### THE

## HISTORY

AND

# ADVENTURES

OF AN

# ATOM.

RV

Dr. SMOLLETT.

. TWO VOLUMES IN ONE.

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THE time was now come when Fortune, which had hitherto smiled upon the Chinese arms, resolved to turn tail to that vain-glorious nation; and precifely at the same instant Taycho undertook to display his whole capacity in the management of the war. But before he assumed this province, it was necessary that he should establish a despotisim in the council of twentyeight, some members of which had still the presumption to offer their advice towards the administration of affairs. This council being affembled by the Dairo's order, to deliberate upon the objects of the next campaign, the prefident began by asking the opinion of Taycho, who was the youngest member; upon which the orator made no articulate reply, but cried 'Ba-baba-ba!' The Dairo exclaimed 'Boh!' The Fatzman ejaculated the interjection 'Pish!' The Cuboy sat in filent aftonishment. Gotto-mio swore the man was dumb, and hinted fomething of lunacy. Fokfi-rokhu shook his head; and Soo-fan-fin-o shrugged up his shoulders. At length Fika-kaka going round and killing Taycho on the foreheaed, 'My dear boy' (cried he) !---. Gad's curse! what's the matter? Do but open the fluices of your eloquence once more, my dear orator ; --- let us have one fimile --- one dear fimile ; and then I shall die contented .--- With respect to the operations of the campaign, don't you think' --- Here he was interrupted with 'Ka, ka, ka, ka!' 'Heighday! (cried the Cuboy) Ba-ba-ba, ka-ka-ka! that's the language of children!' 'And children you shall be (exclaimed the orator). Here is a two-penny trumpet for the amutement of the illustrious Got-hamababa; a fword of gingerbread covered with gold-leaf for the Fatzman; and a rattle for my lord Cuboy. have, likewise, sugar-plumbs for the rest of the council.' So faying, he, without ceremony, advanced to

the Dairo, and tied a scarf round the eyes of his imperial majesty: then he produced a number of padlocks, f. and fealed up the lips of every Quo in council, before the they could recollect themselves from their first astonish- e ment. The affembly broke up abruptly; and the Dairo h was conducted to his cabinet by the Fatzman and the tr Cuboy, which last endeavoured to divert the chagrin in of his royal mafter, by blowing the trumpet and fe fhaking the rattle in his ears: but Got-hama-baba at could not be fo easily appeared. He growled like an ti enraged bear, at the indignity which had been offered to a him, and kicked the Cuboy before as well as behind, re Mr. Orator Taycho was fain to come to an explana- of tion. He affured the Dairo, it was necessary that his of imperial majesty should remain in the dark, and that be the whole council should be muzzled for a feason, u otherwise he should not accomplish the great things he had projected in favour of the farm of Yesso. He de- di clared that while his majesty remained blindfold, he would enjoy all his other fenfes in greater perfection; that his ears would be every day regaled with the shouts of triumph, conveyed in notes of uncommon melody; and that the less quantity of animal spirits was expended in vision, the greater proportion would flow to his extremities; confequently, his pleafure would be more acute in his pedestrian exercitations upon the Cuboy and others whom he delighted to honour. He, therefore, exhorted him to undergo a total privation of eye-fight, which was at best a troublesome faculty, that exposed mankind to a great variety of disagreeable spectacles. This was a proposal which the Dairo did not relish: on the contrary, he waxed exceedingly wroth, and told the orator he would rather enjoy one transient glance of the farm of Yello, than the most exquisite delights that could be procured for all the other fenses. 'To gratify your majety with that ineffable pleafure, (cried Taycho) I have devoted myself, soul and body, and even reconciled contradictions. I have renounced all my former principles

e ciples without forfeiting the influence which, by pros, feffing those principles, I had gained. I have obtained the most astonishing victories over common sense, and even refuted mathematical demonstration. The manyo headed Mob, which no former demagogue could ever tame, I have taught to fetch and to carry; to dance to my pipe; to bray to my tune; to fwallow what I pred fent without murmuring; to lick my feet when I am a angry; and kiss the rod when I think proper to chasn tile it. I have done more, my liege; I have prepared a drench for it, which, like Lethe, washes away the remembrance of what is past, and takes away all sense of its own condition. I have fwept away all the money s of the empire; and perfuaded the people not only to t beggar themselves, but likewise to entail indigence , upon the latest posterity; and all for the sake of Yesso. e It is by dint of these efforts I have been able to subsi-- dize Brut-an-tiffi, and raife and army of one hundred e thousand men to defend your imperial majesty's farm, which, were the entire property of it brought to market, e would not fetch one-third part of the fums which are n now yearly expended in its defence. I shall strike but s one great stroke in the country of Fatisfio, and then d turn the whole stream of the war into the channel of e Tartary, until the barren plains of Yesso are fertilized with human blood. In the mean time, I must insist upon your majesty's continuing in the dark, and amusing yourself in your cabinet with the trumpet and other gewgaws which I have provided for your diversion; otherwise I quit the reins of administration, and turn the monster out of my trammels; in which case, like the dog that returns to its vomit, it will not fail to take up its former prejudices against Yesso, which I have with fuch pains obliged it to refign.'---- O my dear Taycho! (cried the affrighted Dairo) talk not of leaving me in fuch a dreadful dilemma. Rather than the dear farm should fall into the hands of the Chinese, I would be contented to be led about blindfold all the days of my life .--- Proceed in your own way .--- I invest

you with full power and authority, not only to gag my whole council, but even to nail their ears to the pillory, should it be found necessary for the benefit of Yesto. In token of which delegation, present your posteriors, and I will bestow upon you a double portion of my favour.' Taycho humbly thanked his imperial majesty for the great honour he intended him; but begged leave to decline the ceremony, on account of the hemorrhoids, which at that time gave him great disturbance.

The orator having thus annihilated all opposition in the council of Twenty-eight, repaired to his own house, in order to plan the operations of the enfuing campaign. Though he had reinforced the army in Tartary with the flower of the Japonese soldiery, and destined a strong fquadron of Fune, as ufual, to parade on the coast of China; he forefaw it would be necessary to amuse the people with fome new stroke on the fide of Fathlio, which indeed was the original and the most natural fcene of the war. He locked himfelf up in his closet; and confulting the map of Fathilio, he found that the principal Chinese settlement of that island, was a fortified town called Quib-quab, to which there was access by two different avenues; one by a broad, rapid, navigable river, on the banks of which the town was fituated; and the other by an inland route over mountains, lakes, and dangerous torrents. He measured the map with his compass, and perceived that both routes were nearly of the same length; and therefore he resolved that the forces in Fatsisio being divided into two equal bodies, should approach the place by the two different avenues, on the supposition that they would both arrive before the wall of Quib-quab at the fame instant of time. The conduct of the inland expedition was given to Yaff-rai, who now commanded in chief in Fatissio; and the rest of the troops were sent up the great river, under the auspices of Ya-loff, who had so eminently distinguished himself in the course of the preceding year.

COOKE'S POCKET EDUTION OF SELECT NOVELS.



Orator Taycho had received some articles of intelligence which embarraffed him a little at first; but these difficulties soon vanished before the vigour of his resolutions. He knew that not only the town of Quibmuab was fortified by art, but also, that the whole adacent country was almost impregnable by nature: that one Chinese general blocked up the passes with a frong body of forces, in the route which was to be followed by Yaff-rai; and that another commanded a separate corps in the neighbourhood of Quib-quab, equal, at least, in number to the detachment of Yaloff, whom he might therefore either prevent from landing, or attack after he should be landed : or finally, should neither of these attempts succeed, he might reinforce the garrison of Quib-quab, so as to make it more numerous than the befieging army, which, according to the rules of war, ought to be ten times the number of the besieged. On the other hand, in order b invalidate these objections, he reflected that fortune, which hath fuch a share in all military events, is inconlant and variable; that as the Chinese had been so long accelsful in Fatisfio, it was now their turn to be unforunate. He reflected that the dæmon of folly was caricious; and that as it had so long possessed the rulers and generals of Japan, it was high time it should shift its quarters, and occupy the brains of the enemy; in which case they would quit their advantageous posts, and commit fome blunder that would lay them at the mercy of the Japonese .--- With respect to the reduction Quib-quab, he had heard, indeed, that the beegers ought to be ten times the number of the garrion befieged; but as every Japonese was equivalent to an fubjects of China, he thought the match was pretty qual. He reflected, that even if this expedition should lot fucceed, it would be of little consequence to his putation, as he could plead at home, that he neither tonceived the original plan, nor appointed any of the officers concerned in the execution. It is true, he hight have reinforced the army in Fathino, so as to

leave

leave very little to fortune: but then he must have fubtracted fomething from the strength of the opera the tions in Tartary, which was now become the favour vete ite scene of the war; or he must have altogether suf. The pended the execution of another darling scheme, which which was literally his own conception. There was an islandine in the great Indian ocean, at a confiderable distance the from Fatfilio; and here the Chinese had a strong settle alway ment. Taycho was inflamed with the ambition of and reducing this island, which was called Thin-quo; and tow for this purpose he resolved to embark a body of force differ which should co-operate with the squadron of Funs or a destined to cruize in those latitudes. The only differ to culty that remained was to choose a general to direction this enterprize. He perused a list of all the militar bet officers in Japan; and as they were all equal in pointhe of reputation, he began to examine their names, in athe order to pitch upon that which fhould appear to be the ong most fignificant: and in this particular, Taycho was aut little fuperstitious. Not but that furnames, when profad perly bestowed, might be rendered very useful terms atte. distinction: but I must tell thee, Peacock, nothing can be more prepofteroufly abfurd than the practice of en inheriting cognomina, which ought ever to be purely alle personal. I would ask thee, for example, what propriety there was in giving the name Xenophon, which refs fignifies one that speaks a foreign language, to the cele-ator brated Greek who diftinguished himself, not only ass as l confummate captain, but also as an elegant writer in tad. his mother tongue? What could be more ridiculous the than to denominate the great philosopher of Crotom, 11, Pythagoras, which implies a flinking speech? Or what ady could be more misapplied than the name of the weeping philosopher Heraelitus, fignifying military glory? The inheritance of furnames among the Romans, produced men still more ludicrous consequences. The best and no-yau blest families in Rome derived their names from the other coarfest employments, or else from the corporeal ble in. mishes of their ancestors. The Pifones were millers beek

the Cicerones and the Lentuli were fo called from the vetches and the lentils which their forefathers dealt in. ful The Fabij were fo denominated from a dung-pit, in nichwhich the first of the family was begot by stealth in and the way of fornication. A ploughman gave rife to and the great family of the Serrani, the ladies of which tle always went without smocks. The Suilli, the Bubulci, and the Porci, were descended from a swine herd, a an tow-herd, and a hog-butcher .-- What could be more rediffraceful than to call the fenator Strabo, Squintum; une or a fine young lady of the house of Pæti, Piginies? lift or to distinguish a matron of the Limi, by the appellaregion of Sheep's-eye ? -- What could be more dishonouratar ble than to give the furname of Snub-nose to P. Silius, on the proprætor, because his great-great-great-grand-, if other had a nose of that make? Ovid, indeed had a thong nofe, and therefore was justly denominated Naso: as aut why should Horace be called Flaccus, as if his ears pro lad been stretched in the pillory: I need not mention as ale Burrbi, Nigri, Rufi, Aquilij, and Rutilij, because hinge have the same foolish surnames in England; and ce con the Lappa; for I myself know a very pretty miss new alled Rough-head, though in fact there is not a young prody in the Bills of Mortality, who takes more pains to hid tels her hair to the best advantage. The famous diccele. ator whom the deputies of Rome found at the plough, as 1 as known by the name of Cincinnatus, or Raggeder in val. Now I leave you to judge how it would found these days, if a footman at the play-house should call tons, it, 'My Lady Ragged-bead's coach. Room for my what dy Ragged-head.' I am doubtful whether the English nine of Hale does not come from the Roman cogno-The Hala, which fignified flinking breath. What need nention the Plauti, Panci, Valgi, Vari, Vatia, and no-Jauri; the Tuditani, the Malici, Cenefiella, and Lecca; the other words, the Splay-foots, Bandy-legs, Shambleblooms, Baker-knees, Club-foots, Hammer-heads, Chubbylers beeks, Bald-heads, and Letchers. I shall not fay a the word of the Butio or Buzzard, that I may not be obliged

obliged to explain the meaning of the word Triorchi from whence it takes its denomination; yet all the were great families in Rome. But I cannot help tak ing notice of some of the same improprieties which have crept into the language and customs of this coun try. Let us suppose, for example, a foreigner read ing an English newspaper in these terms: Last Tue day the right honourable Timothy Sillyman, fecretary state for the southern department, gave a grand enter tainment to the nobility and gentry at his house Knave's-acre. The evening was concluded with ball, which was opened by Sir Samuel Hog, and Lad Diana Rough-head .---- We hear there is purpole marrige between Mr. Alderman Small-cock and M Harriot Hair-stones, a young lady of great fortune at superlative merit .--- By the last mail from German we have certain advice of a compleat victory which General Coward has obtained over the enemy. O this occasion the general displayed all the intrepidit of the most renowned hero: by the same canal we a informed that Lieutenant Little-fear has been bro by a court-martial for cowardice. We hear the Edward West, Esq. will be elected president of the directors of the East-India company for the enfuir year. It is reported that Commodore North will! fent with a Iquadron into the South-Sea. Captain East and South are appointed by the Lords of the A miralty, commanders of two frigates to fail on the di covery of the North-west passage. Yesterday morning Sir John Summer, bart, lay dangeroufly ill at his hou in String-garden: he is attended by Dr. Winter: b there are no hopes of his recovery. Saturday last Pl lip Frost, a dealer in Gunpowder, died at his house Snow-bill, of a high fever caught by overheating him felf in walking for a wager from No Man's Land the World's End. Last week Mr. John Fog, teach of astronomy in Rotherhithe, was married to the wid Fairweather of Puddledock. We hear from Bath, th on Thursday last a duel was fought on Lansdown,

Captain Sparrow and Richard Hazuke, Eig; in which the latter was mortally wounded. Friday laft ended the fessions at the Old Bailey, when the following persons received fentence of death. Leonard Lamb, for the murder of Julius Wolf; and Henry Grave, for robbing and affaulting Dr. Death, whereby the faid Death was put in fear of his life. Giles Gosling, for defrauding Simon Fox of four guineas and his watch, by fubtle craft, was tranfported for feven years; and David Drinkwater was ordered to be fet in the flocks, as an habitual drunkard. The trial of Thomas Green, whitster at Fulham, for a rape on the body of Flora White, a mulatto, was put off till next fessions, on account of the absence of two material evidences, viz. Sarah Brown, clear-starcher of Pimlico, and Anthony Black, scarlet-dyer of Wandsworth. I ask thee, Peacock, whether a sensible foreigner, who understood the literal meaning of these names, which are all truly British, would not think ye were a nation of humorists, who delighted in crosspurpofes and ludicrous fingularity? But, indeed, ye are not more abfurd in this particular, than some of your neighbours. I know a Frenchman of the name of Bowvier, which fignifies Cow-keeper, pique himfelf foir upon his nobleffe; and a general called Valavoir, is and aid to have lost his life by the whimfical impropriety of his furname, which fignifies \* Go and fee. You may A Amember an Italian minister called Groffa-testa, or Great-head, though in fact he had scarce any head at That nation has, likewife, its Sforzas, Malaleffas, Boccanigras, Porcinas, Giudices; its Colonnas, Muratorios, Medicis, and Gozzi; Endeavours, Chucklepheads, Black Muzzles, Hogs, Judges, Pillars, Masons, use Letches, and Chubby-chops. Spain has its Almohadas, him Girones, Uteras, Urfinas, and Zapatas; fignifying and Culpions, Gores, Bullocks, Bears, and Slippers. The

add The general taking a folitory walk in the evening, was quefided the stable and answered Valua voir. The folder taking odd the stable the third taking the folial taking the stable the taking the stable the stable the stable the stable taking affronted, and the general, and being affronted, and the general, and being affronted, and the general, and being affronted, and the general, and the stable and on the poor.

