon, but also a naturalist of no mean reputation. He made an interesting and exhaustive analysis of the habits and peregrinations (for they do move about) of the pearl oyster Some people used to go so far as to say that he had trained one to follow him like a dog. But although that was an exaggeration, it is certain that most of his pets and curios were particularly docile under his influence. He never lost an opportunity of studying Natural History." ("Memories of the Mutiny," by Colonel Maude, R.A., who was stationed in Ceylon, 1855–57.) Mr. A. M. Ferguson says of him: "Justice calls for reference to the researches of the late Dr. Kelaart into the natural history of the pearl-yielding bi-valves, really mussels, although their appearance justifies the popular name of oysters. Dr. Kelaart may not have solved the mystery of naere deposition into pearls by reference to the presence of diatoms or other foreign bodies, but he established the facts that the shell fish could throw off the byssus, or beard by which they were anchored, to pieces of coral, and that by means of a "foot" they exercised powers of locomotion sufficient to account for the presence of individuals on the cable by which a Government vessel was anchored on the pearl banks." ("Ceylon in 1846.") He was author of "*Prodromus Faunæ Zeylanicæ*" (1852) and of various other works and papers on the natural history of Ceylon.

He was a Staff Assistant Surgeon at Kandy in 1850 (by 1846 he had not reached that rank); Staff Surgeon, Galle, 1853. He was a son of W. H. Kelaart (No. 335). He married in 1843 (1) Frances Sophia Hussey "of Staffordshire," (2), on May 13, 1851, at Trincomalee, Elizabeth Nye. His eldest son, Gerald Talbot, became an officer in the Royal Artillery.

1923.—August 17, 1861—J. Albert Denton, Lieutenant, Ceylon Rifles.

He died at Bombay.

1924.—August 26, 1866—George John Brook.

Assistant Collector of Customs, Calpentin, aged 44.

He was third son of George Shaw Brook, who married, when he was seventeen, Ariana Maria Rabinel on January 15, 1818, at Galle. He was for many years Sub-Collector of Customs at Point Pedro. He married on February 11, 1861, at Jaffna, Mary Rebecca Harding. His age at the time of his death was actually 42, as he was born on May 25, 1824. A sister, Sarah Anne, married Henry Latham Maddock; two other sisters, Anna Cecilia and Emilia, successively married R. J. Dunlop; a fourth, Eliza, married Thomas Gordon. (See Nos. 709 and 977.) Anna Cecilia Dunlop died, June 16, 1853, aged 29, at Jaffna.

1925.—April 8, 1867—George Ackland.

A Ceylon planting pioneer.

He began business in Ceylon with George Hay Boyd (No. 546), the firm being called Ackland, Boyd & Co. of Calcutta and Colombo, and starting business in April, 1829. It introduced the culture of sugar cane, and brought out Messrs. R. B. Tytler, R. D. Gerard, J. I. Strachan, and Charles Pitts to superintend its estates, each at £4. 3s. 4d. a month. William Boyd says: "Having thus secured the services of a competent and practical planter,† Ackland, Boyd & Co. sent out relays of young men principally from the neighbourhood of Crimond,‡ who served a sort of apprenticeship under him. When new estates were opened, these men were put in charge of them and there they also had young men, newly imported, placed under them, to whom they were expected to impart the knowledge and experience which they had acquired from Mr. Tytler. It thus happened in course of time that the whole planting community became fermented and imbued with the ideas of Mr. Tytler, and to these ideas, carried out to their practical issues, the present prosperity of Ceylon is in a great measure to be ascribed." (*Ceylon Literary Register*, vol. II., pp. 217–8.) Among the estates thus opened were Pallakele and Kundasale.

Ackland began life as a midshipman in the Indian Marine service. He was for some time an unofficial member of the Legislative Council of Ceylon. The firm collapsed in the coffee monetary crash of 1848. In 1853 Ackland transferred his energies to Bengal, and "got into touch with the management of the paper works, then at Serampore, where experiments were being made, tried with country grasses and fibre plants, to improve the quality or cheapen the manufacture of paper. Ackland's genius caught on to reha as a possible rival to flax and hemp." ("Calcutta Empire.") But he soon saw the advantage of abandoning reha for jute and, in 1855, started making machine-spun jute yarns. He carried on his jute mills until 1867, when his interests in it ceased. He died at Calcutta. The late Mr. John Capper of the *Ceylon Times* married his sister, Anne Arneil Ackland at Kandy, November 5, 1839. Charles Pitt married, on November 27, 1843, at Kandy, Augusta Capper. He died at 27, Priory road, South Lambeth, on October 5, 1858, the same day on which his wife had a son born.

The name Ackland was spelt originally with a k, but in more recent times the k seems to have been omitted. Boyd refers to "my exciteable and talkative little friend, Mr. Aeland." ("Autobiography," p. 12.)

* According to Ceylon papers. But I learn from Henry Stock Smith's "Military Obituary" of 1855 that he exchanged into the 13th Foot on February 17, 1832, became Captain in the 63rd Regiment, December 31, 1839, exchanged into the 27th Regiment (H. P.), January 26, 1844, and died at Shirley Warren near Southampton on June 4, 1854. He served in the Kandyan wars of 1803 and 1815, and was wounded in the leg, June 20, 1803, also in the Travancore war; was present at the capture of Bourbon and Isle of France, 1810, and was taken prisoner on the Nereid frigate after action with a French squadron on August 23, 1810. He was also present at the capture of Ghuznee on July 23, 1839.

