



REPORT

ON THE

Administration of Cochin.

FOR THE YEAR

1050 M. E.—1874-75 A. D.

—:0:—

ERNACOLLUM:

PRINTED AT THE COCHIN SIRKAR PRESS,

1876.

INDEX.

Abkarry.....	Para	56
Customs.....	Paras	53 to 55
Education.....	„	82 to 95
Financial.....	„	130 to 144
Forests.....	„	98 to 105
Jails.....	„	34 to 39
Judicial.....	„	1 to 33
Land Revenue.....	„	51 & 52
Medical.....	„	106 to 115
Military.....	Para	122
Opium.....	„	57
Police.....	Paras	40 to 50
Population.....	Para	129
Ports.....	Paras	116 to 118
Post Office.....	„	119 to 121
Press.....	„	123 to 128
Public Works.....	„	96 & 97
Registration of Deeds.....	„	62 to 81
Salt.....	„	58 to 61

APPENDIX.

Diseases treated in Civil Hospital.....	Statement	XII
Education.....	„	XI
Judicial Statement Civil.....	„	IV to VIII
Do. Do. Criminal.....	„	I to III
Police.....	„	X
Prison Returns.....	„	IX
Vaccination.....	„	XIII
Ships and Vessels entered at the Ports of the Sirkar.....	„	XIV

REPORT

ON THE

Administration of Cochin.

FOR THE YEAR 1050 M. E.—1874-75 A. D.

Judicial.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

A CONSIDERABLE change took place in the *personnel* of the Law Courts during the year. The second and third Judges of the Appeal Court having retired on pension, the vacancies were filled by the appointment of Mr. W. E. T. Clarke of the Madras Bar in succession to the former, and the promotion of C. Subbraya Iyer, B. A. and B. L., First Judge of the Zillah Court of Anjikaimal, in place of the latter officer. Mr. G. H. Gunther, the 2nd Judge of that Zillah was appointed 1st Judge; while Mr. L. D'Lemos, 2nd Judge of the Trichoor Court, was pensioned. For nearly ten months of the year under review the work of both the Zillah Courts, on the Civil and Criminal sides, was performed by a single Judge; by Mr. Gunther at Anjikaimal and Tirruvengada Chariar at Trichoor; and the results, as reported on by the Appeal Court, appear to be fairly satisfactory. The appointment of a second Judge to these Courts is a question that did not, therefore, press for immediate consideration.

2. The following particulars as to the operation of the Courts are gathered from the Annual Report of the Appeal Court.

3. The work done by the Courts of original jurisdiction during the year under review, as compared with the preceding year, and the state of their files at the commencement and close of the two periods, will be seen from the subjoined table:—

YEARS.	COURTS.	Pending.	Filed.	Total.	Decided.	Remaining.
1049	Anjikaimal Zillah Court	226	368	594	433	161
	Trichoor Do.	181	188	319	171	148
	Ernacollum Munsiff Court	408	1,751	2,159	1,613	546
	Irinjalacoda Do.	72	1,047	1,119	976	143
	Trichoor Do.	211	1,005	1,216	1,060	156
	Wadakancherry Do.	84	1,183	1,267	1,123	144
	Chittoor Do.	120	705	825	656	169
	Total...	1,252	6,247	7,499	6,032	1,467
1050	Anjikaimal Zillah Court	161	350	511	403	108
	Trichoor Do.	148	212	360	199	161
	Ernacollum Munsiff Court	546	1,677	2,223	1,859	364
	Irinjalacoda Do.	143	1,174	1,317	1,154	163
	Trichoor Do.	156	1,662	1,818	1,549	269
	Wadakancherry Do.	144	1,753	1,897	1,764	133
	Chittoor Do.	169	835	1,004	825	179
	Total...	1,467	7,663	9,130	7,753	1,377
Difference in 1050 ...		+ 215	+1416	+ 1,631	+1721	-90

4. It will be seen from the above statistics that the number of suits instituted during the year reported on amounted to 7,663, or 1,416 more than in the year preceding; nevertheless, the arrears at the end of the former year contrast favourably with the cases pending at the close of the latter.

5. The Zillah and Munsiff Courts appear to have performed a creditable amount of work, having disposed of 7,753 suits; that is to say, 1,721 in excess of the number decided in the previous year.

6. Of the 602 suits decided by the Zillah Courts, 279 or in other words about 46 per cent were contested; while of 7,151 suits decided by the Munsiff Courts, 1,244 or about 17 per cent were contested.

7. The total number of decisions in contested cases in the Courts of original jurisdiction was, as will be observed from the preceding para., 1,523, of which the particulars may be thus summarized.

In favor of Plaintiffs	912
In favor of Defendants	117
Partly in favor of both	494
	<u>1,523</u>
	<u>Total... 1,523</u>

8. The number of contested suits disposed of by each original Court is indicated below:—

Anjikaimal Zillah Court	172
Trichoor Do.	107
Ernacollum Munsiff	398
Irinjalacoda Do.	134
Trichoor Do.	270
Wadakancherry Do.	292
Chittoor Do.	150
	<u>1,523</u>
	<u>Total... 1,523</u>

9. The following table shows the number of Appeals decided by each Zillah Court during the year under review, as compared with the results of 1049:—

Years.	COURTS.	Pending.	Filed.	Total.	Decided.	Remaining.
1049	Anjikaimal Zillah Court.....	93	191	284	229	55
	Trichoor Do. Do.....	51	194	245	200	45
	Total..	144	385	529	429	100
1050	Anjikaimal Zillah Court.....	55	129	184	178	6
	Trichoor Do. Do.....	45	195	240	187	53
	Total...	100	324	424	365	59
	Difference in 1050...	-44	-61	-105	-64	-41

10. There were 324 Appeals from the decisions of the Munsiffs to the Zillah Court during the year under review, which added to 100 pending at the beginning of the year, gives a total of 424 cases. Of these 59 were pending at the close of the year; the rest being disposed of as shown below:—

In favor of Appellants.....	92
In favor of Respondants.....	199
Partly in favor of both.....	29
Remanded.....	14
Withdrawn or struck off.....	31
Total...	365

11. The subjoined table shows the working of the Appeal Court during the year under review, as compared with that of the previous year:—

YEARS.	COURTS.	Pending.	Filed.	Total.	Decided.	Remained.
1049	Regular Appeals.....	190	200	390	129	261
	Special Do.....	53	170	223	113	110
	Total...	243	370	613	242	371
1050	Regular Appeals.....	261	136	397	212	185
	Special Do.....	110	66	176	151	25
	Total...	371	202	573	363	210
	Difference in 1050...	+128	-168	-40	+121	-161

12. The aggregate number of Regular and Special Appeals disposed of by the Appeal Court during the year was 363, which is 121 more than in the preceding year.

13. The number of cases remaining undisposed of at the end of the year compares favorably with that of the previous year, being 161 less than in the year preceding.

14. Of the 136 Regular Appeals preferred in the year under review, 88 were from the decisions of the Anjikaimal Zillah Court and 48 from those of the Trichoor Court; and as the contested cases disposed of by these Courts were 172 and 107 respectively, the appeals appear to have been in the approximate ratios of 51 and 45 per cent in cases of that description.

15. The number of Regular Appeals disposed of by the Appeal Court was 212 as against 129 in the previous year, showing an excess of 83 cases in favor of the year under review. This is a satisfactory result, more especially when it is taken into account that the number of Special Appeals disposed of during the year was also greater than that decided in the previous year.

16. The manner in which the Regular Appeals were disposed of is as under:—

In favor of Appellants.....	35
In favor of Respondents.....	125
Partly in favor of both.....	27
Remanded	7
Withdrawn, struck off, or otherwise adjudicated	18
	<u>Total 212</u>

17. With regard to Special Appeals, the number admitted during the year was 66 which added to 110 pending at its commencement, gives a total of 176 cases or 47 less than the number in the previous year.

18. The number of Special Appeals disposed of during the year reported on was 151, that is 38 more than that in the preceding year. The cases pending at the close of the year was 25. The nature of the decisions on the Special Appeals was as follows:—

For Special Appellant	26
For Special Respondent.....	110
Partly in favor of both.....	4
Remanded.....	4
Withdrawn, struck off, or otherwise adjudicated	7
	<u>Total... 151</u>

19. The following tabular statement gives the average duration of contested cases in the several Courts, as compared with the preceding year:—

	1049.		1050.	
	Months.	Days.	Months.	Days.
APPEAL COURT.				
Regular and Special Appeals.....	10	9	10	15
ZILLAH COURTS.				
Appeals	3	15	3	0
Original Suits.....	10	14	8	9
MUNSIFF COURTS.				
Original Suits.....	5	0	4	28

20. The average duration of cases in the Appeal Court was 10 months and 15 days which is 6 days in excess of the delay in the previous year. There might have been a considerable improvement upon the durations of previous years had it not been for the large number of Appeals and Special Appeals pending at the beginning of the year which were the remnants of those filed during 1048 and 1049 in consequence of the operation of the new limitation Act of 1047.

21. The number of decrees wholly and partly executed by the Zillah and Munsiff Courts was 2,948 which is 919 more than that of the year preceding, the Zillah Courts contributing to the excess 417 and the Munsiff Courts 512.

22. The decrees pending execution at the end of the year were 460 in the Zillah Courts and 1,337 in the Munsiff Courts making a total of 1,797 which is 1,287 less than that of the previous year.

23. The average value of original suits instituted in the Zillah Courts was Rs. 997 against Rs. 822 in the previous year, but in the Munsiff Courts the average was the same in both the years to wit Rs. 42.

24. The institution fees collected in the original and appellate Courts during the year amounted to Rs. 42,375 and the stamp penalties to Rs. 21,159 making a total of 63,534 which is Rs. 1,740 more than the collections in 1049.