Turks, in other respects a sensible people, fall into the fame extravagance, with respect to the inheritance of furnames. An Armenian merchant, to whom I one belonged at Aleppo, used to dine at the house of a cook whose name was Clock-maker; and the handsomest Ichoglan in the Bashaw's seraglio was furnamed Crook-back. If we may believe the historian Buck, there was the fame impropriety in the fame epithet bestowed upon Richard III. king of England, who, he fays, was one of the best-made men of the age in which he lived : but here I must contradict the faid Buck, from my own knowledge. Richard had, undoubtedly, one shoulded higher than the other, and his left arm was a little thrunk and contracted: but notwithstanding the ungracious colours in which he has been drawn by the flatterers of the house of Lancaster, I can assure the Peacock, that Richard was a prince of a very agree able aspect, and excelled in every personal accomplish ment; neither was his heart a stranger to the soften passions of tenderness and pity. The very night that preceded the fatal battle of Bosworth, in which he lol his life, he went in disguise to the house of a farme in the neighbourhood, to vifit an infant fon there boarded, who was the fruit of an amour between him and a young lady of the first condition. Upon this occasion, he embraced the child with all the marks paternal affection, and doubtful of the iffue of the ap proaching battle, thed a flood of tears at parting from him, after having recommended him to the particular care of his nurse, to whom he gave money and jewel to a confiderable value. After the catastrophe of Rich ard this house was plundered, and the nurse with disficulty escaped to another part of the country; but a the enemies of Richard now prevailed, the never during reveal the fecret of the boy's birth; and he was bred up as her own fon to the trade of brick-laying, in which character he lived and died at an advanced age in London. Moreover, it is but justice in me, who conflituted part of one of Richard's yeomen of the guard

he to affure thee that this prince was not fo wicked and of cruel as he has been represented. The only share he had in the death of his brother Clarence, was his forbearing to interpole in the behalf of that prince with otheir elder brother king Edward IV. who, in fact, was the greatest brute of the whole family: neither did he he poison his own wife; nor employ affaffins to murder on his two nephews in the tower. Both the boys were ne given by Tyrrel in charge to a German Jew, with diout rections to breed them up as his own children, in a remote country; and the eldest died of a fever at Ember den, and the other afterwards appeared as claimant of the English crown: all the world knows how he fin. nished his career under the name of Perkin Warbeck. So much for the abuse of furnames, in the investigation et of which I might have used thy own by way of illustration; for, if thou and all thy generation were put to fithe rack, they would not be able to give any tolerable free reason why thou shouldest be called Peacock rather than hat Crab-loufe, But it is now high time to return to the lot thread of our narration. Taycho, having confidered the lift of officers, without finding one name which implied any active virtue, refolved that the choice should depend upon accident. He huftled them all together in this cap, and putting in his hand at random, drew orth that of Hob-nob; a person who had grown old in ap obscurity, without ever having found an opportunity of being concerned in actual fervice. His very name was utterly unknown to Fika-kaka; and this circumstance the orator confidered as a lucky omen; for the Cuboy had fuch a remarkable knack at finding out the least dif qualified subjects, and overlooking merit, his new coltal league concluded (not without some shadow of reason) und that Hob-nob's being unknown to the prime minister, med was a fort of negative prefumption in favour of his hich character. This officer was accordingly placed at the on head of an armament, and fent against the island of Thin-quo, in the conquest of which he was to be sup-K 2

The voyage was performed without much loss: the troops were landed without opposition. They had already advanced towards a rifing-ground which commanded the principal town of the island, and He Rhumn had offered to land and draw the artillery by the mariners of his fquadron, when Hob-nob had a dream which disconcerted all his measures. He dreamed that he entertained all the islanders in the temple of the White Horse; and that his own grand-mother did the honours of the table. Indeed he could not have performed a greater act of charity; for they were literally in danger of perishing by famine. Having confulted his interpreter on this extraordinary dream, h was given to understand that the omen was unlucky; that if he perfitted in his hostilities, he himself would be taken prifoner, and offered up as a facrifice to the idol of the place. While he ruminated on this unfavourable response, the principal inhabitants of the island affembled, in order to deliberate upon their own deplorable fituation. They had neither troops, arms, fortifications, nor provision, and despaired of supplies, as the fleet of Japan furrounded the island. In this emergency, they determined to fubmit without oppositions and appointed a deputation to go and make a tender of the island to general Hob-nob. This deputation, preceded by white flags of truce, the Japonese commander no fooner descried, than he thought upon the interpretation of his dream. He mistook the deputies with their white flags for the Bonzas of the idol to which he was to be facrificed: and, being forely troubled in mind, ordered the troops to be immediately embarked, notwithstanding the exhortations of He-Rhumn, and the remonstrances of Rha-rin-tumm, the second in command, who used a number of arguments to diffuade him from his purpofe. The deputies feeing the enemy in motion, made a halt, and after they were fairly on board, returned to the town, finging hymns in praise of the idol Fo, who, they imagined, had confounded the understanding of the Japonese general,

The attempt upon Thin-quo having thus miscarried, Hob-nob declared he would return to Japan; but was with great difficulty perfuaded by the commander of the Fune and his own fecond, to make a descent upon another illand belonging to the Chinefe, called Qua-chu, where they affured him he would meet with no opposition, As he had no dream to deter him from this attempt, he fuffered himfelf to be perfuaded, and actually made good his landing: but the horror occasioned by the apparition of his grand-mother had made fuch an impression upon his mind, as affected the constitution of his body. Before he was vifited by another fuch vision, he fickened and died ; and in confequence of his death, Rha-rin-tumm and He Rhumm made a conqueit of the illand of Quac-hu, which was much more valuable than Thin-quo, the first and tole object of the expedition. When the first news of this second descent arrived in Japan, the ministry were in the utmost confuion. Mr. Orator Taycho did not feruple to declare that general Hob-nob had misbehaved; first, in relinquishing Thin-quo, upon fuch a frivolous pretence as the supposed apparition of an old woman; secondly, mattempting the conquest of another place, which was not io much as mentioned in his instructions. The truth is, the importance of Qua-chu was not known to the cabinet of Japan. Fika-ka-ka believed it was some place on the continent of Tartary, and exclaimed in a violent passion, ' Rot the block-head, Hob-nob; he'll have an army of Chinese on his back in a twinkling?' When the prefident Soo-fan-fin-o affured him that Qua-chu was a rich island at an immense distance from the continent of Tartary, the Cuboy infitted upon kiffing his excellency's posteriors for the agreeable information he had received. In a few weeks arrived the tidings of the island's being totally reduced by Rha-rin-tumm and He-Rhumn .- Then the conquest was published throughout the empire of Japan, B

and

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with every circumstance of exaggeration. The blatant beaft brayed applause. The rites of Fakku-bai were celebrated with unusual folemnity; and hymns of trumph were sung to the glory of the great Taycho. Even the Cuboy arrogated to himself some share of the honour gained by this expedition; inalmuch as the general Rha-rin-tumm was the brother of his friend Mr. Secretary. No-bo-dy. Fika-kaka gave a grand entitation at his palace, where he appeared crowned with a garland of the Tikk-buressia, or laurel of Japan; and eat so much of the soup of Jonku or famous Swallow's-nest, that he was for three days troubled with

flatulencies and indigestion.

In the midst of all this festivity, the emperor still growled and grumbled about Yesio. His new ally Brut-an-tiffi had met with a variety of fortune, and even fuffered fome flocks, which orator Taycho, with all his art, could not keep from the knowledge of the Dairo. ----He had been feverely drubbed by the Mantchoux, who had advanced for that purpose even to his courtyard: but this was nothing in comparison to another difafter, from which he had a hair-breath 'fcape. The Great Khan had employed one of his most wily and enterprizing chiefs to feize Brut-an-tiff by furprize, that he might be brought to juffice, and executed as a felon and perturbator of the public peace. Kunt-than, who was the partitan pitched upon for this fervice, practifed a thousand stratagems to decoy Brut-an-tiffi into a careless security; but he was still baffled by the vigilance of Yam-a-Kheit, a famous soldier of fortune, who had engaged in the fervice of the outlawed Tartar. At length the opportunity offered, when this captain was fent out to lay the country under contribution. Then Kunt-than marching folely in the dead of night, caught Brut-an-tiffi napping. He might have flain him upon the fpot; but his orders were to take him alive, that he might be made a public example; accordingly, his centinels being dispatched, he was pulled out of bed, and his hands were already tied with cords

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like those of a common malefactor, when by his roaring and bellowing, he gave the alarm to Yam-a-Kheit, who chanced to be in the neighbourhood, returning from his excursion .-- He made all the haste he could, and came up in the very nick of time to fave his mafter. He fell upon the party of Kunt-than with fuch fury, that they were fain to quit their prey: then he cut the fetters of Brut-an-tiffi, who took to his heels and fled with incredible expedition, leaving his preferver in the milit of his enemies, by whom he was overpowered, struck from his horse, and trampled to death. The grateful Tartar not only deferted this brave captain in fuch extremity, but he also took care to asperse his memory, by infinuating that Yam-a-Kheit had undertaken to watch him while he took his repose, and had himself fallen asleep upon his post, by which neglect of duty the Oftrog had been enabled to penetrate into his quarters. 'Tis an ill wind that blows no-body good: -- the fame difafter that deprived him of a good officer, afforded him an opportunity to shift the blame of neglect from his own thoulders to those of a person who could not answer for himself. In the same manner, your general A----y acquitted himself of the charge of misconduct for the attack of T ---- a, by accusing his engineer, who, having fallen into the battle, could not contradict his affertion. In regard to the affair with the Mantchoux, Brut-an-tiffi was refolved to fwear truth out of Tartary by meer dint of impudence. In the very article of running away, he began to propagate the report of the great victory he had obtained. He fent the Dairo a circumftantial detail of his own prowels, and expatiated upon the cowardice of the Mantchoux, who he faid had vanished from him like quick-filver, at the very time when they were quietly possessed of the held of battle, and he himself was calling upon the mountains to cover him. It must have been in imitaof this great original, that the Inspector, of tympanitical memory, affured the public in one of his lucubrations, that a certain tall Hibernian was afraid of looking

looking him in the face; because the said poltroon had kicked his breech the night before in presence of five

hundred people. Fortune had now abandoned the Chinese in good earnest. Two fquadrons of their Fune had been fucceffively taken, destroyed, or dispersed, by the Japonele commanders Or-nbos and Fas-khan; and they had lost fuch a number of fingle junks, that they were scarce able to keep the fea. On the coast of Africa they were driven from the fettlement of Kho-rhé, by the commander Kha-fell. In the extremity of Afia, they had an army totally defeated by the Japonese captain Khuttwhang, and many of their fettlements were taken. In Fatfisio, they lost another battle to Yan-oni, and divers strong holds. In the neighbourhood of Yesso, Bronxi-tic, who commanded the mercenary army of Japan on that continent, had been obliged to retreat before the Chinese from post to pillar, till at length he found it absolutely necessary to maintain his position, even at the rifque of being attacked by the enemy, that outnumbered him greatly. He choic an advantageous poff, where he thought himfelf fecure, and went to fleep at his usual time of rest. The Chinese general resolving to beat up his quarters in the night, selected a body of horse for that purpose, and put them in motion accordingly. It was happy for Bron-xi-tic that this detachment fell upon a quarter where there happened to be a kennel of Japonese dogs, which are as famous as the bull-dogs of England, These animals, ever on the watch, not only gave the alarm, but at the fame time fell upon the Chinese horses with such impetuolity, that the enemy were difordered, and had actually fled before Bron-xi-tic could bring up his troops to action. All that he faw of the battle, when he came up, was a finall number of killed and wounded, and the cavalry of the enemy scampering off in confusion, though at a great distance from the field. ' No matter ; --- he found means to paint this famous battle of Myn-than in fuch colours as dazzled the weak eye-fight of the Japonele

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. monster, which bellowed hoarse applause through all its throats; and in its hymns of triumph equalled Bron-xi-tic even to the unconquerable Brut-an-tiffi, which laft, about this time, received at his own door another beating from the Mantchoux, fo fevere that he lay for fome time without exhibiting any figns of life; and, indeed, owed his fafety to a very extraordinary circumflance. An Offrog chief called Llha-dahn, who had reinforced the Mantchoux with a confiderable body of horse before the battle, insisted upon carrying off the carcale of Brut-an-tiffi, that it might be hung up on a gibbet in terrorem, before the pavilion of the great Khan. The General of the Mantchoux, on the other hand, declared he would have it flayed on the spot, and the fkin fent as a trophy to his fovereign. pute produced a great deal of abuse betwixt those barbarians; and it was with great difficulty fome of their inferior chiefs, who were wifer than themselves, prevented them from going by the ears together. In a word, the confusion and anarchy that enfued, afforded an opportunity to one of Brut-an-tiffi's partifans to iteal away the body of his mafter, whom the noise of the contest had just roused from his swoon. Llha-dahn perceiving he was gone, rode off in difgust with all his cavalry; and the Mantchoux, instead of following the blow, made a retrograde motion towards their own country, which allowed Brut-an-tiffi time to breathe. Three fuccessive difasters of this kind would have been officient to lower the military character of any warnor, in the opinion of any public that judged from their own fenies and reflexion: but, by this time, the Japonele had quietly refigned all their natural perceptions, and paid the most implicit faith to every article broached by their Apostle Taycho. The more it leemed to contradict common reason and common evidence, the more greedily was it fwallowed as a mysterious dogma of the political creed. Taycho then affured them that the whole army of the Mantchoux

carry the war within three weeks, into the heart of China; he gave them goblets of horfe-blood from Myn-than; and tickled their cars and their nofes; they fnorted approbation, licked his toes, and funk into a

are found behavory

From this, however, they were foon aroufed by unwelcome tidings from Fathino. Yaff-rai had proceeded in his route until he was stopped by a vast lake, which he could not possibly traverse without boats, corkjackets, or fome fuch expedient, which could not be supplied for that campaign. Ya-loff had failed up the river to Quib-quab, which he found fo ftrongly fortified by nature, that it feemed rashness even to attempt a landing, especially in the face of an enemy more numerous than his own detachment. Land, however, he did, and even attacked a fortified camp of the Chinese; but, in spite of all his efforts, he was repulsed with confiderable flaughter. He fent an account of this miscarriage to Taycho, giving him to understand, at the same time, that he had received no intelligence of Yaff-rai's motions; that his troops were greatly diminished; that the feason was too far advanced to keep the field much longer; and that nothing was left them but a choice of difficulties, every one of which feemed more infurmountable than another. Taycho having delibe- ri rated on this fubject, thought it was necessary to pre- a pare the monster for the worst that could happen, as he now expected to hear by the first opportunity, that the grand expedition of Fathino had totally miscarried. He resolved therefore to throw the blame upon the shoul of ders of Ya-loff and Yaff-rai, and frigmatize them as the creatures of Fika-kaka, who had neither ability to comprehend the instructions he had given, nor refolution to execute the plan he had projected. For this fi purpose he ascended the rostrum, and with a ruesulle length of face opened his harangue upon the defeat of Ya-loff. The Hydra no fooner underflood that the troops of Japan had been discomfitted, than it was t feized with a kind of hysteric fit, and uttered a yell to

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. loud and horrible, that the blind-fold Dairo trembled in the most internal recesses of his palace: the Cuboy Fika-kaka had fuch a profuse evacuation, that the difcharge is faid to have weighed five Boll-ah, equal to eight and forty pounds three ounces and two pennyweight averdupois of Great-Britain. Even Taycho himself was discomposed. In vain he prefented the draught of yeaft, and the goblet of blood :--- in vain his pipers foothed the ears, and his tall fellows tickled the note of the blatant beaft. It continued to howl and grin, and gnash its teeth, and writhe itself into a thousand contortions, as if it had been troubled with that twisting of the guts called the iliac passion. Taythe began to think its case desperate, and sent for the he Dairo's chief physician, who prescribed a glyster of the diffilled spirit analogous to your Geneva; but no th apothecary nor old woman in Meaco would undertake is to administer it on any consideration, the patient was at youch a filthy, aukward, lubberly, unmanageable beaft. of ... If what comes from its mouths (faid they) be so ii- foul, virulent, and pestilential, how nauseous, poisonous, and intolerable must that be which takes the other out course?' -- When Taycho's art and forelight were at a ore fland, accident came to his affiftance. A courier arrived, preceded by twelve postilions blowing horns; re and he brought the news that Quib-quab was taken. he The orator commanded them to place their horns within as many of the monster's long ears, and blow He with all their might, until it should exhibit some signs of hearing. The experiment fucceeded. The Hydra as waking from its trance, opened its eyes; and Taycho to leizing this opportunity, hollowed in his loudest tone, Ouib-quab is taken. This note being repeated, his the beaft started up; then, raising itself on its hind legs, began to wag its tail, to frilk and fawn, to lick tof Taycho's fweaty focks: in fine, crouching on its belly the it took the orator on its back, and proceeding through was the fireets of Meaco, brayed aloud, Make way for the divine Taycho! Make way for the conqueror of