† R. B. Tytler.

‡ Boyd was a native of Crimond.

ADDENDA.

1926.—August 8, 1799—**John Nairn**.*

Lieutenant NAIRN, 19th Foot.

Gazetted Ensign, January 8, 1795; Lieutenant, June 3, 1795.

1927.—October 20, 1800—**Jasper Nixon**.*

Lieutenant NIXON, 19th Foot.

Gazetted Ensign, November, 1798; Lieutenant, March 28, 1799. He and Lieutenant Nairn probably died in India, as five companies of the 19th went from Ceylon to reinforce the siege troops before Seringapatam, and arrived nine days after its fall on May 7, 1799.

1928.—January 28, 1804—**John Crooks**.

Lieutenant and Adjutant CROOKS, 19th Foot.

Appointed Adjutant from Sergeant-Major, 19th Foot, July 31, 1802; Lieutenant, June 27, 1803.

1929.—April, 1805—**Charles Douglas**.

Lieutenant DOUGLAS, 19th Foot.

“ Ensign C. Douglas, 37th Foot, to be Ensign without purchase, *vice* Smith who retires, March 9, 1803.” This Ensign Smith was apparently the Ensign Smith who perished in the Kandy massacre.

1930.—April 10, 1813—**Richard Parsons**.

Captain PARSONS, 19th Foot.

Gazetted Ensign, April 14, 1803; Lieutenant, December 1, 1804; Captain, June 18, 1811. Captain Parson had served in the Travancore Campaign of 1809.

1931.—October 31, 1814—**John Bower Edenson**.

Lieutenant EDENSON, 19th Foot.

Lieutenant Edenson was born 1780 and died at Galle. Gazetted Ensign, October 11, 1809; Lieutenant, July 20, 1812.

1932.—April 29, 1815—**Hugo Wemyss**.

Captain WEMYSS, 19th Foot.

He died on board the *Arniston* Transport sixteen days before she was wrecked off Cape das Agulhas. He was born in 1788, and seems to have been a brother of Major-General David Douglas Wemyss who succeeded General Macdowal in the Ceylon command, March 1, 1804. “ The Government House occupied by the Commander of the Forces was struck by lightning on April 19th (1805), also the adjoining house occupied by Brigade Major Colebrooke. No one was hurt. General Wemyss received no other injury than the effects of surprise so tremendous a shock from the Thundergust, which succeeded it, produced. Lieut. Wemyss, A.D.C., sitting in the room at the time, falling masonry and timber drove him against a door with great violence, over the apartment were pieces of ornamental masonry raised, according to the Dutch taste, considerably above the roof. This masonry received and threw off the electric fluid to the Adjoining House.” (Gazette of April 24, 1805.)

Ensign Hugo Wemyss, 19th Foot, was gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the 1st Ceylon Regiment, June 3, 1804; Lieutenant, 19th Foot, October 2, 1805; Captain, 19th Foot, June 11, 1812. In 1809 he served in the Travancore campaign.

The A.D.C. was either Lieutenant Hugo Wemyss or Lieutenant Thomas James Wemyss, who was gazetted to the 19th from the 65th the same day that General Wemyss was appointed to the Ceylon Command, viz., March 1, 1804. Thomas James may have been an elder brother of Hugo, as he was born in 1785, son of Colonel James Wemyss of the Royal Marines. He died a Lieutenant-General and C.B. at Bath, on July 19, 1860.

1933.—May 30, 1815—**Francis Goodall**.

Lieutenant GOODALL, 19th Foot.

Drowned in the *Arniston*. He was born in 1792; gazetted Ensign, January 1, 1807; 2nd Lieutenant, 3rd Ceylon Regiment, August 13, 1807; Lieutenant, 19th Foot, January 18, 1810.

1934.—December 5, 1816—**Robert Brown Duke**.

Lieutenant DUKE, 19th Foot.

Gazetted 1st Lieutenant, 2nd Ceylon Regiment, November 20, 1805; Lieutenant, 19th Foot, August 10, 1807; Adjutant, March 30, 1810; Captain, June 17, 1815.

* See page 73, *ante*. The names of Lieutenants Nairn and Jasper Nixon should be added to those given in the last paragraph of the remarks on Captain Anderson's poem, and that of Lieutenant Winn should be omitted.

1935.—1806—**Thomas Wetherall Ottley.**

Major OTTLEY, 65th Regiment.

He joined the 19th Foot as Ensign, May, 1794; Lieutenant, August 24, 1784; Captain, 37th Foot, March 31, 1803; Major, 65th Foot, July 2, 1805. He was fifth son of Thomas Ottley, sometime of St. Vincent and afterwards of Antigua. He served in Germany with the 19th in 1794-95. No record in Ceylon of his death, but according to Burke's "Landed Gentry" for 1853 it took place there in 1806.

1936.—January 24, 1809—**David Philips.**

Captain DAVID PHILIPS, 44th Regiment, exchanged into
Baillie's (3rd Ceylon) Regiment, August 7, 1806.