25. The original suits instituted in the various Courts may be classified as follows :—

1. For money on written or unwritten promises, on contracts, on accounts stated, and for rent.....	7,213
2. For personal property or value thereof.....	100
3. Suits relating to real property.....	258
4. For damages, defamations and other suits.....	20
5. Other Suits.....	72
	<u>Total...7,663</u>

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

26. The files of the Criminal Courts in the year under review were heavier than those of the previous year since the committals to them by the Police and the Magistracy amounted to 91 against 46 of the year preceding. The convictions were comparatively fewer for out of 210 prisoners on whom judgment was passed during the year under review 134 or in other words about 64 per cent were acquitted, where as the acquittals in the previous year were only 61 out of 128 or 47 per cent.

27. Of the 91 committals referred to in the above para: 51 were to the Anjikaimal Criminal Court and 40 to the Criminal Court of Trichoor. Of these the former decided 45 and referred 5 leaving 1 pending trial while the latter disposed of 23 and referred 17.

28. The Criminal Courts referred 22 trials to the Appeal Court during the year under review but of these 21 only were filed in the Appeal Court the remaining 1 not having reached it till after the beginning of the next year and so forming part of the referred trials in 1051. Of the 21 referred cases, therefore, filed in the year under report 9 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 12 cases under trial at the end of the year.

29. The number of persons committed to the Criminal Courts was 305 which is 176 more than that of the preceding year. Of these 76 were convicted, 134 acquitted, 90 connected with referred cases and 5 pending trial.

30. In referred trials there were 133 prisoners sent by the Criminal Courts; but of these only 122 belong to the Appeal Court the remaining 11 being merely on their way to the Appeal Court and not having reached it before the close of the year. Of the 122 prisoners therefore connected with referred cases on the file of the Appeal Court 13 were convicted, 30 acquitted leaving 79 pending trial.

31. The nature of the punishment awarded by the Courts will be seen from the following summary:—

Imprisonment	38
Fine	22
Both imprisonment and fine.....	13
Imprisonment and whipping	1
Capital punishment	2

Total... 76

32. The average number of days during which a case lasted in the Criminal Courts was 8, which is 7 less than the duration in the previous year. In referred cases the time occupied average 2 months and 11 days which contrasts favorably with the duration in the preceding year which was 4 months and 12 days.

33. The number of persons who preferred appeals against the decisions of the Criminal Courts in the year under review was 12. Of these the sentences passed on 2 were confirmed, those on 9 reversed and the rest modified.

Jails.

34. The total number of prisoners in the Jails at the beginning of the year was 182 and the number admitted in the year 353; making a total of 535.

35. The releases by acquittal, expiry of sentence, payment of fines, or furnishing security, were 337, 2 prisoners were executed and 3 died, one in the Ernacollum and 2 in the Trichoor Jails. Hence the number of prisoners remaining in all the Jails at the end of the year reported on was 193, which is greater by 11 than at the close of the preceding year.

36. Of the 193 prisoners remaining in the Jails, 23 were under trial, 27 were Civil debtors, and the other 143 were convicts whose terms of sentence are given below:

Rigorous imprisonment for life.....	30
Do. do. for more than 7 years...	62
Do. do. for more than 2 years...	32
Do. do. for more than 6 months	11
Do. do. not more than 6 months	8
Simple imprisonment for more than 6 months	0
	<u>Total...143.</u>

37. The charges incurred for the maintenance of the Jails exclusive of the cost of the Medical Establishment and European Medicines, amounted to Rs. 11,880—8—2 as will be seen from the following Abstract :—

Diet and clothing.....	Rs. 8,274—13—7
Guards &c.....	„ 3,126— 0—0
Repairs.....	„ 479—10—7

Total Rs...11,880—8—2

38. The expenditure is lower than that of the previous year by Rs. 1,024—13—10.

39. The annual Report of the Medical Officer to this Government on the two Jails is subjoined:

“ **Ernacollum Jail.**—Ninety cases were treated during the year of which number one died from heart disease. The health of the prisoners on the whole was good. No changes worthy of record took place during the year.”

“ **Trichoor Jail** :—273 cases were treated with only 2 deaths. One from Phthisis Pulmonalis and the other form Anæmia. The health of the prisoners was very good. With the exception of one case of Varicella there were no cases of eruptive fevers in the Jail.”

Police.

40. In the year under review the number of reported cases was 2074, which added to the number (15) remaining at the close of the previous year, gives an aggregate of 2089 cases. The number of persons concerned in the former was 3663 and in the pending cases 45 or 3,708 on the whole.

41. As contrasted with the previous year the number in both respects has been greater, the Police having had to deal in 1049 with only 1824 cases and 3080 persons.

42. Six hundred and fifteen cases were summarily dismissed as no cause was shown for summoning the accused, 741 were dismissed after investigation for want of proof, and 337 of a petty character were compromised by the parties. The total number of persons discharged as before stated was 276 against 2375 discharged in the preceding year. It will be observed that although the number of the accused has been greater, the persons discharged were also in excess of the previous year.

43. Five hundred and sixtysix persons, connected with 286 cases, were convicted and punished by the Police and Magistracy, and the sentences awarded were as follows :—

Fine	464
Imprisonment.....	72
Whipping.....	10
Imprisonment and whipping.....	0
To find security	20
	Total... 566

44. The corporal punishment, the fines imposed and 69 offenders, and the imprisonment awarded against 10 others were inflicted by the orders of the Magistracy in referred cases.

45. Ninety one cases were committed to the Criminal Courts, showing an excess of 45 committals compared

with the number in the previous year. The offenders concerned in them were 305 against 129 brought to trial before the Courts in 1049.

46. Nineteen cases were pending at the close of the year, the number of the accused being 76.

47. With regard to grave offences, there were four cases of homicide reported during the year, involving different degrees of culpability. Eighteen persons were accused, of whom 9 were committed to the Courts; and the charges against the remaining 9 were under investigation when the year terminated.

48. Serious offences against property with and without personal violence were in excess of those recorded in the last Report. Twenty five persons concerned in such cases were convicted by orders of the Magistracy, 73 were committed to the Criminal Courts, 494 were discharged and the cases against 42 others remained undecided.

49. Four cases of attempting to commit suicide were reported in the year. Five persons were accused, but were discharged after investigation for want of proof.

50. The average duration of cases before the Police, when the accused could have been promptly apprehended, may be approximately estimated at from 7 days in some Districts to 12 in others, but greater delay has occurred when the offenders had absconded and taken refuge in foreign territory.

Land Revenue.

51. The extent of cultivation in the Trichoor Lake forms the principal source of fluctuation in the land revenue of this State, as has been explained in previous reports. This cultivation having been carried on within a more limited area in the year under review, than in the preceding year, there has been a decrease under this head of Rs. 1923-3-7, as shown in the margin.

In 1049	6,17,641-5-5	forms the principal source of fluctuation in the land revenue of this State, as has been explained in previous reports. This cultivation having been carried on within a more limited area in the year under review, than in the preceding year, there has been a decrease under this head of Rs. 1923-3-7, as shown in the margin.
„ 1050	6,15,718-1-10	
Decrease		
	1,923-3-7	

52. There are, in all, fifteen Coffee Estates on the Nelliampathy Hills at present aggregating 7310 acres, subject to a quit rent of Rs. 4821—1—5 per annum. As, however, the period of rent-free-occupancy has not expired in some cases, the revenue now realized is Rs. 3,529—6—8.

◆

Customs Revenue.

53. There is only a small decrease of Rs. 77—7—0 under this head. The items of which the revenue is composed are indicated below:—

In 1049	1,10,349—9—6	under this head. The items of which the revenue is composed are indicated below:—
„ 1050	1,10,272—2—6	
Decrease		
	77—7—0	

Amount paid by the British Government under the guarantee for the official year ending 31st March 1875.....Rs. 1,02,444— 6—11

Receipts from the Sirkar Ports for the same period.... „ 8,055— 9— 1

Total... Rs. 1,10,500— 0— 0

Receipts at the Sirkar Ports from the end of the official year to close of 1050 M. E.....	Rs.	7,821—15—10
Export duty on Pepper.....	„	5—11—9
		<hr/>
Total...	Rs.	1,18,327—11—7

Deduct receipts at the Sirkar
Ports from the 1st April 1874 to
14th August or the end of the Ma-
labar year 1049, which were carried
to the account of that year.....

Rs.	8,055—9—1
-----	-----------

Customs Revenue of 1050	Rs.	1,10,272—2—6
-------------------------	-----	--------------

54. The Imports and Exports at Mallipoorom and
Narrakel during the year, and the duties collected will
be seen from the following Statement:—

IMPORTS.

Wine and Spirits.....	Rs.	2,696—0—0
Sundry articles.....	„	543—3—9
		<hr/>
Total...	Rs.	3,239—3—9

EXPORTS.

Cocoanut Oil.....	Rs.	2,290—15—7
Pepper	„	2,291—10—7
		<hr/>
Total	Rs.	4,582—10—2

55. Irrespective of the income from Tobacco gua-
ranteed by the British Government to the Sirkar, the
latter derives a revenue by the grant of Licenses. The
fees produced by these licenses amounted to Rs. 9,880,
being higher than the receipts of the previous year by
Rs. 470.

Abkarry and Opium.

56. The increase of Rs. 2,592-8-7 in the Abkarry
 In 1049 42,473-0-0 Revenue arose from keenness of
 „ 1050 45,065-8-7 competition at the sales of this
 Increase 2,592-8-7 Farm in the year under review.

57. This increase of Rs. 2,950-0-0 in the receipts
 In 1049 4,959-2-4 from the Opium farm is also the
 „ 1050 6,909-2-4 result of competition at the public
 Increase 2,950-0-0 sale of the Farm.

Salt.

58. There has been, in the year under report, a
 In 1049 1,57,139-9-10 still further diminution in the
 „ 1050 1,48,832-3-5 revenue, from reduced sales of
 Decrease 8,307-6-5 salt, than is exhibited by a com-
 parison between the results of the two previous years
 1048 and 1049. It is presumable that this falling off
 is due to the enhanced price at which the article is now
 sold in this country under the Interportal convention.