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Quib-quab !'--- But the gallant Ya-loff, the real conqueror of Quib-quab, was no more. He fell in the battle by which the conquest was atchieved, yet not before he faw victory declare in his favour. He had made incredible efforts to furmount the difficulties that furrounded him. At length he found means to scale a perpendicular rock, which the enemy had left unguarded, on the supposition that nature had made it inaccessible. This exploit was performed in the night, and in the morning the Chinese saw his troops drawn up in order of battle on the plains of Quib-quab. As their numbers greatly exceeded the Japonele, they did not decline the trial; and in a little time both armies were engaged. The contest, however, was not of long duration, though it proved fatal to the general on each tide. Ya-loff being flain, the command devolved upon Thon-fyn, who purfued the enemy to the walls of Quib-quab, which was next day furrendered to him by capitulation. Nothing was now feen and heard in the capital but jubilee, triumph, and intoxication; and, indeed, the nation had not for fome centuries, feen fuch an occasion for joy and satisfaction. The only person that did not heartily rejoice was the Dairo Gothama-baba. By this time he was fo Tartarifed, that he grudged his fubjects every advantage obtained in Fathfio; and when Fika-kaka hobbled up to him with the news of the victory, instead of faluting him with the kick of approbation, he turned his back upon him, faying 'Boh! boh! What do you tell me of Quibquab? The damned Chinese are still on the frontiers of Yesfo.' As to the beast, it was doomed to undergo a variety of agitation. Its present gambols were interrupted by a fresh alarm from China. It was reported that two great armaments were equipped for a double descent upon the dominions of Japan: that one of these had already failed north about for the island of Xicoco to make a diversion in favour of the other, which being the most considerable, was designed for the fouthern coast of Japan. These tidings, which were not without

without foundation, had fuch an effect upon the multitudinous monfter, that it was first of all seized with an univerfal fhivering. Its teeth chattered fo loud, that the found was heard at the distance of half a league; and for some time it was thruck dumb. During this paroxylm it crawled filently on its belly to a fand-hill just without the walls of Meaco, and began to fcratch the earth with great eagerness and perseverance. Some people imagined it was digging for gold : but the truth is, the beaft was making a hole to hide itielf from the enemy, whom it durft not look in the face; for, it must be observed of this beast, it was equally timorous and cruel; equally cowardly and infolent. So hard it laboured at this cavern, that it had actually burrowed itself all but the tail, when its good angel Taycho whistled it out, with the news of another compleat victory gained over the Chinese at sea, by the Sey-feo-gun Phal-khan, who had fure enough discom-I fited or destroyed the great armament of the enemy. As for the other small squadron which had steered the northcrly course to Xicoco, it was encountered, defeated, taken, and brought into the harbours of Japan, by three light Fune, under the command of a young chief called Hel-y-otte, who happened to be cruifing on that part of the coast. The beast hearing Taycho's auspicious whiltle, crept out with its buttocks foremost, and having done him homage in the usual stile, began to react its former extravagances. It now confidered this demagogue as the fupreme giver of all good, and adored him accordingly. The apostle Bupo was no longer invoked. The temple of Fakkubasi was almost forgotten; and the Bonzas were univerfally despised. The praise of the prophet Taycho had swallowed up all other worship. Let us enquire how far he merited this adoration: how justly the unparalleled fuccess of this year was afcribed to his conduct and fagacity. Kho-rhé was taken by Kha-fell, and Quib-quab by Ya-loff and Thon-fyn. By land, the Chinese were deteated in Fathho by Yan-o-ni; in the extremity of

Alia,

Aha, by Khutt-whang; and in Tartary, by the Japonese bull-dogs, without command or direction. At fea one of their fquadrons had been destroyed by Ornbos; a fecond by Faf-khan; a third was taken by Hel-y-otte; a fourth was worked and put to flight in three fuccessive engagements near the land of Kamtfchatka, by the chief Bha-kakh; and their grand armament defeated by the Sey-feo-gun Phal-khan. But Kha-fell was a stranger to orator Taycho: Ya-loff he had never feen: the bull-dogs had been collected at random from the shambles of Meaco: he had never heard of Yan-oni's name, till he diftinguished himself by his first victory, nor did he know there was any fuch person as Khutt-whang existing. As for Ornbos, Faf-khan, Phal-khan, and Bha-kakh, they had been Sey-seo-guns in constant employment under the former administration: and the youth Hel-y-otte owed his promotion to the interest of his own family. But it may be alledged, that Taycho projected in his closet those plans that were crowned with success. We have feen how he mutilated and frittered the original scheme of the campaign in Fatshio, so as to leave it at the caprice of Fortune. The reduction of Khorhé was part of the defign formed by the Banyan Thum-khumm-qua, which Taycho did all that lay in his power to render abortive. The plan of operations in the extremity of Tartary, he did not pretend to meddle with ; --- it was the concern of the officers appointed by the trading company there fettled: and as to the advantages obtained at fea, they naturally refulted from the disposition of cruises, made and regulated by the board of Sey-feo-gun-fealty, with which no minister ever interfered. He might, indeed, have recalled the chiefs and officers whom he found already appointed when he took the reins of administration, and filled their places with others of his own chooling. How far he was qualified to make fuch a choice, and plan new expeditions, appears from the adventures of the generals he did appoint; Moria-tanti, who was de-

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terred from landing by a perspective view of Whiskers: Hylib-bib, who left his rear in the lurch; and Hobnob, who made fuch a masterly retreat from the suppoled Bonzas of Thin-quo. These three were liteially commanders of his own creation, employed in executing schemes of his own projecting; and these three were the only generals he made, and the only military plans he projected, if we except the grand scheme of subsidizing Brut-an-tiffi, and forming an army of one hundred thousand men in Tartary, for the defence of the Farm of Yeffo. Things being to circumstanced, it may be eafily conceived that the orator could atk nothing which the Mobile would venture to refuse; and indeed he tried his influence to the utmost fretch; he milked the dugs of the monster till the blood came. For the service of the ensuing year, he squeezed from them near twelve millions of obans, amounting to near twenty-four millions sterling, about four times as much as had ever been raifed by the empire of Japan in any former war. But, by this time, Taycho was become not only a convert to the fystem of Tartary which he had formerly perfecuted, but also an enthuliast in love and admiration of Brut-an-tiffi, who had lately fent him his poetical works in a present. This, however, would have been of no use, as he could not read them, had not he discovered that they were printed on a very fine, foft, smooth Chinese paper made of silk, which he happily converted to another fundamental purpose. In return for this compliment, the Orator fent him a bullock's horn bound with brafs, value fifteen pence, which had long ferved him as a pitch-pipe when he made harangues to the Mobile; -- it was the same kind of intrument which Horace describes; Tibia vineta orichalco: and pray take notice Peacock, this was the only prefent Taycho ever bestowed on any man, woman, or child, through the whole course of his life, I mean out of his own pocket; for he was extremely liberal of the public money, in his fubidies to the Tartar thiefs, and in the profecution of the war upon that

continent. The Orator was a genius felf-raught without help of human infitution. He affected to underwalue all men of literary talents; and the only book he ever read with any degree of pleafure, was a collection of rhapfodies preached by one Ab-ren-thi, an obture fanatic Bonza, a native of the island Xicoco. Certain it is, Nature feemed to have produced him for the fole purpole of falcinating the mob, and endued him with

faculties accordingly.

Notwithstanding all his efforts in behalf of the Tartarian scheme, the Chinese still lingered on the frontiers of Yesto. The views of the court of Pekin exactly coincided with the interest of Bron-xi-tic, the mercenary general of Japan. The Chinese, confounded at the unheard-of fuccess of the Japonese in Fathsio and other parts of the globe, and extremely mortified at the destruction of their flects and the ruin of their commerce, faw no other way of diffrefling the enemy, but that of prolonging the war on the continent of Tartary, which they could support for little more than their ordinary expence; whereas Japan could not maintain it without contracting yearly immense loads of debt, which must have crushed it at the long-run. It was the business of the Chinese, therefore, not to finish the war in Tartary by taking the farm of Yeslo, because, in that case, the annual expence of it would have been faved to Japan; but to keep it alive by forced marches, prædatory excursions, and undecinve actions; and this was precifely the interest of general Bron-xi-tic, who in the continuance of the war enjoyed the continuance of all his emoluments. All that he had to do, then, was to furnish Taycho from time to time with a cask of human blood, for the entertainment of the blatant beaft; and to fend over a few horse tails, as trophies of pretended victories, to be waved before He and the the monster in its holiday processions. Chinese general seemed to act in concert. They advanced and retreated in their turns betwixt two given lines, and the campaign always ended on the fame foot where

where it began. The only difference between them was in the motives of their conduct; the Chinele commander acted for the benefit of his fovereign, and Bron-

xi-tic acted for his own. The continual danger to which the farm of Yello was exposed, produced fuch apprehensions and chagrin in the mind of the Dairo Got-hama-baba, that his health began to decline. He neglected his food and his rattle, and no longer took any pleafure in kicking the Cuboy. He frequently muttered ejaculations about the farm of Yeslo: nay, once or twice in the transports of his impatience, he pulled the bandage from his eyes, and curfed Taycho in the Tartarian language. At length he fell into a lethargy, and even when routed a little by blifters and cautties, feemed infensible of every thing that was done about him. These blisters were raifed by burning the moxa upon his fcalp. The powder of menoki was also injected in a glyster; and the operation of acupuncture, called Senkei, performed without effect. His diforder was fo thubborn, that the Cuboy began to think he was bewitched, and fulpected Taycho of having practifed forcery on his fovereign. He communicated this fulpicion to Muraclami, who Mook his head, and advised that, with the Orator's good leave, the council should be consulted. Taycho, who had gained an absolute empire over the mind of the Dairo, and could not foresee how his interest might fand with his fucceffor, was heartily disposed to cond on in any feafible experiment for the recovery of Gothama-baba; he therefore confented that the mouths of to the council should be unpadlocked pro hac vice, and nt the members were affembled without delay; with this is, typress proviso, however, that they were to confine their deliberations to the fubject of the Dairo and his he diffemper. By this time the physicians had discovered d- the cause of the disorder, which was no other than his en being stung by a poissonous insect produced in the land of Yello, analogous to the tarantula, which is faid to do e bmuch mischief in some parts of Apuglia, as we are

fold by Ælian, Epiphanius Ferdinandus, and Baglivi. In both cases the only effectual remedy was mulici and now the council was called to determine what for of music should be administered. You must know, Peacock, the Japonese are but indifferently skilled in this art, though, in general, they affect to be connoilfeurs. They are utterly ignorant of the theory, and in practice are excelled by all their neighbours, the Tartars not excepted. For my own part I studied mulic, under Pythagoras at Crotona. He found the scale of feven tones imperfect, and added the octave as a fixed, fensible, and intelligent termination of an interval which included every possible division, and determined all the relative differences of founds : befides, he taught us how to express the octave by 1, &c. &c. But why should I talk to thee of the ancient digramma, the genera, &c. of mufic, which with their colours, were constructed by a division of the diatesiaron. Thou art too dull and ignorant to comprehend the chromatic fpecies, the confiruction of the tetrachord, the Phrygian, the Lydian, and other modes of the ancient music: and for distinction of ear, thou mightest be justly ranked among the braying tribe that graze along the ditched of Tottenham-court or Hock-ley-i'the-hole. I know that nothing exhilerates thy spirits so much as a sonati on the falt-box, or a concert of marrow-bones and The ears of the Japonele were much of the fame texture; and their munic was fuited to their ears, They neither excelled in the melopæia, and ryhm of cadence; nor did they know any thing of the true laence of harmony, compolitions in parts, and those combinations of founds, the invention of which, with the improvement of the scale, is erroneously ascribed to Benedictine monk. The truth is, the antients under frood composition perfectly well. Their scale was found ed upon perfect confonances: they were remarkably nice in tempering founds, and had reduced their intervals and concords to mathematical demonstration.

But, to return to the council of Twenty-eight, they

convened in the same apartment where the Dairo lay; and as the bufiness was to determine what kind of mufic was most likely to make an impression upon his organs, every member came provided with his expedient. Firth and foremost, Mr. Orator Taycho pronounced an oration upon the excellencies of the land of Yello, of energy (as the Cuboy faid) fufficient to draw the moon from her iphere; it drew nothing, however, from the patient but a fingle groan: then the Fatzman caused a drum to beat, without producing any effect at all upon the Dairo; though it deprived the whole council of their hearing for fome time. The third effay was made by Fika-kaka; the first with a rattle, and then with tongs and grid-iron, which last was his favourite music; but here it failed, to his great furprize and consternation. Sti-phi-rum-poo brought the crier of his court to promulgate a decree against Yesso, in a voice that is wont to make the culprit tremble; but the Dairo was found Ignoramus. Nin-com-poo-po blew a blaft with a kind of boatfwain's whiltle, which discomposed the whole audience without affecting the emperor. Fokh-fi-rokhu faid he would try his imperial majerty with a found which he had always been known to prefer to every other species of music; and pulling out a huge purie of golden obans, began to chink them in his ear. This experiment so far succeeded, that the Dairo was perceived to fmile, and even to contract one hand; but further effect it had none. At last Gotto-mio starting up, threw a small quantity of aurum fulminans into the fire, which went off with fuch explosion, that in the same instant Fika-kaka fell flat an upon his face, and Got-hama-baba started up in his bed. an end to his life; for he fell back again, and expired in the twinkling of an eye. As for the Cuboy, though he did not die, he underwent a furprifing transformation or metamorphofis, which I shall record in due season.