1937.—May 19, 1811—**Ebenezer Eaton.**

He appears to have been Quartermaster of the 19th Foot before he was gazetted a 2nd Lieutenant in the 1st Ceylon Regiment, of which he became Adjutant. Estate being administered in 1813.

1938.—June 5, 1813—**Peter Dennison.**

He was Quartermaster of the Malay Regiment at Jaffna in 1804. He had joined this regiment on December 1, 1802, from, I think, the 19th Regiment, and succeeded Anthony McIlroy (No. 1723) as Quartermaster. His wife had a son born at Jaffna, November 12, 1804. An Ensign George Dennison, 19th Foot, arrived from England by the *Monarch*, December 19, 1813. Peter Dennison's estate was being administered 1814 to 1817.

1939.—January 13, 1823—**Robert Graham Geddes.**

Ensign, 83rd Regiment.

He was commanding at Balangoda, and probably died there.

Note on No. 1598.—Lieutenant Fellowes was a relative of the Rev. Robert Fellowes, LL.D. ("Philalethes"), author of the "History of Ceylon," published in 1817, and probably supplied him with material for that work. (See Skeen's "Adam's Peak.")

1940.—April 26, 1799—**Robert Hoadly Ashe.**

"At Trincomalee, in his 20th year, Robert Hoadly Ashe, 2nd son of the Revd. Robert Hoadly Ashe, D.D., of Eltham, Kent. He was a lieutenant in the 80th Regiment, an excellent officer and the best of sons." ("Gentleman's Magazine," May, 1800.)

APPENDIX.

ADDITIONAL NOTES.

Lieutenant **T. J. Rodney** (No. 2). He was second son of the Hon. John Rodney. He had been in the 19th Foot, and had served in the Travancore campaign in the year of his death. He died at Quilon.

Lady **Louisa Rodney** (No. 2). John Stratford Rodney, her eldest son, died on December 28, 1854.

Captain **G. R. Maltby** (No. 7). His father, Dr. Maltby, was Bishop of Chichester, 1831-36, and of Durham, 1836-56.

Archdeacon **Twisleton** (No. 13). His youngest son was Edward Turnour Boyd, born at Colombo, May 29, 1809. whose exhaustive researches into the identity of "Junius" resulted in the conclusion that the "Letters" were the work of Sir Philip Francis. He died in 1874, and there is a notice of him in the Dictionary of National Biography.

Henry **Matthews** (No. 15). His wife was Emma, daughter of William Blunt, Esq., of Orleton Manor, Herefordshire. A brother of his, Arthur, was a Canon of Hereford.

Robert **Imray** (No. 29). His daughter, Mary Anne, married at Kandy on July 17, 1854, S. O. Thwaites, brother of Dr. Thwaites.

Major **Willerman** (No. 58) was a Captain in the Royal Staff Corps and was appointed A. D. C. to the Governor March 12, 1812; D. Q. M. G. with rank of Major, August, 1813, *vice* Edwards; Brevet Major in command of a company 2nd Ceylon Regiment, April 22, 1813. He established "the new settlement at Palitoopane," for which he was thanked by Governor Brownrigg (General Order of September 28, 1813). He designed the fort here and that at Ruanwella. "His indefatigable enquiries and observations enabled him to gain a correct knowledge of the enemy's country. The different divisions of the army were supplied with excellent charts and the most distinct information respecting the strength of the passes leading into the island, till then considered impregnable, such as the Balane and Idalgalsika Pass. To his exertions every possible praise is due. With great justice, General Brownrigg placed the utmost confidence in the experience of this scientific officer, in whose extended mind and powers of combination resources were found for most of our wants, and I can assure they were numerous." (De Bussche, p. 26.)

Captain **Parker** (No. 96) was with the 1st Division in the Kandyan War of 1815, and surprised a Kandyan post January 31.

Captain **A. Mylius** (No. 100). Mrs. Mylius died at Lichfield, February 7, 1860.

Major **Suckling** (No. 144) was related to Admiral Lord Nelson, his father or grandfather being a brother of Mrs. Nelson, mother of the Admiral, who went with him in the *Seahorse* to the Arctic.

Dr. **Kelly** (No. 148). His widow, Emilia Maria, married (2) Lieutenant Alfred John Douglas Smith, C. R. R.

Charles Ross Mitchell (No. 227). The date of death should be May 20, 1860.

Quiryn Goutier (No. 267). His widow married, on October 21, 1703, at Colombo, George Albertz of Insterburg.

Cornelis Hanecop (No. 271) was the second husband of Maria Magdalena Cherpentier (see No. 499). Her first husband, William Loquet, whom she married on February 17, 1692, died at Galle, July 27, 1697, and she died March 25, 1699, so that she was only for a short time the wife of Hanecop.

Colonel **Barbut** (No. 296). His widow was second daughter of Major-General Sir Eccles Nixon, and a relative of Lieutenant Richard Phepoe Nixon (No. 1538). She married (2) Captain William Macpherson, 12th Foot, who was Deputy Adjutant-General to General Macdowal during the Kandyan War of 1803, and commanded the expedition to Batugedera and Avisawella, was Commissary-General of Grain and Provisions from May 29, 1803, and left the Island with General Macdowal in November of that year. It was she and not Colonel Barbut who was a cousin of Frederic Gahagan, through her mother Lady Nixon. Her nephew was Major-General J. P. Nixon and his son is Sir John Nixon. Sir Eccles Nixon was lost at sea in the *Prince of Wales*, May 29, 1804.