59. A larger quantity of salt having been pur-
 In 1049 35,596-10-11 chased than in the previous year,
 „ 1050 52,510-0-10 and at a higher cost, there was
 Increase 16,913-5-11 an increase of expense to the
 Sirkar on this account of Rs. 16,913-5-11. The
 quantity obtained in 1049 was 74,853 Indian Maunds,
 whilst that purchased in the year under report was
 98,427 Maunds.

60. The charge for conveying salt from the De-
 In 1049 11,135-6-4 pôt to the Banksalls, during the
 „ 1050 12,692-9-6 year under review, was Rs.
 Increase 1,557-3-2 12,692-9-6, which is in excess

of that incurred in the previous year by Rs. 1,557—3—2. This increase was in consequence of a greater number of packages having been made up and despatched to the Sirkar Depôts in the interior stations for retail.

61. The amount paid by the British Government to the Sirkar as compensation for unavoidable wastage of salt in transit from the Bombay salt works to this country was Rs. 14,552—9—0 for the year under report.

Registration of Deeds.

62. The Regulation passed by His Highness the Rajah in 1049 for the Registration of documents came into force at the commencement of the period under report. The results during the first year of the operation of the new law are embraced in the statistics given below.

63. The total number of registrations in the six Registry Offices that were established was 9017, which gives an average of 751 per mensem or 25 per day.

64. Of these 9017 documents, 8387 related to immoveable property, 628 to moveable property and the remaining 2 were Wills.

65. The reason why a far greater proportion of documents relating to immoveable property have been registered, compared with the number relating to moveable property is that the registration of deeds of the former class is rendered mostly compulsory, while that of the latter is optional.

66. The total value of the documents registered is Rupees 36,48,053 which makes the average value of each document about 405 Rupees.

67. It may be interesting to view the number of documents according, to a graduated scale of valuations; and hence the following Statement is annexed:—

VALUE.	No. of documents registered.
Not exceeding 50 Rupees	1,884
Above 50 and not exceeding 100 Rupees....	1,536
Above 100 and not exceeding 500 Rupees....	3,727
Above 500 and not exceeding 1,000 Rupees....	1,043
Above 1,000 and not exceeding 5,000 Rupees....	699
Above 5,000 and not exceeding 10,000 Rupees....	44
Above 10,000 and not exceeding 20,000 Rupees....	13
Above 20,000 and not exceeding 30,000 Rupees....	2
Above 30,000 and not exceeding 50,000 Rupees....	1
Documents whose value is not inserted.....	68
Total..	9,017

68. From the foregoing it will be seen that the greatest number of documents registered ranges from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000 in amount, whilst the smallest number is above the limit of 20,000 Rupees.

69. The registrations made on payment of penalty for delay &c. were only 30; proving that the people are generally well aware of the terms allowed in all ordinary cases.

70. The District Registrars registered 172 documents by attending at private residences.

71. The cases in which registration was refused were only 65 a very small number compared with the aggregate of the Deeds admitted to registration. This is indeed satisfactory in the first year of the enforcement of the new Regulation.

72. There was only one instrument accompanied by a translation, presented for registration in a language not understood by registering officer.

73. Fifty eight petitions were received in the District Registry Offices applying for copies of documents and to make searches.

74. Of the 9,017 documents presented for registration as shown in the 63rd para, 7,872 documents were entered and returned up to the close of 1050; leaving 1,145 documents in arrears to be entered in the current year. According to this, it appears that on an average it took about 22 days for returning a document after it had been duly registered.

75. The subjoined Statement exhibits the number of documents registered in all the Registry Offices, and also the amount of fees &c received in the year under report:—

OFFICES.	Documents.	Fees.		
Cochin.....	1752	2903	0	0
Canayanore.....	1852	2996	7	3
Moogoondapocram.....	1581	2622	7	6
Trichoor.....	1235	2004	0	0
Tallapilly.....	1797	2753	13	6
Chittoor.....	800	1770	5	6
Total..	9017	15050	1	9

76. It will be seen that the Canayanoor Office stands first and the Chittoor Office last with regard to the collections received and the number of documents registered.

77. The cost of the department for the past year is as follows:—

Salaries.

Huzoor Registry Office	Rs. 2,712—0—0	
District Registry Offices and their Establishment	" 4,680—0—0	7,392—0—0

Contingencies.

Stationery and charges for binding books	} Rs. 711—3—5	
Cost of chairs, tables, almirahs &c. ,,	822—12—9	1,534—0—2
Grand Total Rs. .		8,926 —0—2

78. Deducting the disbursements from the receipts, the surplus of the past year is Rs. 6,124—1—7

79. It is scarcely unnecessary to mention that as the Registration Department has been just organized, the charges on account of furniture &c. which have been incurred will not occur for some time to come; and the revenue from fees may be expected to increase progressively in future years, with the general sense of security of titles conferred by the present law.

80. Fifty six Special, and 26 General Powers of Attorney, were attested during the past year; and twelve copies of Registers were sent to other District Offices under section 52 the property conveyed lying in more than one jurisdiction.

81. The following Statement shows the total value of documents registered during the year in each particular district:—

OFFICES.	VALUE.		
	Rupees.	As.	P.
Cochin.....	7,09,175	4	7
Canayanore.....	5,38,285	8	9
Moogoondapuram.....	5,80,610	2	7
Trichoor.....	5,36,125	5	4
Tallapilly.....	6,31,621	11	3
Chittoor.....	6,52,235	2	10
Total..	36,48,053	3	4

Education.

82. Mr. A. F. Sealy, M. A. the Head Master of the High School left on furlough to Europe at the beginning of the year reported on, and returned to duty at its close. During the interval Mr. D. M. Cruickshank, M. A. was in charge of the School.

83. A preparatory F. A. class was formed immediately after the declaration of the results of the University Examinations of December 1874, the success attained by the boys who went up from the High School having been very encouraging. This class numbered 12 students at the end of the year, which is not only satisfactory, but there is every reason to hope, that the class will steadily increase in numbers in future years.

84. The raising of the standard of education will necessarily entail considerably increased expense for the

maintenance of the High School Establishment, but the Sirkar are alive to the fact that the benefits likely to accrue to the subjects of His Highness from this scheme will fully justify the outlay. Before the Establishment of the F. A. Class, students who desired to prosecute their studies beyond the Matriculation standard had to go either to Trevandrum or Calicut, involving great expense and inconvenience to parents and guardians; this evil will be avoided in future.

85. The Matriculation results of the year as already observed, have been very satisfactory. Fifteen pupils presented themselves for examination, and of these 11 were successful, two being placed in the First class. The Acting Head Master was confident that with reasonable diligence and attention on the part of the pupils, there would be no falling off in the results of the succeeding year. The following are the names of the successful candidates at the examination in 1874.

First Class.

- 1 S. Mahalinga Aiyen.
- 2 C. M. Mathevan Pillay.

Second Class.

- 3 W. B. Fernandez.
- 4 K. Krishna Menon.
- 5 S. Rama Narayana Aiyer.
- 6 G. Venkattasubbaiyan.
- 7 K. V. Abraham.
- 8 K. Visvanatha Aiyen.
- 9 N. Narayana Menon.
- 10 V. K. Raman Menon.
- 11 P. A. Letchmana Aiyen.

86. This year two new subjects were introduced into the course of study for Matriculation, Physics, and Physical Geography, and the needful supply of philosophical instrument was provided for the prosecution of the former branch of study.

87. There have been considerable changes in the teaching staff during the year. Mr. R. S. Sheppard's appointment to the Head Mastership of the Cochin Municipal School, created a vacancy in the Second Mastership which was filled by the promotion of K. Sunder Rama Iyer B. A. from the third to the second place. The vacancy resulting from this appointment was filled by Subramanya Iyer B. A., Second Master Town School Khumbaconum. When the preparatory F. A. Class was Established, it became necessary to appoint a new Master of the B. A. Grade, and K. Narayana Menon received an acting appointment, in which he was to be confirmed on his passing the B. A. Examination. Having failed in this, and being desirous to prosecute his studies with the view to graduate, he resigned the post, which was subsequently conferred on Anantha Row, B. A, third Master of the High School Palghaut, various other changes have occurred of a minor nature, which it is not necessary to state in detail here.

88. In the Report for 1049, it was observed that although the number of withdrawals from the High School was still in excess of the admissions, there were indications that the falling off in the numbers which marked two or three previous years would not long continue. It is gratifying to state that this anticipation has been very fully justified by the experience of the year under report. The preceding year 1049 closed with a total number of 170 on the rolls; but at the end of 1050, the number rose to 250.

89. The following table shows the number of boys arranged according to Caste :—

Brahmins	65
Ellayathu	1
Elevans.....	2
Konganies.....	3
Mahometans.....	3
Naidus ,.....	2
Nanjanadans.....	6
Pandi Sudras.....	5
Protestants	3
Roman Catholics	58
Sudras	89
Syrians	4
Vellalars	3
Warriars	6

Total... 250

90. During the year, there were 67 withdrawals, against 147 admissions to the School. The withdrawals appear to have arisen from ordinary causes that necessarily operate on all educational institutions. Of the admissions the District Schools of this State, contributed 26 boys; the Schools in British territory 44; the Trevandrum High School 2; and private and village Schools 4. There were 20 re-admissions, and 51 boys had previously received no tuition.

91. The average daily attendance was 85.5 per cent upon the total number of boys on the rolls; a more favorable result than that of the previous year.

92. The receipts from fees, fines, sale of Books &c. amounted to Rs. 1,296—4—0, and the balance in hand at the close of the previous year was Rs. 496—13—10,

making a total of Rupees 1,793—1—10. The expenditure on account of Books, furniture, and contingencies was Rupees 123—12—4 leaving an available balance of Rupees 1,669—5—6 to the credit of the succeeding year.

93. There remained at the Book Depôt at the close of the year 3,375 Volumes of the value of Rs. 1,945—7—6.

94. Of the District schools, those at Trichoor, Chittoor, Irinjalacoda, and Muttancherry present the most satisfactory signs of Progress, the first having 60 pupils on its roll, the second 110, the third 55, and the last 55, with an average daily attendance of 55, 40, 35, and 41 respectively.