Taycho was no fooner certified that Got-hama-baba had actually breathed his last, than he vanished from the council in the twinkling of an eye, and mounting

the beaft whose name is legion, rode full speed to the habitation of Gio-gio, the fuccessor and descendant of the deceased Dairo. Gio-gio was a young prince who had been industriously sequestered from the public view, and excluded from all share in the affairs of state by the jealoufy of the last emperor. He lived retired under the wings of his grand-mother, and had divers preceptors to teach him the rudiments of every art but the art of reigning. Of all those who superintended his education, he who infinuated himself the farthest in his favour, was one Yak-first, from the mountains of Ximo, who valued himself much upon the ancient blood that ran in his veins, and still more upon his elevated ideas of patriotitin. Yak-firot was honest at bottom, but proud, referved, vain, and affected. had a turn for nick-nacks and gim-cracks, and once made and mounted an iron jack and a wooden clock with his own hands. But it was his misfortune to fet up for a connoisseor in painting and other liberal arts, He did not fail to infuse his own notions and conceits into the tender mind of Gio-gio, who gradually imbibed his turn of thinking, and followed the fludies which he recommended. With respect to his lessons on the art of government, he reduced them to a very few simple principles. His maxims were these: That the emperor of Japan ought to cherish the established religion, both by precept and example; that he ought to abolish corruption, discourage faction, and balance the two parties by admitting an equal number from each to places and offices of trust in the administration; that he should make peace as foon as possible, even in despite of the public, which seemed insensible of the but then it fultained, and was indeed growing delirious by the illusions of Taycho, and the cruel evacuations he had preferibed: that he should retrench all superfluous expence in his houshold and government, and detach himself entirely from the accursed farm of Yello, which some evil genius had fixed upon the

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. . breech of Japan, as a cancerous ulcer through which all her blood and fubstance would be discharged. These maxims were generally just enough in speculation, but some of them were altogether impracticable ; -- for example, that of forming an administration equally comholed of the two factions, was as abfurd as it would be to yoke two frome-horfes and two jack-affes in the fame carriage, which, instead of drawing one way, would do nothing but bite and kick one another, while the machine of government would fland flock-ffill, or perhaps be torn in pieces by their dragging in opposite directions. The people of Japan had been long divided between two inveterate parties known by the names of Bit-tilk-umf-beit, and She-it-kumf-bi til, the first figmiying more fool than knave; and the other, more have than fool. Each had predominated in its turn. by lecuring a majority in the affemblies of the people; for the majority had always interest to force themselves into the administration; because the constitution being partly democratic, the Dairo was still obliged to mickle to the prevailing faction. To obtain this mawity, each fide had employed every art of corruption, clumny, infinuation, and prieft-craft; for nothing is fath an effectual ferment in all popular commotions as teligious fanaticism. No sooner one party accomplified its aim than it reprobated the other, branding it with the epithets of traitors to their country, or taitors to their prince; while the minority retorted pon them the charge of corruption, rapaciousness, and abject fervility. In fhort both parties were equally abulive, rancorous, uncandid, and illiberal. Taycho lad been of both factions more than once. He made his first appearance as a Shit-tilk-umf-heit in the minobity, and displayed his talent for feurrility against the Dairo to fuch advantage, that an old rich hag, who loved nothing fo well as money, except the gratificapion of her revenge, made him a present of five thouand obans, on condition he should continue to revile the Dairo till his dying-day. After her death, the

ministry

ministry, intimidated by the boldness of his tropes, and the fame he began to acquire as a mal-content orator, made him fuch offers as he thought proper to accept; and then he turned She-it-kumf hi-til. Being difgusted in the sequel, at his own want of importance in the council, he opened once more at the head of his old friends the Shi-tilk-umf-hitites; and once more he deferted them to rule the roalt, as chief of the She-it-kumf bi-tilites, in which predicament he now food. And, in deed, this was the most natural posture in which he could stand; for this party embraced all the scum of the pecple, conftituting the blatant beaft, which his talents were fo peculiarly adapted to manage and govern. Another impracticable maxim of Yak-strot, was the abolitioned corruption, the ordure of which is as necessary to anoin the wheels of government in Japan, as greafe is to fmea the axle-tree of a loaded waggon. His third impoliti (though not impracticable) maxim, was that of making peace while the populace were intoxicated with the fleams of blood, and elated with the flews of triumph. Be that as it will, Gio-gio, attended by Yak-Arot, wat drawing plans of windmills, when Orator Taycho, opening the door, advanced towards him and falling on his knees, addressed him in these words: ' The empire of Japan (magnanimous prince!) refembles at this infrant a benighted traveller, who by the light of the star Helperus continued his journey without repining, und that glorious luminary fetting, left him bewildered darkness and consternation: but fearce had he time to bewail his fate, when the more glorious fun, the rule of a fresh day, appearing on the tops of the Easter hills, difpelled his terrors with the shades of night and filled his foul with transports of pleasure and de light. The illustrious Got-hama-haba, of honound memory, is the glorious flar which hath fet on our he milphere. His foul, which took wing about two hours ago, is now happily neftled in the bosom of the bleffed Bupo; and you, my prince, are the more glo rious rifing fun, whole genial influence will chear the

empire, and gladden the hearts of your faithful Japoneie. I therefore hail your fuccession to the throne, and cry aloud, Long live the ever-glorious Gio-gio, emperor of the three islands of Japan.' To this salutation the beaft below brayed hoarie applause; and all present killed the hand of the new emperor, who kneeling before his venerable grandame, craved her bleffing, defiring the benefit of her prayers, that God would make him a good king, and establish his throne in righteoutnets. Then he afcended his chariot, accompanied by the Orator and his beloved Yak-strot, and proceeding to the palace of Meaco, was proclaimed with the ulual ceremonies, his relation the Fatzman and other princes of the blood affifting on this occasion.

The first step he took after his elevation, was to publish a decree, or rather exhortation, to honour religion and the Bonzes; and this was no impolitic expebut: for it firmly attached that numerous and powful tribe to his interest. His next measures did not am to be directed by the same spirit of discretion. He admitted a parcel of raw boys, and even some inwiduals of the faction of Shi-tilk-umf-heit into his muncil; and though Taycho still continued to manage he reigns of administration, Yak-strot was affociated with him in office, to the great feandal and diffatisfacon of the Niphonites, who hate all the Ximians with

mixture of jealoufy and contempt.

Fika-kaka was not the last who payed his respects his new fovereign, by whom he was graciously rewed, although he did not feem quite fatisfied; bewhen he presented himself in his usual attitude, had not received the kick of approbation. New igns, new customs: This Dairo never dreamed of cking those whom he delighted to honour. cret of state which had not yet come to his knowdge; and Yak-strot had always affured him, that cking the breech always and every-where implied grace, as kicking the parts before, betokens ungomable passion. Yak-strot, however, in this particular, feems to have been too confined in his notions of the etiquette: for it had been the cultom time immemorial for the Dairos of Japan to kick their favourite and prime ministers. Belides, there are at this day different forts of kicks uted even in England, without occasioning any dishonour to the Kickee. It is sometimes a misfortune to be kicked out of place, but n dishonour. A man is often kicked up in the way preferment, in order that his place may be given to person of more interest. Then there is the amorou kick, called Kick'um Jenny, which every gallant un dergoes with pleafure: hence the old English appells tion of Kickfy-wickfy, bestowed on a wanton leman wh knew all her paces. As for the familiar kick, it is to other than a mark of friendship: nor is it more dille nourable to be cuffed and cudgelled. Every hol knows that the alapa or box o' the ear, among the Romans, was a particular mark of favour by which their flaves were made free: and the favourite gladistor when he obtained his difinition from the fervice, wa honoured with a found cudgelling; this being the to meaning of the phrase rude donatus. In the times chivalry, the knight when dubbed, was well thwack across the shoulders by his god-father in arms. Indee dubbing is no other than a corruption of drubbing. was the cultom formerly here and elfewhere, for a mi to drub his fon or apprentice as a mark of his freedom and of his being admitted to the exercise of arms. Paraschistes, who practised embalming in Ægypt, w was counted a very honourable profession, was always leverely drubbed after the operation, by the frien and relations of the defunct; and to this day, the triarch of the Greeks once a year, on Eather-eve, wa he carries out the facred fire from the holy sepulche Jerufalem, is heartily cudgelled by the infidels, a ce tain number of whom he hires for that purpole; a fa he thinks himfelf very unhappy and much difgraced, he is not beaten into all the colours of the rain-bon You know the Quakers of this country think it

dihonour to receive a flap o' the face, but when you Imite them on one cheek, they present the other, that it may have the fame falutation. The venerable father Lactantius falls out with Cicero for faying, ' A good man hurts no body, unlefs he is justly provoked; nifi " lacesitur injuria. O, (cries the good father) quam in splicem veramque sententiam duorum verborum adjectione corrupit! --- non minus enim mali eft, referre injuriam, quam inferre. The great philosopher Socrates thought it no difference to be kicked by his wife Xantippe; nay, he is said to have undergone the fame discipline from other people, without making the least refiftance, it being his opinion that it was more courageous, confequently more honourable, to bear a drubbing patiently, than to attempt any thing either in the way of felf-defence or retaliation. The judicious and learned Puffendorf, in his book De Jure Gentium & Naturali, declares that a man's honour is not fo fragile as to be hurteither by a box on the ear, or a kick on the breech, otherwise it would be in the power of every faucy fellow. to diminish or infringe it. It must be owned, indeed, Grotius De Jure Belli & Pacis, says, that charity does not of itself require our patiently suffering such an affront. The English have, with a most servile imitation, borrowed their punto, as well as other modes, from the French nation. Now kicking and cuffing were counted infamous among those people for these reasons. A box on the ear destroys the whole occonomy of their frifure, upon which they bestow the greatest part of their time and attention; and a kick on the breech is attended with great pain and danger, as they are generally fubleft to the piles. This is fo truly the case, that they have no less than two faints to patronize and protect the individuals afflicted with this disease. One is St. facre, who was a native of the kingdom of Ireland. He prefides over the blind piles. The other is a female a faint, Hamorrhoiffa, and the comforts those who are diffressed with the bleeding piles. No wonder, therefore, that a Frenchman put to the torture by a kick on

those tender parts should be provoked to vengeance: and that this vengeance should gradually become an ar-

ticle in their system of punctilio.

But to return to the thread of my narration .--Whatever inclination the Dairo and Yak-firot had to restore the bleffings of peace, they did not think proper as yet to combat the disposition and schemes of fo orator Taycho; in confequence of whose remonstrances. the tributary treaty was immediately renewed with Brut-an-tiffi, and Gio-gio declared in the affembly of the people, that he was determined to support that illustrious ally, and carry on the war with vigour. By this time the Chinese were in a manner expelled from their chief fettlements in Fathho, where they now retained nothing but an inconfiderable colony, which would have submitted on the first summons: but this Taycho left as a nest-egg to produce a new brood of disturbance to the Japonese settlements, that they might not rust with too much peace and security. Toth be plain with you, Peacock, his thoughts were entirely alienated from this Fathfian war, in which the interest of his country was chiefly concerned, and converted wholly to the continent of Tartary, where all his cares centered in schemes for the success of his friend Brut-an-tiffi. This freebooter had lately undergone strange viciffititudes of fortune. He had seen his chie village poffeffed and plundered by the enemy; but he found means, by furprize, to beat up their quarters in the beginning of Winter, which always proved his best ally, because then the Mantchoux Tartars were obliged to retire to their own country, at a vast distance from the feat of war. As for Bron-xi-tic, who commanded the Japonese army on that continent, he contimued to play booty with the Chinese general, over whom he was allowed to obtain some petty advantages, which, with the trophies won by Brut-an-tiffi, were fwelled up into mighty victories, to increase the infatuation of the blatant beaft. On the other hand, Bron-xi-tic obliged the generals of China with the like

like indulgences, by now and then facrificing a detachment of his Japonese troops, to keep up the spirits of that nation.

Taycho had levied upon the people of Japan an imof menfe fum of money for the equipment of a naval armament, the destination of which was kept a proof found fecret. Some politicians imagined it was deigned for the conquest of Thin-quo, and all the other th fettlements which the Chinese possessed in the Indian he ocean: others conjectured the intention was to attack the king of Corea, who had, fince the beginning of By this war, acted with a shameful partiality in favour of on the emperor of China, his kinfman and ally. But the re truth of the matter was this: Taycho kept the armaich ment in the harbours of Japan ready for a descent upon his the coast of China, in order to make a diversion in faof your of his friend Brut-an-tiffi, in case he had run any rifque of being oppressed by his enemies. However, To the heaft of many heads having growled and grumbled ely during the best part of the summer, at the mactivity of this expensive armament, it was now thought proted per to fend it to fea at the beginning of winter; but his it was driven back in great diffrefs, by contrary winds nd and storms ; --- and this was all the monster had for its

me ten millions of Obans.

while Taycho amused the Mobile with this winter condition. Yak-strot resolved to plan the scheme of aconomy which he had projected. He difinished from the plant's fervice about a dozen of cooks and scultures, the plant's fervice about a dozen of cooks and scultures, shand-irons, spirs and saucepans; deprived the streams and officers of the houshold of their break-state, the strenched their tables; reduced their proportion of drink; and persuaded his pupil the Dairo to put himedial upon a diet of soup-meagre thickened with oatlast meal. In a few days there was no smoke sten to affect the strenched their strenched their strenched their shall be succeeded to the strenched their shall be succeeded

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. apartments thereof, which now became the habita of cold, darkness, and hunger. Gio-gio himself, now turned peripatetic philosopher merely to keep felf in heat, fell into a wash-tub as he groped his in the dark through one of the lower galleries. of his body guard had their whilkers gnawed by the rats, as they flept in his anti-chamber: their captain presented a petition declaring, that ther he nor his men could undertake the defence of imperial majesty's person, unless their former ance of provision should be restored. They and al individuals of the household were not only punished their bellies, but likewife curtailed in their cloth and abridged in their flipends. The palace of M which used to be the temple of mirth, jollity and cheer, was now fo dreary and deferted, that a cer wag fixed up a ticket on the outward gate with inscription: "This tenement to be let, the propri having left off house-keeping."

Yak-strot, however, was resolved to shew, the the new Dairo retrenched the superfluities of his mestic expence, he did not act from avarice or p ness of spirit, inasmuch as he should now dis his liberality in patronizing 'genius and the A general jubilee was now promifed to all those had diffinguished themselves by their talents or er tion. The emissaries of Yak-strot declared that cenas was but a type of this Ximian mountaineer; that he was determined to fearch for merit, even in thickest shades of obscurity. All these research however, proved to unfuccefsful, that not above or five men of senius could be found in the whole pire of Japan, and these were gratified with penfior about one hundred obans each. One was a fee rized Bonza from Ximo; another a malcontent of Niphon; a third a reformed comedian of Xicoco fourth, an empyric, who had outlived his practical and a fifth, a decayed apothecary, who was b quack, author, chymift, philosopher, and simpler pt professio

feffion. The whole of the expence arising from the our and protection granted by the Dairo to thefe n of genius, did not exceed feven or eight hundred ns per annum, amounting to about fifteen hundred ands fterling; whereas many a private Quo in Japan bended more money on a kennel of hounds. I do mention those men of singular merit, whom Yakgot fixed in established places under the government; h as architects, aftronomers, painters, physicians, bers, &c. because their falaries were included in the linary expence of the crown: I shall only observe at a certain person who could not read, was appointed edarian to his imperial majesty.

These were all the men of superlative genius, that k-ftrot could find at this period in the empire of

Whilft this great patriot was thus employed in exeting his schemes of occonomy with more zeal than eretion, and providing his poor relations with lucraoffices under the government, a negociation for peace brought upon the carpet by the mediation of cerneutral powers; and orator Taycho arrogated to afelf the province of discussing the several articles of treaty .-- Upon this occasion he shewed himself furingly remiss and indifferent in whatever related to interest of Japan, particularly in regulating and ing the boundaries of the Chinese and Japonese setin ments in Fathino, the uncertainty of which had given re to the war: but when the bufiness was to determe the claims and pretentions of his ally Brut-ane , on the continent of Tartary, he appeared stiff and on movable as mount Athos. He actually broke off ect negociation, because the emperor of China would tengage to drive by force of arms the troops of his col' the princess of Oftrog, from a village or two bealiging to the Tartarian free-booter, who, by the bye, by left them defenceless at the beginning of the war, er purpose that his enemies might, by taking posses-M 3

fion of them, quicken the resolutions of the Dairo to a send over an army for the protection of Yesto.

The court of Pekin perceiving that the Japonele were rendered intolerably infolent and overbearing by fucceis, and that an equitable peace could not be obtained while orator Taycho managed the reins of government at Meaco, and his friend Brut-an-tiffi found any thing to plunder in Tartary; refolved to forther themselves with a new alliance. They actually entered into closer connexions with the king of Corea, who was nearly related to the Chinese emperor, had some old fcores to fettle with Japan, and because he defind those disputes might be amicably compromised in the general pacification, had been grofsly infulted by Taycho, in the person of his ambassador. He had for some time dreaded the ambition of the Japonete ministry, which feemed to aim at universal empire; and he was, moreover, stimulated by this outrage to conclude a defensive alliance with the emperor of China; a measure which all the caution of the two courts could not wholly conceal from the knowledge of the Japonese politicians.