Abraham White (No. 313) was appointed Assistant Surgeon, 1st Ceylon Regiment, November 1, 1814.

Captain **W. H. Cleather** (No. 319) was educated at Exeter College, Oxford, and arrived in Ceylon in 1805. His third daughter, Anna, was the second wife of the Rev. Carr John Glyn, whom she married on April 25, 1839. She died in 1887. Captain Cleather died at the house of Major Delatre at Colombo.

Archbishop **Melizan** (No. 426). Date of death should be June 27.

Bishop **Bettachini** (No. 428). Date of death should be July 26.

Prideaux Selby (No. 433). H. C. Selby died at Paris, January 12, 1858.

Slgismundus Monitanier (No. 473). This inscription is given twice by Ludovici, and owing to this has been wrongly included here. The tombstone is in the Pettah Burial Ground, Colombo (see No. 355).

P. J. Schwallie (No. 490) was no doubt a descendant of Hendrik Schwallie of London, Corporal and Postholder, Ambalangoda, who married at Colombo, June 9, 1782, Gertruida Jetses, of Colombo, widow of Nicolaas Magnus Wendelboe.

Maria Magdalena Bolner (No. 500). Carl Bolner was "Assistent" at Colombo, 1670; "Koopman en Pakhuis-meester" at Colombo, 1688; "Koopman en Administrateur" at Colombo, 1688; Commandeur of Galle, 1693-1704; and Governor of Malacca, 1704-1707. *Pakhuis* = warehouse. (Journal, R. A. C. B., vol. XXII., p. 63.)

Pieterella Verdonk (No. 502). C. Verdonk was perhaps a son of David Verdonk and Angeneta Roberts Alma. There was a Dirk Verdonk, an "Assistent," Colombo, 1677. (*Ibid.*, vol. XXII., p. 64.)

Theobald von Hugel (No. 534). A Baron von Hugel travelled from Negombo to Colombo in April, 1833.

Major **Vanderspar** (No. 565). His widow married at Bath on October 2, 1862, Lieutenant Alexander G. Owen, Bengal Staff Corps.

Page 178 (No. 587). The last paragraph should come under No. 586.

Lieutenant-Colonel **McBean** (No. 590) had served in two luckless campaigns—the American War and, two years before he arrived in Ceylon, in the mismanaged expedition against Buenos Ayres which ended in the surrender of 1,500 of General Whitelock's troops. He began his career as an Ensign in Count Dillon's Regiment in 1771, and was with the 71st at the capture of Savanha, was at Brian's Creek at the battles of Camden and Guildford Court House, had been in command of the Polish Legion at Charlestown, and had been taken prisoner at Yorktown (1781). From Dillon's Regiment he joined the 71st Foot in 1775, and on May 1, 1778, became Adjutant of the Caledonian Volunteers. He was then successively in the 8th, 41st, 89th, and 19th Regiments. With the 89th he served in the suppression of the mutiny of the Madras Army in 1809. He was several times wounded on these campaigns.

S. W. Stroeiff (No. 592). Her brother was William Brechman, Sitting Magistrate of Mullattittivu, 1821-32. He was baptized at Galle, October, 1800, and married Henrietta Florentina Ludovici.

J. R. Morgan (No. 593) was Hospital Assistant at Matara in 1823.

M. M. Deacon (No. 599). Captain and Mrs. Deacon and family left Colombo by the ship *Eliza* on May 5, 1837.

Henry Agar (No. 616). Dr. Agar died at Weligama.

Major **Sargent** (No. 646) joined the 60th Foot as Ensign, October 26, 1809; became Lieutenant, October 13, 1810; Captain, 19th Foot, May 13, 1826, ditto 18th Foot; 58th Foot, June 8, 1826; 18th Foot, December 14, 1838; Brevet Major, May 16, 1841; retired January 26, 1844. He was severely wounded in the attack on Canton in May, 1841. With Mrs. and Miss Sargent he left Colombo for Trincomalee by the barque *Barossa* on June 24, 1838.

John Learmonth (No. 701). A nephew of his, Mr. Thomas Learmonth, J. P. of Melbourne, died on June 22, 1912, at Colombo and was buried in the same grave. The family in England are now known as Livingston Learmonth.

Mrs. Brook (No. 709). There is some confusion of names here. It was her daughter, Anna Cecilia, who married R. J. Dunlop on July 6, 1847, and died June 16, 1853. R. J. Dunlop then married another daughter, Emilia. See No. 1924.

Mrs. Malngay (No. 710). Her husband was a planter on Wewelhena, Badulla, and on Rothschild, Pussellawa. She was the first lady resident in the planting district of Badulla.

Add to Galle Inscriptions (Dutch Burial Ground).

1941 .. Jan. 2 .. **Willem Carel de Silva** .. Heir onder legt begraven het lyk van **WILLEM CAREL DE SILVA**, in leven Baas Timmerman, Geboren Den 8 Jan., 1775, en overleden 2 January, 1820, 's morgen om 4 uur, oud 44 Jaaren 11 Maanden en 24 dagen. Zalig zyn de dooden die in den Heere sterven.