95. With regard to the School at Wadakancherry the average daily attendance of pupils has considerably declined and, perhaps, it might be necessary to transfer the Institution to a more eligible place.

Public Works.

96. The total outlay on Public Works during the

In 1049	1,36,695—12—2	year reported on was Rupees
„ 1050	1,87,151—12—8	1,87,151—12—8, which is in ex-
Increase	<u>50,455—15—6</u>	cess of that of the preceding year
		by Rs. 50,455—15—6. This in-

crease is owing to the Department having made greater progress than in the previous year.

97. The following is a Statement of the principal works commenced, completed and in progress during the year reported on, and the sums expended on account of them :—

No.	WORKS.	Expenditure in 1050.		Total.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
1	Renewing the bunds at the Ma- pranam and Palam Proverthies.	6,205	6 4		
2	Filling the gaps at Palliport to prevent the encroachment of the sea.....	6,038	10 2		
3	Deepening the Puthan Thode canal	6,000	0 0		
4	Constructing two roads one from the Ernacollum Large tank to the Bazaar, and the other from Palathode to the High road...	4,500	0 0		
5	Repairing the road from Karupa- danah to Shoranore.....	4,000	0 0		
6	Maintenance of the road from Trichoor to Shoranore.....	3,000	0 0		
7	Renewing three bunds, one at Aratupolay, and the other two at Panankulam.....	2,954	6 0		
8	Metalling the road from the East- ern end of the Chittoor road to its junction with the Palathode road.....	2,073	0 6		
9	Renewing the bridge at Tripooni- torah.....	2,000	0 0		
10	Constructing a road from Tripooni- torah to the Hill Bungalow.....	2,000	0 0		
11	Repairing a section of the Vany- amparah road.....	2,000	0 0		
12	Maintenance of the road from Tri- choor to Kunnamkulam.....	2,000	0 0		
13	Do. of the road from Mulur- karay to Padur.....	2,000	0 0		
14	Construction of a road from Nema- ray to the Nelliampathy Hill...	2,000	0 0		
15	Constructing a Canal to the North of Aunjil Madham.....	2,000	0 0		
16	Maintenance of the Banksall road from Muttancherry to that lead- ing to Cherlay.....	1,968	15 9		
17	Construction of a bund and a small bridge at Akkarapuram in Paravattani Proverthy.....	1,867	12 6		

No.	WORKS.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
18	Widening, and raising the road from Pallikunda to Kakala in Irinjalacodah.	1,774	9	2				
19	Maintenance of the road from the Ferry at Ernacollum to Tripoonitorah.	1,500	0	0				
20	Deepening the Canal at Karancherrah.	1,500	0	0				
21	Construction of a wooden bridge on the Shoranore road.	1,400	0	0				
22	Do. of a road from the Manalaroo Coffee Estate to Vallavattipara.	1,259	0	3				
23	Repairing the road from the Poothookaud High road to the Store-house at Parakadava.	1,032	8	4				
24	Part-expense for constructing a road from Munkilmada to Erattakulam.	1,000	0	0				
25	Part-expense for constructing a road from Nattakalla Satram to Velam Thavalam.	1,000	0	0				
26	Do. Do. a road from Nadupuni to Thathamungalam.	1,000	0	0				
	Minor works under Rupees. 1,000 each.	15,365	4	7				
	Total outlay on Roads, Bridges Canals &c.				79,439	9	7	
	OFFICES AND OTHER PUBLIC BUILDINGS.							
	Courts, District Cutcheries &c.	21,344	4	3				
	Jails and Police Stations.	479	10	7				
	Pagodas.	25,051	14	5				
	Palaces.	36,438	1	9				
	Residencies.	1,870	4	5				
	Travellers Bungalows &c.	6,463	11	4				
	Miscellaneous	16,064	4	4	1,07,712	3	1	
	Grand Total.				1,87,151	12	8	

Forests.

98. The subjoined Statement shows the number of Teak and blackwood Logs and Taldoms received at the timber depôts of Ernacollum and Ponany during the year under report, in comparison with the previous year:—

In 1049	Logs 1,467	measuring	Candies	2,856 $\frac{9}{16}$
„ 1050	„ 1,445	„	„	2,625 $\frac{1}{16}$
				231 $\frac{1}{8}$
Decrease	22			231 $\frac{1}{8}$

99. One thousand two hundred and thirty eight
 In 1049-77,174-10-7 logs, measuring 2,251 $\frac{1}{4}$ candies,
 „ 1050-35,273-15-8 were disposed of during the year,
 Decrease 41,900-10-11 realizing Rupees 35,273—15—8.
 The decrease of Rs. 41,900—10—11 as shown in the margin is more apparent than real, as the timber sold in the previous years comprised the stock of three consecutive years which had been held over in consequence of the unfavorable state of the market, while the sales of the period under review were confined to the produce of a single year. The value of the timber appropriated for Public Works was Rs. 4,008—4—2. The aggregate income accruing from the Depôts was consequently Rs. 39,282—3—10.

100. The royalties derived from Jungle wood, bamboos &c. removed on private account amounted to Rs. 5,437—12—7 whilst the sale of Cardamoms, Bee's wax and other forest produce realized Rs. 1,320—10—9. The fuel tax yielded Rs. 1,096—0—0.

101. The total revenue derived through the medium of the Sirkar's Establishments, as explained above, was

In 1049	—————	Rs.	90,446	—	5	—	6
,, 1050	—————	,,	47,136	—	11	—	2
<hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/>							
			Decrease	Rs.	43,309	—	10—4.
<hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/>							

102. To this must be added the amount paid by the contractor of the Chittoor forest, viz; Rs. 20,676—8—8, which is greater than that paid by him in the previous year, as he removed a larger quantity of teak than the minimum limit fixed by the terms of his agreement.

103. There was a decrease of Rupees 5,386—11—11 during the year under report in the item of expenditure, and an increase of Rupees 1,233—1—5 in that of establishment. The result of the comparison shows a difference of Rupees 4,153—10—6 on the credit side. With regard to Hill expenditure there was a large outlay in the previous year of Rupees 17,000, in round numbers, in creating teak nurseries; for the felling of blackwood, which, for many previous years had not been brought down from the forests, and had not formed an article of commerce in the country; and for opening up new fields of forest working. On the other hand, the attention of the Government was directed, in the year under report, towards other objects that tended in the same direction. The sum of Rs. 5,800 was laid out in the year under report for Cardamom cultivation, and Rs. 7,000 in Forest improvements.

104. During the year under report £6,950 Teak saplings were reprinted in the Kodashairy District at

a cost of Rupees 440—9—6. In the Teak Plantations at Pallapilly 104 acres were weeded; 20 acres were planted and 60 acres were pruned.

105. Only three Elephants were captured in the pits in the year; one male and two females; of these, one male and one female have died. In the current year the Acting Conservator hopes to report a large capture by means of a Keddah on the system followed at Ceylon, as the present mode of capture by means of Pitfalls has proved injurious to the animals and is in other ways objectionable.

Medical.

106. The annual report of Dr. Doyle, the Medical Officer to the Sirkar furnishes the following details.

107. *Civil Hospital Ernacollum.*—During the year under review 294 cases were treated as intern and 3,649 as extern patients against 241 and 3,641 respectively in the year 1049 showing an increase of 53 intern and 8 extern patients.

108. Of the 294 patients treated in hospital 256 were maintained at the Sirkar's expense and the remaining 38 dieted themselves.

109. The prevailing diseases treated in hospital were dropsy, syphilis and ulcers; and the out-door patients suffered chiefly from worms, diarrhæa, anasarca, anæmia, Itch and Dyspepsia. Ague or Intermittent

fever has slightly increased. In the year 1049 six cases of the disease were treated in hospital and 71 suffering from it attended as out-patients, while in 1050, there were 12 intern and 112 extern-patients suffering from this malady.

110. Ten Midwifery cases sought relief at the hospital during the year, these were all difficult cases and all required instrumental interference to accomplish delivery. Dr. Doyle recommends that owing to the extreme ignorance of the women who practice as mid-wives, it would be desirable that a trained Matron from the Lying in Hospital Madras be obtained and attached to the Hospital at Ernacollum. The Sirkar will be prepared to make such an appointment as soon as the services of a competent person can be secured.

111. Nine deaths occurred among the intern patients during the year, viz., from Typhoid fever 1, Dysentery 1, Diarrhæa chronic 1, Anasarca 4, Disease of the Heart 2.

112. Only seven deaths are recorded among the out-patients Small-pox existed in an epidemic form throughout the whole of the past year.

113. As the Medical Officer considered the present system of dieting unsuited to the patients, and suggested the adoption of the dietary scale obtaining in the British Hospitals, sanction has been accorded for introducing the practice here.

114. *Civil Dispensary Trichoor.*—This Dispensary was opened for the benefit of In and Out patients in the month of Magarom 1050, since which period 63 cases

were treated as intern patients of whom three died viz. one from ague, one from dysentery and one from anæmia. 783 sought relief as out-door patients. The principal diseases were Intermittent fever (163), ulcers 133, worms 88, diarrhæa 58 and anæmia 44.

115. The scale of Diet in force is the same as that obtained in the Civil Hospital at Ernacollum, viz., one and quarter measure of rice and one pie per head per day, meat, liquor and other extras can however be ordered at the discretion of the Medical Officer.

Ports.

116. Irrespective of the Pattimars which discharged Bombay salt at Mallipooram under the Sirkar's contracts, 39 Vessels arrived at the Ports of Mallipooram and Narrakel during the year.

117. The Port dues amounted to Rs. 3,223—6—0 which exceed the receipts in the previous year by Rs. 1,392—6—0.

118. The aggregate tonnage of the vessels which called at the Sirkar's Ports was 35,713·17 against 22,626·03 tons in the previous year. The subsidized Mail Steamers of the British India Company as well as sailing Vessels principally from Europe, regularly touch at Narrakel for four or five months during the S. W. Monsoon, when the neighbouring British Port of Cochin is inaccessible to them.