Mean while a dreadful cloud big with ruin and dilgrace feemed to gather round the head of Brut-an-tiff. The Mantchoux Tartars, sensible of the inconvenience of their diftant fituation from the scene of action which rendered it impossible for them to carry on that operations vigoroully in conjunction with the Offree refolved to fecure winter quarters in some part of the enemy's territories, from whence they should be able to take the field, and act against him early in the fpring. With this view they belieged and took a from tier tortrets belonging to Brut-an-tiffi, fituated upon great inland lake which extended as far as the capital of the Mantchoux, who were thus enabled to fend the ther by water-carriage all forts of provisions and mills tary stores for the use of their army, which took w their winter-quarters accordingly in and about the new acquisition. It was now that the ruin of Brus

an-tiffi feemed inevitable. Orator Taycho faw with horfor the precipice to the brink of which his dear ally was driven. Not that his fears were actuated by fympathy or friendship. Such emotions had never possessed the heart of Taycho. No; he trembled because he law his own popularity connected with the fate of the Tartar. It was the fuccess and petry triumphs of this adventurer which had dazzled the eyes of the blatant bealt, so as to disorder its judgment, and prepare it for the illusions of the orator: but, now that Fortune femed ready to turn tail to Brut-an-tiffi, and leave him a prey to his advertaries, Taycho knew the dispositions of the monfter fo well as to prognofticate that its - applause and affection would be immediately turned e into grumbling and difguft; and that he himfelf, who , had led it blindfold into this unfortunate connexion, might possibly fall a facrifice to its resentment, pro-- vided he could not immediately project fome scheme to divert its attention, and transfer the blame from his

For this purpose he employed his invention, and succeeded to his wish. Having called a council of the Twenty-eight, at which the Dairo affifted in per-I fon, he proposed, and infifted upon it, that a squadron of Fune should be immediately ordered to scour the feas, and kidnap all the veffels and ships belonging to the king of Corea, who had acted during the whole war with the most scandalous partiality in be avour of the Chinese emperor, and was now so intimately connected with that potentate, by means of a fecret alliance, that he ought to be profecuted with the in tame hostilities which the other had severely felt. The na whole council were confounded at this proposal; the ital Duro flood aghast: the cuboy trembled: Yak-strot hir flared like a skewered pig. After some pause, the prefillent Soo-fan-o ventured to observe, that the measure of feemed to be a little abrupt and premature: that the hation was already engaged in a very expensive war, which had absolutely drained it of its wealth, and even

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. loaded it with enormous debts; therefore little able to fustain fuch additional burthens as would, in all probability, be occasioned by a rupture with a prince to rich and powerful. Gotto-mio iwore the land-holders were already fo much impoverished by the exactions of Taycho, that he himself, ere long, should be obliged to come upon the parish. Fika-kaka got up to fpeak; but could only cackle. Sti-phi-rum-poo was for preceeding in form by citation. Nin-kom-poo-po declared he had good intelligence of a fleet of merchant fhips belonging to Corea, laden with treasure, who were then on their return from the Indian ifles; and he gave it as his opinion, that they thould be way laid and brought into the harbours of Japan; not by way of declaring war, but only with a view to prevent the money's going into the coffers of the Chinese emperor Fokh-fi-rokhu flarted two objections to this expedient; first, the uncertainty of falling in with the Corean fleet at fea, alledging as an instance the disappointment and miscarriage of the squadron which the Sey-seo-gun had fent some years ago to intercept the Chinese Funt on the coast of Fatisfio : secondly, the loss and hardship it would be to many subjects of Japan who dealt in commerce, and had great fums embarked in those very Corean bottoms. Indeed Fokh-fi-rokhu himlel was interested in this very commerce. The Fatz-man fat filent. Yak-strot who had some romantic notions of honour and honesty, represented that the nation had already incurred the centure of all its neighbours, by scizing the merchant ships of China, without any previous declaration of war: that the law of nature and nations, confirmed by repeated treaties, prescribed a more honourable method of proceeding, than that of plundering like robbers, the thips of pacific merchants, who trade on the raith of fuch laws and fuch treaties: he was, therefore, of opinion, that if the king of Corea had in any shape deviated from the neutrality which he professed, fatisfaction should be demanded in the usual form; and when that should be refused, it might be found necessary to proceed to compulsive measures, The Dairo acquiefced in this advice, and affured Taycho that an ambassador should be forthwith disnatched to Corea, with instructions to demand an immediate and fatisfactory explanation of that prince's conduct and deligns with regard to the empire of

This regular method of practice would by no means fuit the purposes of Taycho, who rejected it with great infolence and difdain. He bit his thumb at the prefident; forked out his fingers on his forehead at Gottomio; wagged his under-jaw at the Cuboy; fnapt his fingers at Sti-phi-rum-poo; grinned at the Sey-feogun; made the fign of the crois or gallows to Fokh-firokhu; then turning to Yak-strot, he clapped his thumbs in his ears, and began to bray like an afs: finally, pulling out the badge of his office, he threw it at the Dairo, who in vain intreated him to be pacified; and wheeling to the right-about, stalked away, slapping the flat of his hand upon a certain part that shall be nameless. He was followed by his kinsinan the Quo Lob-kob, who worshipped him with the most humble adoration. He now imitated this great origital in the fignal from behind at parting, and in him it was attended by a rumbling found; but whether this was the effect of contempt or compunction, I could

Taycho having thus carried his point, which was to have a pretence for quitting the reins for government, made his next appeal to the blatant beaft. He reminded the many-headed monster of the uninterrupted success which had attended his administration; of his having Supported the glorious Brut-an-tiffi, the great bulwark of the religion of Bupo, who had kept the common enemy at bay, and filled all Asia with the fame of his victories. He told them, that for his own part, he pretended to have subdued Fathsio in the heart of Tartary: that he despised honours, and had still a greater contempt for riches; and that all his endeayours had been folely exerted for the good of his country, which was now brought to the very verge of destruction. He then gave the beast to understand that he had formed a scheme against the king of Corea, which would not only have disabled that monarch from executing his hostile intentions with respect to Japan, but also have indemnified this nation for the whole expence of the war; but that his proposal having been rejected by the council of Twenty-eight, who were influenced by Yak-ftrot, a Ximian mountaineer without spirit or understanding, he had refigned his office with intention to retire to some solitude, where he should in silence deplore the misfortunes of his country, and the ruin of the Buponian Religion, which mut fall of course with its great protector Brut-an-tiff, whom he forefaw the new ministry would immediately

This address threw Legion into such a quandary, that it rolled itself into the dirt, and yelled hideously, Mean while the orator retreating to a cell in the neigh! bourhood of Meaco, hired the common crier to go round the fireets and proclaim that Taycho, being no longer in a condition to afford any thing but the bare necessaries of life, would by public tale dispose of his ambling mule and furniture, together with an ermined robe of his wife, and the greater part of his kitchen utenfils. At this time he was well known to be worth upwards of twenty thousand gold obans; nevertheles, the Mobile discharging this circumstance entirely from their reflection, attended to nothing but the object which the orator was pleased to present. They thought it was a piteous cafe, and a great feandal upon the government, that fuch a patriot, who had faved the nation from ruin and difgrace, should be reduced to the cruel necessity of felling his mule and his houshold furniture. Accordingly they railed a clamour that foon rung in the ears of Gio-gio and his favourite.

It was supposed that Mura-clami suggested on this occasion to his countryman Yak-strot, the hint of offer-

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. ing a pension to Taycho, by way of remuneration for his past services. ' If he refuses it, (said he) the offer will at least reflect some credit upon the Dairo and the a, administration; but, should he accept of it, (which is m (much more likely) it will either ftop his mouth entirely. n. for expose him to the censure of the people, who now x- adore him as a mirrour of difinterested integrity. en The advice was instantly complied with : the Dairo er figned a patent for a very ample pension to Taycho th. and his lieirs; which patent Yak-ftrot delivered to ice him next day at his cell in the country. This miracle he of patriotism received the bounty as a turnpike-man ry, receives the toll, and then flapped his door full in the ut face of the favourite : yet, nothing of what Muraiff, thani had prognosticated, came to pass. The manytel tailed monster, far from calling in question the orator's diinterestedness, considered his acceptance of the penry, on as a proof of his moderation, in receiving fuch a

fly, hifling reward for the great fervices he had done his gha, ountry; and the generofity of the Dairo, instead of go aciting the least emotion of gratitude in Taycho's own no heaft, acted only as a golden key to unlock all the bare luices of his virulence and abufe.

his Thefe, however, he kept within bounds until he ined ould fee what would be the fate of Brut-an-tiffi, chen tho now feemed to be in the condition of a criminal at orth to foot of the ladder. In this dilemma, he obtained eless very unexpected reprive. Before the army of the from Mantchoux could take the least advantage of the settlehich at they had made on the frontiers, their empress htitled, and was succeeded by a weak prince, who no go koner ascended the throne than he struck up a peace na. ith the Tartar freebooter, and even ordered his troops o the join him against the Ostrog, to whom they had hifur-erto acted as auxiliaries. Such an accession of foon rength would have cast the balance greatly in his arour, had not providence once more interposed, and

this fought matters again to an equilibrium.

offer. Taycho no fooner perceived his ally thus unexpect-

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. edly delivered from the dangers that furrounded him, than he began to repent of his own refignation; and refolved once more, to force his way to the helm, by the fame means he had fo fuccessfully used before. He was, indeed, of fuch a turbulent disposition as could not relish the repose of private life, and his spirit fo corrofive, that it would have preyed upon himfelf, if he could not have found external food for it to deyour. He therefore began to prepare his engines, and provide proper emissaries to bespatter, and raile a hueand-cry against Yak-strot at a convenient season; not doubting but an occasion would soon present itself, confidering the temper, inexperience, and prejudices of this Ximian politician, together with the pacific fystem he had adopted so contrary to the present spirit of the

In these preparations he was much comforted and affifted by his kinfman and pupil Lob-kob, who entered into his measures with suprising zeal; and had the good luck to light on fuch instruments as were admirably fuited to the work in hand. Yak-ftrot was extremely pleased at the secession of Taycho, who had been a very troublesome colleague to him in the administration, and run counter to all the schemes he had projected for the good of the empire. He now found himself at liberty to follow his own inventions, and being naturally an enthuliaft, believed himfelf born to be the faviour of Japan. Some efforts, however, it made to acquire popularity, proved fruitless. ceiving the people were, by the orator's infligations exasperated against the king of Corea, he sent a pe remptory meffage to that prince demanding a catego rical answer; and this being denied, declared wa against him, according to the practice of all civilized nations; but even this measure failed of obtaining that approbation for which it was taken. The monfter, tutored by Taycho and his ministers, exclaimed that the golden opportunity was loft, inafmuch as during the observance of those useless forms, the tree

for

fures of Corea were fafely brought home to that kingdom; treasures which, had they been interrupted by the Fune of Japan, would have payed off the debts of the nation, and enabled the inhabitants of Meaco to pave their streets with filver. By the bye, this treafure existed no where but in the fiction of Taycho and the imagination of the blatant beaft, which never attempted to use the evidence of sense or reason to examine any affertion, how abfurd and improbable foever it might be, which proceeded from the mouth of the orator.

Yak-strot, having now taken upon himself the task of steering the political bark, resolved to shew the Jam ponese, that although he recommended peace, he was he as well qualified as his predecessor for conducting the war. He therefore, with the affiftance of the Fatzman, projected three naval enterprizes; the first against Thin-quo, the conquest of which had been unsuccessin fully attempted by Taycho; the second was destined for the reduction of Fan-yah, one of the most considemble fettlements belonging to the king of Corea, in had the Indian ocean; and the third armament was fent to ni- plunder and destroy a flourishing colony called Lli-nam, hal which the same prince had established almost as far to ind the fouthward as the Terra Australis Incognita. Now and the only merit which either Yak-strot, or any other no minister could justly claim from the success of such exbe peditions, is that of adopting the most feasible of those her themes which are presented by different projectors, and of appointing fuch commanders as are capable of con-

poducting them with vigour and fagacity. The next step which the favourite took was to prowe tide a help-mate for the young Dairo; and a certain Tartar princess of the religion of Bupo, being pitched pon for this purpose, was formally demanded, brought on wer to Niphon, espoused by Gio-gio, and installed emned rels with the usual solemnities. But, lest the choice as of a Tartarian princess should subject the Dairo to the res imputation of inheriting his predeceffor's predilection ure

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. for the land of Yesso, which had given such sensible umbrage to all the fensible Japonese who made use of their own reason; he determined to detach his master gradually from those continental connexions, which had been the fource of fuch enormous expence, and fuch continual vexation to the empire of Japan. In these sentiments, he with-held the annual tribute which had been lately payed to Brut-an-tiffi; by which means he faved a very confiderable fum to the nation, and, at the fame time, refcued it from the infamy of fuchs difgraceful imposition. He expected the thanks of the public for this exertion of his influence in favour of his country; but he reckoned without his hoft. he flattered himfelf would yield him an abundant has vest of honour and applause, produced nothing but odium and reproach, as we shall see in the sequel.

These measures, pursued with an eye to the advantage of the public, which feemed to argue a confiderable share of spirit and capacity, were strangely che quered with others of a more domestic nature, which favoured strongly of childish vanity, rash ambition littleness of mind, and lack of understanding. H purchased a vast wardrobe of tawdry cloaths, and flut tered in all the finery of Japan: he prevailed upon his mafter to veft him with the badges and trappings of a the honorary institutions of the empire, although the multiplication of orders in the person of one man wa altogether without precedent or prescription. This wa only fetting himfelf up as the more confpicuous man for envy and detraction.

Not contented with engroffing the perfonal favor and confidence of his fovereign, and, in effect, direct ing the whole machine of government, he thought fortune still imperfect, while the treasure of the empi passed through the hands of the Cuboy, enabling the minister to maintain a very extensive influence, while might one day interfere with his own. He therefold employed all his invention, together with that of his friends, to find out some specious pretext for removing

the old Cuboy from his office; and in a little time acicident afforded what all their intrigues had not been able to procure.

the to procure.

Ever fince the demife of Got-hama-baba, poor Fika-t laka had been fubject to a new fet of vagaries. The reach of his old mafter gave him a rude fnock: then he new Dairo encroached upon his province, by prefersing a Bonze without his confent or knowledge: finally, as was prevented by the express order of Gio-gio from touching a certain fum out of the treasury, which he as had been accustomed to throw out of his windows at a faited periods, in order to keep up an interest among a fait degs of the people. All these mortifications had an

in tated periods, in order to keep up an interest among an dregs of the people. All these mortifications had an activation the weak brain of the Cuboy. He began are bloath his usual food, and sometimes even declined keeping himself to the Bonzes at his levee; symptoms and at alarmed all his friends and dependants. Instead of frequenting the assembles of the great, he now attached affiduously at all groanings and christenings, in the wextremely fond of caudle, and held conferences on the practitioners, both male and semale, in the art of Bridwifty. When business or ceremony obliged him has visit any of the Quos or Quanbukus of Meaco;

its, by a furprizing infinite, run directly to the nurfact, where, if there happened to be a child in the
the adle, he took it up, and if it was foul, wiped it with
wardst care and feeming fatisfaction. He, moreover,
we caned of the good women to fing lullables, and pracpagant of the more than the more than the more extragant of all his whims, was what he exhibited one
to yin his own court-yard. Obferving a neft with
referre eggs, which the goode had quitted, he forthwith
the upped his trowfers, and fquatting down in the attiprede of incubation, began to thereth out his neck, to

this and to cackle, as if he had been really metamorhicked into the animal whole place he now fupplied.

refo It was on the back of this adventure that one of the
f bouzes, as prying, and as great a goffip as the barber
out Midas, in paying his morning worship to the Cuboy's

N 2

boy's posteriors, spied something, or rather nothing, and was exceedingly affrighted. He communicated his discovery and apprehension to divers others of the cloth; and they were all of opinion that fome effectual inquifition should be held on this phænomenon, lest the clergy of Japan should hereafter be scandalized, as having knowingly kiffed the breech of an old woman, perhaps a monfter or magician. Information was accordingly made to the Dairo, who gave orders for immediate inspection; and Fika-kaka was formally examined by a jury of matrons. Whether these were actuated by undue influence, I shall not at present explain; certain it is, they found their verdict, The Cuboy non mas; and among other evidences produced to attest his metamorphosis, a certain Ximian, who pretended to have the fecond fight, made oath that he had one evening feen the faid Fika-kaka in a female drefs, riding through the air on a broom-stick. The unhappy Cuboy being thus convicted, was divested of his office, and confined to his palace in the country; while Gio-gio, by the advice of his favourite, published proclamation, declaring it was not for the honour of Japan that her treasury should be managed either by: witch or an old woman.