“Baas Timmerman” = master carpenter. This is the third instance of the use of the Dutch language in an inscription on the tombstone of a native, the others being Nos. 511 and 753. The word “baas” is also used in Nos. 270 and 284, on the tombstones of a master mason and of the head of the ships’ carpenters. The use of this word was not confined to Ceylon, as erroneously stated under the latter number. It is an ordinary Dutch word. The stone was recently discovered in the Dutch Burial Ground.

Baron Mylius (No. 754). His seventh son, George Frederick, was a Lieutenant in the 16th Foot, and left Ceylon for Calcutta in January, 1829.

H. J. St. John (No. 766) was, with Louis Sansoni, steward at one of the “Monthly Balls” held at the “Colombo Club Rooms” in 1820.

W. K. Burleigh (No. 806) was a son of Dr. Burleigh (No. 800). He was appointed “District Judge of Waligammo,” February 24, 1845.

A. E. van Coeverden (No. 814). There was an Arnold John Mom at Jaffna in 1804, who was in charge of the loans of paddy made by Government to the people of Punaryn. Complaint was made to the Collector in November of that year that he was in the habit of issuing only a portion of the paddy for which he received a bond, e.g., if he got a bond for 125 *parrahs* he gave only 95 and retained 30 for himself.

T. Nagel (No. 818). On the introduction of manioc (*manihot utilisima*) into the Vanni see “Tropical Agriculturist,” New Series, Vol. 3, 351, p. 58. Thomas Nagel in 1803 was the owner of a brig called the *Mathilda*.

Alexander Murray (No. 831) had practised at Inverness. In 1846 he was Police Magistrate of Kays.

Captain Fitzgerald (No. 935) had served in the Travancore campaign of 1809.

Major Frederick Reeve (No. 1013). There is a tablet to him in the south transept of Bristol Cathedral, erected by his brother officers, which states that he was son of Lieutenant John Andrews Reeve, R. N., and was born at Locking, Somerset.

Thomas Farrell (No. 1511), then “one of the judges of the fiscals’ court,” formed one of the party which accompanied Governor North in his tour round the Island in 1800. Cordiner, who also accompanied the Governor, describes the unfortunate magistrate as “a singer of very superior excellence.” At Kuchchaveli Resthouse, two stages north of Trincomalee, on October 6, 1800, when news was received of the King’s escape from assassination at Drury Lane, he favoured the company with “God Save the King,” “including the new lines added on the occasion by Mr. Sheridan. All present joined in the chorus” (I., p. 286).

Major Beaver (No. 1531) was a son of the Rev. James Beaver of Lewknor, Oxfordshire, born February 24, 1764. He joined the 48th Foot as Ensign, March 31, 1783; became Lieutenant, October 13, 1790, ditto 19th Foot, January 16, 1792; Captain, December 2, 1794; Major, September 3, 1803. He served in the campaign in Holland, 1794–95, as Aide-de-Camp to Brigadier-General Coates. There is a tablet to his memory in Childry Church, Berkshire, with the following inscription:—

Sacred to the memory of Herbert Beaver, Esq., Major of the XIX. Regiment of Foot, who, after having served his country in three quarters of the Globe, died at Colombo in Ceylon, April 19, 1809, aged 45—P. F. H., M. P. C.

C. W. Ludekens (No. 1593). Her father, Major Heupner, was son of Jan Casper Heupner, Ensign, of Mannar, who died in 1799, by his wife, Maria Christina Cornelia van Camaryk. He was born at Colombo in November, 1743, and married at Trincomalee, in 1770, Maria Christina Steenkelder, and (2) Wilhelmina Elizabeth Francke. By the latter he had two daughters, Helena (or Carolina) Wilhelmina, who was baptized at Colombo in 1785, being the elder. The other daughter, Johanna Adolphina, baptized at Colombo August 5, 1787, married on January 27, 1805, Assistant Surgeon Philip Barlow, who was gazetted, on August 17, 1803, “to join Captain Blackhall’s Detachment at Negombo,” and on May 10, 1804, to the “Caffre Corps.” She died at Northampton, March 7, 1820, “leaving four children.” In the newspapers she is described as “wife of Captain P. Barlow,” but her husband was a medical officer.

Lieutenant Sloper (No. 1598) was severely wounded by a musket-shot near Panela, February 14, 1818.

Major John William Evans (No. 1706) joined the 52nd Foot as Ensign June 16, 1780, becoming Lieutenant, June 27, 1781, Captain-Lieutenant, August 8, 1792, and Captain on the same date. He was probably with that regiment when it landed at Negombo in 1795 (see No. 482). He transferred to the 19th Foot, August 31, 1798, and became Brevet-Major, January 1, 1800.

Johannes Christopher van Braunhoff (No. 1782), baptized at Colombo, March 15, 1787, was son of Christopher Sigismund von Braunhoff of Mittau (Koerland), Ensign at Colombo, by his wife Catherina Jacobsz married on July 4, 1786. J. C. von Braunhoff married Anna Catherina Werkmeester belonging to a family still represented at Mannar.