Post Office.

119. The following abstract Statement shows the number of letters and parcels that have passed through the Sirkar post during the year :—

PUBLIC SERVICE.

	1049.		1050.
Letters.....	39,049	...	44,466
Newspapers.....	1,361	...	8
Books.....	160	...	166
Banghy parcels.....	2	...	0
	<hr/>	...	<hr/>
Total...	40,572	...	44,640

PRIVATE.

	1049.		1050.
Letters.....	18,394	...	20,073
Newspapers.....	1,429	..	2,029
Books.....	10	...	21
Banghy parcels.....	49	...	68
	<hr/>	...	<hr/>
Total...	19,882	...	22,191

120. It will be observed that the number of both the private and official communications has considerably increased.

121. The Postage collected from private sources amounted to Rs. 807—2—0 while the cost of the permanent Establishment was Rs. 2,928 per annum.

—◆—

 Military.

122. The Military Establishment of the Sirkar remains at its normal strength of 5 commissioned and 33 non-commissioned Officers and 311 Privates. The average pay of each man is Rs. 78—5—0 per annum. There is no particular change to report during the year.

Press.

123. The value of the works done at the Press is estimated at Rs. 4,662—7—8 against Rs. 4,016—10—0 in the previous year.

124. The cost of the Establishment was Rs. 1,236. The work done was greatly increased by the printing of the Books &c. required for the use of the Registration Departments; and the Forms necessary for carrying out the Census.

125. During the middle of the year three additional hands were employed on monthly salaries of Rs. 9, 8, and 7 respectively, and a small increase of Rs. 11 per month was allowed to the salaries of 5 of the printers.

126. The contingent expenditure of the year including the cost of paper, Printing ink, and sundry charges was Rs. 399—7—10.

127. The nature of the work performed is as follows:—

Malayalim Calendar.....	1,750	Copies.
Administration Report.....	150	„
Books and Forms for the use of } the Registration Department. }	58,782	„
Forms Do. for the Census.....	49,832	„
Judicial processes for the use of } the Courts &c. in Malayalim }	53,676	„
Do. Do. in English.....	3,422	„

128. An Official Gazette is also issued Bi-monthly from the Press.

Population.

129. As indicated in the last Administration Report a Census was taken of the population of this country during the year under review. The Dewan Paishkar A. Sankariah is getting the forms tabulated and preparing a report. A condensed statement of the results, furnished by this Officer is subjoined:—

“The inhabitants of this State have been enumerated
 “five times during the last 55 years, the figures representing
 “the total population being respectively 2,23,003 in 995 M. E;
 “2,88,176 in $\frac{1836}{1011}$; 3,56,802 in $\frac{1849}{1024}$, 3,99,056 in $\frac{1858}{1032}$ and
 “6,01,114 in $\frac{1875}{1050}$.”

“It will be seen that the augmentation in numbers
 “has been great and continuous though not always uniform
 “being 29 per cent for an interval of 16 years between the
 “first and second censuses 27 per cent for the second period
 “of 13 years; 11 per cent for the third period of 8 years;
 “49 per cent for the fourth period of 18 years; and 170 per
 “cent for the whole interval of 55 years, between the earliest
 “and latest enumerations.”

“The highest rate of increase has obtained during the
 “present administration which has been marked also by the
 “rapid development of the food resources of the country.
 “In respect to the growth of population Native Cochin
 “does not stand behind the most favored of European
 “countries. In a table compiled by Mr. Maurice Block,
 “is given the present annual increase in each of those
 “countries together with the number of years in which
 “the population would be doubled if the rates continued
 “so.”

“The following extract is taken from it:—”

Countries.	Increase per annum.	Years.
Russia.....	1·39	50
England.....	1·29	54
Prussia.....	1·13	61½
Spain.....	0·89	78
Italy.....	0·70	99
France.....	0·35	198

“The rate and years for Cochin are 1·86 and 39 respectively. Considering that Native Cochin is highly gifted with still unused elements of wealth and that increased production in the existing industries can be secured by the use of Machines and improved implements, we may safely infer that the material prosperity of the country will keep pace with the rising population.”

“The male population of the country has increased during the interval between 995 and 1050 from 1,09,669 to 3,02,030 or 175 per cent and the female from 1,13,334 to 2,99,084 or 164 per cent. In a normally progressive state of society there should be according to learned Statisticians an excess of females over males. The apparent absence of this criterion in the muster-roll just made out is mainly owing to the immigrants and sojourners from British Territory who came here for purposes of trade &c., leaving all or most of their female relatives behind. This influx from abroad is reported to amount to 8678, and consists of 4929 Malayalees, 2303 Tamulians and 1446 of other languages.”

“The subject of the Cochin Government excluding those whose domicil of origin is elsewhere as above shown, may be ethnically divided into (taking language as the principal test of race) 5,30,262 Malayalees 31,325 Tamulians and 30,849 of other languages. The subjoined table shows the distribution of the Cochinites and foreigners according to the Districts in which they reside:—”

No.	DISTRICTS.	Malayalam.		Tamilian.		Other Races.		Total.		Grand Total.
		Cochinites	Non Cochinites	Cochinites	Non Cochinites	Cochinites	Non Cochinites	Cochinites	Non Cochinites	
1	Kanayannoor...	86,245	1,341	1,341	294	4,337	125	91,923	1,760	93,683
2	Cochin	81,813	221	1,088	8	10,697	74	93,598	303	93,901
3	Kodungaloor....	18,426	100	594	40	1,218	19	20,238	159	20,397
4	Mukundapuram	1,10,407	422	1,851	111	2161	22	1,14,419	555	1,14,974
5	Trichoor.....	98,904	217	869	443	944	365	1,00,717	1,025	1,01,742
6	Tallapilly.....	1,03,160	995	3,393	184	2,712	21	1,09,265	1,200	1,10,465
7	Chittoor.....	31,307	1,633	22,189	1,223	8,780	820	62,276	3,676	65,952
	Total...	5,30,262	4,929	31,325	2,303	30,849	1446	5,92,436	8,078	6,01,114

“The Tabulation of the Census Returns has not been completed, nor has any particular table been yet properly revised. It is impossible therefore to give here any trustworthy details relating to Districts, Castes, Religions, Occupations, and the other interesting and important subjects of statistical enquiries, all of which will be treated at length in a separate Report on the Census in the course of preparation. And even the figures already furnished must be accepted with some reservation though they are not likely to differ from the reality by more than a few hundreds.”

“The density of the population in the country (measuring 1,361½ square miles according to Ward and Connor) is on the average at 441 persons per square mile, and in the houses (numbering 1,17,368) at about 5 persons per house. The evil of ‘more families than houses’ complained of in England and Scotland as ‘incompatible with comfort and decency’ hardly exists at present in this State; but the conditions of the poor in the chief cities amongst whom the number of inhabitants increases too often in proportion to the inferiority of the houses calls

“for the most immediate attention in the shape of proper
 “arrangements of a sanitary kind through efficient police
 “superintendence. I should take this opportunity of re-
 “commending that the present dimensions of the town of
 “Trichoor comprising 9 Villages with 2,348 houses and 11,157

1	Oloor,	“souls be enlarged by the addition of the
2	Kanattukaray,	“eleven more (and some of them very crowd-
3	Chiyoram,	“ed and dirty) Villages named in the mar-
4	Arnattukaray,	“gin which will give a total of 4,006 houses
5	Kuttoor,	“and 20,178 persons; and that the same
6	Kottakat,	“be placed under the police jurisdiction of
7	Veyoor,	“a Sub : Magistrate.”
8	Mannukaud,	
9	Olloorkaray,	
10	Nallankara, and	
11	Mukkattukaray,	

“I will conclude with one more observation which cannot
 “be deferred till the appearance of the separate Report.
 “The well being of the country in time past and the pros-
 “pects of the country in time to come may be said to be
 “chronicled in the details of the Census. Having once taken
 “such details at great expense (the Census of 1050 has cost
 “Rs. 8045-2-2 nearly) it is advisable to arrange for keeping
 “a regular official record of the movements of the population
 “till the next Census. The first thing to do, which will also
 “enable the Sirkar to avoid the cost and trouble of the *pre-*
 “*liminary* work in future Censuses of numbering the houses
 “and of counting the inmates, may be stated in the words
 “of the Acting Resident, who made the suggestion as Collec-
 “tor of the Malabar District.”

“All the Amshom (Proverty) Officials should be called
 “upon to keep a register of houses in their respective
 “Amshoms showing (1) the name of the Amshom, (2)
 “Deshom (3) Nature of the house that is one or two storied,
 “tiled or thatched, and built of stone or mud, and (4) the
 “name of the occupant or owner. The book should be
 “bound with blank sheets so that the Amshom Officials may
 “include any house that may be newly built and exclude
 “those that may have fallen to ruins.”

“The next arrangement is to provide for the recording
“of births and deaths, of emigrants and foreigners and of
“any remarkable development of the population in any part
“of the country; for which purpose a small but permanent
“competent staff may be entertained at the Huzoor to keep
“duplicates of those registers and make notes of the alter-
“ations in the numbers of the people from the periodical
“reports of the Proverty Officials. This staff will be able
“to supervise future Census works much better than a number
“of untrained Supervisors who may be appointed temporarily
“on the spur of the occasion.”

Financial.