Fika-kaka being thus removed, Yak-firot was appointed treasurer and Cuboy in his place, and now ruled the roaft with uncontrouled authority. On the very threshold of his greatness, however, he made a fall step, which was one cause of his tottering, during the whole fequel of his administration. In order to refut the calumnies and defeat the intrigues of Taychoi the affemblies of the people, he choice as an affociate t in the ministry Fokh-si-rockhu, who was at that in stant the most unpopular man in the whole empired Japan; and at the inftigation of this colleague, deprive of bread a great number of poor families, who subfifted on petty places which had been bestowed upon them by t the former Cuboy. Those were so many mouths opene y

to augment the clamour against his own perforministration.

It might be imagined, that while he thus fe part of the nation at defiance, he would endeavou. ·cultivate the other; and, in particular, strive to co. ciliate the good will of the nobility, who did not fehis exaltation without umbrage. But, instead of ingratiating himfelf with them by a liberal turn of demeanour; by treating them with frankness and affability; granting them favours with a good grace; making entertainments for them at his palace; and mixing in their focial parties of pleasure; Yak-strot always appeared on the referve, and under all his finery, continually wore a doublet of buckram, which gave an air of stiffness and constraint to his whole behaviour. He studied postures, and, in giving audience, generally flood in the attitude of the idol Fo; fo that he fometimes was mistaken for an image of stone. He formed a scale of gesticulation in a great variety of divisions, omprehending the flightest inclination of the head, the front-nod, the fide-nod, the bow, the half, the femidemi-bow, with the shuffle, the slide, the circular, femi-circular, and quadrant fweep of the right foot. With equal care and precision did he model the œconomy of his looks into the divisions and sub-divisions of the full-stare, the fide glance, the pensive look, the pouting look, the gay look, the vacant look, and the folid look. To these different expressions of the eye he fuited the corresponding features of the nose and mouth; fuch as the wrinkled nofe, the retorted nofe, the fneer, the grin, the simper, and the smile. All at these postures and gesticulations he practised, and disin tributed occasionally, according to the difference of rank and importance of the various individuals with whom he had communication.

But these affected airs being assumed in spite of nablure, he appeared as aukward as a native of Angola, when he is first hampered with cloaths; or a Highlander, obliged by act of parliament to wear breeches.

N 3

the nobles of Niphon, was imputed to his beaching of a fulphureous finell which came from who body; so that greater familiarity on his fide at have bred contempt. He took delight in no her conversation but that of two or three obscure Ximians, his companions and councellors, with whom he spent all his leifure time, in conferences upon politics, patriotifm, philosophy, and the Belles Lettres. Those were the oracles he confulted in all the emergencies of state; and with these he spent many an attic evening.

The gods, not yet tired of fporting with the farce of human government, were still resolved to shew by what inconsiderable springs a mighty empire might be moved. The new Cuboy was vaftly well disposed to make his Ximian favourites great men. It was in his power to beflow places and pensions upon them; but it was not in his power to give them confequence in the eyes of the public. The administration of Yak-strot could not fail of being propitious to his own family, and poor relations, who were very numerous. Their naked backs and hnugry bellies were now clothed with the richest stuffs, and fed with the fat things of Japan. Every department civil and military was filled with Ximians. Those islanders came over in fhoals to Niphon, and fwarmed in the streets of Meaco, where they were easily distinguished by their lank fides, gaunt looks, lanthorn-jaws, and long sharp teeth. There was a fatality that attended the whole conduct of this unfortunate Cuboy. very partiality to his own countrymen brought upon him at last the curses of the whole clan.

Mr. Orator Taycho and his kiniman Lob-kob were not idle in the mean time. They provided their emifaries, and primed all their engines. Their underfrappers filled every corner of Meaco with rumours, jealoulies, and fufpicions. Yak-firot was reprefented as a flatefinan without difcernment, a minifter without knowledge, and a man without humanity. He was taxed with infupportable pride, indifcretion, pufillation.

ity, rapacity, partiality, and breach of faith. It as affirmed that he had dishonoured the nation, and dangered the very existence of the Buponian religion, withdrawing the annual fubfidy from the great Bruttiffi: that he wanted to frarve the war, and betray te glory and advantage of the empire by a shameful ace: that he had avowedly shared his administration ith the greatest knave in Japan: that he treated the obles of Niphon with insolence and contempt: that he ad fuborned evidence against the ancient Cuboy Fikauka, who had spent a long life and an immense forme in supporting the temple of Fak-ku-bafi: that he ad cruelly turned adrift a great number of helplefs milies, in order to gratify his own worthless depenants with their spoils: that he had enriched his relaons and countrymen with the plunder of Niphon: lat his intention was to bring over the whole nation of limians, a favage race, who had been ever perfidious, reedy, and hostile towards the natives of the other sponese islands. Nay, they were described as moners in nature, with cloven feet, long tails, faucer es, iron fangs and claws, who would first devour the substance of the Niphonites, and then feed upon heir blood.

Taycho had Legion's understanding so much in his were, that he actually made it believe Yak-strot had smed a treasionable scheme in favour of a foreign adaturer who pretended to the throne of Japan, and at the reigning Dairo was an accomplice in this prost for his own deposition. Indeed, they did not ruple to say that Gio-gio was no more than a puppet wed by his own grandmother and this vile Ximian, tween whom they hinted there was a secret correspondence which reslected very little honour on the fa-

pily of the Dairo.

Mr. Orator Taycho and his affociate Lob-kob left, blione unturned to difgrace the favourite, and drive im from the helm. They struck up an alliance with cold Cuboy Fika-kaka, and fetching him from his cold Cuboy Fika-kaka,

retirement, produced him to the beaft as a martyr to loyalty and virtue. They had often before this period. exposed him to the derision of the populace; but now they fet him up as the object of veneration and effeem and every thing fucceeded to their wish. Legion hoisted Fika-kaka on his back, and paraded through the ftreets of Meaco, braying hoarfe encomiums on the great talents and great virtues of the ancient Cuboy. His cause was now espoused by his old friends Sti-phirum-poo and Nin-kom-poo-poo, who had been turned adrift along with him, and by feveral other Quos who had neftled themselves in warm places under the shadow of his protection: but it was remarkable, that not on of all the Bonzes who owed their preferment to his favour, had gratitude enough to follow his fortune, a pay the least respect to him in the day of his disgrace Advantage was also taken of the disgust occasioned by Yak-strot's reserve among the nobles of Japan. Eve the Fatz-man was estranged from the councils of hi kinfman Gio-gio, and lent his name and countenance to the malcontents, who now formed themselves into very formidable cabal, comprehending a great number of the first Quos in the empire.

In order to counterbalance this confederacy, which was a strange coalition of jarring interests, the new Cuboy endeavoured to strengthen his administration, by admitting to a share of it Gotto-mio, who dreaded nothing so much as the continuation of the war, and divers other noblemen, whose alliance contributed very little to his interest or advantage. Gotto-mio wal universally envied for his wealth, and detested for his avarice: the rest were either of the She-it-kum-sheitel faction, which had been long in difgrace with the Mobile; or men of desperate fortunes and loose morals who attached themselves to the Ximian favourite solely on account of the posts and pensions he had to bestow.

During these domestic commotions, the arms of Japan continued to prosper in the Indian ocean. Thin-qui was reduced almost without opposition; and news ar

to red that the conquest of Fan-yah was already more od an half archieved. At the same time, some consideow ble advantages were gained over the enemy on the n; minent of Tartary, by the Japonese forces under the mmand of Bron-xi-tic. It might be naturally supthe fed that these events would have, in some measure, the conciled the Niphonites to the new ministry: but by produced rather a contrary effect. The blatant aft was resolved to rejoice at no victories but those at were obtained under the aufpices of its beloved aycho; and now took it highly amiss that Yak-strot ow fould prefume to take any ftep which might redound the glory of the empire. Nothing could have pleafed him monster at this juncture so much as the miscarlage of both expeditions, and a certain information hat all the troops and ships employed in them had believably perished. The king of Corea, however, res to alarmed at the progress of the Japonese before an-yah, that he began to tremble for all his distant colonies, and earnestly craved the advice of the cabinet Pekin touching some scheme to make a diversion in rir favour.

The councils of Pekin have been ever fruitful of inangues to embroil the rest of Asia. They suggested a an to the king of Corea, which he forthwith put in recution. The land of Fumma, which borders on the Corean territories, was governed by a prince nearly milled to the king of Corea, although his fubjects had may intimate connexions in the way of commerce with empire of Japan, which, indeed, had entered into offensive and defensive alliance with this country. The emperor of China and the king of Corea having ounded the fovereign of Fumma, and found him well supposed to enter into their measures, communicated heir icheme, in which he immediately concurred. They called upon him in public, as their friend and ally, to join them against the Japonese, as the inveteate enemy of the religion of Fo, and as an infolent cople, who affected a despotism at sea, to the detriment and deftruction of all their neighbours; plainting declaring that he must either immediately break withins the Dairo, or expect an invasion on the side of Coraz in The prince of Fumma affected to complain loudly orthe this iniquitous proposal; he made a merit of rejectingulate alternative; and immediately demanded of their court of Meaco the succours stipulated in the treaty his of alliance, in order to defend his dominions. In allel appearance, indeed, there was no time to be lost; for the monarchs of China and Corea declared was against his him without further hesitation; and uniting their corces on that side, ordered them to enter the land draw Fumma, after having given satisfactory assumes law private, that the prince had nothing to fear from their hostilities.

Yak-strot was not much embarrassed on this occalife fion. Without suspecting the least collusion among inc the parties, he refolved to take the prince of Fummand under his protection, thereunto moved by divers confident derations. First and foremost he piqued himself uponting his good faith: fecondly, he knew that the trade with Fumma was of great confequence to Japan; and therefore concluded that his supporting the sovereign of it a would be a popular measure: thirdly, he hoped that it the multiplication of expence incurred by this new war, would make the blatant beaft wince under its burden, and of consequence reconcile it to the thoughts of a general pacification, which he had very much at heart, Mean while he hastened the necessary succours to the land of Fumma, and fent thither an old general called Le-yaw-ter, in order to concert with the prince and his ministers the operations of the campaign.

This officer was counted one of the shrewdelt politicism in Japan, and having resided many years as ambshdor in Funma, was well acquianted with the genus of that people. He immediately discovered the scene which had been acted behind the curtain. He found that the prince of Funma, far from having made any preparations for his defence, had actually withdrawn

ly s garrisons from the frontier places, which were by theis time peaceably, occupied by the invading army of a thingle and Coreans: that the few troops he had were of ithout cloaths, arms, and discipline; and that he ngod amused the court of Meaco with false musters, head a specious account of levies and preparations

typich had been made. In a word, though he could all the learn the particulars, he comprehended the whole or of the fecret negotiations. He upbraided the nit milter of Fumma with perfidy, refused to assume eine command of the Japonese auxiliaries when they arof sed, and returning to Meaco, communicated his difil weries and suspicions to the new cuboy. But he did eight meet with that reception which he thought he dewed for intelligence of fuch importance. Yak-ftrot teded to doubt; perhaps, he was not really coning inced; or, if he was, thought proper to temporize; mid he was in the right for fo doing. A rupture in ith Fumma at this juncture, would have forced the on tince to declare openly for the enemies of Japan; in ithrich case the inhabitants of Niphon would have lost re-benefit of a very advantageous trade. They had it ready been great fufferers in commerce by the breach tat th the king of Corea, whose subjects had been used ar, take off great quantities of the Japonese manufacn, res, for which they payed in gold and filver: and a key could ill bear fuch an additional loss as an interruprt. on of the trade with Fumma would have occasioned. he he Cuboy, therefore, continued to treat the prince ed that country as a fraunch ally, who had facrificed nd very other confideration to his good faith; and, far om restricting himself to the number of troops and

miliune stipulated in the treaty, fent over a much more a-umerous body of forces and ships of war; declaring,

us the same time, he would support the people of Fumne ha with the whole power of Japan.

nd Such a confiderable diversion of the Japonese strength ny ould not fail to answer, in some measure, the expecon ation of the two fovereigns of China and Corea; but,

it did not prevent the fuccess of the expeditions whi were actually employed against their colonies in the le dian ocean. It was not in his power, however, protect Fumma, had the invaders been in earnest: I the combined army of the Chinese and Coreans had ord to protract the war; and, instead of penetrating to the pital, at a time when the Fummians, though joined wil

the auxiliaries of Japan, were not numerous enough look them in the face, they made a full ftop in the mid The additional incumbrance of a new continent

of their march, and quietly retired into fummer quarter war, redoubled the Cuboy's defire of peace; and inclination being known to the enemy, who were a fick of the war, they had recourse to the good office of a certain neutral power, called Sab-oi, fovereign the mountains of Cambodia. This prince according offered his mediation at the Court of Meaco, and was immediately accepted .--- The negotiation for per

which had been broke off in the ministry of Taych was now refumed; an ambaffador plenipotentiary a rived from Pekin; and Gotto-mio was fent thither the same capacity, in order to adjust the articles, a fign the preliminaries of peace.

While this new treaty was on the carpet, the mament equipped against Fan-yah under the con

mand of the Quo Kep-marl, and the brave admin who had fignalized himself in the sea of Kamtschatk reduced that important place, where they became mi

ters of a very strong squadron of Fune belonging the king of Corea, together with a very confideral treasure, sufficient to indemnify Japan for the expen of the expedition. This, though the most grievous, w not the only difaster, which the war brought upon t

Coreans. Their distant settlement of Lli-nam was like wife taken by general Tra-rep, and the inhabitants pay an immense sum to redeem their capital from plunder. These successes did not at all retard the conclusion the treaty, which was indeed become equally necessia

to all the parties concerned. Japan, in particula

havas in danger of being ruined by her conquests. The har had destroyed fo many men, that the whole emore could not afford a fufficiency of recruits for the paintenance of the land-forces. All those who had onquered Fathifio and Fan-yah, were already deftroyed whard duty and the diseases of those unhealthy clinates: above two thirds of the Fune were rotten in e course of service; and the complements of mamers reduced to less than one half of their original umbers. Troops were actually wanting to garrifon the new conquests. The finances of Japan were by his time drained to the bottom. One of her chief reburces was stopped by the rupture with Corea; while her expences were confiderably augmented; and her national credit was stretched even to cracking. All these considerations stimulated more and more the Dairo

and his Cuboy to conclude the work of peace.

Mean while the enemies of Yak-strot gave him no marters nor respite. They vilified his parts, traduced as morals, endeavoured to intimidate him with threats which did not even respect the Dairo, and never failed p infult him when he appeared in public. It had been he cultom, time immemorial, for the chief magistrate f Meaco to make an entertainment for the Dairo and is empress, immediately after their nuptials, and to his banquet all the great Quos in Japan were invited. The person who filled the chair at present, was Rhumlikh, an half-witted politician, felf-conceited, headtrong, turbulent, and ambitious; a professed worshipper Taycho, whose oratorial talents he admired, and atempted to imitate in the affemblies of the people, where he generally excited the laughter of his audience. By dint of great wealth and extensive traffic he became aman of consequence among the mob, notwithstandng an illiberal turn of mind, and an ungracious address; and now he resolved to use this influence for the glory of Taycho and the difgrace of the Ximian avourite. Legion was tutored for the purpose, and moreover, well primed with a fiery caustic spirit in which

which Rhum-kikh was a confiderable dealer. The Dairo and his young empress were received by him and his council with a fullen formality in profound lence. The Cuboy was pelted as he paffed along, an his litter almost overturned by the monster, which yelled, and brayed, and hooted without cealing, un he was housed in the city-hall, where he met wi every fort of mortification from the entertainer as we as the spectators. At length Mr. Orator Tayo with his coufin Lob-kob, appearing in a triumpha carr at the city-gate, the blatant beaft received the with loud huzzas, unharneffed their horses, and put ting itielf in their traces, drew them through the ftre of Meaco, which resounded with acclamation. were received with the fame exultation within the h of entertainment, where their fovereign and his confa fat altogether unhonoured and unnoticed.