Lieutenant-Colonel McNab (No. 1738) spent the whole of his military career in the 19th Foot and, with Captain Kennedy and Paymaster La Hey, took part in the campaign in Germany, 1794–95. He was also in the Travancore campaign, 1809. His commissions were dated, Ensign, April 10, 1793; Lieutenant, August 13, 1794; Captain, June 25, 1803; Major, November 26, 1809; Lieutenant-Colonel, June 4, 1814.

Ensign Thornton (No. 1770) was son of Mrs. Thornton of Haddington near Edinburgh, and was born in 1796, so that the age given in the register is incorrect.

Assistant Surgeon McNulty (No. 1827). The circumstances of his death were given in the *Gazette* of December 6, 1817. "On the morning of the 20th, as the troops marched through a thick jungle, Assistant Surgeon McNulty was about 12 or 15 yards in advance of the party, when in the act of putting his arm into the sleeve of his great coat, he was struck by an arrow just below his right breast, which penetrated into the backbone, and he fell almost instantly dead into the arms of his servant."

Assistant Surgeon Kennedy (No. 1828). The *Gazette* of December 13, 1817, says of him: "He had been well educated in his profession, and his experience in a campaign of almost unprecedented severity upon the Lakes in North America must have rendered him skilful in the treatment of wounds or diseases incident to a military life. From such a warlike contest of daring courage and enterprise did this poor young man escape only to perish in a jungle." Captain Coane, twenty days later, found, in a cave at the summit of a mountain five miles from Madulla, "a pair of pantaloons that the unfortunate Mr. Kennedy had on when he was killed" (*Gazette* of January 10, 1818).

Pierre Dormieux (No. 1901). The Dormieux referred to by Percival was Philip Jacob Dormieux, a grandson of Abraham Dormieux, Dessave of Matara, 1733-35, afterwards Commandeur of Jaffna. He "took employment under the British after the capitulation of Colombo in 1796 and held the post of Chief Dutch Translator to Government on a salary of 80 rix dollars a month. A daughter of his married one of the Maartenszes of Trincomalee." (R. G. Anthonisz.) The Commandeur's father, also Abraham Dormieux, was a son of Jacob Dormieux by his wife Annetye Hendriksz van Grolshagen, was born at Amsterdam and baptized there, March 23, 1657, and arrived in Ceylon by the *Cronenburg* in 1676. He married Margarita Maartensz (van Suchtelen). The Commandeur married Pieterella Verschuur.

Captain Flanderka (No. 1942), born at "Lankow," arrived in Ceylon circa 1793, and married there Elizabeth Vanderstraaten in that year, and (2) S. C. W. Stael. By his first wife he had two sons, the younger, John Louis Flanderka, was appointed a Writer in the Civil Service, January 1, 1846, was Police Magistrate and Assistant Government Agent of Mullaittivu, 1847-52, and afterwards District Judge and Assistant Agent of Anuradhapura, retiring in 1867. Mr. Dyke had great confidence in him. He married (1) a Miss Shephard, (2) Clare Evelyn Hudson.

Schneider (No. 397). The notice in the *Gazette* of the death of Baroness van Conradi states that she died at Captain Schneider's house "after a lingering illness of twelve months," and describes her as "an accomplished and beautiful wife and daughter." Her name is given as "Jane," though it really was "Johanna," one of several instances of a tendency to substitute English for Dutch names. (*Gazette* of July 27, 1822.)

Welbore Ellis Doyle (No. 1512) died a Major-General of 39, who had seen much service. He became an Ensign in the 55th Foot at the early age of 12, Lieutenant at 15, and Captain-Lieutenant at 17, having already fought in the American War. He obtained his Lieutenant-Colonelcy *per saltum* in 1778, in the corps called "the Volunteers of Indiana," and was in command at the first battle of Camden in Carolina, U. S. A., where the Volunteers lost 50 per cent. of their strength, and were favourably mentioned in despatches by Cornwallis. At the second battle of Camden (or Hobdirk Hill) the Volunteers lost a still greater percentage, and Doyle was twice wounded. The Volunteers became in 1782 the 105th Foot with Doyle still as Lieutenant-Colonel, but were disbanded next year on the conclusion of peace, and Doyle went on half pay, eventually becoming Military Envoy at Warsaw. In 1789 he was promoted Colonel of the 14th Foot, and with that Regiment fought in Flanders in 1793, when the 14th had the good fortune to be the only Regiment in the British Forces provided with great coats, which were bought by private subscription. He stormed the redoubt at Valenciennes with 100 men, with the result that the place surrendered next day. He was present at the battle of Turcoing, became Brigadier-General in 1794, and returned to England. He was next Adjutant-General to Lord Moira, who was in command of a Force of 10,000 men, which landed at Ostend on June 30, 1794, and marched through the enemy's country to the assistance of the Duke of York, whom it joined on July 8, after severe fighting on the two days previous. He became Major-General and Governor of Southampton, February 26, 1795, and took part in the expedition to Quiberon. He was presented with a gold and diamond and enamel-hilted sword by his officers, became Colonel of the 53rd Foot, and in November, 1796, was appointed Commander-in-Chief and Acting Governor of Ceylon. He married, in 1781 or 1782, Frances Rainsford of Saleen, Kildare, who in 1801 married as her second husband Prince Joseph of Monaco. His eldest son, who became Major-General Sir Francis Hastings Doyle, Baronet, accompanied him to Ceylon, having been fetched out of bed when recovering from an attack of measles, for that purpose. He had a unique military history. He had been on the half-pay list of the 105th Foot from a very early age and was gazetted Ensign when 11 years old, and when he had already seen active service with his father in Flanders. Next year, as a Lieutenant in the 108th Foot, he fought in the battles of July 6, 7, and 12, and was wounded in the retreat on Antwerp on the 16th—all at the age of 11. He was A. D. C. to his father at Southampton at the age of 12. On his arrival in Ceylon he was attached to a Highland Regiment, probably the 72nd or 73rd, and went off to fight in India. He saw much active service in Europe afterwards with both Wellington and Nelson. The latter gave him a command in his Marines and invited him at the age of 18 to the Council of War before the battle of Copenhagen. He ended his active career at one and twenty, but survived until 1839, when he died, worn out by his early privations, and prematurely old at 56. He was father of Sir Francis Hastings Doyle, the poet.