130. The Receipts and Disbursements of the year reported on as compared with the previous year will be seen from the following Statement:—

RECEIPTS:							DISBURSEMENTS.						
	1049			1050				1049			1050		
	Rupees.	A.	P.	Rupees.	A.	P.		Rupees.	A.	P.	Rupees.	A.	P.
Land Revenue...	6,17,641	5	5	6,15,718	1	10	Palace Expenses.....	1,91,760	0	0	1,92,960	0	0
Custom's collections	1,10,349	9	6	1,10,272	2	6	Religious Institutions.....	76,324	8	6	78,495	9	11
Abkarry.....	42,473	0	0	45,065	8	7	Charitable Do.....	37,672	12	3	39,683	0	9
Opium.....	4,959	2	4	6,909	2	4	Administrative Establishment..	1,59,148	8	8	1,72,354	10	7
Salt.....	1,57,139	9	10	1,48,832	3	5	Judicial Do.....	51,486	2	9	50,898	7	5
Timber.....	98,270	4	4	59,958	12	6	Police Do.....	14,700	0	0	14,760	0	0
Miscellaneous Revenue.....	2,77,681	8	2	2,64,764	5	9	Military Do.....	22,277	5	2	22,310	8	4
							Pensions Do.....	15,173	11	8	17,775	0	11
							Public Works Do.....	1,36,695	13	2	1,87,151	12	8
							Miscellaneous Expenses.....	2,13,343	9	2	1,99,203	8	4
							Subsidy to British Government.	2,00,000	0	0	2,00,000	0	0
							Invested in Govt Promissory Notes	6,00,500	0	0	2,00,000	0	0
Total..	13,08,514	7	7	12,51,520	4	11	Total..	17,19,082	7	4	13,75,592	10	11
Amount Balance at the commencement of each year....	10,04,947	7	5	5,94,379	7	8	Balance to be carried to the credit of the succeeding year. }	5,94,379	7	8	4,70,307	1	8
Grand Total..	23,13,461	15	0	18,45,899	12	7	Grand Total..	23,13,461	15	0	18,45,899	12	7

131. It will be observed that the Miscellaneous Revenue is less by Rs. 12,917—2—5 than that derived in the previous year. This is mainly accounted for by the fact that the compensation for salt wastage due by the British Government for two successive years was paid in 1049; whereas in the year under review, the sum received on this account was for a single year, and the interest on a temporary deposit in the Bank of Madras, was undrawn.

132. The sources of Revenue having already been noticed under the proper heads, it is only necessary to explain the variations in the items of disbursement.

133. The Palace expenses show an increase of Rs. 1,200, which is owing to the augmented allowances settled on Her Highness the Wallia Amah Rajah and Their Highnesses the Elliah Rajah and First Prince having had effect for two months of the year under report.

134. The increase of expenditure of Rs. 2,171—1—5 on religious, and of Rs. 3,010—4—6 on charritable institutions was partly owing to the enhanced price of provisions, and somewhat to the ordinary fluctuations in the numbers resorting to these charities. Moreover, in the former case, certain fixed sums were assigned during the year for the expenses of two of the Pagodas which had no settled allowances before.

135. The administrative establishment shows an increase of Rs. 13,206—1—11, arising principally from the establishment of a Registration Department for the

registry of deeds from the commencement of the year, as well as the grant to the Dewan of a special personal allowance of Rs. 300 per mensem by His Highness the Rajah.

136. With regard to the judicial establishment, it must be noticed that the post of Second Judge in the two Zillah Courts was vacant for the greater part of the year, and the expenditure would have been less than what appears in the statement before given, but for the increased salaries granted to the Judges of the Appeal Court. The actual decrease as compared with the previous year is Rs. 587—5—4.

137. The slight changes in the Police and Military establishments do not call for any remark.

138. The increase of Rs. 2,601—5—3, under the head of Pensions, arose from pensions having been granted to the late second and third Judges of the Appeal Court, to the second Judge of the Trichoor Zillah Court, and some minor public servants who have retired from the Sirkar service.

139. The expenditure on Public Works, as already stated in Para: 96, exceeded that incurred in the previous year by Rs. 50,455—15—6, which is attributable to greater energy having been exhibited by the Department in the execution of works. A sum of Rs. 2,50,000 has been allotted for the purposes of the current year, against an expenditure of Rs. 1,87,151—12—8 during the year under report.

140. The decrease observable under the head of Miscellaneous Expenses, of Rs. 14,140—0—10, is explained by the circumstance that the disbursements of the previous year included the charges incidental to His Highness the Rajah's visit to Bhowany as well as the contribution of this State to the Bengal Famine Relief Fund.

141. The total Receipts of the year under review shew a decrease of Rs. 56,994—2—8 as compared with those of the previous year; arising chiefly from the non-receipt before the close of the year, of the interest on certain Government promissory notes which had been forwarded to Calcutta for renewal and consolidation; and from the timber revenue of the previous year having been unusually swelled by the simultaneous sale of the stock of three consecutive years.

142. The total disbursements during the year are in excess of the disbursements of the previous year by Rs. 57,010—3—7, and this is due to the establishment of the Registration Department, the larger sum paid for the purchase of salt, and the increased expenditure in the Public Works Department.

143. The year under report opened with a cash balance in the treasury of Rs. 5,94,379—7—8; and as the aggregate revenue was in excess of the expenditure by Rs. 75,927—10—0 the balance should have amounted to Rs. 6,70,307—1—8 at the close of the year. But a sum of Rs. 2,00,000 having been invested in Government Securities, the actual cash balance stands at Rs. 4,70,307—1—8.

144. The total amount to the credit of the Sirkar

Cash Balance	Rs.	4,70,307—1—8
Govt. Securities	,,	22,00,500—0—0
Value of Stock	,,	2,84,973—6—1
Total	,,	<u>29,55,780—7—9</u>

at the end of the year
was Rs. 29,55,780—7—9,
as shewn in the margin.

T. SHUNGOONNY MENON,

HUZOOR CUTCHERRY,
Choverah in Cochin,
4th April 1876. }

Dewan.

APPENDIX

I.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT. (CRIMINAL.)

STATEMENT of offences reported, and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each offence in the Territory of Cochin in the year 1050 M. E.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	No. of offences reported during the year.	No. of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged	Committed	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Murder.....	3	5	1	4	0	
Attempt to Murder, house-breaking and Robbery....	1	8	8	0	0	
Grievous hurt.....	16	64	8	10	46	
Grievous hurt and inflicting bodily injury.....	5	23	22	1	0	
Inflicting bodily injury.....	8	30	6	22	2	
Dacoity.....	3	27	18	0	9	
Dacoity and having possession of property.....	1	7	1	6	0	
Attempt at Robbery and causing grievous hurt....	1	12	10	2	0	
Mischief.....	4	9	7	2	0	
Robbery and Assault.....	1	16	0	0	16	
House-breaking and unlawful destruction of property, robbery, and grievous hurt.....	1	6	0	0	6	
Grievous hurt, robbery, and unlawful obstruction.....	1	2	2	0	0	
House-breaking, Robbery, and unlawful assembly.....	1	6	6	0	0	
Extortion.....	1	3	3	0	0	
Criminal breach of Trust.....	3	3	1	2	0	
False evidence.....	2	2	0	2	0	
Theft & inflicting bodily injury	1	1	0	1	0	
Theft and Missappropriation of moveable property.....	2	3	2	1	0	
Theft.....	6	9	9	0	0	
House-breaking, theft, & having possession of stolen property..	3	9	2	2	5	
Theft and having possession of stolen property.....	11	19	13	6	0	
House-breaking and theft....	5	13	6	7	0	
House-breaking.....	2	2	0	2	0	
Criminal Trespass.....	1	6	6	0	0	
Other offences.....	7	9	3	6	0	
Total...	90	294	134	76	84	

II.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT (CRIMINAL)

STATEMENT showing the general result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the State of Cochin for the year 1050 M. E.

CLASS OF TRIBUNALS.	No. of persons dealt with.					Persons disposed of					Remaining at the end of the year.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses who attended.
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial during the year.		Received by transfer.	Total.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.			
		By arrest.	By summons or recognizance.										
Local and Subordinate paid Magistrates	45	821	2796	18	3680	894	1860	552	296	2	76	0	5993
Dewan Peishcar exercising full Magisterial powers.....	0	0	28	0	28	0	5	14	9	0	0	0	10
Dewan acting as Chief Magistrate....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Magistracy....	45	821	2824	18	3708	894	1865	566	305	2	76	0	5003
Zillah Courts.....	1	273	31	0	305	0	104	63	133	0	5	17	392
Appeal Court.....	0	122	0	0	122	0	30	13	0	0	79	71	0
Grand Total....	46	1216	2855	18	4135	894	1999	642	438	2	160	0	5395

III.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT. (CRIMINAL.)

STATEMENT showing the punishments inflicted by various Criminal Tribunals in the State of Cochin for the year 1050 M. E. 1874-75.

NATURE OF PUNISHMENT.	Number of persons punished					Total.	Remarks.
	By Subordinate and local Magistrates.	By Dewan Peishcar exercising full Magisterial powers.	By Dewan acting as Chief Magistrate.	By Zillah Courts.	By Appeal Court.		
Fined... ..	451	13	0	22	0	486	
Imprisoned	71	1	0	33	5	110	
Flogged	10	0	0	0	0	10	
Ordered to find Security	20	0	0	0	0	20	
Imprisoned and fined	0	0	0	7	6	13	
Do. and flogged	0	0	0	1	0	1	
Death... ..	0	0	0	0	2	2	
Total persons punished...	552	14	0	63	13	642	
DETAIL OF SENTENCES OF FINE AND IMPRISONMENT.							
FINES.							
Not exceeding Rupees 5... ..	396	7	0	7	0	410	
" " " 50... ..	45	6	0	21	0	72	
" " " 200... ..	8	0	0	1	6	15	
" " " 500... ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	
" " " 1,000... ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Number of fines...	449	13	0	29	6	497	
Total amount of fines	2435-0-0	67-6-0	0	600	900	4002-6-0	
Amount realized	1721-0-0	67-6-0	0	215	0	2003-6-0	
Amount paid to the injured parties by way of compensation or amends ... }	69-8-0	0	0	0	0	69 8 0	
SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT.							
Not exceeding 15 days ... {Rigorous ...	2	0	0	0	0	2	
" " " " {Simple... ..	34	0	0	2	0	36	
" " " 6 Months {Rigorous ...	6	1	0	16	0	23	
" " " " {Simple ...	29	0	0	3	0	32	
" " " 2 Years... {Rigorous ...	0	0	0	17	0	17	
" " " " {Simple ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
" " " 3 Years... {Rigorous ...	0	0	0	3	1	4	
" " " " {Simple ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
" " " 7 Years... {Rigorous ...	0	0	0	0	7	7	
" " " " {Simple ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Exceeding 7 Years... {Rigorous ...	0	0	0	0	1	1	
" " " " {Simple ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
For life	0	0	0	0	2	2	
Total... {Rigorous ...	8	1	0	36	9	54	
For life ... {Simple ...	63	0	0	5	0	68	
For life ...	0	0	0	0	2	2	

IV.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT. (CIVIL.)