A finall fquadron of Chinefe Fune having taken pole fession of a defenceles sishery belonging to Japan, in the neighbourhood of Fatsisio, the emissaries of Taycho magnified this event into a terrible missorture arising from the mal-administration of the new Cubor may, they did not feruple to affirm, that he had let the fishing-town defenceles on purpose that it migh be taken by the enemy. This clanour, however, was of short duration. The Quo Phyll-Kholl, who commanded a few Fune in one of the harbours of Fatsis, no sooner received intelligence of what had happend than he embarked what troops were at hand, an failing directly to the place, obliged the enemy us abandon their conquest with precipitation and disprac. In the middt of these transactions, the peace was

figned, ratified, and even approved in the great national council of the Quos, as well as in the affembly of the people. The truth is, the minister of Japan has a always in his power to secure a majority in both the conventions, by means that may be easily guessed; and those were not spared on this occasion. Yak-lito, in a speech, harangued the great council, who was

t a litttle furprized to hear him speak with fuch projety and extent of knowledge: for he had been reefented as tongue-tied, and in point of elocution, litbetter than the palfrey he rode. He now vindited all the steps he had taken fince his accession to helm: he demonstrated the necessity of a pacifican; explained and descanted upon every article of the saty; and finally, declared his conscience was fo ar in this matter, that when he died, he should dethat he was the author of this peace.

eno other encomium to be engraved on his tomb, Nevertheless, the approbation of the council was not tained without violent debate and altercation. ferent articles were confured and inveighed against by Fatzman, the late Cuboy Fika-kaka, Lob-kob, -phi-rum-poo, Nin-kom poo-poo, and many other los; but, at the long run, the influence of the pret ministry predominated. As for Taycho, he exted himself in a very extraordinary effort to depreciate peace in the affembly of the people. He had for some ws pretended to be dangerously ill, that he might the a merit of his patriotifin by fhewing a contempt his own life, when the good of his country was at ke. In order to excite the admiration of the public, d render his appearance in the affembly the more iking, he was carried thither on a kind of hand-barw, wrapped up in flannel, with three woollen nightps on his head, escorted by Legion, which yelled, brayed, and whooped, and hollowed with fuch vo-

leration, that every freet of Meaco rung with hides clamour. In this equipage did Taycho enter the embly, where, being held up by two adherents, he, ter a prelude of groans to rouse the attention of his dience, began to declaim against the peace as inadelate, shameful, and disadvantageous: nay, he venred to stigmatize every separate article, though he

new it was in the power of each individual of his arers to confront him with the terms to which he I fubfcribed the preceding year, in all respects less 0 2

honour-

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honourable and advantageous to his country. Incomfiftencies equally glaring and ablund, he had often crammed down the throats of the multitude: but the would not go down with this affembly of the people which, in fpite of his flannel, his night-caps, had crutches and his groans, confirmed the treaty of peace by a great majority. Not that they had any great refon to applaud the peace-makers, who might have detated their own terms, had they proceeded with more fagacity and lefs precipitation. But Fokh-fi-rokaand his brother undertakers, having the treafure of Japan at their command, had annointed the greater part of the affembly with a certain precious fair,

which preferved them effectually from the falcination arts of Taycho. This orator, incenfed at his bad fuccess with doors, renewed and redoubled his operations with out. He exasperated Legion against Yak-strot to sue a pitch of rage, that the monfter could not hear th Cuboy's name three times pronounced without falling into fits. His confederate Lob-kob, in the course his refearches, found out two originals admirably ca culated for executing his vengeance against the Ximia favourite. One of them, called Llur-chir, a profligate Bonze, degraded for his lewd life, possessed a wonder ful talent of exciting different passions in the blatant beaft, by dint of quaint rhimes, which were faid to be inspirations of the dæmon of obloquy, to whom he had fold his foul. These oracles not only commanded the paffions, but even influenced the organs of the best in fuch a manner, as to occasion an evacuation either upwards or downwards, at the pleasure of the operator. The other, known by the name of Jan-ki-dtzii was counted the best marksman in Japan in the art an mystery of dirt-throwing. He possessed the art making balls of filth, which were famous for flicking the and flinking: and thefe he threw with fuch dexterity that they very feldom miffed their aim. Being reduce to a low ebb of fortune by his debaucheries, he had

ade advances to the new Cuboy, who had rejected is proffered fervices, on account of his immoral chaafter : a prudith punctilio, which but ill became Yakhot, who had payed very little regard to reputation in thoofing fome of the colleagues he had affeciated in is administration. Be that as it may, he no fooner inderstood that Mr. Orator Taycho was bufy in prearing for an active campaign, than he likewise began put himself in a posture of defence. He hired a dy of mercenaries, and provided fome dirt-men and hymers. Then, taking the field, a sharp contest and elting match enfued : but the dispute was soon termiated. Yak-strot's verlifiers turned out no great conmers, on the trial. They were not fuch favourites of he dæmon as Llur-chir. The rhimes they used, proluced no other effect upon Legion, but that of fetting a-braying. The Cuboy's dirt-men, however, played heir parts tolerably well. Though their balls were pferior in point of composition to those of Jan-kitzin, they did not fail to discompose orator Taycho and his friend Lob-kob, whose eyes were seen to waer with the fmart occasioned by those missiles: but hese last had a great advantage over their adversaries, n the zeal and attachment of Legion, whose numerous tongues were always ready to lick off the ordure that stuck to any part of their leaders; and this they fid with fuch figns of fatisfaction, as feemed to inditate an appetite for all manner of filth.

Yak-firot having fuffered woefully in his own person, and seing his partizans in confusion, thought proper to tereat. Yet, although discomfited, he was not disconraged. On the contrary, having at bottom a fund of fanaticism, which like camomile, grows the faster for being trod upon, he became more obstinately bent than ever upon profecuting his own schemes for the good of the people in their own despite. His vanity was likewise buoyed up by the flattery of his creatures, who extolled the passive courage he had shewn in the late engagement, Though every part of him still tingled and stunk from the

balls of the enemy, he perfuaded himlelf that not one of their miffiles had taken place; and of confequence, that there was fomething of divinity in his perfon. Full of this notion, he difcarded his rhymfters and his dirt-cafters as unnecessary, and resolved to bear the brunt of the battle in his own individual person.

brunt of the battle in his own individual person. Fokh-fi-rokhu advised him, nevertheless, to fill his trowfers with gold Obans, which he might throw at Legion in case of necessity, assuring him that this was the only ammunition which the monfter could not with-The advice was good; and the Cuboy might have followed it, without being obliged to the treasury of Japan; for he was by this time become immenfeld rich, in consequence of having found a hoard in digging his garden: but this was an expedient which Yakfirst could never be prevailed upon to use, either on this or any other occasion. Indeed, he was now to convinced of his own perfonal energy, that he perfuaded his mafter Gio-gio to come forth and fee it ope to rate on the blatant beaft. Accordingly the Dairo afcended his car of state, while the Cuboy, arrayed in all his trappings, flood before him with the reins in his own hand, and drove directly to the enemy who waited for him without flinching. Being arrived within dung-shot of Jan-ki-dtzin, he made a halt, and putting himfelf in the attitude of the idle Fo, with a imper in his countenance, feemed to invite the warrior to make a full discharge of his artillery. He did not long wait in fuspence. The balls foon began to whize about his ears; and a great number took effect upon his person. At length, he received a shot upon his right temple which brought him to the ground. All his gewgaws fluttered, and his buckram doublet rattled as he fell. Llur-chir no fooner beheld him proftrate, than advancing with the monster, he began to repeat his rhymes, at which every mouth and every, tail of Legion was opened and lifted up; and fuch a torrent of filth squirted from these channels, that the

me must have been actually suffocated where he lay, had co not some of the Dairo's attendants interposed, and remarked him from the vengeance of the moniter. He was interpreted home in such an unsavoury pickle, that his fahemily smelled his disater long before he came in sight; and when he appeared in this woeful condition, continued with ordure, blinded with dirt, and even deat pived of sense and motion, his wife was seized with as sightrica passio. He was immediately stripped and he valued, and other means being used for his recovery, that he in a little time retrieved his recollection.

If He was now pretty well undeceived, with respect to the divinity of his person: but his enthusias took a game turn. He aspired to the glory of martyrdom, and ke asolved to devote himself as a victim to patriotic virtue, of While his attendants were employed in washing off the fish that stuck to his beard, he recited in a theatrical tous, the standard transport of a famous Japonese bard, whose soul safety was transported into the body of a Roman of the Horatius Flaccus, and inspired him with the same all satiment in the Latin tongue:

Virtus repulsa, nescia sordida Intaminatis fulget bonoribus Nec sumit, aut ponit secures Arbitrio popularis aura.

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His friends hearing him declare his refolution of dyate mig for his country, began to fear that his understanding was disturbed. They advised him to yield to the more favourable occasion. In vain his friends to ra more favourable occasion. In vain his friends to their tears and entreaties to the same purpose. He sent to a deaf ear to all their folicitations, until they began to ry drop some hints that seemed to imply a suspice of the sinsinity, which alarmed him exceedingly; and the basic basic himself signifying to him in private, that it was to bairo himself signifying to temporize, he refigned

the reins of government, but with a heavy heart, though not before he was affured that he should still continue to exert his influence behind the curtain.

Gio-gio's own person had not escaped untouched in the last skirmish. Jan-ki-dtzin was transported to such a pitch of infolence, that he aimed some balls at the Dairo, and one of them taking place exactly betwixt the eyes, defiled his whole vitage. Had the laws of Japan been executed in all their feverity against this audacious plebeian, he would have fuffered crucifixion on the fpot: but Gio-gio, being good natured even to a fault, contented himfelf with ordering some of his attendants to apprehend and put him in the public flocks, after having feized the whole cargo of filth which he had collected at his habitation for the manufacture of his balls. Legion was no fooner informed of his difgrace, than it released him by force, being therein comforted and abetted by the declaration of a puny magiftrate, called Praff-patt-phogg, who feized this, as the only opportunity he should ever find of giving himself any confequence in the common-wealth. Accordingly, the monster hoisting him and Jan-ki-dtzin on their shoulders, went in procession through the streets of Meaco, hollowing, huzzaing, and extolling this venerable pair of patriots as the Palladia of the liberty of Japan, The monster's officious zeal on this occasion, was

The moniter's officious zeal on this occasion, was far from being agreeable to Mr. Orator Taycho, who took umbrage at this exaltation of his two understrappers, and from that moment devoted Jan-ki-dzin to defruction. The Dairo finding it absolutely necessary for the support of his government, that this dirt monger should be punished, gave directions for trying him according to the laws of the land. He was ignominiously expelled from the affembly of the people, where his old patron Taycho not only disclaimed him, but even represented him as a worthless atheist and sower of sedition: but he escaped the weight of a more sever fentence in another tribunal, by retreating without beat of drum, into the territories of China, where he

found an afylum, from whence he made divers ineffectual appeals to the multitudinous beaft at Niphon.

As for Yak-strot he was every thing but a downright martyr to the odium of the public, which produced a ferment all over the nation. His name was become a term of reproach. He was burnt or crucified in effigy in every city, town, village, and district of Niphon. Even his own countrymen, the Ximians, held him in abhorrence and execration. Notwithstanding his partiality to the natale folum, he had not been ble to provide for all those adventurers who came from thence in confequence of his promotion. The whole number of the disappointed became his enemies of course; and the rest finding themselves exposed to the mimofity and ill offices of their fellow-fubjects of Niphon, who hated the whole community for his Take, inveighed against Yak-strot as the curse of their

In the midst of all this detestation and disgrace, it must be owned for the take of the truth, that Yak-strot was one of the honestest men in Japan, and certainly the greatest benefactor to the empire. Just, upright, Incere, and charitable; his heart was susceptible of friendship and tenderness. He was a virtuous husband, a fond father, a kind mafter, and a zealous friend. In his public capacity he had nothing in view but the advantage of Japan, in the profecution of which he flattered himfelf he should be able to display all the abilities of a profound statesman, and all the virtues of the most fublime patriotism. It was here he over-rated his own importance. His virtue became the dupe of his vanity. Nature had denied him shining talents, as well as that eafiness of deportment, that affability, liberal turn, and vertatile genius, without which no man can ever figure at the head of an administration. Nothing could be more abfurd than his being charged with want of parts and understanding to guide the helm of government, confidering how happily it had been conducted for many years by Fika-kaka, whose natural

natural genius would have been found unequal even to the art and myftery of wool-combing. Befides, the war had profpered in his hands as much as it ever did under the aufpices of his predeceffor; though, as I have before observed, neither the one nor the other could

justly claim any merit from its fuccess.

But Yak-strot's services to the public were much more important in another respect. He had the resolution to diffolve the shameful and pernicious, engagements which the empire had contracted on the confinent of Tartary. He lightened the intolerable burthens of the empire: he faved its credit when it was stretched even to bursting. He made a peace, which, if not the most glorious that might be obtained, was, at least, the most folid and advantageous that ever Japan had concluded with any power whatfoever; and, in particular, much more honourable, ufeful, and alcertained, than that which Taycho had agreed to fubfcribe the preceding year; and, by this peace, he put an end to all the horrors of a cruel war, which had ravaged the best parts of Asia, and destroyed the lives of fix hundred thousand men every year. On the whole, Yak-ftrot's good qualities were respectable. There was very little vicious in his composition; and as to his follies, they were rather the subjects of ridicule than of refentment.

Yak firot's fubalterns in the ministry rejoiced in fecret at his running so far into the north of Legion's displeasure. Nay, it was shrewly suspected that some of their emissaries had been very active against him in the day of his discomforture. They flattered themfelves, that if he could be effectually driven from the presence of the Dairo, they would succeed to his influence; and in the mean time would acquire popularily by turning tail to, and kicking at, the Ximian favourite, who had affociated them in the administration in consequence of their vowing eternal attachment to his interest, and constant submission to his will. Having held a secret conclave to concert their operations, they

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. began to execute their plan, by feducing Yak-strot into certain odious measures of raising new impositions on the people, which did not fail, indeed, to increase the clamour of the blatant beaft, and promote its filthy discharge upwards and downwards; but then the torrents were divided, and many a tail was lifted up against the real projectors of the scheme which the farourite had adopted. They now resolved to make a merit with the Mobile, by picking a german quarrel with Strot, and infulting him in public. Gotto-mio taused a scrubbing-post to be set up in the night, at the Cuboy's door .--- The fcribe Zan-ti-fic presented him with a scheme for the importation of brimstone into the island of Ximo: the other scribe pretended he tould not spell the barbarous names of the Cuboy's elations and countrymen, who were daily thrust into he most lucrative employments. As for Twitz-er he Financier, he never approached Yak-strot without lawing his knuckles in derifion. At the council of Twenty-Eight, they thwarted every plan he proposed, and turned into ridicule every word he spoke. At ength they bluntly told the Dairo, that as Yak-strot efigned the reins of administration in public, he must kewise give up his management behind the curtain; for they were not at all disposed to answer to the people for measures dictated by an invisible agent. was but a reasonable demand, in which the emperor kemed to acquiesce. But the new ministers thought it was requifite that they should commit some overt act of contempt for the abdicated Cuboy. One of his mearest relations had obtained a profitable office in the Mand of Ximo; and of this, the new cabal infifted he hould be immediately deprived. The Dairo remonfrated against the injustice of turning a man out of his place for no other reason but to satisfy their caprice; and plainly told them he could not do it without infringing his honour, as he had given his word that the possession should enjoy the post for life. Far from being atisfied with this declaration, they urged their demand

ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM. with redoubled importunity, mixed with menaces fu

which equally embarraffed and incenfed the good na- for tured Dairo. At last Yak-strot, taking compassion m upon his indulgent mafter, prevailed upon his kinf- th man to release him from the obligation of his word, ye

by making a voluntary refignation of his office. The pe Dairo fell fick of vexation: his life was despaired of: and all Japan was filled with alarm and apprehension at the prospect of an infant's ascending the throne;

for the heir apparent was still in the cradle. Their fears, however, were happily disappointed by for the recovery of the emperor, who, to prevent as much as possible the inconveniences that might attend his demise, during the minority of his fon, resolved that a regency should be established and ratified by the states kaof the empire. The plan of this regency he concerted fon in private with the venerable princers his grandmother, mo and his friend Yak-strot; and then communicated the kol

defign to his ministers, who knowing the quarter from the whence it had come treated it with coldness and con-They were so elevated by their last triumph Top over the Ximian favourite, that they overlooked every par obstacle to their ambition; and determined to render the the Dairo dependant on them, and them only. this view they threw cold water on the prefent measure; ton and to mark their hatred of the favourite more strongly his in the eyes of Legion, they endeavoured to exclude the on name of his patroness the Dairo's grandmother from abo the deed of regency, though their malice was frustrated iff by the vigilance of Yak-strot, and the indignation of ad

the states, who resented this affront offered to the far dan mily of their fovereign. The tyrany of this junto became fo intolerable to a p Gio-gio, that he resolved to shake off their yoke, what cont ever might be the consequence: but before any effector tual step was taken for this purpose, Yak-strot, wher s understood mechanics, and had studied the art of pup tak pet playing, tried an experiment on the organs of the

cabal, which he tampered with individually without

fliccess. Instead of uttering what he prompted, the founds came out quite altered in their passage. Gottomio grunted; the Financier Twitz-er bleated, or rather brayed; one fcribe mewed like a cat; the other yelped like a jackall. In short, they were found so e perverse and refractory, that the master of the motion kicked them off the stage, and supplied the scene with a new fet of puppets made of very extraordinary materials. They were the very figures through whose pipes the charge of mal-administration had been so loudly founded against the Ximian favourite. They were now mustered by the Fatzman, and hung upon the pegs of the very same puppet-shew-man against whom they had o vehemently inveighed. Even the superannuated Fis ka-ka appeared again upon the stage as an actor of d some consequence; and insisted upon it, that his metamorphofis was a meer calumny. But Taycho and Lobkob kept aloof, because Yak-strot had not yet touched them upon the proper keys.