The death of General Welbore Doyle seems to have been postdated at the War Office to January 2, 1798.

Lieutenant Auber (No. 1937). In a letter dated "Kandi, Dec. 24, 1818," to Major, afterwards Major-General, Charles Joseph Doyle, second son of Major-General Welbore Ellis Doyle, Lieutenant Auber gives a description of the hill country of Ceylon and of the Uva Campaign of 1817-18: "I have travelled through the whole of the interior and have visited all the passes and défilés, and I can, in some measure, give you a description of this extraordinary country and the cause of the no less extraordinary system of warfare that has been carried on in it. The greater part of the interior is composed of chains of mountains and hills covered with the thickest jungle and wood I ever beheld, the valleys between so narrow that musketry from either side can take effect. Had the present force been in the country it is probable that no rebellion would have broken out, and, even if it had, it might have been nipped in the bud. But unfortunately our troops were so barely sufficient for the defence of the various military posts, that they were obliged to shut themselves up. This being the case, the enemy gained such confidence that convoys were attacked. When enabled by increase of force to assume the offensive, a speedy termination was put to the rising. The natives, with the exception of those on the coast, are savages, and one large province is filled with a wild race called Veddas; they are much like Bheels, have no habitations save the trees, and no method of livelihood save the bow, nor have they any intercourse with other natives of the Island. There are many Mussalmen in the Island, but most of them are followers of Buddha. I feel no inconvenience from exposure to the sun all day, and a short time ago the thermometer was as low as 46°.

"The Brigadier still remains at Colombo, and I am the only one that has been ordered into the interior. My employment at present is to survey the unknown parts, and I have commenced trigonometrically on a large scale; if I am allowed to continue I shall endeavour to give you an account of the minerals, precious stones, and valuable timber. I propose journeying to the top of Adam's Peak next week."

The survey begun by Lieutenant Auber is not yet completed. Major Doyle refers to him afterwards as "rather a celebrated Indian Historian." ("A Hundred Years of Conflict," by Colonel Arthur Doyle.)

Captain Dugald Campbell (No. 288). The 88th Regiment was under orders to relieve the Bombay Regiment at Tellicherry, and was "to proceed from Bombay to Point de Galle, where they will arrive 20th or 25th Dec., and be under the orders of General Wellesley or (Admiral) Rainier." (Despatch from Fort William to Governor North, dated November 16, 1800.)

Lieutenant William Blakeney (No. 1829) was fourth and youngest son of Charles Blakeney of Feigh and Currenlarman, County Galway, and Cloneera, County Roscommon. He joined the 84th Foot as Ensign, July 9, 1795, and became Lieutenant, 19th Foot, August 10, 1799.

John Walbeoff (No. 110). The family, probably now extinct except in Ceylon, belonged not to Pembrokeshire, but to Breconshire. Bernard de Newmarch came over with the Conqueror and established himself at Talgarth and later at Brecon. He parcelled out the land of Breconshire among his followers, including Sir John Walbeoff, to whom were assigned the Manors of Llanhamlach and Llanvihangel-Tal-y-llyn. "The last of the Walbeoffs was living in this county about five and twenty years ago, though the family had sadly fallen from its high estate. In 1884 a woman named Mrs. Walby applied for relief to the Crickhowell Board of Guardians, and she explained that her name was really Walbeoff, but her husband had altered it to Walby, because people laughed at it as outlandish, little knowing how distinguished a name it was. A Walbeoff was schoolfellow of the late Capt. Bailey, R.N., but sank into want." ("Legends and Stories of Breconshire," by the Hon. Mabel Bailey, 1909.)

Lieutenant-Colonel Bonnevaux (No. 1489), then a captain, was commandant of Trincomalee on its capture by the British in 1782, and supplied Hugh Boyd with stores and transport, including "wines and good spirits," for his embassy to Kandy. The garrison was composed of 150 Europeans and 300 Sepoys.

Lieutenant Anslemn (No. 1509) was to have married in 1801 the 7th daughter of Commandeur Fretz, Adriana Henrietta, then 17 years of age. The Commandeur had petitioned the Governor on October 4, 1801, for a license with permission to have the three banns published on one day, also that directions might be given to the Commandant of Galle, Lieutenant-Colonel Logan, to see that the marriage took place without interference by Battenmuller, although "he has not the least legal right thereto." The Governor complied with these requests, but on October 8 Lieutenant-Colonel Logan forwarded a declaration made by the lady, and reported that the marriage had been broken off "through the machinations of Lieutenant Battenmuller." She married on March 28, 1805, Dirk Schaap of Graveland. (See Nos. 573, 581, 1849.)