STATEMENT showing the number and description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts of Cochin in the year 1050 M. E.

DESCRIPTION OF CLAIMS.	No. of cases in different Courts.			Total.	Remarks.
	Munsiff Courts.	Zillah Courts.	Appeal Court.		
CIVIL COURT CASES.					
Money due. {	On written promise for sum certain.....	5,245	333	0	5,578
	On unwritten promise.....	869	11	0	880
	On account stated.....	154	12	0	166
	Money paid or received.....	64	3	0	67
	For goods sold and delivered	0	1	0	1
	For Breach of Contract } not included in the above }	10	4	0	14
	Rent.....	421	86	0	507
Damages. {	Recovery of personal property or value thereof.....	95	5	0	100
	For injuries to persons.....	0	0	0	0
	" to property.....	10	6	0	16
	" defamation.....	0	4	0	4
Suits relating to ejectment.....	101	35	0	136	
Suits to redeem immoveable property.....	5	0	0	5	
Suits for foreclosure or sale of Mortgaged property.....	0	0	0	0	
Declaration of right to property.	72	30	0	102	
For division of property.....	3	12	0	15	
For maintenance.....	6	3	0	9	
Suits not included in the above.	46	17	0	63	
Total.....	7,101	562	0	7,663	

V.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT (CIVIL.)

STATEMENT showing value of suits disposed of in the Civil Courts of Cochin in the year 1050 M. E.

VALUE OF SUITS.	No. of suits disposed of in different Courts.				Remarks.
	Moonsiff Courts.	Zillah Courts.	Appeal Court.	Total suits.	
IN CIVIL COURTS.					
Not exceeding Rupees. 5	494	0	0	494	
" " " 20	2608	0	0	2608	
" " " 100	3106	3	0	3109	
" " " 200	943	6	0	949	
" " " 500	0	367	0	367	
" " " 5,000	0	213	0	213	
" " " 10,000	0	4	0	4	
Exceeding Rupees. 10,000	0	9	0	9	
Total.	7,151	602	0	7753	

VI.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT. (CIVIL.)

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in Cochin in the year 1050 M. E.

CLASS OF COURTS.	No. of cases on file.			Cases withdrawn, transferred or struck off without trial or Decree.	Cases in which decree passed.										Cases pending at the close of the year.	Average No. of days during which each case lasted.		No. of Summons to parties to appear in person.	No. of parties who appeared.	No. of Summons to Witnesses other than parties.	No. of witnesses who appeared.
	Remaining from last year.	Instituted.	Total.		Without contest.					Contested cases tried and decided in Court.				Contested.		Uncontested.					
					Exparte.	By confession.	By compromise and consent.	By arbitration.	Total.	In favor of Plaintiff.		In favor of Defendant.	Total.								
									In whole.	In part.											
CIVIL COURTS.															M. D.	M. D.					
Munsiffs' Courts ...	1,158	7,101	8,259	868	3,437	1,308	794	0	5,539	748	89	407	1,244	1,108	4- 28	1- 20	19	15	597	474	
Zillah Courts.	309	562	871	12	175	42	94	0	311	164	28	87	279	269	8- 9	2- 17	347	108	1,478	583	
Total ...	1,467	7,663	9,130	380	3,612	1,350	888	0	5,850	912	117	494	1,523	1,377			366	123	2,075	1057	

VII.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT. (CIVIL)

STATEMENT showing the business of the Civil Appellate Courts of Cochin for the year 1050 M. E.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Cases on the file.			Appeals withdrawn, transferred or struck off without trial.	Decided on trial.			Remanded for fur- ther investigation.	Total.	Cases pending at the end of the year.	Average duration of each Appeal tried.	Remarks.
	Remaining of last year.	Instituted.	Total		In favor of Appellant.		In favor of res- pondent.					
					In whole.	In part.						
APPELLATE COURTS OF DISTRICT.												
Zillah Courts.....	100	324	424	31	92	29	199	14	365	59	M. D. 3- 0	
CHIEF COURTS.												
Appeal Court	{ Regular Appeals from Dist- rict or Zillah Courts..... }											
	261	136	397	18	35	27	125	7	212	185	13- 9	
	{ Special Appeals..... }											
	110	66	176	7	26	4	110	4	151	25	6-25	
Total...	471	526	997	56	153	60	434	25	728	269	10-15	

VIII.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT (CIVIL)

STATEMENT showing the execution of Decrees of the Civil Courts of Cochin in the year 1050 M. E.

CLASS OF COURTS.	No. of decrees passed during the year.	No. of applications for execution.			No. of decrees completely executed.	No. of decrees partly executed.	No. of cases in which there was no execution.	Pending at the end of the year.	No. of cases in which specific performance was enforced.	No. of coercive processes in execution.				REMARKS.
		Pending from last year.	Filed.	Total.						Sale of real property.	Sequestration of real property.	Sale of personal property.	Imprisonment.	
Munsiff's Courts.....	7151	2172	4963	7135	1039	1045	3714	1337	0	286	288	52	2492	
District or Zillah Courts.	602	912	727	1639	174	690	314	460	1	181	233	42	397	
Total..	7753	3084	5690	8774	1213	1735	4028	1797	1	467	521	94	2889	

IX.
PRISONS.

General return showing number and distribution of Prisoners in the Prisons of Cochin for the year 1050 M. E.

CLASS OF JAILS.	No. of Jails.	No. of prisoners during the year,										No. of Prisoner on last day of the year.										No. of punishments for breach of Jail discipline.				
		Remaining from last year.	Committed during present year.	Total in Jail during the year.	Judicially released by acquittal, expiry of sentence, payment of fines &c.	Released for good conduct.	Released on account of sickness	Escaped.	Died.	Executed.	Average number in Jail during the year.	Life.	Under sentence of rigorous imprisonment.	Under sentence of simple imprisonment.	Under trial.	Civil prisoners.	Revenue prisoners.	In transit to other Jails.	Total.	By flogging.	Other punishment.					
DISTRICT JAILS.																										
Ernacollum	2	80	210	290	213	0	0	0	1	2	69	4	14	18	9	8	0	0	0	1	17	0	0	71	2	1
Trichoor	1	102	143	245	114	10	0	0	2	0	110	26	48	14	2	0	0	0	0	22	10	0	0	122	4	0
Total...	3	182	353	535	327	10	0	0	3	2	179	30	62	32	11	8	0	0	0	23	27	0	0	193	6	1

X.
POLICE.

STATEMENT showing general result of Police operations in regard to each great class of crime usually dealt with by the Police in the State of Cochin for the year 1050. M. E.

CLASS OF CRIME	Class prosecuted by information before Magistrates.						
	Number of informations lodged.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number acquitted.	Number ordered to find security.	Number convicted.	Number committed to the Criminal Courts.	Number remaining at the close of the year.
Offences against public justice	54	123	33	0	70	14	8
Offences relating to coin or stamps	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Murder { For sake of robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
{ From other motives	4	18	0	0	0	0	0
Culpable homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempt at Suicide	4	5	5	0	0	0	0
Other serious offences against persons not connected with attacks on property...	105	320	211	0	13	94	0
Public and local nuisances	150	317	227	1	72	17	0
Offences against property, accompanied with personal violence or preparation } for hurt	150	377	344	0	21	5	7
Theft by house-breaking or house-trespass, without personal violence	76	257	150	0	4	68	35
Theft	277	704	600	0	54	41	9
Receiving stolen property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mischief of serious character... ..	33	47	35	0	4	0	0
Belonging to a gang of dacoits, robbers or thieves	55	113	91	0	10	12	0
Vagrancy and bad character	4	23	7	13	3	0	0
Breaches of Special Laws cognizable by Police	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Minor offences not cognizable by Police, but prosecuted by information before } Magistrates	1177	1404	1058	0	299	37	10
Total...	2089	3708	2761	14	552	305	76

XI.

EDUCATION.

GENERAL Statement of Educational Institutions in the State of Cochin for the year 1050 M. E.

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	Government Institutions.																	
	Number.	Number of students on roll.	Average attendance daily.	Average age.	Teachers.		Income.						No. of persons instructed.					
					Christians.	Others.	Public funds.			Fees and fines.			Total.	English.	Vernacular.	General.		
High School Ernacollum	1	250	85.5	15	5	10	11,901	8	0	1266	10	0	13,168	2	0	250	250	250
DISTRICT SCHOOLS.																		
Trichoor	1	60	55	11.5	0	4	1,380	0	0	157	8	0	1,537	8	0	60	60	60
Chittoor	1	110	4.05	12	0	3	700	0	0	121	13	0	821	13	0	38	38	38
Wadakancherry	1	82	19	11	0	2	726	0	0	65	4	0	791	4	0	82	82	82
Irinjalacoda	1	55	35	10	1	1	576	0	0	106	12	0	682	12	0	39	39	39
Muttancherry	1	55	41	13	2	2	1,044	0	0	181	6	6	1,225	6	6	55	55	55
Hebrew School	1	34	27	16	0	1	180	0	0	0	0	0	180	0	0	0	38	0
Sanscrit Do.	1	15	13	16	0	2	360	0	0	0	0	0	360	0	0	0	15	0
VERNACULAR SCHOOLS.																		
Malayalam	6	138	118	11	0	6	504	0	0	0	0	0	504	0	0	0	138	0
Total	14	799			8	31	17,371	8	0	1899	5	6	19,270	13	6	524	715	524

XII.

Return showing the Diseases treated, and Deaths from each Class of Disease in the Civil Hospitals and Jails of the Cochin State for the year 1050 M. E.