The first exhibition of the new puppets was called Topfy-turvy, a farce in which they overthrew all the paper houses which their predecessors had built: but they performed their parts in fuch confusion, that Yakh frot interposing to keep them in order, received divers contusions and severe kicks on the shins, which made his eyes water; and, indeed, he had in a little time reaon enough to repent of the revolution he had brought bout. The new sticks of administration proved more off and unmanageable than the former; and those he ad discarded, affociating with the blatant beast, behaubed him with fuch a variety of filth, drained from all the fewers of fcurrility, that he really became public nuisance. Gotto-mio pretended remorfe of conscience, and declared he would impeach Yak-strot or the peace which he himfelf had negotiated. Twitzor fnivelled and cried, and cast figures to prove that lak-strot was born for the destruction of Japan; and an-ti-fic lured an incendiary Bonze called Toks, to

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throw fire-balls by night into the palace of the fa-

In this distress Strot cast his eyes on Taycho the monster-tamer; who alone seemed able to over-balance the weight of all other opposition; and to him he made large advances accordingly; but his offers were fill in inadequate to the expectations of that Demagogue, who, nevertheless, put on a face of capitulation. He d was even heard to fay that Yak-firot was an honeff th man and a good minister: nay, he declared he would w ascend the highest pinnacle of the highest pagod in Ja- et pan, and proclaim that Yak-strot had never, directly w nor indirectly, meddled with administration since he re al figned the public office of minister. Finding him co however, tardy and phlegmatic in his propofals, he w thought proper to change his phrase, and in the next w affembly of the people (wore, with great vociferation) that the faid Yak-strot was the greatest rogue that do ever escaped the gallows. This was a necessary filling to Yak-strot, and operated upon him so effectually tit that he forthwith fent a charte blanche to the greatety Taycho, and a treaty was immediately ratified on the no following conditions: That the faid Taycho should be interested. raifed to the rank of Quanbuku, and be appointable conservator of the Dairo's fignet : that no state measur Za thould be taken without his express approbation: this his creature the lawyer Praff-fog should be ennoblethe and prefered to the most eminent place in the tribuna Mo of Japan; and that all his friends and dependa should be provided for at the public expence, in fir. manner as he himself should propose. His kinn Lob-kob, however, was not comprehended in the treaty, the articles of which he inveighed against v fuch acrimony, that a rupture enfued betwixt thever two originals. The truth is, Lob-kob was now bo full of his own importance, that nothing less than equal share of administration would satisfy his amiox tion; and this was neither in Taycho's power nor clination to grant.

The first consequence of this treaty was a new shift of hands, and a new dance of ministers. The chair of precedency was pulled from under the antiquated Fika-kaka, who fell upon his back; and his heels flying up, discovered but too-plainly the melancholy truth of his metamorphofis. All his colleagues were difcarded, except those who thought proper to temporize and join in dancing the hay, according as they were actuated by the new partners of the puppet shew. This coalition was the greatest master-piece in politics that Yak-strot ever performed, Taycho, the formidable Taycho! whom in his fingle person he dreaded more than all his other enemies of Japan united, was now become his coadjutor, abettor, and advocate; and, which was still of more consequence to Strot, that Demagogue was forfaken of his good genius Legion.

The many-headed Monster would have swallowed down every other species of tergiversation in Taycho, except a coalition with the detefted favourite, and the title of Quo, by which he formally renounced its fociety: but these were articles which the mongrel could not digeft. The tidings of this union threw the Beaft into a kind of stupor, from which it was roused by blifters and cauteries applied by Gotto-mio, Twitz-er, Zan-ti-fic, with his understrapper Toks, now reinforced by Fika-kaka, and his discarded affociates: for their common hatred to Yak-strot, like the rod of Mofes, swallowed up every distinction of party, and

ery fuggettion of former animolity; and they conared with incredible zeal, in roufing Legion to a due niorof Taycho's apoltacy. The beaft, to stimulated, whiled three days and three nights successively at Tay-

's gate; then was feized with a convulfion, that vent off with an evacuation upwards and downwards,

offenfive, that the very air was infected.

The horrid founds of the Beaft's lamentations, the oxious effluvia of its filthy discharge, joined to the ignant remorfe which Taycho felt at finding his over over Legion diffolved, occasioned a commotion

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his brain; and this led him into certain extravagancies, which gave his enemies a handle to fay he was actually infane. His former friends and partizans thought the best apology they could make for the inconfiftency of his conduct, was to fay he was non compos; and this report was far from being difagreeable to Yak-strot, because it would at any time furnish him with a plaufible pretence to diffolve the partnership, at which he inwardly repined: for it was necessity alone that drove him to a partition of his power with a man fo incapable of acting in concert with any colleague whatfoever.

In the mean time Gotto-mio and his affociates left no stone unturned to acquire the same influence over Legion, which Taycho had so eminently possessed: but the Beaft's faculties, flender as they were, feemed now greatly impaired, in confequence of that arch empiric's practices upon its constitution. In vain did Gotto-mio hoop and hollow: in vain did Twitz-er tickle its long ears: in vain did Zan-ti-fic apply sternutatories, and his Bonze administer inflammatory glysters; the monster could never be brought to a right understanding, or at all concur with their defigns, except in one instance, which was its antipathy to the Ximian This had become so habitual, that it acted mechanically upon its organs even after it had loft all other figns of recognition. As often as the name of Yak-strot was pronounced, the Beast began to yell; and all the usual consequences ensued: but whenever his new friends prefumed to mount him, he threw himself on his back, and rolled them in the kennel at the hazard of their lives.

One would imagine there was fome leaven in the nature of Yak-strot, that foured all his subalterns who were natives of Niphon; for howfoever they promifed all submission to his will before they were admitted into his motion, they no fooner found themselves asting characters in his drama, than they began to thwart him in his measures; so that he was plagued by those he

had taken in, and persecuted by those he had driven out. The two great props which he had been at fo much pains to provide, now failed him. Taycho was grown crazy, and could no longer manage the monster, and Quam-ba-cun-dono the Fatzman, whose authority had kept feveral puppets in awe, died about this period. These two circumstances were the more alarming, as Gotto-mio and his crew began to gain ground, not only in their endeavours to rouse the monfter, but also in tampering with some of the acting puppets, to join their cabal and make head against their mafter. These exoterics grew so refractory, that when he tried to wheel them to the right, they turned to the left about; and, instead of joining hands in the dance of politics, rapped their heads against each other with fuch violence, that the noise of the collision was heard in the street; and if they had not been made of the hardest wood in Japan, some of them would certainly have been split in the encounter.

By this time Legion began to have some sense of its own miserable condition. The effects of the yeast potions which it had drank fo liberally from the hands of Taycho, now wore off. The fumes difperfed; the illufions vanished; the flatulent tumour of its belly disappeared with innumerable explosions, leaving a hideous lankness and such a canine appetite as all the eatables of Japan could not fatisfy. After having devoured the whole harvest, it yawned for more, and grew quite outrageous in its hunger, threatning to feed on human flesh, if not plentifully supplied with other viands. In this dilemma Yak-strot convened the council of Twenty-Eight, where, in confideration of the urgency of the case, it was resolved to suspend the law against the importation of foreign provisions, and open the ports of Japan for the relief of the blatant Beaft.

As this was vefting the Dairo with a dispensing power unknown to the constitution of Japan, it was thought necessary at the next assembly of the Quos and QuanbuQuanbukus that constitute the legislature, to obtain a legal fanction for that extraordinary exercise of prerogative, which nothing but the falus populi could excuse. Upon this occasion it was diverting to see with what effrontery individuals changed their principles with their places. Taycho the Quo, happening to be in one of his lucid intervals, went to the affembly, fupported by his two creatures Praff-fog, and another limb of the law, called Lley-nah, furnamed Gurggrog, or Curfe-mother; and this triumvirate, who had raised themselves from nothing to the first re the state, by vilifying and infulting the kingly power. and affirming that the Dairo was the flave of the people, now had the impudence to declare in the face of day, that in some cases the emperor's power was absolute, and that he had an inherent right to fuspend and supersede the laws and ordinances of the legislature.

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Tayche,

Mura-clami, who had been for fome time eclipfed in his judicial capacity by the popularity of Praff-fog, did not fail to feize this opportunity of exposing the character of his upftart rival. Though he had been all his life an humble retainer to the prerogative, he now made a parade of patriotilin, and in a tide of eloquence bore down all the flimfy arguments which the triumvirate advanced. He demonstrated the futility of their reasoning, from the express laws and customs of their empire; he expatiated on the pernicious tendency of their doctrine, and exhibited the inconfilency of their conduct in fuch colours, that they must have hid their heads in confusion, had they not happily conquered all fense of shame, and been well convinced that the majority of the affembly were not a whit more honest than themselves. Mura-clami enjoyed a momentary triumph; but his words made a very flight impression; for it was his misfortune to be a Ximian; and if his virtues had been more numerous than the hairs in his beard, this very circumstance would have shaved them clean away from the consider-

ation of the audience.

Taycho, opening the flood-gates of his abut ba fpattered all that oppofed him. Lleynah, alias Cu kmother, fwore that he had got into the wrong box; then turning to Praff-fog, 'Brother Praff,' cried he, 'thou haft now let down thy trowfers, and every rafcal in Japan will whip thy a-fe!' Praff was afraid of the beaft's refentment; but Taycho beftrid him like a Coloffus, and he crept through between his legs into a place of fafety. This was the laft time that the orator appeared in public. Immediately after this occion appeared in public. Immediately after this occion is twas found necessary to confine him to a dark chamber, and Yak-strot was left to his own inventions.

In this dilemma he had recourse to the old expedient of changing hands; and as a prelude to this reform, made advances to Gotto-mio, whom he actually detached from the opposition, by providing his friends and dependants with lucrative offices, and promifing to take no steps of consequence without his privity and approbation. A fop was at the same time thrown to Twitz-er; Zan-ti-fic, lulled with specious promises, discarded Toks the incendiary Bonze; Lob-kob signed a neutrality, and old Fika-kaka was deprived of the use of speech :--- in a word, the ill-cemented confederacy of Strot's exoteric foes fell afunder; and Legion had now no rage but the rage of hunger to be appealed, But the Ximian favourite was still thwarted in his operations behind the curtain; for he had so often chopped and changed the figures that composed his motion, that they were all of different materials; so wretchedly forted and fo ill-toned, that when they came upon the scene, they produced nothing but discord and disorder.

The Japonese colony of Fatissio had been settled above a century, and in the face of a thousand dangers and difficulties raised themselves to such consideration, that they consumed infinite quantities of the manufactures of Japan, for which they payed their mother country in gold and silver, and precious drugs the produce of their plantations. The advantages which

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There reaped from this traffic with her own colonists. almost equalled the amount of what she gained by her commerce with all the other parts of Afia. Twitz-er, when he managed the finances of Japan, had in his great wisdom planned, procured, and promulgated a law faddling the Fathfians with a grievous tax to anfwer the occasions of the Japonese government; an imposition which struck at the very vitals of their constitution, by which they were exempt from all burthens but fuch as they fitted for their own shoulders. They raifed a mighty clamour at this innovation, in which they were joined by Legion, at that time under the in-Auence of Taycho, who, in the affembly of the people, bitterly inveighed against the authors and abettors of fuch an arbitrary and tyrannical measure. Their reproach and execration did not ftop at Twitz-er, but proceeded, as ufual, to Yak-strot, who was the general butt at which all the arrows of flander, fcurrility, and abuse were levelled. The puppets with which he fupplied the places of Twitz-er and his affociates, in order to recommend themselves to Legion, and perhaps, with a view to mortify the favourite, who had patronized the Fathhan tax, infifted upon withdrawing this imposition, which was accordingly abrogated, to the no small contempt of the law givers : but when these new ministers were turned out, to make way for Taycho and his friends, the interest of the Fatisians was again abandoned. Even the orator himself declaimed against them with an unembarrassed counternance, after they had raised statues to him as their friend and patron; and measures were taken to make them feel all the feverity of an abject dependance upon the legislature of Japan. Finally Gotto-mio acceded to this fystem, which he had formerly approved in conjunction with Twitz-er; and preparations were made for using compulsory measures, should the colomists refuse to submit with a good grace.

The Fatifians, far from acquiefcing in these proceedings, resolved to defend to the last extremity those

liberties which they had hitherto preserved; and proof of their independance, agreed among them to renounce all the fuperfluities with which they had fo long been furnished, at a vast expence, from the manufactures of Japan, fince that nation had begun to act towards them with all the cruelty of a step-mother. It was amazing to hear and fee how Legion raved, and flabbered, and fnapped its multitudinous jaws in the freets of Meaco, when it understood that the Fatisians were determined to live on what their own country afforded. They were represented and reviled as ruffians, barbarians, and unnatural monsters, who clapped the dagger to the breast of their indulgent mother, in prefuming to fave themselves the expence of those superfluities, which, by the bye, her cruel impositions had left them no money to purchase. Nothing was heard in Japan but threats of punishing those ungrateful colonists with whips and scorpions. For this purpose troops were affembled and fleets equipped; and the blatant Beast yawned with impatient expectation of being drenched with the blood of its fellow-fubjects.

Yak-strot was seized with horror at the prospect of fuch extremities; for, to give the devil his due, his disposition was neither arbitrary nor cruel; but he had been hurried by evil counsellors into a train of false politics, the consequences of which he did not foresee. He now fummoned council after council to deliberate upon conciliatory expedients; but found the motley crew fo divided by felf-interest, faction, and mutual rancour, that no confiftent plan could be formed: all was nonfense, clamour and contradiction. The Ximian favourite now wished all his puppets at the devil, and fecretly curfed the hour in which he first undertook the motion. He even fell fick of chagrin, and refolved in good earnest, to withdraw himself entirely from the political helm, which he was now convinced he had no talents to guide. In the mean time, he tried to find fome temporary alleviation to the evils oc-

casioned

a paid by the monftrous incongruity of the member and conferrals that composed his administration. But before any effectual measures could be taken, his ey genius ever active, brewed up a new storm in another quarter, which had well-nigh swept him and all I projects into the gulph of perdition.

END OF THE ADVENTURES OF AN ATOM.