J. P. Jumeaux (No. 28). A notice dated May 31, 1817, appeared in the *Gazette*, from which it seems that he was in business for over 20 years in Colombo before he became Fiscal. It runs: "Mr. J. Jumeaux begs to inform the public at large that by the advice of his friends at Bombay he is come here to establish himself as an Agent, and as such he has received for sale on commission, by the schooner *Wilhaina* (*Wilhelmina*?), a few pipes of London Market Madeira Wine, &c., &c., King Street, No. 9."

B. N. Degen (No. 574). His widow, Elizabeth Magdalena, died April 9, 1821, at Galle.

1942.—October 31, 1809—**Barend Dedryk Potgen**.

"At Colombo BAREND DEDRYK POTGEN, late
Factor in the Dutch East India Company."

His widow, Henrietta Huyberta Raket, died at Colombo, August 26, 1820, aged 86.

1943.—August 10, 1812—**Bernhard Abraham Giffening**.

"At Colombo the Rev. Bernhard Abraham Giffening, Head Clergyman of the Reformed Church in the District of Colombo, after a long and severe illness, which he bore with exemplary fortitude and resignation, at the age of 50 years, 30 of which had been actually spent in the Church. His remains were buried on Tuesday evening in the Wolfendal Church, where they have been followed by the Hon'ble and Reverend T. J. Twisleton, the Members of the Consistory, and almost the whole of his Dutch and Native Flocks. His unfortunate Children whose love towards him was sincere and deserved, the large Circle of his Friends, and all the Members of the Dutch Reformed Church of Colombo deeply lament his untimely death, and will long regret that worthy and indefatigable Pastor."

His second wife died at Colombo, March 9, 1812. His daughter, Cornelia Wilhelmina, married at Colombo, ten days later, viz., on March 22, 1812, Jacobus Cornelis Van den Driesen, Assistant Dutch Recordkeeper. (See No. 1911.)

1944.—August 15, 1812—**A. van Heck**.

At Galle A. van Heck, formerly Head Surgeon of the Hospitals at Galle in the Dutch East India Company's Service, aged 72 years.

1945.—September 5, 1817—**Jurgen Arnoldus Hicken**.

"At Poonereen J. A. HICKEN, Sitting Magistrate of Poonereen
and Elephant Pass."

In May, 1803, he was "Mint Master" at Jaffna, and applied to the Collector for metal to carry on the work of the Mint. "All the brass ordnance ordered to be coined" was delivered to him. (Jaffna Diary.) His son, James Arnold Hicken, succeeded him as Magistrate. On February 19, 1818, probate was issued to this son and to Daniel Bartholomeusz of Jaffna. The son married, on September 17, 1818, at Jaffna, Elizabeth Frederica, only daughter of Dr. William Modder.

Stephen Baron van Lynden (No. 1633) and **Gerard Joan Fybrands** "had with great willingness entered into H. M.'s Service and sworn the oath of allegiance," and in 1801 were members of the Civil Raad of Colombo. They had heard rumours that they were to be discontinued, and in great perturbation addressed, on October 12, a petition to Governor North, deprecating this possibility, and explaining that, with their pay, although they had "lived retired and avoided all expenses," they had found "the greatest difficulty to make good our monthly disbursements for we always came too short," that if they were discontinued they would not only be exposed to ridicule, as their taking the oath of allegiance had "created us many enemies amongst the principal Dutch inhabitants of this place, but we did little care for it, as we depended on Your Excellency's protection." Baron van Lynden was gazetted Sitting Magistrate of Mullaattivu, May 8, 1819.

Trincomalee.

1946.—May 2, 1802—**Henry Nayler**.

On May 2, 1802, Lieutenant HENRY NAYLER of
H. M. S. *Le Sensible* died at Trincomalee.

His ship was lost on the night of March 3 on a shoal near Kokkilai, 15 miles South of Mullaattivu. Captain Robert Sausse and all the officers and crew were saved, and were taken to Trincomalee by H. M. S. *Sea Horse*, arriving there on March 15. *Le Sensible* had, curiously enough, been captured by the *Sea Horse* from the French in 1798 when returning from Malta to France. The wreck, lying on the beach at Kokkilai, was sold to Mr. Granby Bagshaw, Master Attendant of Trincomalee, on June 28. (*Gazette* of March 15, 1802, the first published, *et seq.*)

The following officers of the De Meuron Regiment died in Ceylon, in addition to those already given :—

SAMUEL JESQUIER	..	Galle	..	March	14, 1789
J. B. SPIELER	..	Colombo	..	November	1, 1791
JACQUES DUBAS	..	do.	..	March	23, 1794
FRANCIS MONTAUDON	..	do.	..	February	26, 1797
J. DONZEL	..	Trincomalee	..	April	10, 1790
MERLIN	..	do.	..	May	10, 1792
JEAN GOTTLIEB STEIN	..	do.	..	November	22, 1793
TULLER	..	do.	..	June	20, 1794
BALTHASAR STEUSSY	..	do.	..	January	22, 1797

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