DISEASES	Ernacollum Civil Hospital.		Ernacollum Jail Hospital.		Trichoor Civil Hospital.		Trichoor Jail Hospital.				
	In-patients.		Out-patients.		In-patients.		Out-patients.				
	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.			
Varicella	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Morbilli	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tonsillitis	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Parotitis	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	
Pertussis	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Febricula	4	0	100	0	10	0	0	51	0	47	
Febris Typhoides	2	1	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	33	
Febris Intermittens	12	0	112	0	2	0	9	163	0	1	
Ophthalmia	0	0	21	0	0	0	1	13	0	0	
Erysipelas	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	1	0	0	
Erythema	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Metria	2	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	53	
Furunculus	0	0	91	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	
Influenza	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	
Dysentery	6	1	71	2	0	0	3	39	0	37	
Diarrhæa	11	1	113	1	7	0	3	61	0	0	
Syphilis Primaria	7	0	62	0	0	0	5	10	0	0	
" Secundaria	26	0	71	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	
Gonorrhæa	1	0	32	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	
Phymosis	1	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Paraphymosis	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bubo	2	0	26	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	
Orchitis	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Stricture Urethræ	2	0	31	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	
Lepra	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	
Apthæ	0	0	21	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	
Scabies	12	0	161	0	22	0	3	44	0	2	
Tinea Tonsurans	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ascaris Lumbricoidea	0	0	371	0	0	0	0	88	0	0	
" Vermicularis	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rheumatism	6	0	132	0	9	0	2	43	0	10	
Anæmia	10	0	221	0	5	0	4	44	0	1	
Anasarca	36	4	176	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Carcinoma	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Scrofula	4	0	33	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	
Total...	150	7	2074	4	69	0	31	3613	0	203	1

Continued next page.

XII. Continued.

DISEASES	Ernacollum Civil Hospital.		Ernacollum Jail Hospital.		Trichoor Civil Hospital.		Trichoor Jail Hospital.					
	In-patients.		In-patients.		In-patients.		In-patients.					
	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.				
Phthisis Pulmonalis	150	7	2074	4	69	0	31	3	613	0	203	1
Hæmoptysis	4	0	27	2	0	0	1	0	7	0	1	1
Paralysis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Chorea	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Hysteria	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cephalæa	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Neuralgia	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Otitis	1	0	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Otrrhœa	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0
Morbus Valvularum Cordis	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pleuritis	6	2	13	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronchitis	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
Pneumonia	2	0	82	0	0	0	1	0	17	0	0	0
Catarrhus	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0
Polypus Nasi	0	0	172	0	7	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Asthma	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Odontalgia	0	0	33	0	1	0	0	0	13	0	0	0
Stomatitis	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
Enteritis	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Peritonitis	1	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Obstipatio	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hernia	1	0	220	0	0	0	1	0	65	0	5	0
Dyspepsia	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Colica	9	0	163	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0
Hæmorrhœis	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	3	0
Pistula in Ano	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Splenitis	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hepatitis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Icterus	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Ascites	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Diabetes	7	0	19	0	0	0	1	0	10	0	0	0
Hæmaturia	1	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hydrocele	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hydrops Ovarii	1	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Leucorrhœa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aménorrhœa	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
Dysménorrhœa	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Menorrhagia	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Abortus-Partus	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vomiting of Pregnancy	10	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synovitis	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total...	205	9	3284	7	78	1	37	3	799	0	215	2

Continued next page.

XII. Continued.

DISEASES	Ernacollum Civil hospital				Ernacollum Hospital.		Trichoor Civil Hospital				Trichoor Jail Hospital.	
	In-patients.		Out-patients.		In-patients.		Out-patients.		In-patients.		In-patients.	
	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.	Admission.	Death.
Periostitis	205	0	3284	7	78	1	37	3	799	0	215	2
Caries	0	0	7	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Atrophia Musculorum	0	0	12	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Herpes	0	0	1	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Psoriasis	0	0	17	0	0	0	"	"	8	"	"	"
Paronychia	1	0	9	0	0	0	"	"	12	"	"	"
Abscessus	0	0	8	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	1	"
Ulcus	7	0	11	0	6	0	"	"	13	"	1	"
Anus Imperforatus	48	0	19	0	6	0	21	"	133	"	51	"
Dentitio	0	0	4	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Ambustio	0	0	26	0	0	0	"	"	2	"	"	"
Contusio	1	0	3	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Fractura	6	0	15	0	0	0	"	"	8	"	4	"
Luxatura	9	0	4	0	0	0	"	"	1	"	"	"
Subluxatio	0	0	7	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Vulnus Incisum	0	0	19	0	0	0	"	"	1	"	1	"
" Laceratum	6	0	52	0	0	0	"	"	6	"	"	"
" Sclopetarium	6	0	106	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Foreign body in Nose	2	0	0	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
" " " Ears	0	0	15	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
" " " Eyes	0	0	12	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Tumors	0	0	2	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Warts	0	0	8	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Edema Lower Extremity	1	0	4	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
	0	0	4	0	0	0	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total...	294	0	3649	7	90	1	63	3	983	0	273	2

XIII.

ANNUAL RETURN of persons vaccinated in the Cochin Territories during the year 1050 M. E.

Districts.	Number of operators.	Persons Treated.		
		Vaccinated.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.
Canianoor	1	2113	2027	186
Shellakarah	1	2265	2008	257
Cochin	1	2184	2000	184
Cranganore	1	1735	1584	151
Mngundapurum	1	1953	1793	160
Chittoor	1	2202	2083	219
Kodacherry	1	2320	2098	222
Yennamakel	1	1870	1710	160
Trichoor	2	4394	4014	380
Thallapally	1	1910	1740	170
	11	22946	21057	1889

XIV.

RETURN of Ships or Vessels arrived at, and sailed from the Cochin Sirkar Ports of Mallipoorom and Narrakel during the year 1050 M. E. or from the 15th August 1874 to the 15th August 1875 A. D.

Ports.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Departure.	Vessel's Names.	Commander's Name.	Colours.	Tons.	Amount of port dues collected.		
Mallipoorom ...	1874 April 29	1875 May 2	Schooner Felicite	Tindel Manuel (rus	English.	40-27	0	0	0
Narrakel ...	1874 August 18	1874 August 18	S. S. Socotra	Captain J. Withers	English.	1,245	155	0	0
"	" 27	" 27	S. S. Assyria	" C. C. D. Hutcheson	Do.	969	121	4	0
"	" 30	" 30	S. S. Madura	" J. Smith	Do.	1,266	158	4	0
September	10	Sept. 10	S. S. Socotra	" J. Withers	Do.	1,240	0	0	0
November	23	November. 25	Brig Mahd. Ally Cather Bux	Tindel Bastiam Pillay	Do.	66-59	4	2	0
1875 January	9	1875 January 11	Schr. Lady Helena	Tindel Anto Fernando	Do.	62	2	14	0
June	4	July 3	Barque Oceana	Captain Godfrey Miller	Do.	488-82	61	2	0
"	4	June 22	Do. Caldera	" John Evans	Do.	714-54	89	4	0
"	5	" 22	Do. Leonore	" N. Durand	French.	396	49	8	0
"	6	July 7	Do. Strata Florida	" D. Vaughan	English.	266-81	33	6	0
"	8	" 7	Do. Jane Harvey	" C. Hamming	Do.	347	43	6	0
"	8	June 9	S. S. Almora	" H. T. Dickinson	Do.	1,714	214	4	0
"	8	July 5	Barque Teazer	" Faquir Bai Manadi...	Do.	363	45	6	0
"	9	June 9	S. S. Malda	" F. M. Burke	Do.	1,268-66	158	10	0
"	17	" 17	S. S. Asta	" J. R. Gavin	Do.	1,159	142	6	0
"	18	" 18	S. S. Mecca	" R. Johnson	Do.	940	117	8	0
"	19	July 30	Ship John Allan	" James Horne	Do.	734	91	12	0
"	20	June 20	S. S. Abyssinia	" W. T. Hart	Do.	717	89	10	0
"	24	" 24	S. S. Malda	" F. M. Burke	Do.	1,268	0	0	0
"	24	July 10	Barque Neree	" Leon Creal	French.	279	34	10	0
"	25	" 23	Barque Brise Lames	" Alfonso Duparx	Do.	332	41	8	0
"	28	June 23	S. S. Africa	" C. C. D. Hutcheson	English.	1,318	164	12	0
"	30	" 30	S. S. Mecca	" R. Johnson	Do.	940	0	0	0
July	4	July 4	S. S. Khandalia	" G. W. Wicks	Do.	1,318	164	12	0
"	6	" 6	S. S. Abyssinia	" W. T. Hart	Do.	717	0	0	0
"	11	" 11	S. S. Rajpootana	" H. Morby	Do.	1,312	164	0	0
"	14	" 14	S. S. Africa	" C. C. D. Hutcheson	Do.	1,318	0	0	0
"	17	" 19	S. S. Ava	" J. Paterson	Do.	1,708	213	10	0
"	21	" 21	S. S. Penang	" R. J. Scott	Do.	475	59	6	0
"	26	" 26	S. S. Patna	" W. Crowden	Do.	1,132	141	8	0
"	27	" 27	S. S. Rajpootana	" H. Morby	Do.	1,311	0	0	0
"	28	" 28	Barque Alfred	" J. Gronow	Do.	349	43	12	0
August	1	August 1	S. S. Madura	" J. P. Gavin	Do.	1,266	153	4	0
"	3	" 3	S. S. Khandala	" G. W. Wicks	Do.	1,318	0	0	0
"	9	" 9	S. S. Ava	" J. Paterson	Do.	1,708	0	0	0
"	10	" 10	S. S. Malda	" F. N. Burke	Do.	1,268	158	10	0
"	11	" 11	S. S. Manzella	" P. L. Rhode	Do.	1,267	158	6	0
"	15	" 15	S. S. Arcot	" J. Sharp	Do.	1,131-57	141	8	0
						Total...	3,223	6	0